



**BioVox** is our speaker identification product, **text and language independent**. Thanks to its advanced **voice biometrics** technology, you can increase the security level in authentication applications, identify an unknown speaker in police and forensic applications or automatically customize systems and services from natural speech. This has a double benefit: **increased security + user friendliness**.

Because it's **text independent**, flexibility is top. Users don't need to say fixed pass phrases like "*my voice is my password*", so **record based spoofing attacks are almost completely eradicated** when complemented with our speech recognition solution **ReconVox**; all that is needed is to ask the user for a random phrase during login. For state of the art **anti-spoofing against AI voice cloning**, **TruePersona** can also be used in parallel. Another benefit is that **voiceprints can be created from already available voice recordings**, so the implantation process is much easier. In addition, **language independence** allows enrollment in any language and then to identify the speaker in a different one.

**BioVox** is distributed as a **SDK (Software Development Kit)** that exports its functionalities through a powerful yet easy to use **API (Application Programming Interface)**. This highly efficient C++ API allows easy integration into embedded hardware or software applications.

The authentication process is done in **two successive steps**, enrollment and recognition:

- **Enrollment**: the new user says a single sentence, which is then analyzed in order to calculate a **voiceprint** that identifies that speaker in a unique way.
- **Recognition**: the user to be validated speaks some sentence (from a natural language conversation or a prompt) which is then analyzed and compared with the associated voiceprint if we're in a 1:1 speaker **verification** scheme, or with all the voiceprints available in the system if we're in a 1:N speaker **identification** scheme and need to build a N-Best candidate list. In both cases, **Matching Scores** are provided as a result for each operation.

The open architecture of **BioVox** makes possible a wide range of different applications:

- Security in **call-centers**: continuous identity verification performed in the background.
- **e-commerce & e-banking**: secure payment in Internet or with the mobile phone.
- Physical **access controls** and presence controls: no more buddy punching.
- **Alarms and domotics**: electronic devices driven by secure voice commands.
- **Police investigations**, forensic acoustics: identification of suspects in real time.
- **Search for specific speakers in audio recordings**.



## PRODUCT

- Text and Language Independent Speaker Identification System.

## KEY FEATURES



- Capable of both **verification** (1:1 matching) and **identification** (1:N matching).
- **Text and language independent.**
- Calculation of the **quality of voiceprints.**
- Calculation of the **Matching Score** between the analyzed speaker and the voiceprint.
- Can work together with **TruePersona** (our state of the art AI voice cloning detection solution) for advanced **anti-spoofing.**
- Two operation modes: **real time** (memory based) or **batch** mode (file based).
- Highly optimized C++ verification engine: can be integrated into **embedded systems.**

## TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

- Audio for enrolment (voiceprint creation): 3s minimum, >15s recommended.
- Audio for verification: 2s minimum, >3s recommended.
- Supported audio formats: PCM linear 16 bits 8/16 KHZ (recommended), G.711, MP3.
- Voiceprint size: 4 KB.
- Verification (1:1) time<sup>1</sup>: < 1 second.
- Identification (1:N) rate<sup>1</sup>: 300 voiceprints analyzed / second.
- EER<sup>2</sup>: < 1%, dependent of application, audio length and system configuration.
- Minimum recommended CPU: Intel i5, 2.5 GHz or equivalent.

## SUPPORTED PLATFORMS

- Windows® 10, 11.
- Linux, several distributions.

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<sup>1</sup> With minimum recommended CPU.

<sup>2</sup> *Equal Error Rate*: the value in which the two opposite error rates associated to any biometric system are made equal (whenever one is reduced, the other one is increased as a consequence). These error rates are: *FRR* (False Rejection Rate - a legitimate user is rejected) and *FAR* (False Acceptance Rate - an impostor is wrongly accepted).