## MODIFICATION OF AUTHORIZATION TO DISCHARGE UNDER THE NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM

In compliance with the provisions of the Federal Clean Water Act as amended, (33 U.S.C. §§1251 et seq.; the "CWA"), and the Massachusetts Clean Waters Act, as amended, (M.G.L. Chap. 21, §§26-53),

## **Boston Water and Sewer Commission**

is authorized to discharge from:

## 26 Combined Sewer Overflows (CSOs) listed in Attachment A

which discharge to receiving waters named: Boston Inner Harbor, the Chelsea River, Little Mystic Channel, Mystic River, Fort Point Channel and Reserved Channel, Charles River, and Muddy River (HUC 01090001)

in accordance with effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions set forth in the permit issued on March 28, 2003, and the modification as set forth herein in Addendum A.

The Massachusetts Water Resources Authority (MWRA) is a Co-Permittee in this modification for effluent limitations, monitoring requirements and other conditions for MWR215 which are set forth in this permit modification (See Addendum A). This modification adds Outfall MWR215 as an internal outfall to the currently authorized CSO, BOS070. The address of the responsible party is:

> Massachusetts Water Resources Authority Charlestown Navy Yard 100 First Avenue Boston, MA 02129

This permit modification modifies the permit issued on March 28, 2003.

This permit modification shall become effective 30 days after the date of signature.

This permit modification and the underlying permit will expire at midnight on May 27, 2008.

This permit modification consists of 6 pages in Addendum A, and its attachments: Attachment A (Whole Effluent Toxicity test Protocol), Attachment B (Recommended Plan Volume and Discharge Frequency) and Part II including General Conditions and Definitions.

Signed this 10th

day of April, 2007

Office of Ecosystem Protection Environmental Protection Agency

Boston, MA

Division of Watershed Management Department Environmental Protection Commonwealth of Massachusetts

Boston, MA

and the Removaling dispersion and Definitions.

## Addendum A

Effluent Limitations and Conditions for Outfall MWR215
Union Park CSO Treatment Facility

# PART I

# A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

1. COMBINED SEWER OVERFLOWS (CSO) EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS:
During the period beginning with the effective date of the permit modification and lasting through the expiration of the permit modification, the
Co-Permittee is authorized to discharge from outfall MWR215.

a. the discharge will be limited and monitored by the Co-Permittee as specified below. Samples will be collected prior to commingling with other wastestreams downstream of the Union Park Pumping Facility.

EFFLUENT CHARACTERISTIC	UNITS	DISCHARGE	DISCHARGE LIMITATION	MONITORING REQUIREMENT	COUREMENT
Iron  Jane Je  Jane A  Jane A  Jane Je  Je  Je  Je  Je  Je  Je  Je  Je  Je	Decade	DISCHARGE EVENT AVERAGE	DISCHARGE EVENT MAXIMUM	MEASUREMENT FREQUENCY <sup>11</sup>	SAMPLE
Rainfall/Precipitation1	inches	REPORT	REPORT	Per Discharge Event	Total
Flow	MG	REPORT	REPORT	Continuous	See Footnote <sup>2</sup>
Total Suspended Solids (TSS) <sup>3</sup>	mg/l	REPORT	REPORT	4/Year	See Footnote4
Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD <sub>5</sub> ) <sup>3</sup>	mg/l	REPORT	REPORT	4/Year	See Footnote4
Total Residual Chlorine (TRC) <sup>7</sup>	l/gm	0.1	0.25 (maximum hourly)	4/Year	Grab <sup>4,5,6</sup>
Fecal Coliform Bacteria	colonies/100 ml	200	400	4/Year	Grab <sup>4,5,6</sup>
Enterococci	colonies/100 ml	REPORT	REPORT	4/Year	Grab <sup>4,5,6</sup>
Ho	Standard Units (SU)	See Pa	See Part I.1.b	4/Year	Grab <sup>4,5</sup>
LC508.9	%	* * *	Report	2/Year <sup>10</sup>	Composite <sup>3</sup>

