AlzPED: Optimizing the Predictive Power of Drug Efficacy Studies in Alzheimer's Disease Animal Models



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BACKGROUND

A major challenge to the successful development of therapies for Alzheimer's disease (AD) is the poor translation of preclinical efficacy from animal models to the clinic. Key contributing factors to the unsuccessful translation of therapeutic efficacy include:

- the failure of animal models to fully recapitulate human AD,
- poor rigor in study design, methodology and data analysis,
- failure to match outcome measures used in preclinical animal studies and clinical studies
- poor reproducibility of published data, and
- publication bias in favor of reporting positive findings and under reporting negative findings.

To address key factors contributing to poor translation of preclinical efficacy from animal models to the clinic in AD therapy development, several advisory meetings and workshops including the National Institutes of Health (NIH) AD Summits in 2012 and 2015 were held. In response to expert recommendations from these meetings, the National Institute on Aging (NIA) and the NIH Library have created an open science knowledge portal - the Alzheimer's Disease Preclinical Efficacy Database or AlzPED. Through the following capabilities, AlzPED is intended to guide the development and implementation of strategies and recommendations for standardized best practices for the rigorous preclinical testing of AD candidate therapeutics:



positive and negative

data to overcome

publication bias.



details, designs, data and

methods relating to the

preclinical testing of

candidate therapeutic

agents in AD animal



CAPABILITIES AND SCOPE

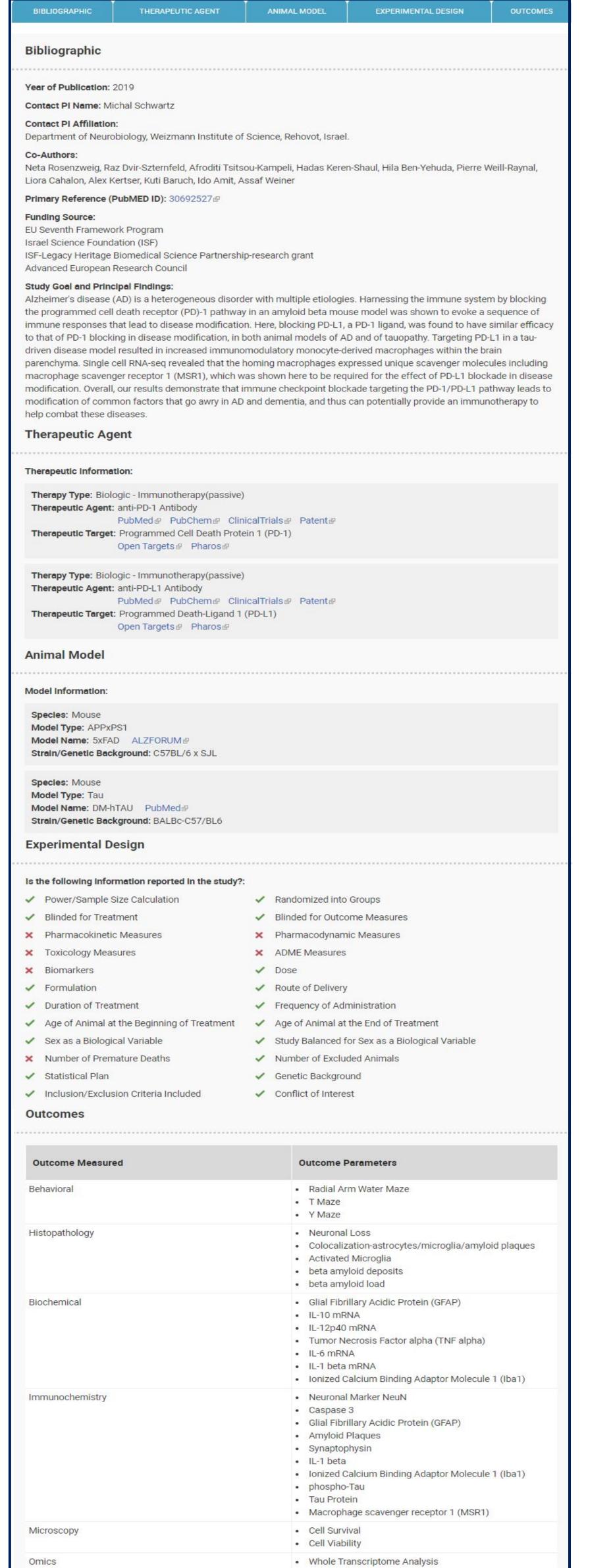
AlzPED has the following capabilities:

- Provides researchers and information scientists with a facile way to survey existing AD preclinical therapy development literature and raise awareness about the elements of rigorous study design and requirements for transparent reporting.
- Currently hosts curated summaries from 1172 preclinical efficacy studies published between 1996 and 2019
- Influences the development and implementation of reproducibility strategies including guidelines for standardized best practices for the rigorous preclinical testing of AD candidate therapeutics.
- Provides search capability across relevant translational criteria data sets and external databases:
- Therapy Type (16 therapy types)
 Related Publications (PubMed)
- Therapeutic Agent (1019 agents)
 Therapeutic Agents (PubChem and DrugBank)
- Therapeutic Target (225 targets)
 Therapeutic Targets (Open Targets and Pharos)
- Animal Model (195 models)
- Principal Investigator

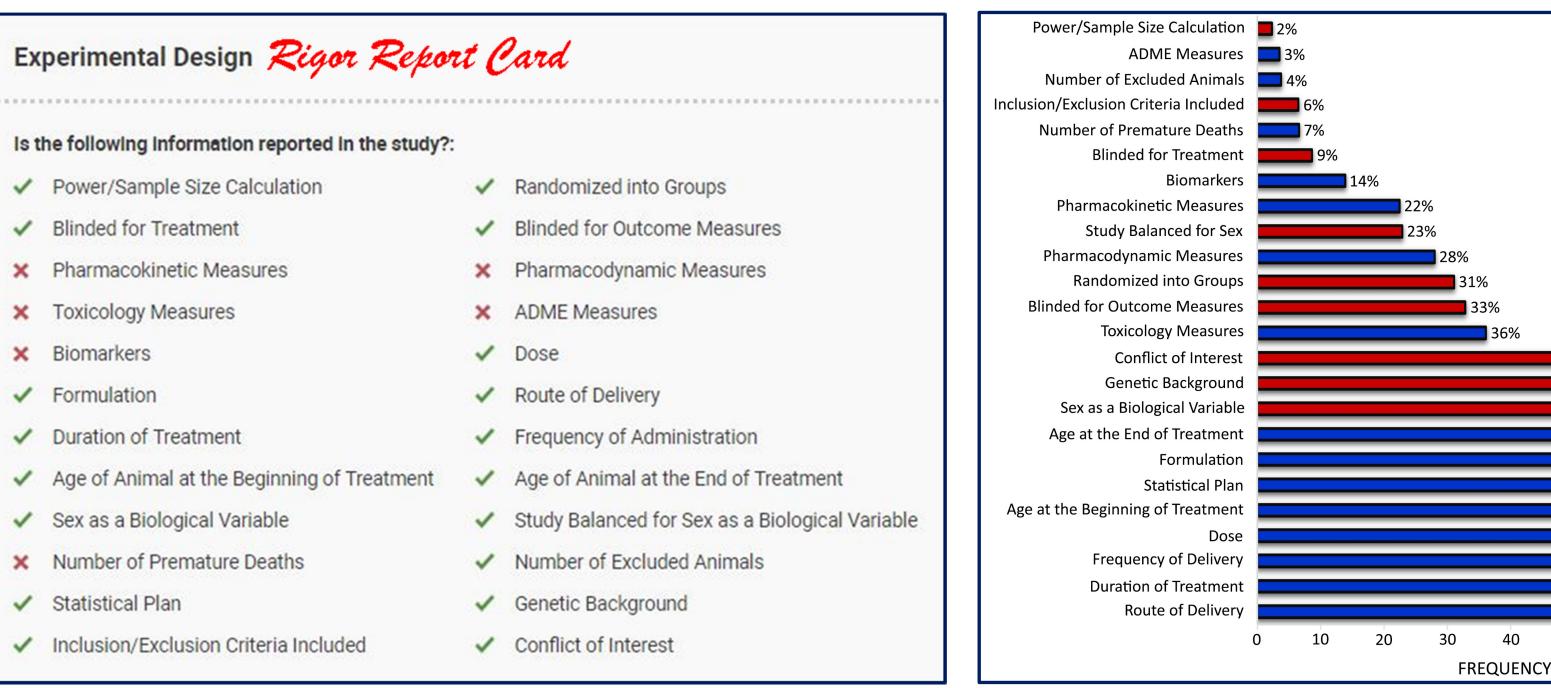
- - Animal Model (Alzforum) Related Clinical Trials (ClinicalTrials.gov)
- Related Patents (Google Patents and USTPO) Funding Source
- Provides funding agencies with a tool for enforcement of requirements for transparent reporting and rigorous study design.
- Provides a platform for creating <u>citable reports/preprints</u> of <u>unpublished studies</u>, including studies with **negative data**.
- · Reports on the rigor of each study by summarizing the elements of experimental design.

