

## Environmental Product Declaration Curries 707 Polystyrene Core Door



The ASSA ABLOY / Curries 707 Polystyrene Core Door (flush and glazed) are insulated with a fully bonded polystyrene core for total surface support. Center Seam or seamless edge designs available in 20, 18, 16, or 14 gauge steel for 1-3/4" thick doors. The composite type doors have been tested to out-perform all test criteria available for physical endurance. The versatility, dependability and variety of options available make these doors a popular choice for any application.

## ASSA ABLOY

ASSA ABLOY is committed to providing products and services that are environmentally sound throughout the entire production process and the product lifecycle. Our unconditional aim is to make sustainability a central part of our business philosophy and culture, but even more important is the job of integrating sustainability into our business strategy. The employment of EPDs will help architects, designers and LEED-APs select environmentally preferable door openings.

ASSA ABLOY will continue our efforts to protect the environment and health of our customers/end users and will utilize the EPD as one means to document those efforts.



# Environmental Product Declaration

## Curries 707 Polystyrene Core Door



Hollow Metal Doors and Frames

# ASSA ABLOY



According to  
ISO 14025, EN 15804,  
and ISO 21930:2017

This declaration is an environmental product declaration (EPD) in accordance with ISO 14025 and ISO 21930-2017. EPDs rely on Life Cycle Assessment (LCA) to provide information on a number of environmental impacts of products over their life cycle. Exclusions: EPDs do not indicate that any environmental or social performance benchmarks are met, and there may be impacts that they do not encompass. LCAs do not typically address the site-specific environmental impacts of raw material extraction, nor are they meant to assess human health toxicity. EPDs can complement but cannot replace tools and certifications that are designed to address these impacts and/or set performance thresholds – e.g. Type 1 certifications, health assessments and declarations, environmental impact assessments, etc. Accuracy of Results: EPDs regularly rely on estimations of impacts, and the level of accuracy in estimation of effect differs for any particular product line and reported impact. Comparability: EPDs are not comparative assertions and are either not comparable or have limited comparability when they cover different life cycle stages, are based on different product category rules or are missing relevant environmental impacts. EPDs from different programs may not be comparable.

EPD PROGRAM AND PROGRAM OPERATOR NAME, ADDRESS, LOGO, AND WEBSITE	UL Environment 333 Pfingsten Road Northbrook, IL 60611	<a href="https://www.ul.com/">https://www.ul.com/</a> <a href="https://spot.ul.com/">https://spot.ul.com/</a>
GENERAL PROGRAM INSTRUCTIONS AND VERSION NUMBER	General Program Instruction, v2.7 March 2022	
MANUFACTURER NAME AND ADDRESS	ASSA ABLOY 110 Sargent Drive, New Haven, CT 06511	
DECLARATION NUMBER	4790336162.131.1	
DECLARED PRODUCT & FUNCTIONAL UNIT OF DECLARED UNIT	Curries 707 Polystyrene Core Door Functional Unit = 1 piece (1 Door) over 75 year building lifetime	
REFERENCE PCR AND VERSION NUMBER	Part B: Commercial Steel Doors and Steel Frames, Version 2.0, UL Environment, Published September 2020.	
DESCRIPTION OF PRODUCT APPLICATION/USE	ASSA ABLOY products are primarily used in commercial, residential, and educational settings.	
PRODUCT RSL DESCRIPTION	30 Years	
MARKETS OF APPLICABILITY	Global	
DATE OF ISSUE	July 1, 2023	
PERIOD OF VALIDITY	5 Years	
EPD TYPE	Product Specific	
DATASET VARIABILITY	N/A	
EPD SCOPE	Cradle to Gate with Options	
YEAR(S) OF REPORTED PRIMARY DATA	2019	
LCA SOFTWARE & VERSION NUMBER	GaBi 8.7	
LCI DATABASE(S) & VERSION NUMBER	GaBi Sphera database, Service Pack 35	
LCIA METHODOLOGY & VERSION NUMBER	TRACI 2.1; CML 4.1	
The sub-category PCR review was conducted by:	UL Environment - PCR Review Panel - epd@ul.com	
This declaration was independently verified in accordance with ISO 14025: 2006. The UL Environment "Part A: Calculation Rules for the Life Cycle Assessment and Requirements on the Project Report," v3.2 (Dec 2018), based on ISO 21930:2017, serves as the core PCR, with additional considerations from CEN Norm EN 15804 (2013) and the USGBC/UL Environment Part A Enhancement (2017)	 Cooper McCollum, UL Environment	
<input type="checkbox"/> INTERNAL <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EXTERNAL		
This life cycle assessment was conducted in accordance with ISO 14044 and the reference PCR by:	Sustainable Solutions Corporation	
This life cycle assessment was independently verified in accordance with ISO 14044 and the reference PCR by:	Thomas P. Gloria, Industrial Ecology Consultants 	

Environmental declarations from different programs (ISO 14025) may not be comparable.

