

SOCOMORE

Safety Data Sheet

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT & COMPANY INFORMATION

Product Name: MIL-T-81772B TY. II SOLVENT BLEND Product Code: SOCOGLAZE PT-1003 TY II

Trade Name: EPOXY THINNER

SUPPLIER: MANUFACTURER:
Socomore Products/Techniques, Inc.
5475 E. State Hwy 114 3271 S. Riverside Ave.
Rhome, Texas 76078 Bloomington, CA 92316

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SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

HMIS:230X

GHS Ratings:

Flammable liquid	2	Flash point < 23°C and initial boiling point > 35°C (95°F)
Oral Toxicity	4	Oral>300+<=2000mg/kg
Dermal Toxicity	4	Dermal>1000+<=2000mg/kg
Inhalation Toxicity	4	Gases>2500+<=20000ppm, Vapors>10+<=20mg/l,
		Dusts&mists>1+<=5mg/l
Skin corrosive	3	Reversible adverse effects in dermal tissue, Draize score: >= 1.5 < 2.3
Serious eye damage/irritation	2B	Mild eye irritant: Subcategory 2B, Reversible in 7 days
Respiratory sensitizer	1	Respiratory sensitizer

GHS Hazards H225

H302	Harmful if swallowed
H312	Harmful in contact with skin
H316	Causes mild skin irritation
H320	Causes eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled

Highly flammable liquid and vapour

GHS Precautions

P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces – No smoking
P233	Keep container tightly closed
P242	Use only non-sparking tools

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge

SDS for: SOCOGLAZE PT-1003 TY II Page 1 of 8

P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection

P285 In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for

breathing

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses if present and easy to do - continue rinsing

P370+P380+P375 In case of fire: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion

P402+P404 Store in a dry place. Store in a closed container P403+P235 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool

Signal Word: Danger



SECTION 3 - COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Trade secrets, proprietary, non-hazardous, and unlisted ingredients are not hazardous to humans, the environment, and are not regulated materials.

Chemical Name	CAS number	Weight Concentration %
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE	108-65-6	40.00% - 50.00%
METHYL ETHYL KETONE	78-93-3	30.00% - 40.00%
TOLUENE	108-88-3	10.00% - 20.00%
N-BUTYL ACETATE NORMAL	123-86-4	10.00% - 20.00%
XYLENE	1330-20-7	5.00% - 10.00%

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

INHALATION: If breathing problems occur during use, **LEAVE AREA IMMEDIATELY** and get fresh air. If breathing problems remain, **SEEK IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION**.

EYE CONTACT: Flush eyes with large amounts of clean water for at least 20 minutes. Seek immediate medical attention.

SKIN CONTACT: Wash affected area thoroughly with soap and water. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists. Remove contaminated clothing and launder before re-use.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting. Get immediate medical attention.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point: -6 C (21 F)

LEL: 1.0% UEL: 11.0%

All flashpoints: TCC LEL AND UEL expressed as percent (%)

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: Alcohol foam, carbon dioxide (CO2), dry chemical, water spray/water fog

extinguishing systems

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back.

SDS for: SOCOGLAZE PT-1003 TY II Page 2 of 8

Flammable Liquid. Can release vapors that form explosive mixtures at temperatures at or above the flashpoint. "Empty" containers retain product residue (liquid and/or vapor) and can be dangerous. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, FLAME, SPARKS, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH. Empty drums should be completely drained, properly bunged and promptly returned to a drum re-conditioner, or properly disposed of.

SPECIAL FIREFIGHTING PROCEDURES: Containers can build up pressure if exposed to heat (fire). As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressure-demand (MSHA/NIOSH approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Water runoff can cause environmental damage. Dike and collect water used to fight fire

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IN CASE MATERIAL IS RELEASED OR SPILLED: Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways.

SECTION 7 - HANDLING & STORAGE

HANDLING: Wear all appropriate Personal Protective Equipment (PPE). Wear appropriate respiratory protection and ensure adequate ventilation at all times as vapors can accumulate over time in enclosed spaces and poorly ventilated areas. Use product in a way that minimizes splashes and/or creation of dust. Wash with soap and water thoroughly after each use.

STORAGE: Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a cool dry area at a temperature between 50 and 95 degrees F. Do not store outside in direct sunlight.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROL AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Chemical Name / CAS No.	OSHA Exposure Limits	ACGIH Exposure Limits	Other Exposure Limits
1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE 108-65-6	TWA 50 PPM	Not Established	Not Established
METHYL ETHYL KETONE 78-93-3	200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA	300 ppm STEL 200 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 200 ppm TWA; 590 mg/m3 TWA 300 ppm STEL; 885 mg/m3 STEL
TOLUENE 108-88-3	200 ppm TWA	20 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 100 ppm TWA; 375 mg/m3 TWA 150 ppm STEL; 560 mg/m3 STEL
N-BUTYL ACETATE NORMAL 123-86-4	150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA	200 ppm STEL 150 ppm TWA	NIOSH: 150 ppm TWA; 710 mg/m3 TWA 200 ppm STEL; 950 mg/m3 STEL
XYLENE 100 ppm TWA; 435 mg/m3 1330-20-7 TWA		150 ppm STEL 100 ppm TWA	Not Established

SDS for: SOCOGLAZE PT-1003 TY II Page 3 of 8

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Local exhaust ventilation may be necessary to control any air contaminants to within their TLVs during the use of this product. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.

