# SAFETY DATA SHEET



1. Identification

**Product identifier** STEEL-IT 1050B Polyurethane Aerosol - Dove Gray

Other means of identification

Product code FGAE1050B (14 oz.), FGAE1050C (4.5 oz.), CASE1050B (case of 12 FGAE1050B), CASE1050C

(case of 12 FGAE1050C)

Recommended use Paint / Industrial coating (topcoat).

Category: Pigmented metallic coating.

Uses other than the recommended use. Recommended restrictions

Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name Stainless Steel Coatings, Inc.

**Address** 835 Sterling Road

> Lancaster, MA 01523-2915 United States of America

978-365-9828 Telephone

E-mail sds@STEEL-IT.com

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (Toll Free) **Emergency telephone** 

International: 1-703-527-3887

2. Hazard(s) identification

**Physical hazards** Flammable aerosols Category 1

> Gases under pressure Compressed gas

**Health hazards** Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2

> Sensitization, skin Category 1 Carcinogenicity Category 1B Reproductive toxicity (inhalation) Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects Specific target organ toxicity, repeated Category 2 (nervous system)

exposure (inhalation)

**Environmental hazards** Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 2

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Category 2

**OSHA** defined hazards Simple asphyxiant

Label elements

Signal word Danger

**Hazard statement** Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May displace

oxygen and cause rapid suffocation. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child by inhalation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs (nervous system) through prolonged or

repeated exposure by inhalation. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# **Precautionary statement**

Prevention Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read

and understood. Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not enter storage areas or confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective gloves/protective

clothing/eye protection/face protection.

**Response** If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If on skin: Wash with plenty of water. If

skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

Call a poison center/doctor if you feel unwell. Collect spillage.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Protect from

sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F.

**Disposal** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

None known.

Supplemental information

None.

# 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### **Mixtures**

Chemical name	CAS number	%	
Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-	98-56-6	10 - 20	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8	10 - 20	
Propane	74-98-6	10 - 20	
Butane	106-97-8	7 - 13	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	7 - 13	
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-49-0	1 - 5	
n-Hexane	110-54-3	1 - 5	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	< 0.5	
Nickel	7440-02-0	< 0.5	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 0.4	
Butanone oxime	96-29-7	< 0.3	
Copper	7440-50-8	< 0.1	

# **Composition comments**

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of component(s) have been withheld as a trade secret.

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume. Components not listed are either non-hazardous or are below reportable limits.

# 4. First-aid measures

**Inhalation** Remove from further exposure. For those providing assistance, avoid exposure to yourself or

others. Use adequate respiratory protection. If respiratory tract irritation, dizziness, nausea, or unconsciousness occurs, seek immediate medical assistance. If breathing has stopped, assist ventilation with a mechanical device or use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention immediately.

**Skin contact** Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of

eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions.

Eye contact Rinse with water. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

**In the unlikely event of swallowing contact a physician or poison control center. Rinse mouth. Do** 

not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center. If vomiting occurs, keep head low

so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

changes. Decrease in motor functions. Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Narcosis. Headache. Fatigue. Nausea, vomiting. Behavioral

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**General information** 

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice

(show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in

# 5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Alcohol resistant foam. Dry chemical powder. Carbon dioxide (CO2).

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed such as: Carbon oxides. Chlorine compounds. Fluorine compounds. Funes of metal oxides.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. For massive fire in cargo area, use unmanned hose holder or monitor nozzles, if possible. If not, withdraw and let fire burn out.

Specific methods

General fire hazards

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may explode when exposed to heat or flame.

# 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures In the event of a leak evacuate all personnel until ventilation can restore oxygen concentrations to safe levels. Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move the cylinder to a safe and open area if the leak is irreparable. Isolate area until gas has dispersed. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains.

Pick up undamaged aerosol cans mechanically. Dike leaked material, where this is possible. Absorb in vermiculite, dry sand or earth and place into containers. Scoop up used absorbent into drums or other appropriate container. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

# **Environmental precautions**

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground.

