





Team Up 2025

Private investment





TeamUp Team



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Today's Agenda

Part 1: Sources of funding

Part 2: Due dilligence process for early stages companies

Part 3: How to approach your fundraise

1,20

Part 4 : Pitching to win

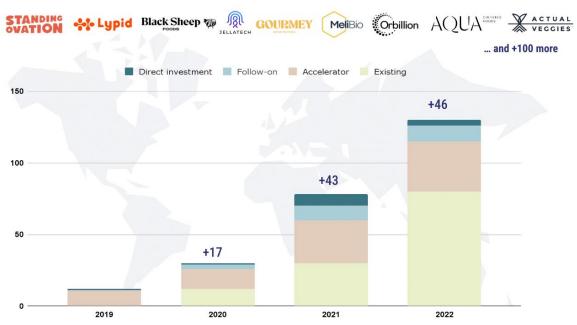






We are the world's most active investor in FoodTech*

Big Idea Ventures invests in the **best food-tech early stage startups globally**. In less than 4 years we have sourced and invested at the earlier stage in many of the world's leading companies, working on alternative proteins and ingredients.



2funds raised in 5 years

US\$150M

AUM

3

Global offices in New York, Paris & Singapore

100+
Investments since











Global Food Innovation Fund II - Thesis of investment

Thesis area focuses on alternative protein, ingredients & new crops

Dairy & Egg

Milk, Butter, Yogurt, Cheese Ice Cream, Liquid & Powered Egg, Etc.

Meat & Seafood

Avian, Bovine, Porcine, Fish, Shellfish, Etc.

Fat Ingredients

Plant-Based Fermentation-Enabled Cultivated

Protein Ingredients

Collagen, Gelatin, Microalgae, Etc.

Product Enhancers

Sweeteners Food Colorings Flavors

Enabling Technologies

Strain & Cell Line Development Equipment & Hardware Bioreagents & Biomaterials Software

Novel Crops

Cacao, Coffee, Honey, Etc.







PART 1

Sources of funding







Different types of investments vehicles

1 Dilutive

SAFE (BSA AIR) / CONVERTIBLE NOTE

PRICED ROUND

2 Non-dilutive

LOAN SUBSIDIES DEBT



GRANTS & ACCELERATOR PROGRAMS



European Union











Sources of funding and their Pros & Cons

	Bootstrapping	Friends & Family	Business Angels	Venture Capitalists	Crowdfunding	Grants	Loans
Pros	Full control / Flexibility	Easier access / Flexible terms / Supportive network	Low interference / Comfortable with risk / Light due diligence	Follow-on funding potential / Expertise and guidance / Extensive network	Access to a large pool of potential funders / Validation and marketing / Interesting terms	Non-dilutive funding / Credibility and validation	Non-dilutive funding
Cons	Limited resources / Increased personal risk / Limited growth potential	Strained relationships / Limited funding capacity / Lack of expertise	Limited potential of follow-on funding / Early exit strategy / Limited network	High expectations / Longer due diligence process	Time and effort / Bad reputation from VC's standpoint (can indicate desperation)	Specific eligibility criteria / Can be long to get	Collateral and personal guarantees / Interest and repayment add pressure to runway

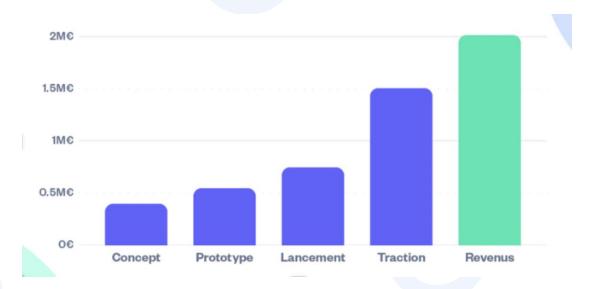








PART 2 - Due dilligence process for early stages companies











1 Team

Due dilligence process for early stages companies







Due dilligence process for early stages companies 1 Team

2 Market / needs







Due dilligence process for early stages companies

- 1 Team
- 2 Market / needs
- 3 IP / Patent







Due dilligence process for early stages companies

- 1 Team
- 2 Market / needs
- 3 IP / Patent
- 4 Scaling-up









Due dilligence process for early stages companies

- 1 Team
- 2 Market / needs
- 3 IP / Patent
- 4 Scaling-up
- 5 Novel food regulation









1 - Team

- Scientific/engineers/PhD profils in the cofounder team
- Complementarity of the profils: e.g scientist
 + commercial*
- Advisors in the ecosystem







2 - Market / Needs

- Which pain point is this company addressing? Is there a real need?
- Is this product a <u>must have</u> or a nice to have?
- How big is the demand? The market and so the opportunity?
- Competition
 - Barriers for another company to entry









3 - IP / patent

- Who owns what? (University, spin-off..)
- Is this solution unique and not easily replicable?
- Trade secret or patent?
- How much is it game changing?









