



User Guide

R3000 Lite

Industrial Dual SIM Cellular VPN Router

1 Eth + 1 RS-232 + 1 RS-485 + 1 USB Host



robustOS

Guangzhou Robustel LTD

www.robustel.com


About This Document

This document provides hardware and software information of the Robustel R3000 Lite Router, including introduction, installation, configuration and operation.

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Important Notice

Due to the nature of wireless communications, transmission and reception of data can never be guaranteed. Data may be delayed, corrupted (i.e., have errors) or be totally lost. Although significant delays or losses of data are rare when wireless devices such as the router is used in a normal manner with a well-constructed network, the router should not be used in situations where failure to transmit or receive data could result in damage of any kind to the user or any other party, including but not limited to personal injury, death, or loss of property. Robustel accepts no responsibility for damages of any kind resulting from delays or errors in data transmitted or received using the router, or for failure of the router to transmit or receive such data.

Safety Precautions

General

- The router generates radio frequency (RF) power. When using the router, care must be taken on safety issues related to RF interference as well as regulations of RF equipment.
- Do not use your router in aircraft, hospitals, petrol stations or in places where using cellular products is prohibited.
- Be sure that the router will not be interfering with nearby equipment. For example: pacemakers or medical equipment. The antenna of the router should be away from computers, office equipment, home appliance, etc.
- An external antenna must be connected to the router for proper operation. Only uses approved antenna with the router. Please contact authorized distributor on finding an approved antenna.
- Always keep the antenna with minimum safety distance of 20 cm or more from human body. Do not put the antenna inside metallic box, containers, etc.
- RF exposure statements
 1. For mobile devices without co-location (the transmitting antenna is installed or located more than 20cm away from the body of user and nearby person)
- FCC RF Radiation Exposure Statement
 1. This Transmitter must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.
 2. This equipment complies with FCC RF radiation exposure limits set forth for an uncontrolled environment. This equipment should be installed and operated with a minimum distance of 20 centimeters between the radiator and human body.

Note: Some airlines may permit the use of cellular phones while the aircraft is on the ground and the door is open. Router may be used at this time.

Using the Router in Vehicle

- Check for any regulation or law authorizing the use of cellular devices in vehicle in your country before installing the router.
- The driver or operator of any vehicle should not operate the router while driving.
- Install the router by qualified personnel. Consult your vehicle distributor for any possible interference of electronic parts by the router.
- The router should be connected to the vehicle's supply system by using a fuse-protected terminal in the vehicle's fuse box.
- Be careful when the router is powered by the vehicle's main battery. The battery may be drained after extended period.

Protecting Your Router

To ensure error-free usage, please install and operate your router with care. Do remember the following:

- Do not expose the router to extreme conditions such as high humidity / rain, high temperature, direct sunlight, caustic / harsh chemicals, dust, or water.
- Do not try to disassemble or modify the router. There is no user serviceable part inside and the warranty would be void.
- Do not drop, hit or shake the router. Do not use the router under extreme vibrating conditions.
- Do not pull the antenna or power supply cable. Attach/detach by holding the connector.
- Connect the router only according to the instruction manual. Failure to do it will void the warranty.
- In case of problem, please contact authorized distributor.

Regulatory and Type Approval Information

Table 1: Directives

2011/65/EC	The European RoHS 2011/65/EU Directive was issued by the European parliament and the European Council on 1 July 2011 on the restriction of the use of certain Hazardous substances in electrical and electronic equipment.	
2012/19/EU	The European WEEE 2012/19/EU Directive was issued by the European parliament and the European Council on 24 July 2012 on waste electrical and electronic equipm	

Table 2: Standards of the electronic industry of the People’s Republic of China

SJ/T 11363-2006	<p>The electronic industry standard of the People’s Republic of China SJ/T 11363-2006 “Requirements for Concentration Limits for Certain Toxic and Hazardous Substances in Electronic Information Products” issued by the ministry of information industry of the People's Republic of China on November 6, 2006, stipulates the maximum allowable concentration of toxic and hazardous substances in electronic information products.</p> <p>Please see Table 3 for an overview of toxic or hazardous substances or elements that might be contained in product parts in concentrations above the limits defined by SJ/T 11363-2006.</p>
SJ/T 11364-2014	<p>The electronic industry standard of the People's Republic of China SJ/T 11364-2014 “Labeling Requirements for Restricted Use of Hazardous Substances in Electronic and Electrical Products” issued by the ministry of Industry and information technology of the People's Republic of China on July 9, 2014, stipulates the Labeling requirements of hazardous substances in electronic and electrical products, environmental protection use time limit and whether it can be recycled. This standard is applicable to electronic and electrical products sold within the territory of the People's Republic of China, and can also be used for reference in the logistics process of electronic and electrical products.</p> <p>The orange logo below is used for Robustel products:</p> <div style="text-align: right;"></div> <p>Indicates its warning attribute, that is, some hazardous substances are contained in the product. The "10" in the middle of the legend refers to the environment-friendly Use Period (EFUP) * of electronic information product, which is 10 years. It can be used safely during the environment-friendly Use Period. After the environmental protection period of use, it should enter the recycling system.</p> <p>*The term of environmental protection use of electronic information products refers to the term during which the toxic and hazardous substances or elements contained in electronic information products will not be leaked or mutated and cause serious pollution to the environment or serious damage to people and property under normal conditions of use.</p>

Table 3: Toxic or Hazardous Substances or Elements with Defined Concentration Limits

Name of the Part	Hazardous Substances					
	(Pb)	(Hg)	(Cd)	(Cr (VI))	(PBB)	(PBDE)
Metal parts	o	o	o	o	o	o
Circuit modules	o	o	o	o	o	o

Cables and cable assemblies	o	o	o	o	o	o
Plastic and polymeric parts	o	o	o	o	o	o

o:
 Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in all of the homogeneous materials for this part is below the limit requirement in 2011/65/EU and SJ/T11363-2006.

x:
 Indicates that this toxic or hazardous substance contained in at least one of the homogeneous materials for this part *might exceed* the limit requirement in 2011/65/EU and SJ/T11363-2006.

Document History

Updates between document versions are cumulative. Therefore, the latest document version contains all updates made to previous versions.

Date	Firmware Version	Doc Version	Change Description
24 March, 2017	2.9.1	v.3.0.0	Initial release
19 May, 2017	3.0.0	v.3.0.1	Updated system firmware
25 Sept., 2017	3.0.0	v.3.0.2	Updated the description of “restore to factory default settings” in Chapter 2.4
21 Oct., 2017	3.0.0	v.3.0.3	Added new app “AAA”
2 Feb., 2018	3.0.0	v.3.0.4	Updated certification information
28 Jun., 2018	3.0.0	v.3.0.5	Revised the company name
29 Jan., 2019	3.0.0	v.3.0.7	Revised the certifications
26 Mar., 2019	3.0.17	v.3.0.8	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Revised the Regulatory and Type Approval InformationAdded the description of the BG96 module

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Chapter 1 Product Concept

1.1 Key Features

The Robustel Industrial Dual SIM Cellular VPN Router (R3000 Lite) is a rugged cellular router offering state-of-the-art mobile connectivity for machine to machine (M2M) applications. R3000 Lite is a powerful router developed from RobustOS, a Robustel self-developed and Linux-based operating system which is designed to be used in Robustel hardware routers. The RobustOS includes basic networking features and protocols providing customers with a very good user experience. Meanwhile, Robustel offers a Software Development Kit (SDK) for partners and customers to allow additional customization by using C, Python or Java. It also provides rich APPs to meet fragmented IoT market demands.

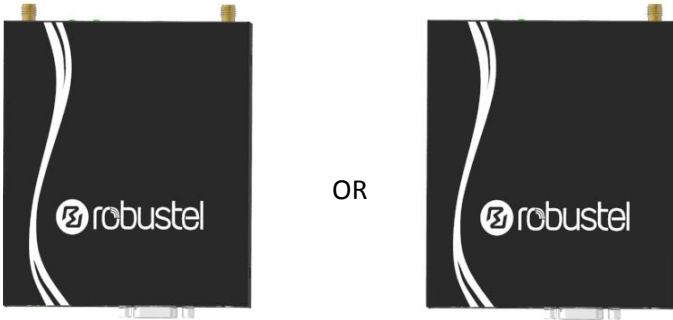
- Dual SIM redundancy for persistent 2G/3G/4G cellular network connections
- RobustOS + SDK + App
- IPsec/OpenVPN/GRE/L2TP/PPTP/DMVPN
- Supporting Modbus RTU
- Supporting Modbus Master
- Supporting TCP Client/Server, UDP and virtual serial port
- Supporting DHCP server
- Supporting 802.1Q VLAN Trunk protocol
- Supporting IP Pass-through
- Supporting RobustVPN (a Cloud VPN Portal providing easy and secure remote access for PLCs and machines)
- Management and maintenance via Web/CLI/SMS/SNMP/RobustLink Cloud
- Alarm via SMS/Email/SNMP trap/RobustLink
- Auto reboot via SMS/Timing
- Desktop and easy wall or DIN rail mounting options

1.2 Package Contents

Before installing your R3000 Lite Router, verify the kit contents as following.

Note: The following pictures are for illustration purposes only, not based on their actual sizes.

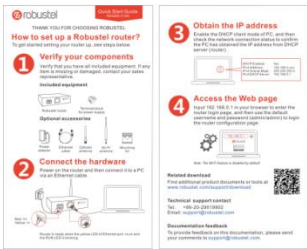
- 1 x Robustel GoRugged R3000 Lite Industrial Dual SIM Cellular VPN Router



- 1 x 3-pin pluggable terminal block for power supply



- 1 x *Quick Start Guide* with download link of other documents or tools



*If any of the above items is missing or damaged, please contact your Robustel sales representative.

Optional accessories (sold separately):

- 3G/4G SMA cellular antenna (stubby/magnet optional)

Stubby antenna

Magnet antenna



- Wall mounting kit



- 35 mm DIN rail mounting kit



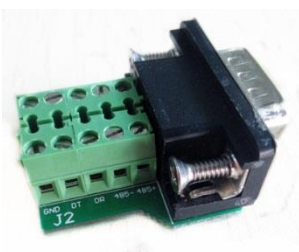
- Ethernet cable



- AC/DC power adapter (12V DC, 1.5 A; EU/US/UK/AU plug optional)



- Terminal block with a DB9 male connector for serial port connection



1.3 Specifications

Cellular Interface

- Number of ports: 2 (MAIN + AUX)
- Connector: SMA, female
- SIM: 2 (3.0 V & 1.8 V)
- Standards: GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/TD-SCDMA/CDMA (CDMA 1X/EVDO)/HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSPA+/FDD LTE/TDD LTE
 GSM: max DL/UL = 9.6/2.7 Kbps
 GPRS: max DL/UL = 86 Kbps
 EDGE: max DL/UL = 236.8 Kbps
 WCDMA/TD-SCDMA: max DL/UL = 2.8 Mbps/384 Kbps
 EVDO: max DL/UL = 5.4 Mbps/14.7 Kbps
 HSPA+: max DL/UL = 21/5.76 Mbps, fallback to 2G
 DC-HSPA+: max DL/UL = 42/5.76 Mbps, fallback to 2G
 FDD LTE: max DL/UL = 100/50 Mbps, fallback to 2G/3G
 TDD LTE: max DL/UL = 100/50 Mbps, fallback to 2G/3G

Cellular interface	The number of antenna interface
3G HSDPA	1
3G HSPA+	2
4G LTE	2

Ethernet Interface

- Number of ports: 1 x 10/100 LAN port
- Magnet isolation protection: 1.5 KV

Serial Interface

- Number of ports: 1 x RS-232 + 1 x RS-485
- Connector: DB9, female
- ESD protection: ± 15 KV
- Baud rate: 300 bps to 230400 bps
- Parameters: 8E1, 8O1, 8N1, 8N2, 7E2, 7O2, 7N2, 7E1
- RS232: TxD, RxD, RTS, CTS, GND
- RS485: Data+ (A), Data- (B)

Others

- Reset button : 1 x RST
- Expansion: 1 x USB 2.0 host up to 480 Mbps
- LED indicators: 1 x RUN, 1 x PPP, 1 x USR, 3 x RSSI
- Built-in: RTC, Watchdog, Timer

Software (Basic features of RobustOS)

- Network protocols: PPP, PPPoE, TCP, UDP, DHCP, ICMP, NAT, HTTP, HTTPS, DNS, ARP, RIP, OSPF, NTP, SMTP, Telnet, VLAN, SSH2, DDNS, etc.

- VPN tunnel: IPsec, OpenVPN, GRE
- Firewall: DMZ, anti-DoS, Filtering (IP/Domain name/MAC address), Port Mapping, Access Control
- Management: Web, CLI, SMS
- Serial port: Transparent, TCP Client/Server, UDP, Modbus RTU Gateway

App Center

- Available apps for RobustOS: L2TP, PPTP, DMVPN, RobustVPN, DDNS, VRRP, QoS, SNMP, Language, RobustLink, AAA

*Request on demand. For more APPs please visit www.robustel.com.

Power Supply and Consumption

- Connector: 3.5 mm DC Jack socket
- Input voltage: 9 to 36V DC
- Power consumption: Idle: 100 mA@12 V
Data link: 400 mA (peak) @12 V

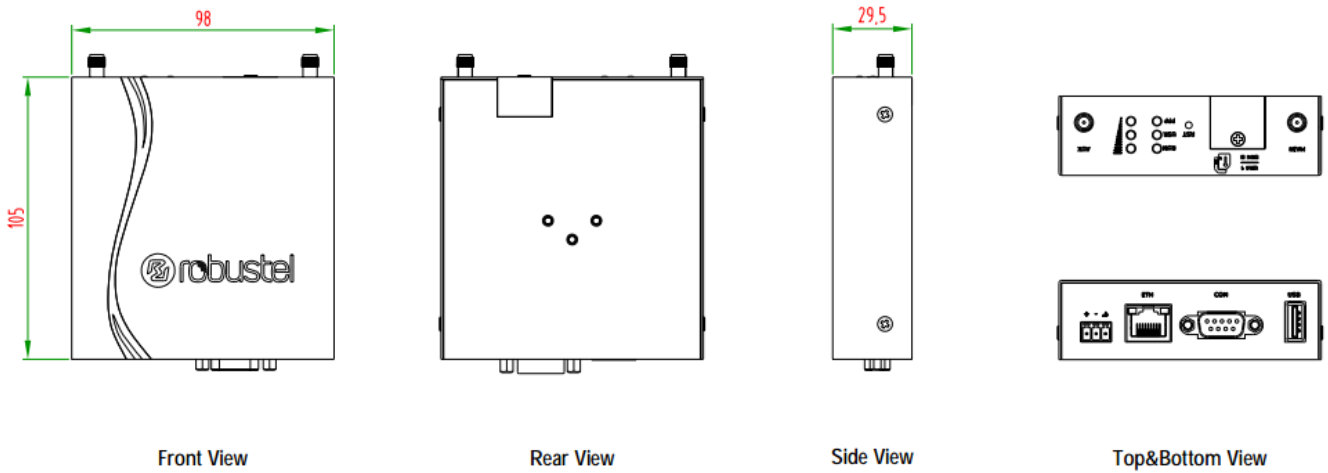
Physical Characteristics

- Ingress protection: IP30
- Housing & Weight: Metal, 300 g
- Dimensions: 105 x 98 x 30 mm
- Installations: Desktop or wall mounting or 35 mm DIN rail mounting

Approvals

- Regulatory: CE, FCC, PTCRB, RCM, IMDA, EAC
- Carrier: Telefonica, AT&T
- Application: IEC 61000-4-12(Electromagnetic Compatibility – Oscillatory Waves Immunity Test)
IEC 61000-4-18(Electromagnetic compatibility – Damped Oscillatory Wave Immunity Test)
- Environmental: RoHS, WEEE
- EMI: EN 55032: 2012/AC: 2013 (CE & RE) Class B
- EMS: IEC 61000-4-2 (ESD) Contact Level 2; Air Level 3
IEC 61000-4-3 (RS) Level 2
IEC 61000-4-4 (EFT) Level 2
IEC 61000-4-5 (Surge) Level 3
IEC 61000-4-6 (CS) Level 2

1.4 Dimensions



1.5 Ordering Information

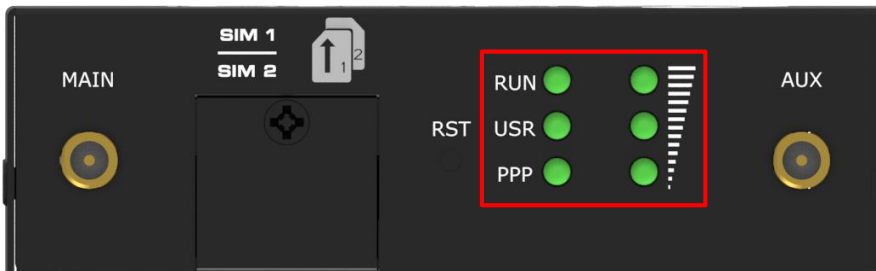
Model	R3000-L3H	R3000-L3P	R3000-L4L
Router Type	HSDPA router	HSPA+ router	LTE router
Antenna Number	1	2	2
Air Interface	GSM/GPRS/EDGE/ HSDPA	GSM/GPRS/EDGE/ HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+	GSM/GPRS/EDGE/WCDMA/HSDPA/ HSUPA/HSPA+/DC-HSPA+/TD-SCDMA/ CDMA (CDMA 1X/EVDO)/FDD LTE/ TDD LTE
Frequency Bands	-	-	AU: B1/B3/B5/B7/B8/B28, B40 EU: B1/B3/B7/B8/B20/B28/B31, B38/B40 US: B2/B4/B5/B13/B17/B25, B41 JP: B1/B3/B8/B9/B18/B19/B21/B28, B41 CN: B1/B3, B38/B39/B40/B41
4G			
3G	B1/B8	B1/B2/B4(AWS)/B5/ B8/B19	WCDMA/HSDPA/HSUPA/HSPA+/ DC-HSPA+: B1/B2/B5/B6/B8/B9/B19 TD-SCDMA: B34/B39 CDMA (CDMA 1X/EVDO): R0/A BC0/BC1/BC10
2G	850/900/1800/1900 MHz	850/900/1800/1900 MHz	850/900/1800/1900 MHz
Operating Environment	-40 to 75°C 5 to 95% RH	-40 to 75°C 5 to 95% RH	-40 to 75°C 5 to 95% RH

*For more information about 4G frequency bands in different countries, please contact your Robustel sales representative.

Chapter 2 Hardware Installation

2.1 LED Indicators

The R3000 Lite has been designed to be placed on a desktop. Below is the top view of the R3000 Lite.



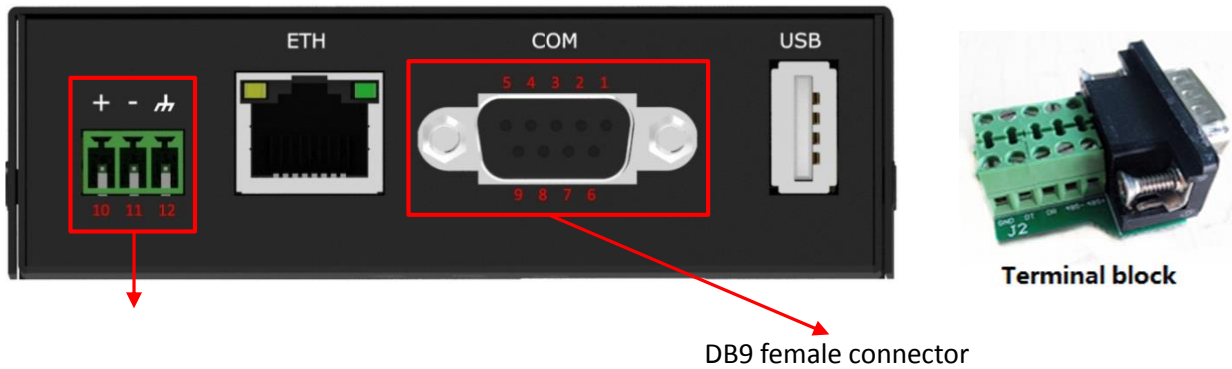
Name	Color	Status	Description
RUN	Green	On, fast blinking (250 mSec blink time)	Router is powered on (System is initializing)
		On, blinking (500 mSec blink time)	Router starts operating
		Off	Router is powered off
USR-SIM	Green	On, blinking	Backup card is being used
		Off	Main card is being used
USR-NET	Green	On, solid	Network is joined successfully and worked in an optimum one
		On, blinking	Network is joined successfully but worked in a lower-level than standard
		Off	Network is not joined or joining
USR-OpenVPN	Green	On, solid	OpenVPN connection is established
		Off	OpenVPN connection is not established
USR-IPsec	Green	On, solid	IPsec connection is established
		Off	IPsec connection is not established
PPP	Green	On, solid	Link connection is established
		Off	Link connection is not established
	Green	Three lights are solid green	High signal strength (21-31) is available
		Two lights are solid green	Medium signal strength (11-20) is available
		One light is solid green	Low signal strength (1-10) is available
		Off	No signal
			When the network is disconnected, those three signal LEDs are designed as a binary combination code to indicate a series of error report. Blinking: 1 Off: 0

001	AT command failed
010	no SIM card detected
011	need to enter the PIN code
100	need to enter the PUK code
101	registration failed
110	module error
111	not support the module

Note: You can choose the display type of USR LED. For more details, please refer to **3.26 Service > Advanced**.

2.2 PIN Assignment

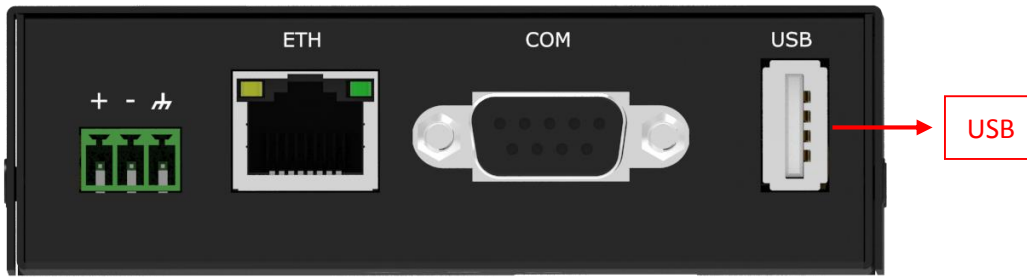
The R3000 Lite has been designed to be placed on a desktop. Below is the bottom view of the R3000 Lite.



