Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Safety Data Sheet date: 1/2/2022, version 7

	n of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
1.1. Product identifier	
Trade name:	MAGCHEM A-96
SDS code:	P54012
UFI:	Y35C-ANPU-1051-GDYN
	ed uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Recommended use:	
Solvent	
Industrial uses	
Uses advised against:	
No uses advised	l against are identified.
	oplier of the safety data sheet
Manufacturers:	
Socomore SASL	-
	e du Prat - CS 23707 - 56037 VANNES CEDEX - France
()	′ 43 76 83 - Fax : +33 (0)2 97 54 50 26
Socomore Irelan	id Ltd Meenane, Watergrasshill, Co. Cork, Ireland - Tel +353 21 4889922 /
+353 21 488992	3 / ireland@socomore.com
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	3 / ireland@socomore.com
	son responsible for the safety data sheet:
	@socomore.com
1.4. Emergency telep	
	A (INRS) +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59
International : Cl	HEMTEL +1-813-248-0585.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

EC regulation criteria 1272/2008 (CLP)

Warning, Acute Tox. 4, Harmful if swallowed.

- Warning, Acute Tox. 4, Harmful in contact with skin.
- Warning, Acute Tox. 4, Harmful if inhaled.
- [♦] Danger, Skin Corr. 1B, Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
- Danger, Eye Dam. 1, Causes serious eye damage.
- Warning, STOT SE 3, May cause respiratory irritation.
- Aquatic Chronic 3, Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
- Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:
 - No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Hazard pictograms:



Danger

Hazard statements:

H302+H312+H332 Harmful if swallowed, in contact with skin or if inhaled.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements:

P261 Avoid breathing vapours.

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER if you feel unwell.

Special Provisions:

None

Contains

2-AMINOETHANOL

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments: None

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Other Hazards:

No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb	er	Classification
>= 90%	2-AMINOETHANOL	CAS: EC: REACH No.:	205-483-3	 ¹√3.1/4/Inhal Acute Tox. 4 H332 ²√3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318 ³√3.8/3 STOT SE 3 H335

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			-28	 3.1/4/Dermal Acute Tox. 4 H312 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302 3.2/1B Skin Corr. 1B H314 4.1/C3 Aquatic Chronic 3 H412 Specific Concentration Limits: C >= 5%: STOT SE 3 H335
>= 0.1% - < 0.25%	2,2'-iminodiethanol; diethanolamine	Index number: CAS: EC: REACH No.:	111-42-2 203-868-0	 3.7/2 Repr. 2 H361fd 3.9/2 STOT RE 2 H373 3.2/2 Skin Irrit. 2 H315 3.3/1 Eye Dam. 1 H318 3.1/4/Oral Acute Tox. 4 H302

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

OBTAIN IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION.

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Do NOT induce vomiting.

Give nothing to eat or drink.

In case of Inhalation:

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show him packing or label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed None

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).

Treatment:

No particular treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment.

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Use appropriate respiratory protection.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities. Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Use localized ventilation system.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values

2-AMINOETHANOL - CAS: 141-43-5

- OEL Type: National - TWA(8h): 0.5 mg/m3 - Notes: Germany- DFG, EU, Y, Sh, H, 11 - OEL Type: National - TWA(8h): 2.5 mg/m3, 1 ppm - STEL: 7.6 mg/m3, 3 ppm -

Behaviour: Binding - Notes: France VLEP - TMP N° 49, 49 Bis

- OEL Type: EU - TWA(8h): 2.5 mg/m3, 1 ppm - STEL: 7.6 mg/m3, 3 ppm - Notes: Skin

- OEL Type: ACGIH - TWA(8h): 3 ppm - STEL: 6 ppm - Notes: Eye and skin irr

- OEL Type: National - TWA(8h): 2.5 mg/m3, 0.98 ppm - STEL: 7.6 mg/m3, 3 ppm - Notes: Netherland

- OEL Type: National - TWA(8h): 2.5 mg/m3, 1 ppm - STEL: 7.6 mg/m3, 3 ppm - Notes: Belgium

- OEL Type: National - TWA(8h): 2.5 mg/m3, 1 ppm - STEL: 7.6 mg/m3, 3 ppm - Notes: UK

2,2'-iminodiethanol; diethanolamine - CAS: 111-42-2

- OEL Type: ACGIH - TWA: 1 mg/m3 - Notes: Inhalable fraction and vapor

- OEL Type: TWA - TWA: 0.2 mg/m3 - Notes: Dow IHG

- OEL Type: National - TWA: 15 mg/m3, 3 ppm - Behaviour: Indicative - Notes: France VLEP

