Approval Sheet

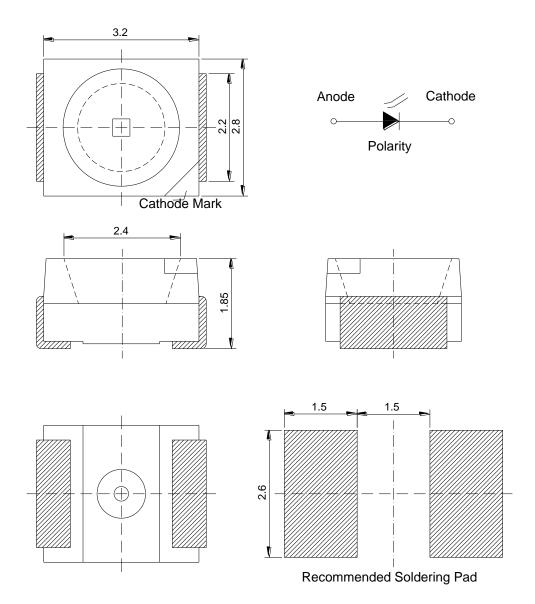
(Product type):SMD				
(Product name):35	528 White			
(Part No.):				
(Sample No.):				
(Acknowledgement Numbers):20140409001				
(Signatures)				
(Approved) (Checked) (Drawn)				
	(Product name):35 (Part No.): (Sample No.): (Acknowledgen	(Product name):3528 White (Part No.): (Sample No.): (Acknowledgement Numbers):20140409001 (Signatures)		

(Customer)					
(Corporation):					
(Material No.):					
(Part No.):					
	(Customer Signatures)				

Feature

- *Low power consumption
- *Long life-solid state reliability
- *Available on tape and reel
- *RoHS compliant

Package outline dimensions



Note:

- 1. All dimensions are in millimeters(mm);
- 2. X.X is \pm -0.1mm, X.XX is \pm -0.05mm unless otherwise noted;
- 3. The device has a single mounting surface, the device must be mounted according to the specifications.

Electrical characteristics data sheet

Selection Guide

Part No.	Emitted Color	Resin color	Viewing Angle
	(White)	(Yellow)	120

Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25℃

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Power dissipation	Pd	120	mW
DC Forward Current	If	30	mA
Peak Forward Current ⁽¹⁾	Ifp	100	mA
Reverse Voltage	Vr	5	V
Electro-Static-Discharge ⁽²⁾ (HBM)	ESD	1000	V
Operating Temperature	Topr	-25to+85	°C
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-40to+100	C
Lead Solder Temperature	Tsol	260 for 5sec	°C

Notes:

- 1.1/10 duty cycle, 0.1ms pulse width
- 2. The products are sensitive to static electricity and must be carefully taken when handling products.

