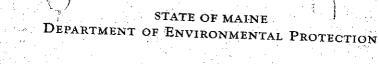
DISCLAIMER

The full text of certain NPDES permits and the associated fact sheets has been made available to provide online access to this public information. EPA is making permits and fact sheets available electronically to provide convenient access for interested public parties and as a reference for permit writers. The ownership of these documents lies with the permitting authority, typically a State with an authorized NPDES program.

While EPA makes every effort to ensure that this web site remains current and contains the final version of the active permit, we cannot guarantee it is so. For example, there may be some delay in posting modifications made after a permit is issued. Also note that not all active permits are currently available electronically. Only permits and fact sheets for which the full text has been provided to Headquarters by the permitting authority may be made available. Headquarters has requested the full text only for permits as they are issued or reissued, beginning November 1, 2002.

Please contact the appropriate permitting authority (either a State or EPA Regional office) prior to acting on this information to ensure you have the most up-to-date permit and/or fact sheet. EPA recognizes the official version of a permit or fact sheet to be the version designated as such and appropriately stored by the respective permitting authority.

The documents are gathered from all permitting authorities, and all documents thus obtained are made available electronically, with no screening for completeness or quality. Thus, availability on the website does not constitute endorsement by EPA.





JOHN ELIAS BALDACCI

DAWN R. GALLAGHER

COMMISSIONER

December 23, 2003

Mr. Jon Merchant
Chief Operator
Northeast Harbor Wastewater Treatment Facility
P.O. Box 248
Northeast Harbor, Maine 04662

RE:

Maine Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (MEPDES) Permit #ME0101346 Maine Waste Discharge License (WDL) Application #W002659-5L-C-R Final MEPDES permit and Maine WDL

Dear Mr. Merchant:

Enclosed please find a copy of your final MEPDES permit and Maine WDL which was approved by the Department of Environmental Protection. This permit/license for your facility replaces National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit #ME0101346 last issued for your facility by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) on August 27, 1997. Please read the permit/license and its attached conditions carefully. You must follow the conditions in the order to satisfy the requirements of law. Any discharge not receiving adequate treatment is in violation of State Law and is subject to enforcement action.

Any interested person aggrieved by a Department determination made pursuant to applicable regulations, may appeal the decision following the procedures described in the attached DEP FACT SHEET entitled "Appealing a Commissioner's Licensing Decision."

We would like to make you aware of the fact that your monthly Discharge Monitoring Reports (DMR) may not reflect the revisions in this permitting action for several months. However, you are required to report applicable test results for parameters required by this permitting action that do not appear on the DMR. Please see the attached April 2003 O&M Newsletter article regarding this matter.

If you have any questions regarding the matter, please feel free to call me at 287-7659.

Sincerely,

Bill Hinkel

Division of Water Resource Regulation Bureau of Land and Water Quality

Enc.

cc: Michael R. MacDonald, Manager, Town of Mount Desert

Clarissa Trasko, DEP/EMRO

Ted Lavery, USEPA Doug Koopman, USEPA

DMR Lag

When the Department renews discharge permits, the parameter limits may change or parameters may be added or deleted. In some cases, it is merely the replacement of the federally issued NPDES permit with a state-issued MEPDES permit that results in different limits. When the new permit is finalized, a copy of the permit is passed to our data entry staff for coding into EPA's Permits Compliance System (PCS) database. PCS was developed in the 1970's and is not user-friendly. Entering or changing parameters can take weeks or even months.

This can create a lag between the time your new permit becomes effective and the new permit limits appearing on your DMRs. If you are faced with this, it can create three different situations that have to be dealt with in different ways.