- OEL Type: National - TWA(8h): 2 mg/m3, 0.46 ppm - Notes: Belgium

- OEL Type: National - TWA(8h): 2 mg/m3, 0.46 ppm - Notes: Netherlands

DNEL Exposure Limit Values

2-AMINOETHANOL - CAS: 141-43-5

Worker Industry: 3 mg/kg b.w./day - Consumer: 1.5 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 1 mg/m3 - Consumer: 0.18 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation -

Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Consumer: 1.5 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Consumer: 0.28 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, local effects 2,2'-iminodiethanol; diethanolamine - CAS: 111-42-2

Worker Industry: 0.13 mg/kg b.w./day - Consumer: 0.07 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 0.75 mg/m3 - Consumer: 0.125 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Industry: 0.5 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, local effects

Consumer: 0.125 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, local effects

Consumer: 0.06 mg/kg b.w./day - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

PNEC Exposure Limit Values

2-AMINOETHANOL - CAS: 141-43-5

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.07 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.007 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 0.357 mg/l Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.036 mg/l Target: Soil - Value: 1.29 mg/kg dw Target: PNEC intermittent - Value: 0.028 mg/l Target: Sewage treatment plant - Value: 100 mg/l 2,2'-iminodiethanol; diethanolamine - CAS: 111-42-2 Target: Fresh Water - Value: 0.021 mg/l Target: Marine water - Value: 0.002 mg/l Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 0.092 mg/kg dw Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.009 mg/kg dw Target: Soil - Value: 1.63 mg/kg dw Target: Sporadic discharge - Value: 0.095 mg/l Target: Sewage treatment plant - Value: 100 mg/l Target: Oral (secondary poisoning) (foodstuff) - Value: 1.04 mg/kg

Biological Exposure Index

N.A.

8.2. Exposure controls

See below, example of PPE to use. Eye protection: Safety goggles (EN 166) Face protection shield. Use closed fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens. Protection for skin:

Chemical protection clothing. (type 3 - EN14605)

Chemical protection clothing. (type 6 - EN13034)

Boots (NF EN13832-3)

Protection for hands: Suitable gloves type: NF EN374

NR (natural rubber, natural latex).

PVC (polyvinyl chloride).

Butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber).

PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol).

Respiratory protection:

Use respiratory protection where ventilation is insufficient or exposure is prolonged.

Use adequate protective respiratory equipment.

Thermal Hazards:

None Environmental exposure controls:

None

Appropriate engineering controls:

None

Other conditions affecting workers exposure: None

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes
Physical state:	Liquid		
Colour:	Colourless		
Odour:	N.A.		
Melting point/freezing point:	Not Relevant		
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range:	169 ?C		
Flammability:	N.A.		
Lower and upper explosion limit:	3-23.5%		
Flash point (°C):	95 ?C		
Auto-ignition temperature:	>410?C		
Decomposition temperature:	N.A.		
pH:	14		
Kinematic viscosity:	N.A.		
Solubility in water:	N.A.		
Solubility in oil:	N.A.		
Partition coefficient n- octanol/water (log value):	N.A.		
Vapour pressure:	0.5 hPa, 20?C		
Density and/or relative density:	1.02		
Relative vapour density:	N.A.		
	Particle cha	racteristics:	
Particle size:	N.A.		

9.2. Other information

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes
Explosive properties:	no		
Viscosity:	23.18 mPa.s, 20?C		
Oxidizing properties:	no		

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 1000 g/l

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions

- 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions None
- **10.4. Conditions to avoid** Stable under normal conditions.
- **10.5. Incompatible materials** None in particular.
- **10.6. Hazardous decomposition products** None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological information of the product: N.A.

```
Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product:
      2-AMINOETHANOL - CAS: 141-43-5
      Acute toxicity:
            Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 1089 mg/kg
            Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit > 1000 mg/kg
            Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation Dust > 1 mg/l - Duration: 4h
      Reproductive toxicity:
            Test: NOAEL - Species: Rat = 225 MGKGBWDAY - Notes: development
            Test: NOAEL - Species: Rat = 300 MGKGBWDAY - Notes: fertility
      STOT-single exposure:
            Test: C - Route: Inhalation Dust > 5 mg/l - Duration: 4h
      STOT-repeated exposure:
            Test: NOAEL - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 300 mg/kg/d - Duration: > 75 days - Source:
            OECD 416, Experimental value - Notes: Effect: Body weight, weight of organs,
            consumption food
            Test: NOAEC - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat = 10 mg/m3 - Duration: 4 weeks (daily, 5
```

days/week) - Source: OECD 412, Experimental value - Notes: Effect: Lesions to the larynx, trachea and lungs

