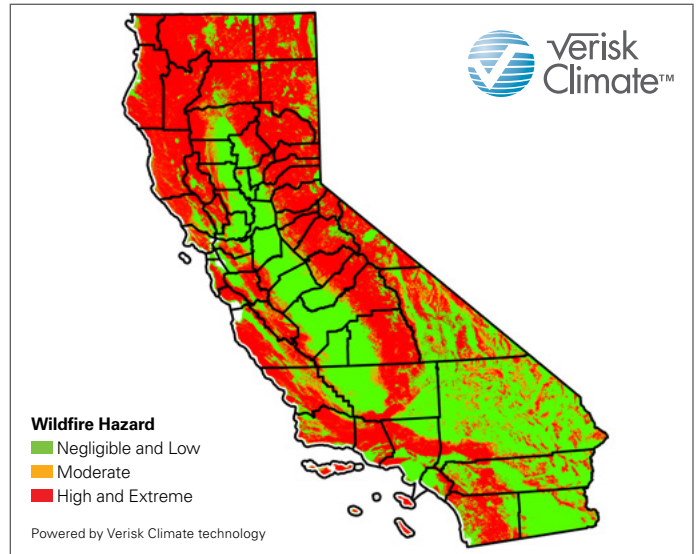


2015 FireLine™ State Risk Report – California

Wildfire Risk at a Glance

Number of Housing Units¹	13,680,100
Number and Percentage of Housing Units at High or Extreme Risk	2,054,400 15.0%
Largest Insured Wildfire Loss²	\$1.7 billion (1991)
Number of Acres Burned in 2014³	555,000
Largest Historical Wildfire Since 1997³	Rush (2012) 315,200 acres burned

Sources: 1. U.S. 2010 Census, 2. PCS[®], 3. National Interagency Fire Center (NIFC)



According to U.S. Census data, California has 13,680,100 housing units. Following is a breakdown of the percentage and number of housing units broken out into the low, moderate, and high wildfire risk categories.

Negligible and Low		Moderate		High and Extreme	
Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number	Percentage	Number
72.8	9,961,000	12.2	1,664,700	15.0	2,054,400

Top five counties by number of housing units in high and extreme wildfire risk category

County	Number of Homes
Los Angeles	444,200
San Diego	251,100
San Bernardino	112,200
Ventura	81,600
Alameda	76,800

Top five counties by highest concentration of housing units in high and extreme wildfire risk category

County	Percentage of Homes
Alpine	84.7
Mariposa	81.4
Trinity	80.7
Tuolumne	80.3
Nevada	75.0

The data compiled in this report is only an indication of risk. All figures are rounded. Actual risk for an insurer depends on the location of the individual property and its wildfire risk attributes. For underwriting purposes, FireLine™, powered by Verisk Climate™ technology, provides a wildfire hazard score ranging between 0 (negligible) and 30 (extreme) for each property analyzed.

FireLine evaluates wildfire risk at the address level. The service uses advanced remote sensing and digital mapping technology from Verisk Climate to assess the primary factors that contribute to wildfire risk — fuel, slope, and road access — to determine the wildfire hazard score.

For more information on FireLine, call 1-855-859-8775 or visit verisk.com/wildfire.