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Session 3.4.

European funding and collaborations in the construction sector



Alain Zarli

ECTP Secretary General

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Presentation summary



- The Energy-Efficient Building (EeB) cPPP
- The collaboration with Member States and the role of the EeB PPP in the SET Plan: the cases of the Implementation Working Group 5 (Energy Efficiency Solutions for Buildings) and the Implementation Working Group 3.2 on Smart Cities and Communities (Positive Energy Districts)
- An example of collaboration at a regional level: the LoI with Polish regions to create synergies and contribute to the development of energy plus sustainable cities and communities;
- The generalisation of Digital Construction platforms in the Construction Industry: an approach linking DG Connect, the Member states and the Construction ecosystem;
- Considerations on PPPs & Co-programming







Construction: A key EU industrial sector



- > 80% of our time spent in buildings
- 78% of the overall construction sector dedicated to buildings
- Infrastructures:
 - Roads, with a total road network of approximately 5 million km in the 28 EU Member States (60,000 km are motorways),
 - Railways, with a total length of lines around 215,000 km (107,500 km are electrified)
 - Waterways, with 41,000 km of navigable inland waterways
- ~9% GDP.1 million organizations(>95% SMEs)
- N°1 qualification and job provider in EU (18+ million jobs)
- An industry sector well represented and having impact in all EU28 MSs, on all European citizens
- 40% of EU contractors in the worldwide top-30 ranking*
- A sector still suffering of an image shortage...

EeB PPP - Mission statement



The <u>Energy-Efficient Building (EeB) cPPP is a challenge-based approach</u> benefiting to the Built Environment stakeholders, EU citizens and users, as well as local public authorities by:

- → Accelerating the progress in the reduction of energy use and GHG emissions in line with the 2030 and 2050 EU objectives:
 - → calling for an ambitious energy efficiency target,
 - → leading to a higher renovation rate at lower costs;
- → Overcoming the current economic crisis, keeping existing jobs and creating new ones in a market for energy-efficient buildings by starting a transformation of the building sector towards a technology-driven and market disruptive sector with skilled employees and rising productivity;
- → Improving the industrial competitiveness in Europe up to become the most competitive actor worldwide offering cost-effective, user-friendly, healthy and safe products and solutions for smart cities.



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EeB PPP - Main priorities

The **EeB cPPP strategic research and innovation agenda** is articulated along 3 main pillars, in line with the revised directive on EPBD:

Technologies for acceleration of building stock renovation

Interactive and sustainable buildings embedded at district and city scale

Ensuring energy performance during service life

- → through research on systemic, cost attractive, mass-customised, highperforming and minimally invasive solutions
- → to multiply by at least 2 the yearly renovation rate by 2020 against the current renovation rate of 1.2 % of the overall building stock
- → for energy neutrality/positivity, aiming for 10-15 % reduction in energy demand and GHG emissions at EU scale by 2020

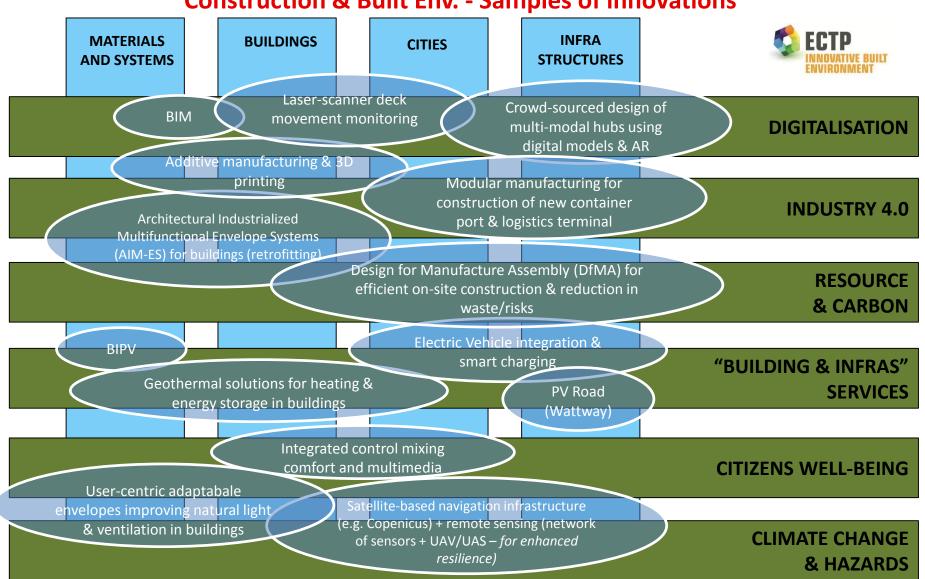
developing novel solutions to ensure a long lasting performance and quality to the enduser as predicted at the design phase to the end-user.



