











WIND ENERGY NETWORK FOR DISTRIBUTED GENERATION IN URBAN ENVIRONMENTS (REGEDIS)

Workshop on Urban Wind Resource Assessment November 29 and 30, 2022

Challenges towards realtime urban Wind forecast

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INGENIERÍA COMPUTACIONAL DE FLUIDOS











NablaDot

- SME that offer simulation services and digital technologies
- Sectors: energy, industry 4.0, Civil engineering, Water, Smart Cities

CFD Vapor mass fraction Gas temperature (°C)

Engineering Apps

Digital twin











NablaDot (key facts)

- Innovative SME (Spanish Ministry of Science)
- Innovative Company (French Ministry of higher education, research and innovation)
- Finalists of I4MS Disruptor Awards 2018 (Fortissimo 2)
- Participation in R&D projects (European, National) > 20
- Energy Cluster of Aragón
- Digital Innovation Hub Aragón
- Strong innovative & multidisciplinary character







ARAGÓN

CLENAR











Background projects: FORTISSIM02

- European H2020 Project (2018)
- PROBLEM: Urban wind assessment tools are costly in relation to the cost of a small wind turbine.
- **SOLUTION**: cloud-based tool for optimal placement of urban turbines including:
 - GIS (Geographic Information System)
 - NWP (Numerical Weather Prediction)
 - CFD (Computational Fluid Dynamics)
 - Analytics software to accurately simulate the urban environment

More info: https://www.fortissimo-project.eu/en/experiments/807/cloudbased-micrositing-of-small-wind-turbines





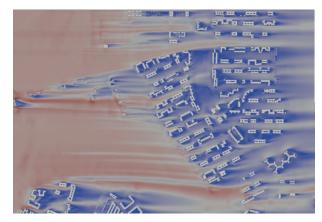


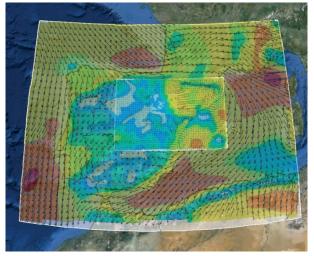


Background projects: FORTISSIM02

RESULTS

- Modelled urban area (city of Zaragoza) of about $2 km^2$
- Simplified approach (limited resources and time) but promising results
- First proof of concept and starting point of our activity in this field
- Industrial PhD
- New project starting in 2023!













PhD thesis: DEVELOPMENT OF AI MODELS FOR HIGH RESOLUTION WIND FIELDS PREDICTION

- FLUID MECHANICS PhD at the University of Zaragoza
- Industrial oriented: developing the thesis in a company, NablaDot
- Funded by the Spanish Government (Ministry of Science and Innovation)









Motivation

OBJECTIVE

Get a high fidelity/detailed wind field over a region without the need of expensive CFD simulations

WHAT FOR?

- Wind energy (new locations, forecast, digital twin..)
- Ski stations (snowfall prevention)
- Urban fluxes (legislation, building planning, dispersion...)
- Security (rescue operations, fires...)

HOW?

Using emerging AI/ML techniques jointly with more traditional CFD and NWP (mesoscale simulations).



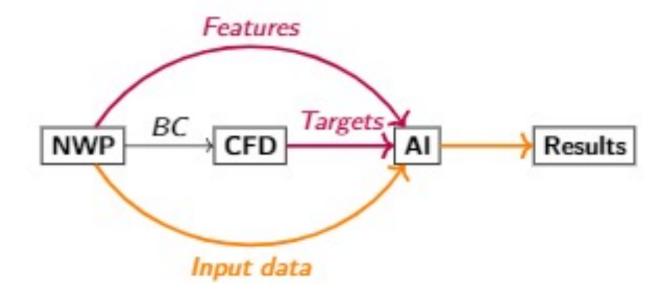






Application case - General idea

- Use NWP, numerical weather predictions (mesoscale) simulations) to feed AI models with CFD as targets. At the end --> get rid of CFD (operational mode).
- Map mesoscale-like results to CFD-like results.





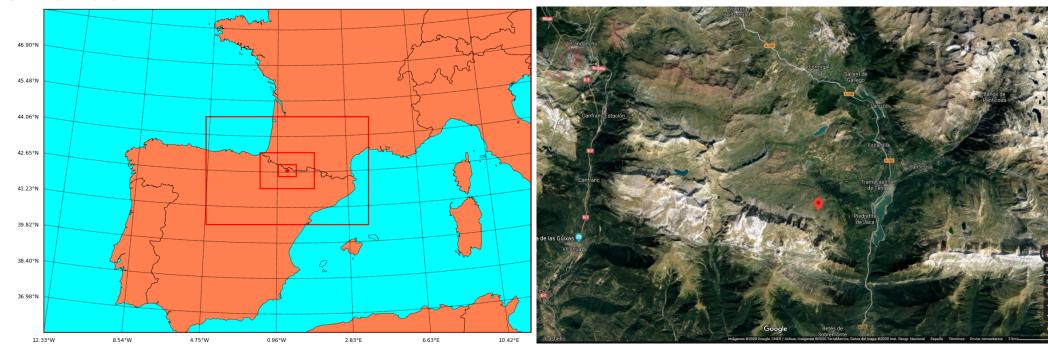




Application case - Localization

Over a complex terrain

• Spanish Pyrenees, between Aragón and Tena rivers, "sierra de la Partacua"