AIZPED CURATED RECORD

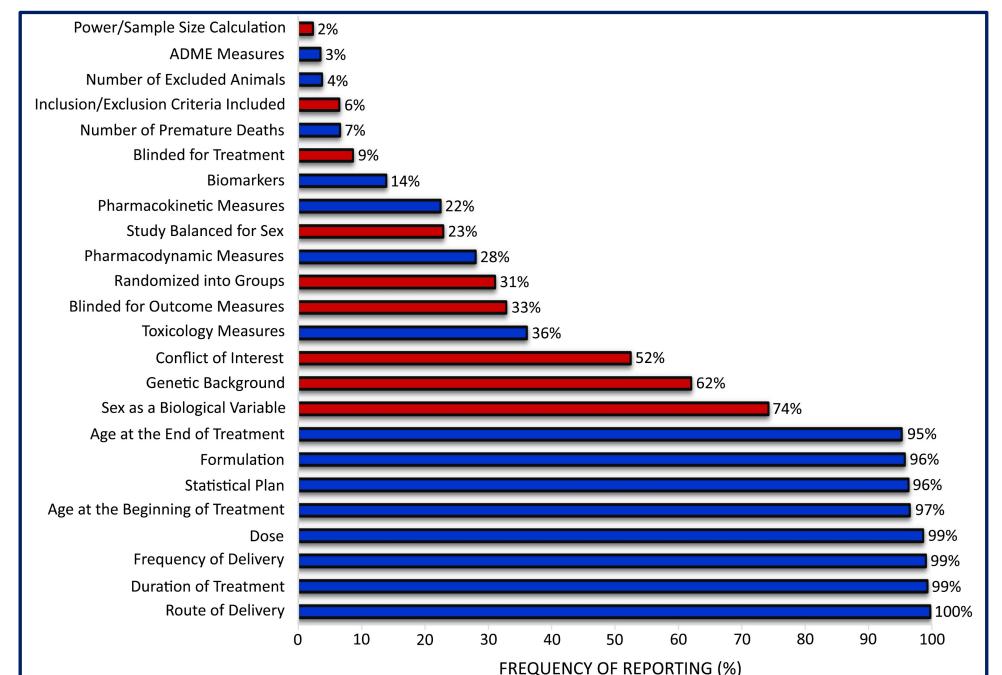
EXAMPLE OF RIGOROUS STUDY DESIGN



CRITICAL ELEMENTS OF EXPERIMENTAL DESIGN



Left: AlzPED is designed to monitor the scientific rigor of curated studies with a "Rigor Report Card" consisting of a standardized set of 24 experimental design elements recommended by expert advisory groups. Right: Graph shows the percentage of studies reporting the standardized set of 24 experimental design elements. The red bars represent the 9 core design elements critical for scientific rigor, and reproducibility. Data is presented as percentage reported, calculated from 1172 published preclinical studies curated to AlzPED.



preclinical studies curated to AlzPED.