SDS US

# 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded.

Do not breathe mist/vapors/spray. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Persons susceptible for allergic reactions should not handle this product. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Mechanical ventilation or local exhaust ventilation may be required. Do not enter storage areas or confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Oxygen concentration should not fall below 19.5 % at sea level (pO2 = 135 mmHg). Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Store in original tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

# 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### Occupational exposure limits

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	PEL	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.1 mg/m3	Fume.
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	PEL	1050 mg/m3	
		300 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	PEL	435 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
		500 ppm	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	PEL	1 mg/m3	
Propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	PEL	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Value	es (TLV)		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
Butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)	TWA	1 mg/m3	Dust and mist.
		0.2 mg/m3	Fume.
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	TWA	100 ppm	
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	TWA	50 ppm	
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	TWA	1.5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)	TWA	2.5 mg/m3	Respirable finescale particles

SDS US

# US. OARS. Workplace Environmental Exposure Level (WEEL) Guide Components Type Value Butanone oxime (CAS 96-29-7) TWA 36 mg/m3 10 ppm

1000 ppm

# **Biological limit values**

#### **ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)**

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)	50 mg/g	1,2-Cyclohexan ediol, with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*
Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)	0.15 g/g	Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid	Creatinine in urine	*
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)	0.5 mg/l	2,5-Hexanedio ne, without hydrolysis	Urine	*
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	5 μg/l	Nickel	Urine	*

<sup>\* -</sup> For sampling details, please see the source document.

#### **Exposure guidelines**

US - California OELs: Skin designation

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

**US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation** 

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Danger of cutaneous absorption

Appropriate engineering

controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Provide easy access to water supply or an emergency shower.

#### Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield. Wear a full-face respirator, if

needed.

Skin protection

**Hand protection** Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves. Glove material: Nitrile. Use gloves with breakthrough

time of 15 +/- 15 minutes. Minimum glove thickness 0.381 (15 mil) mm. Be aware that the liquid may penetrate the gloves. Frequent change is advisable. The most suitable glove must be chosen in consultation with the gloves supplier, who can inform about the breakthrough time of the glove

material.

Skin protection

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure

limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn. Wear respiratory protection with combination filter (dust and gas filter) during spraying operations. Follow OSHA respirator

regulations (29CFR 1910.134) and use NIOSH/MSHA approved respirators. Check with respiratory

protective equipment suppliers.

**Thermal hazards** Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good

personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove

contaminants. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

# 9. Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

considerations

Physical state Liquid.

Form Aerosol - Pressurized liquid (spray).

Color Dove gray.

Odor Characteristic of solvents.

Odor threshold Property has not been measured.

pH Not applicable (material is insoluble in water).

Melting point/freezing point > -139 °F (> -95 °C)

STEEL-IT 1050B Polyurethane Aerosol – Dove Gray 967873 Version #: 01 Revision date: - Issue date: 07-March-2024 Initial boiling point and boiling > 132.8 °F (> 56 °C)

range

Flash point Not applicable, product is an aerosol dispenser.

**Evaporation rate** Property has not been measured. Extremely flammable aerosol. Flammability (solid, gas)

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

0.6 % Explosive limit - lower (%) Explosive limit - upper (%) 12.8 %

70 psi (68 °F (20 °C)) Vapor pressure

Vapor density > 6.24 (Air=1) (77 °F (25 °C)) Relative density 0.802 (Water=1) (77 °F (25 °C))

Solubility(ies)

(< 0.1%) Insoluble in water. Solubility (water)

Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)

Not applicable, product is a mixture.

**Auto-ignition temperature** > 456.8 °F (> 236 °C) (liquid) **Decomposition temperature** 445.5 °F (229.7 °C) (liquid)

**Viscosity** Property has not been measured.

Other information

0.802 g/cm3 (77 °F (25 °C)) Density

**Explosive properties** Not explosive.

Kinematic viscosity 2700 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (77 °F (25 °C))

**Oxidizing properties** Not oxidizing.

Particle size Does not contain nanomaterials.

VOC MIR CA < 1.25

10. Stability and reactivity

The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport. Reactivity

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Contents under pressure. Do not puncture. Protect against direct sunlight. Avoid heat, sparks,

open flames and other ignition sources. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and

the container may burst or explode. Contact with incompatible materials.

