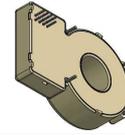


Differential Current Sensor for IC-CPD acc. to the standard IEC62752-2016



Date: 11.10.2021

K-No.: 26574

Customer: Standard type

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Description

- Fluxgate current sensor with toroidal core
- PCB mounting

Characteristics

- Excellent accuracy
- AEC-Q qualified components
- Switching open-collector outputs
- Compact design

Applications

Mainly used for stationary and mobile applications:

- IC-CPD
- Wallbox

Patents: EP2571128 / US9397494 / CN103001175 // EP2813856

Electrical data – Ratings

		min.	typ.	max.	Unit
I_P	Primary nominal RMS current (1phase / 3phase)			80 / 40	A
$I_{\Delta N1}$	Rated residual operating current 1		6		mA DC
$I_{\Delta N2}$	Rated residual operating current 2		30		mA rms
$I_{\Delta N1, tolerance}$	Trip tolerance 1	4	5	6	mA DC
$I_{\Delta N2, tolerance}$	Trip tolerance 2	20		30 ⁽¹⁾ / 60 ⁽²⁾	mA rms
SPWM-OUT	Scaling factor of the DC component $I_{\Delta N1}$ (for monitoring purpose only!)		3.33		%/mA
$I_{\Delta RI, 1/2}$ (Fig.1)	Recovery current level for $I_{\Delta N1}/I_{\Delta N2}$ (absolute value DC/rms)		2.5 / 10		mA

(1) f = DC to 1kHz (2) f = 1kHz to 2kHz

Accuracy – Dynamic performance data

$I_{\Delta N, max}$	Max. measuring range (peak)	-300		+300	mA
X	Resolution (@ $I_{\Delta N}$, $\Theta_A = 25^\circ C$)		< 0.2		mA
t_r (Fig.3)	Response time		According to IEC62752:2016 ⁽³⁾		
f_{BW} (Fig.4)	Frequency range	DC		2	kHz

General data

ϑ_A	Ambient operation temperature	-40		85	°C
$\vartheta_{Storage}$	Ambient storage temperature ⁽⁴⁾	-40		85	°C
m	Mass		21		g
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	4.8	5	5.2	V
I_{CC}	Consumption current	38		45	mA
$S_{clear, ps}$	Clearance (primary to secondary)	not applicable if isolated cable is used ⁽⁵⁾			
$S_{creep, ps}$	Creepage (primary to secondary)	not applicable if isolated cable is used ⁽⁵⁾			
FIT	EN/IEC 61709 / SN 29500 ⁽⁶⁾ (MIL-HDBK-217F) ⁽⁶⁾		1529 (6349)		fit

⁽³⁾ Switching time of a standard relay (t = 20ms) is considered.

⁽⁴⁾ see VAC M-sheet 3101; storage temperature inside cardboard packaging

⁽⁵⁾ Constructed, manufactured and tested in accordance with IEC60664-1:2007

Isolated wires are preferred. If isolated primary conductors are used, the isolation coordination is according to: Reinforced insulation, Insulation material group 1, Pollution degree 2, altitude ≤ 4000m and overvoltage category II.

⁽⁶⁾ The results are valid under following conditions: 55°C mean component ambient temperature by continuous operation (8760h per year);

