

# User's Manual



HA2YF3030000

## ● Features

1. Core magnet movement:  
Avoids interruption of external magnetic field.
2. Double protection device:  
Diode to protect movement · fuse to protect parts of circuit board.
3. Handy stand attached · with wide visual for easy readout.
4. With DC 12A measuring range.

## ● Specifications

1. Dimensions: 146(L) x 98 (W) x 37mm (H)
2. Weight: about 255 g(including batteries).
3. Power supply: 006P 9V 1pc, 1.5V/UM3 batteries \*2.
4. Operating temperature and humidity: 0°C~40°C, 0%~80% RH.
5. Fuse: 5  $\phi$  \*20mm 0.5A 1pc.
6. Accessory: test leads 1ser, 0.5A spare fuse 1pc, operating manual 1pc.

## ● MEASUREMENT RANGES AND PERFORMANCE

As a transistor tester

Leakage current( $i_{ceo}$ )(LI)	0~150 $\mu$ A at x1K range 0~15mA at x 10 range 0~150mA at x 1 range	$\pm 5\%$ of arc	Current across terminals
DC current amplification factor( $h_{FE}$ )	0~1000 at x 10 range $\frac{I_c}{I_b}$	$\pm 3\%$ of arc	With connector extra

As a circuit tester:

Measurement	Measurement ranges	Allowance	Remarks
DC Voltage (DCV)	0-0.3V-3V-12V-30V-120V -300V-1200V Battery 1.5V Check 0-1.5V	$\pm 3\%$ fs	Input impedance 20K $\Omega$ /V
AC Voltage (ACV)	0-6V-30V-120V-300V-1200V	$\pm 4\%$ fs	Input impedance 8K $\Omega$ /V
DC Current (DCmA A)	0-0.06m A(60 $\mu$ A)-3m A-30m A-0.3A-12A · 0.06m A at 0.3V DC position	$\pm 3\%$ fs	Voltage drop 300m V
Resistance ( $\Omega$ )	Range x1-x10-x1K-x10K Minimum 0.2-2-200-2K ( $\Omega$ ) Midscale 20-200-20K-200K( $\Omega$ ) Maximum 2K-20K-2M-20M( $\Omega$ )	$\pm 3\%$ of arc	Internal batteries UM-3x2 006Px1
AF output(dB)	-10dB~+17dB at AC6V position 0dB/0.775V(1mW through 600 $\Omega$ ) -10dB~+63 dB(ACV all ranges)	$\pm 4\%$ fs	8K $\Omega$ /V for out put terminal

## ● PRELIMINARY INSTRUCTIONS

- Only the leads supplied with the instrument guarantee compliance with the safety standards. They must be in good condition and, if necessary, be replaced with identical leads.
- Do not test circuits exceeding the current and voltage limits.
- Assure the batteries are installed correctly.
- Before connecting the test leads to the circuit to be tested, make sure that the rotary selector switch is set to the correct function.
- Remove the test leads from the circuit under test before changing the range.
- When the tester is connected to the measuring circuits, do not touch any unused terminal.
- If the instrument is not be used for a long period, remove the battery.
- Indication of zero correction:  
Before measuring, place the pointer on zero position of the scale left by adjusting the screw of zero corrector.
- Range selection:  
When measuring an unknown value of voltage or current, start from the highest range, then adjust to a proper lower range. Measurement is more accurate as near to the full scale, for resistance measurement, near to the middle scale.
- OFF range:  
After measurement place range selector to OFF range. This is to prevent pointer from swaying and to protect multitester.

## ● OPERATION

1. DC Voltage(DCV)  
DC Voltages of batteries · amplifier circuits · power source of communication equipment · tube and transistor circuit biases · etc. are measured · Each of the 7 range notations(0.3~1200) indicates the maximum voltage reading for that range.
2. AC Voltage(ACV)  
Voltages of commercial AC supply · AC powered circuits. AF signal level · etc. are measured Each of the 4 range notations (6~1200) indicates the maximum voltage reading for that range.
3. DC Current(DC mA · A)  
Current consumption of DC power operated equipment · bias current of tube and transistor circuits · etc are measured · Each of the 5 range notations (60  $\mu$  /12A) indicates the maximum current reading for that range ·

Note:

For 12A Measurement · Insert the red lead into DC-12A + terminal and the black lead into the-COM terminal · set the range switch to 300mA & up position ·

## 4. Resistance( $\Omega$ )

Resistance is measured, and line and circuit continuity( $\infty$  or 0  $\Omega$ ) tested · Each of the 4 range notations indicates the multiplication of the reading for that range, where k stands for 1000.

## 5. dB scale

dB(decibel)is measured in the same way as ACV measurement reading the dB scale instead for a range selector setting of AC6V, read dB directly on the dB scale.

## 6. Buzzer “-||-” Test

- 6.1 Set the range select to “-||-” position.
- 6.2 Plug the short ends of test leads to the “+” and “-” jacks.
- 6.3 Connect the two long ends of test leads to the two ends of desired circuit.
- 6.4 When the buzzer sounds or means the circuit is conductible its impedance.

## 7. hFE measurement for transistor

- 7.1 Place range selector to  $\Omega$ \*10(hFE) range. Be sure to accomplish 0 $\Omega$  adjustment before measuring.
  - 7.2 Plug PNP or NPN transistor to hFE connector according to EBCE sequences.
  - 7.3 Read the value indicated on hFE scale.c
8. Battery check – UP
  - 8.1 Place range selector to BATT 1.5V range.
  - 8.2 Plus short end of red test leads to “+” connector, and short end of black test leads to “-” connector.
  - 8.3 Connect red test lead to positive pole of battery, and black test lead to negative pole of battery.
  - 8.4 Read the value indicated on BATT 1.5V scale to judge quality.

## 9. High frequency output voltage measurement

Plug black test lead to “-” connector and red red test lead to OUTPUT connector. Place the range selector to ACV position. Reading of measurement and scale are same as ACV measurement.