Test: NOEC - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rabbit = 150 mg/m3 - Duration: 4 weeks (daily, 5 days/week) - Source: OECD 412, Experiemental value - Notes: No adverse systemic effects

2,2'-iminodiethanol; diethanolamine - CAS: 111-42-2

Acute toxicity:

Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat (Male, female) = 1600 mg/kg - Source: OECD 401 Test: LD50 - Route: Skin - Species: Rabbit (male) > 8200 mg/kg

Test: LC0 - Route: Inhalation (dust, mist) - Species: Rat (male) = 3.35 mg/l

If not differently specified, the information required in Regulation (EU)2020/878 listed below must be considered as N.A.:

Acute toxicity; Skin corrosion/irritation; Serious eye damage/irritation; Respiratory or skin sensitisation; Germ cell mutagenicity; Carcinogenicity; Reproductive toxicity; STOT-single exposure; STOT-repeated exposure; Aspiration hazard.

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties: No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Other toxicological information:

2-AMINOETHANOL Low subchronic toxicity by dermal, oral and inhalation routes. Skin corrosion / irritation (rabbit): Corrosive Severe eye injury/irritation (rabbit): Irritating effect

-

2,2'-iminodiethanol; diethanolamine
Skin corrosion / irritation (rabbit):
Irritating effect
Severe eye injury/irritation (rabbit):
Irreversible damage
May cause liver damage in case of prolonged or repeated exposures.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. 2-AMINOETHANOL - CAS: 141-43-5 a) Aquatic acute toxicity: Endpoint: EC20 - Species: Microorganisms > 1000 mg/l - Duration h: 0.5 - Notes: Activated sludge Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 65 mg/l - Duration h: 48 Endpoint: EC50 - Species: aquatic plants = 2.5 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes: Selenastrum capricornutum Endpoint: EC50 - Species: aquatic plants = 22 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes: Scenedesmus subspicatus / OECD 201 Endpoint: EC50 - Species: aquatic plants = 2.8 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Microorganisms = 1000 mg/l - Duration h: 3 - Notes: Activated sludge / **OECD 209** Endpoint: EC50r - Species: Algae = 2.5 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, OECD 201 Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 349 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: Cyprinus carpio Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 170 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: Carassius auratus (Goldfish) Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 227 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: Pimephales promelas (Fat-head Minnow) Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 3684 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: Brachydanio rerio (Zebra Fish) Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish >= 300 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill) Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish >= 114 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: Oncorhynchus mykiss (Rainbow trout) Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Algae = 1 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata, OECD 201 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Fish = 1.2 mg/l - Duration h: 720 - Notes: Oryzias latipes Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Daphnia = 0.85 mg/l - Duration h: 504 Endpoint: LOEC - Species: Fish = 3.6 mg/l - Duration h: 720 - Notes: Oryzias latipes 12.2. Persistence and degradability 2-AMINOETHANOL - CAS: 141-43-5 Biodegradability: Biodegradability rate - Duration: 21 days - %: > 90 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential 2-AMINOETHANOL - CAS: 141-43-5 Log Pow <3BCF <100 2,2'-iminodiethanol; diethanolamine - CAS: 111-42-2 Log Pow -1.43 12.4. Mobility in soil 2-AMINOETHANOL - CAS: 141-43-5 Log Koc 1.17

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

vPvB Substances: None - PBT Substances: None

- 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties
 - No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%
- 12.7. Other adverse effects

Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Deutschland): 1

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover, if possible. Send to authorised disposal plants or for incineration under controlled conditions. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force.