■ Model Type

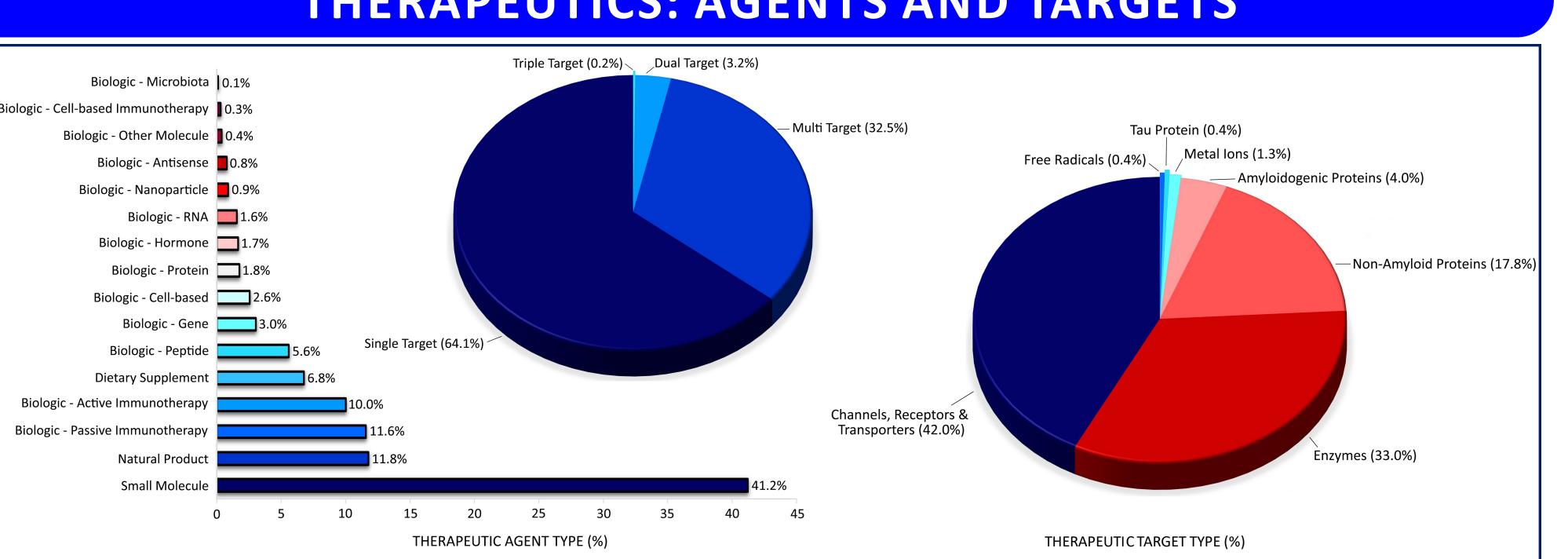
NUMBER 80

Preclinical efficacy data from 6 animal species, 55 model types and 195 different AD animal models are currently available in AlzPED. Data is presented as percentage reported, calculated from 1172 published

ANIMAL MODELS

- Nonhuman Primate (1.6%)