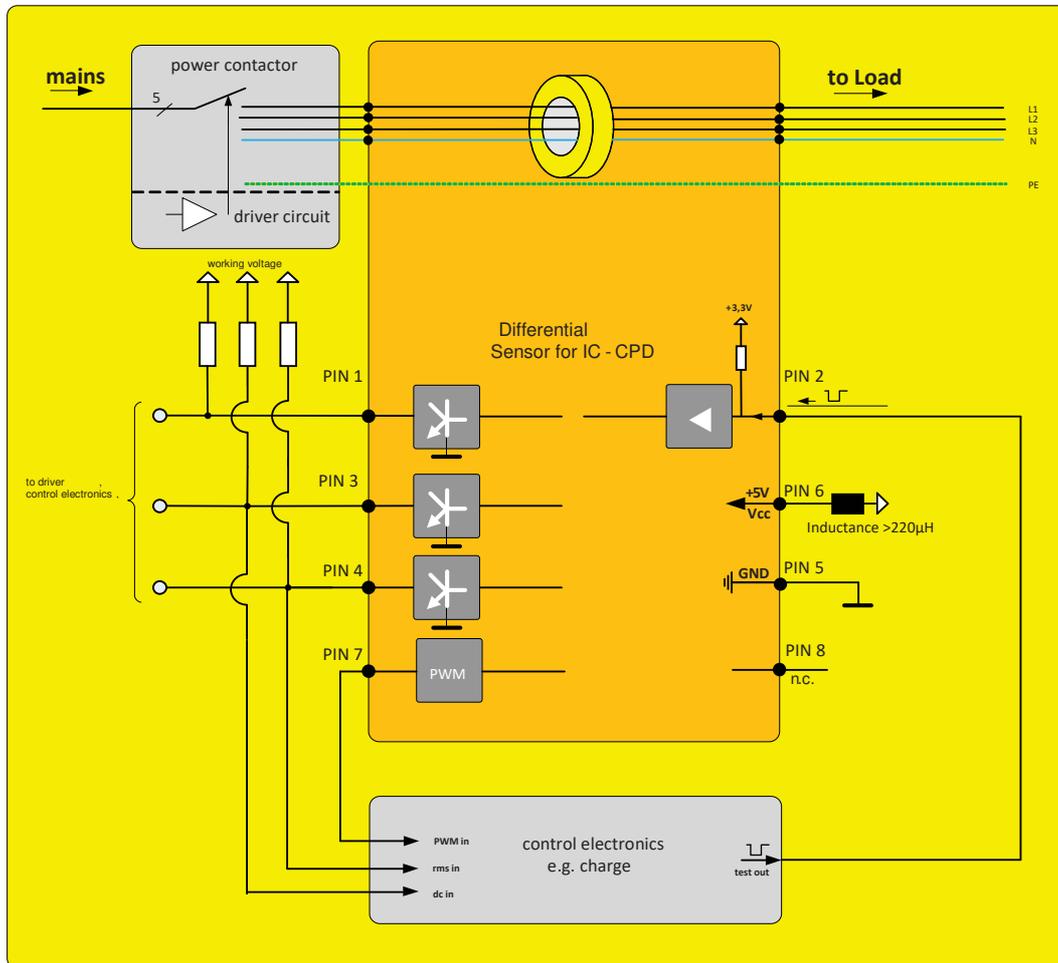
Environment condition: ground mobile, no dust or harmful substances, according to IEC61709; Fit equals one failure per 10⁹ component hours.

General description of sensor function:

The Sensor is sensitive to AC and DC current and can be used for fault current detection in IC-CPD applications. The Sensor detects AC and DC fault currents according to IEC62752:2016. In the event of a DC fault current, PIN 3 will change it's state from a low level (GND) to high impedance level. In event of an AC current fault, PINs 3 and 4 will change state from a low level (GND) to a high impedance level. Error conditions (e.g. an internal error) are signaled on PIN 1 (ERROR-OUT).

Datum	Name	Index	Änderung
11.10.2021	BZ	84	Patents added on sheet 1. CN-21-290
23.01.20	BZ	84	Sheet 1, S _{clear, pp} and S _{creep, pp} (Clearance, unisolated primary to primary) deleted. Minor change.
Editor.: R&D-PD-NPI D		Designer: MB	MC-PM: BZ
			Released by: SB

Typical application diagram:



Absolute maximum Ratings⁽⁶⁾:

		Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
V_{CE}	Collector-Emitter voltage (PINs 1, 3 and 4)			40	V
I_C	Collector current (PINs 1, 3 and 4)			50	mA
V_{CC}	Maximum supply voltage (without function)	-0.3		7	V
U_{MAX}	Maximum rated voltage of primary conductors (AC rms)			250	V
$V_{TEST-IN, low}$	TEST-IN Input Voltage, low level	0		0.6	V
$V_{TEST-IN, high}$	TEST-IN Input Voltage, high level	2.5		5	V

⁽⁵⁾ Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage.
Exposure to these conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability.
Functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not supported.