PIN	Polarity
10	Positive
11	Negative
12	GND

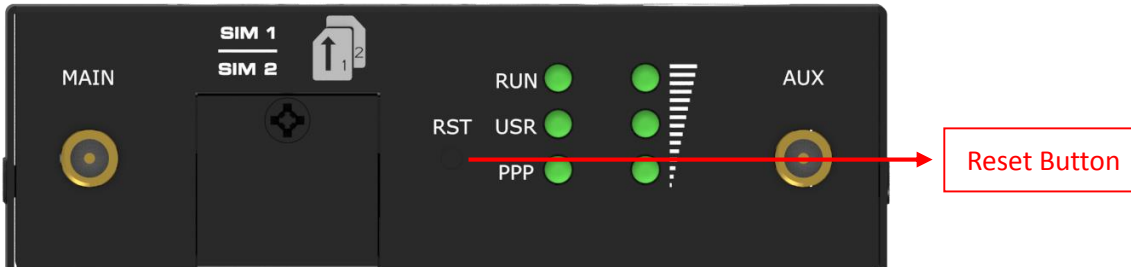
PIN	Debug	RS-232	RS-485 (2-wire)	Terminal block	Direction
1	CR	--	Data+ (A)	485+	--
2	CT	RXD	--	RXD	Router → Device
3	--	TXD	--	TXD	Router ← Device
4	DRXD	--	--	DT	Router ← Device
5	GND	GND	--	GND x 2	--
6	--	--	Data- (B)	485-	--
7	--	RTS	--	RTS	Router ← Device
8	--	CTS	--	CTS	Router → Device
9	DTXD	--	--	DR	Router → Device

2.3 USB Interface



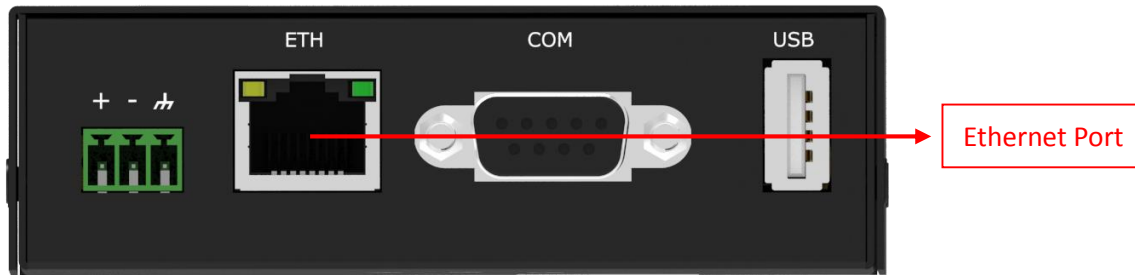
Function	Operation
Firmware upgrade	USB interface is used for batch firmware upgrading, but cannot be used for sending or receiving data from slave devices which connected to it. You can insert a USB storage device into the router's USB interface, such as a U disk or a hard disk. If there have a supported configuration file or a router firmware in this USB storage device, the router will automatically update the configuration file or the firmware. For more details, see 3.10 Interface > USB .

2.4 Reset Button



Function	Operation
Reboot	Press and hold the RST button for 5 seconds under the operating status.
Restore to factory default settings	Wait for 3 seconds after powering up the router, press and hold the RST button until all six LEDs start blinking one by one, and release the button to return the router to factory defaults.

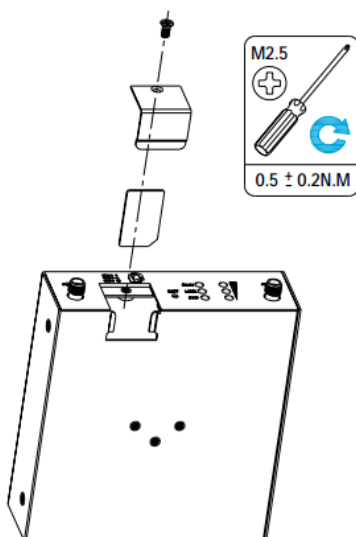
2.5 Ethernet Port



R3000 Lite Router has one Ethernet port with two LED indicators. The yellow one is link indicator and the green one is speed indicator. For details about status, see the table below.

Indicator	Status	Description
Link indicator	On, solid	Connection is established
	On, blinking	Data is being transferred
	Off	Connection is not established
Speed indicator	On, solid	100 Mbps mode
	Off	10 Mbps mode

2.6 Insert or Remove SIM Card



Insert or remove the SIM as shown in the following steps.

- **Insert SIM card**

1. Make sure router is powered off.

2. To remove slot cover, loosen the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver and then find the SIM card slot.
3. To insert SIM card, press the card with finger until you hear a click and then tighten the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver.
4. To put back the cover and tighten the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver.

- **Remove SIM card**

1. Make sure router is powered off.
2. To remove slot cover, loosen the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver and then find the SIM card slot.
3. To remove SIM card, press the card with finger until it pops out and then take out the SIM card.
4. To put back the cover and tighten the screws associated with the cover by using a screwdriver.

Note:

1. Recommended torque for inserting is 0.5 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 0.7 N.m.
2. Use the specific M2M SIM card when the device is working in extreme temperature (temperature exceeding 40°C), because the regular card for long-time working in harsh environment will be disconnected frequently.
3. Do not forget to twist the cover tightly to avoid being stolen.
4. Do not touch the metal of the card surface in case information in the card will lose or be destroyed.
5. Do not bend or scratch the card.
6. Keep the card away from electricity and magnetism.
7. Make sure router is powered off before inserting or removing the card.

2.7 Attach External Antenna (SMA Type)

Attach an external SMA antenna to the router's connector and twist tightly. Make sure the antenna is within the correct frequency range provided by the ISP and with 50 Ohm impedance.

Note: Recommended torque for tightening is 0.35 N.m.

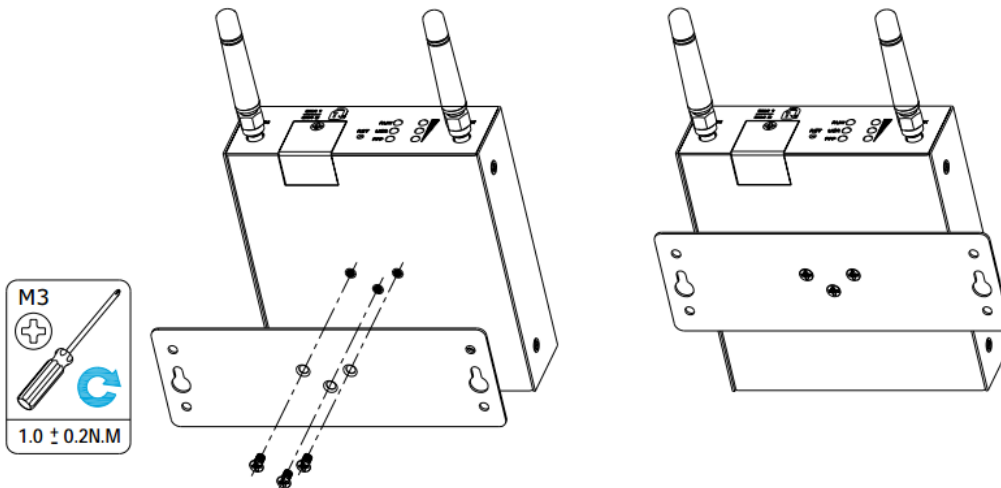


2.8 Mount the Router

The router can be placed on a desktop or mounted to a wall or a 35 mm DIN rail.

Two methods for mounting the router

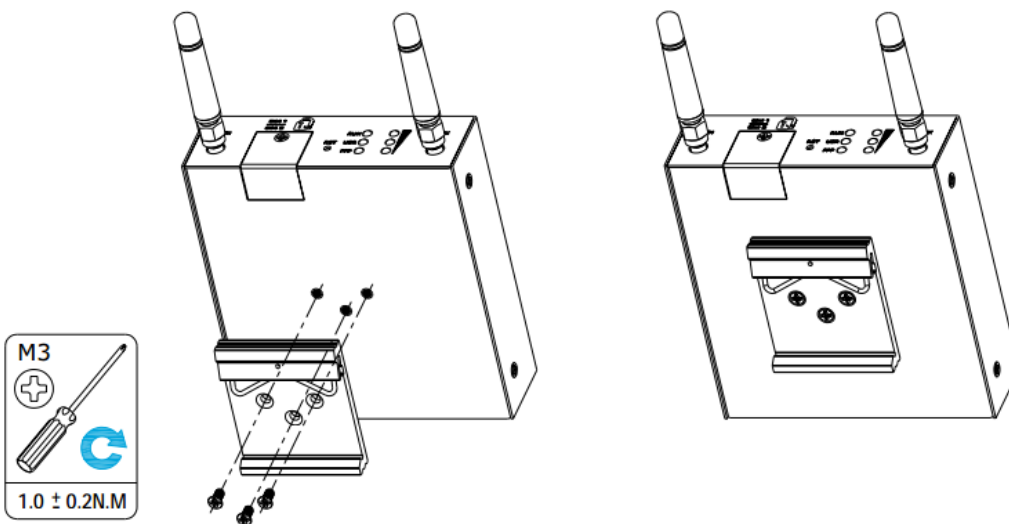
1. Wall mounting



Use 3 pcs of M3*4 flat head Phillips screws to fix the wall mounting kit to the router, and then use 2 pcs of M3 drywall screws to mount the router associated with the wall mounting kit on the wall.

Note: Recommended torque for mounting is 1.0 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 1.2 N.m.

2. DIN rail mounting

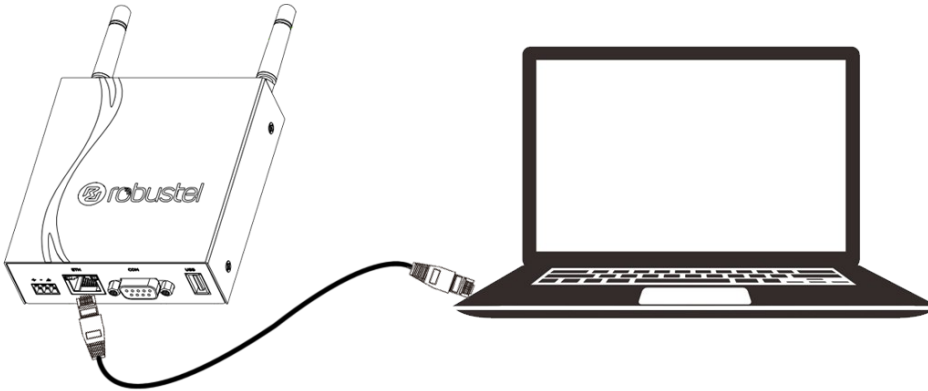


Use 3 pcs of M3*6 flat head Phillips screws to fix the DIN rail to the router, and then hang the DIN rail on the mounting bracket. It is necessary to choose a standard bracket.

Note: Recommended torque for mounting is 1.0 N.m, and the maximum allowed is 1.2 N.m.

2.9 Connect the Router to a Computer

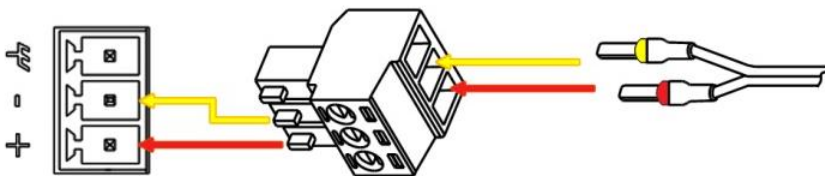
Connect an Ethernet cable to the port marked ETH at the bottom of the R3000 Lite, and connect the other end of the cable to your computer.



2.10 Power Supply

CONNECTING THE POWER CABLE

COLOR	POLARITY
RED	+
YELLOW	-



R3000 Lite router supports reverse polarity protection, but always refers to the figure above to connect the power adapter correctly. There are two cables associated with the power adapter. Following to the color of the head, connect the cable marked red to the positive pole through a terminal block, and connect the yellow one to the negative in the same way.

Note: The range of power voltage is 9 to 36V DC.

Chapter 3 Initial Configuration

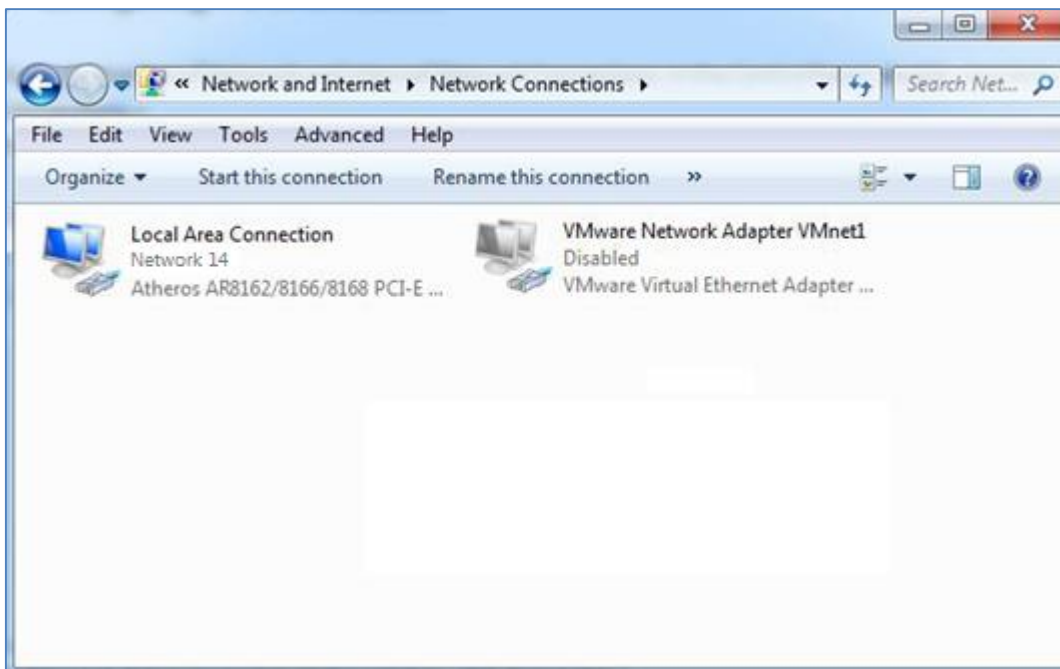
The router can be configured through your web browser that including IE 8.0 or above, Chrome and Firefox, etc. A web browser is included as a standard application in the following operating systems: Linux, Mac OS, Windows 98/NT/2000/XP/Me/Vista/7/8, etc. It provides an easy and user-friendly interface for configuration. There are various ways to connect the router, either through an external repeater/hub or connect directly to your PC. However, make sure that your PC has an Ethernet interface properly installed prior to connecting the router. You must configure your PC to obtain an IP address through a DHCP server or a fixed IP address that must be in the same subnet as the router. If you encounter any problems accessing the router web interface, it is advisable to uninstall your firewall program on your PC, as this tends to cause problems accessing the IP address of the router.

3.1 Configure the PC

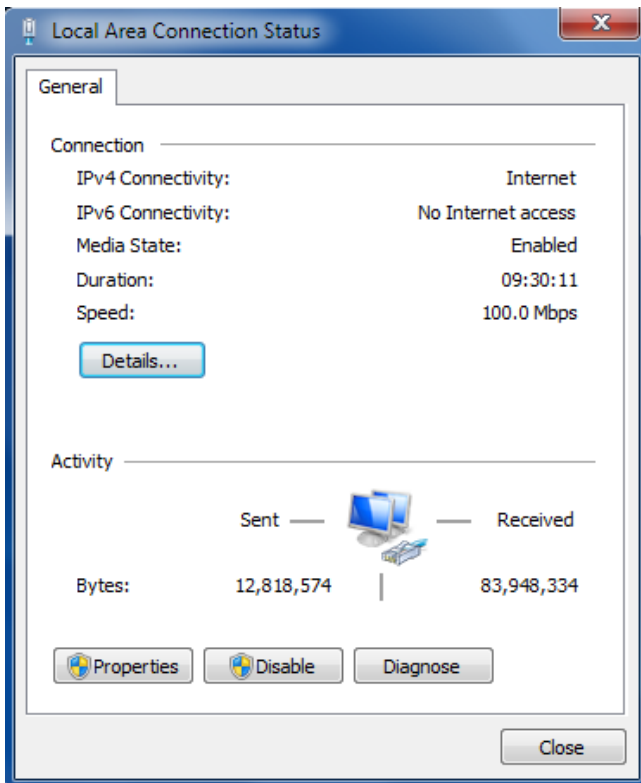
There are two methods to get IP address for the PC, one is to obtain an IP address automatically from “Local Area Connection”, and another is to configure a static IP address manually within the same subnet of the router. Please refer to the steps below.

Here take **Windows 7** as example, and the configuration for windows system is similar.

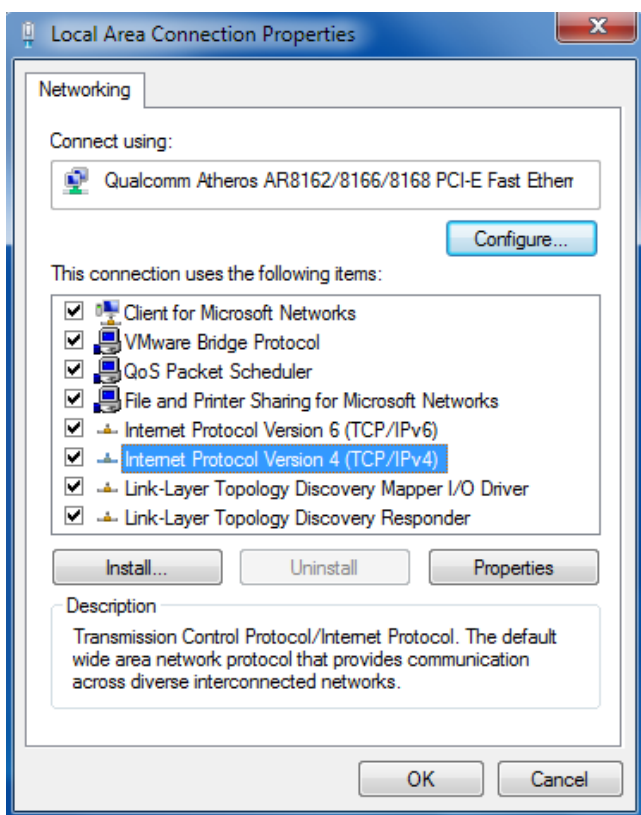
1. Click **Start > Control panel**, double-click **Network and Sharing Center**, and then double-click **Local Area Connection**.



2. Click **Properties** in the window of **Local Area Connection Status**.

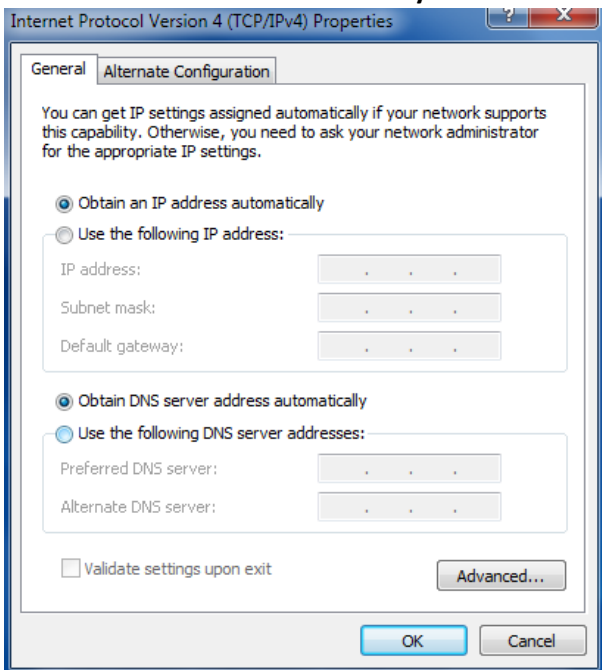


3. Choose **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)** and click **Properties**.



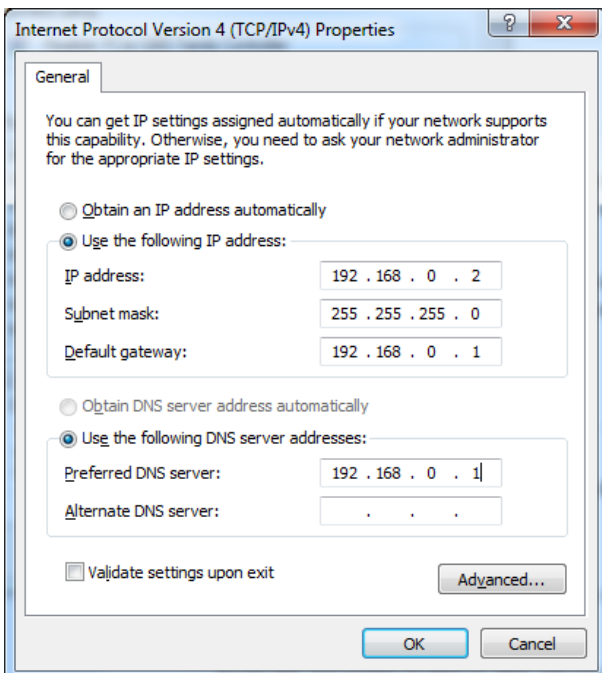
4. Two ways for configuring the IP address of PC.

Obtain an IP address automatically:



Use the following IP address:

(Configured a static IP address manually within the same subnet of the router)



5. Click **OK** to finish the configuration.

3.2 Factory Default Settings

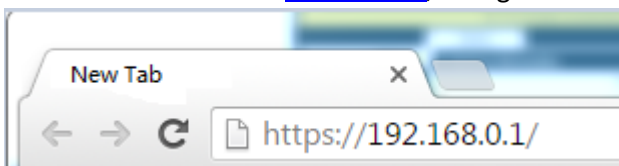
Before configuring your router, you need to know the following default settings.

Item	Description
Username	admin
Password	admin
ETH	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0, LAN mode
DHCP Server	Enabled

3.3 Log in the Router

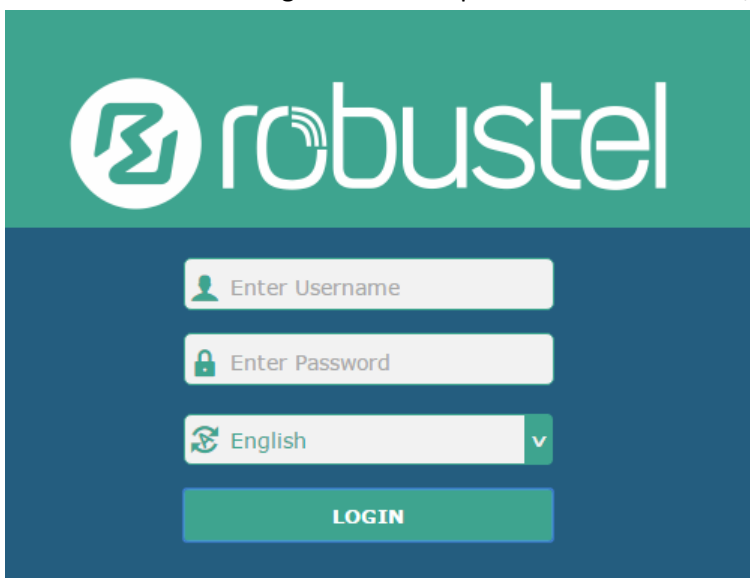
To log in to the management page and view the configuration status of your router, please follow the steps below.

