

# Gayathri Angou MSc. thesis

Opportunities & barriers for recharge ponds in an urbanizing district of the Ramganga basin, as explored through transdisciplinary rural-urban linkages

# Agenda



- 1. What
- 2. Where
- 3. Why
- 4. Key findings
- 5. What's next

### What is the research?

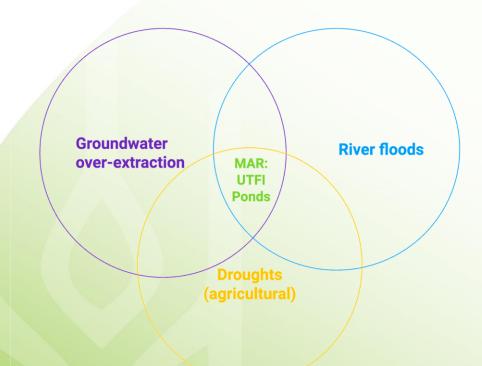
#### My background:

- MSc. In NL
- Sustainable urban development
- AMS Institute, Amsterdam

### My research emphasis:

- planning for groundwater sustainability
  = rural+urban
- Opportunities for urban MAR
- Urbanization needs till 2035

**Backdrop of urbanization & growth:** growing cities + growing agriculture = increased demand of GW, and increased disaster risk of people & property