Comparison of the environmental performance using EPD information shall consider all relevant information modules over the full life cycle of the products within the building.

This PCR allows EPD comparability only when the same functional requirements between products are ensured and the requirements of ISO 21930:2017 §5.5 are met. It should be noted that different LCA software and background LCI datasets may lead to differences results for upstream or downstream of the life cycle stages declared.



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### General Information

#### Description of Company/Organization

Products are manufactured by ASSA ABLOY. The manufacturing facility is located in Mason City, IA and has an ISO 14001 certified environmental management system in place.

ASSA ABLOY remains committed to the principles of the UN Global Compact in the areas of human rights, labor, the environment and anti-corruption.

#### Product Description

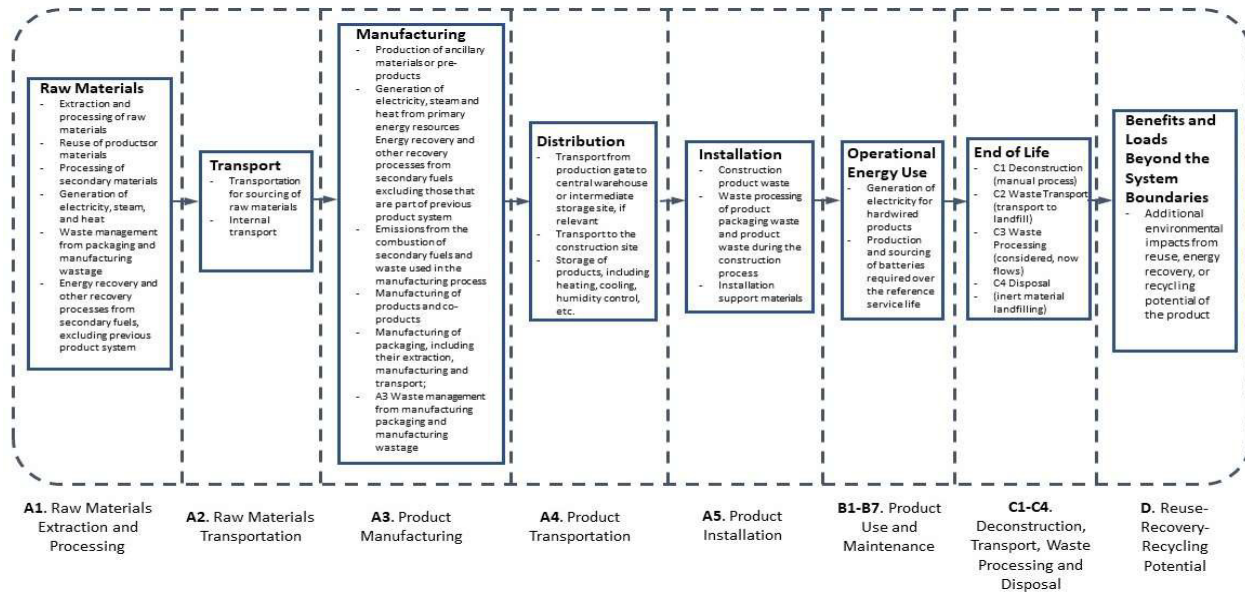
Product name: ASSA ABLOY 707 Series Door

This declaration represents a specific 3'x7'x1.75" thick steel door with a polystyrene core manufactured in the Mason City, IA facility. The 707 Series Steel (Hollow Metal) Door may be manufactured at either the Mason City, Iowa or Tijuana, MX facilities and is sold under the Curries brand within the ASSA ABLOY Door Group.

Product characteristics:

- Available with Embossed Panels
- Insulated Polystyrene Core
- 707 Polystyrene Core Door - U Value: 0.45, R Value: 2.22
- 1-3/4 Inches Thick / Center seam or seamless edge design
- 16 Gauge Top & Bottom Channels
- 20, 18, 16 or 14 Gauge Face Skins
- Cold rolled, A60 galvanized or G90 galvanized steel face skins
- Fire Rated up to 3 Hours
- Rugged Perimeter Channel Construction
- Flush, Full Glass, Half Glass, Narrow Lite, Vision Lite
- One year warranty on materials and craftsmanship
- Installation instructions are available online.

