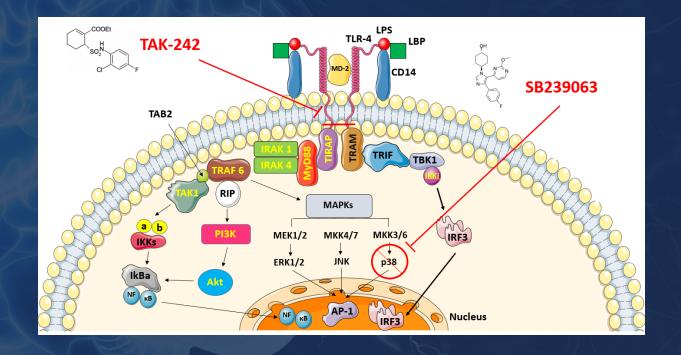
## Introduction



- Alzheimer's disease (AD) chronic, age-related neurodegenerative disorder
- Inflammation in AD is thought to accelerate neuronal cell degeneration, synapse loss and contribute to the worsening of disease severity
- Activation of microglial Toll-like receptor 4
   (TLR4) by AD-specific DAMPs leads to the
   activation of the p38 MAPK pathway and
   upregulation of pro-inflammatory mediators
- In the AD brain, p38 MAPK activation is increased - potential therapeutic target

#### Aim:

To establish an ex vivo human peripheral blood mononuclear cell (PBMC) assay for screening novel p38 MAPK inhibitors

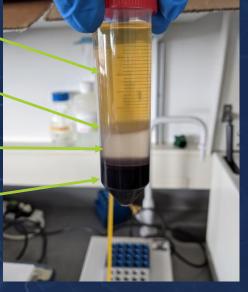


#### **Methods**



- Whole blood obtained from healthy donors:
  - Male (n=3) and female (n=2)
  - Aged between 18-60
  - Not taking any anti-inflammatory medications at the time of sampling

 Cytokines analysed using Meso Scale Discovery V-Plex multiplex assay (Data: Mean ± SEM, One-Way ANOVA, Fisher's LSD Post-hoc test) Plasma
PBMC Layer
Lymphoprep®
Erythrocytes



Blood withdrawal and collection in EDTA tubes

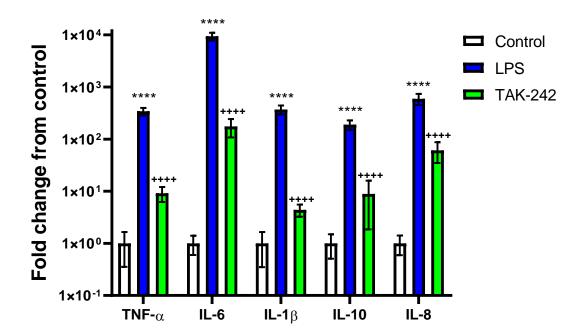


Harvesting of Supernatants

### **Results**



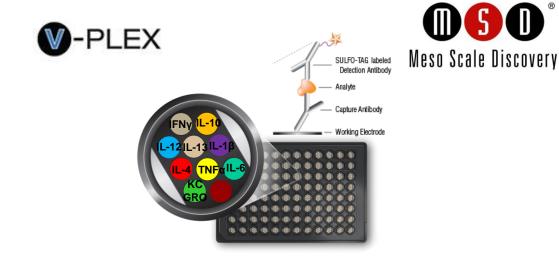
- Initial assay validation LPS ± TLR-4 antagonist TAK-242
- V-plex Meso Scale Discovery



#### **Statistical Analysis**

\*\*\*\*P<0.0001 vs Control
++++P<0.0001 vs LPS
One-way ANOVA (P<0.01): F

One-way ANOVA (*P*<0.01); Fisher's LSD. Values expressed as protein concentration (pg/ml)



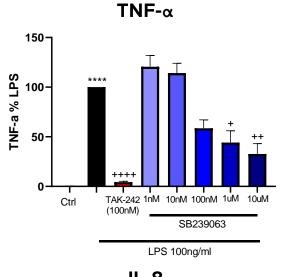
# Pro-inflammatory Panel IL-1β IL-6 INF-α IL-10

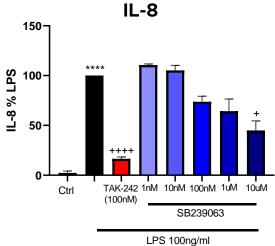
IL-8

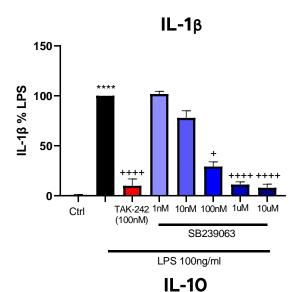


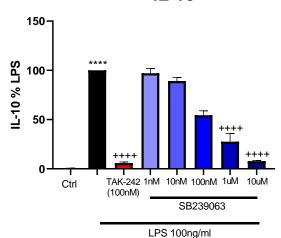


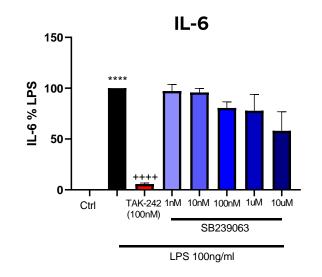
**Figure 1:** Effect of SB239063 (p38 MAPK inhibitor) on cytokine expression in human PBMC cell culture supernatants following LPS stimulation









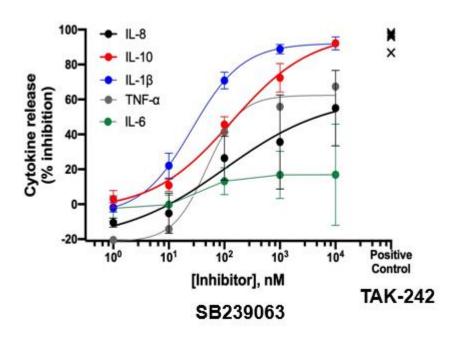


Statistical Analysis			
One-Way ANOVA (P<0.01); Fisher's LSD. Values expressed as % LPS			
****	<i>P</i> <0.0001 vs Control		
+	<i>P</i> <0.05 vs LPS		
++ P<0.01 vs LPS			
++++	<i>P</i> <0.0001 vs LPS		





**Figure 2:** Maximum inhibition of SB239063 (%) and  $IC_{50}$  cytokine expression in human PBMC cell culture supernatants following LPS stimulation



Target	Maximum inhibition (%)	IC <sub>50</sub> (nM)	Positive control inhibition (%)
IL-8	55.1	102.1	86.8
IL-10	92.2	135.0	95.9
IL-1β	92.1	26.1	98.2
TNF-α	67.4	47.8	95.9
IL-6	16.9	39.1	97.1

## **Conclusion/Summary**



- LPS stimulation for 24 hours produced a significant increase in the expression of all cytokines measured, which was prevented by TAK-242 (all cytokines) and SB239063 in a concentration-dependent manner for all cytokines measured bar IL-6 (conflicting evidence macrophages Page et al. 2010).
- These data suggest that the p38 MAPK inhibitor SB239063 can prevent LPS-mediated cytokine production in PBMCs.
- PBMCs represent a cost effective, semi-high-throughput assay for testing novel p38 MAPK inhibitors under investigation for the treatment of AD-associated inflammation
- PBMCs isolated from AD patients are reported to exhibit altered innate immune activity in comparison to aged-matched controls, thus, future work aims to establish this assay in patient-derived PBMCs