

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. Identification

Product identifier	STEEL-IT 1050 Polyurethane Topcoat – Dov	/e Gray
Other means of identification		
Product code	FGPA1050-P (pint), FGPA1050-Q (quart), FGP	PA1050-G (gallon), FGPA1050-5G (5-gallon pail)
Recommended use	Paint / Industrial coating (topcoat). Category: Pigmented metallic coating.	
Recommended restrictions	Uses other than the recommended use.	
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/I	Distributor information	
Company name	Stainless Steel Coatings, Inc.	
Address	835 Sterling Road	
	Lancaster, MA 01523-2915	
	United States of America	
Telephone	978-365-9828	
E-mail	sds@STEEL-IT.com	
Emergency telephone	CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (Toll Free)	
	International: 1-703-527-3887	
2. Hazard(s) identification		
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 3
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Carcinogenicity	Category 1A
	Reproductive toxicity (inhalation)	Category 2
	Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure	Category 3 narcotic effects
	Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure	Category 2 (central nervous system, kidneys, liver)
Environmental hazards	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute hazard	Category 2
	Hazardous to the aquatic environment,	Category 2

**OSHA** defined hazards

Signal word

Hazard statement

Precautionary statement Prevention

Label elements



Danger

long-term hazard

Not classified.

Flammable liquid and vapor. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child by inhalation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, kidneys, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response	If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. In case of fire: Use water fog, foam, dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide to extinguish. Collect spillage.
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)	None known.
Supplemental information	None.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Mixtures** 

Chemical name	CAS number	%
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	20 - 30
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	10 - 20
Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-	98-56-6	5 - 15
Xylene	1330-20-7	< 2
Nickel	7440-02-0	< 0.8
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 0.6
2-Butanone oxime	96-29-7	< 0.2
2-Ethylhexanoic Acid Zirconium Salt	22464-99-9	< 0.2
Quartz	14808-60-7	< 0.2
Copper	7440-50-8	< 0.1

**Composition comments** 

The exact percentage (concentration) of composition has been withheld as a trade secret. All concentrations are in percent by weight. Components not listed are either non-hazardous or are below reportable limits.

4. First-aid measures

media

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Jaundice. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).
Unsuitable extinguishing	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed such as: Carbon oxides. Chlorine compounds. Fluorine compounds. Fumes of metal oxides.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.
Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Cool containers exposed to flames with water until well after the fire is out.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Flammable liquid and vapor.

### 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Prevent product from entering drains.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material. Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment.
	Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Avoid prolonged exposure. Persons susceptible to allergic reactions should not handle this product. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Oc	Occupational exposure limits				
US. OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)					
	Components	Туре	Value		
	Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3		

# US. OSHA Table Z-1 Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
2-Ethylhexanoic Acid Zirconium Salt (CAS 22464-99-9)	PEL	5 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	PEL	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.1 mg/m3	Fume.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	PEL	1 mg/m3	
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-3 Permissible Exposur Components	e Limits (PEL) for Mineral Dusts (29 Type	CFR 1910.1000) Value	Form
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.1 mg/m3	Respirable.
		2.4 mppcf	Respirable.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)			
Components	Туре	Value	Form
2-Ethylhexanoic Acid Zirconium Salt (CAS 22464-99-9)	STEL	10 mg/m3	
	TWA	5 mg/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1.5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA	0.025 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	2.5 mg/m3	Respirable finescale particles
		0.2 mg/m3	Respirable nanoscale particles
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	TWA	20 ppm	
NIOSH. Immediately Dangerous to Life or Components	Health (IDLH) Values, as amended Type	Value	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	IDLH	100 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	IDLH	0.8 %	
		800 ppm	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	IDLH	10 mg/m3	
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	IDLH	50 mg/m3	
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	IDLH	5000 mg/m3	

