Massachusetts Tutorials are designed specifically for the Learning Standards found in the Massachusetts Curriculum Frameworks to prepare students for the MCAS tests.

Math Tutorials offer targeted instruction, practice and review designed to develop computational fluency, deepen conceptual understanding, and apply mathematical practices. They automatically identify and address learning gaps down to elementary-level content, using adaptive remediation to bring students to grade-level no matter where they start. Students engage with the content in an interactive, feedback-rich environment as they progress through standards-aligned modules. By constantly honing the ability to apply their knowledge in abstract and real world scenarios, students build the depth of knowledge and higher order skills required to demonstrate their mastery when put to the test.

In each module, the Learn It and Try It make complex ideas accessible to students through focused content, modeled logic and process, multi-modal representations, and personalized feedback as students reason through increasingly challenging problems. The Review It offers a high impact summary of key concepts and relates those concepts to students' lives. The Test It assesses students' mastery of the module's concepts, providing granular performance data to students and teachers after each attempt. To help students focus on the content most relevant to them, unit-level pretests and posttests can quickly identify where students are strong and where they're still learning.

Unit 1: Rate, Ratio, and Proportion

- **UNIT RATES**
  - 7.RP.A.1: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Compute unit rates associated with ratios of fractions, including ratios of lengths, areas, and other quantities measured in like or different units.
  - 7.RP.A.2.a: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities. Decide whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship, e.g., by testing for equivalent ratios in a table, or graphing on a coordinate plane and observing whether the graph is a straight line through the origin.
- **IDENTIFYING PROPORTIONAL RELATIONSHIPS**
  - 7.RP.A.2.a: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities. Decide whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship, e.g., by testing for equivalent ratios in a table, or graphing on a coordinate plane and observing whether the graph is a straight line through the origin.

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- 7.RP.A.3: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Use proportional relationships to solve multi-step ratio, rate, and percent problems.

- **USING PROPORTIONS TO SOLVE PROBLEMS**
  - 7.RP.A.3: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Use proportional relationships to solve multi-step ratio, rate, and percent problems.
  - 7.RP.A.2.a: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities. Decide whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship, e.g., by testing for equivalent ratios in a table, or graphing on a coordinate plane and observing whether the graph is a straight line through the origin.

Unit 2: Proportional Reasoning

- **ANALYZING PROPORTIONAL RELATIONSHIPS**
  - 7.RP.A.2.b: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities. Identify the constant of proportionality (unit rate) in tables, graphs, equations, diagrams, and verbal descriptions of proportional relationships.
  - 7.RP.A.2.d: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities. Explain what a point (x, y) on the graph of a proportional relationship means in terms of the situation, with special attention to the points (0, 0) and (1, r) where r is the unit rate.
  - 7.RP.A.1: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Compute unit rates associated with ratios of fractions, including ratios of lengths, areas, and other quantities measured in like or different units.
- **REPRESENTING PROPORTIONAL RELATIONSHIPS**
  - 7.RP.A.3: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Use proportional relationships to solve multi-step ratio, rate, and percent problems.
  - 7.RP.A.2.a: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities. Decide whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship, e.g., by testing for equivalent ratios in a table, or graphing on a coordinate plane and observing whether the graph is a straight line through the origin.
  - 7.RP.A.2.d: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities. Explain what a point (x, y) on the graph of a proportional relationship means in terms of the situation, with special attention to the points (0, 0) and (1, r) where r is the unit rate.

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- 7.RP.A.2.c: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities. Represent proportional relationships by equations.

Unit 3: Addition and Subtraction of Rational Numbers

- **ADDING RATIONAL NUMBERS**
  - 7.NS.A.1.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract integers and other rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Describe situations in which opposite quantities combine to make zero.
  - 7.NS.A.1.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract integers and other rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand p + q as the number located a distance q from p, in the positive or negative direction depending on whether q is positive or negative. Show that a number and its opposite have a sum of 0 (are additive inverses). Interpret sums of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
  - 7.NS.A.1.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract integers and other rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand p + q as the number located a distance q from p, in the positive or negative direction depending on whether q is positive or negative. Show that a number and its opposite have a sum of 0 (are additive inverses). Interpret sums of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
  - 7.NS.A.3: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with integers and other rational numbers.
  - 7.NS.A.1.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract integers and other rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand p + q as the number located a distance q from p, in the positive or negative direction depending on whether q is positive or negative. Show that a number and its opposite have a sum of 0 (are additive inverses). Interpret sums of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
  - 7.EE.B.3: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations. Solve multi-step real-life and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals), using tools strategically. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate; and assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.

