





TeamUp 2024

Intellectual Property

September 10, 2024







Intellectual property (IP) refers to creations of the mind, such as inventions; literary and artistic works; designs; and symbols, names and images used in commerce.

World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)

Examples of Intellectual Property in Agri-Food

Gene-Edited Crops:

Patents on CRISPR-Cas9 gene editing techniques have enabled the development of crops with enhanced traits like disease resistance, improved nutritional content, and better shelf life.

Precision agriculture drones:

Patented drone technologies equipped with multispectral sensors and Al-powered image analysis software allow farmers to monitor crop health, optimize irrigation, and apply targeted treatments.

Plant-Based Meat:

Novel food processing techniques and formulations for creating meat-like products from plant proteins have been patented by companies like Beyond Meat and Impossible Foods. These innovations have helped drive the growth of the alternative protein market.

Sustainable Production Solutions:

Vertical farming systems are patented technologies for growing crops in vertically stacked layers. They have revolutionized urban agriculture. These systems often incorporate automated lighting, irrigation, and climate control to maximize yields in limited spaces.







Intellectual Property encompasses much more than just patents

Forms of Research-Based Intellectual Property (IP)

Simulation model

Inventions

Integrated circuit R&D-Results

Procedure

Ideas

Utility model

Trademarks

Designs

Technologies

Copyright

Software tools

Demonstrators

Industrial design

Research data

Trade Secrets

Algorithms

Know-How

Patents

Training materials

Geographical indication

Expert knowledge

Prototypes

Apparatus

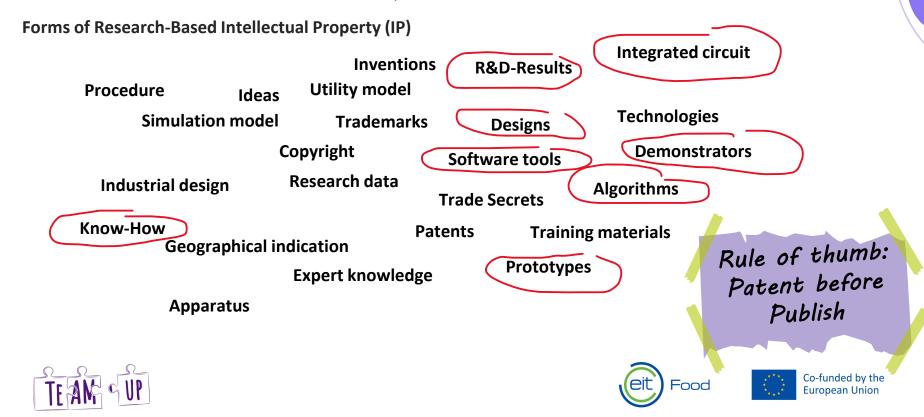
Rule of thumb: Patent before Publish

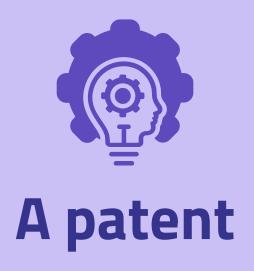






Intellectual Property encompasses much more than just patents







A patent is an exclusive **right** granted limited period of **time** by a state for an invention, which is a product or a process that provides, in general, a new way of **doing** something, or offers a new technical **solution** to a problem.

To get a patent, technical information about the invention must be disclosed to the public in a patent application.

World Intellectual Property Organization (WIPO)

Multiple ways to protect your IP

Legal Protection

Factual Protection

Patent

Trade secret

Just do not talk about it

Utility Model

Know-how

animal models; protocols

Industrial design rights

Copyright

Trademark

Geographical indication



IP can have more than one owner, it can belong to people or businesses and it can be sold, licensed or transferred.







