

Tennessee Tutorials are designed specifically for the Tennessee Academic Standards to prepare students for the Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment Program (TCAP) and the TNReady assessments.

Math Tutorials offer targeted instruction, practice and review designed to develop computational fluency, deepen conceptual understanding, and apply mathematical practices. They automatically identify and address learning gaps down to elementary-level content, using adaptive remediation to bring students to grade-level no matter where they start. Students engage with the content in an interactive, feedback-rich environment as they progress through standards-aligned modules. By constantly honing the ability to apply their knowledge in abstract and real world scenarios, students build the depth of knowledge and higher order skills required to demonstrate their mastery when put to the test.

In each module, the Learn It and Try It make complex ideas accessible to students through focused content, modeled logic and process, multi-modal representations, and personalized feedback as students reason through increasingly challenging problems. The Review It offers a high impact summary of key concepts and relates those concepts to students' lives. The Test It assesses students' mastery of the module's concepts, providing granular performance data to students and teachers after each attempt. To help students focus on the content most relevant to them, unit-level pretests and posttests can quickly identify where students are strong and where they're still learning.

Unit 1: Rate, Ratio, and Proportion

• UNIT RATES

- 7.RP.A.1: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Compute unit rates associated with ratios of fractions, including ratios of lengths, areas, and other quantities measured in like or different units.

• IDENTIFYING PROPORTIONAL RELATIONSHIPS

- 7.RP.A.2.a: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities. Decide whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship (e.g., by testing for equivalent ratios in a table or graphing on a coordinate plane and observing whether the graph is a straight line through the origin).
- 7.RP.A.3: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Use proportional relationships to solve multi-step ratio and percent problems. Examples: simple interest, tax, markups and markdowns, gratuities and commissions, fees, percent increase and decrease, percent error.

Unit 2: Using Proportional Relationships

• ANALYZING PROPORTIONAL RELATIONSHIPS

- 7.RP.A.2.b: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities. Identify the constant of proportionality (unit rate) in tables, graphs, equations, diagrams, and verbal descriptions of proportional relationships.
- 7.RP.A.2.d: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities. Explain what a point (x, y) on the graph of a proportional relationship means in terms of the situation, with special attention to the points $(0, 0)$ and $(1, r)$ where r is the unit rate.
- 7.RP.A.1: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Compute unit rates associated with ratios of fractions, including ratios of lengths, areas, and other quantities measured in like or different units.
- **REPRESENTING PROPORTIONAL RELATIONSHIPS**
 - 7.RP.A.2.a: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities. Decide whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship (e.g., by testing for equivalent ratios in a table or graphing on a coordinate plane and observing whether the graph is a straight line through the origin).
 - 7.RP.A.2.d: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities. Explain what a point (x, y) on the graph of a proportional relationship means in terms of the situation, with special attention to the points $(0, 0)$ and $(1, r)$ where r is the unit rate.
 - 7.RP.A.3: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Use proportional relationships to solve multi-step ratio and percent problems. Examples: simple interest, tax, markups and markdowns, gratuities and commissions, fees, percent increase and decrease, percent error.
 - 7.RP.A.2.c: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities. Represent proportional relationships by equations.
- **USING PROPORTIONS TO SOLVE PROBLEMS**
 - 7.RP.A.2.a: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Recognize and represent proportional relationships between quantities. Decide whether two quantities are in a proportional relationship (e.g., by testing for equivalent ratios in a table or graphing on a coordinate plane and observing whether the graph is a straight line through the origin).
 - 7.RP.A.3: Ratios and Proportional Relationships Analyze proportional relationships and use them to solve real-world and mathematical problems. Use proportional relationships to solve

multi-step ratio and percent problems. Examples: simple interest, tax, markups and markdowns, gratuities and commissions, fees, percent increase and decrease, percent error.

Unit 3: Addition and Subtraction of Rational Numbers

• ADDING RATIONAL NUMBERS

- 7.NS.A.1.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Describe situations in which opposite quantities combine to make 0.
- 7.NS.A.1.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand $p + q$ as the number located a distance q from p , in the positive or negative direction depending on whether q is positive or negative. Show that a number and its opposite have a sum of 0 (are additive inverses). Interpret sums of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
- 7.NS.A.1.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand $p + q$ as the number located a distance q from p , in the positive or negative direction depending on whether q is positive or negative. Show that a number and its opposite have a sum of 0 (are additive inverses). Interpret sums of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
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- 7.NS.A.3: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with rational numbers. (Computations with rational numbers extend the rules for manipulating fractions to complex fractions.)
- 7.NS.A.1.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand $p + q$ as the number located a distance q from p , in the positive or negative direction depending on

whether q is positive or negative. Show that a number and its opposite have a sum of 0 (are additive inverses). Interpret sums of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.