Electrical/Optical Characteristics Ta=25 $^{\circ}$ C

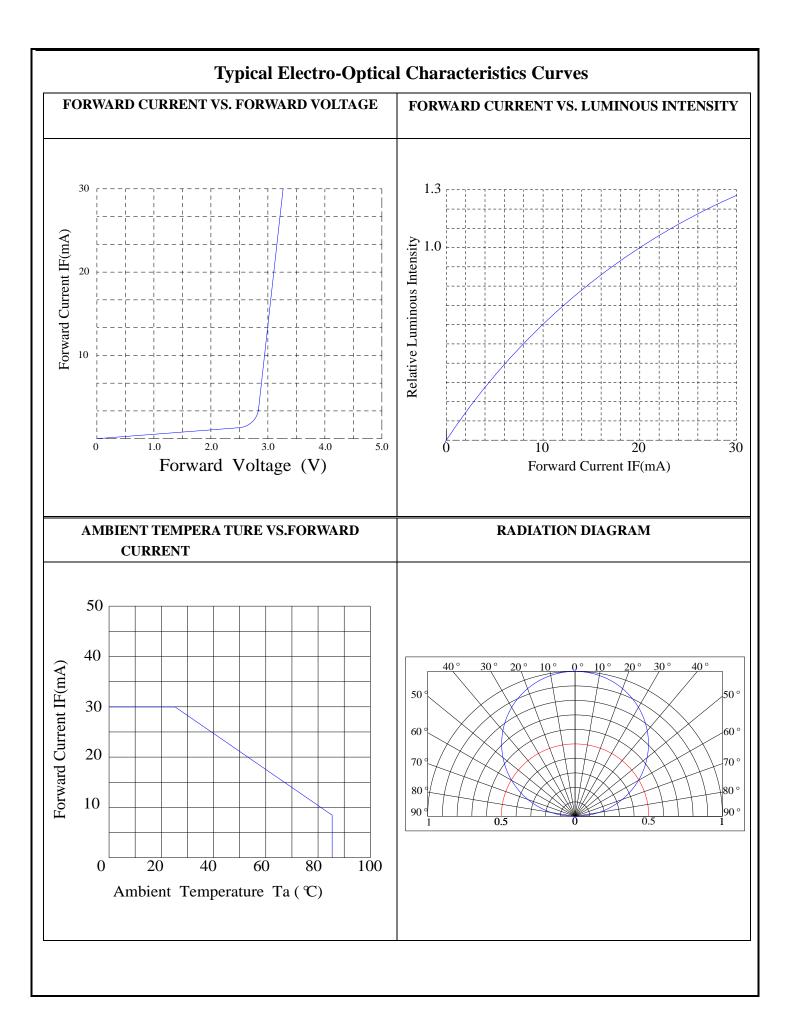
Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Value		Unit	
rarameter			Min.	Тур.	Max.	Omt
Forward voltage	Vf	If=20mA	2.8	3.0	3.4	V
Luminous flux	Φ	If=20mA	6	7	9	lm
Chromoticity acondinate	X	If=20mA		0.32		
Chromaticity coordinate	Y	If=20mA		0.34		
Color temperature	Тс	If=20mA	5600	`	7000	K
Color rendering index	Ra	If=20mA		72		%
Reverse current	Ir	Vr=5V			10	μΑ

Notes:

1. Forward voltage: $\pm 0.05V$.

2. Color temperature: $\pm 5\%$.

3. Luminous Flux: $\pm 10\%$.

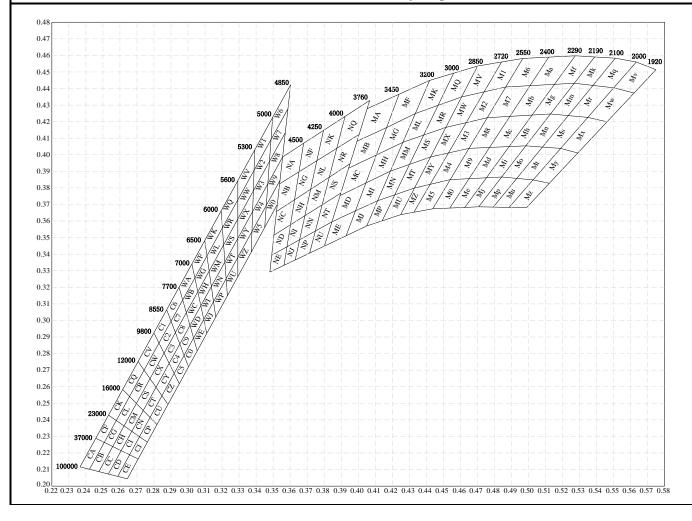


Bin Range of Technical Data Sheet

7	Voltage code		Intensity code			
Forward voltage		d voltage		Luminous Flux		
group	Min (v)	max (v)	group	Min (lm)	max (lm)	
J	2.8	3.0	3	6	7	
K	3.0	3.2	4	7	8	
L	3.2	3.4	5	8	9	

Bin Range of Chromaticity Coordinates Block<色坐标分 BIN 等级>

The CIE 1931 Chromaticity diagram



Notes:

- 1. Tolerance of forward voltage for each Bin limit is ± 0.1 v.
- 2. Tolerance of luminous flu for each Bin limit is $\pm 10\%$.
- 3. Tolerance of X/Y for each Bin limit is ± 0.005 .