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- 7.NS.A.1.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract integers and other rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand p + q as the number located a distance q from p, in the positive or negative direction depending on whether q is positive or negative. Show that a number and its opposite have a sum of 0 (are additive inverses). Interpret sums of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
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- **SUBTRACTING RATIONAL NUMBERS**
  - 7.NS.A.1.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract integers and other rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Describe situations in which opposite quantities combine to make zero.
  - 7.NS.A.1.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract integers and other rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand p + q as the number located a distance q from p, in the positive or negative direction depending on whether q is positive or negative. Show that a number and its opposite have a sum of 0 (are additive inverses). Interpret sums of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
  - 7.NS.A.1.c: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract integers and other rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand subtraction of rational numbers as adding the additive inverse, p q = p + (q). Show that the distance between two rational numbers on the number line is the absolute value of their difference, and apply this principle in real-world contexts.
  - 7.NS.A.3: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with integers and other rational numbers.
  - 7.NS.A.1.c: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract integers and other rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand

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subtraction of rational numbers as adding the additive inverse, p q = p + (q). Show that the distance between two rational numbers on the number line is the absolute value of their difference, and apply this principle in real-world contexts.

- 7.EE.B.3: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations. Solve multi-step real-life and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals), using tools strategically. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate; and assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.
- 7.NS.A.1.c: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract integers and other rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand subtraction of rational numbers as adding the additive inverse, p q = p + (q). Show that the distance between two rational numbers on the number line is the absolute value of their difference, and apply this principle in real-world contexts.
- 7.NS.A.1.c: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract integers and other rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand subtraction of rational numbers as adding the additive inverse, p q = p + (q). Show that the distance between two rational numbers on the number line is the absolute value of their difference, and apply this principle in real-world contexts.

- **USING PROPERTIES TO ADD AND SUBTRACT RATIONAL NUMBERS**
  - 7.NS.A.3: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with integers and other rational numbers.
  - 7.EE.B.3: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations. Solve multi-step real-life and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals), using tools strategically. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate; and assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.
  - 7.NS.A.1.d: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract integers and other rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract rational numbers.

Unit 4: Multiplication and Division of Rational Numbers

- **MULTIPLYING RATIONAL NUMBERS**

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- 7.NS.A.3: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with integers and other rational numbers.
- 7.NS.A.2.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide integers and other rational numbers. Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as (1)(1) = 1 and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
- 7.EE.B.3: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations. Solve multi-step real-life and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals), using tools strategically. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate; and assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.
- 7.NS.A.2.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide integers and other rational numbers. Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as (1)(1) = 1 and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
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numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as (1)(1) = 1 and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.

- **DIVIDING RATIONAL NUMBERS**
  - 7.NS.A.2.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide integers and other rational numbers. Understand that integers can be divided, provided that the divisor is not zero, and every quotient of integers (with non-zero divisor) is a rational number. If p and q are integers, then (p/q) = (p)/q = p/(q). Interpret quotients of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
  - 7.NS.A.3: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with integers and other rational numbers.
  - 7.EE.B.3: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations. Solve multi-step real-life and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals), using tools strategically. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate; and assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.
  - 7.NS.A.2.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide integers and other rational numbers. Understand that integers can be divided, provided that the divisor is not zero, and every quotient of integers (with non-zero divisor) is a rational number. If p and q are integers, then (p/q) = (p)/q = p/(q). Interpret quotients of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
  - 7.NS.A.2.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide integers and other rational numbers. Understand that integers can be divided, provided that the divisor is not zero, and every quotient of integers (with non-zero divisor) is a rational number. If p and q are integers, then (p/q) = (p)/q = p/(q). Interpret quotients of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
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  - 7.NS.A.2.c: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide integers and

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other rational numbers. Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide rational numbers.