## US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards

Components	Туре		Val	ue	Form
2-Ethylhexanoic Acid Zirconium Salt (CAS 22464-99-9)	STEL		10 ו	mg/m3	
	TWA		5 m	g/m3	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA		1 m	g/m3	Dust and mist.
			0.1	mg/m3	Fume.
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	STEL		545	mg/m3	
			125	ppm	
	TWA		435	mg/m3	
			100	ppm	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA		0.0	15 mg/m3	
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	TWA		0.0	5 mg/m3	Respirable dust.
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	-	655	mg/m3	
			150	ppm	
	TWA		435	mg/m3	
			100	ppm	
US. OARS. Workplace Er Components	าvironmental Exposure Type	Level (WEEL) Gui	de Val	ue	
2-Butanone oxime (CAS 96-29-7)	TWA		36 ו	mg/m3	
,			10	opm	
ACGIH Biological Expose Components	ure Indices (BEI) Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling 1	Гіme
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	5 µg/l	Nickel	Urine	*	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*	
* - For sampling details, pl	ease see the source docu	ument.			
ppropriate engineering ontrols	Explosion-proof gen Ventilation rates sho exhaust ventilation, exposure limits. Pro	eral and local exha- ould be matched to or other engineerin vide easy access to	ust ventilation. G conditions. If app g controls to mai o water supply or	iood general v blicable, use p ntain airborne an emergeno	ventilation should be used. process enclosures, local e levels below recommended cy shower.
dividual protection measur	es, such as personal pr	otective equipme	nt	-	
Eye/face protection	Wear safety glasses needed.	with side shields (	or goggles) and a	a face shield.	Wear a full-face respirator, if
Skin protection					
Hand protection	Wear appropriate ch time of 245 +/- 44 m	nemical resistant gl ninutes. Minimum g <sup>l</sup>	oves. Glove mate love thickness 0.3	erial: Nitrile. U 381 (15 mil) n	se gloves with breakthrough nm. Be aware that the liquid
	may penetrate the g in consultation with material.	loves. Frequent ch the gloves supplier	ange is advisable , who can inform	e. The most si about the bre	uitable glove must be choser eakthrough time of the glove
Skin protection	may penetrate the g in consultation with material.	ploves. Frequent ch the gloves supplier	ange is advisable , who can inform	e. The most s about the bre	uitable glove must be choser akthrough time of the glove

Respiratory protection	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Chemical respirator with organic vapor cartridge and full facepiece. Follow OSHA respirator regulations (29CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Check with respiratory protective equipment suppliers.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Liquid.
Color	Dove gray color.
Odor	Characteristic of solvents.
Odor threshold	Property has not been measured.
рН	Not applicable (material is insoluble in water).
Melting point/freezing point	Technically not possible to determine.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	282.2 - 415.4 °F (139 - 213 °C)
Flash point	104 °F (40 °C) (Mineral spirits)
Evaporation rate	Property has not been measured.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Explosive limit - lower (%)	0.8 % (Petroleum distillates)
Explosive limit - upper (%)	5.6 % (Petroleum distillates)
Vapor pressure	5.3 mmHg (68 °F (20 °C))
Vapor density	> 1 (Air=1) (77 °F (25 °C))
Relative density	1.208 (Water=1) (77 °F (25 °C))
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	(< 0.1%) Insoluble in water.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not applicable, product is a mixture.
Auto-ignition temperature	500 °F (260 °C) (Petroleum distillates)
Decomposition temperature	488.8 °F (253.8 °C)
Viscosity	Property has not been measured.
Other information	Total weight solids: 55.31 % w/w (Calculated) Total volume solids: 45.26 % v/v (Calculated)
Density	1.208 g/cm³ (77 °F (25 °C))
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability	Flammable liquid and vapor.
Kinematic viscosity	2500 mm²/s (77 °F (25 °C))
Oxidizing properties	Not oxidizing.
Particle size	Does not contain nanomaterials.
VOC	414.64 g/l (Calculated) 3.46 lb/gal (Calculated)
10. Stability and reactivity	
Poactivity	The product is stable and pop-reactive under pormal conditions of use, storage and trapport

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Protect against direct sunlight. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Halogens. Chlorine.
Hazardous decomposition products	Thermal decomposition or combustion may liberate carbon oxides and other toxic gases or vapors. Chlorine compounds. Fluorine compounds. Fumes of metal oxides.