Reliability Test Items and Conditions

1. Test items and result

Test Item	Ref. Standard	Test Condition	Note	Number of Damaged	
Resistance to Soldering Heat	JESD22-B106	JESD22-B106 Tsld=260℃,10sec		0/100	
Temperature Cycle	Temperature Cycle JESD22-A104 -40°C 30min ↓↑ 5min 100°C 30min		100 cycle	0/100	
Thermal Shock	-40°C 15min JESD22-A106 ↑ 100°C 15min		100 cy cle	0/100	
Power temperature Cycling	r temperature Cycling JESD22-A105 On 5min -40°C>15min $\uparrow \downarrow \uparrow \downarrow <15min$ Off 5min 100°C>15min		100 cycle	0/100	
High temperature Storage JESD22-A103 Ta=100℃		Ta=100°C	1000 hrs	0/100	
Low temperature Storage	JESD22-A119	Ta=-40°C	1000 hrs	0/100	
Lift Test	JESD22-A108	T _a =25°C IF=20mA	1000 hrs	0/20	
High Humidity Heat Lift Test	JESD22-A101	60℃ RH=90% IF=20mA	1000 hrs	0/20	

2. Criteria for judging damage

Item	Symbol	Test Conditions	Criteria for Judgment	
			Min	Max
Forward voltage	VF	IF=20mA		U.S.L*)×1.1
Reverse current	IR	VR=5V		U.S.L*)×2.0
Luminous intensity	IV	IF=20mA	L.S.L**)×0.7	

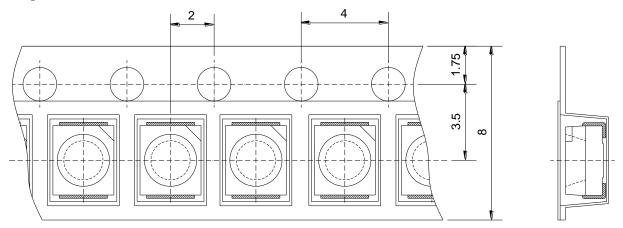
Notes:

U.S.L.: Upper Standard Level

L.S.L.: Lower Standard Level

Packaging Dimensions Specification

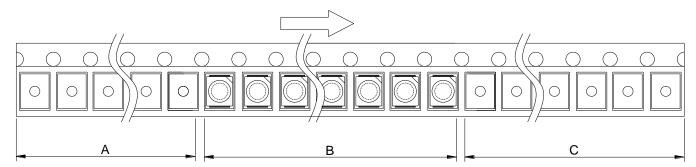
1. Carrier tape dimensions



Notes:

- 1) All dimensions are in millimeters
- 2) Tolerance is ±0.25 unless otherwise noted

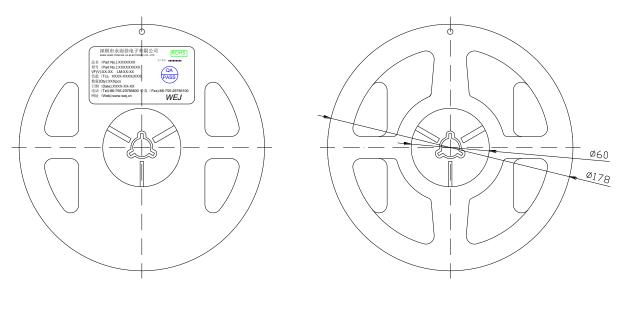
2. Details of carrier tape



Notes:

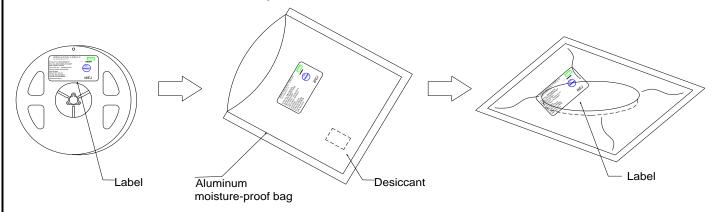
 A_{γ} empty tape; B_{γ} loading tape; C_{γ} empty tape.