- **USING PROPERTIES TO MULTIPLY AND DIVIDE RATIONAL NUMBERS**
  - 7.NS.A.3: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with integers and other rational numbers.
  - 7.EE.B.3: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations. Solve multi-step real-life and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals), using tools strategically. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate; and assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.
  - 7.NS.A.2.c: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide integers and other rational numbers. Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide rational numbers.
  - 7.NS.A.2.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide integers and other rational numbers. Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as (1)(1) = 1 and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
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  - 7.NS.A.2.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous

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understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide integers and other rational numbers. Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as (1)(1) = 1 and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.

Unit 5: Working with Rational Numbers

- **EXPRESSING RATIONAL NUMBERS IN DECIMAL FORM**
  - 7.EE.B.3: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations. Solve multi-step real-life and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals), using tools strategically. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate; and assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.
  - 7.NS.A.2.d: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide integers and other rational numbers. Convert a rational number to a decimal using long division; know that the decimal form of a rational number terminates in 0s or eventually repeats.
- **USING OPERATIONS ON RATIONAL NUMBERS TO SOLVE PROBLEMS**
  - 7.NS.A.3: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with integers and other rational numbers.
  - 7.NS.A.1.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract integers and other rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand p + q as the number located a distance q from p, in the positive or negative direction depending on whether q is positive or negative. Show that a number and its opposite have a sum of 0 (are additive inverses). Interpret sums of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
  - 7.NS.A.1.c: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract integers and other rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand subtraction of rational numbers as adding the additive inverse, p q = p + (q). Show that the distance between two rational numbers on the number line is the absolute value of their difference, and apply this principle in real-world contexts.
  - 7.NS.A.2.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide integers and other rational numbers. Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational

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numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as (1)(1) = 1 and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.

- 7.EE.B.3: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations. Solve multi-step real-life and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals), using tools strategically. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate; and assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.

Unit 6: Algebraic Expressions

- **SIMPLIFYING AND REWRITING ALGEBRAIC EXPRESSIONS**
  - 7.EE.A.1: Expressions and Equations Use properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions. Apply properties of operations to add, subtract, factor, and expand linear expressions with rational coefficients.
  - 7.EE.A.2: Expressions and Equations Use properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions. Understand that rewriting an expression in different forms in a problem context can shed light on the problem and how the quantities in it are related.
- **SOLVING MULTI-STEP PROBLEMS WITH RATIONAL NUMBERS**
  - 7.NS.A.3: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with integers and other rational numbers.
  - 7.EE.B.3: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations. Solve multi-step real-life and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals), using tools strategically. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate; and assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.
  - 7.NS.A.1.d: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract integers and other rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract rational numbers.
  - 7.NS.A.2.c: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide integers and other rational numbers. Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide rational numbers.
  - 7.EE.A.2: Expressions and Equations Use properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions. Understand that rewriting an expression in different forms in a problem context can shed light on the

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problem and how the quantities in it are related.

Unit 7: Equations and Inequalities

- **SOLVING TWO-STEP EQUATIONS**
  - 7.EE.B.4.a: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations. Use variables to represent quantities in a real-world or mathematical problem, and construct simple equations and inequalities to solve problems by reasoning about the quantities. Solve word problems leading to equations of the form px + q = r and p(x q) = r, where p, q, and r are specific rational numbers. Solve equations of these forms fluently. Compare an algebraic solution to an arithmetic solution, identifying the sequence of the operations used in each approach.
- **SOLVING LINEAR INEQUALITIES**
  - 7.EE.B.4.b: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations. Use variables to represent quantities in a real-world or mathematical problem, and construct simple equations and inequalities to solve problems by reasoning about the quantities. Solve word problems leading to inequalities of the form px + q r or px + q r, where p, q, and r are specific rational numbers. Graph the solution set of the inequality and interpret it in the context of the problem.