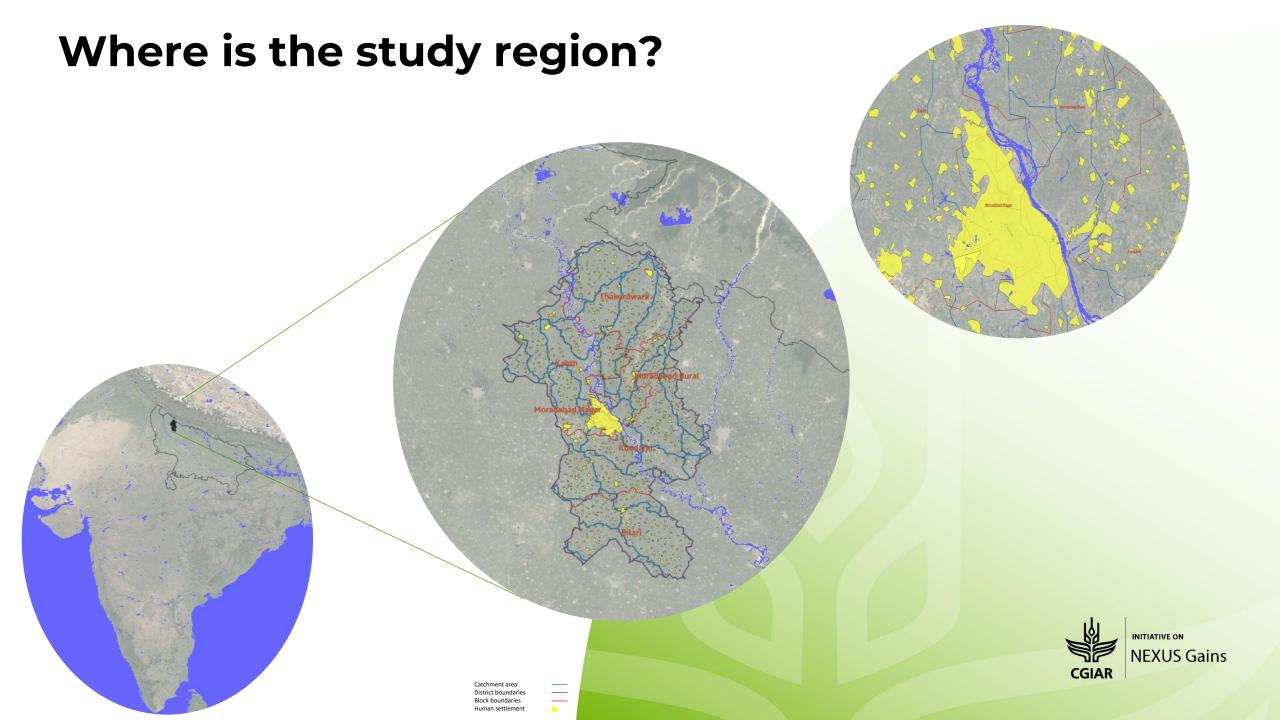








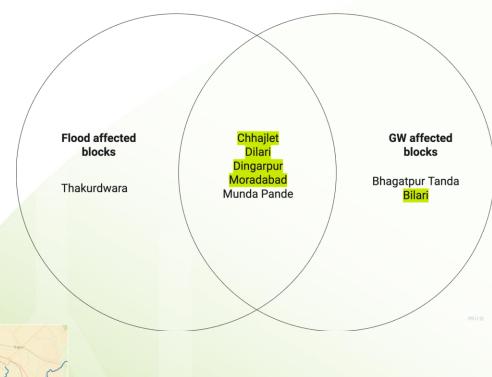




# Where is the study region?



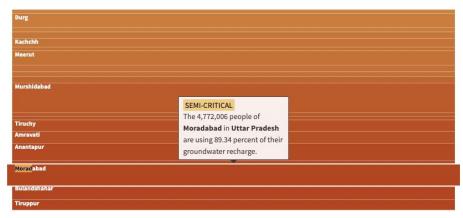
Flood-affected Villages



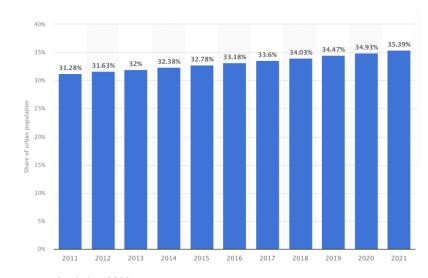




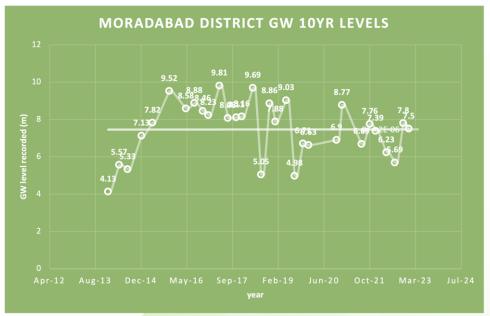
### Why here, why now?



source: Reuters, 2019



source: Statistica, 2023



Data from: CGWB

#### 300 villages in western UP cut off from district HQs due to flooding following heavy rains

Most of the affected villages fall in districts Moradabad, Sambhal, Amroha,

Rampur, Pilibhit and areas of Lakhimpur Kheri bordering Nepal.

People wade through a flooded road as water level of Ramganga River rose in

Moradabad district on Tuesday, Aug 28, 2018.(PTI)

By HT Correspondent, Lucknow

Aug 29, 2018 12:39 PM IST

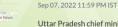












By HT Correspondent









Uttar Pradesh chief minister Yogi Adityanath has directed the officers to conduct survey in all the districts to assess the drought situation following deficient rainfall during the monsoon.

Drought situation in each UP district to be assessed

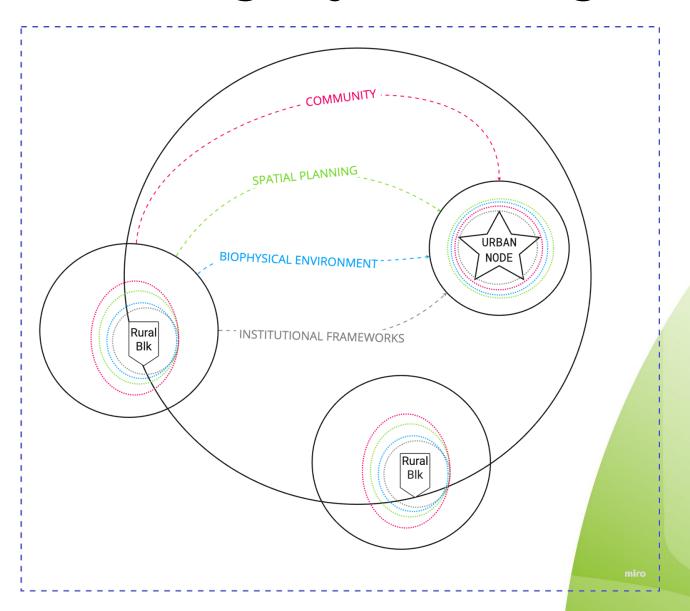


To assess the ground situation, all the district magistrates should constitute teams in their respective districts, the CM said. (Pic for representation)