#### Flow Diagram



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### Manufacturer Specific EPD

This product-specific EPD was developed based on the cradle-to-gate with options (modules A1-D, excluding B6) Life Cycle Assessment. The EPD accounts for raw material extraction and processing, transport, product manufacturing, distribution, installation, maintenance, disposal, and potential benefits and loads following the end of life disposal. Manufacturing data were gathered directly from company personnel. When updated company-specific data were not available the ratio of production units, between the 2019 calendar year and 2015 baseline year, was used as a proxy. For any product group EPDs, an impact assessment was completed for each product and the highest impacts were reported as conservative representations of the product group. Product grouping was considered appropriate if the individual product impacts differed by no more than  $\pm 10\%$  in any impact category. For products offered in flush and glazed options, the higher impact product (glazed) were reported.

### Application

The 707 Polystyrene Core Door is typically used Healthcare, Hospitality, Education, and Commercial office space applications. Market areas include:

- K-12
- University
- Healthcare
- Worship
- Government
- Municipality
- Parks and Recreation

### Material Composition

The primary product components and/or materials must be indicated as a percentage mass to enable the user of the EPD to understand the composition of the product in delivery status.

The average composition of a Curries 707 Polystyrene Core Door is as follows:

Material	Percentage in mass (%)
Water Based Adhesive	0.00%
Solvent Based Adhesive	0.69%
Epoxy	0.00%
Steel	81.47%
Stainless Steel	0.00%
Core	1.31%
Paint	0.00%
Fiberglass	0.00%
Water Based Primer	0.31%
Solvent Based Primer	0.07%
Glass	16.07%
Sealant	0.07%
Mineral Wool	0.00%
Polyurethane	0.00%
Other	0.00%
Total	100.00%



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### Technical Data

For the declared product, the following technical data in the delivery status must be provided with reference to the test standard:

Technical Data	
Thermal Transmittance:	0.45 BTU/hr-ft <sup>2</sup> -°F in accordance with ASTM C1363 Standard Test Method for Thermal Performance of Building Materials and Envelope Assemblies by Means of a Hot Box Apparatus and SDI 128 Guidelines for Acoustical Performance of Standard Steel Doors and Frames
Air Infiltration:	0.10CFM / lineal foot in accordance with ASTM E283 Standard Test Method for Determining Rate of Air Leakage Through Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, and Doors Under Specified Pressure Differences Across the Specimen
Indoor-Outdoor Sound Attenuation:	OITC 24 In accordance with ASTM E283 Standard Test Method for Determining Rate of Air Leakage Through Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, and Doors Under Specified Pressure Differences Across the Specimen
Deflection/Loading:	Deflection based on ASTM E330 Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Doors, Skylights and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference at 90 psf loading = 0.09" on an 18 gauge 3'0" x 7'0" door
Fire Rating:	Up to and including 180 minutes in accordance with UL10B, UL10C, and NFPA 252



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#### Placing on the Market / Application Rules

The Curries 707 Polystyrene Core Door conforms to the certifications and sustainability regulations below:

- ANSI/SDI A250.4-2011 Test Procedure and Acceptance Criteria for Physical Endurance for Steel Doors, Frames and Frame Anchors
- ANSI/SDI A250.3 Test Procedure and Acceptance Criteria for Factory Applied Finish Coatings for Steel Doors and Frames
- ANSI/SDI A250.10 Test Procedure and Acceptance Criteria for Prime Painted Steel Surfaces for Steel Doors and Frames
- ASTM A480/A480M Specification for General Requirements for Flat-Rolled Stainless and Heat-Resisting Steel Plate, Sheet, and Strip.
- ASTM A568/A568M Specification for Steel, Sheet, Carbon, and High-Strength, Low-Alloy, Hot-Rolled and Cold-Rolled Sheet
- ASTM A653/A653M Specification for Steel Sheet, Zinc-Coated (Galvanized) or Zinc-Iron Alloy-Coated (Galvannealed) by the Hot Dip Process.
- ASTM A924/A924M Specification for General Requirements for Steel Sheet, Metallic-Coated by the Hot-Dip Process.
- ASTM A1008/A1008M Specification for Steel, Sheet, Cold-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy and High-Strength Low-Alloy with Improved Formability.
- ASTM A1011/A1011M Specification for Steel, Sheet and Strip, Hot-Rolled, Carbon, Structural, High-Strength Low-Alloy and High-Strength Low Alloy with Improved Formability
- ASTM C1363 Standard Test Method for Thermal Performance of Building Materials and Envelope Assemblies by Means of a Hot Box Apparatus
- ASTM C518-15 Standard Test Method for Steady-State Thermal Transmission Properties by Means of the Heat Flow Meter Apparatus
- ASTM E283 Standard Test Method for Determining Rate of Air Leakage Through Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, and Doors Under Specified Pressure Differences Across the Specimen
- ASTM E330 Standard Test Method for Structural Performance of Exterior Windows, Doors, Skylights and Curtain Walls by Uniform Static Air Pressure Difference
- ASTM E1886 Standard Test Method for Performance of Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, Doors, and Impact Protective Systems Impacted by Missile(s) and Exposed to Cyclic Pressure Differentials
- ASTM E1996 Standard Specification for Performance of Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, Doors, and Impact Protective Systems Impacted by Windborne Debris in Hurricanes
- NFPA 252: Standard Methods of Fire Tests of Door Assemblies
- UL 10C Standard for Positive Pressure Fire Tests of Door Assemblies
- TAS 201 Impact Test Procedures
- TAS 202 Criteria for Testing Impact and Non-impact Resistant Building Envelope Component Using Uniform Static Air Pressure
- TAS 203 Criteria for Testing Products Subject to Cyclic Wind Pressure Loading