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Final Tests: (Measurements after temperature balance of the samples at room temperature, SC=significant characteristic)

		Min.	Max.	Unit
Vcc	Supply voltage	4.9	5.1	V
Icc	Supply current	38.0	45.0	mA
TEST-IN (SC)	TEST-IN voltage	2.8	3.3	V
X6-OUT (normal)	X6-OUT voltage	0	0.6	V
X30-OUT (normal)	X30-OUT voltage	0	0.6	V
ERROR-OUT (normal)	ERROR-OUT voltage	0	0.6	V
X6-OUT (activated)	X6-OUT voltage activated @5V, 1kΩ (pull-up)*	4.9	5.1	V
X30-OUT (activated)	X30-OUT voltage activated @5V, 1kΩ (pull-up)*	4.9	5.1	V
ERROR-OUT (activated)	ERROR-OUT voltage activated @5V, 1kΩ (pull-up)*	4.9	5.1	V
TC1	Trip current 1 – X6	4.5	5.4	mA
TC2	Trip current 2 – X6	-5.4	-4.5	mA
TC3	Trip current 3 – X30@50Hz	20	30	mA
PWM-OUT (frequency)	PWM-OUT frequency	7.8	8.2	kHz
PWM-OUT (duty-cycle)	PWM-OUT duty-cycle @6mA DC	18	22	%
LV1	Limit values of break time - X6-OUT@6mA DC	0	700	ms
LV3	Limit values of break time - X30-OUT@30mA, 50Hz	0	300	ms

* the maximum values of collector-emitter voltage and current see "Absolute maximum ratings"

Product Tests:

	Acc. to VAC sheet M3238 Following tests differ from M3238:	passed
PD	4.5a: Damp heat, steady state. Duration: 1000 h IEC61000-4-1, EN60270, M3024 UPDE M3024, Partial discharge voltage (extinction) *acc. to table 24	1.5 kV rms
ESD	Air- and contact discharge; U=±2000V, R=1500Ω, C=100pF Acc. to Human Body Model JESD22-A114	±2.0 kV
EMC	IEC61000-4-3 (Radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field immunity) 20V/m 80MHz – 1GHz 80%AM 1kHz, recommend with the use of inductance of >220μH in series of Vcc input.	passed
	IEC61000-4-6 (Immunity to conducted disturbances), recommend with the use of inductance of >220μH in series of Vcc input.	passed
	IEC61000-6-4 (Emission standard for industrial environments, conducted disturbances)	Should be done in end application
A(f), Φ(f)	Amplitude and phase response over frequency 1% of I _{PN} or I _{Δn}	passed
Impulse test	Monitoring of CS function during the current phase test 100A to 5kA	passed

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Requalification Tests: (replicated every year, Precondition acc. to M3238)

$\hat{U}_{W, \text{prim-sec}}$	M3064	Impulse test (1.2 μ s/50 μ s waveform) PIN 1-8 vs. insulated primary wire 5 pulse \rightarrow polarity +, 5 pulse \rightarrow polarity -	5.5	kV rms
U_d	M3014	Test voltage, 60s PIN 1-8 vs. insulated primary wire	1.5	kV rms
U_{PDE}	M3024	Partial discharge voltage (extinction) PIN 1-8 vs. insulated primary wire *acc. to table 24	1.2	kV rms
$U_{PD} \times 1.875$	M3024	Partial discharge voltage (extinction) PIN 1-8 vs. insulated primary wire *acc. to table 24	1.5	kV rms

* IEC 61800-5-1:2007

Other instructions:

- Temperature of the primary conductor should not exceed 105°C.
- Vcc during Test-IN function test must be at least 4.8V
- Fall- and rise-time of Vcc 2...50 μ s/V

Figures:

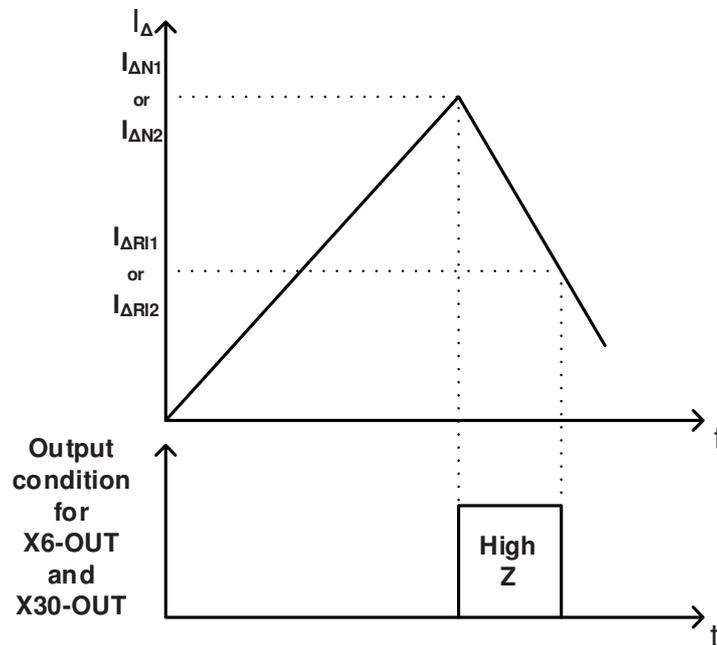
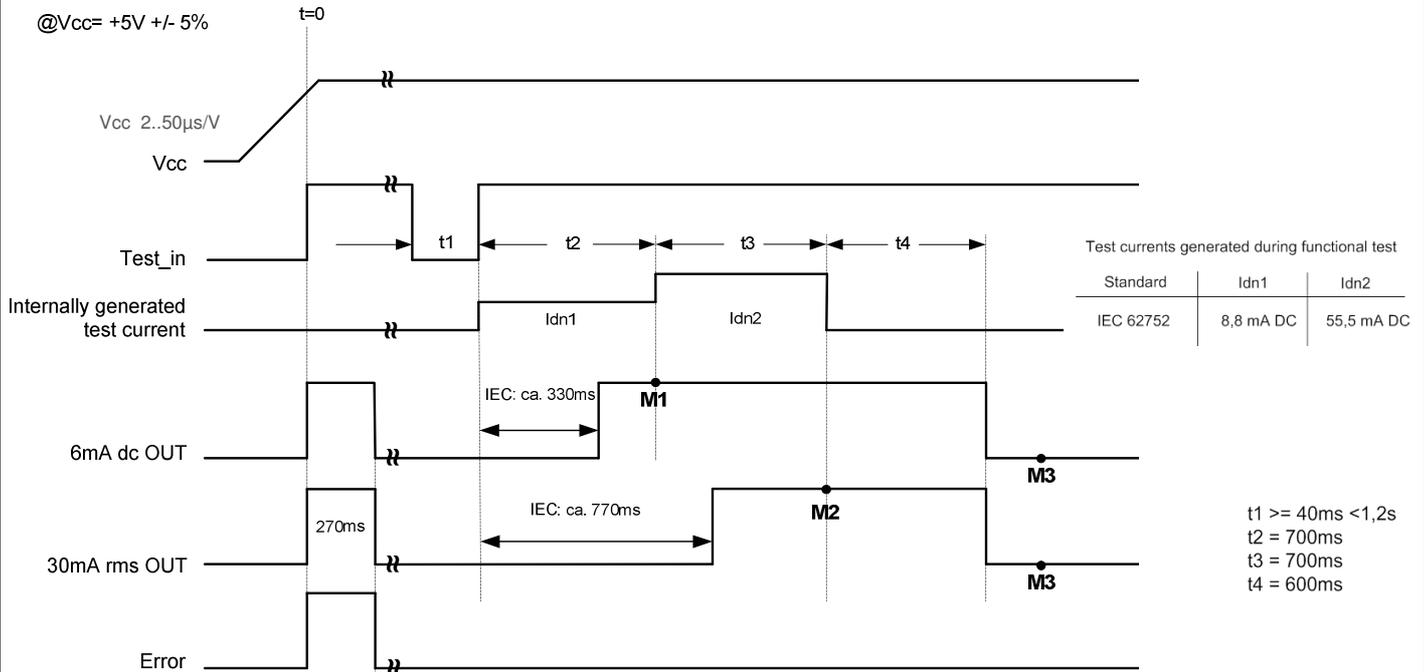