VENTILATION & RESPIRATORY PROTECTION: Always follow all local, state, and federal laws and regulations regarding the use of respirators. A NIOSH/MSHA approved air purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection. A respiratory protection program that meets OSHA 1910.134 and ANSI Z88.2 requirements must be followed whenever workplace conditions warrant a respirator's use. Wear a MSHA/NIOSH approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions.

ADMINISTRATIVE CONTROLS: All individual company safety policies should be reviewed to determine compliance with applicable Federal, State and local safety regulations. If a company determines that threshold limit values and air quality contaminant level have not been exceeded, then that company should set it's own policies regarding the use of respirators and other Personal Protective Equipment. SKIN PROTECTION: Where contact is likely, wear chemical resistant gloves, such as neoprene or solvent resistant nitrile. To prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact, wear impervious clothing such as a chemical suit, rubber boots, and/or chemical safety goggles plus a face shield if such should be necessary. If the equipment to be worn is not available or the type of equipment for a specific job is not known, consult a reputable safety equipment supply company. Use chemical splash goggles and face shield (ANSI Z87.1 or approved equivalent).

EYE PROTECTION: Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT: Where splashing is possible, full chemically resistant protective clothing (e.g. acid suit) and boots are required.

HYGIENIC PRACTICES: Wash hands before eating. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Use only in a well ventilated area. Follow all MSDS/label precautions even after container is emptied because they may retain product residues. Ground and bond containers when transferring material. Use spark-proof tools and explosion proof equipment. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid breathing vapors from heated material. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL & CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

This product exhibits the following properties under normal conditions:

Appearance Clear liquid

Vapor Pressure: 32.2 mm/Hg

Vapor Density: 3.6

Density: 0.89

Freezing point: N/A

Boiling Range: 80 - 150°C

Odor threshold: N/A

pH: N/A

Melting point: N/A

Solubility: N/A

Flash point: 21F

Evaporation rate: N/A

Explosive Limits: 1% - 11%

Partition coefficient (n- N/A octanol/water):

SDS for: SOCOGLAZE PT-1003 TY II

Autoignition temperature: 315°C
VOC(g/l) Less H2O and 886.79
Exempt Compounds
Specific Gravity 0.89
Weight/Gallon 7.40

Decomposition temperature: N/A

VOC(lbs/gal) Less H2O and 7.39

Exempt Compounds

% VOC (C.A.R.B) 100.00

SECTION 10 - REACTIVITY & STABILITY

STABILITY:

STABLE

INCOMPATIBILITY (Materials to avoid): strong acids and bases, oxidizers, and selected amines.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: Avoid all possible sources of ignition.

No Data

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: Carbon monoxide (CO) and carbon dioxide (CO2). Other unknown hazardous products are possible.

No Data

Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Mixture Toxicity

Oral Toxicity LD50: 2,747mg/kg Inhalation Toxicity LC50: 44mg/L

Component Toxicity

108-65-6 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE

Dermal LD50: 5,000 mg/kg (Rabbit:) Inhalation LC50: 100 ppm (Rat)

78-93-3 METHYL ETHYL KETONE

Oral LD50: 2,737 mg/kg (Rat) Inhalation LC50: 32 g/m3 (Mouse)

108-88-3 TOLUENE

Oral LD50: 636 mg/kg (Rat)

123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE NORMAL

Inhalation LC50: 390 ppm (Rat)

1330-20-7 XYLENE

Oral LD50: 4,300 mg/kg (Rat) Dermal LD50: 1,700 mg/kg (Rabbit:)

INHALATION: Headaches, dizziness, nauseau, decreased blood pressure, change in heart rate, and cyanosis may result from overexposure to vapor. **Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal**.

INGESTION: This material may be harmful or fatal if swallowed.

SKIN CONTACT: May cause sensitization or allergic reaction.

EYE CONTACT: Direct contact with liquid, exposure to vapors or mist may cause stinging, tearing, redness, swelling and eye damage.

Routes of Entry:

Inhalation Skin Contact Eye Contact Ingestion

Exposure to this material may affect the following organs:

Eyes Kidneys Liver Central Nervous System Reproductive System Skin

Respiratory System

Effects of Overexposure

SDS for: SOCOGLAZE PT-1003 TY II

CARCINOGENICITY:

CAS Number Description % Weight Carcinogen Rating

None No Data

ACUTE TOXICITY:

INHALATION: Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.

CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED: Unknown.

CHRONIC EFFECTS: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational exposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No information available.

Component Ecotoxicity

1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 161 mg/L [static]

ACETATE 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: >500 mg/L

METHYL ETHYL KETONE 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 3220 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50

Lepomis macrochirus: 1690 mg/L

48 Hr EC50 water flea: 520 mg/L; 48 Hr EC50 Daphnia magna: 5091 mg/L

TOLUENE 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 25 mg/L [flow-through] (1 day old); 96 Hr LC50

Oncorhynchus mykiss: 24.0 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 24.0 mg/L [static]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis macrochirus: 13 mg/L

[static]

48 Hr EC50 water flea: 11.3 mg/L; 48 Hr EC50 water flea: 310 mg/L; 48 Hr EC50

Daphnia magna: 11.3 mg/L

96 Hr EC50 Selenastrum capricornutum: >433 mg/L

N-BUTYL ACETATE NORMAL 96 Hr LC50 Leuciscus idus: 62 mg/L [static]

48 Hr EC50 water flea: 44 mg/L

96 Hr EC50 Scenedesmus subspicatus: 320 mg/L; 72 Hr EC50 Scenedesmus

subspicatus: 674.7 mg/L

XYLENE 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 13.4 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50

Oncorhynchus mykiss: 8.05 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Lepomis

macrochirus: 16.1 mg/L [flow-through]; 96 Hr LC50 Pimephales promelas: 26.7

mg/L [static

48 Hr EC50 water flea: 3.82 mg/L; 48 Hr LC50 Gammarus lacustris: 0.6 mg/L

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

It is the responsibility of the user to determine the proper storage, transportation, treatment and/or disposal methodologies for spent materials and residues at the time of disposition. Maximize material recovery for reuse or recycling.

It is the responsibility of the user to determine if the material is a RCRA "hazardous waste" at the time of disposal. Transportation, treatment, storage, and disposal of waste material must be conducted in accordance with RCRA regulations (see 40 CFR 260 through 40 CFR 271). State and/or local regulations may be more restrictive. Contact your regional US EPA office for guidance concerning case specific disposal issues.

Non-usable product is regulated by US EPA as hazardous material under the following codes:

SDS for: SOCOGLAZE PT-1003 TY II Page 6 of 8

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION / SHIPPING INFORMATION

Hazardous Material! Ship according to all applicable local, state, and federal regulations regarding labeling and packaging requirements.

Agency Proper Shipping Name UN Number Packing Group Hazard Class

D.O.T. PAINT RELATED MATERIAL UN 1263 II 3

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

Additional regulatory listings, where applicable.

Restrictions on Use (United States): This chemical/product is not and cannot be distributed in commerce (as defined in TSCA section 3(5)) or processed (as defined in TSCA section 3(13)) for consumer paint or coating removal.

The following chemicals are listed under California Proposition 65:

108-88-3 TOLUENE 10 - 20% Mutagen

The following chemicals appear on the New Jersey Right-To-Know Chemicals list:

108-65-6 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE

78-93-3 METHYL ETHYL KETONE 123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE NORMAL

1330-20-7 XYLENE

The following chemicals appear on the Pennsylvania Right-To-Know list:

108-65-6 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE 40 - 50%

78-93-3 METHYL ETHYL KETONE 30 - 40% 123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE NORMAL 10 - 20%

SARA HAZARD CATEGORY: The product has been reviewed according to the EPA 'Hazard Categories' promulgated under sections 311 and 312 of the Superfund Amendment and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA Title III) and is considered, under applicable definitions, to meed the following categories:

108-65-6 1-METHOXY-2-PROPANOL ACETATE Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard

78-93-3 METHYL ETHYL KETONE Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

108-88-3 TOLUENE Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard

123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE NORMAL Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard
1330-20-7 XYLENE Fire Hazard, Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

TOXIC SUBSTANCES CONTROL ACT: TSCA 2018 RESET COMPLIANT:

This product contains the following chemical substances subject to the reporting requirements of TSCA 12(B) if exported from the United States:

No Data

Country Regulation All Components Listed



EU Risk Phrases

Safety Phrase

SDS for: SOCOGLAZE PT-1003 TY II Page 7 of 8

All ingredients are TSCA 2018 Reset Compliant. The chemical substances listed below are not on the TSCA Section 8 Inventory:

No Data

SARA Section 313: The product contains the following substances subject to the reporting requirements of section 313 and Title II of the Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 and 40 CFR Part 372:

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

The information in this document is believed to be correct as of the date printed.

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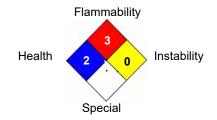
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Hazardous Material Information System (HMIS)



National Fire Protection Association (NFPA)



Reviewer Revision

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