### 11. Toxicological information

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child by inhalation. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.
Skin contact	Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	May cause discomfort if swallowed.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Jaundice. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.		
Components	Species	Test Results
2-Butanone oxime (CAS 96-29-	7)	
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 1000 mg/kg, 24 Hours
Oral		
LD50	Rat	> 900 mg/kg
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	15400 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	17.4 mg/l, 4 hours
Oral	_	
LD50	Rat	3500 - 4700 mg/kg
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)		
Acute		
Inhalation		
NOAEC	Rat	10200 mg/l, 1 hours
Oral	5.4	
LD50	Rat	> 9000 mg/kg
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-6	7-7)	
Acute		
	Det	> 5000 mg///g
	Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		
Acute		
	Rat	3523 ma/ka
		Jozo myny
Skin corrosion/irritation		orony invitation
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.	

Respiratory or skin sensitization	Respiratory or skin sensitization		
<b>Respiratory sensitization</b>	Not a respiratory sensitizer.		
Skin sensitization	May cause an allergic skin read	ction.	
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate pr mutagenic or genotoxic.	oduct or any components present at greater than 0.1% are	
Carcinogenicity	May cause cancer.		
IARC Monographs. Overall E	valuation of Carcinogenicity		
Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(triflu Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-4 Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) Titanium dioxide (CAS 134 Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) <b>NTP Report on Carcinogens</b> Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) <b>OSHA Specifically Regulated</b>	luoromethyl)- (CAS 98-56-6) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.   -41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.   2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.   ') 1 Carcinogenic to humans.   3463-67-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.   ') 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.   's Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.   '/) Known To Be Human Carcinogen.		
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	) Cancer		
Reproductive toxicity	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.		
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.		
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	May cause damage to organs (central nervous system, kidneys, liver) through prolonged or repeated exposure.		
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.		
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.		
Further information	Symptoms may be delayed.		

# 12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

coloxicity	Toxic to uquate the with long labeling broote.			
Components		Species	Test Results	
Copper (CAS 7440-50	)-8)			
Aquatic				
Chronic				
Other	NOEC	Juga plicifera	6 µg/l	
Distillates (petroleum)	, hydrotreated light	(CAS 64742-47-8)		
Aquatic				
Acute				
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.9 mg/l, 96 hours	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 1	00-41-4)			
Aquatic				
Acute				
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.81 - 2.38 mg/l, 48 hours	
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4.2 mg/l, 96 hours	
Chronic				
Crustacea	EC50	Ceriodaphnia dubia	3.6 mg/l, 7 days	
Titanium dioxide (CAS	6 13463-67-7)			
Aquatic				
Acute				
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	> 100 mg/l, 48 Hours	
Fish	LL50	Oryzias latipes	> 100 mg/l, 96 Hours	

Components		Species	Test Results
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.6 mg/l, 96 hours
Persistence and degradability	No data is avai	lable on the degradability of this pr	oduct.
Bioaccumulative potential			
<b>Partition coefficient n-octa</b> Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoro Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4	<b>nol / water (log K</b> omethyl)- (CAS 98 4)	<b>ow)</b> -56-6) 3.6 3.15	
Mobility in soil	The product is	insoluble in water. Not expected to	be mobile in soil.
Other adverse effects	The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential. This product contains one or more substances identified as hazardous air pollutants (HAPs) per the US Federal Clean Air Act (see section 15).		
13. Disposal consideration	ons		
Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to dra into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or us container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.		rs at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the ed incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain onds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used dance with local/regional/national/international
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in acc	ordance with all applicable regulati	ons.
Hazardous waste code	D001: Waste F The waste cod disposal compa	lammable material with a flash poi e should be assigned in discussion any.	nt <140 F between the user, the producer and the waste
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose in acc residues. This	ordance with local regulations. Em material and its container must be	pty containers or liners may retain some product disposed of in a safe manner.
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied	containers may retain product resi	due, follow label warnings even after container is