1. On your PC, open a web browser such as Internet Explorer, Google and Firefox, etc.
2. From your web browser, type the IP address of the router into the address bar and press enter. The default IP address of the router is 192.168.0.1, though the actual address may vary.



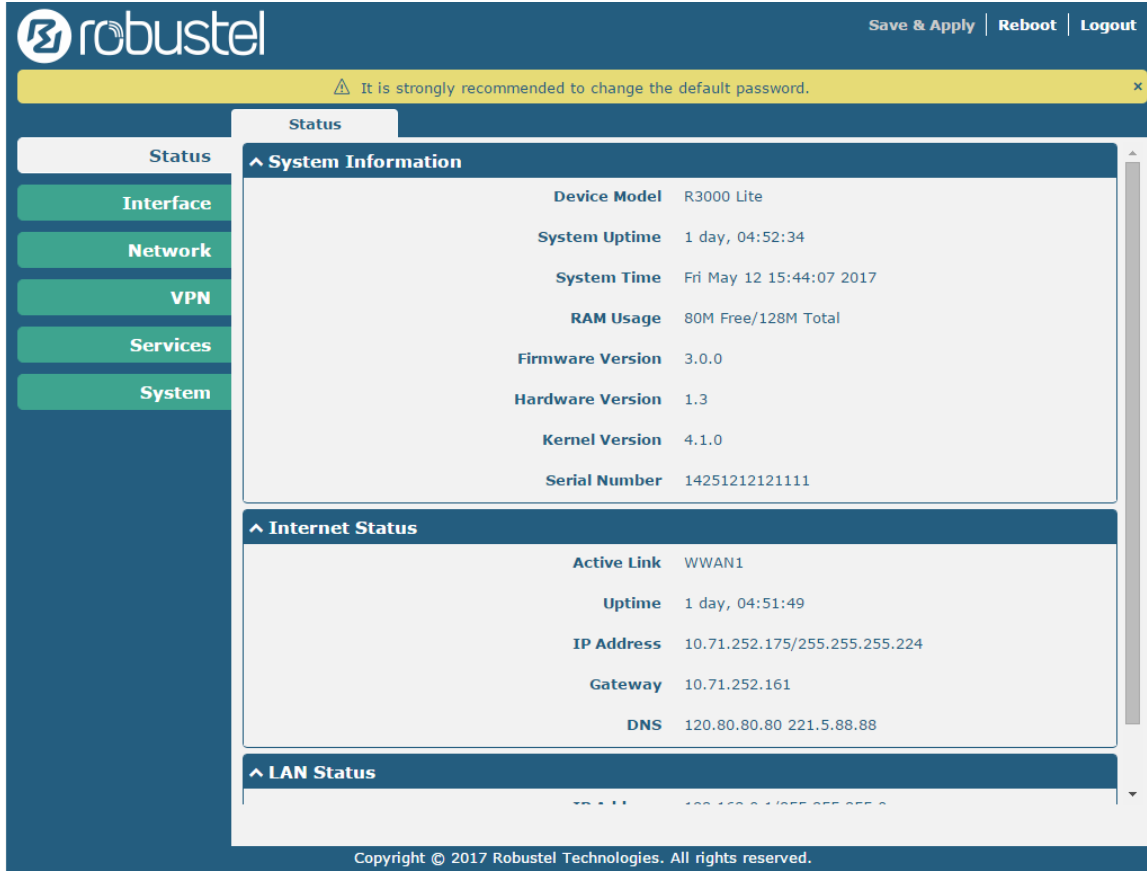
3. In the login page, enter the username and password, choose language and then click **LOGIN**. The default username and password are "admin".

Note: If enter the wrong username or password over six times, the login web will be locked for 5 minutes.



3.4 Control Panel

After logging in, the home page of the R3000 Lite Router’s web interface is displayed, for example.



Using the original password to log in the router, the page will pop up the following tab



It is strongly recommended for security purposes that you change the default username and/or password. To change your username and/or password, see **3.34 System > User Management**.

Control Panel		
Item	Description	Button
Save & Apply	Click to save the current configuration into router’s flash and apply the modification on every configuration page, to make the modification taking effect.	Save & Apply
Reboot	Click to reboot the router. If the Reboot button is yellow, it means that some completed configurations will take effect only after reboot.	Reboot
Logout	Click to log the current user out safely. After logging out, it will switch to login page. Shut down web page directly without logout, the next one can login web on this browser without a password before timeout.	Logout
Submit	Click to save the modification on current configuration page.	Submit
Cancel	Click to cancel the modification on current configuration page.	Cancel

Note: The steps of how to modify configuration are as bellow:

1. Modify in one page;
2. Click **Submit** under this page;
3. Modify in another page;
4. Click **Submit** under this page;
5. Complete all modification;
6. Click **Save & Apply**.

3.5 Status

This page allows you to view the System Information, Internet Status and LAN Status of your router.

System Information

^ System Information	
Device Model	R3000 Lite
System Uptime	1 day, 04:52:34
System Time	Fri May 12 15:44:07 2017
RAM Usage	80M Free/128M Total
Firmware Version	3.0.0
Hardware Version	1.3
Kernel Version	4.1.0
Serial Number	14251212121111

System Information	
Item	Description
Device Model	Show the model name of your device.
System Uptime	Show the current amount of time the router has been connected.
System Time	Show the current system time.
RAM Usage	Show the free memory and the total memory.
Firmware Version	Show the firmware version running on the router.
Hardware Version	Show the current hardware version.
Kernel Version	Show the current kernel version.
Serial Number	Show the serial number of your device.

Internet Status

^ Internet Status	
Active Link	WWAN1
Uptime	1 day, 04:51:49
IP Address	10.71.252.175/255.255.255.224
Gateway	10.71.252.161
DNS	120.80.80.80 221.5.88.88

Internet Status	
Item	Description
Active Link	Show the current active link.
Uptime	Show the current amount of time the link has been connected.
IP Address	Show the IP address of current link.
Gateway	Show the gateway address of the current link.
DNS	Show the current primary DNS server and secondary server.

LAN Status

^ LAN Status	
IP Address	192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0
MAC Address	34:FA:40:01:54:B5

LAN Status	
Item	Description
IP Address	Show the IP address and the Netmask of the router.
MAC Address	Show the MAC address of the router.

3.6 Interface > Link Manager

This section allows you to setup the link connection.

Link Manager
Status

^ General Settings

Primary Link ?

Backup Link ?

Backup Mode ?

Revert Interval ?

Emergency Reboot OFF ?

General Settings @ Link Manager		
Item	Description	Default
Primary Link	Select from "WWAN1" or "WWAN2". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> WWAN1: Select to make SIM1 as the primary wireless link WWAN2: Select to make SIM2 as the primary wireless link 	WWAN1
Backup Link	Select from "None", "WWAN1" or "WWAN2". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> None: Do not select any backup link WWAN1: Select to make SIM1 as backup wireless link WWAN2: Select to make SIM2 as backup wireless link 	WWAN2
Backup Mode	Select from "Cold Backup", "Warm Backup" or "Load Balancing". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Cold Backup: The inactive link is offline on standby Warm Backup: The inactive link is online on standby Load Balancing: Use two links simultaneously Note: R3000 Lite supports only the cold backup mode.	Cold Backup
Revert Interval	Specify the number of minutes that elapses before the primary link is checked if a backup link is being used in cold backup mode. 0 means disable checking. Note: Revert interval is available only under the cold backup mode.	0
Emergency Reboot	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to reboot the whole system if no links available.	OFF

Note: Click ? for help.

Link Settings allows you to configure the parameters of link connection, including WWAN1 and WWAN2. It is recommended to enable Ping detection to keep the router always online. The Ping detection increases the reliability and also costs the data traffic.

^ Link Settings

Index	Type	Description	Connection Type	
1	WWAN1		DHCP	
2	WWAN2		DHCP	

Click  on the right-most of WWAN1/WWAN2 to enter the configuration window.

WWAN1/WWAN2

Link Manager

^ **General Settings**

Index	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Type	<input style="border: 1px solid #ccc;" type="text" value="WWAN1"/> v
Description	<input type="text"/>

The window is displayed as below when enabling the “Automatic APN Selection” option.

^ **WWAN Settings**

Automatic APN Selection	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Dialup Number	<input type="text" value="*99***1#"/>
Authentication Type	<input style="border: 1px solid #ccc;" type="text" value="Auto"/> v
Switch SIM By Data Allowance	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF ?
Data Allowance	<input type="text" value="0"/> ?
Billing Day	<input type="text" value="1"/> ?

The window is displayed as below when disabling the “Automatic APN Selection” option.

^ **WWAN Settings**

Automatic APN Selection	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
APN	<input type="text" value="internet"/>
Username	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="text"/>
Dialup Number	<input type="text" value="*99***1#"/>
Authentication Type	<input style="border: 1px solid #ccc;" type="text" value="Auto"/> v
Switch SIM By Data Allowance	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF ?
Data Allowance	<input type="text" value="0"/> ?
Billing Day	<input type="text" value="1"/> ?

^ Ping Detection Settings ?

Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Primary Server	<input type="text" value="8.8.8.8"/>
Secondary Server	<input type="text" value="114.114.114.114"/>
Interval	<input type="text" value="300"/> ?
Retry Interval	<input type="text" value="5"/> ?
Timeout	<input type="text" value="3"/> ?
Max Ping Tries	<input type="text" value="3"/> ?

^ Advanced Settings

NAT Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Upload Bandwidth	<input type="text" value="10000"/> ?
Download Bandwidth	<input type="text" value="10000"/>
Overridden Primary DNS	<input type="text"/>
Overridden Secondary DNS	<input type="text"/>
Debug Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Verbose Debug Enable	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF


Link Settings (WWAN)		
Item	Description	Default
General Settings		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Type	Show the type of the link.	WWAN1
Description	Enter a description for this link.	Null
WWAN Settings		
Automatic APN Selection	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the "Automatic APN Selection" option. After enabling, the device will recognize the access point name automatically. Alternatively, you can disable this option and manually add the access point name.	ON
APN	Enter the Access Point Name for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	internet
Username	Enter the username for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null
Password	Enter the password for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	Null
Dialup Number	Enter the dialup number for cellular dial-up connection, provided by local ISP.	*99***1#
Authentication Type	Select from "Auto", "PAP" or "CHAP" as the local ISP required.	Auto
Switch SIM By Data Allowance	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. After enabling, it will switch to another SIM when the data limit reached. Note: Only used for dual SIM backup.	OFF

Link Settings (WWAN)		
Item	Description	Default
Data Allowance	Set the monthly data traffic limitation. The system will record the data traffic statistics when data traffic limitation (MiB) is specified. The traffic record will be displayed in Interface > Link Manager > Status > WWAN Data Usage Statistics . 0 means disable data traffic record.	0
Billing Day	Specify the monthly billing day. The data traffic statistics will be recalculated from that day.	1
Ping Detection Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the ping detection mechanism, a keepalive policy of the router.	ON
Primary Server	Router will ping this primary address/domain name to check that if the current connectivity is active.	8.8.8.8
Secondary Server	Router will ping this secondary address/domain name to check that if the current connectivity is active.	114.114.114.114
Interval	Set the ping interval.	300
Retry Interval	Set the ping retry interval. When ping failed, the router will ping again every retry interval.	5
Timeout	Set the ping timeout.	3
Max Ping Tries	Set the max ping tries. Switch to another link or take emergency action if the max continuous ping tries reached.	3
Advanced Settings		
NAT Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Network Address Translation option.	ON
Upload Bandwidth	Set the upload bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Download Bandwidth	Set the download bandwidth used for QoS, measured in kbps.	10000
Overridden Primary DNS	Override primary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
Overridden Secondary DNS	Override secondary DNS will override the automatically obtained DNS.	Null
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging information output.	ON
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose debugging information output.	OFF

Status

This page allows you to view the status of link connection and clear the monthly data usage statistics.

Link Manager		Status		
^ Link Status				
Index	Link	Status	Uptime	IP Address
1	WWAN1	Connected	1 day, 05:01:48	10.71.252.17..
2	WWAN2	Disconnected		

Click the right-most button  to select the connection status of the current link.



Click the row of the link, and it will show the details information of the current link connection under the row.

^ Link Status ...

Index	Link	Status	Uptime	IP Address
1	WWAN1	Connected	1 day, 05:01:48	10.71.252.17..
Index 1 Link WWAN1 Status Connected Interface wwan Uptime 1 day, 05:01:48 IP Address 10.71.252.175/255.255.255.224 Gateway 10.71.252.161 DNS 120.80.80.80 221.5.88.88 RX Packets 2127 TX Packets 2316 RX Bytes 241625 TX Bytes 185905				
2	WWAN2	Disconnected		

^ WWAN Data Usage Statistics

WWAN1 Monthly Stats **Clear**

WWAN2 Monthly Stats **Clear**

Click the **Clear** button to clear SIM1 or SIM2 monthly data traffic usage statistics. Data statistics will be displayed only if enable the Data Allowance function in **Interface > Link Manager > Link Settings > WWAN Settings > Data Allowance**.

3.7 Interface > LAN

This section allows you to set the related parameters for LAN port. There is one LAN port on R3000 Lite Router, which is ETH. The default settings of ETH is lan0 and its default IP is 192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0.

LAN

LAN			
Multiple IP	VLAN Trunk	Status	
^ Network Settings ?			
Index	Interface	IP Address	Netmask
1	lan0	192.168.0.1	255.255.255.0
+ ✎ ✕			

Note: Lan0 cannot be deleted.

You may click ✎ to edit the configuration of the LAN port, or click ✕ to delete the current LAN port. Now, click + to add a new LAN port.

LAN

^ General Settings

Index:

Interface: v

IP Address:

Netmask:

MTU:

General Settings @ LAN		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Interface	Lan1 is available only if it was selected by one of ETH1~ETH4 in Ethernet > Ports > Port Settings , and so on.	lan0
IP Address	Set the IP address of the LAN port.	192.168.0.1
Netmask	Set the Netmask of the LAN port.	255.255.255.0
MTU	Enter the Maximum Transmission Unit.	1500

The window is displayed as below when choosing "Server" as the mode.

^ DHCP Settings

Enable: ON OFF

Mode: Server v

IP Pool Start:

IP Pool End:

Subnet Mask:

^ DHCP Advanced Settings

Gateway

Primary DNS

Secondary DNS

WINS Server

Lease Time ?

Static lease ?

Expert Options ?

Debug Enable ON OFF

The window is displayed as below when choosing “Relay” as the mode.

^ DHCP Settings

Enable ON OFF

Mode v

DHCP Server For Relay

^ DHCP Advanced Settings




Debug Enable ON OFF

LAN		
Item	Description	Default
DHCP Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the DHCP function.	ON
Mode	Select from “Server” or “Relay”. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Server: Lease IP address to DHCP clients which have been connected to LAN port Relay: Router can be a DHCP Relay, which will provide a relay tunnel to solve the problem that DHCP Client and DHCP Server are not in a same subnet 	Server
IP Pool Start	Define the beginning of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.	192.168.0.2
IP Pool End	Define the end of the pool of IP addresses which will be leased to DHCP clients.	192.168.0.100
Subnet Mask	Define the subnet mask of IP address obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP server.	255.255.255.0
DHCP Server for Relay	Enter the IP address of DHCP relay server.	Null
DHCP Advanced Settings		
Gateway	Define the gateway assigned by the DHCP server to the clients, which must be on the same network segment with DHCP address pool.	Null

LAN		
Item	Description	Default
Primary DNS	Define the primary DNS server assigned by the DHCP server to the clients.	Null
Secondary DNS	Define the secondary DNS server assigned by the DHCP server to the clients.	Null
WINS Server	Define the Windows Internet Naming Service obtained by DHCP clients from DHCP sever.	Null
Lease Time	Set the lease time which the client can use the IP address obtained from DHCP server, measured in seconds.	120
Static lease	Bind a lease to correspond an IP address via a MAC address. format: mac,ip;mac,ip;..., e.g. FF:ED:CB:A0:98:01,192.168.0.200	Null
Expert Options	Enter some other options of DHCP server in this field. format: config-desc;config-desc, e.g. log-dhcp;quiet-dhcp	Null
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for DHCP information output.	OFF

Multiple IP

LAN	Multiple IP	VLAN Trunk	Status
^ Multiple IP Settings			
Index	Interface	IP Address	Netmask
1	lan0	172.16.7.29	255.255.0.0

You may click  to add a multiple IP to the LAN port, or click  to delete the multiple IP of the LAN port. Now, click  to edit the multiple IP of the LAN port.

Multiple IP	
^ IP Settings	
Index	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Interface	<input type="text" value="lan0"/>
IP Address	<input type="text" value="172.16.7.29"/>
Netmask	<input type="text" value="255.255.0.0"/>

IP Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Interface	Show the editing port.	--
IP Address	Set the multiple IP address of the LAN port.	Null
Netmask	Set the multiple Netmask of the LAN port.	Null

VLAN Trunk

LAN | Multiple IP | VLAN Trunk | Status

^ VLAN Settings

Index	Enable	Interface	VID	IP Address	Netmask
+					

Click **+** to add a VLAN. The maximum count is 8.

VLAN Trunk

^ VLAN Settings

Index:

Enable: ON OFF

Interface: v

VID:

IP Address:

Netmask:

VLAN Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this VLAN. Enable to make router can encapsulate and de-encapsulate the VLAN tag.	ON
Interface	Choose the interface which wants to enable VLAN trunk function. Select from "lan0", "lan1", "lan2" or "lan3" depends on your ETH1~ETH4's corresponding LAN port.	lan0
VID	Set the tag ID of VLAN and digits from 1 to 4094.	100
IP Address	Set the IP address of VLAN port.	Null
Netmask	Set the Netmask of VLAN port.	Null

Status

This section allows you to view the status of LAN connection.

LAN	Multiple IP	VLAN Trunk	Status	
^ Interface Status				
Index	Interface	IP Address	MAC Address	
1	lan0	192.168.0.1/255.2...	34:FA:40:01:54:B5	
^ Connected Devices				
Index	IP Address	MAC Address	Interface	Inactive Time
1	172.16.5.26	70:85:C2:02:24:29	lan0	264s
2	172.16.5.133	D0:50:99:8A:1E:B7	lan0	233s
3	172.16.5.232	1C:1B:0D:6C:2F:91	lan0	794s
4	172.16.5.108	48:D2:24:53:63:F6	lan0	75983s
5	172.16.7.19	F0:76:1C:A7:1A:73	lan0	2117s
6	172.16.5.215	1C:1B:0D:D1:8E:79	lan0	81s
7	172.16.5.190	C8:5B:76:78:EB:26	lan0	313s
8	172.16.0.96	44:8A:5B:B6:83:A0	lan0	0s
9	172.16.5.173	00:E0:4C:24:04:4C	lan0	542s
10	192.168.0.2	C8:5B:76:80:49:0C	lan0	4144s
11	172.16.2.15	D0:50:99:4D:F9:92	lan0	10s
12	172.16.5.181	1C:1B:0D:D1:97:97	lan0	93s
13	172.16.2.89	D0:50:99:51:C2:DE	lan0	275s
14	172.16.5.218	1C:1B:0D:4B:90:8C	lan0	419s
15	172.16.5.123	50:7B:9D:63:18:17	lan0	0s
16	172.16.5.189	00:E0:4C:10:C6:D6	lan0	6s
17	172.16.2.97	D0:50:99:65:7A:A4	lan0	145s
18	172.16.2.68	D0:50:99:70:F3:C8	lan0	76s
19	172.16.5.135	1C:1B:0D:4C:02:B4	lan0	7190s
20	192.168.0.100	30:5A:3A:53:EB:8B	lan0	141s
21	172.16.1.81	00:30:67:4C:BE:FA	lan0	10s
22	172.16.0.119	B8:97:5A:95:80:87	lan0	250s
23	172.16.1.23	D0:17:C2:8A:DB:F9	lan0	24s
24	172.16.5.118	D0:50:99:6B:24:15	lan0	25s
25	192.168.0.83	2C:33:7A:4D:DF:3B	lan0	12s
26	172.16.5.225	F8:32:E4:74:6E:9C	lan0	271s
27	172.16.5.101	54:EE:75:9E:1F:15	lan0	1241s
28	172.16.5.196	1C:1B:0D:D2:B3:C9	lan0	608s
29	192.168.0.99	34:FA:40:0B:4D:44	lan0	90948s
30	172.16.5.138	1C:1B:0D:4B:FB:8A	lan0	1149s
31	172.16.5.109	00:E0:66:94:2B:1C	lan0	18s
32	172.16.5.175	44:8A:5B:82:D6:58	lan0	10s
33	172.16.5.212	34:97:F6:9E:07:BC	lan0	254s
34	172.16.7.24	B8:97:5A:6A:1F:A4	lan0	56s
35	172.16.0.56	00:E0:4C:1B:77:A8	lan0	106s
36	172.16.1.92	C0:3F:D5:F0:C1:1B	lan0	292s
37	172.16.5.203	1C:1B:0D:6A:C7:CE	lan0	2350s
38	172.16.5.178	D0:50:99:A9:09:1F	lan0	10s
39	172.16.0.55	D0:50:99:8F:0B:F0	lan0	90408s
40	172.16.5.54	AC:E0:10:2A:8D:ED	lan0	62241s
41	172.16.1.70	68:F7:28:73:F4:2C	lan0	147s
42	172.16.5.169	3C:97:0E:F4:82:79	lan0	273s
43	172.16.5.140	1C:1B:0D:4D:11:7E	lan0	68s
44	172.16.1.57	2C:56:DC:79:44:70	lan0	185s
45	172.16.5.214	54:EE:75:9C:10:99	lan0	5635s
46	172.16.0.99	6C:0B:84:3E:FD:52	lan0	7s
47	172.16.0.128	F8:32:E4:73:C3:2A	lan0	0s
48	172.16.5.139	D0:50:99:70:F1:D9	lan0	23s
49	192.168.0.5	C8:5B:76:80:49:0C	lan0	19038s
50	172.16.2.5	70:8B:CD:4F:B1:1C	lan0	0s
51	172.16.5.200	00:E0:4C:03:0C:DD	lan0	6s
52	172.16.5.76	D0:50:99:4D:F9:35	lan0	0s
53	172.16.5.47	70:85:C2:02:24:06	lan0	256s
^ DHCP Lease Table				
Index	IP Address	MAC Address	Interface	Expired Time
1	192.168.0.25	b8:97:5a:95:80:87	lan0	0 days, 01:19:18
2	192.168.0.83	2c:33:7a:4d:df:3b	lan0	0 days, 00:31:43

Click the row of status, the details status information will be display under the row. Please refer to the screenshot below.

