The DECLARATION of INDEPENDENCE in HISTORICAL CONTEXT

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American State Papers, Petitions, Proclamations, & Letters of the Delegates to the First National Congresses

Compiled, Edited, and Introduced by

BARRY ALAN SHAIN

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The cuneiform inscription that serves as our logo is the earliest-known appearance of the word "freedom" (*amagi*), or "liberty." It is taken from a clay document written about 2300 B.C. in the Sumerian city-state of Lagash.

Published with assistance from the foundation established in memory of Amasa Stone Mather of the Class of 1907, Yale College.

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To my wife,
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made the completion of this work possible

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DOCUMENT CHRONOLOGY

etropolitan British documents listed below are bolded to assist readers in getting a sense of the tit-for-tat nature of the persistent, even tragic pattern of the deteriorating imperial relationship between the colonies and Great Britain. Displaying this graphically helps, in part, to dispel the too-common assumption that the congressional delegates consistently directed events toward an outcome they uniformly sought and understood, guided by an agreed-upon philosophy that would support the emergence of republican polities outside the British Empire. Instead, the reactive nature of the colonists' developing positions is readily mapped out in their responses to misguided British policies. Only the most significant British documents have been included in this volume; many more could have been added.

1754: July 9, the Albany Plan of Union

1764: October 18, New York Petitions to the King and House of Commons November 3, Petition from the Massachusetts House of Representatives to the House of Commons

December 18, Virginia Petitions to the King and Parliament

1765: June–December, Resolves of Virginia, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Connecticut, Massachusetts, South Carolina, New Jersey, and New York

October 8–18(?), Report of the Committee to Whom Was Referred the Considerations of the Rights of the British Colonies

October 19–21, Declarations of the Stamp Act Congress; Petitions to the King and Parliament

December 1765-March 1766, Statements of the Sons of Liberty

1766: February 13, Examination of Benjamin Franklin in the House of Commons March 18, An Act Repealing the Stamp Act; Declaratory Act December 11, Samuel Adams to Christopher Gadsden

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1774: September 7–22, James Duane, Propositions before the Committee on Rights September 8, John Adams, Notes of Debates

September 17, Suffolk Resolves

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September 25, Samuel Adams to Joseph Warren

September 27 and 30, Nonimportation, Nonconsumption, and Nonexportation Resolutions

September 28, Joseph Galloway, "Plan of Union"; Galloway, Statement on His "Plan of Union"

September 28, John Adams, Notes of Debates

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September 30, John Adams, Proposed Resolutions

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October 3 and 5, Congressional Resolutions

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October 22, Messages to the Colonies of St. John's, Nova Scotia, Georgia, East Florida, and West Florida

October 26, "To the Inhabitants of the Province of Quebec"

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November 30, George III, Speech from the Throne at the Opening of Parliament (received in the colonies in late January–early February, 1775)

February 1, The Earl of Chatham, Bill for Settling the Troubles in America February 20, Lord North's Peace Proposal (received in the colonies

shortly before May 20, 1775)

May 26, Certain Resolutions Respecting the State of America

May 29, "To the Oppressed Inhabitants of Canada"

March 30, New England Restraining Act (received in the colonies in early June, 1775)

May 30, Grey Cooper's Letter Written for Lord North

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July 8, The Twelve United Colonies to the Inhabitants of Great-Britain

July 8, Congress to the Lord Mayor of London and to the Colonial Agents

July 13, A Speech to the Six Confederate Nations

July 21, Benjamin Franklin, Articles of Confederation

July 28, An Address of the Twelve United Colonies to the People of Ireland

July 31, Report on Lord North's Peace Proposal

August 23, George III, Proclamation for Suppressing Rebellion and

Sedition (received in the colonies on October 31, 1775)

October 18, John Adams, Autobiography

October 26, George III, Speech to Parliament (received in the

colonies on January 8, 1776)

November 2, Samuel Ward to Henry Ward

November 3 and 4, and December 4, Congress, Response to

New Hampshire's Request for Instructions on Forming a

New Government; Instructions for South Carolina and Virginia

Concerning Forming New Governments

November 25, John Adams to Joseph Hawley

November 29, Congress to Colonial Agents

December 6, Congress, Answer to the King's Proclamation for

Suppressing Rebellion and Sedition

December 8, Edward Rutledge to Ralph Izard

December 9, Benjamin Franklin to Charles William Frederic Dumas

December 9, Robert Morris to an Unknown Correspondent

December 22, American Prohibitory Act (received in the colonies on

February 26, 1776)

1776: January (?), John Jay, "Essay on Congress and Independence"

January 2, "The Origin, Nature, and Extent of the Present Controversy"

January 9-24(?), John Dickinson, Proposed Resolutions on a

Petition to the King

January 13, Josiah Bartlett to John Langdon

January 17, John Hancock to Thomas Cushing

February 13, Address to the Inhabitants of the Colonies

February 13, Richard Smith, Diary Entry

February 16, Richard Smith, Diary Entry

March 5, Josiah Bartlett to John Langdon

March 16, Second Proclamation for a Day of Humiliation,

Fasting, and Prayer

March 18, Richard Smith, Diary Entry

March 20, Joseph Hewes to Samuel Johnston