- 7.EE.B.3.b: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations and inequalities. Solve multi-step real-world and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers presented in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals). Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.
- 7.NS.A.1.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand $p + q$ as the number located a distance q from p , in the positive or negative direction depending on whether q is positive or negative. Show that a number and its opposite have a sum of 0 (are additive inverses). Interpret sums of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.

• SUBTRACTING RATIONAL NUMBERS

- 7.NS.A.1.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Describe situations in which opposite quantities combine to make 0.
- 7.NS.A.1.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand $p + q$ as the number located a distance q from p , in the positive or negative direction depending on whether q is positive or negative. Show that a number and its opposite have a sum of 0 (are additive inverses). Interpret sums of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
- 7.NS.A.1.c: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand subtraction of rational numbers as adding the additive inverse, $p - q = p + (-q)$. Show that the distance between two rational numbers on the number line is the absolute value of their difference, and apply this principle in real-world contexts.
- 7.NS.A.1.c: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand subtraction of rational numbers as adding the additive inverse, $p - q = p + (-q)$. Show that the distance between two rational numbers on the number line is the absolute value of their difference, and apply this principle in real-world contexts.

- 7.NS.A.3: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with rational numbers. (Computations with rational numbers extend the rules for manipulating fractions to complex fractions.)
- 7.NS.A.1.c: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand subtraction of rational numbers as adding the additive inverse, $p - q = p + (-q)$. Show that the distance between two rational numbers on the number line is the absolute value of their difference, and apply this principle in real-world contexts.
- 7.EE.B.3.b: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations and inequalities. Solve multi-step real-world and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers presented in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals). Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.
- 7.NS.A.1.c: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand subtraction of rational numbers as adding the additive inverse, $p - q = p + (-q)$. Show that the distance between two rational numbers on the number line is the absolute value of their difference, and apply this principle in real-world contexts.
- **USING PROPERTIES TO ADD AND SUBTRACT RATIONAL NUMBERS**
 - 7.NS.A.1.d: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract rational numbers.
 - 7.NS.A.3: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with rational numbers. (Computations with rational numbers extend the rules for manipulating fractions to complex fractions.)
 - 7.EE.B.3.a: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations and inequalities. Solve multi-step real-world and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers presented in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals). Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate.

Unit 4: Multiplication and Division of Rational Numbers

- **MULTIPLYING RATIONAL NUMBERS**

- 7.NS.A.2.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as $(1)(1) = 1$ and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
- 7.NS.A.3: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with rational numbers. (Computations with rational numbers extend the rules for manipulating fractions to complex fractions.)
- 7.NS.A.2.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as $(1)(1) = 1$ and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
- 7.EE.B.3.b: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations and inequalities. Solve multi-step real-world and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers presented in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals). Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.
- 7.NS.A.2.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as $(1)(1) = 1$ and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
- 7.NS.A.2.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as $(1)(1) = 1$ and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
- 7.NS.A.2.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by

requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as $(1)(1) = 1$ and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.

• DIVIDING RATIONAL NUMBERS

- 7.NS.A.2.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. Understand that integers can be divided, provided that the divisor is not zero, and every quotient of integers (with non-zero divisor) is a rational number. If p and q are integers, then $(p/q) = (p)/q = p/(q)$. Interpret quotients of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
- 7.NS.A.2.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. Understand that integers can be divided, provided that the divisor is not zero, and every quotient of integers (with non-zero divisor) is a rational number. If p and q are integers, then $(p/q) = (p)/q = p/(q)$. Interpret quotients of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
- 7.NS.A.3: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with rational numbers. (Computations with rational numbers extend the rules for manipulating fractions to complex fractions.)
- 7.EE.B.3.b: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations and inequalities. Solve multi-step real-world and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers presented in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals). Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.
- 7.NS.A.2.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. Understand that integers can be divided, provided that the divisor is not zero, and every quotient of integers (with non-zero divisor) is a rational number. If p and q are integers, then $(p/q) = (p)/q = p/(q)$. Interpret quotients of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
- 7.NS.A.2.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. Understand that integers can be divided, provided that the divisor is not zero, and every quotient of integers (with non-zero divisor) is a rational number. If p and q are integers, then $(p/q) = (p)/q = p/(q)$. Interpret quotients of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.

