



## 5/ Integrating Agri-PV Systems in Weak Rural Grids [CRES/BRITE]



### The Challenge

As agrivoltaic (agri-PV) installations expand in rural and remote areas, a major industrial and technical challenge emerges: **how to connect and operate large-scale agri-PV systems within weak or underdeveloped electricity distribution grids**. Many rural regions lack the infrastructure capacity to support high renewable energy penetration without costly reinforcements.



This challenge focuses on developing **best practices, design methodologies, and digital tools** for the integration of agri-PV systems into weak grids or even **off-grid microgrids**. The solution should incorporate **distributed energy resource (DER)** management principles — including energy and power balancing, storage integration, flexibility mechanisms, and sector coupling (e.g., linking electricity, heat, and water systems). Such an approach would allow agri-PVs to operate efficiently and securely while optimizing local energy use and minimizing grid stress.

### Technology Readiness Level (TRL)



**8** – Core agri-PV components are commercially mature. Integrating them into advanced distributed energy architectures could raise the system's overall TRL to 9 through scalable, grid-ready configurations.

### Expected Outcomes



- Secure and stable operation of agri-PVs in rural and off-grid contexts
- Reduced grid congestion and voltage instability
- Higher utilization of locally produced renewable energy
- Scalable, cost-effective deployment models for large agri-PV farms

### Impact on Operations



Addressing this challenge will enable wider adoption of agri-PVs without requiring extensive grid upgrades. It will also **support rural electrification, improve energy autonomy for farmers, and enhance the business case for renewable deployment** in remote areas.

### Current State / Next Actions



The agri-PV systems developed under the SolarHub project are technologically mature and field-ready. However, **their grid interaction and scalability potential remain unstudied**. Due to resource limitations, additional expertise and tools are needed to evaluate and optimize grid integration strategies.

**Next Steps / Collaboration Opportunities:** Development of methodologies, software tools, and operational guidelines for grid integration; joint R&D activities and demonstration projects in EU or national funding frameworks.

### About Brite

**BRITE HELLAS** is a Greek high-tech company specializing in advanced photovoltaic products, including customized transparent PV modules for building and agricultural applications. Its R&D focuses on product innovation and market adaptation for integrated solar solutions.



### About CRES (Centre for Renewable Energy Sources and Saving)

**CRES** is Greece's national energy research center, specializing in renewable energy, energy efficiency, and smart grid technologies. With extensive experience in **microgrids, distributed energy systems, and energy management optimisation**, CRES plays a key role in bridging research and industrial deployment. Through its work in SolarHub and related initiatives, CRES aims to **advance sustainable agri-PV integration**, ensuring that rural and remote areas can fully benefit from clean energy without compromising grid reliability.

### Contact

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