# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

North Woods North Woodstm.com

### North Woods® Ever Green Foam Soap

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier	: North Woods <sup>®</sup> Ever Green Foam Soap
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses of	the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: Superior Chemical Corporation 1331 Wisconsin Sheboygan, WI 53081-3853 (800) 242-7694 www.northwoodstm.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Infotrac (800) 535-5053 24 hour
Section 2. Hazard	Is identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Warning
Hazard statements	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
Response	: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.
Storage	: Not applicable.
Disposal	: Not applicable.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Substance/mixture Other means of identification

: Mixture

: Not available.

#### **CAS number/other identifiers**

CAS number	: Not applicable.
Product code	: 7811NW7

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-sulfo-ω-(dodecyloxy)-, sodium salt (1:1) 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts sodium dodecyl sulphate	≥2 - <3 ≥1 - <3 ≥1 - <3	9004-82-4 61789-40-0 151-21-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

#### Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	:	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	:	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	:	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	-	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important sy	mptoms/effects, acute and delayed
Potential acute h	ealth effects
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<u>Over-exposure s</u>	igns/symptoms

Date of issue/Date of revision

### Section 4. First aid measures

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	<ul> <li>Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.</li> </ul>
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### See toxicological information (Section 11)

# Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	<ul> <li>Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.</li> </ul>
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protecti	ve equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non- emergency personnel".

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains
	and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

#### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up
	if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and
	place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste
	disposal contractor.

Large spill : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

### Section 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Frecautions for sale nationing		
Protective measures	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the o container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be haze to not reuse container.	original /
Advice on general occupational hygiene	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is landled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eat lrinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment be entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.	
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from lirect sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible mate see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed uni- eady for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.	erials til kept

### Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

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Occupational exposure limits
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None.

Appropriate engineering controls	: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.
Environmental exposure controls	: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

#### Individual protection measures

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

•	· · ·
Hygiene measures	: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>pearance</u>	
hysical state	: Liquid.
olor	: Green.
or	: Characteristic. Fruity.
or threshold	: Not available.
	: 6.5 to 8.5
Iting point	: Not available.
iling point	: Not available.
sh point	: Closed cup: Not applicable. [Product does not sustain combustion.]
aporation rate	: Not available.
mmability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
wer and upper explosive mmable) limits	: Not available.
oor pressure	: Not available.
oor density	: Not available.
ative density	: 1.00366
lubility	: Easily soluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
rtition coefficient: n- anol/water	: Not available.
to-ignition temperature	: Not available.
composition temperature	: Not available.

Viscosity

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

: Not available.

# Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: No specific data.
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

# Section 11. Toxicological information

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute	toxi	city

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), $\alpha$ - sulfo- $\omega$ -(dodecyloxy)-, sodium	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
salt (1:1) sodium dodecyl sulphate	LD50 Oral	Rat	1288 mg/kg	-

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α- sulfo-ω-(dodecyloxy)-, sodium salt (1:1)	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 25 milligrams	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
1-Propanaminium, 3-amino- N-(carboxymethyl)-N,N- dimethyl-, N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxides, inner salts	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 microliters	-
sodium dodecyl sulphate	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	250 Micrograms	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 milligrams	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	10 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Dog	-	24 hours 25 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Guinea pig	-	24 hours 25 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	2 hours 2 Percent	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	504 hours 0.3	-

## Section 11. Toxicological information

				Percent	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	24 hours 0.06	-
				Percent	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	22 hours 10	-
				Percent	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	47 hours 0.5	-
				Percent	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Human	-	18 hours 2	-
				Percent	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	48 hours 3	-
				Percent	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Human	-	24 hours 0.1	-
				Percent	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Mouse	-	24 hours 25	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Pig	-	24 hours 25	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50	-
				milligrams	
	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 25	-
				milligrams	

#### **Sensitization**

Not available.

#### **Mutagenicity**

Not available.

#### **Carcinogenicity**

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### **Teratogenicity**

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure	:	Routes of entry anticipated: Oral. Routes of entry not anticipated: Dermal, Inhalation.
Potential acute health effects		
Eye contact	1	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	:	No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

## Section 11. Toxicological information

Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

#### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health effe	<u>cts</u>
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates				
Route	ATE value			
Oral	38179.9 mg/kg			

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α- sulfo-ω-(dodecyloxy)-, sodium salt (1:1)	Acute EC50 3.12 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia dubia - Neonate	48 hours
sodium dodecyl sulphate	Acute EC50 1200 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute LC50 900 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia pulex - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 590 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Cirrhinus mrigala - Larvae	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1.25 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva fasciata - Zoea	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 1 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Pseudosida ramosa - Neonate	21 days
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/13/2015. Date of previous issue	: No previous validation. Version : 1	8

### Section 12. Ecological information

	Chronic NOEC 3.2 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna -	21 days		
		Neonate			
	Chronic NOEC >1357 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	42 days		

#### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

#### **Bioaccumulative potential**

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
sodium dodecyl sulphate	-2.03	-	low

#### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-	-	-	-	-	-

### Section 14. Transport information

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

### Section 15. Regulatory information

S. Federal regulations	: Т	SCA 8(a) PAIR: /	Alkenes, C>	10 α-			
	Т	SCA 8(a) CDR E	xempt/Part	ial exemptior	n: Not determi	ned	
	N	ot determined.					
Clean Air Act Section 112 b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	: N	ot listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	: N	ot listed					
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	: N	ot listed					
DEA List I Chemicals Precursor Chemicals)	: N	ot listed					
DEA List II Chemicals Essential Chemicals)	: N	ot listed					
SARA 302/304							
Composition/information on	ing	<u>redients</u>					
No products were found.							
SARA 304 RQ	• N	ot applicable.					
SARA 311/312							
	: In	nmediate (acute)	health haza	rd			
Composition/information on	<u>ing</u>	redients					
Name		%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), $\alpha$ -su $\omega$ -(dodecyloxy)-, sodium salt		≥2 - <3	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
) 1-Propanaminium, 3-amino-N (carboxymethyl)-N,N-dimethy	I-,	≥1 - <3	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
N-coco acyl derivs., hydroxide inner salts sodium dodecyl sulphate		≥1 - <3	Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

Massachusetts	: None of the components are listed.
New York	: None of the components are listed.
New Jersey	<ul> <li>The following components are listed: Sodium (C14-16) olefin sulfonate; ETHYL ALCOHOL; ALCOHOL</li> </ul>

## Section 15. Regulatory information

Pennsylvania

: The following components are listed: Sodium (C14-16) olefin sulfonate; DENATURED ALCOHOL

#### California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains less than 0.1% of a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer		level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Formaldehyde	Yes.	No.	Yes.	No.

#### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Inform Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

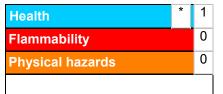
Not listed.

#### International lists

National inventory	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.

### Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on SDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

# Section 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

#### Procedure used to derive the classification

Clas	sification	Justification
Eye Irrit. 2A, H319		Calculation method
History		
Date of printing	: 4/13/2015.	
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 4/13/2015.	
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation.	
Version	: 1	
Key to abbreviations	IATA = International Air Tr IBC = Intermediate Bulk C IMDG = International Marit LogPow = logarithm of the MARPOL 73/78 = Internat	actor ed System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ansport Association ontainer
References	: Not available.	

**V** Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.