



IB ACIO Tier I Answer Key

1.	b	Hind swaraj is written by Mahtma Gandhi in 1909. In this book he wrote about swaraj, modern civilization etc. It is also known as home rule book.
2.	b	Sannidhata is a chief treasury officer it was mentioned in Arthshashtra.
3.	d	Jharkhand becomes the second state
4.	c	Effective majority – A majority of more than 50% of members of total strength of house Simple Majority – A majority of total members of house Special majority – A majority of members present and voting in house.
5.	d	Raman Magsaysay award is given annually for the contribution in the field o government service, Literature, art, Peace and international work, journalism and public leadership.
6.	c	Philipines – Kongreso Sri Lanka – Sri Lankavay Parlimentuwa USA – congress
7.	d	Vitamin A - Retinol Vitamin B1 – Thymine Vitamin B2 – Riboflavine Vitamin C – Ascorbic acid Vitamin K – Phylloquinine Vitamin E – Tocopherol
8.	a	Zonal councils are the bodies which were formed as an advisory body. There are 5 zonal councils

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		<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Northern zonal councils2. Central zonal councils3. Eastern zonal councils4. Western zonal councils5. Southern zonal councils
9.	b	Thomas cup is another name of world Men's team championship.
10.	b	Water is contaminated due to various industrial discharge, dust, fertilizers, oil spillage. To check the level of water pollution the amount of oxygen is measured.
11.	c	This article protects the religious and social practices of Naga tribe.
12.	c	Muhhamad bin tuglaq was the son of ghiyas ud din tuglaq. He was the first to issue token currency.
13.	d	It was started in 1973. They hug the tree when the tree is about to cut.
14.	a	Unlike Earth, The core of the moon consist of soild materials.
15.	c	By 44 th constitutional amendment act 1978 Right to property was removed from fundamental right and made under article 300 A of the constitution.
16.	c	Initially he was drawing master later on put in charge of mint
17.	d	There exist 3 list in Indian constitution – Union list State list Concurrent list
18.	c	This are the kind of tropical cyclones which have different names at different different regions.
19.	b	President has the power to transfer the High court judge form one high court to another on consultation with chief justice of India.
20.	d	Real, inverted and smaller than object





21.	d	Sarojini Naidu described both of them as The two Mahatmas
22.	a	Ecosystem is defined as a community in which all living things interact with the non living components present in the environment.
23.	b	Temperature – Thermometer Heartbeat – Stethoscope
24.	b	Vardhamana Mahavir was the 24 th Tirthankar of Jain religion.
25.	a	It is a Manipuri version of Hockey
26.	b	Razia Sultan was the first women who ruled in Delhi.
27.	d	Services does not included in balance of trade.
28.	a	Operation zero hour is started by Britishers for arresting the leaders of quit India movement.
29.	a	SASEC – South Asia Subregional economic cooperation. Member countries are Bangladesh, Bhutan, India, Nepal, Maldives Sri Lanka and Myanmar
30.	c	Gamma Ray Astronomy PeV Energies Phase-3). It is located in Nilgiri, Tamil Nadu.
31.	d	UN security council is an organ of United Nation. Its permanent members are – Russia, USA, UK, France and China
32.	d	Gangue or Matrix is a certain kind of impurities
33.	b	It can be rejected, approved but cannot be returned for reconsideration by the President.
34.	c	International Energy agency
35.	c	Fiscal deficit = Revenue receipt+capital receipts – Total expenditure
36.	a	Fusion takes place at a fixed temperature which is termed as melting point.
37.	c	Mumbai – National Stadium, Wankhede Stadium, Brabourne Stadium



		Kolkata – Eden Gardens Jamshedpur – Keenan Stadium
38.	c	Article 356- President's rule Article 355 – Imposes duty on centre to ensure the government of every state is carried on in accordance with the provisions of constitutions Article 260 – Jurisdiction of union in relation of territories outside of India.
39.	a	Upanishads are religious texts and there are total 108 Upanishads.
40.	c	It is a university located in West Bengal.
41.	d	Total internal reflection – When the light ray travels from more optically dense to less optically medium and the angle of incidence is greater than critical angle.
42.	d	Kerala – Ranganathittu Bird sanctuary Andhra Pradesh – Pulicat lake Bird sanctuary Karnataka – Bankapura peacock sanctuary
43.	b	Durand Line – Between Pakistan and Afghanistan
44.	d	Cut motion – For opposing the demands in financial bill Lok Sabha members has the power to present cut motion.
45.	a	Electrical potential – At a point in an electric field it is the work done in bringing a unit positive charge from infinity to that point. Electric capacity – It is the charge required to increase the potential of conductor by unity. Electric field intensity – It is a force experience by a unit positive charge placed in an electric field.
46.	b	Other diseases caused by the deficiency of biotin is body pain and hair fall.