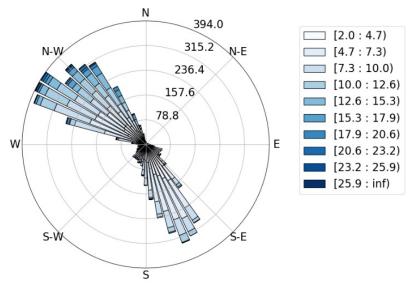






Application case - Simulations

- Mesoscale simulations with WRF --> hourly data over 2018 (8760 events)
- Windrose at central point of the location --> frecuency based selection of 193 events for training
- <u>CFD</u> simulation with **OpenFOAM**:
 - Steady state
 - SIMPLE algorithm for velocity-pressure coupling
 - Isothermal flux
 - RANS equations for continuity and momentum



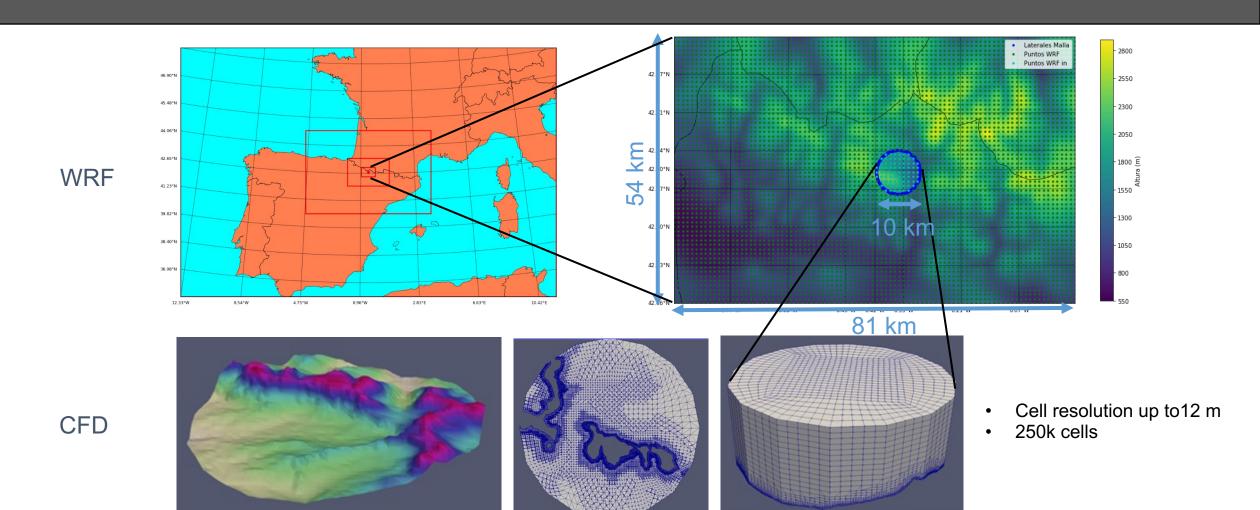
















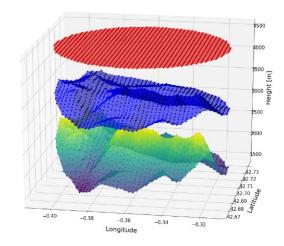


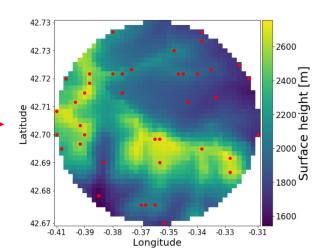




Application case - AI models

- Bring CFD and NWP results together --> auxiliary mesh
- Train a model for each point individually:
 - Linear regression
 - **Support Vector Machine (SVM)**
 - Random Forest (RF)
 - K-nearest neighbors (KNn)
- Features:
 - Wind components, from NWP, of the point (U, V, W)
 - U, V, W of the point + U, V, W of the red points
- Targets:
 - Wind components from CFD (Ux, Uy, Uz)