- If the parameter was included on previous DMRs, but only the limit was changed, there will be a space for the data. Please go ahead and enter it.
 When the changes are made to PCS, the program will have the data and compare it to the new limit.
- 2. When a parameter is eliminated from monitoring in your new permit, but there is a delay in changing the DMR, you will have a space on the DMR that needs to be filled. For a parameter that has been eliminated, please enter the space on the DMR for that parameter only with "NODI-9" (No Discharge Indicator Code #9). This code means monitoring is conditional or not required this monitoring period.
- When your new permit includes parameters for which monitoring was not previously required, and coding has

not caught up on the DMRs, there will not be any space on the DMR identified for those parameters. In that case, please fill out an extra sheet of paper with the facility name and permit number, along with all of the information normally required for each parameter (parameter code, data, frequency of analysis, sample type, and number of exceedances). Each data point should be identified as monthly average, weekly average, daily max, etc. and the units of measurement such as mg/L or lb/day. Staple the extra sheet to the DMR so that the extra data stays with the DMR form. Our data entry staff cannot enter the data for the new parameters until the PCS coding catches up. When the PCS coding does catch up, our data entry staff will have the data right at hand to do the entry without having to take the extra time to seek it from your inspector or from you.

EPA is planning significant improvements for the PCS system that will be implemented in the next few years. These improvements should allow us to issue modified permits and DMRs concurrently. Until then we appreciate your assistance and patience in this effort.

Phil Garwood



STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION STATE HOUSE STATION 17 AUGUSTA, MAINE 04333

DEPARTMENT ORDER

IN THE MATTER OF

PUBLICLY OWNED TREATMENT WORKS MOUNT DESERT, HANCOCK COUNTY) MAINE POLLUTANT DISCHARGE) ELIMINATION PERMIT SYSTEM) AND
#ME0101346 #W002659-5L-C-R APPROVAL) WASTE DISCHARGE LICENSE
"" WOOZOSS-SE-C-R AFFROVAL) RENEWAL

Pursuant to the provisions of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, Title 33 USC, §1251, et seq., and Maine Law 38 M.R.S.A., §414-A et seq., and applicable regulations, the Department of Environmental Protection (Department) has considered the application of the TOWN OF MOUNT DESERT (MTD), with its supportive data, agency review comments, and other related materials on file and FINDS THE FOLLOWING FACTS:

APPLICATION SUMMARY

The applicant has applied for a renewal of Waste Discharge License (WDL) #W002659-59-B-R, which was issued on August 12, 1997 and expired on August 12, 2002. The WDL permitted the monthly average discharge of 0.330 million gallons per day (MGD) of secondary treated sanitary wastewater from the Town of Mount Desert's (MTD) publicly owned treatment works (POTW) in Northeast Harbor to the Atlantic Ocean, Class SB, in Mount Desert, Maine.

On January 12, 2001, the Department received authorization from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) to administer the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program in Maine. From this point forward, the program will be referenced as the Maine Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (MEPDES) permit program, and permit #ME0101346 (same as NPDES permit number) will be utilized as the primary reference number.

PERMIT SUMMARY

This permitting action is similar to the 8/12/97 licensing action in that it is:

- 1. Carrying forward the monthly average discharge flow limitation of 0.330 MGD;
- 2. Carrying forward the daily maximum reporting requirement for discharge flow;
- 3. Carrying forward the monthly average, weekly average and daily maximum concentration and mass limits for biochemical oxygen demand (BOD₅) and total suspended solids (TSS); and
- 4. Carrying forward the monthly average and daily maximum concentration limits for fecal coliform bacteria.

This permitting action is different than the 8/12/97 licensing action in that it is:

- 1. Establishing a requirement for a minimum of 85% removal of BOD₅ and TSS;
- 2. Eliminating the weekly average and daily maximum concentration reporting requirements for settleable solids;
- 3. Establishing a daily maximum concentration limit for settleable solids;
- 4. Revising the daily maximum concentration limit for total residual chlorine (TRC);
- 5. Revising the pH range limit; and
- 6. Establishing whole effluent toxicity and chemical-specific (priority pollutant) testing.

NORTHEAST HARBOR #ME0101346 #W002659-5L-C-R

CONCLUSIONS

BASED on the findings in the attached Fact Sheet dated December 23, 2003, and subject to the Conditions listed below, the Department makes the following conclusions:

- 1. The discharge, either by itself or in combination with other discharges, will not lower the quality of any classified body of water below such classification.
- 2. The discharge, either by itself or in combination with other discharges, will not lower the quality of any unclassified body of water below the classification which the Department expects to adopt in accordance with state law.
- 3. The provisions of the State's antidegradation policy, 38 M.R.S.A. §464(4)(F), will be met, in that:
 - (a) Existing in-stream water uses and the level of water quality necessary to protect and maintain those existing uses will be maintained and protected;
 - (b) Where high quality waters of the State constitute an outstanding national resource, that water quality will be maintained and protected;
 - (c) The standards of classification of the receiving water body are met or, where the standards of classification of the receiving water body are not met, the discharge will not cause or contribute to the failure of the water body to meet the standards of classification;
 - (d) Where the actual quality of any classified receiving water body exceeds the minimum standards of the next highest classification that higher water quality will be maintained and protected; and
 - (e) Where a discharge will result in lowering the existing water quality of any water body, the Department has made the finding, following opportunity for public participation, that this action is necessary to achieve important economic or social benefits to the State.
- The discharge will be subject to effluent limitations that require application of best practicable

ACTION

THEREFORE, the Department APPROVES the above noted application of the TOWN OF MOUNT DESERT to discharge secondary treated sanitary wastewater from the Northeast Harbor WWTF to the Atlantic Ocean, Class SB, in Mount Desert, Maine SUBJECT TO THE ATTACHED CONDITIONS, and all applicable standards and regulations including:

- 1. "Maine Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit Standard Conditions Applicable To All Permits," revised July 1, 2002, copy attached.
- 2. The attached Special Conditions, including any effluent limitations and monitoring requirements.
- 3. The term of this permit is five (5) years from the date of signature.

DONE AND DATED AT AUGUSTA, MAINE, THIS 23 DAY OF LEARN, 2003

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION

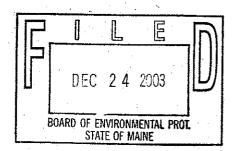
BY:

DAWN R. GALLAGHER, Commissioner

PLEASE NOTE ATTACHED SHEET FOR GUIDANCE ON APPEAL PROCEDURES

Date of initial receipt of application: December 13, 2002

Date of application acceptance: December 16, 2002



Date filed with Board of Environmental Protection:

PERMIT

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS

During the period beginning the effective date of this permit and lasting through permit expiration, the permittee is authorized to discharge secondary treated sanitary wastewater from Outfall #001A to the Atlantic Ocean. Such discharges shall be limited and monitored by the permittee as specified below⁽¹⁾:

Effluent Characteristic		Я	Discharge Limitations	ations			Mini	Minimum	- /
	Monthly Average	Weekly Average	Daily Maximum	Monthly Average	Weekly	Daily	Monitoring Measurement	Monitoring Requirements Measurement Sample	
	as specified	as sneviffed	Loginary 20			THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN NAM	Aredneuck	Type	
Flow		marina de	as specified	as specined	as specified	as specified	as specified	as specified	
[30050]	1	1.	1	0.330 MGD		Report MGD	Continuous	Recorder	Т
BODs	83 lbs./day	124 lbs./day	138 lbs /day	30 mo/I	77 - 77	[03]	[66/66]	(RC)	
BOD, % Remove (2)	(26)	[26]	[26]	70 IIIg/L (19)	45 mg/L [19]	50 mg/L	1/Week	Composite	
[81010]	{			>85%			1/Month	(24) Calculata	-
TSS	83 lbs./day	124 The 1dox	120 11. 7.1	[23]	1	1	[05/10]	ICA1	
[00530]	(26)	124 105./uay [26]	136 lbs./day	30 mg/L	45 mg/L	50 mg/L	1/Week	Composite	
TSS % Removal ⁽²⁾			(0,7)	>0507	[6]	1611	[01/07]	(24)	- : :
South of the State	i de la companya de l	1		20370 [23]	ļ		1/Month	Calculate	.
Settleable Sonds	٠.				-	- CO	lastral	(CA)	-
Fecal Coliform Bacteria (3) (4)	-	1	ļ		;	0.5 m/L (25)	3/Week (03/07)	Grab	1 . /
[31616]	:	1		15/100 ml	;	50/100 ml	1/Week	Grah	<u> </u>
Total Residual Chlorine ⁽³⁾				113/		[13]	[70/10]	(GR)	
[00665]		;	2	U.I mg/L		0.15 mg/L	1/Day	Grah	-
pH				(2)		[19]	[JOJO]	(GR)	_
[00400]	ı	1				0.0 - 0.0 SU	3/Week	Grah	
				;				CBTO	

The italicized numeric values bracketed in the table and in subsequent text are code numbers that Department personnel utilize to code the monthly Discharge Monitoring Reports.

FOOTNOTES: See Pages 8 through 10 of this permit for applicable footnotes.

PERMIT

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (cont'd)

SURVEILLANCE LEVEL TESTING: Beginning calendar year 2004, and lasting through 12 months prior to permit expiration (December 2007) for Outfall #001A.

		* · ·		٠
Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) (5)	Daily	Minimum	Sample	
Acute No Observed Effect Level (A.NORI)	Muaximum	Frequency	Type	
Invertebrate-Mysid Shrimp (Mysidopsis bahia) [TDA3E]	Report % [23]	1/Year [01/YR]	Composite [24]	
Vertebrate-Inland Silverside (Menidia berrylina) [TDA6B]	Report % [23]	1/Year [01/YR]	Composite [24]	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Chronic No Observed Effect Level (C-NOEL)				-
Invertebrate-Sea Urchin (Arbacia punctulata) [TBH3A]	Report % [23]	1/Year [01/YR]	Composite [24]	·
Vertebrate-Inland Silverside (Menidia berrylina) [TBP6B]	Report % [23]	1/Year [01/7R]	Composite [24]	
Chemical-Specific (6) 1500081				
Import Towns	Report ug/L	1/Year	Composite/Grab	
		[W/////		

The italicized numeric values bracketed in the table and in subsequent text are code numbers that Department personnel utilize to code the monthly Discharge Monitoring Reports.

FOOTNOTES: See Pages 8 through 10 of this permit for applicable footnotes.

PERMIT

SPECIAL CONDITIONS

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (cont'd)

SCREENING LEVEL TESTING: Beginning 12 months prior to permit expiration (December 2007) and lasting through permit expiration for Outfall #001A.

Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) (5)	Daily Mavimum	Minimum	Sample	Γ
Acute No Observed Effect Level (A-NOEL)		rreduency	Type	1
Invertebrate-Mysid Shrimp (Mysidopsis bahia) [TDA3E]	Report % [23]	2/Year [02/YR]	Composite [24]	
Vertebrate-Inland Silverside (Menidia berrylina) [TDA6B]	Report % [23]	2/Year [02/YR]	Composite [24]	
Chronic Mc Ober 1 22				_
Invertebrate-Sea Urchin (Arbacia punctulata) [TBH3A]	Report % [23]	2/Year [02/YR]	Composite [24]	1
Vertebrate-Inland Silverside (Menidia berrylina) [TBP6B]	Report % [23]	2/Year [02/YR]	Composite [24]	
Chemical-Specific ⁽⁶⁾ [50008]	Report ug/L	1/Year	Composite/Grah	
	(28)	(01/YR)	[24/GR]	·

The italicized numeric values bracketed in the table and in subsequent text are code numbers that Department personnel utilize to code the monthly Discharge Monitoring Reports.

FOOTNOTES: See Pages 8 through 10 of this permit for applicable footnotes.

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (cont'd)

FOOTNOTES:

- 1. Monitoring All effluent monitoring shall be conducted at a location following the last treatment unit in the treatment process, including dechlorination, as to be representative of end-of-pipe effluent characteristics. Any change in sampling location must be approved by the Department in writing. Sampling and analysis must be conducted in accordance with: a) methods approved by 40 Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 136; b) alternative methods approved by the Department in accordance with the procedures in 40 CFR Part 136; or c) as otherwise specified by the Department. Samples that are sent out for analysis shall be analyzed by a laboratory certified by the State of Maine's Department of Human Services.
- 2. Percent Removal The treatment facility shall maintain a minimum of 85 percent removal of both total suspended solids and biochemical oxygen demand for all flows receiving secondary treatment. The percent removal shall be calculated based on influent and effluent concentration values. The percent removal shall be waived when the monthly average influent concentration is less than 200 mg/L. For instances when this occurs, the facility shall report "NODI-9" on the monthly Discharge Monitoring Report.
- 3. Seasonal Limits Fecal coliform bacteria and total residual chlorine limits and monitoring requirements are seasonal and apply between May 15 and September 30 of each year. The Department reserves the right to require year-round disinfection to protect the health, safety and welfare of the public.
- 4. Bacteria Reporting The monthly average limit for fecal coliform bacteria is a geometric mean limitation and sample results shall be reported as such.
- 5. Whole Effluent Toxicity (WET) Definitive WET testing is a multi-concentration testing event (a minimum of five dilutions), which provides a point estimate of toxicity in terms of No Observed Effect Level, commonly referred to as NOEL or NOEC. A-NOEL is defined as the acute no observed effect level with survival as the end point. C-NOEL is defined as the chronic no observed effect level with survival, reproduction and growth as the end points.

Beginning calendar year 2004, and lasting through 12 months prior to permit expiration (December 2007), the permittee shall conduct surveillance level WET testing once per year (1/Year) in a different calendar quarter each year. Tests shall be conducted in a different calendar quarter each year whereby a WET test is conducted in all four calendar quarters during the first four years of the permit. Acute tests shall be conducted on the mysid shrimp (Mysidopsis bahia) and the inland silverside (Menidia berrylina). Chronic tests shall be conducted once per year (1/Year) on the inland silverside (Menidia berrylina) and once per year (1/Year) on the sea urchin (Arbacia punctulta). Results shall be submitted within 30 days of receiving the results from the laboratory conducting the testing.

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (cont'd)

FOOTNOTES:

Beginning 12 months prior to permit expiration (December 2007) and lasting through permit expiration, the permittee shall conduct screening level WET testing twice per year (2/Year) in different calendar quarters. Acute tests shall be conducted on the mysid shrimp (Mysidopsis bahia) and the inland silverside (Menidia berrylina). Chronic tests shall be conducted twice per year (2/Year) on the inland silverside (Menidia berrylina) and twice per year (2/Year) on the sea urchin (Arbacia punctulta). Results shall be submitted within 30 days of receiving the results from the laboratory conducting the testing.

The permittee is also required to analyze the effluent for the parameters specified in the analytic chemistry on the form in Attachment A of this permit each and every time a WET test is performed.

Toxicity tests must be conducted by an experienced laboratory approved by the Department. The laboratory must follow procedures as described in the following USEPA methods manuals.

- a. <u>Short Term Methods for Estimating the Chronic Toxicity of Effluent and Receiving Water to Marine and Estuarine Organisms</u>, Fifth Edition, October 2002, EPA-821-R-02-014.
- b. Methods for Measuring the Acute Toxicity of Effluent and Receiving Waters to Freshwater and Marine Organisms, Third Edition, October 2002, EPA-821-R-02-012.
- 6. Chemical-Specific Testing Priority pollutants (chemical-specific testing pursuant to Department rule Chapter 530.5) are those parameters listed by the USEPA pursuant to Section 307(a) of the Clean Water Act and published at 40 CFR Part 122, Appendix D, Tables II and III.

Beginning on the effective date of this permit and lasting through permit expiration (December 2007), surveillance and screening level chemical-specific testing shall be conducted at a frequency of once per year (1/Year) in a different calendar quarter each year. Chemical-specific testing shall be conducted on samples collected at the same time as those collected for whole effluent toxicity tests, when applicable. Chemical-specific testing shall be conducted using methods that permit detection of a pollutant at existing levels in the effluent or that achieve minimum reporting levels of detection as specified by the Department. Results shall be submitted to the Department within thirty (30) days of the permittee receiving the data report from the laboratory conducting the testing. For the purposes of Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) reporting, enter a "1" for yes, testing done this monitoring period or "NODI-9" monitoring not required this period.

A. EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS AND MONITORING REQUIREMENTS (cont'd)

FOOTNOTES:

All mercury sampling shall be conducted in accordance with EPA's "clean sampling techniques" found in EPA Method 1669, <u>Sampling Ambient Water For Trace Metals At EPA Water Quality Criteria Levels</u>. All mercury analysis shall be conducted in accordance with EPA Method 1631, <u>Determination of Mercury in Water by Oxidation</u>, <u>Purge and Trap</u>, and <u>Cold Vapor Fluorescence Spectrometry</u>.

B. NARRATIVE EFFLUENT LIMITATIONS

- 1. The effluent shall not contain a visible oil sheen, foam or floating solids at any time which would impair the usages designated by the classification of the receiving waters.
- 2. The effluent shall not contain materials in concentrations or combinations which are hazardous or toxic to aquatic life, or which would impair the usages designated by the classification of the receiving waters.
- 3. The discharges shall not cause visible discoloration or turbidity in the receiving waters which would impair the usages designated by the classification of the receiving waters.
- 4. Notwithstanding specific conditions of this permit the effluent must not lower the quality of any classified body of water below such classification, or lower the existing quality of any body of water if the existing quality is higher than the classification.

C. LIMITATIONS FOR INDUSTRIAL USERS

Pollutants introduced into the wastewater collection and treatment system by a non-domestic source (user) shall not pass through or interfere with the operation of the treatment system.

D. DISINFECTION

If chlorination is used as the means of disinfection, an approved chlorine contact tank providing the proper detention time consistent with good engineering practice must be utilized followed by a dechlorination system if the imposed total residual chlorine (TRC) limit cannot be achieved by dissipation in the detention tank. The TRC in the effluent shall at no time cause any demonstrable harm to aquatic life in the receiving waters. The dose of chlorine applied shall provide a TRC concentration that will effectively reduce fecal coliform bacteria levels to or below those specified in Special Condition A, "Effluent Limitation and Monitoring Requirements," above.

E. TREATMENT PLANT OPERATOR

The treatment facility must be operated by a person holding at a minimum of a **Grade II** certificate pursuant to Title 32 M.R.S.A. §4171 et seq. All proposed contracts for facility operation by any person must be approved by the Department before the permittee may engage the services of the contract operator.

F. UNAUTHORIZED DISCHARGES

The permittee is authorized to discharge only in accordance with the terms and conditions of this permit and only from Outfall #001A. Discharges of wastewater from any other point source are not authorized under this permit, and shall be reported in accordance with Standard Condition B(5), Bypasses, of this permit.

G. NOTIFICATION REQUIREMENT

In accordance with Standard Condition D, the permittee shall notify the Department of the following.

- Any introduction of pollutants into the wastewater collection and treatment system from an indirect discharger in a primary industrial category discharging process wastewater; and
- 2. Any substantial change in the volume or character of pollutants being introduced into the wastewater collection and treatment system by a source introducing pollutants into the system at the time of permit issuance. For the purposes of this section, notice regarding substantial change shall include information on:
 - (a) the quality and quantity of wastewater introduced to the wastewater collection and treatment system; and
 - (b) any anticipated impact caused by the change in the quantity or quality of the wastewater to be discharged from the treatment system.

H. MONITORING AND REPORTING

Monitoring results obtained during the previous month shall be summarized for each month and reported on separate Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) forms provided by the Department and postmarked on or before the thirteenth (13th) day of the month or hand-delivered to the Department's Regional Office such that the DMR's are received by the Department on or before the fifteenth (15th) day of the month following the completed reporting period. A signed copy of the DMR and all other reports required herein shall be submitted to the following address:

Department of Environmental Protection

Eastern Maine Regional Office

Bureau of Land and Water Quality

Division of Engineering, Compliance and Technical Assistance

106 Hogan Road

Bangor, Maine 04401

I. WET WEATHER FLOW MANAGEMENT PLAN

The treatment facility staff shall develop and maintain a Wet Weather Management Plan to direct the staff on how to operate the facility effectively during periods of high flow. The Department acknowledges that the existing collection system may deliver flows in excess of the monthly average design capacity of the treatment plant during periods of high infiltration and rainfall.

On or before June 15, 2004 [06799], the permittee shall submit to the Department for review and approval, a new or revised Wet Weather Management Plan which conforms to Department guidelines for such plans. The revised plan shall include operating procedures for a range of intensities, address solids handling procedures (including septic waste and other high strength wastes if applicable) and provide written operating and maintenance procedures during the events.

Once the Wet Weather Management Plan has been approved, the permittee shall review their plan annually and record any necessary changes to keep the plan up to date.

J. OPERATION & MAINTENANCE (O&M) PLAN

This facility shall have a current written comprehensive Operation & Maintenance (O&M) Plan. The plan shall provide a systematic approach by which the permittee shall at all times, properly operate and maintain all facilities and systems of treatment and control (and related appurtenances) which are installed or used by the permittee to achieve compliance with the conditions of this permit.

By December 31 of each year, or within 90 days of any process changes or minor equipment upgrades, the permittee shall evaluate and modify the O&M Plan including site plan(s) and schematic(s) for the wastewater treatment facility to ensure that it is up-to-date. The O&M Plan shall be kept on-site at all times and made available to Department and EPA personnel upon request.

Within 90 days of completion of new and or substantial upgrades of the wastewater treatment facility, the permittee shall submit the updated O&M Plan to their Department inspector for review and comment.

K. REOPENING OF PERMIT FOR MODIFICATIONS

Upon evaluation of the tests results or monitoring requirements specified in Special Conditions of this permitting action, new site specific information, or any other pertinent test results or information obtained during the term of this permit, the Department may, at anytime and with notice to the permittee, modify this permit to: (1) include effluent limits necessary to control specific pollutants or whole effluent toxicity where there is a reasonable potential that the effluent may cause water quality criteria to be exceeded; (2) require additional effluent or ambient water quality monitoring if results on file are inconclusive; or (3) change monitoring requirements or limitations based on new information.

ATTACHMENT A

MARINE WHOLE EFFLUENT TOXICITY (WET) TEST REPORT

Facility		DEP License No		NPDES permit No
Contact person				Pelephone No
Date initially sampled		te tested		Liornated?
Test type	mm/dd/yy screening	mm/dd/yy surveillance	k:	
Results	% effluen			DEP/EPA
LC	Mysid shrimp sea u	***************************************	7.	est required by:
A-NOE C-NOE	L			ereiving Water Concentration A-NOEL
**************************************]	C-NOEL
Data summary	Mysid shrimp sea ur % survival % ferti		side final wt (mg)	
QC standard lab control	A>90 >70		>0.50	
receiving water contrl				
conc. 1 (%) conc. 2 (%)				
conc. 2 (%) conc. 3 (%)	 			
conc. 4 (%)		· ·		
conc. 5 (%)				
conc. 6 (%)				
stat test used	<u> </u>			
	place * next to values statisti	cally different from controls		
Reference toxicant	Mysid shrimp sea are	in silver		Disklikisisteksisteksisteksisteksis
ا د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د د	LC50/A-NOEL C-NOE		C-NOEL	Salinity
toxicant /date limits (mg/l)				Adjustment brine
results (mg/l)				sea salt
				other
omments	·		1	
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ANALYTICAL CHEMISTRY RESULTS MARINE WATERS

ib ID No.		mm/dd/yy			mm/dd/yy
ialyte	Repor		:#:###################################	Detection level	Method
	Units	receiving water	effluent		
nmonia nitrogen	μg/L		_	μg/L	
linity	ppt			ppt	
al residual oxidants	mg/L		•	mg/L	
al organic carbon	mg/L			mg/L	
al solids	mg/L	<u> </u>		mg/L	
al suspended solids	mg/L			mg/L	
al aluminum	μg/L			μg/L	
al cadmium	μg/L			μg/L	
al chromium	μg/L			μg/L	
al copper	μg/L			μg/L	· . ·
al lead	μg/L			μg/L	4.0
al nickel	μg/L			μg/L	
al zinc	μg/L			μg/L	
er (pH)	S.U.			S.U.	
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