- 7.NS.A.2.c: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide rational numbers.
- 7.EE.B.3.a: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations and inequalities. Solve multi-step real-world and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers presented in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals). Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate.
- **USING PROPERTIES TO MULTIPLY AND DIVIDE RATIONAL NUMBERS**
 - 7.NS.A.2.c: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide rational numbers.
 - 7.NS.A.3: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with rational numbers. (Computations with rational numbers extend the rules for manipulating fractions to complex fractions.)
 - 7.EE.B.3.a: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations and inequalities. Solve multi-step real-world and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers presented in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals). Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate.
 - 7.NS.A.2.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as $(1)(1) = 1$ and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
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numbers. Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as $(1)(1) = 1$ and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.

- 7.NS.A.2.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as $(1)(1) = 1$ and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.

Unit 5: Working with Rational Numbers

• EXPRESSING RATIONAL NUMBERS IN DECIMAL FORM

- 7.NS.A.2.d: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. Convert a rational number to a decimal using long division; know that the decimal form of a rational number terminates in 0s or eventually repeats.
- 7.EE.B.3.a: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations and inequalities. Solve multi-step real-world and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers presented in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals). Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate.

• USING OPERATIONS ON RATIONAL NUMBERS TO SOLVE PROBLEMS

- 7.NS.A.1.b: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand $p + q$ as the number located a distance q from p , in the positive or negative direction depending on whether q is positive or negative. Show that a number and its opposite have a sum of 0 (are additive inverses). Interpret sums of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.
- 7.NS.A.1.c: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Understand subtraction of rational numbers as adding the additive inverse, $p - q = p + (-q)$. Show that the distance between two rational numbers on the number line is the absolute value of their difference, and apply this principle in real-world contexts.
- 7.NS.A.2.a: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous

understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. Understand that multiplication is extended from fractions to rational numbers by requiring that operations continue to satisfy the properties of operations, particularly the distributive property, leading to products such as $(1)(1) = 1$ and the rules for multiplying signed numbers. Interpret products of rational numbers by describing real-world contexts.

- 7.NS.A.3: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with rational numbers. (Computations with rational numbers extend the rules for manipulating fractions to complex fractions.)
- 7.EE.B.3.b: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations and inequalities. Solve multi-step real-world and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers presented in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals). Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.

• SOLVING MULTI-STEP PROBLEMS WITH RATIONAL NUMBERS

- 7.NS.A.1.d: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of addition and subtraction to add and subtract rational numbers; represent addition and subtraction on a horizontal or vertical number line diagram. Apply properties of operations as strategies to add and subtract rational numbers.
- 7.NS.A.2.c: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Apply and extend previous understandings of multiplication and division and of fractions to multiply and divide rational numbers. Apply properties of operations as strategies to multiply and divide rational numbers.
- 7.NS.A.3: The Number System Apply and extend previous understandings of operations with fractions to add, subtract, multiply, and divide rational numbers. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving the four operations with rational numbers. (Computations with rational numbers extend the rules for manipulating fractions to complex fractions.)
- 7.EE.B.3.a: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations and inequalities. Solve multi-step real-world and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers presented in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals). Apply properties of operations to calculate with numbers in any form; convert between forms as appropriate.
- 7.EE.B.3.b: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations and inequalities. Solve multi-step real-world and mathematical problems posed with positive and negative rational numbers presented in any form (whole numbers, fractions, and decimals). Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation strategies.

Unit 6: Algebraic Expressions, Equations, and Inequalities

• SIMPLIFYING AND REWRITING ALGEBRAIC EXPRESSIONS

- 7.EE.A.1: Expressions and Equations Use properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions. Apply properties of operations as strategies to add, subtract, factor, and expand linear expressions with rational coefficients.
- 7.EE.A.2: Expressions and Equations Use properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions. Understand that rewriting an expression in different forms in a contextual problem can provide multiple ways of interpreting the problem and how the quantities in it are related.