#### Properties of Declared Product as Shipped

Curries 707 Polystyrene Core Doors are placed horizontally on a wooden pallet. Cardboard slips are placed between doors and the pallet is banded by polypropylene. A minimum of one and maximum of 20 doors are placed on each pallet. The dimensions of the door as delivered to the site of application are: Door Height (ft): 7; Door Width (ft): 3; Door Thickness (in): 1.75.

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### Methodological Framework

#### Functional Unit

The declaration refers to the functional unit of 1 unit (or piece) of Curries 707 Polystyrene Core Door as specified in the Commercial Steel Doors and Steel Frames PCR.

Name	Value	Unit
Functional unit	One commercial steel, nominal dimensions of 3-feet x 7-feet considered in isolation.	
Mass	57.95	kg
Thickness to achieve Functional or Declared Unit	0.04	m
Density	18.74	kg/m <sup>3</sup>

#### System Boundary

This is a cradle to gate with options Environmental Product Declaration. The following life cycle phases were considered:

Product Stage			Construction Process Stage		Use Stage							End of Life Stage*				Benefits and Loads Beyond the System Boundaries
Raw material supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport from gate to the site	Construction/ installation process	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction /demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse-Recovery- Recycling potential
A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	D
X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	MND	X	X	X	X	X	X

**Description of the System Boundary Stages Corresponding to the PCR  
(X = Included; MND = Module Not Declared)**

\*This includes provision of all materials, products and energy, packaging processing and its transport, as well as waste processing up to the end-of waste state or disposal of final residues.

#### Reference Service Life

The reference service life of a properly installed Curries 707 Polystyrene Core Door is 30 years. The building estimated service life is 75 years.

#### Allocation

Allocation was determined on a per unit basis for primary data. For secondary data, cut-off methodology was used except for the "Steel cold rolled coil, 1.5mm" and "stainless steel cold rolled coil". All upstream recycling benefits that would have been accounted for in module A1 were nullified and accounted for in module D to avoid allocation by system expansion within the system boundaries.



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### Cut-off Criteria

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Processes whose total contribution to the final result, with respect to their mass and in relation to all considered impact categories, is less than 1% can be neglected. The sum of the neglected processes may not exceed 5% by mass of the considered impact categories. For that a documented assumption is admissible.

For Hazardous Substances the following requirements apply:

- The Life Cycle Inventory (LCI) of hazardous substances will be included, if the inventory is available.
- If the LCI for a hazardous substance is not available, the substance will appear as an input in the LCI of the product, if its mass represents more than 0.1% of the product composition.
- If the LCI of a hazardous substance is approximated by modeling another substance, documentation will be provided.

This EPD is in compliance with the cut-off criteria. No processes were neglected or excluded. Capital items for the production processes (machine, buildings, etc.) were not taken into consideration.

### Data Sources

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Primary data were collected for every process in the product system under the control of ASSA ABLOY Corporate. Secondary data from the GaBi Sphera database were utilized. These data were evaluated and have temporal, geographic, and technical coverage appropriate to the scope of the Commercial Steel Doors and Steel Frames product category.

### Data Quality

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The data sources used are complete and representative of North America in terms of the geographic and technological coverage and are a recent vintage (i.e. less than ten years old). The data used for primary data are based on direct information sources of the manufacturer. Secondary data sets were used for raw materials extraction and processing, end of life, transportation, and energy production flows. Wherever secondary data is used, the study adopts critically reviewed data for consistency, precision, and reproducibility to limit uncertainty.

### Period Under Review

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The period under review is the full calendar year of 2019.

### Treatment of Biogenic Carbon

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The uptake and release of biogenic carbon throughout the product life cycle follows ISO 21930:2017 Section 7.2.7.