4 - Scaling up

- Is it feasible to produce this product at an industrial scale? With which impact on costs? What are the unit economics?
- Is there enough access to equipments in Europe or globally for that?
- What would be the price for having access to those equipments?
- This is link to your business model.









5 – Regulation / GTM

- When this product will be able to enter the market? And so, when will you start to generate revenue?
- Are the strains/ upstream and downstream processes novel food complient?
- Consumer acceptance? (go-to-market)
- Novel food / GRAS (recognised as safe)
- GMO (Europe VS France)









Pre-seed - Concept

- Team of 2 co-founders
- Idea / market understanding
- Prototype or MVP
- IP secured
- Financial assumptions









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Seed - POC

- Team more structured
- POC validated
- First LOIs signed
- Go-to-market strategy identified
- Financial model ready









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Serie A - Scaling

- Strong team with commercial people
- First contracts signed
- Product ready for industrial production
- Projet of building a factory









Serie B - Traction, Internationalisation

- Confirming Serie A
- Scaling
- Team growth
- M&A
- Buying technologies
- Going international









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Serie C - Prepare for after

- Become a market leader
- Grow as fast as possible by gaining market share









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Bridge Round

 If you need more money to achieve milestones to go to the next stage of fundraising









PART 3

How to approach your fundraise









Factors to take into account:

• Current runway (min 8-9 months ideal time).







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- Current runway (min 8-9 months ideal time).
- What are the next priorities for my company/next milestones I need to reach.
- Targeted runway, based on budget for next period of time.
- Market dynamics?









When do I need to raise?





3. Simulate cash flow and fundraising needs

4. Feasibility check (market data): Yes or No















When do I need to raise?

Example of an animal protein PF company

1. What are my future milestones?



BIG IDEA WENTURES

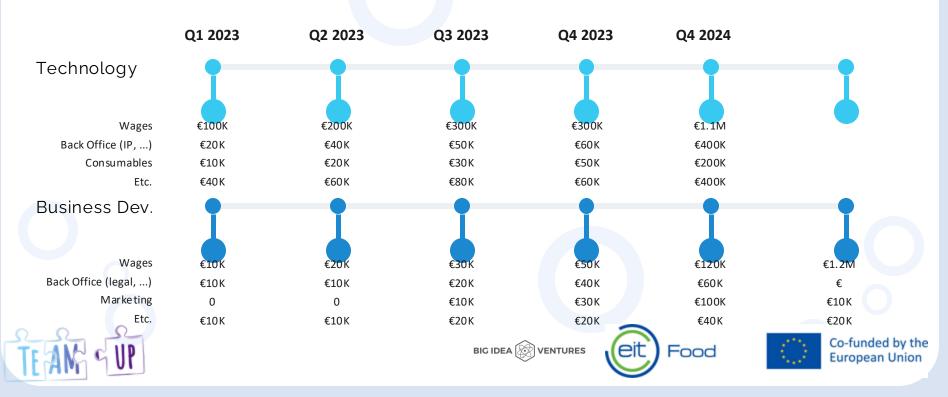
Food

European Union

When do I need to raise?