Fig. 1: Meaning of switching recovery level

If the trip-level $I_{\Delta N1}/I_{\Delta N2}$ is accomplished the output X6-OUT/X30-OUT will change its state from low-level (GND) to high impedance. Depending on the existence of the differential current I_{Δ} , the outputs X6-OUT/X30-OUT will remain in this state until I_{Δ} fell below recovery threshold $I_{\Delta R11}/I_{\Delta R12}$.



After activating the test sequence, the end product has to monitor the correct state of the switching outputs being used at the following points in time

- M1: check that 6mA dc OUT is disabled (latest time)
- M2: check that 30mA rms OUT is disabled
- M3: check that 30mA rms OUT resp. 6mA dc out is enabled

Fig. 2: Power-Up timing diagram

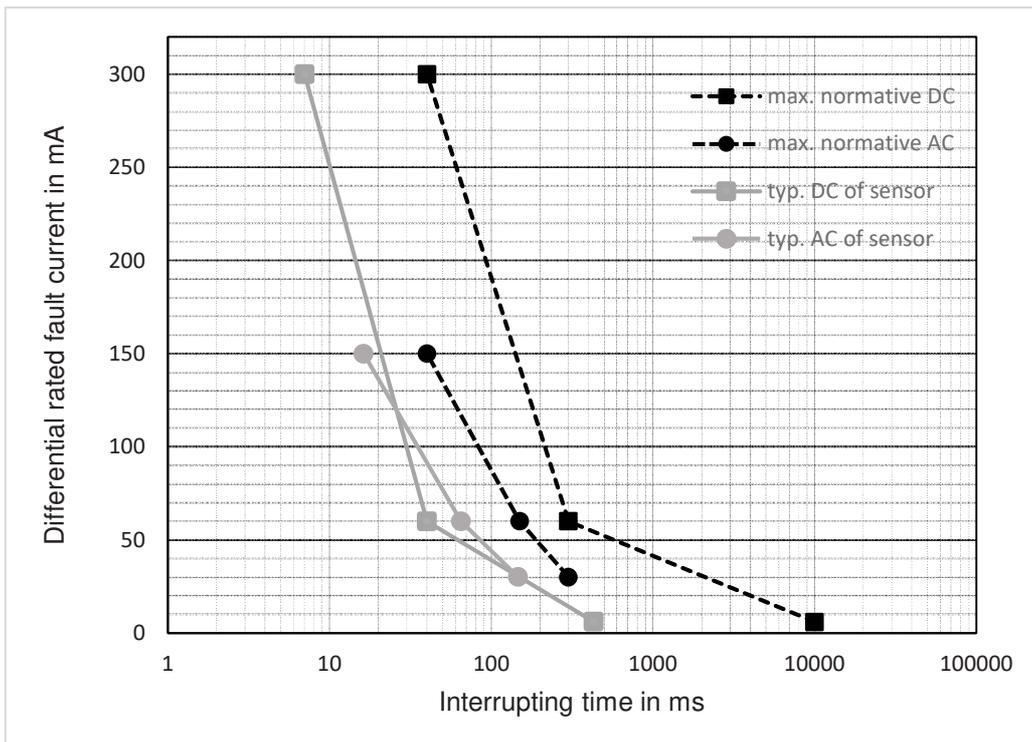


Fig. 3: Interrupting Time according to IEC62752 (E)-1:2016 Table 2 + 3 and typical values of sensor