### Comparability and Benchmarking

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A comparison or an evaluation of EPD data is only possible if all data sets to be compared were created according to EN 15804 and the building context, respectively the product-specific characteristics of performance, are taken into account. Environmental declarations from different programs may not be comparable. Full conformance with the PCR for North American Commercial Steel Doors and Steel Frames products allows EPD comparability only when all stages of a Commercial Steel Door and Steel Frame product's life cycle have been considered. However, variations and deviations are possible.

### Estimates and Assumptions

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#### End of Life

In the End of Life phase, metal materials were assumed to have an 85% recycling rate while all other materials were assumed to have a 0% recycling rate, in accordance with the Building-Related Products PCR Part A.

#### Units

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The LCA results within this EPD are reported in SI units.

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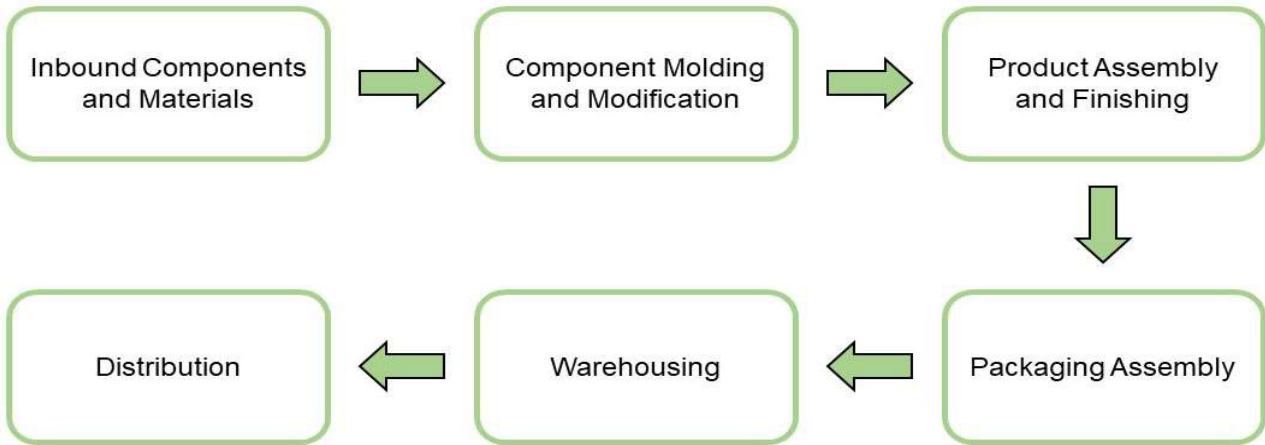
## Additional Environmental Information

### Background data

For life cycle modeling of the considered products, the GaBi 8 Software System for Life Cycle Engineering, developed by Sphera, is used. The GaBi-database contains consistent and documented datasets which are documented in the online GaBi-documentation. To ensure comparability of results in the LCA, the basic data of GaBi database were used for energy, transportation and auxiliary materials.

### Manufacturing

The primary manufacturing processes are made by Tier 1 suppliers in the USA. The final manufacturing processes occur in Mason City, IA.



### Packaging

All packaging is fully recyclable. The packaging material is composed by cardboard, polypropylene, and wood.

Material	Quantity (% By Weight)
Cardboard	25%
Polypropylene	2%
Wood	73%
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>



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### Transportation

Transport to Building Site (A4)		
Name	Value	Unit
Fuel type		Diesel
Liters of fuel	38	l/100km
Transport distance	1287	km
Capacity utilization (including empty runs)	90	%
Gross density of products transported	-	kg/m <sup>3</sup>
Weight of products transported	59	kg
Volume of products transported	0.09	m <sup>3</sup>
Capacity utilization volume factor	1.00	-

### Product Installation

707 Polystyrene Core Doors are distributed through and installed by trained installation technicians, such as locksmiths, carpenters etc. adhering to local/national standards and requirements.

Installation into the building (A5)		
Name	Value	Unit
Auxiliary materials	-	kg
Water consumption	-	m <sup>3</sup>
Other resources	-	kg
Electricity consumption	0.01	kWh
Other energy carriers	-	MJ
Product loss per functional unit	-	kg
Waste materials at construction site	0.00	kg
Output substance (recycle)	0.00	kg
Output substance (landfill)	0.00	kg
Output substance (incineration)	0.00	kg
Packaging waste (recycle)	0.69	kg
Packaging waste (landfill)	0.20	kg
Packaging waste (incineration)	0.05	kg
Direct emissions to ambient air*, soil, and water	1.26	kg CO <sub>2</sub>
VOC emissions	-	kg

\*CO<sub>2</sub> emissions to air from disposal of packaging

Reference Service Life		
Name	Value	Unit
Reference Service Life	30	years
Estimated Building Service Life	75	years
Number of Replacements	2	number



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### Disposal

The product can be mechanically disassembled to separate the different materials. 81% of the metal materials used are recyclable. The remainder of components are disposed of according to standard municipal solid waste deposition.