^ Connected Devices				
Index	IP Address	MAC Address	Interface	Inactive Time
1	172.16.5.26	70:85:C2:02:24:29	lan0	264s
Index 1 IP Address 172.16.5.26 MAC Address 70:85:C2:02:24:29 Interface lan0 Inactive Time 264s				
2	172.16.5.133	D0:50:99:8A:1E:B7	lan0	233s
3	172.16.5.232	1C:1B:0D:6C:2F:91	lan0	794s

3.8 Interface > Ethernet

This section allows you to set the related parameters for Ethernet. There is one Ethernet port on R3000 Lite Router, which is ETH. The default settings of ETH is lan0 and its default IP is 192.168.0.1/255.255.255.0.

Ports			Status
^ Port Settings			
Index	Port	Port Assignment	
1	eth0	lan0	

Click button of eth1 to configure its parameters.

Ports	
^ Port Settings	
Index	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Port	<input type="text" value="eth0"/>
Port Assignment	<input type="text" value="lan0"/>

Port Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Port	Show the editing port, read only.	--
Port Assignment	Choose the Ethernet port’s type, as a WAN port or a LAN port. Note: The Ethernet port on R3000 Lite can only be configured as a LAN port.	lan0

This column allows you to view the status of Ethernet port.

Ports		Status
^ Port Status		
Index	Port	Link
1	eth0	Up

Click the row of status, the details status information will be display under the row. Please refer to the screenshot below.

Ports		Status
^ Port Status		
Index	Port	Link
1	eth0	Up
Index 1 Port eth0 Link Up		

3.9 Interface > Cellular

This section allows you to set the related parameters of Cellular. The R3000 Lite Router has two SIM card slots, but do not support two SIM cards online simultaneously due to its single-module design. If insert single SIM card at the first time, SIM1 slot and SIM2 slots are available.

Cellular		Status	AT Debug		
^ Advanced Cellular Settings					
Index	SIM Card	Phone Number	Network Type	Band Select Type	
1	SIM1		Auto	All	
2	SIM2		Auto	All	

Click of SIM 1 to edit the parameters.

Cellular

^ General Settings

Index:

SIM Card: v

Phone Number:

PIN Code: ?

Extra AT Cmd: ?

Telnet Port: ?

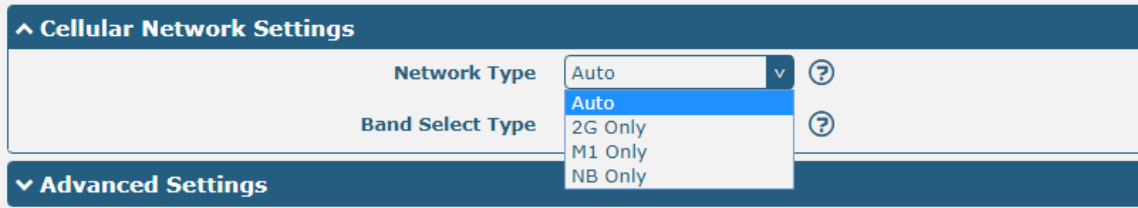
The window is displayed as below when choosing "Auto" as the network type.

The screenshot shows the 'Cellular Network Settings' window. The 'Network Type' dropdown is set to 'Auto' and is highlighted with a red box. Below it, the 'Band Select Type' dropdown is set to 'All'. The 'Advanced Settings' section is visible below, with 'Debug Enable' and 'Verbose Debug Enable' both set to 'OFF'.

The window is displayed as below when choosing "Specify" as the band select type.

The screenshot shows the 'Cellular Network Settings' window. The 'Network Type' dropdown is set to 'Auto'. The 'Band Select Type' dropdown is set to 'Specify'. Below this is the 'Band Settings' section, which lists various cellular bands with 'ON' and 'OFF' toggle buttons. The 'GSM 900' band is highlighted with a red box. The 'Advanced Settings' section at the bottom shows 'Debug Enable' and 'Verbose Debug Enable' both set to 'OFF'.

Note: When the device selection module is BG96, the options in "Network Type" are as follows.



Cellular		
Item	Description	Default
General Settings		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
SIM Card	Show the currently editing SIM card.	SIM1
Phone Number	Enter the phone number of the SIM card.	Null
PIN Code	Enter a 4-8 characters PIN code used for unlocking the SIM.	Null
Extra AT Cmd	Enter the AT commands used for cellular initialization.	Null
Telnet Port	Specify the Port listening of telnet service, used for AT over Telnet.	0
Cellular Network Settings		
Network Type	Select from "Auto", "2G Only", "2G First", "3G Only", "3G First", "4G Only", "4G First". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Auto: Connect to the best signal network automatically 2G Only: Only the 2G network is connected 2G First: Connect to the 2G Network preferentially 3G Only: Only the 3G network is connected 3G First: Connect to the 3G Network preferentially 4G Only: Only the 4G network is connected 4G First: Connect to the 4G Network preferentially Note: When the device selection module is BG96, select from "Auto", "2G Only", "M1 Only", "NB Only".	Auto
Band Select Type	Select from "All" or "Specify". You may choose certain bands if choosing "Specify".	All
Advanced Settings		
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for debugging information output.	ON
Verbose Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for verbose debugging information output.	OFF

This section allows you to view the status of the cellular connection.

Cellular	Status	AT Debug		
^ Status				
Index	Modem Status	Modem Model	IMSI	Registration
1	Ready	ME909s-120	460015866618891	Registered to home network

Click the row of status, the details status information will be displayed under the row.

^ Status				
Index	Modem Status	Modem Model	IMSI	Registration
1	Ready	ME909s-120	460015866618891	Registered to home network
Index 1				
Modem Status Ready				
Modem Model ME909s-120				
Current SIM SIM1				
Phone Number				
IMSI 460015866618891				
ICCID 89860116851118801636				
Registration Registered to home network				
Network Provider CHN-UNICOM				
Network Type LTE				
Signal Strength 20 (-73dBm)				
Bit Error Rate 99				
PLMN ID 46001				
Local Area Code 2507				
Cell ID 06074702				
IMEI 867377020977280				
Firmware Version 11.617.01.00.00				

Status	
Item	Description
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.
Modem Status	Show the status of the radio module.
Modem Model	Show the model of the radio module.
Current SIM	Show the SIM card that your router is using.
Phone Number	Show the phone number of the current SIM.
IMSI	Show the IMSI number of the current SIM.
ICCID	Show the ICCID number of the current SIM.
Registration	Show the current network status.
Network Provider	Show the name of Network Provider.
Network Type	Show the current network service type, e.g. GPRS.
Signal Strength	Show the signal strength detected by the mobile.
Bit Error Rate	Show the current bit error rate.
PLMN ID	Show the current PLMN ID.
Local Area Code	Show the current local area code used for identifying different area.
Cell ID	Show the current cell ID used for locating the router.

Status	
Item	Description
IMEI	Show the IMEI (International Mobile Equipment Identity) number of the radio module.
Firmware Version	Show the current firmware version of the radio module.

This page allows you to check the AT Debug.

Cellular

Status

AT Debug

^ At Debug

Command

Result

AT Debug		
Item	Description	Default
Command	Enter the AT command that you want to send to cellular module in this text box.	Null
Result	Show the AT command responded by cellular module in this text box.	Null
<input type="button" value="Send"/>	Click the button to send AT command.	--

3.10 Interface > USB

This section allows you to set the USB parameters. The USB interface of the router can be used for firmware upgrade and configuration upgrade.

USB

Key

^ General Settings

Enable USB

Enable Automatic Firmware Updating

General Settings @ USB		
Item	Description	Default
Enable USB	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the USB option.	ON
Enable Automatic Firmware Updating	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to update automatically the router's firmware when inserting a USB storage device with a router's firmware.	ON

Router has the key for USB automatic update. User can generate the key in this page.

USB

Key

Key

^ Key

USB Automatic Update Key
Generate

USB Automatic Update Key
Download

Key		
Item	Description	Default
USB Automatic Update Key	Click Generate to generate a key, and click Download to download the key.	--

3.11 Interface > Serial Port

This section allows you to set the serial port parameters. R3000 Lite Router supports one RS-232 and one RS-485 across a DB9 connector. Serial port provides a way to transfer serial data to IP data, or vice versa, and transmit these data via wired or wireless network to achieve data transparent transmission.

Serial Port

Status

^ Serial Port Settings

Index	Port	Enable	Baud Rate	Application Mode	
1	COM1	false	115200	Transparent	
2	COM2	false	115200	Transparent	

Click the edit button of COM1.

Serial Port

^ Serial Port Application Settings

Index

Port

COM1
v

Enable

ON

OFF

Baud Rate

115200
v

Data Bits

8
v

Stop Bits

1
v

Parity

None
v

Flow Control

None
v

^ Data Packing

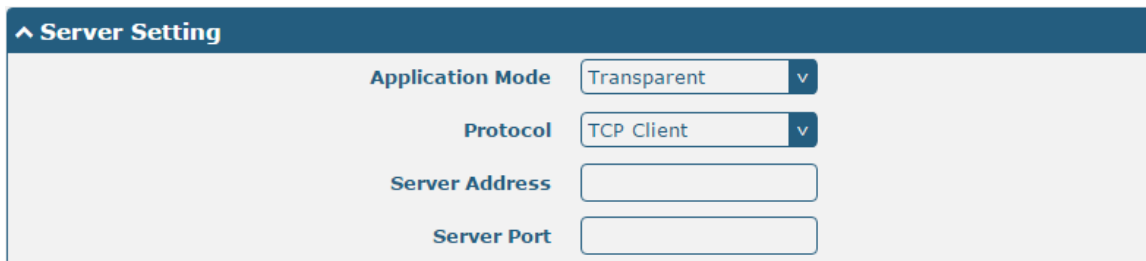
Packing Timeout

?

Packing Length

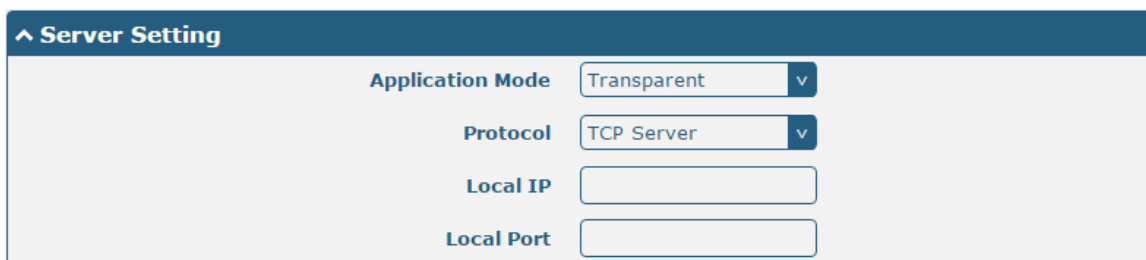
Serial Port		
Item	Description	Default
Serial Port Application Settings		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Port	Show the current serial's name, read only.	COM1
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this serial port. When the status is OFF, the serial port is not available.	OFF
Baud Rate	Select from "300", "600", "1200", "2400", "4800", "9600", "19200", "38400", "57600", "115200" or "230400".	115200
Data Bits	Select from "7" or "8".	8
Stop Bits	Select from "1" or "2".	1
Parity	Select from "None", "Odd" or "Even".	None
Flow control	Select from "None", "Software" or "Hardware".	None
Data Packing		
Packing Timeout	Set the packing timeout. The serial port will queue the data in the buffer and send the data to the Cellular WAN/Ethernet WAN when it reaches the Interval Timeout in the field. Note: Data will also be sent as specified by the packet length even when data is not reaching the interval timeout in the field.	50
Packing Length	Set the packet length. The Packet length setting refers to the maximum amount of data that is allowed to accumulate in the serial port buffer before sending. When a packet length between 1 and 3000 bytes is specified, data in the buffer will be sent as soon it reaches the specified length.	1200

- The window is displayed as below when choosing "Transparent" as the application mode and "TCP Client" as the protocol.



The screenshot shows a 'Server Setting' window with a blue header. It contains four fields: 'Application Mode' is a dropdown menu set to 'Transparent'; 'Protocol' is a dropdown menu set to 'TCP Client'; 'Server Address' is an empty text input field; and 'Server Port' is an empty text input field.

The window is displayed as below when choosing "Transparent" as the application mode and "TCP Server" as the protocol.



The screenshot shows a 'Server Setting' window with a blue header. It contains four fields: 'Application Mode' is a dropdown menu set to 'Transparent'; 'Protocol' is a dropdown menu set to 'TCP Server'; 'Local IP' is an empty text input field; and 'Local Port' is an empty text input field.

The window is displayed as below when choosing "Transparent" as the application mode and "UDP" as the protocol.

^ Server Setting

Application Mode: Transparent

Protocol: UDP

Local IP:

Local Port:

Server Address:

Server Port:

The window is displayed as below when choosing “Transparent” as the application mode and “Robustlink” as the protocol.

^ Server Setting

Application Mode: Transparent

Protocol: Robustlink

- The window is displayed as below when choosing “Modbus RTU Gateway” as the application mode and “TCP Client” as the protocol.

^ Server Setting

Application Mode: Modbus RTU Gateway

Protocol: TCP Client

Server Address:

Server Port:

The window is displayed as below when choosing “Modbus RTU Gateway” as the application mode and “TCP Server” as the protocol.

^ Server Setting

Application Mode: Modbus RTU Gateway

Protocol: TCP Server

Local IP:

Local Port:

The window is displayed as below when choosing “Modbus RTU Gateway” as the application mode and “UDP” as the protocol.

^ Server Setting

Application Mode: Modbus RTU Gateway

Protocol: UDP

Local IP:

Local Port:

Server Address:

Server Port:

The window is displayed as below when choosing “Modbus RTU Gateway” as the application mode and “Robustlink” as the protocol.

^ **Server Setting**

Application Mode Modbus RTU Gateway v

Protocol Robustlink v

Server Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Application Mode	Select from “Transparent” or “Modbus RTU Gateway”. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transparent: Router will transmit the serial data transparently Modbus RTU Gateway: Router will translate the Modbus RTU data to Modbus TCP data and sent out, and vice versa 	Transparent
Protocol	Select from “TCP Client”, “TCP Server”, “UDP” or “Robustlink”. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> TCP Client: Router works as TCP client, initiate TCP connection to TCP server. Server address supports both IP and domain name TCP Server: Router works as TCP server, listening for connection request from TCP client UDP: Router works as UDP client Robustlink: Router will automatically upload the serial data to Robustlink platform under the Robustlink protocol. Robustlink is a management platform from Robustel. This function only available when Router is connects to Robustlink 	TCP Client
Server Address	Enter the address of server which will receive the data sent from router’s serial port. IP address or domain name will be available.	Null
Server Port	Enter the specified port of server which is used for receiving the serial data.	Null
Local IP @ Transparent	Enter router’s LAN IP which will forward to the internet port of router.	Null
Local Port @ Transparent	Enter the port of router’s LAN IP.	Null
Local IP @ Modbus	Enter the local IP of under Modbus mode.	Null
Local Port @ Modbus	Enter the local port of under Modbus mode.	Null

Click the “Status” column to view the type which the current serial port corresponds.

Serial Port	Status			
^ Serial Port Status list				
Index	Type	TX	RX	Connection Status
1	RS232	0B	0B	
2	RS485	0B	0B	

3.12 Network > Route

This section allows you to set the static route. Static route is a form of routing that occurs when a router uses a manually-configured routing entry, rather than information from a dynamic routing traffic. Route Information Protocol (RIP) is widely used in small network with stable use rate. Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) is made router within a single autonomous system and used in large network.

Static Route

Static Route		Status				
^ Static Route Table						
Index	Description	Destination	Netmask	Gateway	Interface	+

Click **+** to add static routes. The maximum count is 20.

Static Route

^ Static Route

Index:

Description:

Destination:

Netmask:

Gateway:

Interface: v

Static Route		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Description	Enter a description for this static route.	Null
Destination	Enter the IP address of destination host or destination network.	Null
Netmask	Enter the Netmask of destination host or destination network.	Null
Gateway	Define the gateway of the destination.	Null
Interface	Choose the corresponding port of the link that you want to configure.	wwan1

Status

This window allows you to view the status of route.

Static Route		Status			
^ Route Table					
Index	Destination	Netmask	Gateway	Interface	Metric
1	0.0.0.0	0.0.0.0	10.71.252.161	wwan	0
2	10.71.252.160	255.255.255.224	0.0.0.0	wwan	0
3	172.16.0.0	255.255.0.0	0.0.0.0	lan0	0
4	192.168.0.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0	lan0	0

3.13 Network > Firewall

This section allows you to set the firewall and its related parameters, including Filtering, Port Mapping and DMZ.

Filtering

The filtering rules can be used to either accept or block certain users or ports from accessing your router.

Filtering
Port Mapping
DMZ

^ General Settings

Enable Filtering ON OFF

Default Filtering Policy v ?

^ Access Control Settings

Enable Remote SSH Access ON OFF

Enable Local SSH Access ON OFF

Enable Remote Telnet Access ON OFF

Enable Local Telnet Access ON OFF

Enable Remote HTTP Access ON OFF

Enable Local HTTP Access ON OFF

Enable Remote HTTPS Access ON OFF

Enable Remote Ping Respond ON OFF ?

Enable DOS Defending ON OFF

Filtering		
Item	Description	Default
General Settings		
Enable Filtering	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the filtering option.	ON

Filtering		
Item	Description	Default
Default Filtering Policy	Select from "Accept" or "Drop". Cannot be changed when filtering rules table is not empty. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accept: Router will accept all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit the drop filter list Drop: Router will drop all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit the accept filter list 	Accept
Access Control Settings		
Enable Remote SSH Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the Internet user can access the router remotely via SSH.	OFF
Enable Local SSH Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the LAN user can access the router locally via SSH.	ON
Enable Remote Telnet Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the Internet user can access the router remotely via Telnet.	OFF
Enable Local Telnet Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the LAN user can access the router locally via Telnet.	ON
Enable Remote HTTP Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the Internet user can access the router remotely via HTTP.	OFF
Enable Local HTTP Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the LAN user can access the router locally via HTTP.	ON
Enable Remote HTTPS Access	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the Internet user can access the router remotely via HTTPS.	ON
Enable Remote Ping Respond	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will reply to the Ping requests from other hosts on the Internet.	ON
Enable DOS Defending	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will defend the DOS. Dos attack is an attempt to make a machine or network resource unavailable to its intended users.	ON

^ Filtering Rules

Index	Source Address	Source Port	Source MAC	Target Address	Target Port	Protocol	
							+

Click **+** to add a filtering rule. The maximum count is 20.

Filtering

^ Filtering Rules

Index	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Description	<input type="text"/>
Source Address	<input type="text"/> ?
Source MAC	<input type="text"/> ?
Target Address	<input type="text"/> ?
Protocol	All <input type="button" value="v"/>
Action	Drop <input type="button" value="v"/>

Filtering Rules		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Description	Enter a description for this filtering rule.	Null
Source Address	Specify an access originator and enter its source address.	Null
Source Port	Specify an access originator and enter its source port.	Null
Source MAC	Specify an access originator and enter its source MAC address.	Null
Target Address	Enter the target address which the access originator wants to access.	Null
Target Port	Enter the target port which the access originator wants to access.	Null
Protocol	Select from "All", "TCP", "UDP", "ICMP" or "TCP-UDP". Note: It is recommended that you choose "All" if you don't know which protocol of your application to use.	All
Action	Select from "Accept" or "Drop". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accept: When Default Filtering Policy is drop, router will drop all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit this accept filtering list Drop: When Default Filtering Policy is accept, router will accept all the connecting requests except the hosts which fit this drop filtering list 	Drop

Port Mapping

Filtering	Port Mapping	DMZ				
^ Port Mapping Rules						
Index	Description	Internet Port	Local IP	Local Port	Protocol	+

Click **+** to add port mapping rules. The maximum rule count is 40.

Port Mapping

^ Port Mapping Rules

Index:

Description:

Remote IP: ?

Internet Port: ?

Local IP:

Local Port: ?

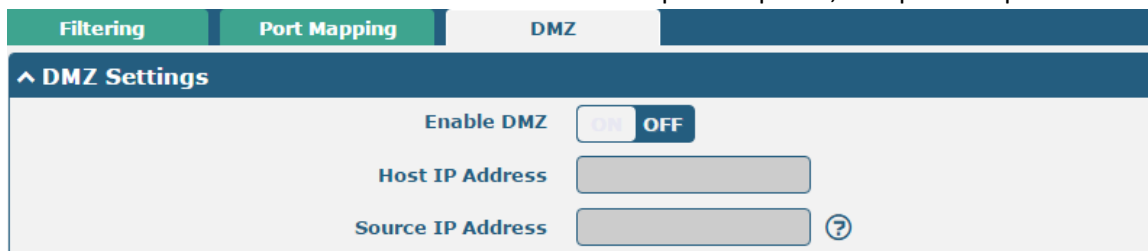
Protocol: v

Port Mapping Rules		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Description	Enter a description for this port mapping.	Null

Port Mapping Rules		
Item	Description	Default
Remote IP	Specify the host or network which can access the local IP address. Empty means unlimited, e.g. 10.10.10.10/255.255.255.255 or 192.168.1.0/24	Null
Internet Port	Enter the internet port of router which can be accessed by other hosts from internet.	Null
Local IP	Enter router's LAN IP which will forward to the internet port of router.	Null
Local Port	Enter the port of router's LAN IP.	Null
Protocol	Select from "TCP", "UDP" or "TCP-UDP" as your application required.	TCP-UDP

DMZ

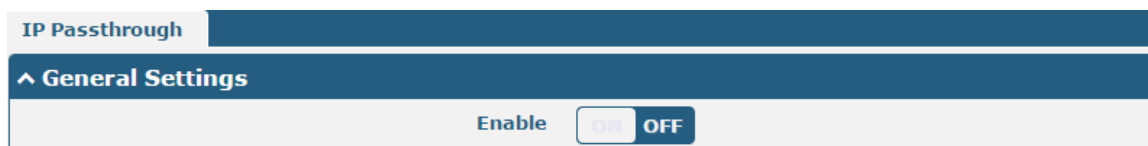
DMZ host is a host on the internal network that has all ports exposed, except those ports otherwise forwarded.



DMZ Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable DMZ	Click the toggle button to enable/disable DMZ.	OFF
Host IP Address	Enter the IP address of the DMZ host on your internal network.	Null
Source IP Address	Set the address which can talk to the DMZ host. Null means for any addresses.	Null

3.14 Network > IP Passthrough

Click **Network > IP Passthrough > IP Passthrough** to enable or disable the IP Pass-through option.



