MONUMENTAL AREA OF NEAPOLIS

A WALK THROUGH MILLENNIUMS

WHEN THE ANCIENT CITY TELLS ITS STORY

or the grandeur and beauty of its monuments, in the first century BC Cicero described Syracuse as "the largest and most beautiful of the Greek cities". The reasons behind this praise can be discovered simply by walking alongside the ruins of a story that never stops to inspire us.

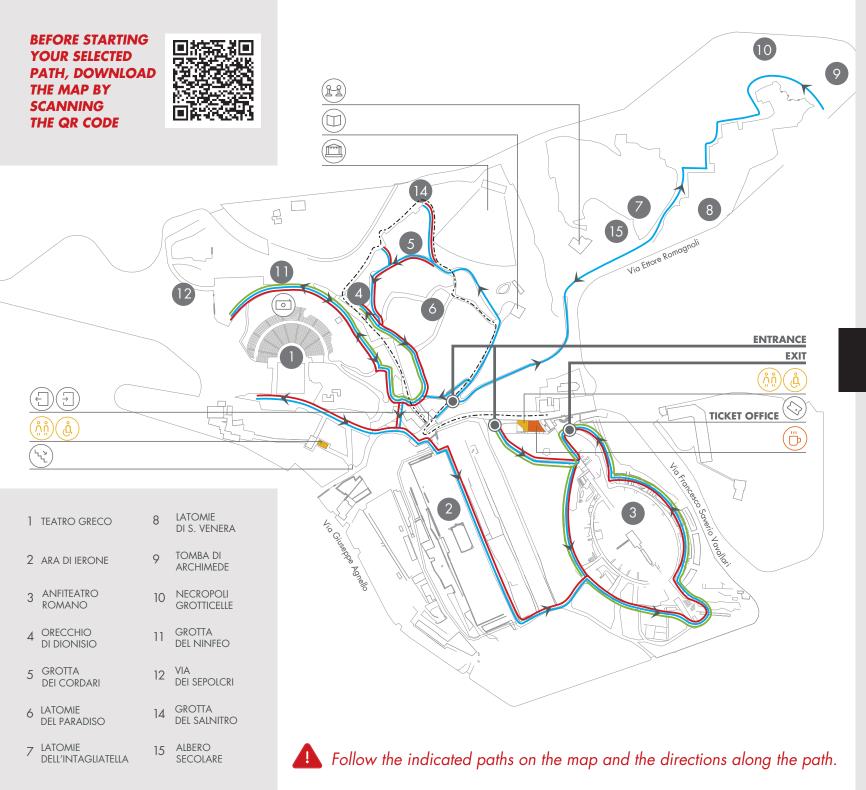
Visiting the park, we immerse ourselves in a space where the protagonist is not only archaeology but a unique landscape in the world: Antiquity lives together with the flourishing vegetation of the Latomie and the millenary traditions of the city.

Rita Insolia Interim Director of the Archaeological Park of Neapolis



he archaeological area covers 240,000 square meters. It was born at the end of a complex restoration work begun in the middle of the last century which allowed the monuments to be freed from excessive overlapping and to enhance the surrounding landscape. It includes the monumental part of the ancient city and a dense series of testimonies from the protohistoric age to the late antiquity.

The ancient district of Neapolis occupies a large strip of the southern slopes of the Epipoli plateau and has as its focal point a hill that takes the name of Temenite, from the Greek témenos (sacred corral), because in the Archaic Greek period there was a sanctuary dedicated to Apollo.



FACILITIES

ENTRANCE

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EXIT

VIEWPOINT

BAR ICE CREAM



TICKET OFFICE

EXIT ROUTE



BOOKSHOP



EVENT AREA



EXHIBITION AREA

TIMES



OPENING TIME: 8:30 LAST ENTRANCE: 18:30 CLOSING TIME: 19:45

RECOMMENDED VISIT PATHS

Choose the best path according the time you have.

Path - approx 90 min.

15 Albero secolare

5 Grotta dei Cordari

7 Latomie dell'Intagliatella 4 Orecchio di Dionisio

8 Latomie di S. Venera 1 Teatro Greco

10 Necropoli Grotticelle 11 Grotta del Ninfeo

7 Tomba di Archimede 12 Via dei Sepolcri 6 Latomie del Paradiso 2 Ara di Ierone

14 Grotta del Salnitro

3 Anfiteatro Romano

Path - approx 60 min.

6 Latomie del Paradiso 12 Via dei Sepolcri 14 Grotta del Salnitro

5 Grotta dei Cordari

1 Teatro Greco 2 Ara di lerone

4 Orecchio di Dionisio 3 Anfiteatro Romano

Grotta del Ninfeo

Path - approx 45 min.

4 Orecchio di Dionisio 12 Via dei Sepolcri

 Teatro Greco Grotta del Ninfeo

3 Anfiteatro Romano



A SPECTACULAR THEATRE

TEATRO GRECO

Carved into the living rock and framed by a panorama that connects the sea and the sky, the Greek Theatre is one of the most impressive and renowned building in the Ancient world. Sources date its birth to the V century BC, and here is where in 476 BC Aeschylus staged

"The Aitnans". In the third century BC, under Hieron II, the Theatre was renewed and transformed into the current shape. The cavea had a diameter of 138,6 metres, one of the largest in the Greek world, and originally included 67 tiers. The scenery had to be very great. In the summer it hosts an important play review of ancient theatre.

WONDERS UNDER THE SKY

ANFITEATRO ROMANO

Probably built in the I century BC, it's second only to the Verona Arena for its sizes. Except for the south side, it is excavated out of the living rock and has an elliptical form. A complex system of steps and corridors allows the access to the various levels. The steps were covered by marble slabs.