3. Reel dimensions



Packaging Dimensions Specification

4. Moisture-Proof and anti-static electricity



5 Label

RoHS Product No.: ********* Part No. C/T No. ·******** BIN CODE ·********* **V**F (**v**) ·******** Tc (K) ·********* Flux (lm) ·********* Q'TY(PCS) ·******** Lot No. ·********

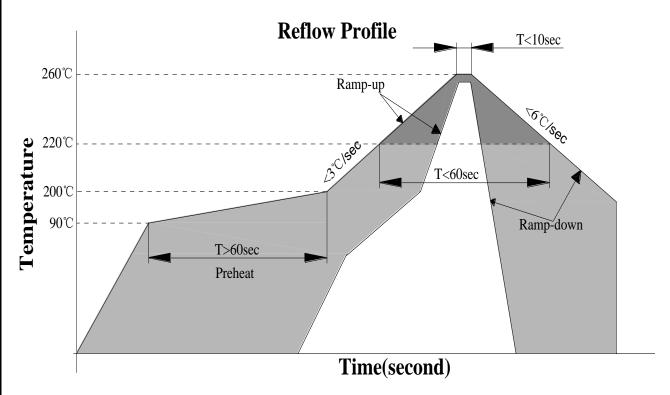
Label Explanation:

VF: Forward Voltage Tc: Color Temperature Flux: Luminous Flux

Precautions

1. Requirements for application and reflow soldering

Use the recommended curve in the under figure of Pb-free reflow soldering.



\triangle Notes for reflow soldering:

- 1) No more than twice for reflow soldering.
- 2) To ensure the quality of our LEDs ,please do not put pressure on the lens of LEDs.
- 3) Please choose the right nozzle to avoid the damage to products due to the pressure.
- 4) Please put on the antistatic hand loop during the use. The worktable should be with antistatic finish. The equipments must be contacted with ground

☆Handwork soldering

- 1) During the soldering, the electronic soldering iron must be kept under the temperature of 350°C and the soldering time must not be beyond 3 seconds. No touch between the electronic soldering iron and colloid.
- 2) Handwork soldering is only allowed once. We won't take responsibility for more than that.
- 3) Avoid using sharp objects to compress products Colloidal Part directly.
- 4) Please put on the antistatic hand loop during the use. The worktable should be with antistatic finish. The equipments must be contacted with ground.

2. Storage

- ☆ Moisture proof and anti-electrostatic package with moisture absorbent material is used to keep moisture to a minimum.

 Before opening the package, the product should be kept at 30°C or less and humidity less than 60%RH ,and be used in six months.
- ☆ After opening the package, the product should be stored at 30°C or less and humidity less than 10%RH, and be soldered within 24 hours. It is recommended that the product be operated at the workshop condition of 30°C or less and humidity less than 60% RH.
- 1 If the moisture absorbent material has fade away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed based on the following condition(60±5) $^{\circ}$ C for 12 hour.

3, Static electricity

☆Static electricity or surge voltage damages the LEDs .Damaged LEDs will show some unusual characteristic such as the forward voltage comes lower, or the LEDs do not light at the low current. even not light.

All devices, equipment and machinery must be properly grounded. At the same time ,it is recommended that wrist bands or anti-electrostatic gloves, anti-electrostatic containers be used when dealing with the LEDs.

4. Vulcanization

LED curing is due to sulfur being in bracket and the +1 price of silver in the chemical reaction generated Ag2S in the process. It will lead to the capacity of reflecting of silver layer reducing, light color temperature drift and serious decline, seriously affecting the performance of the product. So we should take corresponding measures to avoiding vulcanization, Such as to avoid using Sulphur volatile substances and keeping away from high Sulphur content of the material.

5. Safety advice for human eyes

☆ Viewing direct to the light emitting center of the LEDs, especially those of great luminous Intensity will cause great hazard to human eyes .Please be careful.

6. Design consideration

☆In designing a circuit about LED, the current through each LED must not exceed the absolute maximum rating specified for each LED. In the meanwhile, resistors for protection should be applied, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change, burn out may happen.