If router enables the IP Pass-through, the terminal device (such as PC) will enable the DHCP Client mode and connect to LAN port of the router; and after the router dial up successfully, the PC will automatically obtain the IP address and DNS server address which assigned by ISP.

3.15 VPN > IPsec

This section allows you to set the IPsec and the related parameters. Internet Protocol Security (IPsec) is a protocol suite for secure Internet Protocol (IP) communications that works by authenticating and encrypting each IP packet of a communication session.

General

General Settings @ General		
Item	Description	Default
Enable NAT Traversal	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the NAT Traversal function. This option must be enabled when router under NAT environment.	ON
Keepalive	Set the keepalive time, measured in seconds. The router will send packets to NAT server every keepalive time to avoid record remove from the NAT list.	60
Debug Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable for IPsec VPN information output to the debug port.	OFF

Tunnel

Click **+** to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 3.

Tunnel

^ **General Settings**

Index

Enable ON OFF

Description

Gateway ?

Mode Tunnel v

Protocol ESP v

Local Subnet ?

Remote Subnet ?

General Settings @ Tunnel		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this IPsec tunnel.	ON
Description	Enter a description for this IPsec tunnel.	Null
Gateway	Enter the address of remote IPsec VPN server. 0.0.0.0 represents for any address.	Null
Mode	Select from "Tunnel" and "Transport". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Tunnel: Commonly used between gateways, or at an end-station to a gateway, the gateway acting as a proxy for the hosts behind it Transport: Used between end-stations or between an end-station and a gateway, if the gateway is being treated as a host-for example, an encrypted Telnet session from a workstation to a router, in which the router is the actual destination 	Tunnel
Protocol	Select the security protocols from "ESP" and "AH". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ESP: Use the ESP protocol AH: Use the AH protocol 	ESP
Local Subnet	Enter the local subnet's address with mask protected by IPsec, e.g. 192.168.1.0/24	Null
Remote Subnet	Enter the remote subnet's address with mask protected by IPsec, e.g. 10.8.0.0/24	Null

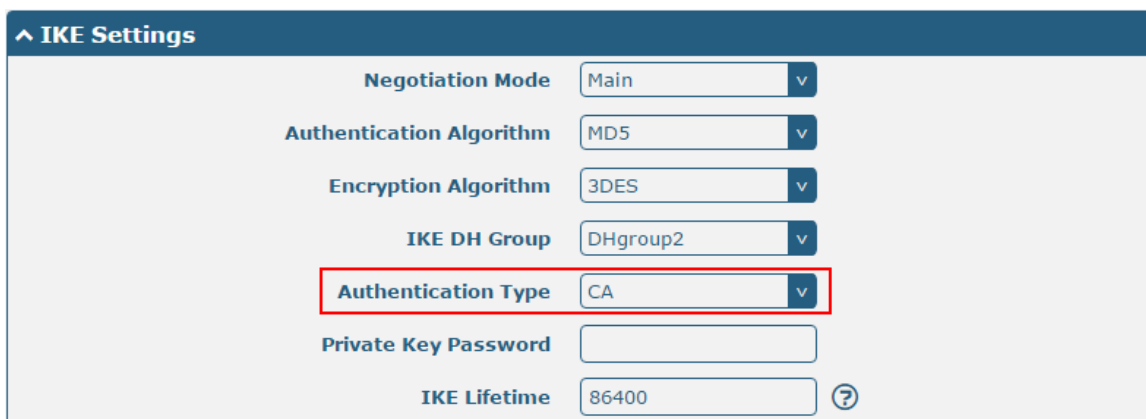
The window is displayed as below when choosing “PSK” as the authentication type.



^ IKE Settings

Negotiation Mode	Main	v
Authentication Algorithm	MD5	v
Encryption Algorithm	3DES	v
IKE DH Group	DHgroup2	v
Authentication Type	PSK	v
PSK Secret		
Local ID Type	Default	v
Remote ID Type	Default	v
IKE Lifetime	86400	?

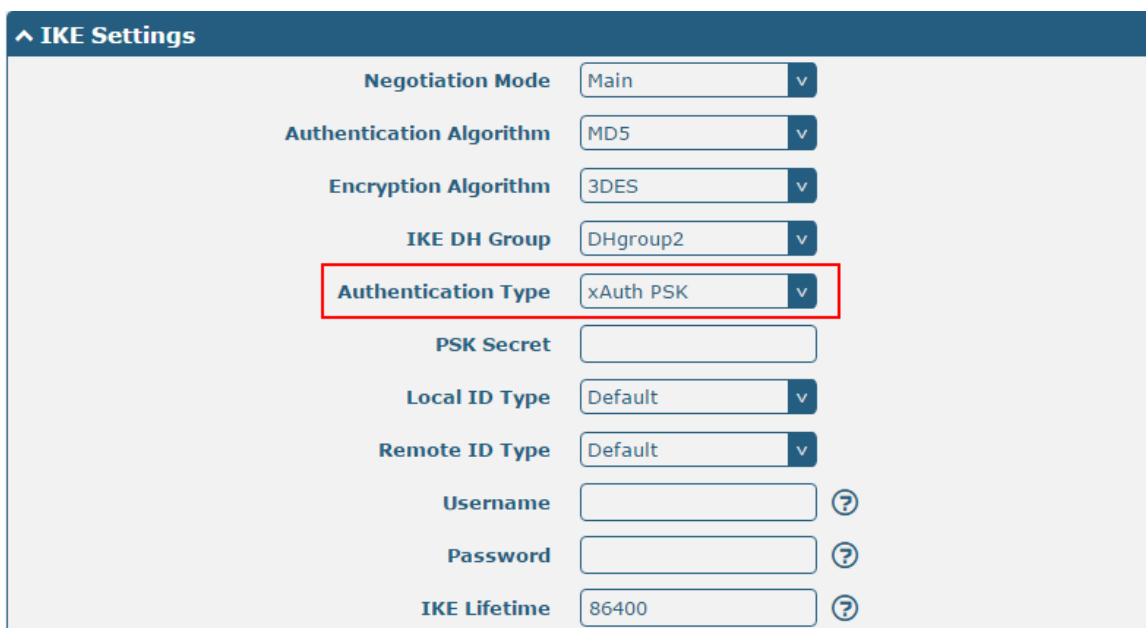
The window is displayed as below when choosing “CA” as the authentication type.



^ IKE Settings

Negotiation Mode	Main	v
Authentication Algorithm	MD5	v
Encryption Algorithm	3DES	v
IKE DH Group	DHgroup2	v
Authentication Type	CA	v
Private Key Password		
IKE Lifetime	86400	?

The window is displayed as below when choosing “xAuth PSK” as the authentication type.



^ IKE Settings

Negotiation Mode	Main	v
Authentication Algorithm	MD5	v
Encryption Algorithm	3DES	v
IKE DH Group	DHgroup2	v
Authentication Type	xAuth PSK	v
PSK Secret		
Local ID Type	Default	v
Remote ID Type	Default	v
Username		?
Password		?
IKE Lifetime	86400	?

The window is displayed as below when choosing “xAuth CA” as the authentication type.

^ IKE Settings

Negotiation Mode

Authentication Algorithm

Encryption Algorithm

IKE DH Group

Authentication Type

Private Key Password

Username ?

Password ?

IKE Lifetime ?

IKE Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Negotiation Mode	Select from “Main” and “Aggressive” for the IKE negotiation mode in phase 1. If the IP address of one end of an IPsec tunnel is obtained dynamically, the IKE negotiation mode must be aggressive. In this case, SAs can be established as long as the username and password are correct.	Main
Authentication Algorithm	Select from “MD5”, “SHA1”, “SHA2 256” or “SHA2 512” to be used in IKE negotiation.	MD5
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from “3DES”, “AES128” and “AES256” to be used in IKE negotiation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 3DES: Use 168-bit 3DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode AES128: Use 128-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode AES256: Use 256-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode 	3DES
IKE DH Group	Select from “DHgroup2”, “DHgroup5”, “DHgroup14”, “DHgroup15”, “DHgroup16”, “DHgroup17” or “DHgroup18” to be used in key negotiation phase 1.	DHgroup2
Authentication Type	Select from “PSK”, “CA”, “xAuth PSK” and “xAuth CA” to be used in IKE negotiation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> PSK: Pre-shared Key CA: x509 Certificate Authority xAuth: Extended Authentication to AAA server 	PSK
PSK Secret	Enter the pre-shared key.	Null
Local ID Type	Select from “Default”, “FQDN” and “User FQDN” for IKE negotiation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Default: Use an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation FQDN: Use an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security gateway, e.g., test.robustel.com. User FQDN: Use a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is selected, type a name string with a sign “@” for the local security gateway, e.g., test@robustel.com. 	Default

IKE Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Remote ID Type	Select from "Default", "FQDN" and "User FQDN" for IKE negotiation. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Default: Use an IP address as the ID in IKE negotiation FQDN: Use an FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is selected, type a name without any at sign (@) for the local security gateway, e.g., test.robustel.com. User FQDN: Use a user FQDN type as the ID in IKE negotiation. If this option is selected, type a name string with a sign "@" for the local security gateway, e.g., test@robustel.com. 	Default
IKE Lifetime	Set the lifetime in IKE negotiation. Before an SA expires, IKE negotiates a new SA. As soon as the new SA is set up, it takes effect immediately and the old one will be cleared automatically when it expires.	86400
Private Key Password	Enter the private key under the "CA" and "xAuth CA" authentication types.	Null
Username	Enter the username used for the "xAuth PSK" and "xAuth CA" authentication types.	Null
Password	Enter the password used for the "xAuth PSK" and "xAuth CA" authentication types.	Null

If click **VPN > IPsec > Tunnel > General Settings**, and choose **ESP** as protocol. The specific parameter configuration is shown as below.

^ General Settings

Index

Enable ON OFF

Description

Gateway ?

Mode v

Protocol v

Local Subnet ?

Remote Subnet ?

v IKE Settings

^ SA Settings

Encryption Algorithm v

Authentication Algorithm v

PFS Group v

SA Lifetime ?

DPD Interval ?

DPD Failures ?

If choose **AH** as protocol, the window of SA Settings is displayed as below.

^ **General Settings**

Index

Enable ON OFF

Description

Gateway ?

Mode v

Protocol v

Local Subnet ?

Remote Subnet ?

v **IKE Settings**

^ **SA Settings**

Authentication Algorithm v

PFS Group v

SA Lifetime ?

DPD Interval ?

DPD Failures ?

^ **Advanced Settings**

Enable Compression ON OFF

Expert Options ?

SA Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from "3DES", "AES128" or "AES256" when you select "ESP" in "Protocol". Higher security means more complex implementation and lower speed. DES is enough to meet general requirements. Use 3DES when high confidentiality and security are required.	3DES
Authentication Algorithm	Select from "MD5", "SHA1", "SHA2 256" or "SHA2 512" to be used in SA negotiation.	MD5
PFS Group	Select from "DHgroup2", "DHgroup5", "DHgroup14", "DHgroup15", "DHgroup16", "DHgroup17" or "DHgroup18" to be used in SA negotiation.	DHgroup 2
SA Lifetime	Set the IPsec SA lifetime. When negotiating set up IPsec SAs, IKE uses the smaller one between the lifetime set locally and the lifetime proposed by the peer.	28800
DPD Interval	Set the interval after which DPD is triggered if no IPsec protected packets is received from the peer. DPD is Dead peer detection. DPD irregularly detects dead IKE peers. When the local end sends an IPsec packet, DPD checks the time the last IPsec packet was received from the peer. If the time exceeds the DPD interval, it sends a DPD hello to the peer. If the local end receives no DPD	60

SA Settings		
Item	Description	Default
	acknowledgment within the DPD packet retransmission interval, it retransmits the DPD hello. If the local end still receives no DPD acknowledgment after having made the maximum number of retransmission attempts, it considers the peer already dead, and clears the IKE SA and the IPsec SAs based on the IKE SA.	
DPD Failures	Set the timeout of DPD (Dead Peer Detection) packets.	180
Advanced Settings		
Enable Compression	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to compress the inner headers of IP packets.	OFF
Expert Options	Add more PPP configuration options here, format: config-desc;config-desc, e.g. protostack=netkey;plutodebug=none	Null

Status

This section allows you to view the status of the IPsec tunnel.

x509

User can upload the X509 certificates for the IPsec tunnel in this section.

x509		
Item	Description	Default
X509 Settings		
Tunnel Name	Choose a valid tunnel.	Tunnel 1
Certificate Files	Click on “Choose File” to locate the certificate file from your computer, and then import this file into your router. The correct file format is displayed as follows: @ca.crt @remote.crt @local.crt @private.key @crl.pem	Null
Certificate Files		

x509		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Filename	Show the imported certificate's name.	Null
File Size	Show the size of the certificate file.	Null
Last Modification	Show the timestamp of that the last time to modify the certificate file.	Null

3.16 VPN > OpenVPN

This section allows you to set the OpenVPN and the related parameters. OpenVPN is an open-source software application that implements virtual private network (VPN) techniques for creating secure point-to-point or site-to-site connections in routed or bridged configurations and remote access facilities. Router supports point-to-point and point-to-points connections.

OpenVPN

Click **+** to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 3. The window is displayed as below when choosing “None” as the authentication type. By default, the mode is “Client”.

^ General Settings

Index

Enable ON OFF

Description

Mode v

Protocol v

Server Address

Server Port

Interface Type v

Authentication Type v ?

Local IP

Remote IP

Keepalive Interval ?

Keepalive Timeout ?

Enable Compression ON OFF

Enable NAT ON OFF

Verbose Level v ?

The window is displayed as below when choosing “Preshared” as the authentication type.

^ General Settings

Index

Enable ON OFF

Description

Mode v

Protocol v

Server Address

Server Port

Interface Type v

Authentication Type v ?

Encrypt Algorithm v

Renegotiation Interval ?

Keepalive Interval ?

Keepalive Timeout ?

Enable Compression ON OFF

Enable NAT ON OFF

Verbose Level v ?

The window is displayed as below when choosing “Password” as the authentication type.

^ General Settings

Index	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Description	<input type="text"/>
Mode	<input type="text" value="Client"/> v
Protocol	<input type="text" value="UDP"/> v
Server Address	<input type="text"/>
Server Port	<input type="text" value="1194"/>
Interface Type	<input type="text" value="TUN"/> v
Authentication Type	<input type="text" value="Password"/> v ?
Username	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="text"/>
Encrypt Algorithm	<input type="text" value="BF"/> v
Renegotiation Interval	<input type="text" value="86400"/> ?
Keepalive Interval	<input type="text" value="20"/> ?
Keepalive Timeout	<input type="text" value="120"/> ?
Enable Compression	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Enable NAT	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Verbose Level	<input type="text" value="0"/> v ?

The window is displayed as below when choosing "X509CA" as the authentication type.

^ General Settings

Index	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Description	<input type="text"/>
Mode	<input type="text" value="Client"/> v
Protocol	<input type="text" value="UDP"/> v
Server Address	<input type="text"/>
Server Port	<input type="text" value="1194"/>
Interface Type	<input type="text" value="TUN"/> v
Authentication Type	<input type="text" value="X509CA"/> v ?
Encrypt Algorithm	<input type="text" value="BF"/> v
Renegotiation Interval	<input type="text" value="86400"/> ?
Keepalive Interval	<input type="text" value="20"/> ?
Keepalive Timeout	<input type="text" value="120"/> ?
Private Key Password	<input type="text"/>
Enable Compression	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Enable NAT	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Verbose Level	<input type="text" value="0"/> v ?

The window is displayed as below when choosing “X509CA Password” as the authentication type.

^ General Settings

Index	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Description	<input type="text"/>
Mode	<input type="text" value="Client"/>
Protocol	<input type="text" value="UDP"/>
Server Address	<input type="text"/>
Server Port	<input type="text" value="1194"/>
Interface Type	<input type="text" value="TUN"/>
Authentication Type	<input type="text" value="X509CA Password"/>
Username	<input type="text"/>
Password	<input type="text"/>
Encrypt Algorithm	<input type="text" value="BF"/>
Renegotiation Interval	<input type="text" value="86400"/> ?
Keepalive Interval	<input type="text" value="20"/> ?
Keepalive Timeout	<input type="text" value="120"/> ?
Private Key Password	<input type="text"/>
Enable Compression	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Enable NAT	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Verbose Level	<input type="text" value="0"/> ?

General Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this OpenVPN tunnel.	ON
Description	Enter a description for this OpenVPN tunnel.	Null
Mode	Select from “P2P” or “Client”.	Client
Protocol	Select from “UDP”, “TCP-Client” or “TCP-Server”.	UDP
Server Address	Enter the end-to-end IP address or the domain of the remote OpenVPN server.	Null
Server Port	Enter the end-to-end listener port or the listening port of the OpenVPN server.	1194
Interface Type	Select from “TUN” or “TAP” which are two different kinds of device interface for OpenVPN. The difference between TUN and TAP device is that a TUN device is a point-to-point virtual device on network while a TAP device is a virtual device on Ethernet.	TUN

General Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	Description	Default
Authentication Type	Select from “None”, “Preshared”, “Password”, “X509CA” and “X509CA Password”. “None” and “Preshared” authentication type are only working with p2p mode.	None
Username	Enter the username used for “Password” or “X509CA Password” authentication type.	Null
Password	Enter the password used for “Password” or “X509CA Password” authentication type.	Null
Local IP	Enter the local virtual IP.	10.8.0.1
Remote IP	Enter the remote virtual IP.	10.8.0.2
Encrypt Algorithm	Select from “BF”, “DES”, “DES-EDE3”, “AES128”, “AES192” and “AES256”. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> BF: Use 128-bit BF encryption algorithm in CBC mode DES: Use 64-bit DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode DES-EDE3: Use 192-bit 3DES encryption algorithm in CBC mode AES128: Use 128-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode AES192: Use 192-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode AES256: Use 256-bit AES encryption algorithm in CBC mode 	BF
Renegotiation Interval	Set the renegotiation interval. If connection failed, OpenVPN will renegotiate when the renegotiation interval reached.	86400
Keepalive Interval	Set keepalive (ping) interval to check if the tunnel is active.	20
Keepalive Timeout	Set the keepalive timeout. Trigger OpenVPN restart after n seconds pass without reception of a ping or other packet from remote.	120
Private Key Password	Enter the private key password under the “X509CA” and “X509CA Password” authentication type.	Null
Enable Compression	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to compress the data stream of the header.	ON
Enable NAT	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the NAT option. When enabled, the source IP address of host behind router will be disguised before accessing the remote OpenVPN client.	OFF
Verbose Level	Select the level of the output log and values from 0 to 11. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> 0: No output except fatal errors 1~4: Normal usage range 5: Output R and W characters to the console for each packet read and write 6~11: Debug info range 	0

^ Advanced Settings

Enable HMAC Firewall OFF

Enable PKCS#12 OFF

Enable nsCertType OFF

Expert Options ?

Advanced Settings @ OpenVPN		
Item	Description	Default
Enable HMAC Firewall	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Add an additional layer of HMAC authentication on top of the TLS control channel to protect against DoS attacks.	OFF
Enable PKCS#12	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the PKCS#12 certificate. It is an exchange of digital certificate encryption standard, used to describe personal identity information.	OFF
Enable nsCertType	Click the toggle button to enable/disable nsCertType. Require that peer certificate was signed with an explicit nsCertType designation of "server".	OFF
Expert Options	Enter some other options of OpenVPN in this field. Each expression can be separated by a ‘;’.	Null

Status

This section allows you to view the status of the OpenVPN tunnel.

OpenVPN	Status	x509		
^ OpenVPN Tunnel Status				
Index	Description	Status	Uptime	Local IP

x509

User can upload the X509 certificates for the OpenVPN in this section.

OpenVPN	Status	x509	
^ X509 Settings			
Tunnel Name	Tunnel 1		
Certificate Files	Choose File No file chosen		
^ Certificate Files			
Index	File Name	File Size	Modification Time

x509		
Item	Description	Default
X509 Settings		
Tunnel Name	Choose a valid tunnel.	Tunnel 1
Certificate Files	Click on “Choose File” to locate the certificate file from your computer, and then import this file into your router. The correct file format is displayed as follows: @ca.crt @remote.crt @local.crt @private.key	Null

	@crl.pem @client.p12	
Certificate Files		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Filename	Show the imported certificate's name.	Null
File Size	Show the size of the certificate file.	Null
Last Modification	Show the timestamp of that the last time to modify the certificate file.	Null

3.17 VPN > GRE

This section allows you to set the GRE and the related parameters. Generic Routing Encapsulation (GRE) is a tunneling protocol that can encapsulate a wide variety of network layer protocols inside virtual point-to-point links over an Internet Protocol network.

GRE

GRE
Status

^ Tunnel Settings

Index	Enable	Description	Remote IP Address
			+

Click **+** to add tunnel settings. The maximum count is 3.

GRE

^ Tunnel Settings

Index	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Description	<input type="text"/>
Remote IP Address	<input type="text"/>
Local Virtual IP Address	<input type="text"/>
Local Virtual Netmask	<input type="text"/>
Remote Virtual IP Address	<input type="text"/>
Enable Default Route	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Enable NAT	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Secrets	<input type="text"/>

Tunnel Settings @ GRE		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this GRE tunnel.	ON
Description	Enter a description for this GRE tunnel.	Null
Remote IP Address	Set the remote real IP address of the GRE tunnel.	Null

Local Virtual IP Address	Set the local virtual IP address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Local Virtual Netmask	Set the local virtual Netmask of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Remote Virtual IP Address	Set the remote virtual IP Address of the GRE tunnel.	Null
Enable Default Route	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, all the traffics of the router will go through the GRE VPN.	OFF
Enable NAT	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. This option must be enabled when router under NAT environment.	Disable
Secrets	Set the key of the GRE tunnel.	Null

Status

This section allows you to view the status of GRE tunnel.

GRE		Status
^ GRE tunnel status		
Index	Description	Status
Local IP Address	Remote IP Address	Uptime

3.18 Services > Syslog

This section allows you to set the syslog parameters. The system log of the router can be saved in the local, also supports to be sent to remote log server and specified application debugging. By default, the “Log to Remote” option is disabled.

Syslog	
^ Syslog Settings	
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Syslog Level	Debug <input type="button" value="v"/>
Save Position	RAM <input type="button" value="v"/> <input type="button" value="?"/>
Log to Remote	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF <input type="button" value="?"/>

The window is displayed as below when enabling the “Log to Remote” option.