Direct and indirect benefits from IP protection

- Selected reasons for investing in intellectual property rights

Increasing visibility within a field



"Advertising" for commercial exploitation



Strengthening profile in focus area



Enhance resume for later career



Fulfilment of research policy expectations



Preparatory work to acquire public subsidies



Potential monetary returns



Industrial Cooperation



Basis for research-related spin-offs











Consider carefully before filing an invention disclosure





% Contribution



3rd Parties



Invention description



Publications





When to file for a patent? Which preconditions must be met for a patent?







The invention does not form a part of the state of the art (State of the art includes all knowledge which was made available to the public by means of a written or oral description, by use, or in any other way, before the date of filing of the patent application)

The invention shall be considered as involving an inventive step if it is not obvious to a person skilled in the art

An invention shall be considered as susceptible of industrial application if it can be made or used in any kind of industry







Deadlines in patent management - Invention disclosure

Priority Date

Filing of the patent application substantiating priority

After 12 months

End of the period for international extension of the patent ["Priority year" = extension of the patent to other nations]

After 18 months

Patent disclosure: Publication of the patent application 18 months after filing, regardless of whether the patent has been approved

A patent can only be granted if ...

Year 2 to 7

- (1) the examination for manifest errors of form was negative
- (2) the official request for examination has been made (and paid)
- (3) any resulting defects have been remedied and
- (4) the request for examination was granted

From the 3rd Year

Start of the annual fee payments [fees increasing staggered; expiration of the patent if payment is not made on time]

After 20 Years

Expiration of the patent [maximum term of patent protection]









Dealing with intellectual property



License agreements - Basic issues

Types of licence agreements

- Patent licensing agreements
- Know-how license agreements
- Copyright contracts
- Software license agreements
- Open Source license agreements

Scope of the right of use

- Simple right of use
 Licensee obtains right of use; rights holder
 can, however, grant the same rights of use
 to any number of other persons
- Exclusive right of use Licensee obtains exclusive right of use for type of use, territory, etc.

Licensing models

- Flat-rate licences
- Quota licences
- Sales license
- Profit licences

Scope of a license

- Geographical Licence is only granted for a certain area, e.g. Germany
- Temporal License is limited in time, e.g. to one year
- Content
 License is limited to a certain type of use, e.g. quality control only





Food

License agreements

- elements of a licensing agreements



Description of IP and definitions



Reach and scope of the IP



Duties of the Licensee



Payment modalities



Tracking and enforcement of IP



Assignment of rights to 3rd parties



Duration and termination of IP



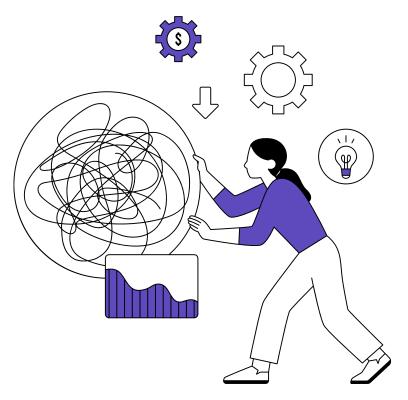
Jurisdiction agreement







Questions









Excercise

Team work





Number	Team Name	Table was the wa		
Number	leam Name	Team members		
1	BARBELO	Viktoria Ferencz		
		Ricardo Esteruelas Tesán		
2	Behavix	Massimiliano Carraro		
		Stefania Malfatti		
		Luisa Poisa		
3	Bionova	Ayşe Sultan Akgün		
		Melike Arslan Samhouri		
4	BizToys Ltd	Stoyna Wahdat		
	•	Roxana Lazar		
5	Earthfarms Collective	Sara Featherston		
		Cem Bokeer		
6	FutureFastFood	Mari Aasmäe		
		Martin Mintchev		
		Daniela Yordanova		
7	Gojenie	Ebrar Yildirim		
		Emre Ertem		
8	KELPEAT	Luca Cerruti		
		Tea Vrcic		
		Alberto Navajas		
9	DonaViva	Marko Petkovic		
		Felipe Salmeri		
10	Nexodify	Syed Tajmeel Hussain		
		Jelena Nedeljkovic		
11	NutrisAvIng Advisor	Ítala Marx		
		Pablo Baleirón Pampín		
12	RegenFarm	Cosmin Ghinea		
		Aleksander Stefanowicz		
13	The Green Float	Vasco Abreu		
		Carlota Abreu		
		Diogo Moura		
14	TropicStream	Carlo Antonio Ng		
		Nuno Catarino		
		Emma Barrios Casasus		
15	Vevibal	SELEN ŞENAL		
		Mert Kalayci		
16	Yield Hunter	Miloš Lazarevic		
		Miloš Ćiprijanović		
		Arman Aksoy		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		