Unit 8: Drawing, Constructing, and Exploring Geometric Figures

- **SCALE DRAWINGS**
  - 7.G.A.1: Geometry Draw, construct, and describe geometrical figures and describe the relationships between them. Solve problems involving scale drawings of geometric figures, such as computing actual lengths and areas from a scale drawing and reproducing a scale drawing at a different scale.
- **GEOMETRIC DRAWINGS**
  - 7.G.A.2: Geometry Draw, construct, and describe geometrical figures and describe the relationships between them. Draw (freehand, with ruler and protractor, and with technology) two-dimensional geometric shapes with given conditions. Focus on constructing triangles from three measures of angles or sides, noticing when the conditions determine a unique triangle, more than one triangle, or no triangle.
  - 7.G.A.3: Geometry Draw, construct, and describe geometrical figures and describe the relationships between them. Describe the shape of the two-dimensional face of the figure that results from slicing three-dimensional figures, as in plane sections of right rectangular prisms and right rectangular pyramids.
- **CROSS-SECTIONS OF GEOMETRIC SOLIDS**
  - 7.G.A.3: Geometry Draw, construct, and describe geometrical figures and describe the relationships between them. Describe the shape of the two-dimensional face of the figure that results from slicing three-dimensional figures, as in plane sections of right rectangular prisms and right rectangular pyramids.

Unit 9: Geometry in Two and Three Dimensions

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- **CIRCLES**
  - 7.G.B.4.b: Geometry Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume. Circles and measurement: Understand and describe the relationships among the radius, diameter, and circumference of a circle.
  - 7.G.B.4.c: Geometry Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume. Circles and measurement: Understand and describe the relationship among the radius, diameter, and area of a circle.
  - 7.G.B.4.d: Geometry Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume. Circles and measurement: Know the formulas for the area and circumference of a circle and use them to solve problems.
  - 7.G.B.4.a: Geometry Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume. Circles and measurement: Know that a circle is a two-dimensional shape created by connecting all of the points equidistant from a fixed point called the center of the circle.
  - 7.G.B.4.e: Geometry Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume. Circles and measurement: Give an informal derivation of the relationship between the circumference and area of a circle.
- **ANGLE RELATIONSHIPS**
  - 7.G.B.5: Geometry Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume. Use facts about supplementary, complementary, vertical, and adjacent angles in a multi-step problem to write simple equations and use them to solve for an unknown angle in a figure.
- **AREA, VOLUME, AND SURFACE AREA**
  - 7.G.B.6: Geometry Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, volume, and surface area of two- and three-dimensional objects composed of triangles, quadrilaterals, polygons, cubes, and right prisms.

Unit 10: Statistics and Sampling

- **POPULATIONS AND SAMPLES**
  - 7.SP.A.1: Statistics and Probability Use random sampling to draw inferences about a population. Understand that statistics can be used to gain information about a population by examining a sample of the population; Generalizations about a population from a sample are valid only if the sample is representative of that population. Understand that random sampling tends to produce representative samples and support valid inferences.
  - 7.SP.A.2: Statistics and Probability Use random sampling to draw inferences about a population. Use data from a random sample to draw inferences about a population with an unknown characteristic of interest. Generate multiple samples (or simulated samples) of the same size to gauge the variation in estimates or predictions.
  - 7.SP.B.4: Statistics and Probability Draw informal comparative inferences about two populations. Use measures of center and measures of variability for numerical data from random samples to draw

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informal comparative inferences about two populations.

- **COMPARING DATA SETS VISUALLY**
  - 7.SP.B.3: Statistics and Probability Draw informal comparative inferences about two populations. Informally assess the degree of visual overlap of two numerical data distributions with similar variabilities, measuring the difference between the centers by expressing it as a multiple of a measure of variability.
  - 7.SP.B.4: Statistics and Probability Draw informal comparative inferences about two populations. Use measures of center and measures of variability for numerical data from random samples to draw informal comparative inferences about two populations.
  - 7.EE.B.3: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations. Solve multi-step real-life and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals), using tools strategically. Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate; and assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.
- **USING STATISTICAL MEASURES TO COMPARE DATA SETS**
  - 7.SP.B.3: Statistics and Probability Draw informal comparative inferences about two populations. Informally assess the degree of visual overlap of two numerical data distributions with similar variabilities, measuring the difference between the centers by expressing it as a multiple of a measure of variability.
  - 7.SP.B.4: Statistics and Probability Draw informal comparative inferences about two populations. Use measures of center and measures of variability for numerical data from random samples to draw informal comparative inferences about two populations.