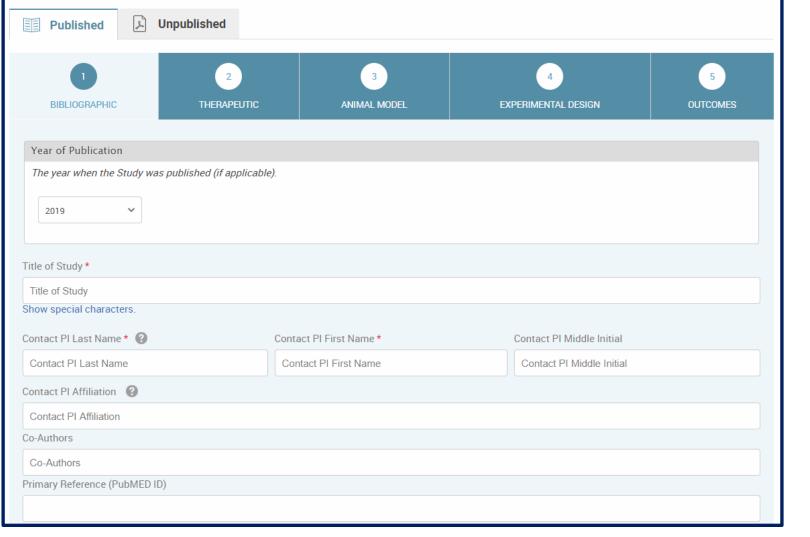
THERAPEUTICS: AGENTS AND TARGETS

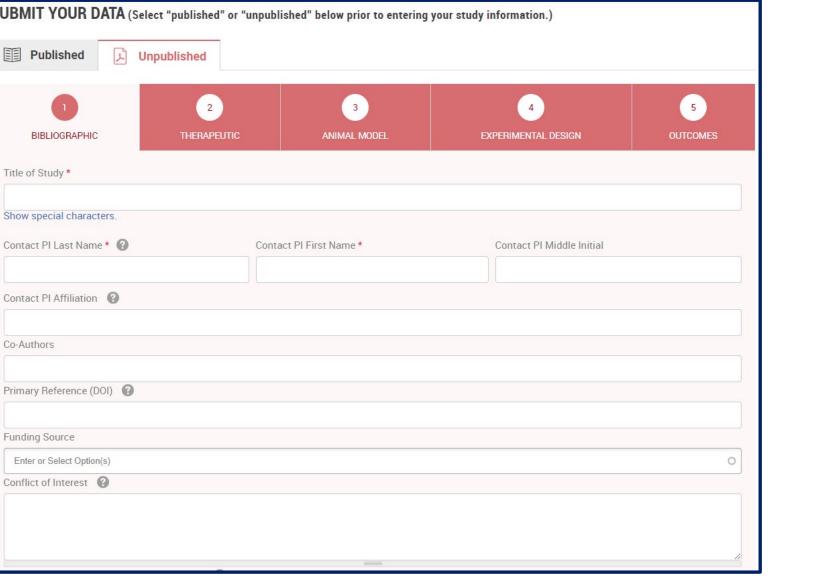


A diverse array of therapeutic agents and targets are catalogued in AlzPED. Left: The database categorizes 1019 novel therapeutic agents into 16 distinct categories. Therapeutic agents are dual-target, triple-target multi-target or have a single specific target. Right: AlzPED stores information on 225 therapeutic targets that are categorized according to function. Data is presented as percentage reported, calculated from 1172 published preclinical studies curated to AlzPED.

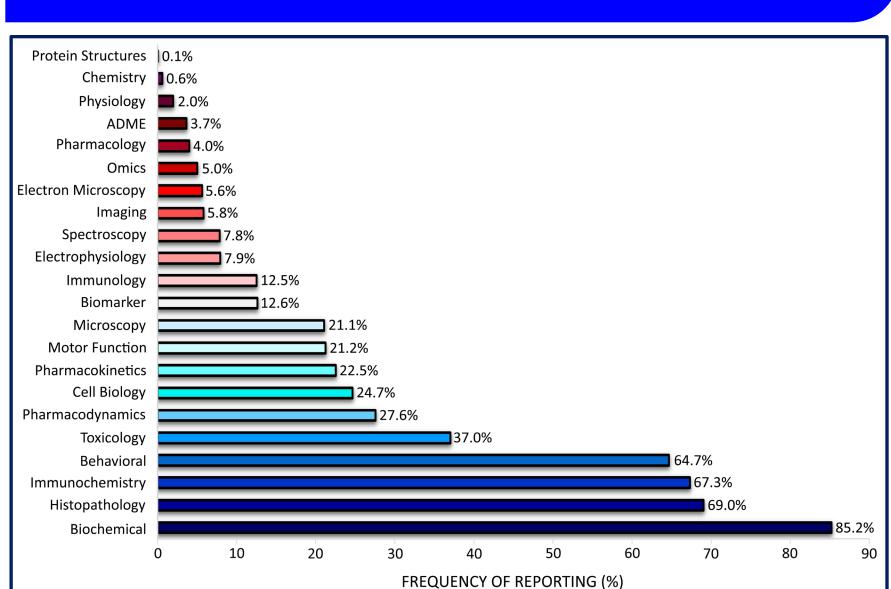
PUBLISHED AND UNPUBLISHED DATA SUBMISSION PLATFORM

extracted from the scientific literature and curated in bibliographic, categories – therapeutic, animal model outcomes. Right: Unpublished data (positive and negative data) will be obtained directly from researchers. A citable D.O.I. will be generated for an downloadable PDF will be hosted on the AD Knowledge Portal.





OUTCOME MEASURES



Curated studies provide an individual snapshot of the measures tested and outcomes achieved in response to the therapeutic agent tested. AlzPED defines 22 different outcome measures that are categorized as either functional or descriptive. Data is presented as percentage reported, calculated from 1172 published preclinical studies curated to

CONCLUSIONS

- Analysis of more than 1100 curated studies demonstrates serious deficiencies in reporting critical elements of study design and methodology which diminish the scientific rigor, reproducibility and predictive value of preclinical therapeutic studies done in AD animal models.
- Adoption of a standardized set of best practices is very likely to improve the predictive validity of preclinical studies done in AD animal models. This measure is likely to promote the effective translation of preclinical drug testing data to the
- AlzPED serves as a platform for reporting unpublished negative findings to mitigate publication bias that favors reporting of positive findings.









SUBMIT YOUR DATA (Select "published" or "unpublished" below prior to entering your study information.)