End of life (C1-C4)		
Name	Value	Unit
Collected separately	40.13	kg
Collected as mixed construction waste	17.82	kg
Reuse	0.00	kg
Recycling	40.13	kg
Landfilling	17.82	kg
Incineration with energy recovery	0.00	kg
Energy conversion	-	kg
Material for final deposition	-	kg
Removals of biogenic carbon	-	kg

### Re-use Phase

The product is possible to reuse during the reference service life and can be moved from one similar door opening to another. The majority, by weight, of door components is steel, which can be recycled.

Re-Use, recovery, And/Or Recycling Potential (D)		
Name	Value	Unit
Net energy benefit from energy recovery from waste treatment declared as exported energy in C3 (R>0.6)	0.00	MJ
Net energy benefit from thermal energy due to treatment of waste declared as exported energy in C4 (R<0.6)	0.00	MJ
Net energy benefit from material flow declared in C3 for energy recovery	0.00	MJ
Process and conversion efficiencies		
Further assumptions for scenario development (e.g. further processing technologies, assumptions on correction factors);		



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## LCA Results per Functional Unit Over the Building Lifetime of 75 Years - Including 2 Replacements

Results shown below were calculated using TRACI 2.1 Methodology.

TRACI 2.1 Impact Assessment											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B4	B6	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.	1.4E+02	7.0E+00	5.4E-01	1.9E+02	N/A	2.7E-01	4.1E+00	5.9E+00	-6.4E+01
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	-2.1E-09	2.7E-10	6.7E-14	9.1E-07	N/A	1.0E-11	1.4E-10	1.8E-14	4.6E-07
AP Air	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.	3.9E-01	4.2E-02	2.1E-03	7.4E-01	N/A	1.6E-03	2.5E-02	3.9E-02	-1.3E-01
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg N-Eq.	1.7E-02	2.3E-03	1.7E-04	6.0E-02	N/A	9.0E-05	1.2E-03	1.4E-02	-5.1E-03
SP	Smog formation potential	kg O <sub>3</sub> -Eq.	6.2E+00	1.2E+00	9.1E-03	1.3E+01	N/A	4.5E-02	6.0E-01	1.0E-01	-1.8E+00
FFD	Fossil Fuel Depletion	MJ-surplus	7.4E+01	1.2E+01	3.6E-02	2.1E+02	N/A	4.8E-01	6.6E+00	7.5E-01	1.0E+01

\*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results shown below were calculated using CML 2001 - April 2013 Methodology.

CML 4.1 Impact Assessment											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B4	B6	C2	C3	C4	D
GWP	Global warming potential	kg CO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.	1.4E+02	7.1E+00	6.0E-01	1.9E+02	N/A	2.7E-01	4.1E+00	6.5E+00	-6.5E+01
ODP	Depletion potential of the stratospheric ozone layer	kg CFC-11 Eq.	-1.7E-09	2.7E-10	1.0E-13	7.2E-07	N/A	1.0E-11	1.4E-10	1.0E-12	3.6E-07
AP Air	Acidification potential for air emissions	kg SO <sub>2</sub> -Eq.	3.7E-01	3.5E-02	1.7E-03	6.3E-01	N/A	1.3E-03	2.2E-02	1.6E-02	-1.3E-01
EP	Eutrophication potential	kg(PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3</sup> -Eq.	3.8E-02	6.2E-03	3.5E-04	1.2E-01	N/A	2.4E-04	3.2E-03	1.9E-02	-9.5E-03
POCP	Formation potential of tropospheric ozone photochemical oxidants	kg ethane-Eq.	4.0E-02	4.1E-03	4.7E-04	4.3E-02	N/A	1.6E-04	2.5E-03	4.3E-03	-3.0E-02
ADPE	Abiotic depletion potential for non-fossil resources	kg Sb-Eq.	6.7E-04	2.9E-09	5.7E-09	9.7E-04	N/A	1.1E-10	7.0E-09	1.1E-07	-1.9E-04
ADPF	Abiotic depletion potential for fossil resources	MJ	1.4E+03	9.0E+01	3.5E-01	1.8E+03	N/A	3.4E+00	5.3E+01	5.8E+00	-6.3E+02