Codes of wastes (Décision 2001/573/EC, Directive 2006/12/EEC, Directive 94/31/EEC on hazardous waste):

06 02 05* other bases

SECTION 14: Transport information



14.1. UN number or ID number	
ADR-UN Number:	2491
IATA-UN Number:	2491
IMDG-UN Number:	2491
14.2. UN proper shipping name	
ADR-Shipping Name:	ETHANOLAMINE SOLUTION(2-AMINOETHANOL)
IATA-Shipping Name:	ETHANOLAMINE SOLUTION(2-AMINOETHANOL)
IMDG-Shipping Name:	ETHANOLAMINE SOLUTION(2-AMINOETHANOL)
14.3. Transport hazard class(es)	
ADR-Class:	8
ADR - Hazard identification nur	nber: 80
IATA-Class:	8
IATA-Label:	8
IMDG-Class:	8
14.4. Packing group	
ADR-Packing Group:	III
IATA-Packing group:	111
IMDG-Packing group:	111
14.5. Environmental hazards	
ADR-Enviromental Pollutant:	No
IMDG-Marine pollutant:	No
IMDG-EmS:	F-A , S-B
14.6. Special precautions for user	
ADR-Subsidiary hazards:	-
ADR-S.P.:	-
ADR-Transport category (Tunn	el restriction code): 3 (E)
IATA-Passenger Aircraft:	852
IATA-Subsidiary hazards:	-
	DE

	IATA-Cargo Aircraft:	856
	IATA-S.P.:	A3 A803
	IATA-ERG:	8L
	IMDG-Subsidiary hazards:	-
	IMDG-Stowage and handling:	Category A
	IMDG-Segregation:	SG35
	Q.L.: 5 L	
	Q.E.: E1	
I	Maritime transport in bulk acc	ording to IMO instruments

N.A.

14.7.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work) Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values) Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH) Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP) Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013 Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP) Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: Restriction 3 Restrictions related to the substances contained: Restriction 75

Listed or in compliance with the following international inventories: N.A.

Labelling of detergents (EC Regulations 648/2004 and 907/2006): N.A.

Labelling of biocides (Regulations 1896/2000, 1687/2002, 2032/2003, 1048/2005, 1849/2006, 1451/2007 and Directive 98/8/EC):

N.A.

Where applicable, refer to the following regulatory provisions :

Directive 2003/105/CE ('Activities linked to risks of serious accidents') and subsequent amendments.

1999/13/EC (VOC directive) Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III): Seveso III category according to Annex 1, part 1 None

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No

SECTION 16: Other information

N.A.: Not Applicable or Not Available

Full text of phrases referred to in Section 3:

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373 May cause damage to organs (blood system, kidneys, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

Hazard class and hazard category	Code	Description
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Dermal	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Inhal	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
Acute Tox. 4	3.1/4/Oral	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4

Skin Corr. 1B	3.2/1B	Skin corrosion, Category 1B
Skin Irrit. 2	3.2/2	Skin irritation, Category 2
Eye Dam. 1	3.3/1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
Repr. 2	3.7/2	Reproductive toxicity, Category 2
STOT SE 3	3.8/3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, Category 3
STOT RE 2	3.9/2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	4.1/C3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

This safety data sheet has been completely updated in compliance to Regulation 2020/878. Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Acute Tox. 4, H302	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 4, H312	Calculation method
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method
Skin Corr. 1B, H314	Calculation method
Eye Dam. 1, H318	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training. Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold CCNL - Appendix 1 Insert further consulted bibliography

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SOCOMORE. Subject to legal provisions determining otherwise, the distribution, republication or re-transmission of this document, in full or in part, must be limited to clearly identified individuals, either because they use the product, or to provide HSE information. Any communication of this document outside of this framework without our written consent is strictly forbidden. SOCOMORE strongly advises every recipient of this safety data sheet to read it carefully and to consult experts in the field if necessary or appropriate, in order to understand the information it contains, notably the possible dangers associated with this product. The users must ensure the conformity and completeness of this information with regards to their specific use of the product. The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality. It is the

responsibility of the purchaser/user to ensure that their activities conform with current legislation in force.

The information is considered correct, but it is not exhaustive and it shall be used only as a guide which is based on the current knowledge of the substance or mixture and it is applicable to the safety precautions appropriate for the product.

ADR:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of
	Dangerous Goods by Road.
ATE:	Acute Toxicity Estimate
ATEmix:	Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)
CAS:	Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).
CLP:	Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
DNEL:	Derived No Effect Level.
EINECS:	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
GefStoffVO:	Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS:	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of
	Chemicals.
IATA:	International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport
	Association" (IATA).
ICAO:	International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI:	Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization"
	(ICAO).
IMDG:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI:	International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
KSt:	Explosion coefficient.
LC50:	Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50:	Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LTE:	Long-term exposure.
PNEC:	Predicted No Effect Concentration.
RID:	Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STE:	Short-term exposure.
STEL:	Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT:	Specific Target Organ Toxicity.

STOT SE:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
TLV:	Threshold Limiting Value.
TWA:	Time-weighted average
TWATLV:	Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day.
	(ACGIH Standard).
WGK:	German Water Hazard Class.