



1 JULY 2026

GET TO KNOW CHINA

HELPING EUROPEAN SMEs
DISCOVER THE CHINESE
MARKET

AGENDA

11:30
CET

Helping European SMEs Discover the Chinese Market

11:40

Q&A Session





We help
European SMEs
**explore the
Chinese market**

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Funded by
the European Union

ABOUT THE EU SME CENTRE

- The EU SME Centre is an **initiative funded by the European Union** to **assist small and medium-sized enterprises** (SMEs) from EU Member States and countries participating in the Single Market Programme, getting them **ready to do business in China**.
- Our core mission is to facilitate market access and provide a comprehensive range of **free first-line services** to inform, advise, train, and connect SMEs. The Centre forms **partnerships with business support organisations and trade promotion organisations** to bring our services and expertise to European SMEs of all sectors.
- This initiative founded in 2010 is now in Phase V (2025–2028) and is implemented by four consortium partners with two associated partners, with networks throughout Europe and China.

Consortium partners



Associated partners



MAIN ACTIVITIES



SELF-DIAGNOSIS TOOL

Online tool that measures your readiness toward the Chinese market



KNOWLEDGE

Comprehensive market reports, guidelines and case studies



ADVICE

Practical and confidential advice on China-related matters



TRAINING

Face-to-face and online training programs to raise awareness



ADVOCACY

Providing a coherent, consistent and consolidated voice for EU SMEs



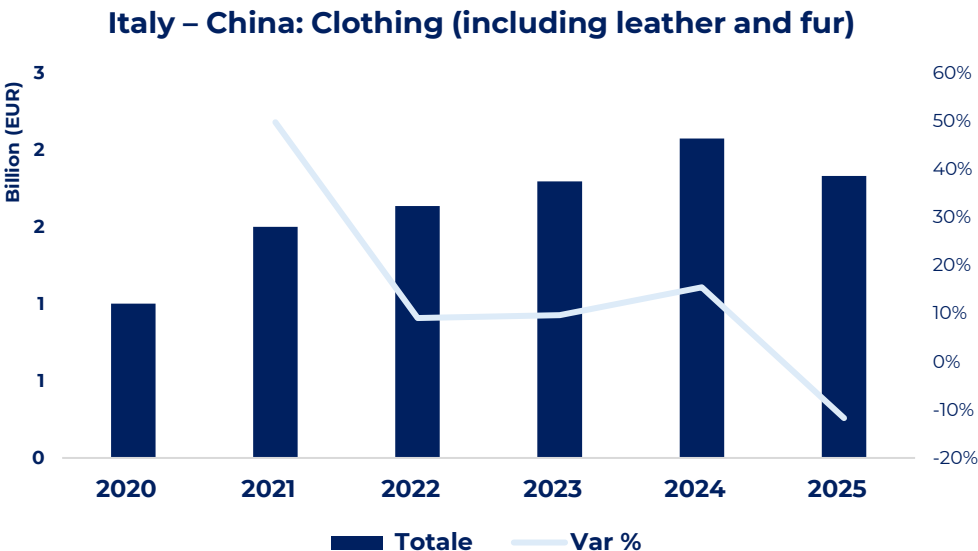
**KEYNOTE
SPEAKER**

**DAVIDE
ORLANDI**

EU Partnerships Manager
EU SME Centre

ITALIAN FASHION EXPORTS TO CHINA

Source: ISTAT (values in EUR) — CP14 Clothing (including leather and fur)

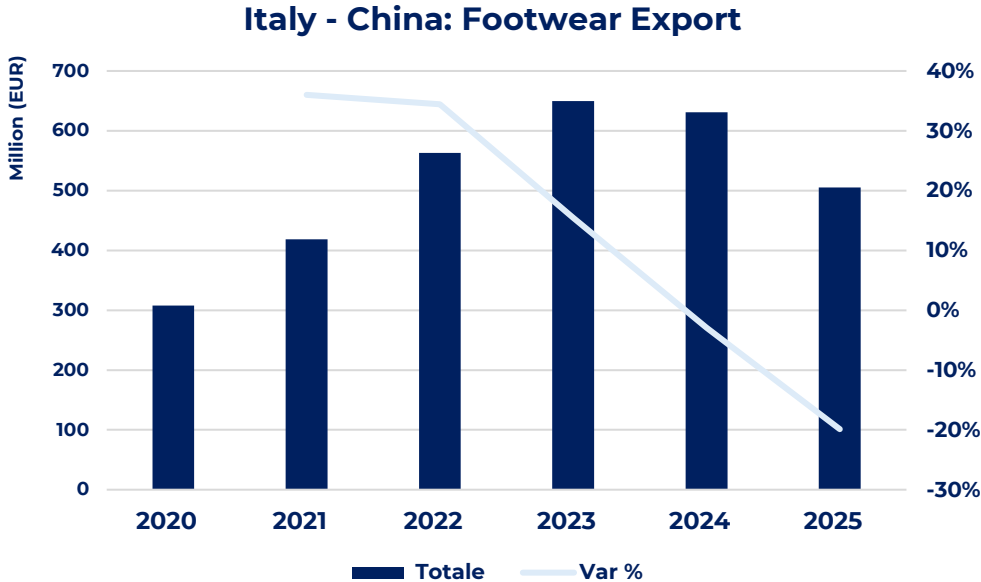


Key Metrics

Absolute growth 2020–2025	+€829.7 million
Peak Year	2024 (€ 2.07 billion)
Avg Annual Export Value (2020 – 2025)	1.64 billion (euros)
Cumulative export value (2020-2025)	9.85 billion (euros)
Change 2025 vs 2024	-243.0 million