### Footnotes:

- The Co-Permittee shall report the National Weather Service data for Boston and, if available, report the data from each rain gauge at or near the CSO facility or their service area per discharge event. The report shall include intensity, duration and volume of each rain event which results in a discharge event.
- 2. The Co-Permittee shall report the peak flow rate, duration and volume for each discharge event. Report the duration and volume of flow that bypasses treatment during each discharge event.
- 3. The Co-Permittee will sample four discharge events per year, as follows: a grab sample will be collected within the first two hours and every hour thereafter for the duration of the overflow, not to exceed twenty-four (24) hours. These samples are time-weighted composites as defined in the Part II Standard Conditions.
- 4. After sufficient data has been collected to characterize the discharge variability at the facility, the Co-Permittee may submit an alternative CSO monitoring plan to EPA and MassDEP. Any alternative plan must be capable of demonstrating compliance with the requirements set forth in Part I.1., and must provide data representative of all CSO discharges. If approved by EPA and MassDEP, the Co-Permittee will implement the alternative plan in place of the CSO monitoring described in Part I.1.
- 5. The Co-Permittee will sample four discharge events per year, as follows: a grab sample will be collected within the first two hours of the start of the discharge, and every hour thereafter for the duration of the overflow.
- 6. The Total Residual Chlorine samples must be collected concurrent with the Fecal Coliform Bacteria and Enterococci samples.
- 7. The Co-Permittee must maintain a record of process control TRC levels before dechlorination, using the TRC analyzer (measured continuously). If the TRC analyzer becomes unreliable during a treatment event, the Co-Permittee shall note it in the record; provide an explanation of the problem and document the steps taken to return the analyzer to proper operation. Grab samples shall be taken when the continuous residual analyzer results are determined to be unreliable and the results recorded as part of the process control record.
- 8. The Co-Permittee shall perform acute toxicity testing, biannually, using Inland Silverside (Menidia beryllina) and the Mysid Shrimp (Americamysis bahia) in accordance with test procedures and protocols specified in Attachment A. Samples will be collected during the first flush or as a composite over the duration of the overflow, not to exceed twenty-four (24) hours. These samples are time-weighted composites as defined in the Part II Standard Conditions.
- 9. If the discharge fails an LC<sub>50</sub>=100% toxicity test, the Co-Permittee will perform a second acute toxicity test within 30 days, or if weather does not permit, as soon as possible. If the discharge fails the second LC50=100% toxicity test, the Co-Permittee will submit a report to EPA and MassDEP discussing the results of the first two toxicity tests and the concomitant priority pollutant testing.

- 10. The Co-Permittee shall submit toxicity reports one month following the test procedure, and by the last day of the month. As an example, if a March toxicity test is performed, the test result will be submitted by April 30<sup>th</sup>.
- 11. Although the Co-Permittee is required to conduct sampling four times per year, the Co-Permittee is required to submit a monthly DMR. In a month when no discharge occurs, the Co-Permittee shall enter the no discharge code on the DMR, NODI=9.

## Part I.A.1., Continued:

- b. The discharge shall not cause a violation of the water quality standards of the receiving waters.
- c. The pH of the discharge shall not be less than 6.5 nor greater than 8.5 at any time and not more than 0.2 units outside the normally occurring range. There will be no change from background conditions that would impair any use assigned to this class, unless the cause of the excursion from criteria is due solely to naturally occurring background conditions.
- d. During wet weather, the Co-Permittee is authorized to discharge storm water/wastewater from MWR215, subject to the following effluent limitations:
  - (i.) The discharges will receive treatment at a level providing Best Practicable Control Technology Currently Available (BPT), Best Conventional Pollutant Control Technology (BCT) to control and abate conventional pollutants and Best Available Technology Economically Achievable (BAT) to control and abate non-conventional and toxic pollutants. EPA and MassDEP have made a determination that BPT, BCT and BAT for combined sewer overflows (CSOs) include the implementation of Nine Minimum Controls (NMC) specified below.
    - 1. Proper operation and maintenance programs for the sewer system and the combined sewer overflows.
    - 2. Maximum use of the collection system for storage.
    - 3. Review and modification of the pretreatment program to assure CSO impacts are minimized.
    - 4. Maximization of flow to the POTW for treatment.
    - 5. Prohibition of dry weather overflows from CSOs.
    - 6. Control of solid and floatable materials in CSOs.
    - 7. Pollution prevention programs that focus on contaminant reduction activities.
    - 8. Public notification to ensure that the public receives adequate notification of CSO occurrences and CSO impacts.
    - 9. Monitoring to effectively characterize CSO impacts and the efficacy of CSO controls.