- **SOLVING TWO-STEP EQUATIONS**

- 7.EE.B.4.a: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations and inequalities. Use variables to represent quantities in a real-world or mathematical problem, and construct simple equations and inequalities to solve problems by reasoning about the quantities. Solve contextual problems leading to equations of the form $px + q = r$ and $p(x + q) = r$, where p , q , and r are specific rational numbers. Solve equations of these forms fluently. Compare an algebraic solution to an arithmetic solution, identifying the sequence of the operations used in each approach.

- **SOLVING LINEAR INEQUALITIES**

- 7.EE.B.4.b: Expressions and Equations Solve real-life and mathematical problems using numerical and algebraic expressions and equations and inequalities. Use variables to represent quantities in a real-world or mathematical problem, and construct simple equations and inequalities to solve problems by reasoning about the quantities. Solve contextual problems leading to inequalities of the form $px + q > r$ or $px + q < r$, where p , q , and r are specific rational numbers. Graph the solution set of the inequality on a number line and interpret it in the context of the problem.

Unit 7: Drawing, Constructing, and Exploring Geometric Figures

- **SCALE DRAWINGS**

- 7.G.A.1: Geometry Draw, construct, and describe geometrical figures and describe the relationships between them. Solve problems involving scale drawings of geometric figures, including computing actual lengths and areas from a scale drawing and reproducing a scale drawing at a different scale.

- **GEOMETRIC DRAWINGS**

- 7.G.A.2: Geometry Draw, construct, and describe geometrical figures and describe the relationships between them. Draw geometric shapes with given conditions. Focus on constructing triangles from three measures of angles or sides, noticing when the conditions determine a unique triangle, more than one triangle, or no triangle.

Unit 8: Geometry in Two and Three Dimensions

- **CIRCLES**

- 7.G.B.3: Geometry Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume. Know the formulas for the area and circumference of a circle and

use them to solve problems; give an informal derivation of the relationship between the circumference and area of a circle.

- **ANGLE RELATIONSHIPS**

- 7.G.B.4: Geometry Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume. Know and use facts about supplementary, complementary, vertical, and adjacent angles in a multi-step problem to write and solve simple equations for an unknown angle in a figure.

- **AREA, VOLUME, AND SURFACE AREA**

- 7.G.B.5: Geometry Solve real-life and mathematical problems involving angle measure, area, surface area, and volume. Solve real-world and mathematical problems involving area, volume, and surface area of two- and three-dimensional objects composed of triangles, quadrilaterals, polygons, cubes, and right prisms.

Unit 9: Statistics and Sampling

- **POPULATIONS AND SAMPLES**

- 7.SP.A.1: Statistics and Probability Use random sampling to draw inferences about a population. Understand that statistics can be used to gain information about a population by examining a sample of the population; generalizations about a population from a sample are valid only if the sample is representative of that population. Understand that random sampling tends to produce representative samples and support valid inferences.
- 7.SP.A.2: Statistics and Probability Use random sampling to draw inferences about a population. Use data from a random sample to draw inferences about a population with an unknown characteristic of interest. Generate multiple samples (or simulated samples) of the same size to gauge the variation in estimates or predictions.
- 7.SP.B.4: Statistics and Probability Draw informal comparative inferences about two populations. Use measures of center and measures of variability for numerical data from random samples to draw informal comparative inferences about two populations.
- 7.SP.D.8.a: Statistics and Probability Summarize and describe numerical data sets. Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their context. Give quantitative measures of center (median and/or mean) and variability (range and/or interquartile range), as well as describe any overall pattern and any striking deviations from the overall pattern with reference to the context in which the data were gathered.

- **COMPARING DATA SETS VISUALLY**

- 7.SP.B.3: Statistics and Probability Draw informal comparative inferences about two populations. Informally assess the degree of visual overlap of two numerical data distributions with similar variabilities, measuring the difference between the centers by expressing it as a multiple of a measure of variability.
- 7.SP.B.4: Statistics and Probability Draw informal comparative inferences about two populations. Use measures of center and measures of variability for numerical data from

random samples to draw informal comparative inferences about two populations.

- 7.SP.D.8.a: Statistics and Probability Summarize and describe numerical data sets. Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their context. Give quantitative measures of center (median and/or mean) and variability (range and/or interquartile range), as well as describe any overall pattern and any striking deviations from the overall pattern with reference to the context in which the data were gathered.