47.	a	Polymer is a material whose structure contains multiple repeating units from which a high relative molecular mass material produced.
48.	c	Purana are the religious texts. There are total 18 puranas in Indian history.
49.	a	It was started by British footballers at Bombay.
50.	d	Article 25 – right to the freedom of religion. In this article all persons are equally entitled to freedom of conscience and right to freely profess and propagate religion.
51.	d	
52.	b	Vipas – Beas Asikani – Cheanb Vitasta - Jhelum
53.	c	Vestigial organs – Which appears functionless in an organism but functional in their ancestors. Analogous organs – organs which look similar due to be used in similar function but their internal structure are different. Fossils – the remains of ancient plants or animals which provide evidences for evolution.
54.	c	Edward Jenner – Vaccine of chicken pox Banting – Diabetes Alexander Flemming – Penicillin
55.	b	Australia – Australian Security & intelligence organization China – central external liaison department India – RAW, IB
56.	b	2016 world disabled day theme is – Achieving 17 goals for future we want

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57.	c	Chanakya was also known as Kautilya or Vishnugupta. He wrote a famous book on Indian Political treatise – Arthashashtra
58.	b	Pneumonia – Acute inflammation of alveoli of lung Hyperglycemia – concentration of glucose in blood is very high glgcosuria – presence of exces of glucose urine
59.	b	Plague is a deadly disease caused by Infection of Yersinia pestis.
60.	c	Pravarsena – I was the first ruler of the dynasty. He himself called as Samrat.
61.		
62.	c	Union constitution committee and union Power committee – Jawahar lal Nehru Drafting Committee - Dr. B.R. Ambedkar Minority subcommittee – H.C. Mukherjee
63.	a	Other archeological findings at Dholavira are A large well and bath, A stadium
64.	a	DNA is Deoxyribonucleic acid it was discovered by James Watson and cricks.
65.	d	Bhaga – King’s customary share of the produce normally amounting to $\frac{1}{6}$ th of the produce paid by all cultivators. Bali – It was a voluntary offering to the king by the people, but later becomes compulsory. Khila – Waste land
66.	c	Ashoka conversion to buddhism found in the Bhabru bairat rock edict.
67.	d	Thyroxin harmones are produced in thyroid gland from iodine.
68.	c	Senguttuvan is the famous king of chera kingdom.
69.	d	Pressure groups –





		<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. Business groups2. Trade unions3. Agrarian groups4. Professional association5. Student organization6. Religious organization7. Caste groups8. Tribal organization9. Linguistic groups10. Ideology based groups
70.	c	Nyaya Darshan is one of the 6 school of philosophy
71.	d	Gopatha brahmana is attached to Atharvaveda. In this vedic ritual associated with Atharvaveda is described.
72.	a	Residual mountains – formed as a result of weathering.
73.	b	This law was brought to replace the personal law based on the scriptures and customs of each major religious community in India with a common set governing every citizen.
74.	b	Other archeological findings at Chanhudaro – city without citadel, bead makers shop, Imprint of dog's paw on a brick, Bronze toy cart.
75.	d	Election and impeachment of President, Enlargement of jurisdiction of Supreme court , Introduction and passage of constitutional amendment bills in all these matters Rajya sabha has been given equal status with loksabha.
76.	c	Dadabhai Naoroji who was also known as grand old man of India.
77.	d	Other important import in ancient history Gold – Kolar, Afghanistan Copper – Afghanistan Steatite – Iran and Pakistan Lapis lazuli – Afghanistan

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78.	d	Article 21 A provided free and compulsory education to the children between the age of 6-14 years.
79.	b	Article 224 – appointment of additional and acting judges Article 17 – Prohibition of untouchability Article 370 – Special autonomous status to Jammu and Kashmir
80.	c	Right to information(RTI) is also known as citizen of gateway
81.	b	Ibn Batuta was a Moroccan traveler who visited India during Muhammad bin tuglaq reign
82.	b	Disinvestment is reducing government shares in public sector. Globalization – The process of amalgamation of economy with world economy. Liberalization – the process by which government control is relaxed or abolished.
83.	c	The first great English writer Geoffrey Chaucer is known as Father of English poetry.
84.	b	Anti defection law – 10 th schedule
85.	b	Bear and bull are the terms related to stock markets. When market goes down it is called as bear. Boom is an economic situation when demand increase in the market.
86.	d	Directive principles of state policy and nomination of members of rajya sabha by President is also taken from the Ireland's constitution
87.	c	It was held at Patliputra under the chairmanship of Mogaliputta tissa
88.	c	Bounty is the subsidy paid by the government to exporters for enhancing exports.





		Bill of exchange – A written statement which is primarily used in International trade to pay fixed sum of money in future date.
89.	b	Covalent bond is a bond formed between two same or different atoms by mutual contribution or sharing of electrons. For e.g. – hydrogen and chlorine combine to form Hydrogen chloride.
90.	b	The term Fianchetto is associated with chess.
91.	c	Red blood cells are formed in Bone marrow. RBC removed CO ₂ from the body
92.	b	President is authorized to remove the Attorney general of India. He is appointed by President.
93.	c	Temple of vijayalaya, Choleswar were built during chola dynasty
94.	b	The study of dreams – Oneirology The study of beauty – Kalology
95.	d	Auxin, Cytokinins, Ethylene are the plant harmones.
96.	b	Smt Indira Gandhi was the first Indian women to get the Bharat Ratna in the year 1971.
97.	a	Certificate of deposit - 1. it is a money market instrument. 2. It can be issues either as promissory note or in demat form.
98.	c	This starts after the rainy season. Sowing beging in spetember – October and harvesting in February and march.
99.	d	ISI i.e. Inter services intelligence agency is an intelligence agency of Pakistan.
100.	d	Ashoka has three sons – Kunala, Mahinda and Tivala.

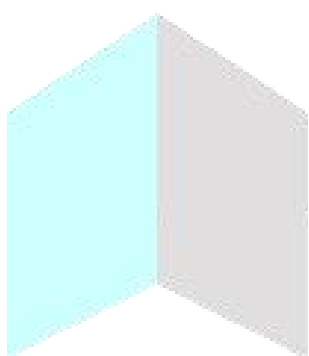


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