Syslog	
^ Syslog Settings	
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Syslog Level	Debug <input type="button" value="v"/>
Save Position	RAM <input type="button" value="v"/> <input type="button" value="?"/>
Log to Remote	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF <input type="button" value="?"/>
Add Identifier	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF <input type="button" value="?"/>
Remote IP Address	<input type="text"/>
Remote Port	514 <input type="text"/>

Syslog Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Syslog settings option.	OFF
Syslog Level	Select from "Debug", "Info", "Notice", "Warning" or "Error", which from low to high. The lower level will output more syslog in details.	Notice
Save Position	Select the save position from "RAM", "NVM" or "Console". Choose "RAM". The data will be cleared after reboot. Note: It's not recommended that you save syslog to NVM (Non-Volatile Memory) for a long time.	RAM
Log to Remote	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to allow router sending syslog to the remote syslog server. You need to enter the IP and Port of the syslog server.	OFF
Add Identifier	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you can add serial number to syslog message which used for loading Syslog to RobustLink.	OFF
Remote IP Address	Enter the IP address of syslog server when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.	Null
Remote Port	Enter the port of syslog server when enabling the "Log to Remote" option.	514

3.19 Services > Event

This section allows you to set the event parameters. Event feature provides an ability to send alerts by SMS or Email when certain system events occur.

General Settings @ Event		
Item	Description	Default
Signal Quality Threshold	Set the threshold for signal quality. Router will generate a log event when the actual threshold is less than the specified threshold. 0 means disable this option.	0

Click **+** button to add an Event parameters.

^ General Settings

Index	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Description	<input type="text"/>
Send SMS	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Phone Number	<input type="text"/> ?
Send Email	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Email Addresses	<input type="text"/> ?
Save to NVM	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF ?

^ Event Selection ?

System Startup	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
System Reboot	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
System Time Update	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Configuration Change	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Cellular Network Type Change	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Cellular Data Stats Clear	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Cellular Data Traffic Overflow	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Poor Signal Quality	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Link Switching	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
WWAN Up	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
WWAN Down	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
IPSec Connection Up	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
IPSec Connection Down	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
OpenVPN Connection Up	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
OpenVPN Connection Down	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
LAN Port Link Up	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
LAN Port Link Down	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
USB Device Connect	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
USB Device Remove	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
DDNS Update Success	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
DDNS Update Fail	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Received SMS	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
SMS Command Execute	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF

General Settings @ Notification		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Description	Enter a description for this group.	Null
Sent SMS	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will send notification to the specified phone numbers via SMS if event occurs. Set the related phone number in "3.24 Services > Email", and use ';' to separate each number.	OFF
Phone Number	Enter the phone numbers used for receiving event notification. Use a semicolon (;) to separate each number.	Null
Send Email	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, the router will send notification to the specified email box via Email if event occurs. Set the related email address in "3.24 Services > Email".	OFF
Email Address	Enter the email addresses used for receiving event notification. Use a space to separate each address.	Null
Save to NVM	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to save event to nonvolatile memory.	OFF

In the following window you can query various types of events record. Click **Refresh** to query filtered events while click **Clear** to clear the event records in the window.

Event
Notification
Query

^ Event Details

Save Position RAM v

Filtering

```

May 11 10:52:02, system startup
May 11 10:52:07, LAN port link up, eth0
May 11 10:52:18, WWAN (cellular) up, WWAN1, ip=10.71.252.175
May 11 10:52:28, system time update
May 11 13:40:49, cellular network type change, from LTE to WCDMA
May 11 17:15:24, cellular network type change, from WCDMA to LTE
                    
```

Clear
Refresh

Event Details		
Item	Description	Default
Save Position	Select the events' save position from "RAM" or "NVM". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> RAM: Random-access memory NVM: Non-Volatile Memory 	RAM
Filter Message	Enter the filtering message based on the keywords set by users. Click the "Refresh" button, the filtered event will be displayed in the follow box. Use "&" to separate more than one filter message, such as message1&message2.	Null

3.20 Services > NTP

This section allows you to set the related NTP (Network Time Protocol) parameters, including Time zone, NTP Client and NTP Server.

NTP

Status

^ Timezone Settings

Time Zone

Expert Setting

^ NTP Client Settings

Enable ON OFF

Primary NTP Server

Secondary NTP Server

NTP Update Interval

^ NTP Server Settings

Enable ON OFF

NTP		
Item	Description	Default
Timezone Settings		
Time Zone	Click the drop down list to select the time zone you are in.	UTC +08:00
Expert Setting	Specify the time zone with Daylight Saving Time in TZ environment variable format. The Time Zone option will be ignored in this case.	Null
NTP Client Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. Enable to synchronize time with the NTP server.	ON
Primary NTP Server	Enter primary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	pool.ntp.org
Secondary NTP Server	Enter secondary NTP Server's IP address or domain name.	Null
NTP Update interval	Enter the interval (minutes) synchronizing the NTP client time with the NTP server's. Minutes wait for next update, and 0 means update only once.	0

NTP Server Settings		
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the NTP server option.	OFF

This window allows you to view the current time of router and also synchronize the router time. Click **Sync** button to synchronize the router time with the PC's.

NTP

Status

^ Time

System Time 2017-05-12 16:47:51

PC Time 2017-05-12 16:51:10 Sync

Last Update Time 2017-05-11 10:52:27

3.21 Services > SMS

This section allows you to set SMS parameters. Router supports SMS management, and user can control and configure their routers by sending SMS. For more details about SMS control, refer to **4.1.2 SMS Remote Control**.

SMS

SMS Testing

^ SMS Management Settings

Enable ON OFF

Authentication Type Password v ?

Phone Number ?

SMS Management Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the SMS Management option. Note: If this option is disabled, the SMS configuration is invalid.	ON
Authentication Type	Select Authentication Type from "Password", "Phonenum" or "Both". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Password: Use the same username and password as WEB manager for authentication. For example, the format of the SMS should be "username: password; cmd1; cmd2; ..." Note: Set the WEB manager password in System > User Management section. Phonenum: Use the Phone number for authentication, and user should set the Phone Number that is allowed for SMS management. The format of the SMS should be "cmd1; cmd2; ..." Both: Use both the "Password" and "Phonenum" for authentication. User should set the Phone Number that is allowed for SMS management. The format of the SMS should be "username: password; cmd1; cmd2; ..." 	Password
Phone Number	Set the phone number used for SMS management, and use ' ; ' to separate each number.	Null

User can test the current SMS service whether it is available in this section.

SMS
SMS Testing

^ SMS Testing

Phone Number

Message

Result

Send

SMS Testing		
Item	Description	Default
Phone Number	Enter the specified phone number which can receive the SMS from router.	Null
Message	Enter the message that router will send it to the specified phone number.	Null
Result	The result of the SMS test will be displayed in the result box.	Null
Send	Click the button to send the test message.	--

3.22 Services > Email

Email function supports to send the event notifications to the specified recipient by ways of email.

Email

^ Email Settings

Enable

ON
OFF

Enable TLS/SSL

ON
OFF
?

Outgoing Server

Server Port

Timeout

?

Username

Password

From

Subject

Email Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the Email option.	OFF
Enable TLS/SSL	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the TLS/SSL option.	OFF

Email Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Outgoing server	Enter the SMTP server IP Address or domain name.	Null
Server port	Enter the SMTP server port.	25
Timeout	Set the max time for sending email to SMTP server. When the server doesn't receive the email over this time, it will try to resend.	10
Username	Enter the username which has been registered from SMTP server.	Null
Password	Enter the password of the username above.	Null
From	Enter the source address of the email.	Null
Subject	Enter the subject of this email.	Null

3.23 Services > DDNS

This section allows you to set the DDNS parameters. The Dynamic DNS function allows you to alias a dynamic IP address to a static domain name, allows you whose ISP does not assign them a static IP address to use a domain name. This is especially useful for hosting servers via your connection, so that anyone wishing to connect to you may use your domain name, rather than having to use your dynamic IP address, which changes from time to time. This dynamic IP address is the WAN IP address of the router, which is assigned to you by your ISP. The service provider defaults to "DynDNS", as shown below.

The screenshot shows the 'DDNS Settings' form. At the top, there are tabs for 'DDNS' and 'Status'. Below the tabs is a header 'DDNS Settings'. The form contains an 'Enable' toggle set to 'OFF'. A red box highlights the 'Service Provider' dropdown menu, which is currently set to 'DynDNS'. Below this are input fields for 'Hostname', 'Username', and 'Password'.

When "Custom" service provider chosen, the window is displayed as below.

The screenshot shows the 'DDNS Settings' form with the 'Service Provider' dropdown menu set to 'Custom'. A red box highlights this dropdown. Below the dropdown is an input field labeled 'URL'.

DDNS Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable the DDNS option.	OFF
Service Provider	Select the DDNS service from "DynDNS", "NO-IP" or "3322". Note: the DDNS service only can be used after registered by Corresponding service provider.	DynDNS

Hostname	Enter the hostname provided by the DDNS server.	Null
Username	Enter the username provided by the DDNS server.	Null
Password	Enter the password provided by the DDNS server.	Null
URL	Enter the URL customized by user.	Null

Click "Status" bar to view the status of the DDNS.

The screenshot shows a navigation bar with 'DDNS' and 'Status' tabs. Below it is a section titled '^ DDNS Status' containing the text 'Status Disabled' and 'Last Update Time'.

DDNS Status	
Item	Description
Status	Display the current status of the DDNS.
Last Update Time	Display the date and time for the DDNS was last updated successfully.

3.24 Services > SSH

Router supports SSH password access and secret-key access.

The screenshot shows a navigation bar with 'SSH' and 'Keys Management' tabs. Below it is a section titled '^ SSH Settings' containing 'Enable' (ON/OFF toggle), 'Port' (input field with '22'), and 'Disable Password Logins' (ON/OFF toggle).

SSH Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Enable	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you can access the router via SSH.	OFF
Port	Set the port of the SSH access.	22
Disable Password Logins	Click the toggle button to enable/disable this option. When enabled, you cannot use username and password to access the router via SSH. In this case, only the key can be used for login.	OFF

The screenshot shows a navigation bar with 'SSH' and 'Keys Management' tabs. Below it is a section titled '^ Import Authorized Keys' containing 'Authorized Keys', a 'Choose File' button (showing 'No file chosen'), and an 'Import' button.

Import Authorized Keys	
Item	Description
Authorized Keys	Click on "Choose File" to locate an authorized key from your computer, and then click "Import" to import this key into your router. Note: This option is valid when enabling the password logins option.

3.25 Services > Web Server

This section allows you to modify the parameters of Web Server.

General Settings @ Web Server		
Item	Description	Default
HTTP Port	Enter the HTTP port number you want to change in router’s Web Server. On a Web server, port 80 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to receive from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTP Port number except 80, only adding that port number then you can login router’s Web Server.	80
HTTPS Port	Enter the HTTPS port number you want to change in router’s Web Server. On a Web server, port 443 is the port that the server "listens to" or expects to receive from a Web client. If you configure the router with other HTTPS Port number except 443, only adding that port number then you can login router’s Web Server. Note: HTTPS is more secure than HTTP. In many cases, clients may be exchanging confidential information with a server, which needs to be secured in order to prevent unauthorized access. For this reason, HTTP was developed by Netscape corporation to allow authorization and secured transactions.	443

This section allows you to import the certificate file into the route.

Import Certificate		
Item	Description	Default
Import Type	Select from "CA" and "Private Key".	CA

Import Certificate		
Item	Description	Default
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> CA: a digital certificate issued by CA center Private Key: a private key file 	
HTTPS Certificate	Click on "Choose File" to locate the certificate file from your computer, and then click "Import" to import this file into your router.	--

3.26 Services > Advanced

This section allows you to set the Advanced and parameters.

System
Reboot

^ System Settings

Device Name ?

User LED Type v ?

^ System Settings

Device Name ?

User LED Type v ?

None

SIM

NET

OpenVPN

IPSec

System Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Device Name	Set the device name to distinguish different devices you have installed; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, \$, and *.	router
User LED Type	Specify the display type of your USR LED. Select from "None", "SIM", "NET", "OpenVPN" or "IPsec". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> None: Meaningless indication, and the LED is off SIM: USR indicator showing the SIM card status NET: USR indicator showing the NET status OpenVPN: USR indicator showing the OpenVPN status IPsec: USR indicator showing the IPsec status Note: For more details about USR indicator, see "2.1 LED Indicators".	None

System
Reboot

^ Periodic Reboot Settings

Periodic Reboot ?

Daily Reboot Time ?

Periodic Reboot Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Periodic Reboot	Set the reboot period of the router. 0 means disable.	0
Daily Reboot Time	Set the daily reboot time of the router. You should follow the format as HH:MM, in 24h time frame, otherwise the data will be invalid. Leave it empty means disable.	Null

3.27 System > Debug

This section allows you to check and download the syslog details.

Syslog

^ Syslog Details

Log Level Debug v

Filtering ?

```

May 12 16:46:10 router user.debug rping[6811]: 1 packets transmitted, 1 packets received, 0% packet loss
May 12 16:46:10 router user.debug rping[6811]: round-trip min/avg/max = 44.118/44.118/44.118 ms
May 12 16:46:10 router user.debug link_manager[795]: rcv action ping_success from rping
May 12 16:46:10 router user.debug link_manager[795]: target link WWAN1, state Connected
May 12 16:46:10 router user.info link_manager[795]: WWAN1 ping test success
May 12 16:46:26 router user.debug modemd[828]: +CUSATP:
"D064810301250082028182850F80005500530049004D53615E9475288F0A19807CBE54C163A883508F0A21806C83901A884C8BC18F0A35804FEF6C11670D52A18F0C3680624B673A84254E1A53858F0A60806D4191CF4E13533A8F0A6280727960E0793C5305"
May 12 16:48:26 router user.debug modemd[828]: +CUSATP:
"D064810301250082028182850F80005500530049004D53615E9475288F0A19807CBE54C163A883508F0A21806C83901A884C8BC18F0A35804FEF6C11670D52A18F0C3680624B673A84254E1A53858F0A60806D4191CF4E13533A8F0A6280727960E0793C5305"
May 12 16:50:26 router user.debug modemd[828]: +CUSATP:
"D064810301250082028182850F80005500530049004D53615E9475288F0A19807CBE54C163A883508F0A21806C83901A884C8BC18F0A35804FEF6C11670D52A18F0C3680624B673A84254E1A53858F0A60806D4191CF4E13533A8F0A6280727960E0793C5305"
May 12 16:51:10 router user.debug link_manager[795]: WWAN1 (wwan) start ping test
May 12 16:51:10 router user.debug rping[7085]: start ping 8.8.8.8 (wwan)
May 12 16:51:10 router user.debug rping[7085]: PING 8.8.8.8 (8.8.8.8) from 10.71.252.175: 16 data bytes
May 12 16:51:10 router user.debug rping[7085]: 24 bytes from 8.8.8.8: seq=0 ttl=249 time=129.279 ms
May 12 16:51:10 router user.debug rping[7085]:
May 12 16:51:10 router user.debug rping[7085]: --- 8.8.8.8 ping statistics ---
May 12 16:51:10 router user.debug rping[7085]: 1 packets transmitted, 1 packets received, 0% packet loss
May 12 16:51:10 router user.debug rping[7085]: round-trip min/avg/max = 129.279/129.279/129.279 ms
May 12 16:51:10 router user.debug link_manager[795]: rcv action ping_success from rping
May 12 16:51:10 router user.debug link_manager[795]: target link WWAN1, state Connected
May 12 16:51:10 router user.info link_manager[795]: WWAN1 ping test success
                    
```

Manual Refresh v
Clear
Refresh

^ Syslog Files

Index	File Name	File Size	Modification Time
1	messages	569955	Fri May 12 16:51:10 2017

^ System Diagnostic Data

System Diagnostic Data Generate

System Diagnostic Data Download

Syslog		
Item	Description	Default
Syslog Details		
Log Level	Select from "Debug", "Info", "Notice", "Warn", "Error" which from low to high.	Debug

RT_UG_R3000 Lite_v.3.0.8
Confidential

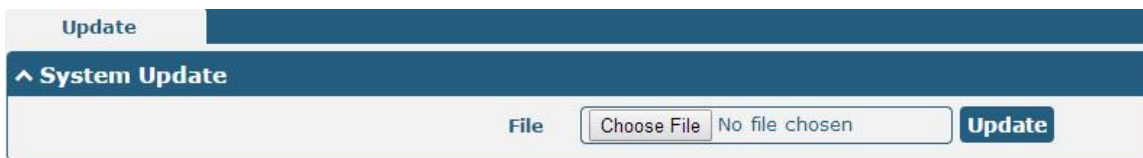
26 Mar., 2019

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	The lower level will output more syslog in detail.	
Filtering	Enter the filtering message based on the keywords. Use “&” to separate more than one filter message, such as “keyword1&keyword2”.	Null
Refresh	Select from “Manual Refresh”, “5 Seconds”, “10 Seconds”, “20 Seconds” or “30 Seconds”. You can select these intervals to refresh the log information displayed in the follow box. If selecting “manual refresh”, you should click the refresh button to refresh the syslog.	Manual Refresh
Clear	Click the button to clear the syslog.	--
Refresh	Click the button to refresh the syslog.	--
Syslog Files		
Syslog Files List	It can show at most 5 syslog files in the list, the files’ name range from message0 to message 4. And the newest syslog file will be placed on the top of the list.	--
System Diagnosing Data		
Generate	Click to generate the syslog diagnosing file.	--
Download	Click to download system diagnosing file.	--

3.28 System > Update

This section allows you to upgrade the firmware of your router. Click **System > Update > System Update**, and click on “Choose File” to locate the firmware file to be used for the upgrade. Once the latest firmware has been chosen, click “Update” to start the upgrade process. The upgrade process may take several minutes. Do not turn off your Router during the firmware upgrade process.



Note: To access the latest firmware file, please contact your technical support engineer.

System Update		
Item	Description	Default
System Update	Click Choose File button to select the correct firmware in your PC, and then click Update button to update. After updating successfully, you need to click “save and apply”, and then reboot the router to take effect.	Null

3.29 System > APP Center

This section allows you to add some required or customized applications to the router. Import and install your applications to the APP Center, and reboot the device according to the system prompts. Each installed application will be displayed under the “Services” menu, while other applications related to VPN will be displayed under the “VPN” menu.

Note: After importing the applications to the router, the page display may have a slight delay due to the browser cache. It is recommended that you clear the browser cache first and log in the router again.

App Center

For more information about App, please refer to <http://www.robustel.com/products/app-center/>.

^ App Install

File

No file chosen

^ Installed Apps

Index	Name	Version	Status	Description
1	language_chinese	3.0.0	Stopped	Chinese language ✕

App Center		
Item	Description	Default
App Install		
File	Click on “Choose File” to locate the App file from your computer, and then click Install to import this file into your router. Note: File format should be <i>xxx.rpk</i> , e.g. <i>R3000 Lite-robustlink-1.0.0.rpk</i> .	--
Installed Apps		
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Name	Show the name of the App.	Null
Version	Show the version of the App.	Null
Status	Show the status of the App.	Null
Description	Show the description for this App.	Null

3.30 System > Tools

This section provides users three tools: Ping, Traceroute and Sniffer.

Ping
Traceroute
Sniffer

^ Ping

IP Address

Number of Request

Timeout

Local IP

Start
Stop

Ping		
Item	Description	Default
IP address	Enter the ping's destination IP address or destination domain.	Null
Number of Requests	Specify the number of ping requests.	5
Timeout	Specify the timeout of ping requests.	1
Local IP	Specify the local IP from cellular WAN, Ethernet WAN or Ethernet LAN. Null stands for selecting local IP address from these three automatically.	Null
	Click this button to start ping request, and the log will be displayed in the follow box.	Null
	Click this button to stop ping request.	--

Ping | Traceroute | Sniffer

^ Traceroute

Trace Address
 Trace Hops
 Trace Timeout

Traceroute		
Item	Description	Default
Trace Address	Enter the trace's destination IP address or destination domain.	Null
Trace Hops	Specify the max trace hops. Router will stop tracing if the trace hops has met max value no matter the destination has been reached or not.	30
Trace Timeout	Specify the timeout of Traceroute request.	1
<input type="button" value="Start"/>	Click this button to start Traceroute request, and the log will be displayed in the follow box.	--
<input type="button" value="Stop"/>	Click this button to stop Traceroute request.	--

Ping | Traceroute | Sniffer

^ Sniffer

Interface v
 Host
 Packets Request
 Protocol v
 Status

^ Capture Files

Index	File Name	File Size	Modification Time	
1	17-05-12_16-53-26.cap	24	Fri May 12 16:53:27 2017	
2	17-05-11_15-34-46.cap	10677	Thu May 11 15:34:47 2017	

Sniffer		
Item	Description	Default
Interface	Choose the interface according to your Ethernet configuration.	All
Host	Filter the packet that contain the specify IP address.	Null
Packets Request	Set the packet number that the router can sniffer at a time.	1000
Protocol	Select from "All", "IP", "TCP", "UDP" and "ARP".	All
Port	Set the port number for TCP or UDP that is used in sniffer.	Null
Status	Show the current status of sniffer.	Null
	Click this button to start the sniffer.	--
	Click this button to stop the sniffer. Once you click this button, a new log file will be displayed in the following List.	--
Capture Files	Every times of sniffer log will be saved automatically as a new file. You can find the file from this Sniffer Traffic Data List and click to download the log, click to delete the log file. It can cache a maximum of 5 files.	Null

3.31 System > Profile

This section allows you to import or export the configuration file, and restore the router to factory default setting.

Profile

Rollback

^ Import Configuration File

Reset Other Settings to Default

OFF ?

Ignore Invalid Settings

OFF ?

XML Configuration File

No file chosen

Import

^ Export Configuration File

Ignore Disabled Features

OFF ?

Add Detailed Information

OFF ?

Encrypt Secret Data

OFF ?

XML Configuration File

Generate

XML Configuration File

Export

^ Default Configuration

Save Running Configuration as Default

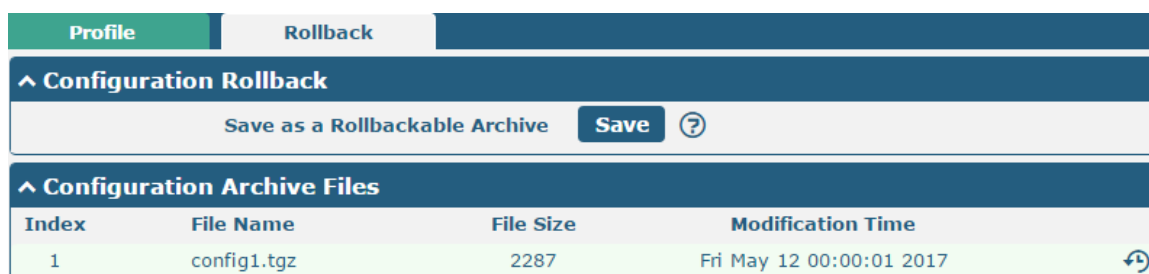
Save ?