\*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain the resource use throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Use											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B4	B6	C2	C3	C4	D
RPR <sub>E</sub>	Renewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	1.0E+02	0.0E+00	3.2E-02	2.8E+02	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.0E-01	4.2E+01
RPR <sub>M</sub>	Renewable primary energy resources as material utilization	MJ	1.6E+01	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	3.2E+01	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
NRPR <sub>E</sub>	Nonrenewable primary energy as energy carrier	MJ	1.4E+03	0.0E+00	3.2E-02	3.0E+03	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	7.0E-01	4.2E+01
NRPR <sub>M</sub>	Nonrenewable primary energy as material utilization	MJ	2.4E+01	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.7E+01	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
SM	Use of secondary material	kg	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
RSF	Use of renewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
NRSF	Use of nonrenewable secondary fuels	MJ	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
RE	Energy recovered from disposed waste	MJ	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
FW	Use of net fresh water	m <sup>3</sup>	1.4E-01	0.0E+00	2.0E-04	4.6E-01	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E-03	8.7E-02

\*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported



# Environmental Product Declaration

## Curries 707 Polystyrene Core Door

Hollow Metal Doors and Frames

# ASSA ABLOY



According to  
ISO 14025, EN 15804,  
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Results below contain the output flows and wastes throughout the life cycle of the product.

Output Flows and Waste Categories											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B4	B6	C2	C3	C4	D
HWD	Hazardous waste disposed	kg	6.2E-08	0.0E+00	6.3E-12	-8.4E-05	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.5E-10	-4.2E-05
NHWD	Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	2.6E+00	0.0E+00	5.0E-01	5.1E+01	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	1.6E+01	6.9E+00
HLRW	High-level radioactive waste	kg or m <sup>3</sup>	1.9E-02	0.0E+00	3.1E-06	3.8E-02	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.6E-05	2.1E-05
ILLRW	Intermediate- and low-level radioactive waste	kg or m <sup>3</sup>	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
CRU	Components for re-use	kg	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
MR	Materials for recycling	kg	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	6.9E-01	8.2E+01	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.0E+01	0.0E+00
MER	Materials for energy recovery	kg	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	4.9E-02	9.9E-02	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00
EE	Recovered energy exported from system	MJ	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	N/A	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00	0.0E+00

\*All use phase and disposal stages have been considered and only those with non-zero values have been reported

Results below contain direct greenhouse gas emissions and removals throughout the life cycle of the product.

Resource Use											
Parameter	Parameter	Unit	A1-A3	A4	A5	B4	B6	C2	C3	C4	D
BCRP	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Product	kg CO <sub>2</sub>	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	N/A	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEP	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Product	kg CO <sub>2</sub>	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	N/A	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCRK	Biogenic Carbon Removal from Packaging	kg CO <sub>2</sub>	1.26E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	2.52E+00	N/A	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEK	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Packaging	kg CO <sub>2</sub>	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	1.26E+00	2.52E+00	N/A	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
BCEW	Biogenic Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO <sub>2</sub>	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	N/A	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
CCE	Calcination Carbon Emissions	kg CO <sub>2</sub>	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	N/A	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
CCR	Carbonation Carbon Removal	kg CO <sub>2</sub>	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	N/A	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00
CWNR	Carbon Emissions from Combustion of Waste from Non-renewable Sources Used in Production Process	kg CO <sub>2</sub>	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	N/A	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00	0.00E+00

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# Environmental Product Declaration