ITALIAN FASHION EXPORTS TO CHINA

Source: ISTAT (values in EUR) — CP152 Footwear



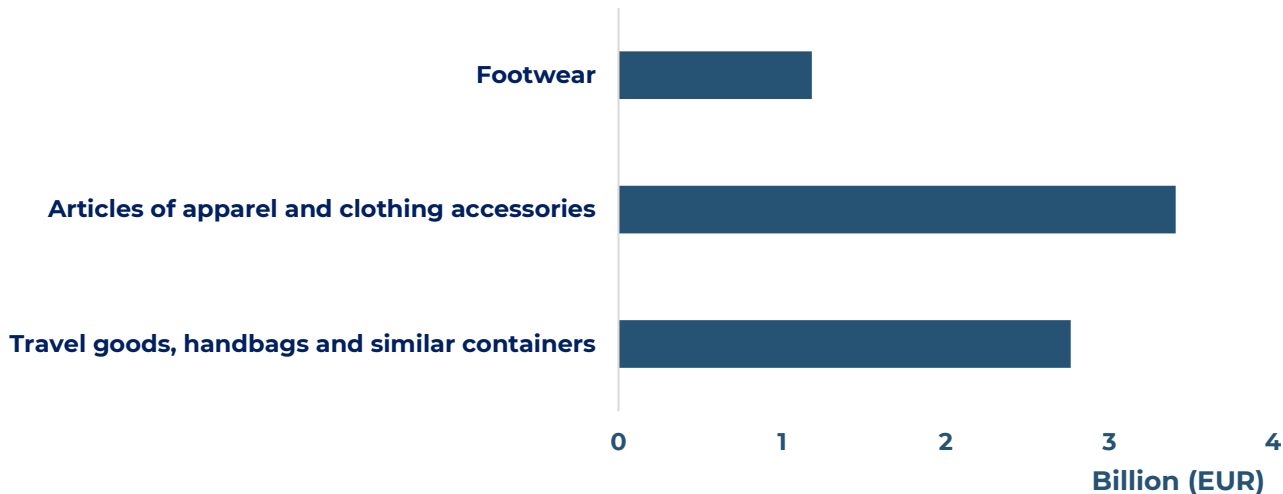
Key Metrics

Absolute growth 2020-2025	+€197.5 million
Peak Year	2023 (€ 649.7 million)
Avg Annual Export Value (2020 – 2025)	512.5 million (euros)
Cumulative export value (2020-2025)	3.08 billion (euros)
Change 2025 vs 2024	-125.4 million

EUROPEAN FASHION EXPORTS TO CHINA

Source: EUROSTAT (values in EUR) — Travel goods, handbags and similar containers, Articles of apparel and clothing accessories, Footwear

Annual EU Exports to China (2025, total for the 27 Member States)



ACCESSING THE CHINESE MARKET

- There are **many ways** to enter the Chinese market, each having its pros and cons, requiring different levels of commitment, and presenting different risks.
 - Traditional exports via agents, distributors
 - Investing in China: establishment of entity
 - Project-based R&D cooperation
 - Licensing of technology
 - Chinese investor in EU
- In practice, one or more ways may be **pursued simultaneously**

TRADITIONAL WAY OF ACCESS

	Pros	Cons
General trade	▪ Can sell in different regions via multiple partners, with or without exclusivity ▪ Can sell both offline and online ▪ No limits in terms of volumes that can be sold	▪ Risk of getting stuck with the wrong partner ▪ Risk of losing control on products ▪ Often lengthy procedures and strict requirements for market access ▪ Sometimes not possible for certain products (government protocol needed)
Cross-Border E-Commerce	▪ Easier, faster, less expensive market entry way ▪ No need to comply with many regulations and standards ▪ Can use 'direct shipping' or 'bonded warehouse' models ▪ Can be used to get initial customer feedback while preparing paperwork for general trade	▪ It is not that cheap: investment and resources needed ▪ Not that flexible: must use certain online platforms only ▪ Not available for all products (mostly consumer goods) ▪ Limits in terms of volume ▪ Risk of losing control on products

TRADITIONAL WAY OF ACCESS

Type of entity	Time required	Upfront investment	Activities	Risks	Exit strategy	Ideal for
Representative Office (RO)	Around 30 days	Low	Limited: liaison, marketing, non-scientific research	Low	Easy	- Newcomers; - Sensitive IPs; - Low predisposition to risk
Joint venture (JV)	120 to 180 days	Moderate	No limitations within the scope of laws and regulations	High	Hard	- Complementary partners; - High predisposition to risk; - Mandatory in some sectors
Wholly foreign-owned enterprise (WFOE)	60 to 180 days	High		Moderate	Moderate	- Existing business partnerships and channels in China; - Scaling up of operations

Q&A



EU SME
Centre

GET TO KNOW CHINA
30 JUNE 2026



THANK YOU FOR TAKING PART

Find out more about our next events & activities

The EU SME Centre helps European SMEs get ready for China by providing them with a range of information, advice, training and support services.