Restore to Default Configuration

Restore

Profile		
Item	Description	Default
Import Configuration File		
Reset Other Settings to Default	Click the toggle button as "ON" to return other parameters to default settings.	OFF

Ignore Invalid Settings	Click the toggle button as “OFF” to ignore invalid settings.	OFF
XML Configuration File	Click on Choose File to locate the XML configuration file from your computer, and then click Import to import this file into your router.	--
Export Configuration File		
Ignore Disabled Features	Click the toggle button as “OFF” to ignore the disabled features.	OFF
Add Detailed Information	Click the toggle button as “On” to add detailed information.	OFF
Encrypt Secret Data	Click the toggle button as “ON” to encrypt the secret data.	OFF
XML Configuration File	Click Generate button to generate the XML configuration file, and click Export to export the XML configuration file.	--
Default Configuration		
Save Running Configuration as Default	Click this button to save the current running parameters as default configuration.	--
Restore to Default Configuration	Click this button to restore the factory defaults.	--



Rollback		
Item	Description	Default
Configuration Rollback		
Save as a Rollbackable Archive	Create a save point manually. Additionally, the system will create a save point every day automatically if configuration changes.	--
Configuration Archive Files		
Configuration Archive Files	View the related information about configuration archive files, including name, size and modification time.	--

3.32 System > User Management

This section allows you to change your username and password, and create or manage user accounts. One router has only one super user who has the highest authority to modify, add and manage other common users.

Note: Your new password must be more than 5 character and less than 32 characters and may contain numbers, upper and lowercase letters, and standard symbols.

Super User
Common User

^ Super User Settings

Old Username

New Username

Old Password
 ?

New Password
 ?

Confirm Password
 ?

Super User Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Old Username	Enter the old username of your router. The default is "admin".	Null
New Username	Enter a new username you want to create; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, \$, and *.	Null
Old Password	Enter the old password of your router. The default is "admin".	Null
New Password	Enter a new password you want to create; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, \$, and *.	Null
Confirm Password	Enter the new password again to confirm.	Null

Super User
Common User

^ Common User Settings

Index	Role	Username	+

Click button to add a new common user. The maximum rule count is 5.

Common User

^ Common Users Settings

Index

Role
 v

Username
 ?

Password
 ?

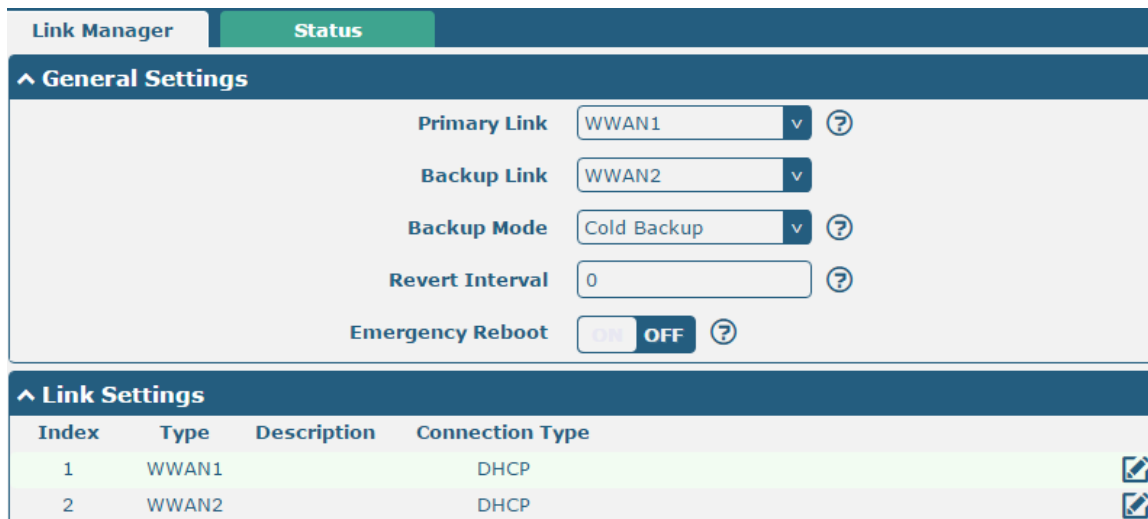
Common User Settings		
Item	Description	Default
Index	Indicate the ordinal of the list.	--
Role	Select from "Visitor" and "Editor". <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Visitor: Users only can view the configuration of router under this level Editor: Users can view and set the configuration of router under this level 	Visitor
Username	Set the Username; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, \$, and *.	Null
Password	Set the password which at least contains 5 characters; valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, @, ., -, #, \$, and *.	Null

Chapter 4 Configuration Examples

4.1 Cellular

4.1.1 Cellular Dial-Up

This section shows you how to configure the primary and backup SIM card for Cellular Dial-up. Connect the router correctly and insert two SIM, then open the configuration page. Under the homepage menu, click **Interface > Link Manager > Link Manager > General Settings**, choose “WWAN1” as the primary link, “WWAN2” as the backup link and “Cold Backup” as the backup mode.



Link Manager **Status**

^ General Settings

Primary Link: WWAN1 ?



Backup Link: WWAN2

Backup Mode: Cold Backup ?

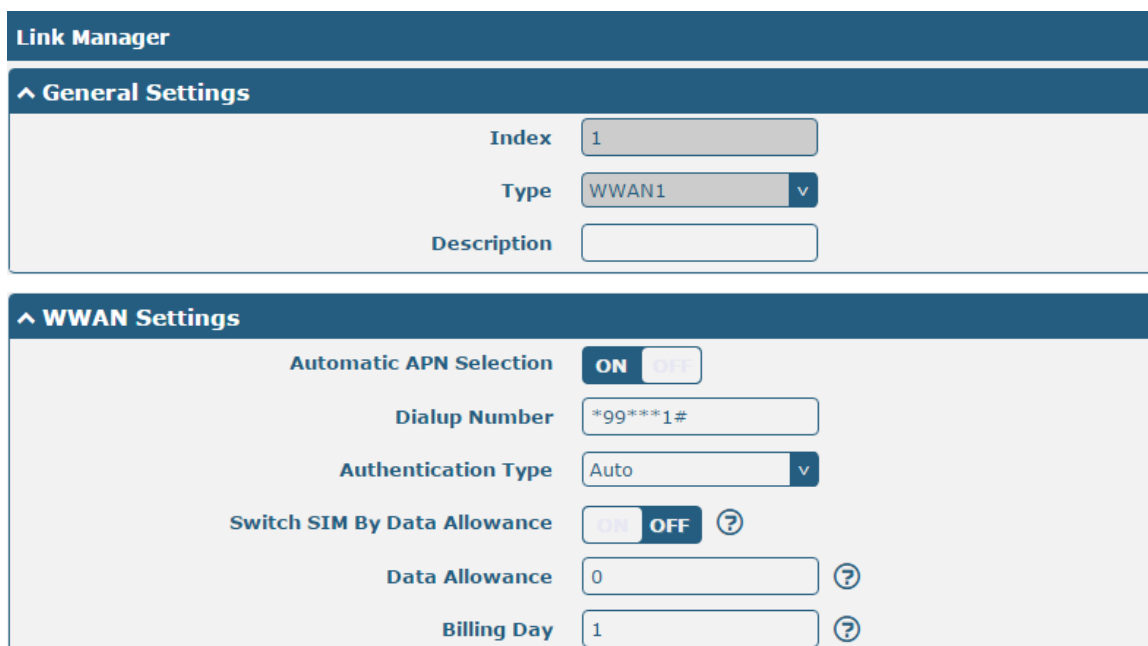
Revert Interval: 0 ?

Emergency Reboot: ON OFF ?

^ Link Settings

Index	Type	Description	Connection Type	
1	WWAN1		DHCP	
2	WWAN2		DHCP	

Click the edit button of WWAN1 to set its parameters according to the current ISP.



Link Manager

^ General Settings

Index: 1

Type: WWAN1

Description:

^ WWAN Settings

Automatic APN Selection: ON OFF

Dialup Number: *99***1#

Authentication Type: Auto

Switch SIM By Data Allowance: ON OFF ?

Data Allowance: 0 ?

Billing Day: 1 ?

^ Ping Detection Settings ?

Enable ON OFF

Primary Server

Secondary Server

Interval ?

Retry Interval ?

Timeout ?

Max Ping Tries ?

^ Advanced Settings

NAT Enable ON OFF

Upload Bandwidth ?

Download Bandwidth

Overridden Primary DNS

Overridden Secondary DNS

Debug Enable ON OFF

Verbose Debug Enable ON OFF

When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

The window is displayed below by clicking **Interface > Cellular > Advanced Cellular Settings**.

Cellular	Status	AT Debug			
^ Advanced Cellular Settings					
Index	SIM Card	Phone Number	Network Type	Band Select Type	
1	SIM1		Auto	All	
2	SIM2		Auto	All	

Click the edit button of SIM1 to set its parameters according to your application request.

Cellular

^ General Settings

Index

SIM Card v

Phone Number

PIN Code ?

Extra AT Cmd ?

Telnet Port ?

^ Cellular Network Settings

Network Type v ?

Band Select Type v ?

^ Advanced Settings

Debug Enable ON OFF

Verbose Debug Enable ON OFF

When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

4.1.2 SMS Remote Control

R3000 Lite supports remote control via SMS. You can use following commands to get the status of the router, and set all the parameters of the router. There are three authentication types for SMS control. You can select from “Password”, “Phonenum” or “Both”.

An SMS command has the following structure:

1. Password mode—Username: Password;cmd1;cmd2;cmd3; ...cmdn (available for every phone number).
2. Phonenum mode--cmd1; cmd2; cmd3; ... cmdn (available when the SMS was sent from the phone number which had been added in router’s phone group).
3. Both mode-- Username: Password;cmd1;cmd2;cmd3; ...cmdn (available when the SMS was sent from the phone number which had been added in router’s phone group).

SMS command Explanation:

1. User name and Password: Use the same username and password as WEB manager for authentication.
2. cmd1, cmd2, cmd3 to Cmdn, the command format is the same as the CLI command, more details about CLI cmd please refer to **Chapter 5 Introductions for CLI**.

Note: Download the configure XML file from the configured web browser. The format of SMS control command can refer to the data of the XML file.

Go to **System > Profile > Export Configuration File**, click **Generate** to generate the XML file and click **Export** to export the XML file.

Profile	Rollback
^ Import Configuration File	
Reset Other Settings to Default	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF ?
Ignore Invalid Settings	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF ?
XML Configuration File	<input type="button" value="Choose File"/> No file chosen <input type="button" value="Import"/>
^ Export Configuration File	
Ignore Disabled Features	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF ?
Add Detailed Information	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF ?
Encrypt Secret Data	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF ?
XML Configuration File	<input type="button" value="Generate"/>
^ Default Configuration	
Save Running Configuration as Default	<input type="button" value="Save"/> ?
Restore to Default Configuration	<input type="button" value="Restore"/>

XML command:

```
<lan >
<network max_entry_num="2" >
<id > 1</id >
<interface > lan0</interface >
<ip > 172.16.7.29</ip >
<netmask > 255.255.0.0</netmask >
<mtu > 1500</mtu >
```

SMS cmd:

```
set lan network 1 interface lan0
set lan network 1 ip 172.16.7.29
set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0
set lan network 1 mtu 1500
```

- The semicolon character (;) is used to separate more than one commands packed in a single SMS.
- E.g.

admin:admin;status system

In this command, username is "admin", password is "admin", and the function of the command is to get the system status.

SMS received:

```
hardware_version = 1.3
firmware_version = "3.0.0"
kernel_version = 4.1.0
device_model = R3000 Lite
serial_number = 1425121212111
uptime = "1 day, 04:52:34"
system_time = "Fri May 12 15:44:07 2017"
```

admin:admin;reboot

In this command, username is “admin”, password is “admin”, and the command is to reboot the Router.

SMS received:

OK

admin:admin;set firewall remote_ssh_access false;set firewall remote_telnet_access false

In this command, username is “admin”, password is “admin”, and the command is to disable the remote_ssh and remote_telnet access.

SMS received:

OK

OK

admin:admin; set lan network 1 interface lan0;set lan network 1 ip 172.16.99.11;set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0;set lan network 1 mtu 1500

In this command, username is “admin”, password is “admin”, and the commands is to configure the LAN parameter.

SMS received:

OK

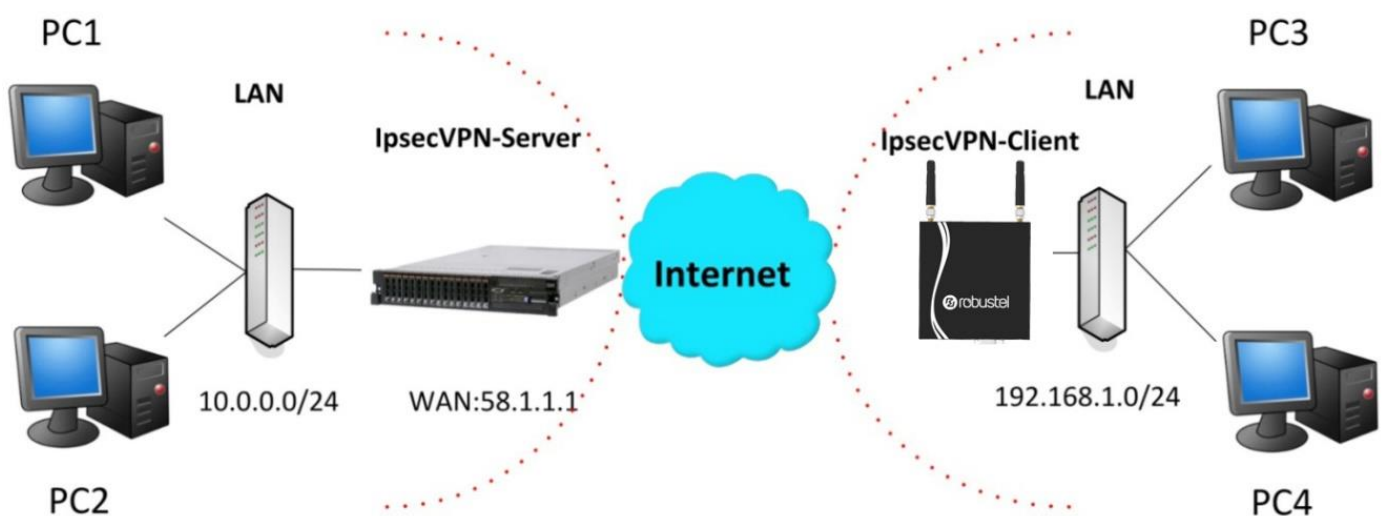
OK

OK

OK

4.2 Network

4.2.1 IPsec VPN



The configuration of server and client is as follows.

IPsec VPN_Server:

Cisco 2811:

```

Router>enable
Router#config
Configuring from terminal, memory, or network [terminal]?
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#crypto isakmp policy 10
Router(config-isakmp)#?
  authentication  Set authentication method for protection suite
  encryption      Set encryption algorithm for protection suite
  exit            Exit from ISAKMP protection suite configuration mode
  group           Set the Diffie-Hellman group
  hash            Set hash algorithm for protection suite
  lifetime        Set lifetime for ISAKMP security association
  no              Negate a command or set its defaults
Router(config-isakmp)#encryption 3des
Router(config-isakmp)#hash md5
Router(config-isakmp)#authentication pre-share
Router(config-isakmp)#group 2
Router(config-isakmp)#exit
Router(config)#crypto isakmp ?
  client  Set client configuration policy
  enable  Enable ISAKMP
  key     Set pre-shared key for remote peer
  policy  Set policy for an ISAKMP protection suite
Router(config)#crypto isakmp key cisco address 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0

Router(config)#crypto ?
  dynamic-map  Specify a dynamic crypto map template
  ipsec        Configure IPSEC policy
  isakmp       Configure ISAKMP policy
  key          Long term key operations
  map          Enter a crypto map
Router(config)#crypto ipsec ?
  security-association  Security association parameters
  transform-set         Define transform and settings
Router(config)#crypto ipsec transform-set Trans ?
  ah-md5-hmac  AH-HMAC-MD5 transform
  ah-sha-hmac  AH-HMAC-SHA transform
  esp-3des     ESP transform using 3DES(EDE) cipher (168 bits)
  esp-aes      ESP transform using AES cipher
  esp-des      ESP transform using DES cipher (56 bits)
  esp-md5-hmac ESP transform using HMAC-MD5 auth
  esp-sha-hmac ESP transform using HMAC-SHA auth
Router(config)#crypto ipsec transform-set Trans esp-3des esp-md5-hmac

Router(config)#ip access-list extended vpn
Router(config-ext-nacl)#permit ip 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255
Router(config-ext-nacl)#exit

Router(config)#crypto map cry-map 10 ipsec-isakmp
% NOTE: This new crypto map will remain disabled until a peer
and a valid access list have been configured.
Router(config-crypto-map)#match address vpn
Router(config-crypto-map)#set transform-set Trans
Router(config-crypto-map)#set peer 202.100.1.1
Router(config-crypto-map)#exit

Router(config)#interface fastEthernet 0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 58.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#cr
Router(config-if)#crypto map cry-map
*Jan 3 07:16:26.785: %CRYPTO-6-ISAKMP_ON_OFF: ISAKMP is ON

```

IPsec VPN_Client:

The window is displayed as below by clicking **VPN > IPsec > Tunnel**.

General	Tunnel	Status	x509			
^ Tunnel Settings						
Index	Enable	Description	Gateway	Local Subnet	Remote Subnet	+

Click **+** button and set the parameters of IPsec Client as below.

Tunnel

^ General Settings

Index

Enable ON OFF

Description

Gateway ?

Mode v

Protocol v

Local Subnet ?

Remote Subnet ?

^ IKE Settings

Negotiation Mode v

Authentication Algorithm v

Encryption Algorithm v

IKE DH Group v

Authentication Type v

PSK Secret

Local ID Type v

Remote ID Type v

IKE Lifetime ?

^ SA Settings

Encrypt Algorithm	3DES	v
Authentication Algorithm	MD5	v
PFS Group	DHgroup2	v
SA Lifetime	28800	?
DPD Interval	60	?
DPD Failures	180	?

^ Advanced Settings

Enable Compression	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Expert Options	<input type="text"/> ?

When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

The comparison between server and client is as below.

```

Router>enable
Router#config
Configuring from terminal, memory, or network [terminal]?
Enter configuration commands, one per line. End with CNTL/Z.
Router(config)#crypto isakmp policy 10
Router(config-isakmp)#?
  authentication  Set authentication method for protection suite
  encryption     Set encryption algorithm for protection suite
  exit           Exit from ISAKMP protection suite configuration mode
  group          Set the Diffie-Hellman group
  hash           Set hash algorithm for protection suite
  lifetime       Set lifetime for ISAKMP security association
  no             Negate a command or set its defaults
Router(config-isakmp)#encryption 3des
Router(config-isakmp)#hash md5
Router(config-isakmp)#authentication pre-share
Router(config-isakmp)#group 2
Router(config-isakmp)#exit
Router(config)#crypto isakmp ?
  client  Set client configuration policy
  enable  Enable ISAKMP
  key     Set pre-shared key for remote peer
  policy  Set policy for an ISAKMP protection suite
Router(config)#crypto isakmp key cisco address 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0

Router(config)#crypto ?
  dynamic-map  Specify a dynamic crypto map template
  ipsec        Configure IPSEC policy
  isakmp       Configure ISAKMP policy
  key          Long term key operations
  map          Enter a crypto map
Router(config)#crypto ipsec ?
  security-association  Security association parameters
  transform-set         Define transform and settings
Router(config)#crypto ipsec transform-set Trans ?
  ah-md5-hmac  AH-HMAC-MD5 transform
  ah-sha-hmac  AH-HMAC-SHA transform
  esp-3des    ESP transform using 3DES (EDE) cipher (168 bits)
  esp-aes     ESP transform using AES cipher
  esp-des     ESP transform using DES cipher (56 bits)
  esp-md5-hmac ESP transform using HMAC-MD5 auth
  esp-sha-hmac ESP transform using HMAC-SHA auth
Router(config)#crypto ipsec transform-set Trans esp-3des esp-md5-hmac

Router(config)#ip access-list extended vpn
Router(config-ext-nacl)#permit ip 10.0.0.0 0.0.0.255 192.168.1.0 0.0.0.255
Router(config-ext-nacl)#exit

Router(config)#crypto map cry-map 10 ipsec-isakmp
% NOTE: This new crypto map will remain disabled until a peer
and a valid access list have been configured.
Router(config-crypto-map)#match address vpn
Router(config-crypto-map)#set transform-set Trans
Router(config-crypto-map)#set peer 202.100.1.1
Router(config-crypto-map)#exit

Router(config)#interface fastEthernet 0/0
Router(config-if)#ip address 58.1.1.1 255.255.255.0
Router(config-if)#cr
Router(config-if)#crypto map cry-map
*Jan 3 07:16:26.785: %CRYPTO-6-ISAKMP_ON_OFF: ISAKMP is ON
    
```

Server (Cisco 2811)

Client (R3000 Lite)

^ Tunnel Settings

Index	1
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Description	<input type="text"/>
Gateway	58.1.1.1 ?
Mode	Tunnel v
Protocol	ESP v
Local Subnet	192.168.1.0 ?
Remote Subnet	255.255.255.0 ?

^ IKE Settings

Negotiation Mode	Main v
Authentication Algorithm	MD5 v
Encrypt Algorithm	3DES v
IKE DH Group	MODP(1024) v
Authentication Type	PSK v
PSK Secret	*****
Local ID Type	Default v
Remote ID Type	Default v
IKE Lifetime	86400 ?

^ SA Settings

Encrypt Algorithm	3DES v
Authentication Algorithm	MD5 v
PFS Group	MODP(1024) v
SA Lifetime	28800 ?
DPD Interval	60 ?
DPD Failures	180 ?