Excercise

Team work:

How to use your IP to address

Sustainable & Regional Food Supply



Source: https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/farm-to-table-nurturing-local-food-systems-ashiwani-awasthi/







Example:

Develop an offering, project or initiative with regards to the defined problem space

Solution-based approach

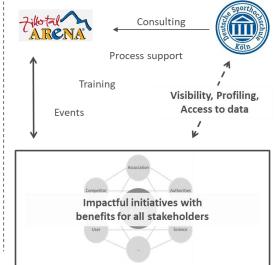




Innovative Business Model



Knowledge based approach Research based approach



Leverages existing IP expertise and experience



Information on current IP trends, legal precedents, and market practices before proposing solutions

Excercise

Team work:

How to use your IP to address
Sustainable & Regional Food Supply

Initiative based approach

Research based approach

Solution-based approach

Come back to the main session at 18:15 CET



Integrated circuit Inventions R&D-Results **Procedure** Utility model Ideas **Technologies** Simulation model **Trademarks** Designs Copyright **Demonstrators** Software tools Research data Industrial design Algorithms **Trade Secrets** Know-How **Training materials** Patents Geographical indication **Prototypes** Expert knowledge **Apparatus**





Your feedback

Slido poll:

How to use your IP to address Sustainable & Regional Food Supply

Join at slido.com #4499 487





Inventions

R&D-Results

Integrated circuit

Procedure

Ideas

Utility model **Trademarks**

Designs

Technologies

Demonstrators

Industrial design

Simulation model

Research data

Copyright

Software tools

Algorithms

Trade Secrets

Know-How Geographical indication Patents

Training materials

Expert knowledge

Prototypes

Apparatus







Exploration: Save the Dates

Week 1	Week 2	Week 3	Week 4	Week 5	Week 6	Week 7
Session #1 Kick off 13th August 17:00 - 18:30 CET	Session #3 Team Building 2: Equity distribution 20th August 17:00 - 18:30 CET	Session #5 Target Groups 27nd August 17:00 - 18:30 CET	Session #7 Business model 3rd September 17:00 - 18:30 CET	Session #9 Intellectual Property 10th September 17:00 - 18:30 CET	Session #11 Negotiation skills (external) 17th September 17:00 - 18:30 CET	Session #13 Roadmapping 21th September 17:00 - 18:30 CET
Session #2 Team Building 15th August 17:00 - 18:30 CET	Session #4 Analysing markets (2nd) and finding right market niche 22th August 17:00 - 18:30 CET	Session #6 Primary research 29th August 17:00 - 18:30 CET	Session #8 Legal issues 5th September 17:00 - 18:30 CET	Session #10 Start-up creation 12th September 17:00 - 18:30 CET	Session #12 Negotiation skills (internal) 19th September 17:00 - 18:30 CET	
TEAM			Deliverable #1: Business Model and Team Canvas 9th September	eit	Food	Co-funded by the European Union

Next Steps







Session #9
Intellectual Property
10th September
17:00 - 18:30 CET

Session #10 Start-up creation 12th September 17:00 - 18:30 CET

Session #11
Negotiation skills (external)

17th September

17:00 - 18:30 CET







Next Steps

Prepare your questions for start-up creation session on Thursday







Contact Us!

Do you have any questions?

teamup@eitfood.eu