Strong oxidizing agents, Strong acids, Halogens, Chlorine, Incompatible materials

Hazardous decomposition

products

Thermal decomposition of this product can generate carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Fumes

of metal oxides. Chlorine compounds. Fluorine compounds.

# 11. Toxicological information

# Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation Suffocation (asphyxiant) hazard - if allowed to accumulate to concentrations that reduce oxygen

below safe breathing levels. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of damaging fertility or the

unborn child by inhalation.

Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. May be absorbed through the skin. Skin contact

Eye contact Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Ingestion May cause discomfort if swallowed.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Narcosis, Headache, Fatique, Nausea, vomiting, Behavioral changes. Decrease in motor functions. Very high exposure can cause suffocation from lack of oxygen. Symptoms may include loss of mobility/consciousness. Victim may not be aware of asphyxiation. Asphyxiation may bring about unconsciousness without warning and so rapidly that victim may be unable to protect themself. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

# Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not expected to be acutely toxic.

Components **Species Test Results** Butane (CAS 106-97-8) **Acute** Inhalation LC50 Rat 658 mg/l, 4 Hours Butanone oxime (CAS 96-29-7) **Acute Dermal** LD50 Rabbit > 1000 mg/kg, 24 Hours Oral LD50 Rat > 900 mg/kg Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) **Acute** Oral LD50 Rat 12710 mg/kg Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) **Acute Dermal** LD50 Rabbit 15400 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 Rat 17.4 mg/l, 4 hours Oral LD50 Rat 3500 - 4700 mg/kg Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0) **Acute Dermal** LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg Inhalation LC50 Rat > 5000 mg/m3 Oral LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) **Acute Dermal** LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg Inhalation Vapor LC50 Mouse, Rat 169.2 mg/l, 4 Hours Oral LD50 Rat 28710 mg/kg Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) **Acute** Inhalation **NOAEC** Rat 10200 mg/l, 1 hours Oral LD50 Rat > 9000 mg/kg Propane (CAS 74-98-6) **Acute** Inhalation Gas LC50 Rat > 80000 ppm, 15 Minutes

**Test Results** Components **Species** 

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization May cause an allergic skin reaction.

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are Germ cell mutagenicity

mutagenic or genotoxic.

May cause cancer. Carcinogenicity

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)- (CAS 98-56-6) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans. Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) 2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

**NTP Report on Carcinogens** 

Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child by inhalation. Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs (nervous system) through prolonged or repeated exposure by

inhalation.

**Aspiration hazard** Not an aspiration hazard.

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or Chronic effects

repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. **Ecotoxicity** 

**Test Results** Components **Species** 

Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

**Aquatic** Chronic

NOEC Other Juga plicifera 6 µg/l

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

**Aquatic** 

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 0.9 mg/l, 48 hours

Acute

LC50 Fish Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas) >= 3.961 - <= 5.181 mg/l, 96 hours

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Aquatic

Acute

Fish LC50 Rainbow trout, donaldson trout 2.9 mg/l, 96 hours

(Oncorhynchus mykiss)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Aquatic

Acute

Crustacea EC50 Water flea (Daphnia magna) 1.81 - 2.38 mg/l, 48 hours

SDS US

Components		Species	Test Results
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	4.2 mg/l, 96 hours
Chronic			
Crustacea	EC50	Ceriodaphnia dubia	3.6 mg/l, 7 days
Naphtha (petroleum), hy	ydrotreated light (0	CAS 64742-49-0)	
Aquatic			
Acute			
Algae	EC50	Algae	0.4 mg/l, 72 hours
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	> 0.7 - < 0.9 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Fish	> 0.3 - < 1.3 mg/l, 96 hours
n-Hexane (CAS 110-54	-3)		
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	LC50	Daphnia magna	2.1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Pimephales promelas	2.5 mg/l, 96 hours
Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)	)		
Aquatic			
Chronic			
Crustacea	NOEC	Ceriodaphnia dubia	2.8 μg/l
Fish	NOEC	Zebra danio (Danio rerio)	40 μg/l
Titanium dioxide (CAS 1	13463-67-7)		
Aquatic			
Acute			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia magna	> 100 mg/l, 48 Hours
Fish	LL50	Oryzias latipes	> 100 mg/l, 96 Hours

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

# **Bioaccumulative potential**

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)- (CAS 98-56-6) 3.6 Butane (CAS 106-97-8) 2.89 Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) 3.44 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) 3.15 n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) 3.9

The product is insoluble in water. Not expected to be mobile in soil. Mobility in soil

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation

potential. This product contains one or more substances identified as hazardous air pollutants

(HAPs) per the US Federal Clean Air Act (see section 15).