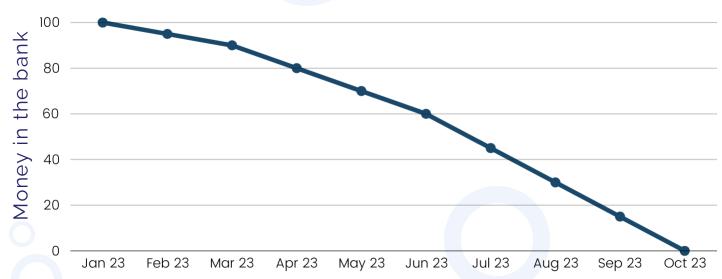
Example of an animal protein PF company

2. What are the costs involved?



Example of an animal protein PF company

3. Pre-seed round











Example of an animal protein PF company

3. Pre-seed round









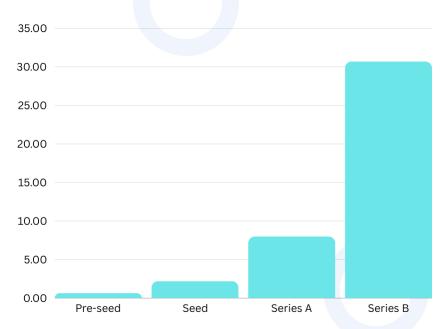
Example of an animal protein PF company

4. Seed round



Median valuation/amount raised per stage

Median Round Size by Stage for Plant-Based companies.





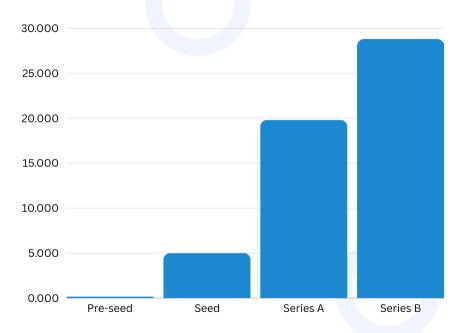






Median valuation/amount raised per stage

Median Round Size by Stage for Fermentation companies.





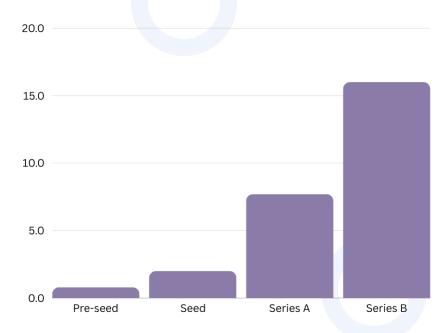






Median valuation/amount raised per stage

Median Round Size by Stage for Hardware companies.











Formulas:

Post-money = Pre-money + Investment

Dilution = Investment / Post-money valuation

Common dilutions are usually between 15 and 25% (more or less the amount your raising X4)









Combination between:

- The "Story"
- Comparable companies
- Multiples (for Series A/B+)
- Valuation being proportional to the amount you raise







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But the main factor is always:

Supply vs Demand









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But the main factor is always:

Supply vs Demand

DON'T: Start your fundraise with a set valuation that you impose to investors. This is a negotiation, with the lead investor.









How to reach out to investors?

Priority 1:Warm introduction credibility + high chances of response







How to reach out to investors?

Priority 1:Warm introduction credibility + high chances of response

Priority 2: Cold introduction, with context good chances of response. LinkedIn or email







How to reach out to investors?

Priority 1:Warm introduction credibility + high chances of response

Priority 2: Cold introduction, with context good chances of response. LinkedIn or email

Priority 3: Apply on websiteaverage chances of response, low chances of success









Tips for talking to investors

- 1. Plan to contact a **lot** of investors (at least 100)
- 2. Build relationships starting yesterday (newsletter, events, ...)
- 3. Build **passion** into your pitch
- 4. Ask for follow-ups, but only **three times**. Ideally, with good news.
- 5. **Pre-qualify** your investor (#2 -> #1 -> #3)
- 6. Practice your pitches with "junk" investors
- 7. The VC community is small do not burn bridges









Tips for talking to investors

...and above all, build **FOMO!!**

- get them to know you before you start fundraising (media, events, ...)
- build relationships with portfolio companies of other VCs
- Become that company that everyone is talking about!









Over-optimizing for investor: You only get to pick your investor if you have a choice.







Over-optimizing on one investor: You only get to pick your investor if you have a choice.

Over-optimizing for dilution: What actually matters - building the company for massive success. Max 25%.







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Over-optimizing for the amount raised

Over-optimizing for speed



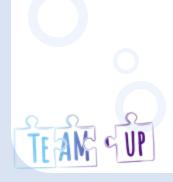






PART 4

Pitching to win

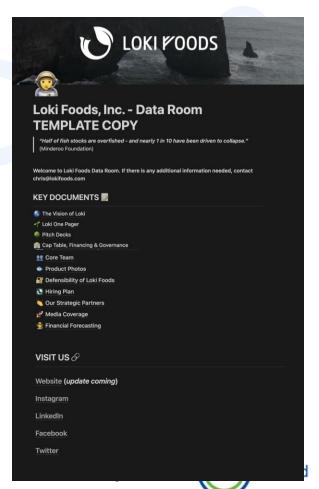






What you'll need to prepare

A good virtual data room







What you'll need to prepare



An excellent business model / financial model

- Show how you'll be profitable in the coming years (unit economics, growth margins etc)
- Explain and be very clear on your expenses, revenues etc
- At early stages, revenue is very important, in the future they will look more at your EBIDTA.









