

CGIAR Technical Reporting Arrangement 2025-30

Approved by the CGIAR Global Leadership Team 5 June 2025

Purpose

The purpose of the Technical Reporting Arrangement 2025-2030 ("TRA 25-30") is to set out the technical reporting requirements that apply to the CGIAR Portfolio during the period 2025-2030.

<u>Prepared by</u>; Content developed by the Portfolio Performance Unit in collaboration with a x-CGIAR working group and System Council Strategic Impact Monitoring and Evaluation Committee members.

Note to readers:

<u>2024 Annual Technical Reports</u> including the 2022-24 <u>Type 2 Report</u> are being delivered in Q2 2025 under the existing <u>22-24 Technical Reporting Arrangement</u>.

The CGIAR Technical Reporting Arrangement fulfills the System-level programmatic reporting requirements set out in the Standard Provisions annexed to the Funding Agreement or Arrangement signed between each Funder and the System Organization, including requirements to take into account the risks identified in line with CGIAR's risk management framework and to assess progress on social inclusion and addressing environmental issues, including implementation of applicable environmental and social standards.

June 2025



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Executive Summary

To provide the basis for strengthened accountability, assurance, learning, and resource mobilization, a new CGIAR Technical Reporting Arrangement (TRA) is being co-designed for the period 2025-30 with Funder representatives under the auspices of the System Council's Strategic Impact Monitoring and Evaluation Committee (SIMEC).

Key features of the new TRA include:

- Integration: Rising to the challenge noted by the ISDC in its feedback on the May 2024 Portfolio narrative, a more integrated approach will be developed to track the performance of each Program and Accelerator, bringing together the outputs, outcomes and impacts of the whole portfolio through progressive alignment of reporting on w3/bilaterally funded components with a common framework.
- Line of sight: The TRA is designed to meet the needs of diverse funders, ensuring transparency and accountability by linking investment to results, both for pooled and non-pooled funds.
- Impact focus: Research results will be better linked to CGIAR's 2030 targets using enhanced impact area indicators. Impact assessments will be integrated into Program/Accelerator design. The use of geographically-bounded targets will be explored for priority locations. A robust approach to project cross-Portfolio benefits by Impact Area for different funding scenarios will be developed; these projections will be used to set the targets and milestones against which progress will be reported.
- Simplified reporting: Overly complex requirements will be avoided, aiming to reduce the reporting burden on Centers.

Technical Report products include the following:

- A Results Dashboard including AI functionalities will be updated several times a year (e.g. quarterly) to offer funders and partners closer to real-time data.
- Annual Program/Accelerator Technical Reports will be complemented by an Annual Portfolio Report which will convey progress by Impact Area, geographic and thematic priorities and include information on CGIAR's internal practice change and learning.
- Portfolio outcomes and impacts will be consolidated in a specific report every 3 years. Evidence of CGIAR contributions to impact will be synthesized and regularly updated through an online "impact compendium".
- A 2022-30 report is also envisaged, to provide a macro-level view of CGIAR's role in food, land and water System Transformation during the period covered by the CGIAR's 2030 Strategy.

In addition to annual reports and associated 'pause and reflect' processes at the Program and Accelerator levels, a robust mid-term review in the first half of 2028 will take stock of Portfolio-level performance, results, and lessons learned to inform more significant adaptive management actions in view of CGIAR's 2030 targets. The mid-term review will draw on relevant evaluative evidence from IAES-commissioned independent evaluations.



1. Technical Reporting Arrangement purpose, scope, value proposition, delivery and optimization,

Purpose

The purpose of the Technical Reporting Arrangement 2025-2030 ("TRA 25-30") is to set out the technical reporting requirements that apply to the CGIAR Portfolio during the period 2025-2030.

The TRA 25-30:

- Provides the parameters that enable the Centers, the CGIAR System Partners and the System Organization to fulfil their technical reporting obligations under the funding agreements that apply to the use of Window 1 and Window 2 funds from the CGIAR Trust Fund ("Pooled Funding"). These parameters also allow the Integrated Partnership Board to fulfil its responsibility under the CGIAR System Charter to report on programmatic performance of CGIAR Research on an annual basis.
- Provides, through the establishment of common technical reporting principles, enabling tools and mechanisms, progressive alignment and synergy between the technical reporting requirements that apply to components of the CGIAR Portfolio that are funded by Pooled Funding and those that apply to the components that are funded by other sources of funds ("Non-Pooled Funding").
- Sets transparency, performance tracking, and accountability expectations between CGIAR System Funders and CGIAR including Centres,
- Informs decision making at different levels, underpins research management, operationalizes the Performance and Results Management Framework (PRMF), and guides portfolio-level MELIA and the design of the next Performance and Results management System (PRMS).

The current <u>Technical Reporting Arrangement that applies to the CGIAR Portfolio during the period 2022-24</u> ("TRA 22-24") was co-developed by CGIAR and System Council/Strategic Impact Monitoring and Evaluation Committee (SIMEC) members in 2022. A new TRA is needed to match 2025-30 portfolio parameters, notably the alignment of pooled and non-pooled funding sources, and to apply lessons learnt from 2022-24.