- **USING STATISTICAL MEASURES TO COMPARE DATA SETS**

- 7.SP.B.3: Statistics and Probability Draw informal comparative inferences about two populations. Informally assess the degree of visual overlap of two numerical data distributions with similar variabilities, measuring the difference between the centers by expressing it as a multiple of a measure of variability.
- 7.SP.B.4: Statistics and Probability Draw informal comparative inferences about two populations. Use measures of center and measures of variability for numerical data from random samples to draw informal comparative inferences about two populations.
- 7.SP.D.8.a: Statistics and Probability Summarize and describe numerical data sets. Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their context. Give quantitative measures of center (median and/or mean) and variability (range and/or interquartile range), as well as describe any overall pattern and any striking deviations from the overall pattern with reference to the context in which the data were gathered.

Unit 10: Summarizing Data

- **SUMMARIZING DATA USING MEASURES OF CENTER AND VARIABILITY (GRADE 6 MODULE)**

- 7.SP.B.3: Statistics and Probability Draw informal comparative inferences about two populations. Informally assess the degree of visual overlap of two numerical data distributions with similar variabilities, measuring the difference between the centers by expressing it as a multiple of a measure of variability.
- 7.SP.D.8.a: Statistics and Probability Summarize and describe numerical data sets. Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their context. Give quantitative measures of center (median and/or mean) and variability (range and/or interquartile range), as well as describe any overall pattern and any striking deviations from the overall pattern with reference to the context in which the data were gathered.
- 7.SP.D.8.b: Statistics and Probability Summarize and describe numerical data sets. Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their context. Know and relate the choice of measures of center (median and/or mean) and variability (range and/or interquartile range) to the shape of the data distribution and the context in which the data were gathered.

- **CHOOSING APPROPRIATE MEASURES TO SUMMARIZE DATA SETS (GRADE 6 MODULE)**

- 7.SP.D.8.a: Statistics and Probability Summarize and describe numerical data sets. Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their context. Give quantitative measures of center (median and/or mean) and variability (range and/or interquartile range), as well as describe any overall

pattern and any striking deviations from the overall pattern with reference to the context in which the data were gathered.

- 7.SP.D.8.b: Statistics and Probability Summarize and describe numerical data sets. Summarize numerical data sets in relation to their context. Know and relate the choice of measures of center (median and/or mean) and variability (range and/or interquartile range) to the shape of the data distribution and the context in which the data were gathered.
- 7.SP.B.3: Statistics and Probability Draw informal comparative inferences about two populations. Informally assess the degree of visual overlap of two numerical data distributions with similar variabilities, measuring the difference between the centers by expressing it as a multiple of a measure of variability.

Unit 11: Introduction to Probability

• PROBABILITY

- 7.SP.C.5: Statistics and Probability Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. Understand that the probability of a chance event is a number between 0 and 1 that expresses the likelihood of the event occurring. Larger numbers indicate greater likelihood. A probability near 0 indicates an unlikely event, a probability around $\frac{1}{2}$ indicates an event that is neither unlikely nor likely, and a probability near 1 indicates a likely event.
- 7.SP.C.6: Statistics and Probability Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. Approximate the probability of a chance event by collecting data on the chance process that produces it and observing its long-run relative frequency, and predict the approximate relative frequency given the probability.
- 7.SP.A.1: Statistics and Probability Use random sampling to draw inferences about a population. Understand that statistics can be used to gain information about a population by examining a sample of the population; generalizations about a population from a sample are valid only if the sample is representative of that population. Understand that random sampling tends to produce representative samples and support valid inferences.
- 7.SP.A.2: Statistics and Probability Use random sampling to draw inferences about a population. Use data from a random sample to draw inferences about a population with an unknown characteristic of interest. Generate multiple samples (or simulated samples) of the same size to gauge the variation in estimates or predictions.

• CALCULATING PROBABILITY

- 7.SP.C.7.a: Statistics and Probability Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. Develop a probability model and use it to find probabilities of events. Compare probabilities from a model to observed frequencies; if the agreement is not good, explain possible sources of the discrepancy. Develop a uniform probability model by assigning equal probability to all outcomes, and use the model to determine probabilities of events.

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- 7.SP.C.6: Statistics and Probability Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. Approximate the probability of a chance event by collecting data on the chance process that produces it and observing its long-run relative frequency, and predict the approximate relative frequency given the probability.
 - 7.SP.C.7.b: Statistics and Probability Investigate chance processes and develop, use, and evaluate probability models. Develop a probability model and use it to find probabilities of events. Compare probabilities from a model to observed frequencies; if the agreement is not good, explain possible sources of the discrepancy. Develop a probability model (which may not be uniform) by observing frequencies in data generated from a chance process.
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