^ Advanced Settings

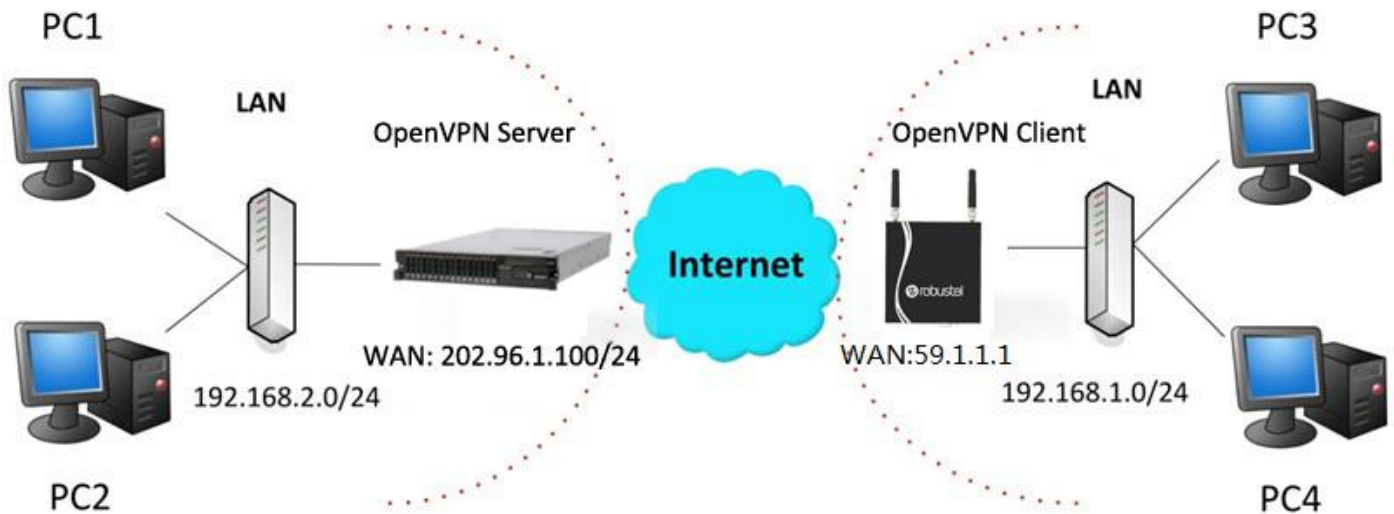
Enable Compression	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
--------------------	---

IKE Setting in Client must be consistent with server.

SA Setting in Client must be consistent with server.

4.2.2 OpenVPN

OpenVPN supports two modes, including Client and P2P. Here takes Client as an example.



OpenVPN_Server:

Generate relevant OpenVPN certificate on the server side firstly, and refer to the following commands to configuration the Server:

```

local 202.96.1.100
mode server
port 1194
proto udp
dev tun
tun-mtu 1500
fragment 1500
ca ca.crt
cert Server01.crt
key Server01.key
dh dh1024.pem
server 10.8.0.0 255.255.255.0
ifconfig-pool-persist ipp.txt
push "route 192.168.3.0 255.255.255.0"
client-config-dir ccd
route 192.168.1.0 255.255.255.0
keepalive 10 120
cipher BF-CBC
comp-lzo
max-clients 100
persist-key
persist-tun
status openvpn-status.log

```

verb 3

Note: For more configuration details, please contact your technical support engineer.

OpenVPN_Client:

Click **VPN > OpenVPN > OpenVPN** as below.

OpenVPN	Status	x509					
^ Tunnel Settings							
Index	Enable	Description	Mode	Protocol	Server Address	Interface Type	+

Click **+** to configure the Client01 as below.

^ General Settings

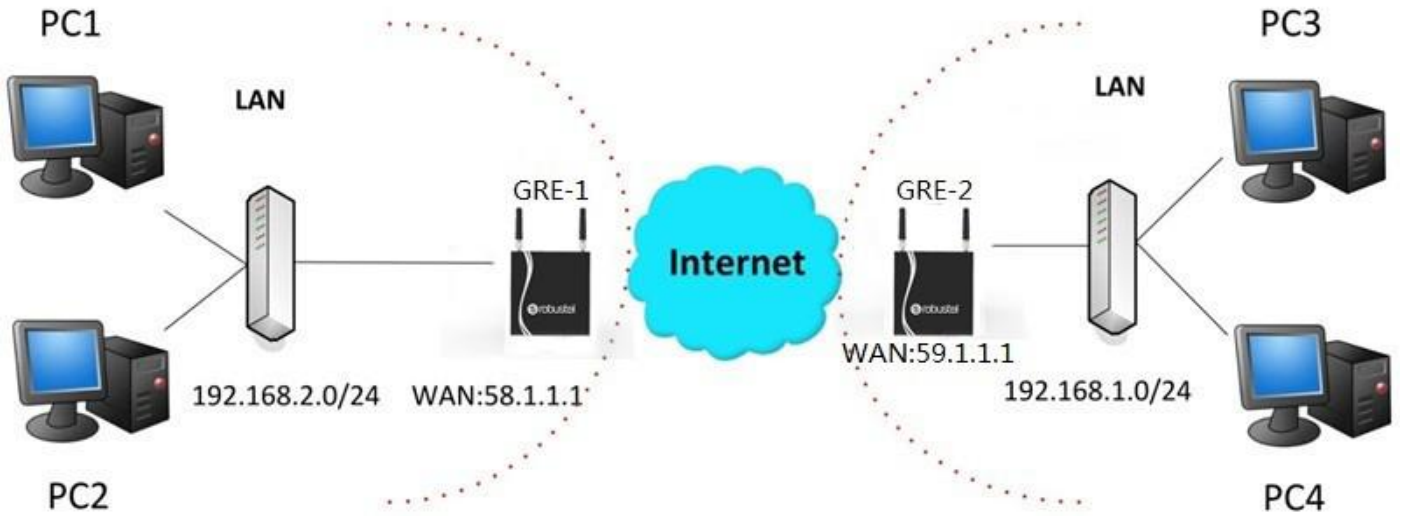
Index	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Description	<input type="text" value="Client01"/>
Mode	<input type="text" value="Client"/> v
Protocol	<input type="text" value="UDP"/> v
Server Address	<input type="text" value="202.96.1.100"/>
Server Port	<input type="text" value="1194"/>
Interface Type	<input type="text" value="TUN"/> v
Authentication Type	<input type="text" value="X509CA"/> v ?
Encrypt Algorithm	<input type="text" value="BF"/> v
Renegotiation Interval	<input type="text" value="86400"/> ?
Keepalive Interval	<input type="text" value="20"/> ?
Keepalive Timeout	<input type="text" value="120"/> ?
Private Key Password	<input type="password" value="•••••"/>
Enable Compression	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Enable NAT	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Verbose Level	<input type="text" value="3"/> v ?

^ Advanced Settings

Enable HMAC Firewall	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Enable PKCS#12	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Enable nsCertType	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Expert Options	<input type="text" value="fragment 1500"/> ?

When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

4.2.3 GRE VPN



The configuration of two points is as follows.

The window is displayed as below by clicking **VPN > GRE > GRE**.

GRE	Status			
^ Tunnel Settings				
Index	Enable	Description	Remote IP Address	

GRE-1:

Click **+** button and set the parameters of GRE-1 as below.

^ Tunnel Settings	
Index	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Description	<input type="text" value="GRE-1"/>
Remote IP Address	<input type="text" value="59.1.1.1"/>
Local Virtual IP Address	<input type="text" value="10.8.0.1"/>
Remote Virtual IP Address	<input type="text" value="10.8.0.2"/>
Enable Default Route	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Enable NAT	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Secrets	<input type="password" value="*****"/>

When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

GRE-2:

Click **+** button and set the parameters of GRE-1 as below.

^ Tunnel Settings

Index	<input type="text" value="1"/>
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF
Description	<input type="text" value="GRE-2"/>
Remote IP Address	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="58.1.1.1"/>
Local Virtual IP Address	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="10.8.0.2"/>
Remote Virtual IP Address	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="10.8.0.1"/>
Enable Default Route	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Enable NAT	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF
Secrets	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="password" value="*****"/>

When finished, click **Submit > Save & Apply** for the configuration to take effect.

The comparison between GRE-1 and GRE-2 is as below.

GRE-1	GRE-2																																				
<div style="background-color: #004a7c; color: white; padding: 2px 5px; font-weight: bold;">^ Tunnel Settings</div> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>Index</td><td><input type="text" value="1"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Enable</td><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF</td></tr> <tr><td>Description</td><td><input type="text" value="GRE-1"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Remote IP Address</td><td><input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="59.1.1.1"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Local Virtual IP Address</td><td><input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="10.8.0.1"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Remote Virtual IP Address</td><td><input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="10.8.0.2"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Enable Default Route</td><td><input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF</td></tr> <tr><td>Enable NAT</td><td><input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF</td></tr> <tr><td>Secrets</td><td><input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="password" value="*****"/></td></tr> </table>	Index	<input type="text" value="1"/>	Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF	Description	<input type="text" value="GRE-1"/>	Remote IP Address	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="59.1.1.1"/>	Local Virtual IP Address	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="10.8.0.1"/>	Remote Virtual IP Address	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="10.8.0.2"/>	Enable Default Route	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF	Enable NAT	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF	Secrets	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="password" value="*****"/>	<div style="background-color: #004a7c; color: white; padding: 2px 5px; font-weight: bold;">^ Tunnel Settings</div> <table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr><td>Index</td><td><input type="text" value="1"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Enable</td><td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF</td></tr> <tr><td>Description</td><td><input type="text" value="GRE-2"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Remote IP Address</td><td><input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="58.1.1.1"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Local Virtual IP Address</td><td><input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="10.8.0.2"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Remote Virtual IP Address</td><td><input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="10.8.0.1"/></td></tr> <tr><td>Enable Default Route</td><td><input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF</td></tr> <tr><td>Enable NAT</td><td><input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF</td></tr> <tr><td>Secrets</td><td><input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="password" value="*****"/></td></tr> </table>	Index	<input type="text" value="1"/>	Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF	Description	<input type="text" value="GRE-2"/>	Remote IP Address	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="58.1.1.1"/>	Local Virtual IP Address	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="10.8.0.2"/>	Remote Virtual IP Address	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="10.8.0.1"/>	Enable Default Route	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF	Enable NAT	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF	Secrets	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="password" value="*****"/>
Index	<input type="text" value="1"/>																																				
Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF																																				
Description	<input type="text" value="GRE-1"/>																																				
Remote IP Address	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="59.1.1.1"/>																																				
Local Virtual IP Address	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="10.8.0.1"/>																																				
Remote Virtual IP Address	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="10.8.0.2"/>																																				
Enable Default Route	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF																																				
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Enable	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ON <input type="checkbox"/> OFF																																				
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Remote IP Address	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="58.1.1.1"/>																																				
Local Virtual IP Address	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="10.8.0.2"/>																																				
Remote Virtual IP Address	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="text" value="10.8.0.1"/>																																				
Enable Default Route	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF																																				
Enable NAT	<input type="checkbox"/> ON <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> OFF																																				
Secrets	<input style="border: 2px solid red;" type="password" value="*****"/>																																				
GRE-1 public IP GRE-1 tunnel IP GRE-2 tunnel IP	GRE-2 public IP GRE-2 tunnel IP GRE-1 tunnel IP																																				
set the same secret as GRE-2	set the same secret as GRE-1																																				

Chapter 5 Introductions for CLI

5.1 What Is CLI

Command-line interface (CLI) is a software interface providing another way to set the parameters of equipment from the [SSH](#) or through a [telnet](#) network connection.

Route login:

Router login: admin

Password: admin

#

CLI commands:

? (**Note:** the '?' won't display on the page.)

!	Comments
add	Add a list entry of configuration
clear	Clear statistics
config	Configuration operation
debug	Output debug information to the console
del	Delete a list entry of configuration
exit	Exit from the CLI
help	Display an overview of the CLI syntax
ping	Send messages to network hosts
reboot	Halt and perform a cold restart
route	Static route modify dynamically, this setting will not be saved
set	Set system configuration
show	Show system configuration
status	Show running system information
tftpupdate	Update firmware using tftp
tracert	Print the route packets trace to network host
urlupdate	Update firmware using http or ftp
ver	Show version of firmware

5.2 How to Configure the CLI

Following is a table about the description of help and the error should be encountered in the configuring program.

Commands /tips	Description
?	Typing a question mark “?” will show you the help information.
Ctrl+c	Press these two keys at the same time, except its “copy” function but also can be used for “break” out of the setting program.
Syntax error: The command is not completed	Command is not completed.
Tick space key+ Tab key	It can help you finish you command. Example: # config (tick enter key) Syntax error: The command is not completed # config (tick space key+ Tab key) commit save_and_apply loaddefault
# config save_and_apply / #config commit	When your setting finished, you should enter those commands to make your setting take effect on the device. Note: Commit and save_and_apply plays the same role.

Quick Start with Configuration Examples

The best and quickest way to master CLI is firstly to view all features from the webpage and then read all CLI commands at a time, finally learn to configure it with some reference examples.

Example 1: Show current version

```
# status system
hardware_version = 1.3
firmware_version = "3.0.0"
kernel_version = 4.1.0
device_model = R3000 Lite
serial_number = 14251212121111
uptime = "1 day, 04:52:34"
system_time = "Fri May 12 15:44:07 2017"
```

Example 2: Update firmware via tftp

```
# tftpupdate (space+?)
  firmware   New firmware
# tftpupdate firmware (space+?)
  String   Firmware name
# tftpupdate firmware R3000 Lite-firmware-sysupgrade-unknown.bin host 192.168.100.99 //enter a new firmware name
Downloading
```

R3000 Lite-firmware-s 100% |*****| 5018k 0:00:00 ETA

Flashing

Checking 100%

Decrypting 100%

Flashing 100%

Verifying 100%

Verify Success

upgrade success

//update success

config save_and_apply

OK

// save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect

Example 3: Set link-manager

set

set

at_over_telnet	AT Over Telnet
cellular	Cellular
ddns	Dynamic DNS
ethernet	Ethernet
event	Event Management
firewall	Firewall
gre	GRE
ipsec	IPsec
lan	Local Area Network
link_manager	Link Manager
ntp	NTP
openvpn	OpenVPN
reboot	Automatic Reboot
RobustLink	RobustLink
route	Route
sms	SMS
snmp	SNMP agent
ssh	SSH
syslog	Syslog
system	System
user_management	User Management
vrrp	VRRP
web_server	Web Server

set link_manager

primary_link	Primary Link
backup_link	Backup Link
backup_mode	Backup Mode
emergency_reboot	Emergency Reboot
link	Link Settings

set link_manager primary_link (space+?)

```

Enum Primary Link (wwan1/wwan2/wan)
# set link_manager primary_link wwan1 //select "wwan1" as primary_link
OK //setting succeed
# set link_manager link 1
  type Type
  desc Description
  connection_type Connection Type
  wwan WWAN Settings
  static_addr Static Address Settings
  pppoe PPPoE Settings
  ping Ping Settings
  mtu MTU
  dns1_overridden Overridden Primary DNS
  dns2_overridden Overridden Secondary DNS
# set link_manager link 1 type wwan1
OK
# set link_manager link 1 wwan
  auto_apn Automatic APN Selection
  apn APN
  username Username
  password Password
  dialup_number Dialup Number
  auth_type Authentication Type
  aggressive_reset Aggressive Reset
  switch_by_data_allowance Switch SIM By Data Allowance
  data_allowance Data Allowance
  billing_day Billing Day
# set link_manager link 1 wwan switch_by_data_allowance true
OK
#
# set link_manager link 1 wwan data_allowance 100 //open cellular switch_by_data_traffic
OK //setting succeed
# set link_manager link 1 wwan billing_day 1 //setting specifies the day of month for billing
OK // setting succeed
...
# config save_and_apply
OK // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect

```

Example 4: Set LAN IP address

```

# show lan all
network {
  id = 1
  interface = lan0
  ip = 192.168.0.1

```



```
netmask = 255.255.255.0
mtu = 1500
dhcp {
    enable = true
    mode = server
    relay_server = ""
    pool_start = 192.168.0.2
    pool_end = 192.168.0.100
    netmask = 255.255.255.0
    gateway = ""
    primary_dns = ""
    secondary_dns = ""
    wins_server = ""
    lease_time = 120
    expert_options = ""
    debug_enable = false
}
}
multi_ip {
    id = 1
    interface = lan0
    ip = 172.16.7.29
    netmask = 255.255.0.0
}
#
# set lan
network      Network Settings
multi_ip     Multiple IP Address Settings
vlan         VLAN
# set lan network 1(space+?)
interface    Interface
ip           IP Address
netmask      Netmask
mtu          MTU
dhcp         DHCP Settings
# set lan network 1 interface lan0
OK
# set lan network 1 ip 172.16.99.22           //set IP address for lan
OK                                           //setting succeed
# set lan network 1 netmask 255.255.0.0
OK
#
...
# config save_and_apply
OK                                           // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect
```

Example 5: CLI for setting Cellular

```
# show cellular all
sim {
    id = 1
    card = sim1
    phone_number = ""
    extra_at_cmd = ""
    network_type = auto
    band_select_type = all
    band_gsm_850 = false
    band_gsm_900 = false
    band_gsm_1800 = false
    band_gsm_1900 = false
    band_wcdma_850 = false
    band_wcdma_900 = false
    band_wcdma_1900 = false
    band_wcdma_2100 = false
    band_lte_800 = false
    band_lte_850 = false
    band_lte_900 = false
    band_lte_1800 = false
    band_lte_1900 = false
    band_lte_2100 = false
    band_lte_2600 = false
    band_lte_1700 = false
    band_lte_700 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2600 = false
    band_tdd_lte_1900 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2300 = false
    band_tdd_lte_2500 = false
}
sim {
    id = 2
    card = sim2
    phone_number = ""
    extra_at_cmd = ""
    network_type = auto
    band_select_type = all
    band_gsm_850 = false
    band_gsm_900 = false
    band_gsm_1800 = false
    band_gsm_1900 = false
    band_wcdma_850 = false
    band_wcdma_900 = false
```

```

band_wcdma_1900 = false
band_wcdma_2100 = false
band_lte_800 = false
band_lte_850 = false
band_lte_900 = false
band_lte_1800 = false
band_lte_1900 = false
band_lte_2100 = false
band_lte_2600 = false
band_lte_1700 = false
band_lte_700 = false
band_tdd_lte_2600 = false
band_tdd_lte_1900 = false
band_tdd_lte_2300 = false
band_tdd_lte_2500 = false
}
# set(space+?)
at_over_telnet    cellular    ddns        dhcp        dns
event            firewall   ipsec       lan         link_manager
ntp              openvpn   reboot     route      serial_port
sms              snmp      syslog     system     user_management
vrrp

# set cellular(space+?)
  sim    SIM Settings
# set cellular sim(space+?)
  Integer  Index (1..2)

# set cellular sim 1(space+?)
  card                SIM Card
  phone_number        Phone Number
  extra_at_cmd        Extra AT Cmd
  network_type        Network Type
  band_select_type    Band Select Type
  band_gsm_850        GSM 850
  band_gsm_900        GSM 900
  band_gsm_1800       GSM 1800
  band_gsm_1900       GSM 1900
  band_wcdma_850      WCDMA 850
  band_wcdma_900      WCDMA 900
  band_wcdma_1900     WCDMA 1900
  band_wcdma_2100     WCDMA 2100
  band_lte_800        LTE 800 (band 20)
  band_lte_850        LTE 850 (band 5)
  band_lte_900        LTE 900 (band 8)
  band_lte_1800       LTE 1800 (band 3)

```

```

band_lte_1900      LTE 1900 (band 2)
band_lte_2100      LTE 2100 (band 1)
band_lte_2600      LTE 2600 (band 7)
band_lte_1700      LTE 1700 (band 4)
band_lte_700       LTE 700 (band 17)
band_tdd_lte_2600  TDD LTE 2600 (band 38)
band_tdd_lte_1900  TDD LTE 1900 (band 39)
band_tdd_lte_2300  TDD LTE 2300 (band 40)
band_tdd_lte_2500  TDD LTE 2500 (band 41)
# set cellular sim 1 phone_number 18620435279
OK
...
# config save_and_apply
OK                                     // save and apply current configuration, make you configuration effect

```

5.3 Commands Reference

Commands	Syntax	Description
Debug	Debug <i>parameters</i>	Turn on or turn off debug function
Show	Show <i>parameters</i>	Show current configuration of each function , if we need to see all please using “show running ”
Set	Set <i>parameters</i>	All the function parameters are set by commands set and add, the difference is that set is for the single parameter and add is for the list parameter
Add	Add <i>parameters</i>	

Note: Download the config.XML file from the configured web browser. The command format can refer to the config.XML file format.

Glossary

Abbr.	Description
AC	Alternating Current
APN	Access Point Name
ASCII	American Standard Code for Information Interchange
CE	Conformité Européene (European Conformity)
CHAP	Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol
CLI	Command Line Interface for batch scripting
CSD	Circuit Switched Data
CTS	Clear to Send
dB	Decibel
dBi	Decibel Relative to an Isotropic radiator
DC	Direct Current
DCD	Data Carrier Detect
DCE	Data Communication Equipment (typically modems)
DCS 1800	Digital Cellular System, also referred to as PCN
DI	Digital Input
DO	Digital Output
DSR	Data Set Ready
DTE	Data Terminal Equipment
DTMF	Dual Tone Multi-frequency
DTR	Data Terminal Ready
EDGE	Enhanced Data rates for Global Evolution of GSM and IS-136
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
EMI	Electro-Magnetic Interference
ESD	Electrostatic Discharges
ETSI	European Telecommunications Standards Institute
EVDO	Evolution-Data Optimized
FDD LTE	Frequency Division Duplexing Long Term Evolution
GND	Ground
GPRS	General Packet Radio Service
GRE	generic route encapsulation
GSM	Global System for Mobile Communications
HSPA	High Speed Packet Access
ID	identification data
IMEI	International Mobile Equipment Identity
IP	Internet Protocol
IPsec	Internet Protocol Security
kbps	kbits per second
L2TP	Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol

Abbr.	Description
LAN	local area network
LED	Light Emitting Diode
M2M	Machine to Machine
MAX	Maximum
Min	Minimum
MO	Mobile Originated
MS	Mobile Station
MT	Mobile Terminated
OpenVPN	Open Virtual Private Network
PAP	Password Authentication Protocol
PC	Personal Computer
PCN	Personal Communications Network, also referred to as DCS 1800
PCS	Personal Communication System, also referred to as GSM 1900
PDU	Protocol Data Unit
PIN	Personal Identity Number
PLCs	Program Logic Control System
PPP	Point-to-point Protocol
PPTP	Point to Point Tunneling Protocol
PSU	Power Supply Unit
PUK	Personal Unblocking Key
R&TTE	Radio and Telecommunication Terminal Equipment
RF	Radio Frequency
RTC	Real Time Clock
RTS	Request to Send
RTU	Remote Terminal Unit
Rx	Receive Direction
SDK	Software Development Kit
SIM	subscriber identification module
SMA antenna	Stubby antenna or Magnet antenna
SMS	Short Message Service
SNMP	Simple Network Management Protocol
TCP/IP	Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol
TE	Terminal Equipment, also referred to as DTE
Tx	Transmit Direction
UART	Universal Asynchronous Receiver-transmitter
UMTS	Universal Mobile Telecommunications System
USB	Universal Serial Bus
USSD	Unstructured Supplementary Service Data
VDC	Volts Direct current
VLAN	Virtual Local Area Network
VPN	Virtual Private Network

Abbr.	Description
VSWR	Voltage Stationary Wave Ratio
WAN	Wide Area Network

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