Because this is a new treatment facility, the nine minimum control (NMC) programs previously developed by the permittee and Co-Permittee do not include specific activities relating to this treatment facility. Accordingly, within 120 days after five (5) activations of at least hour (4) hours each, following of the effective date of this permit modification the Co-Permittee will evaluate and document NMCs number 1 (Proper Operation and Maintenance of the Treatment Facility and Appurtenances) and number 8 (Public Notification).

- (ii.) The discharge from MWR215 shall be consistent with the Recommended Plan.
- (iii.) All bypasses of the treatment system must be consistent with Part II.B.4 of this permit.
- (iv.) Any bypass of the treatment system must be reported to EPA and the MassDEP within twenty four-(24) hours in accordance with the reporting requirements for plant bypass (Paragraph D.1.e. of Part II of this permit). A written report shall be submitted within five (5) days of the time the Co-Permittee becomes aware of the circumstances (Paragraph D.1.e. of Part II of this permit). The written report shall include:
  - 1. The duration and volume of flow that bypasses treatment for each discharge event,
  - 2. National Weather Service precipitation data from the nearest gage where precipitation is available at daily (twenty four (24) hour) intervals and the nearest gage where precipitation is available at one-hour intervals and;
  - 3. Hourly water surface levels at the facility's influent channel or in the Malden Street Diversion Structure A.
  - 4. If the cause of the bypass is due to any cause, other than the surface water level rise within 1 foot of the BWSC's Target Flood Control Elevation, the Co-Permittee is not required to provide surface water levels, but must provide a written explanation of the cause.
- e. The Co-Permittee may consolidate CSO reports for MWR215 and the CSOs authorized under MA0103284 according to the schedule in the MWRA permit, MA0103284, Part I.16.g.(iii).
- f. Part II including the General Conditions and Definitions required this permit apply to Outfall MWR215.

## B. MONITORING AND REPORTING

Monitoring results obtained during each calendar month shall be summarized and reported on Discharge Monitoring Report Form(s) postmarked no later than the 15th day of the following month.

Signed and dated originals of these, and all other reports required herein, shall be submitted to the Director at the following address:

Environmental Protection Agency Water Technical Unit (SEW) P.O. Box 8127 Boston, Massachusetts 02114

The State Agency address for all reports is:

Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection Northeast Regional Office Bureau of Resource Protection 205B Lowell Street Wilmington, MA 01887

Signed and dated Discharge Monitoring Report Form(s) and all other reports required by this

permit shall also be submitted to the State at:

Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection
Division of Watershed Management
Surface Water Discharge Permit Program
627 Main Street, 2nd Floor
Worcester, Massachusetts 01608

Signed and dated Discharge Monitoring Report Form(s) and all other reports required by this permit shall also be submitted to the Permittee at:

Boston Water and Sewer Commission 980 Harrison Avenue Boston, MA 02119

## C. STATE PERMIT CONDITIONS

This Discharge Permit is issued jointly by the U. S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection (MassDEP) under Federal and State law, respectively. As such, all the terms and conditions of this permit are hereby incorporated into and constitute a discharge permit issued by the Commissioner of the MassDEP pursuant to M.G.L. Chap.21, §43.

Each Agency shall have the independent right to enforce the terms and conditions of this Permit. Any modification, suspension or revocation of this Permit shall be effective only with respect to the Agency taking such action, and shall not affect the validity or status of this Permit as issued by the other Agency, unless and until each Agency has concurred in writing with such modification, suspension or revocation. In the event any portion of this Permit is declared, invalid, illegal or otherwise issued in violation of State law such permit shall remain in full force and effect under Federal law as a NPDES Permit issued by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. In the event this Permit is declared invalid, illegal or otherwise issued in violation of Federal law, this Permit shall remain in full force and effect under State law as a Permit issued by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts.