



#### Our shared vision and outcomes for One Planet Oxfordshire

At a **One Planet Oxfordshire workshop** in November 2018, some 100 stakeholders gathered to talk about <u>One Planet Living</u>, an easy-to-use framework that can help anyone, anywhere to communicate, plan, and deliver sustainability.

Created by Bioregional, One Planet Living is all about living within the natural limits of our one planet. If everyone lived like the average European, we would need the resources of 3 planets – and if we lived like an average north American, 5.

One Planet Living responds to this problem with **10 simple principles** to target each aspect of sustainable living, ranging from Zero Carbon, Local and Sustainable Food, to Health and Happiness. These principles map onto the UN's Sustainable Development Goals and allow for a holistic approach that helps you **work greener** and **live healthier and happier lives**.

At the workshop in November, we used these principles to craft **Outcomes** – statements that describe the situation we want to see in Oxfordshire. We also generated a list of Indicators with which to track our progress towards those Outcomes. We fed back to stakeholders in December and asked for comments and suggested improvements. Though we are still honing the indicators, a refined list of Outcomes is presented here in this document.

This is our vision for the Oxfordshire we want to see. We are aware that some Outcomes seem extremely ambitious, but this plan has been created to inspire and encourage us all to think big and act now. This plan is no one organisation's responsibility. We are **all** invited to contribute to this vision of a happier, healthier, greener Oxfordshire.

**What's next?** We'll be hosting a second workshop in early April to gather, showcase and develop new Actions that will help deliver the Outcomes. We are asking for as many people as possible to take part in some action planning activity between now and then. We are asking you to:

- 1. Consider which of these county-wide Outcomes you are already helping to achieve. Which ones align closely with your own organisation's objectives?
- 2. Then, please tell us about the Actions you are taking (or are planning/hoping to take) to help towards those chosen Outcomes. Please would you share your Actions in any of the following ways:
  - Send us an email, perhaps with a link to plans or strategies, or simply telling us about what you are doing
  - Post your chosen Outcomes and Actions on the One Planet Oxfordshire Facebook page (<u>find this here</u>)
  - Start creating an action plan on the One Planet Living digital platform <a href="https://www.oneplanet.com">www.oneplanet.com</a> and tell us about your actions there

Please feel free to share this document with anyone else who might be interested! We look forward to continuing this exciting project with you.

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# **Table of One Planet principles**

| <b>©</b> | Health and happiness       | Encouraging active, social, meaningful lives to promote good health and wellbeing                                 |
|----------|----------------------------|---|
| 777      | Equity and local economy   | Creating safe, equitable places to live and work which support local prosperity and international fair trade      |
| 223      | Culture and community      | Nurturing local identity and heritage, empowering communities and promoting a culture of sustainable living       |
| 918      | Land and nature            | Protecting and restoring land for the benefit of people and wildlife  |
| •        | Sustainable water          | Using water efficiently, protecting local water resources and reducing flooding and drought                       |
| ő        | Local and sustainable food | Promoting sustainable humane farming and healthy diets high in local, seasonal organic food and vegetable protein |
| Ø₹•      | Travel and transport       | Reducing the need to travel, encouraging walking, cycling and low carbon transport                                |
| •        | Materials and products     | Using materials from sustainable sources and promoting products which help people reduce consumption.             |
| Q        | Zero waste                 | Reducing consumption, re-using and recycling to achieve zero waste and zero pollution                             |
| *        | Zero carbon energy         | Making buildings and manufacturing energy efficient and supplying all energy with renewables                      |



#### Health and happiness



| Name                                  | Details   |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Clean air for all                     | Safe, clean and legal air quality for the whole county. All new developments to demonstrate no negative impact on air quality   |
| Active, healthy people                | Increased number of children and adults who are physically active and a healthy weight. Everyone has the opportunity to be healthy and lead active lifestyles, no matter their socio-economic status              |
| Caring culture                        | Oxfordshire has a culture of care, caring for others as well as ourselves. Care workers are valued, both financially (higher than minimum wage) and with decent working conditions                                |
| Well-funded local government services | Oxfordshire has a well-funded local government sector   |
| Use of well-being indicators          | Oxfordshire tracks and reports on well-being indicators instead of or alongside economic indicators. Well-being is seen as a top priority in all council decisions  |
| Time for things we enjoy              | Everyone has the time and opportunity to enjoy the things that make them happy  |
| Active, inclusive, local communities  | Oxfordshire has inclusive, active, supported, locally connected communities across the county   |
| Proactive preventative healthcare     | Oxfordshire champions proactive as well as reactive healthcare. Fewer people needing hospital services  |
| Mental health and well-being          | High levels of good mental health and well-being with readily available support when necessary. Self-care (physical and mental) is taught, understood and practised, including promoting and teaching mindfulness |

|                       | techniques in schools and the workplace. Everyone has access to human contact   |
|-----------------------|---|
| Access to green space | Everyone has good access to green space, trees, a good walk and beauty. Everyone can enjoy the mental health and wellbeing benefits of access to greenspace and nature. |



# Equity and local economy



| Name  | Details  |
|---|--|
| Fair, non-exploitative work cultures          | Companies have equal pay (for same job), equal opportunities and a fair, non-exploitative and happy culture  |
| Thriving local, independent businesses        | A diversity of local, independent shops and enterprises providing jobs and livelihoods for communities, and where a significant proportion of money is spent locally |
| Community Action Group network                | Greater support and expansion of Community Action Group network  |
| Reinvested carbon offsetting in local schemes | Opportunities for carbon offsetting to be reinvested into local schemes  |
| Low carbon training and apprenticeships       | Training and apprenticeships to support low carbon economy   |
| Empowered citizens affecting planning         | A responsive local government culture that can influence local development and transport schemes on behalf of citizens   |
| Greater equality of wealth                    | Reduced gap in income between wealthy and poorer households  |
| No homelessness                               | Homelessness is a thing of the past  |
| Fuel poverty eliminated                       | Everyone has access to affordable fuel and energy  |
| Truly affordable homes                        | Access to truly affordable homes for all in need in Oxfordshire  |



### Culture and community



| Name   | Details  |
|--|--|
| Plans support One Planet Living                      | Local plans are consistent with One Planet Living  |
| Oxfordshire is the most sustainable county in the UK | Oxfordshire capitalises on and exploits its reputation for education, excellence and research and learns from best practice elsewhere to become the most sustainable county in the UK  |
| Solving global environmental challenges              | Oxfordshire capabilities and actions support solutions to global environmental challenges  |
| Resources and attention balanced county-wide         | Good balance of attention and resources between the city and districts   |
| Local democracy and citizen empowerment              | Improved and restored local democracy. Every one of our diverse communities is supported to engage with change. Everyone in Oxfordshire is empowered to be part of its success, to have a higher sense of ownership/responsibility for their community/neighbourhood, and that their unique and distinctive contribution matters |
| Everyone understands One Planet Living               | Everyone in Oxfordshire understands One Planet Living  |
| Community owned energy assets                        | Communities have ownership of energy assets, energy finance and heat networks  |
| Fewer empty homes                                    | Oxfordshire homes are filled and supported by good infrastructure in communities – reduced number of empty homes   |
| More community, less isolation                       | Everyone feels part of their community and doesn't feel isolated   |



## Land and nature



| Name   | Details  |
|--|--|
| Rapid positive biodiversity trends                 | Rapid positive recovery trends for identified and prioritised habitats and species in Oxfordshire.  Conservation Target Areas inform priorities for biodiversity enhancement   |
| Net biodiversity gain in all new developments      | New habitats are being created within new development e.g. green roofs. All new developments provide high quality interconnected green space for wildlife and people. Green infrastructure in urban environment – smaller scale interventions  |
| Enhanced 'ecosystem services'                      | Natural capital for Oxfordshire is mapped and understood. Enhanced 'ecosystem services' such as providing clean water and clean air. Decision making mechanism in place for planning that takes account of ecosystem services  |
| More birds, bees and beavers; Re-wilding programme | Re-wilding programme for key areas. More trees planted.  More bee friendly wildflower meadows and B-line corridors. Beavers living along the Evenlode (for flood control)  |
| Network of protected and increased green spaces    | Green infrastructure is embedded in all county and district infrastructure strategies and Local Plans. Oxfordshire's biodiversity and green space is valued, protected and restored. Oxfordshire has bigger, better, better-connected, and more green and blue spaces for people and nature. Brownfield sites are valued for their biodiversity and can offer more than just housing. A network of accessible green spaces. Designated connected corridors for nature, which are considered and protected in planning. Better management of linear infrastructure habitats such as roads, rivers and railway embankments |

| Good soil quality   | Soil quality is conserved and improved, and managed for optimum carbon sequestration   |
|---|--|
| Opportunities to appreciate nature                                | Citizens are given opportunities to have positive experiences of nature which cultivates a heartfelt appreciation of nature and its value to human health                          |
| Showcase sustainable agriculture and landscape scale biodiversity | Oxfordshire is a showcase for truly sustainable agricultural systems. Landscape scale biodiversity and conservation on farms. Funding is available for sustainable land management |
| Manage the habitat impacts of climate change                      | Habitat impacts of climate change are planned for and managed (need for species to be able to colonise)  |



## Sustainable water



| Name                              | Details   |
|-----------------------------------|---|
| Healthy water ecosystem           | Oxfordshire has a healthy water ecosystem, where rivers, lakes and ponds are clean, healthy, well-managed, protected and valued                       |
| Thriving canal system             | Our canal system is the most recognised in the country for innovative recreational, environmental and economic purposes                               |
| Efficient waste water treatment   | Waste water treatments and technologies are cheaper, more efficient and more effective  |
| Better water efficiency           | We use and consume water sustainably and efficiently  |
| Reduced flood risk                | Natural flood management through landscape measures. Floodplain restoration. High quality sustainable urban drainage systems for all new developments |
| More drinking fountains           | Network of drinking fountains in towns, villages and city   |
| Successful catchment partnerships | Highly functional and well-funded catchment partnerships. Catchment-sensitive farming   |
| Water as an energy resource       | Water is used as an energy resource: Electricity generation (hydros), storage, waste heat   |
|                                   |   |



Local and sustainable food – we are grateful to Good Food Oxford for their Charter, around which we have structured the Local and Sustainable Food outcomes



| Name  | Details  |
|---|--|
| Reduced greenhouse gas emissions from food cycle        | Reduced greenhouse gas emissions at all points in the food cycle, from field to fork. Oxfordshire diets include more vegetable proteins and vegan/veggie diets are common. More meat, dairy and egg production is organic, free-range, high welfare. More vegan and veggie food options available in food retailers  |
| Food production preserves ecosystems and animal welfare | Food production activities preserve and enhance ecosystems and promote higher animal welfare. Oxford is a "sustainable palm oil city". Oxfordshire diets include more vegetable proteins and vegan/veggie diets are common. Livestock farming practices (especially grassland herbivores) maximise the benefits to biodiversity, ecosystem services and optimise the nitrogen cycle and carbon sequestration. Improved soil health from organic growing of food. More forest gardening |
| Reduced waste from food and packaging                   | Reduced food packaging and food waste, increased recycling and composting. Zero food waste by 2030.  More organisations donate to the Oxford Food Bank, including outside Oxford city. Local food and drink manufacturers, retailers, hospitals and food service organisations all use food waste best practice. Improved disposal of farming/animal waste   |
| Affordable, healthy, tasty food                         | Everyone has access to affordable, healthy and tasty food, regardless of income. Access to food growing space for all. Best practice in the procurement of sustainable, healthy and ethical food by Oxfordshire's institutions   |
| Better food know-how                                    | Increased knowledge and skills to grow, cook, eat and enjoy food. Increased knowledge of how food is produced. Wild foraging skills are shared and enjoyed.  |

|  | Increased knowledge in preserving local foods by fermenting, tinning, storing  |
|--|--|
| Good food worker conditions                  | All food workers receive a fair wage, and work under safe, fair conditions   |
| Thriving local, independent food enterprises | A diversity of local, independent food shops and enterprises that provide jobs and livelihoods   |
| More community food growing                  | More space for community food growing projects that promote good health and community spirit. More community farms, edible planting in public spaces and allotments    |
| Celebrating food culture                     | More opportunities for people to come together to celebrate Oxfordshire's regional food heritage and our diverse food cultures. More local, seasonal food in our diets |



## Travel and transport



| Name   | Details   |
|--|---|
| Affordable, low carbon transport               | Affordable, low and zero carbon transport options accessible for all  |
| Safe and available active travel options       | Active travel options are safe and available for all  |
| Reduced need to travel                         | Everyone can afford to live in a place convenient for work and amenities  |
| Fewer cars, lower emissions                    | Oxfordshire has far fewer cars and those that remain are low/zero emission  |
| Exemplary EV infrastructure                    | Oxfordshire has exemplary infrastructure for charging, supply and service sector for electric vehicles              |
| Renowned cycling county                        | Oxfordshire is known as a cycling county with more cycle journeys and excellent cycling infrastructure              |
| Zero carbon travel options in new developments | New developments have transport strategies that integrate with existing systems and facilitate zero carbon travel   |
| Liveable Streets                               | Liveable Streets thinking is applied countywide   |
| Exemplary public transport                     | Buses and trains are zero emission, stop in convenient places, are affordable and reliable, and have cycle carriers |
| More shared-purpose journeys                   | Infrastructure is in place to facilitate shared purpose journeys  |
| Citizens understand the impact of air travel   | Citizens understand the impact of air travel  |
|  |   |



## Materials and products



| Name  | Details  |
|---|--|
| Thriving circular economy                           | Oxfordshire's top 20 employers all have circular economy strategies. All Oxfordshire businesses are supported in developing their circular economy strategies. Oxfordshire has its own skilled and rewarding circular-economy network. Oxfordshire is a global leader in the circular economy; developing a culture of repair, remanufacturing and sharing |
| Reduce Oxfordshire's material consumption footprint | The footprint of Oxfordshire's material consumption is reduced. Oxfordshire citizens consume less.   |
| Shared equipment and facilities                     | More sharing of equipment and facilities, reducing the need for new  |
| Sustainable construction materials                  | Best practice is sustainable construction materials for all new developments   |
| Low impact product development                      | Innovative low impact product design and production is supported   |
| Responsibly sourced consumer options                | Long life and reusable products are available and chosen. More responsibly sourced, Fairtrade, FSC and other certified products are available to all and chosen  |



Zero waste — Waste can be sub-divided as industrial and municipal waste. Municipal waste is made up of household waste and non-residential waste that is similar in composition as household waste. Data on household waste is easily available from local authorities. For other categories, the tracking of resource efficiency data is difficult at a county level.¹ Circular economy principles are recommended for all organisations and businesses in Oxfordshire (see Materials and Products).



| Name  | Details   |
|---|---|
| All waste is minimised                        |   |
| All waste goes to its optimum use             | All material waste is reused, recycled and upcycled for optimum resource efficiency               |
| No fly tipping                                | Fly tipping is eradicated   |
| Single-use plastics are phased out            | Single-use plastics that only have a few seconds to a few weeks of use are reduced and phased out |
| Comprehensive recycling facilities            | Comprehensive recycling facilities and collection services for household waste                    |
| Easy, instant access to recycling information | -   |

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://www.gov.uk/guidance/local-authority-collected-waste-definition-of-terms



# Zero carbon energy



| Name  | Details  |
|---|--|
| Zero carbon or better by 2050                     | Oxfordshire is net zero carbon or better by 2050 at the very latest  |
| Global leader in low carbon                       | Oxfordshire is a global leader in innovation for our low carbon future   |
| Energy efficiency programmes in all organisations | All businesses and organisations have energy efficiency programmes and carbon targets in place. Oxford University colleges have carbon targets in place  |
| All new developments to be zero carbon            | All new homes to be zero carbon with a good fabric first approach, consistent with eth Oxfordshire Energy Strategy. (OES models a maximum space heating demand of 30 kWh/m2/year)  |
| Mass domestic retrofit                            | All existing homes to have an energy efficiency retrofit consistent with the Oxfordshire Energy Strategy. (OES models 4,000 homes/year to be retrofitted to EPC band D with space heating requirement of 6,000kWh/m2/yr or less)   |
| Performance gap addressed                         | Performance gap is addressed, so actual as-built energy consumption in new buildings is as good as designed  |
| Rapid increase in renewables                      | Rapid increase in renewable generation within the county. All schools and publicly owned community buildings with suitable roofs to have PV arrays. All commercial buildings with suitable roofs to have PV arrays. Zero carbon solutions for homes without access to mains gas. 56% of power demand and 40% of heat to come from renewables by 2030. Large strategic renewable solutions are mapped and planned for |

| Smarter energy management                  | Infrastructure in place to allow for microgrids, demand side response services, local electricity storage and other innovative solutions |
|--|--|
| Rapid growth in community-owned renewables | Rapid growth in community owned renewable installations  |
| More app-based energy management           | All buildings and homes display app-based energy and carbon usage  |