Unit 11: Probability 1

- **PROBABILITY**
  - 7.SP.C.5: Statistics and Probability Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. Understand that the probability of a chance event is a number between 0 and 1 that expresses the likelihood of the event occurring. Larger numbers indicate greater likelihood. A probability near 0 indicates an unlikely event, a probability around indicates an event that is neither unlikely nor likely, and a probability near 1 indicates a likely event.
  - 7.SP.A.1: Statistics and Probability Use random sampling to draw inferences about a population. Understand that statistics can be used to gain information about a population by examining a sample of the population; Generalizations about a population from a sample are valid only if the sample is representative of that population. Understand that random sampling tends to produce representative samples and support valid inferences.
  - 7.SP.A.2: Statistics and Probability Use random sampling to draw inferences about a population. Use data from a random sample to draw inferences about a population with an unknown characteristic of interest. Generate multiple samples (or simulated samples) of the same size to gauge the variation in estimates or predictions.

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- **CALCULATING PROBABILITY**
  - 7.SP.C.7.a: Statistics and Probability Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. Develop a probability model and use it to find probabilities of events. Compare probabilities from a model to observed frequencies; if the agreement is not good, explain possible sources of the discrepancy. Develop a uniform probability model by assigning equal probability to all outcomes, and use the model to determine probabilities of events.
  - 7.SP.C.8.a: Statistics and Probability Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. Find probabilities of compound events using organized lists, tables, tree diagrams, and simulation. Understand that, just as with simple events, the probability of a compound event is the fraction of outcomes in the sample space for which the compound event occurs.
  - 7.SP.C.6: Statistics and Probability Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. Approximate the probability of a chance event by collecting data on the chance process that produces it and observing its long-run relative frequency, and predict the approximate relative frequency given the probability.
  - 7.SP.C.7.b: Statistics and Probability Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. Develop a probability model and use it to find probabilities of events. Compare probabilities from a model to observed frequencies; if the agreement is not good, explain possible sources of the discrepancy. Develop a probability model (which may not be uniform) by observing frequencies in data generated from a chance process.

Unit 12: Probability 2

- **PROBABILITY OF COMPOUND EVENTS**
  - 7.SP.C.5: Statistics and Probability Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. Understand that the probability of a chance event is a number between 0 and 1 that expresses the likelihood of the event occurring. Larger numbers indicate greater likelihood. A probability near 0 indicates an unlikely event, a probability around indicates an event that is neither unlikely nor likely, and a probability near 1 indicates a likely event.
  - 7.SP.C.8.a: Statistics and Probability Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. Find probabilities of compound events using organized lists, tables, tree diagrams, and simulation. Understand that, just as with simple events, the probability of a compound event is the fraction of outcomes in the sample space for which the compound event occurs.
  - 7.SP.C.8.b: Statistics and Probability Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. Find probabilities of compound events using organized lists, tables, tree diagrams, and simulation. Represent sample spaces for compound events using methods such as organized lists, tables, and tree diagrams. For an event described in everyday language (e.g., rolling double sixes), identify the outcomes in the sample space which compose the event.
- **SIMULATIONS**
  - 7.SP.C.8.a: Statistics and Probability Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. Find probabilities of compound events using organized lists, tables, tree

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diagrams, and simulation. Understand that, just as with simple events, the probability of a compound event is the fraction of outcomes in the sample space for which the compound event occurs.

- 7.SP.C.8.c: Statistics and Probability Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. Find probabilities of compound events using organized lists, tables, tree diagrams, and simulation. Design and use a simulation to generate frequencies for compound events.
- 7.SP.C.5: Statistics and Probability Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. Understand that the probability of a chance event is a number between 0 and 1 that expresses the likelihood of the event occurring. Larger numbers indicate greater likelihood. A probability near 0 indicates an unlikely event, a probability around indicates an event that is neither unlikely nor likely, and a probability near 1 indicates a likely event.

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