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

### 14. Transport information

DOT	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	Yes
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Special provisions	B1, B52, IB3, T2, TP1, TP29
Packaging exceptions	150
Packaging non bulk	173
Packaging bulk	242
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Label(s)	3
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	Yes
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1263

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)	PAINT			
Class	3			
Subsidiary risk	-			
Packing group	III			
Environmental hazards				
Marine pollutant	Yes			
EmS	F-E, <u>S-E</u>	000		
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not established.	s, SDS and emergenc	y procedures before handling.	
15. Regulatory information				
US federal regulations	This product is a "Haza Standard, 29 CFR 1910	rdous Chemical" as de ).1200.	efined by the OSHA Hazard Com	munication
TSCA Section 12(b) Exp	ort Notification (40 CFF	R 707, Subpt. D)		
Benzene, 1-chloro-4-( CERCLA Hazardous Sub	(trifluoromethyl)- (CAS 98 ostance List (40 CFR 30	8-56-6) 0.1 % One-Ti I <b>2.4)</b>	me Export Notification only.	
Copper (CAS 7440-50	0-8)	Listed.		
Distillates (petroleum) (CAS 64742-47-8)	), hydrotreated light	Listed.		
Ethylbenzene (CAS 1	00-41-4)	Listed.		
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-	-0)	Listed.		
Xylene (CAS 1330-20	0-7)	Listed.		
SARA 304 Emergency re	lease notification			
Not regulated. OSHA Specifically Regu	lated Substances (29 C	FR 1910.1001-1053)		
Quartz (CAS 14808-6	0-7)	Cancer		
		lung effects immune syste kidney effects	em effects	
Toxic Substances Control A	ct (TSCA)	All components of the "active".	mixture on the TSCA 8(b) invent	tory are designated
Superfund Amendments and Rea	authorization Act of 198	36 (SARA)		
SARA 302 Extremely hazard Not listed.	ous substance			
SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical	Yes			
Classified hazard	Flammable (gases, aer	osols, liquids, or solids	3)	
categories	Respiratory or skin sen	sitization		
	Carcinogenicity			
	Reproductive toxicity			
	Specific target organ to	xicity (single or repeat	ea exposure)	
SARA 313 (TRI reporting)		0.0.0		
		CAS number	% by wt.	
Ethylbenzene		100-41-4	< 0.6	
Nickel		7440-02-0 1330-20-7	< 0.8	
Ayiciic		1000-20-7	~ 2	
		iulants (HAPS) LISt		
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-4	1-4)			
NICKEI (CAS $/440-02-0$ ) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)				
Clean Air Act (CAA) Section	112(r) Accidental Relea	ase Prevention (40 C	FR 68.130)	
Not regulated.			······································	

Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA)

### US state regulations

#### US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)- (CAS 98-56-6) Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

### US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

### US. Rhode Island RTK

2-Ethylhexanoic Acid Zirconium Salt (CAS 22464-99-9) Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### **California Proposition 65**

**WARNING:** This product can expose you to chemicals including Titanium dioxide, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

#### California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)- (CAS 98-56-6)	Listed: June 28, 2018
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	Listed: June 11, 2004
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	Listed: May 7, 2004
Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7)	Listed: October 1, 1988
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	Listed: September 2, 2011
California, Candidate Chemicals List, Safer Consu	mer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs. tit. 22, 69502.3.

US. California. Cand subd. (a))

2-Butanone oxime (CAS 96-29-7) Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)- (CAS 98-56-6) Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

### 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date	18-September-2023
Revision date	-
Version #	01
NFPA ratings	2 2 0

Disclaimer

Stainless Steel Coatings, Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.