ARA DI IERONE

Dedicated to Zeus Eleutherios, it's the largest altar known in the ancient world and one of the most important monuments desired by Hieron II, in the III century BC. Today you can see the base carved in the rock.

GROTTA DEL NINFEO

Monumental fountain where the water deriving from a big Greek aqueduct pours out from a cavity. It was part of the Mouseion, seat of the artistic guild.



TALES OF ROCKS

ORECCHIO DI DIONISIO

Artificial cave with a characteristic sinuous shape which ends on the top with a pointed arch. It has particularly acoustics ability and this gave it the name of "the cave that speaks". The name is due to Caravaggio who, during a visit in Syracuse in 1608, endorsed the legend of the tyrant who overheard the speeches of prisoners amplified by the echo.

GROTTA DEI CORDARI

During the Greek period it was a rock quarry, but from the XVII century and right up until the '70s of the last century it was used to produce ropes. The moisture guaranteed the ropes a high elasticity and resistance.

LATOMIA DEL PARADISO

One of the quarries from which limestone was extracted in ancient times. It is the largest and most scenic of the quarries, and enchants with its lush vegetation of cedars, capers, oranges and prickly pears. The paradisiacal environment (in Greek paradeisos means garden) gave the quarry its name.

PISCINA ROMANA

Carved in the rock and divided from pillars in three isles, it is located beneath the Church of S. Nicolò dei Cordari of the Norman period. Considered the water reservoir for the Roman Amphitheatre, recently it has been interpreted as a granary.

PLAN OUR VISIT

lickets	How to get here
Adult	Car
€ 13,00	Highway exit Syracuse
Reduced	taking SS124 (Syracuse-Floridia)
€ 6,50 (18-25 y.o.)	Towards Syracuse.
Cumulative Adult	Bus
€ 18,00	Line 1, 11, 21, 23 towards
Cumulative Reduced	Syracuse.
€ 9,00 (18-25 y.o.)	Train
Free	Syracuse railway station.
Information available at the ticket office	Plane
	Airport Vincenzo Bellini
facilities	of Catania – Fontanarossa.

Guided tours

€ 11,00 per person

SPECIAL OFFER for groups of 20 or more people write to info@aditusculture.com and you will shortly receive a reply. Italiano - English - Français - Deutsche Español - Português - Pyccknn

Didactics

Visit the website aditusculture.com at the section educational tourism. Educational proposals for schools are curated by Civita, for information and reservations write an e-mail to didattica@civitasicilia.it

- Bookshop
- Enogastronomic services

For information write to annaritabonacina@aditusculture.com

Opening times

Updated opening times are available on the website

aditusculture.com

Personal conduct



Dogs must be kept on a leash and the larger sized with muzzle.



It's forbidden to walk on the monuments.



Film recordings are allowed only for your own private and non-commercial purposes, only if not requiring a stand or professional equipment.



Do not bring any food or drinks.



No smoking.



Open daily according to the site's hours.



You can choose between sweet or savoury breakfast.

GET YOUR FILL OF TASTE AT THE NEAPOLIS CAFÈ

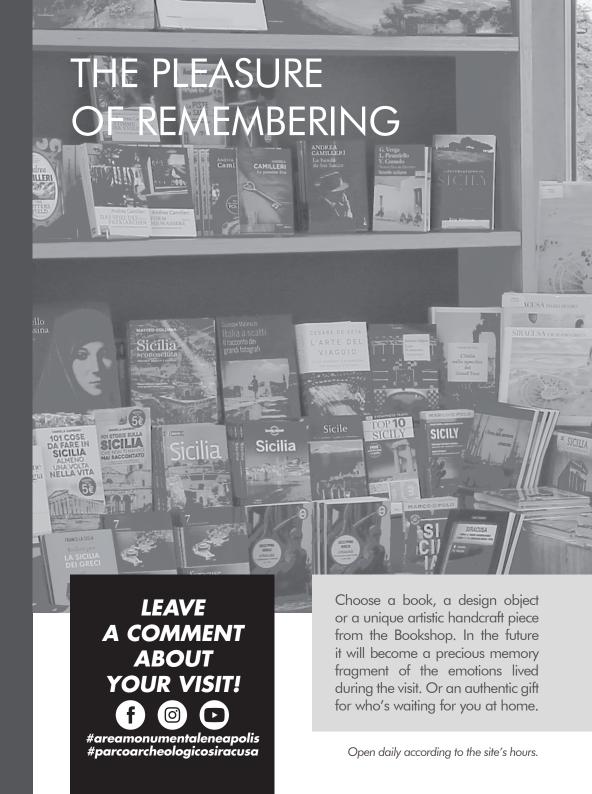
The flavours and products of the Sicilian land are all to be discovered, a unique encounter in the world in which aromas, colours and textures blend that exalt the palate and fill your heart. A stop at the Neapolis café is the best condiment on your site visit.



Aperitifs with a selection of mixed cold cuts or fresh fruit and a glass of local wine.



Light Lunch with local products' salads or gourmet sandwiches, accompanied by non-alcoholic drinks.



DISCOVER MUSEUMS AND ARCHAEOLOGICAL AREAS OF EASTERN SICILY

Castle Maniace

Ancient Theatre of Taormina

Regional Gallery of Palazzo Bellomo

Museum and Archaeological Area of Naxos

Archaeological Regional Museum Paolo Orsi

Aeolian Archaeological Park - Museum Luigi Bernabò Brea

Interdisciplinary Regional Museum of Messina

Naturalistic Regional Museum of Isolabella

Monumental Area of Neapolis

Archaeological Area of Tindari

Roman Villa of Patti















