



# Incomati Multistakeholder Platform (INMSP)

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# The Incomati Multistakeholder Inventory and Mapping: Key Sectors

#### Agriculture



Primary development sector in the basin

### Reservoir storage



Member states have increased storage capacity by building new dams since 1980s and more dams are underway

#### Industry



One of the biggest economic zones in South Africa relies on Incomati waters

#### Water supply

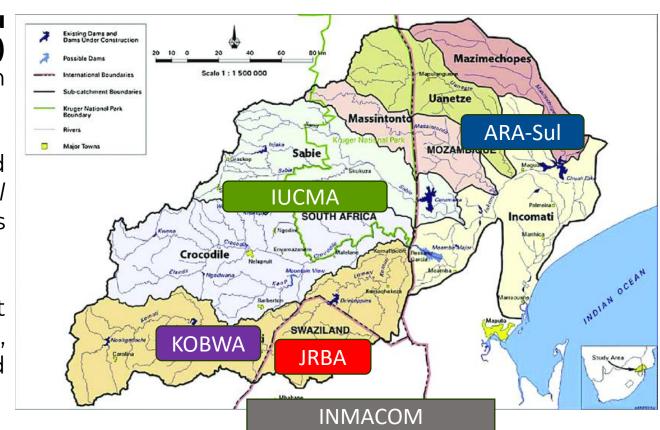


Domestic water supply for Maputo city is also dependent on Incomati waters



# Stakeholder Engagement in Incomati Basin – WITHIN COUNTRIES

- In South Africa, the Inkomati-Usuthu
   Catchment Management Agency (IUCMA)
   oversees stakeholder engagement with
   quarterly meetings for each sub-catchment.
- In Mozambique, a basin committee managed by Administração Regional de Águas do Sul (ARA-Sul, IP) with representatives from sectors meet at least twice a year.
- In Eswatini, the tinkhundla serve as important channels for community participation, communication, and decision-making related to water management issues.
- The Komati Joint Operations Forum (KJOF) advises KOBWA in matters of operational aspects of water resources management in the Komati Basin (South Africa and Eswatini).





#### Rationale for the Incomati MSP

- Transboundary (basin level)
   MSP is needed to negotiate interests and harmonize decisions.
- The INMSP will serve as an important governance mechanism to ensure long-term stakeholder participation in decision-making.

Shared
Discourse and
Mutual
Understanding

Enhanced governance

Transboundary Multistakeholder Platform

Stakeholder representation

Integrated decisions



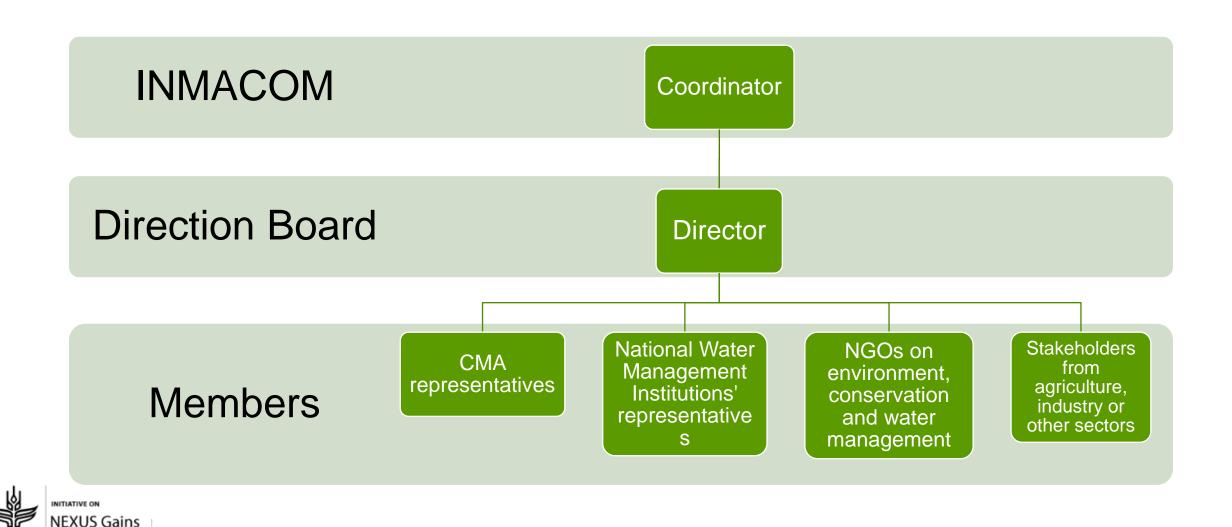


#### Roles of the INMSP

- Facilitate stakeholder communication and participation;
- Provide link between INMACOM and the Subnational Stakeholder Committees (SSCs);
- Support implementation of INMACOM activities;
- Provide advice to the country's National Water Management Institutions, CMAs and INMACOM;
- Communicate deliberations and outcomes of INMSP meetings to INMACOM;
- Undertake biannual stakeholder assessment and engagement reports.



#### Who is included in the INMSP?





#### **Modalities of internal MSP interaction**

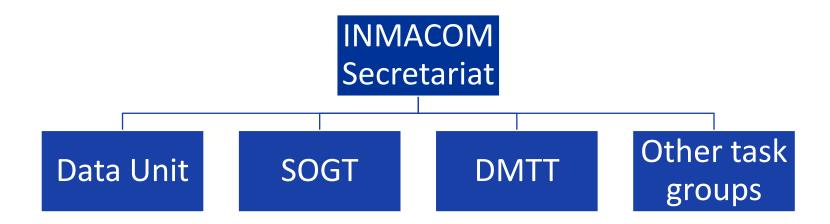
- The INMSP members have ordinary face-to-face semestral meetings (beginning of each hydrological season) and extraordinary virtual meetings;
- Meeting location will rotate every two years among the countries;
- Meetings are moderated by the INMSP director;
- Outside the meetings correspondence is to be sent to either the director or the coordinator.





#### Modalities of interaction with INMACOM

- The INMSP can raise issues to INMACOM Secretariat.
- Stakeholder assessment and engagement reports to be presented by the director to the Executive Secretary.







#### **Deliverables**

Deliverable	Description	Frequ ency	Responsible Party
Stakeholder Engagement Report	Evaluates effectiveness and efficiency of means of communication within the INMSP, with INMACOM and other organizations	Every two years	Director
Stakeholder Assessment Report	Evaluates: i) Effectiveness and efficiency of stakeholder representation and members' contributions; ii) Whether members of the INMSP can continue or be replaced; iii) Whether representatives from institutions not in the INMSP need to be invited as new members; iv) which institutions not in the INMSP are to be regularly invited as guests.	Every two years	Coordinator





#### How is it funded?

Financing of the INMSP will be included in the new GEF project, which will begin in 2025 and will support the MSP coordinator and participation.







## Obrigado

### **Thank You**