# 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal instructions** Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Incinerate the

material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international

regulations.

Local disposal regulations

Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product

residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner.

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is Contaminated packaging

emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal. Do not re-use empty containers.

# 14. Transport information

DOT

UN1950 **UN** number

**UN** proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk Label(s) 2.1 **Packing group Environmental hazards** 

> Yes Marine pollutant

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions N82 Packaging exceptions 306 Packaging non bulk None Packaging bulk None

IATA

UN1950 **UN** number

**UN proper shipping name** 

Transport hazard class(es)

Aerosols, flammable

2.1 Class Subsidiary risk 2.1 Label(s) Packing group Yes **Environmental hazards ERG Code** 10L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

**IMDG** 

**UN** number UN1950

AEROSOLS, flammable **UN** proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2 Subsidiary risk Packing group **Environmental hazards** 

Marine pollutant Yes F-D, S-U **EmS** 

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

# 15. Regulatory information

**US** federal regulations This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication

Standard, 29 CFR 1910,1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not established.

Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)- (CAS 98-56-6) 0.1 % One-Time Export Notification only.

**CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)** 

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Listed. Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Listed. Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Listed. Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light Listed.

(CAS 64742-47-8)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed. Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light Listed.

(CAS 64742-49-0)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Listed. Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Listed. Propane (CAS 74-98-6) Listed.

# SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

# OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1053)

Not listed.

**Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA)** 

All components of the mixture on the TSCA 8(b) inventory are designated "active".

# Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

# SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Not listed.

SARA 311/312 Hazardous

Yes

chemical

Classified hazard categories

Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids)

Gas under pressure Skin corrosion or irritation Respiratory or skin sensitization

Carcinogenicity Reproductive toxicity

Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Simple asphyxiant

#### SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	< 0.4	-
n-Hexane	110-54-3	1 - 5	
Nickel	7440-02-0	< 0.5	

#### Other federal regulations

#### Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

# Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Safe Drinking Water Act

Contains component(s) regulated under the Safe Drinking Water Act.

(SDWA)

# **US** state regulations

#### **US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List**

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0)

Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

# US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)- (CAS 98-56-6)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-47-8)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

# US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Copper (CAS 7440-50-8)

Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7)

Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

STEEL-IT 1050B Polyurethane Aerosol - Dove Gray

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

#### **US. Rhode Island RTK**

Butane (CAS 106-97-8) Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

#### **California Proposition 65**



WARNING: This product can expose you to chemicals including Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)-, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer, and n-Hexane, which is known to the State of

California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go

to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

# California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Carcinogenic substance

Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)- (CAS 98-56-6) Listed: June 28, 2018 Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4) Listed: June 11, 2004 Nickel (CAS 7440-02-0) Listed: October 1, 1989 Quartz (CAS 14808-60-7) Listed: October 1, 1988 Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7) Listed: September 2, 2011

# California Proposition 65 - CRT: Listed date/Male reproductive toxin

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3) Listed: December 15, 2017

# US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd. (a))

Benzene, 1-chloro-4-(trifluoromethyl)- (CAS 98-56-6)

Butane (CAS 106-97-8)

Butanone oxime (CAS 96-29-7) Copper (CAS 7440-50-8) Cyclohexane (CAS 110-82-7) Ethylbenzene (CAS 100-41-4)

Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated light (CAS 64742-49-0)

n-Hexane (CAS 110-54-3)

Titanium dioxide (CAS 13463-67-7)

#### International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

<sup>\*</sup>A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# 16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 07-March-2024 Revision date Version # NFPA ratings

01



# **Disclaimer**

Stainless Steel Coatings, Inc. cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use.