EeB PPP KPIs:

- 150 projects with 1000+ partners collaborating
- 150+ patents
- 55,000 people trained
- 450 pilots of innovative solutions
- 420 M€ private funds leveraged

Construction & Built Env. - Samples of innovations



The collaboration with MS and the role of the EeB PPP in the SET Plan

SET Plan (P. Cartuyvels, A. Zarli)

- ECTP as stakeholder in both groups (besides Member States)
- The final 3.2 Implementation Plan:
 - largely influenced by the ECTP and the Positive-Energy Blocks concept
 - generalized to achieve research and innovation integration so as to Europe to become a global role model in integrated, innovative solutions for the planning, deployment, and replication of Positive Energy Districts
 - 22 October (Brussels): Kick-off meeting for Implementation Plan on Smart Cities (follow-up of TWG 3.2)
- Implementation Plan for Action 5 Energy Efficiency Solutions for Buildings:
 - Final version of the IP under request for approval
 - R&I Activity 5.1-1: **New materials for buildings**
 - R&I Activity 5.1-2: Prefabricated active modules for façades and roofs or Key Enabling Technologies for active building skins
 - R&I Activity 5.1-3: **Digital planning and operational optimization**
 - R&I Activity 5.1-4: Living labs Energy technologies and solutions for decarbonized European quarters and Cities
 - R&I Activity 5.2-1: Cost-efficient, intelligent, flexible heat pumps (also thermally driven) and heat pumps for high temperatures
 - R&I Activity 5.2-2: Multi-source **District Heating integrating renewable and recovered heat sources**, higher temperature District Cooling and optimization of building heating system, to minimize the temperature levels in district heating networks
 - R&I Activity 5.2-3: Cost reduction and increase in efficiency of micro CHP/CCHP
 - R&I Activity 5.2-4: Compact thermal energy storage materials, components and systems





A cross-cutting initiative in synergy with Polish regions



Letter of intent signed by ECTP and the Polish Regions to develop energetically positive, sustainable and citizens-friendly cities













Generalising Digital Construction (1/2)

Digitising European Industry
Part of the Digital Single Market Policy



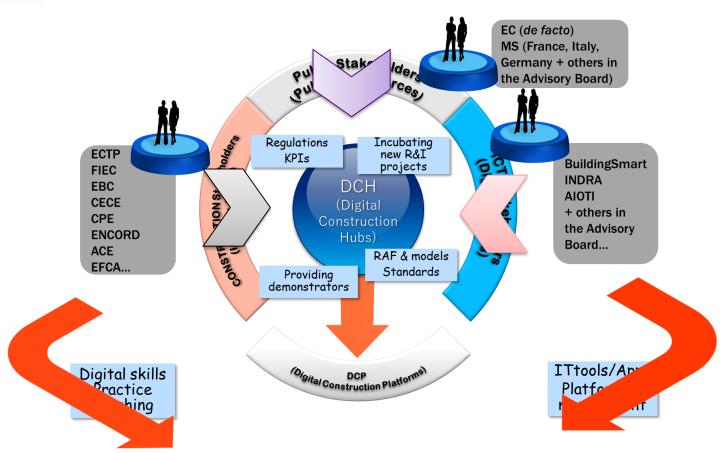




- European digital platforms in the Construction Industry: an approach linking DG Connect, the Member states and the Construction ecosystem
- Coordination & support activities to pave the way for future digital industrial platforms in the construction sector
 - → Major improvement potential in optimising resource use, environmental performance, health, comfort, and resilience to climate change

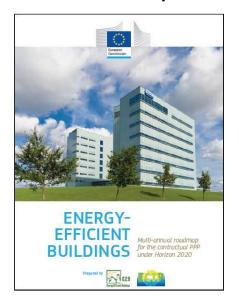
Generalising Digital Construction (2/2)





EeB PPP – A success story towards the future...

- Vision turns to be reality:
 - Positive energy buildings do exist
 - No valley of death for EeB PPP projects:
 - from research to implementation
- An ongoing achievement: turning the construction sector into a
 knowledge based sustainable business serving all European citizens in the
 context of a fully sustainable development.





HIKARI - 12 000 m² zero energy building in the Lyon-Confluence area in Lyon Photography not to be used without prior authorisation

Considerations on PPPs & Co-programming

cPPPs already have a fully transparent governance and monitoring process - with KPIs, as defined in the context of the EeB cPPP, being continuously monitored, at least on a yearly basis.

Endorsement of roadmaps at national level (through NCP and/or smart specialization strategy e.g. RIS3) and regional level (regional authorities e.g. via the Committee of Regions

Co-design and endorsement by both private and public stakeholders of R&I priorities from the cPPP open platform - taking into account a comprehensive vision from the industry the value chain, including RTOs, industry & SMEs.



cPPP: an instrument to embrace the complexity of actors, challenges and innovation needs in a comprehensive and systemic way – being a pan-European inclusive ecosystem:

(RTOs, industrialists, owners, legislators, users associations, etc.), in a multi-disciplinarity and open approach

Collaboration with MS

(1) Regular presentations & exchanges with MS/RCPs (at least 1-2 times/year – at Program Committee meetings)

(2) Some MS may participate on a regular basis to the cPPP Partnership Board

Framework for exchanges between the cPPPs and the different Directorates General of the European Commission, allowing common approaches and shared objectives (and avoiding silos!) to be translated into future calls for projects which would reflect the necessary cross-disciplinary integration.

Links between cPPPs & other instruments

(1/2): common (elements of) roadmaps, synergies between instruments from cross sectors (e.g. urban with energy, transport, communication integration to anticipating future evolution of the urban environment)

Links between cPPPs & other instruments

(2/2): (1) at least 15% of the projects under the cPPPs umbrella should show collaboration with projects from other cPPPs.

(2) Each cPPP should yearly deliver at least 3 'macro-deliverables', executed with at least one other cPPP.