## Curries 707 Polystyrene Core Door

Hollow Metal Doors and Frames

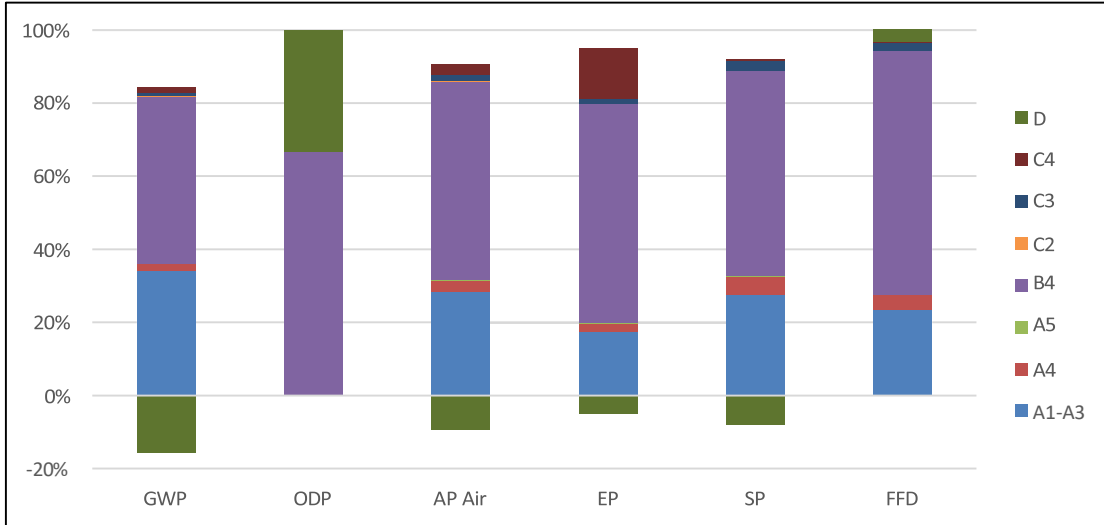
**ASSA ABLOY**



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### LCA Interpretation

The production life cycle stage (A1-A3) dominates the impacts across all impact categories. This is due to the upstream production of materials used in the product, along with electricity use in the manufacturing of the product. With two replacements required over a life-span of a building, the replacement stage (B4) dominates from duplicating these stages.



## Environmental Product Declaration

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## Additional Environmental Information

### Environmental and Health During Manufacturing

ASSA ABLOY is committed to producing and distributing door opening solutions with minimal environmental impact, where health & safety is the primary focus for all employees and associates.

- Environmental operations, GHG, energy, water, waste, VOC, surface treatment and H&S are being routinely monitored. Inspections, audits, and reviews are conducted periodically to ensure that applicable standards are met and environment management program effectiveness is evaluated.
- Code of Conduct covers human rights, labor practices and decent work. Management of ASSA ABLOY is aware of their environmental roles and responsibilities, providing appropriate training, supporting accountability and recognizing outstanding performance.
- Any waste metals during machining are separated and recycled. The waste from the water-based painting process is delivered to waste treatment plant.
- The factories in Mason City, IA have certification of Environmental Management to ISO 14001:2015 and Occupational Health and Safety to ISO 45001 .

### Environmental and Health During Installation

There is no harmful emissive potential. No damage to health or impairment is expected under normal use corresponding to the intended use of the product.

### Extraordinary Effects

#### **Fire**

No danger to the environment can be anticipated during exposure to fire.

#### **Water**

No substances are used which have a negative impact on ecological water quality on contact by the door with water. The door is designed for traditional locations and is not intended for flood protection.

#### **Mechanical Destruction**

No danger to the environment can be anticipated during mechanical destruction.

### Delayed Emissions

Global warming potential is calculated using the TRACI 2.1 and CML 4.1 impact assessment methodologies. Delayed emissions are not considered.

### Environmental Activities and Certifications

ASSA ABLOY works hard to minimize the environmental impacts of its business activities through various corporate-wide sustainability initiatives. To learn more, please visit: <https://www.assaabloy.com/sv/com/sustainability/sustainability-report/>

Many ASSA ABLOY Group Brands now offer a free Product End-of-Life Recycling program that accepts each brand's products that have reached the end of their life cycle and are beyond the product's warranty period, disposing them in an environmentally-responsible manner.

### Further Information

AADG, Inc.  
Curries Door Products  
1502 12th St. NW  
Mason City, IA 50401



# Environmental Product Declaration

## Curries 707 Polystyrene Core Door

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**ASSA ABLOY**



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### References

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- ISO 14040 ISO 14040:2009-11, Environmental management — Life cycle assessment — Principles and framework.
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- EN 15804 EN 15804:2012-04: Sustainability of construction works — Environmental Product Declarations — Core rules for the product category of construction product
- ULE UL Environment, General Program Instructions, , v2.7, March 2022.
- ADAAG-1998 Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines
- ANSI A117.1 Accessible and Usable Buildings and Facilities
- CBC, Title 24 Barrier Free guidelines
- ASTM E90 Standard Test Method for Laboratory Measurement of Airborne Sound Transmission Loss of Building
- ASTM E283 Standard Test Method for Determining Rate of Air Leakage Through Exterior Windows, Curtain Walls, and
- BHMA A156.21 Thresholds
- UL 10(b) Gasketing Material for Fire Doors
- UL 10(c) Positive Pressure Gasketing Material for Fire Doors
- UL 2818 GREENGUARD Certification Program for Chemical Emissions for Building Materials, Finishes and Furnishings
- ISO 21930:2017 ISO 21930:2017, Sustainability in buildings and civil engineering works - Core rules for environmental product declarations of construction products and services.
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Curries 707 Polystyrene Core Door

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### Contact Information

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#### Study Commissioner

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#### LCA Practitioner

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