Growing city, growing agriculture, 2<sup>nd</sup> tier cities interesting from a development perspective

# Visualizing key R-U linkages



#### Four pathways of R-U linkages studied:

- 1. Biophysical environment
- 2. Community
- 3. Spatial planning
  - 1. Institutional frameworks
  - 2. Design





# Community

The linkage

group's connection to water

therefore, water ownership

resulting concerns for the future



### Community

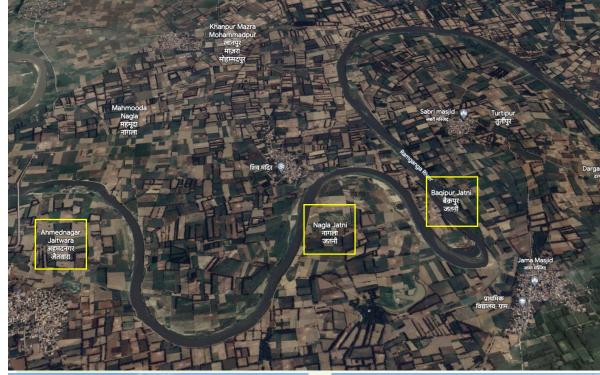
Barriers & opportunities

#### Rural DS:

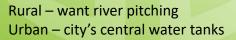
- Fear floods, flee to city: need solutions now, ponds not immediate help
- Have GW issue concern & awareness for crops

#### **Urban center:**

 Disconnected from planning, implementation more likely through municipality than communitymaintained ponds









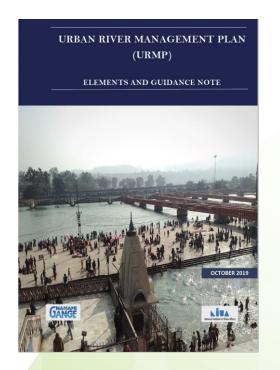
# **Spatial planning - policy**

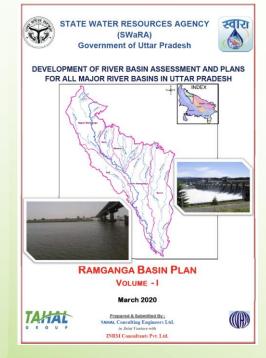
The (de)linkage



- Have space
- Agrarian land ownership
- MGNREGA, Panchayat system
- Space constraints
- Urban land ownership (private, public, govt. bldgs.)
- municipalities, dev. Authorities

Scale-up will require different cooperation modes on rural & urban. Peri-urban interesting middle zone

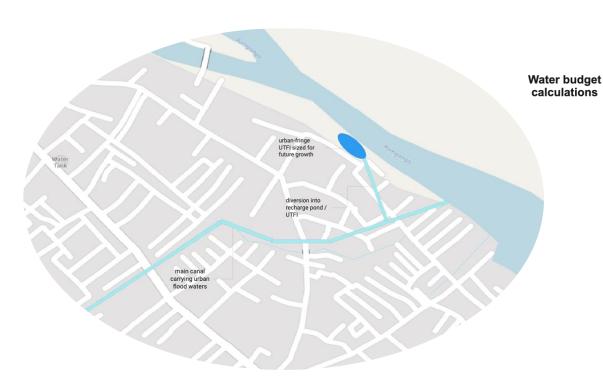






# **Spatial planning**

Barriers & opportunities – WIP proposals



Initial #s (urban)

- GW demand today ~ 53,550 MLY, GW demand 2035 ~ 84,408 MLY
- Natural recharge ~same = 13,272MLY from 76,416.7MLY rain

#### Possibilities / concerns:

- Can recharge ponds cover all needed recharge with barriers of space and landownership?
- What combined options are available rural+ urban+ peri?
- Shift to conjunctive use of SW-GW, 60-40?



demand



potential locations

based on 2035

needs



# Thank you