What you'll need to prepare



A good pitch deck

- You can use Canva, PPT, Beautiful.ai
- High resolution photos / 1 font / 3 colors max
- 1 x 3-min pitch deck
- 1 x 10-min presentation deck
- 1 x "leave-behind" deck (with more text)









The goal is to **answer the interrogations they have**,

not to describe your business.







Company Logo & Business Overview

Grab Attention: Make them sit forward

Concise overview of company (the one floor elevator pitch)

Ex: "We produce sustainable fats and proteins through precision fermentation, enabling food manufacturers to replace animal ingredients without compromising on taste or functionality ».









- Company Logo & Business Overview
- Market / Pain

"Is the market big enough?"

Usually, SAM*>\$1B

(specific customer segments or target markets that the company can effectively reach and serve)









- Company Logo & Business Overview
- Market / Pain
- Product

"Does their solution address this major pain point?" "Is their solution a must-have or a nice-to-have?"







- Company Logo & Business Overview
- Market / Pain
- Product
- Business Model

"Does the business model make sense?"







- Company Logo & Business Overview
- Market / Pain
- Product
- Business Model
- Customers

"Do they know their customers?"







- Company Logo & Business Overview
- Market / Pain
- Product
- Business Model
- Customers
- Competition

"Are they addressing a white space or a crowded one?"

"Do they know their competitors?"

"Why are they better than others? What are their USP?"



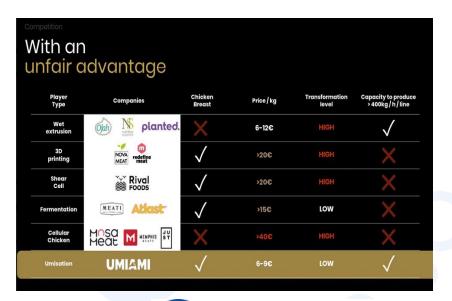






- Competition
- Examples:













- Company Logo & Business Overview
- Market / Pain
- Product
- Business Model
- Customers
- Competition
- Barriers to Entry

"Is the company protected from new entrants?"

"Is the technology strong enough / well protected?









- Company Logo & Business Overview
- Market / Pain
- Product
- Business Model
- Customers
- Competition
- Barriers to Entry
- Team

Demonstrate advantage:

Skills
Industry-specific
Technology-specific

"Is this the best team for this particular project?"









- Company Logo & Business Overview
- Market / Pain
- Product
- Business Model
- Customers
- Competition
- Barriers to Entry
- Team
- Strategic Relationships

"Are they surrounded by the right people for their journey? Along the whole value chain?"









- Company Logo & Business Overview
- Market / Pain
- Product
- Business Model
- Customers
- Competition
- Barriers to Entry
- Team
- Strategic Relationships
- Financial Overview

Just a simple graph. No Excel spreadsheet.

"Is the plan both ambitious and realistic?"









- Company Logo & Business Overview
- Market / Pain
- Product
- Business Model
- Customers
- Competition
- Barriers to Entry
- Team
- Strategic Relationships
- Financial Overview
- Call To Action

"Do they have a clear idea of what they need to get to the next step?"









- Company Logo & Business Overview
- Market / Pain
- Product
- Business Model
- Customers
- Competition
- Barriers to Entry
- Team
- Strategic Relationships
- Financial Overview
- Call To Action
- Use of Capital/Milestones

"Is what they plan to achieve going to help them raise the next round?"
What you will achieve with this funding is more important than how much you will spend in what.





- Company Logo & Business Overview
- Market / Pain
- Product
- Business Model
- Customers
- Competition
- Barriers to Entry
- Team
- Strategic Relationships
- Financial Overview
- Call To Action
- Use of Capital/
- Logo / Contact

Only email, no phone number needed. CEO contact information is enough.









Last advice

DO: Give them a leave behind deck

DO: Say it then show it

DO: Know your slides so well you don't need to look at them

DO: Have backup slides

DO: Be well prepared for Q&A









Contact Us!

Do you have any questions?

teamup@eitfood.eu