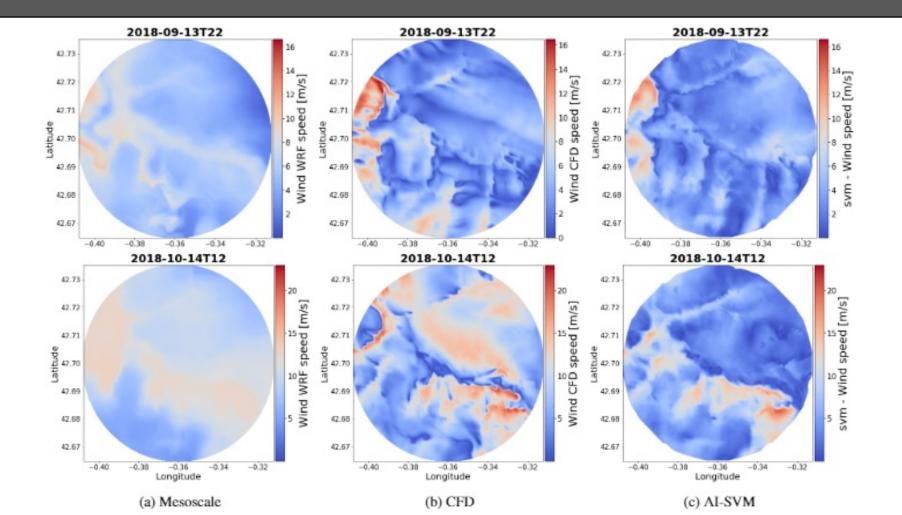












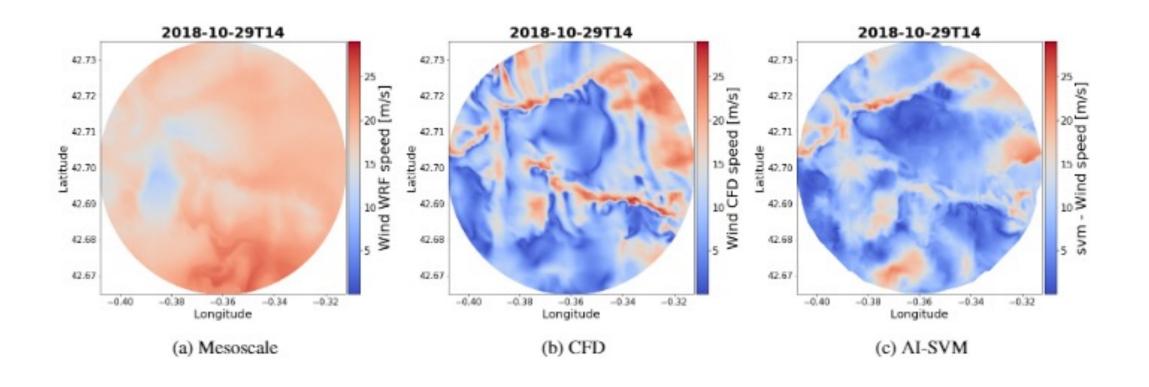








Application case - Results













Application case - Results

• Mean (over 80 test events) absolute wind speed error [m/s] at surface level

• <u>Simple Features</u>:

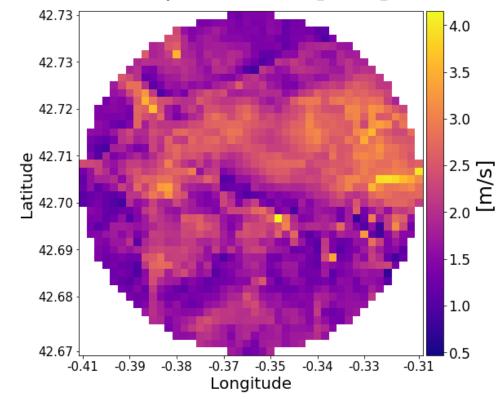
mean: 1,97 m/s and 44,2 °

Extended Features:

mean: 1,81 m/s and 40,6 °

Computational time:

- 1 NWP event took ~3 min
- 1 CFD event took ~1 h
- Retriving AI data ~ s













Work in progress - What is ahead?

Flow assumptions:

Transient instead of steady flow

Region:

 Urban area in contrast with the application case over a mountainous terrain.

AI models:

Neural Networks.





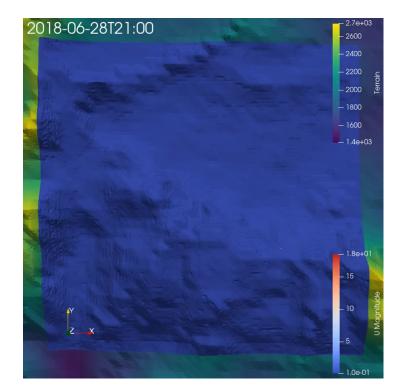






Work in progress - Transient

- Sudden changes in wind velocity
- Are effects of wake development important?
 - 2018-03-28T21:00
- Temporal dependencies
- Increase training data