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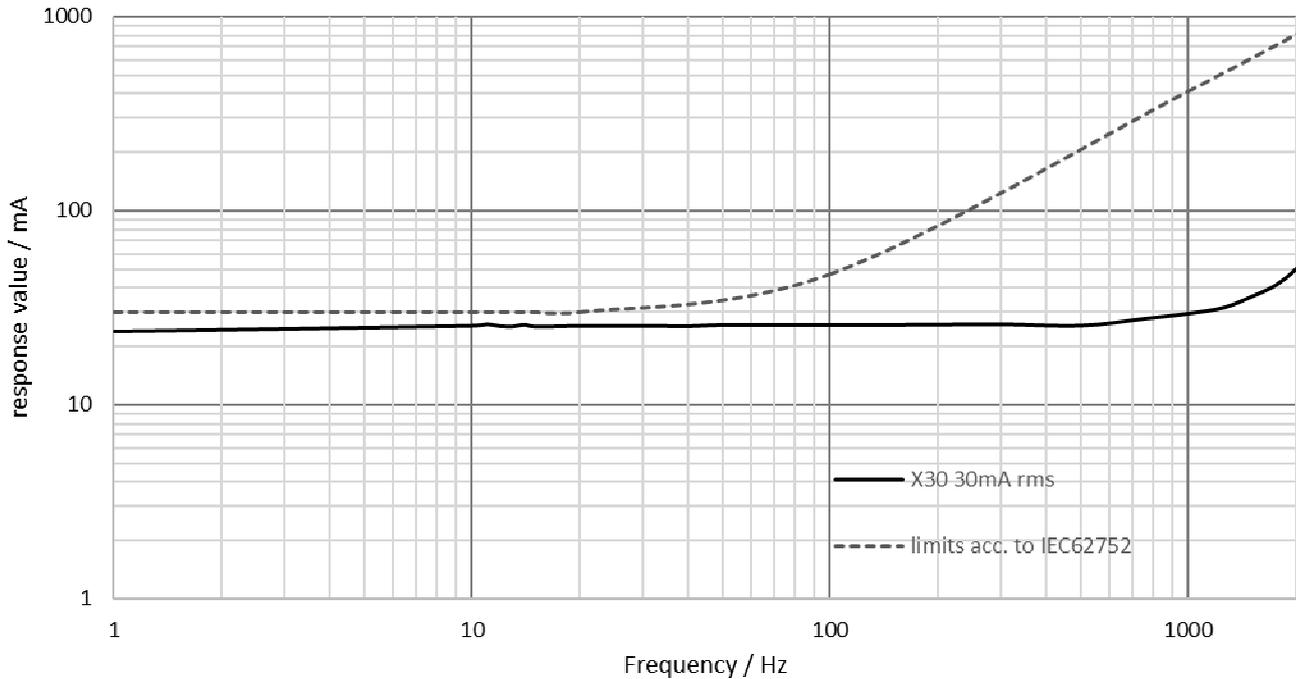


Fig. 4: Response value over frequency

X6-OUT	X30-OUT	ERROR-OUT	State
GND	GND	GND	Normal condition
High impedance	GND	GND	$I_{\Delta N1} \geq 6\text{mA}_{DC}$
High impedance	High impedance	GND	$I_{\Delta N2} \geq 30\text{mA}_{rms}$
High impedance	High impedance	High impedance	Error, system fault

All other conditions not mentioned in the table are not possible. If these conditions occur, the sensor is in an unknown state and describes an Error.

Table 1: Possible output states