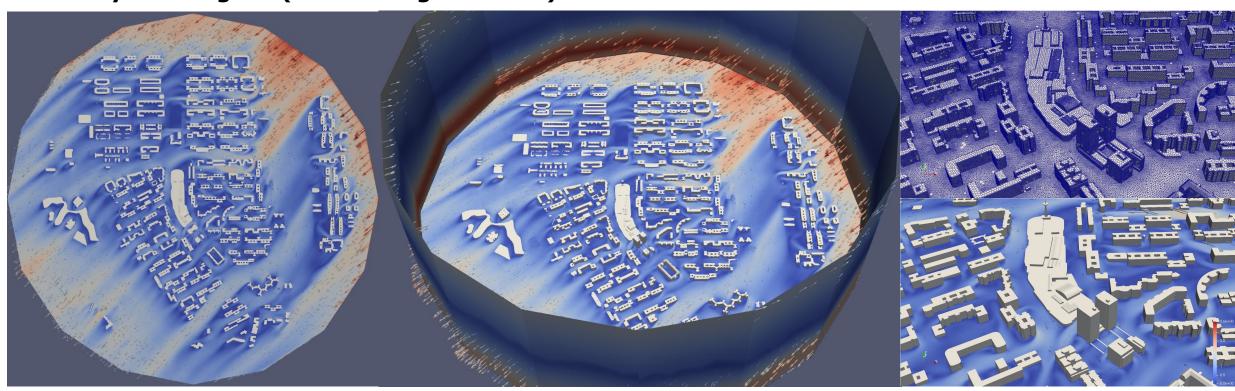






Work in progress - Urban

City of Zaragoza (ACTUR neighborhood)





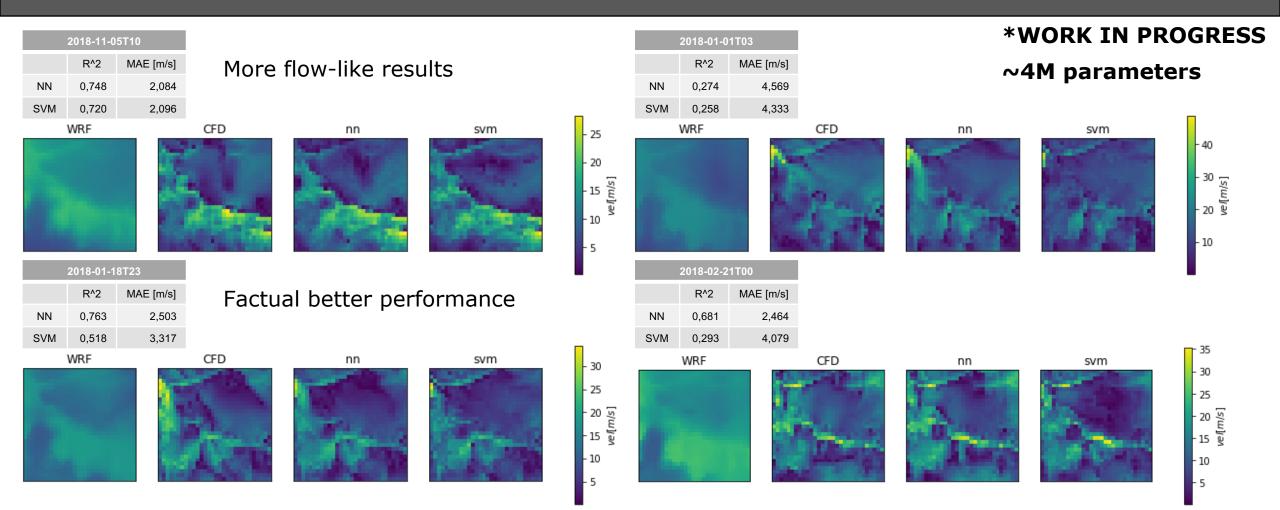








Work in progress - Neural Networks









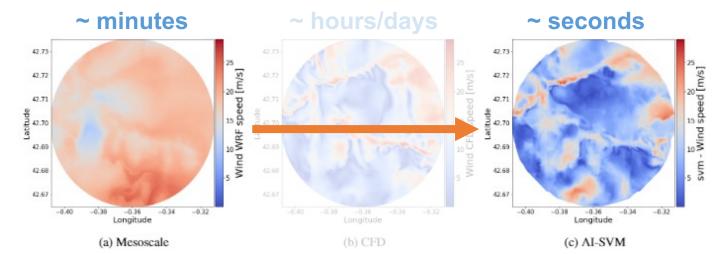


*Computational time

Conclusions and Perspectives

AI model to map weather data (NWP) into high detailed wind (CFD)

simulations



- Transient against steady state. <u>Temporal</u> dependencies
- Complex terrain and (now) testing over urban areas
- NN promising over traditional ML tequiches such as SVM, RF, KNn...













Thanks a lot!

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