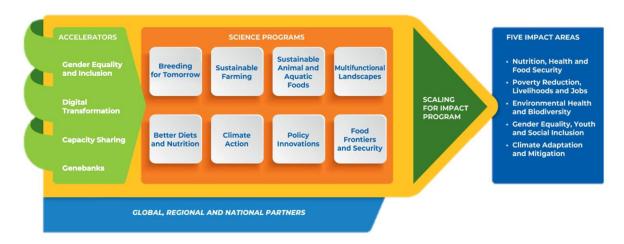
Scope

The TRA 25-30 provides the operational and enabling basis to plan, monitor, learn and report on the 25-30 Portfolio. It is designed to progressively enable Programs and Accelerators, Centers and their research teams to report on the pooled, bilaterally and W3-funded components of the 2025-30 portfolio in an integrated and aligned way, without increasing reporting burdens of Centers and Scientists.

Going forward, the CGIAR Integrated Partnership will work towards progressively greater alignment of W3/bilateral projects and programs with the 2030 outcomes and theories of change of the Programs and Accelerators. Centers will provide key agreed information on their W3/bilaterally funded projects and programs to enable Program/Accelerator leaderships to explore ways to achieve alignment based on, *inter alia*, complementarity of results as well as actual or potential thematic, geographic, and partnership overlaps. Reporting on and attribution



of results across different sources of funding will be set out as part of this Technical Reporting Arrangement.



The Programs and Accelerators aim to provide frameworks for greater complementarity and synergy across different sources and types of funding (CGIAR Trust Fund Windows 1-2, Window 3 and bilateral funding), while enhancing transparency and accountability. An updated results framework, underpinned by a new Technical Reporting Arrangement, will provide robust, continuous performance and results reporting across all funding sources, as well as adaptive management of the Portfolio. ¹

Value Proposition

The TRA 25-30:

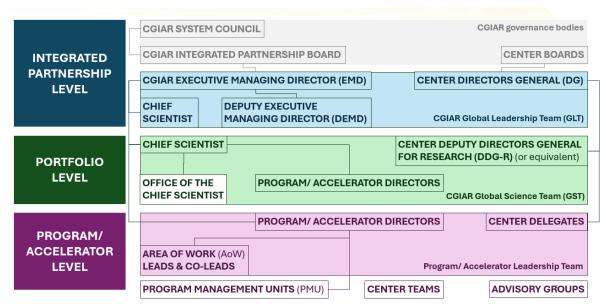
- Creates value by delivering an integrated approach that tracks the performance of each Program and Accelerator,
- Brings together the inputs (including costs), outputs, outcomes and impacts of the total portfolio to allow for easier and more robust Return on Investment (ROI) calculations.
- Avoids creating a significant additional and duplicative layer of complex reporting requirements for W3/ bilaterally funded work.
- Informs decision making through providing ready access to demand-driven quality raw and curated data products.

Delivery

The TRA 25-30 will be delivered in line with Management arrangements for CGIAR's 2025—30 science and innovation Portfolio. Specific roles and responsibilities will be defined in 2025.

¹ CGIAR Portfolio Narrative, 1 November 2024





Portfolio Management Arrangements

Optimization

This TRA 25-30 builds on lessons learnt from the TRA 22-24 and the CRP model. These include 1. Increasing use of quality, harmonized Theories of Change (ToC), impact pathways, results and indicators, 2. Better linking ToC, Plan of Results and Budget (PoRB) and Technical Reporting, 3. Better linking impacts to outcomes and outputs, 4. Providing line of sight between investment and results, 5. Reducing transaction costs for data collection, quality assurance and reporting, and 6. Increasing user ability to access quality raw and curated data products. Aligned with the Portfolio Management Arrangements, CGIAR will adapt the TRA 25-30 during implementation to ensure that solutions are right-sized, deliver intended value, and respond to existing and emergent needs.

The Technical Reporting Arrangement will be implemented through a phased approach, with the first phase including:

- Deliver 2025 Program and Accelerator Technical Reports by April 2026.
- Deliver 2025 Portfolio Narrative by June 2026.
- Integrate the top 80% w3/bilateral projects (by Center portfolio value) into Program/Accelerator Theory of Change, MELIA Planning, Plan of Results and Budget at the High Level Output level (HLO), and Technical Reporting.
- Apply the initial Minimum Data Standard proposed by Center MEL Focal Points and approved by the GST for integrating the top 80% by Center portfolio value 2025 w3/bilateral results into 2025 Program, Accelerator and Portfolio Technical Reports.
- Additionally, provide the capability for optional submission of W3/bilateral Technical Reports into 2025 Program, Accelerator and Portfolio Technical Reports to simplify reporting requirements and consolidate information. Where Technical Reports are shared for integration, Centers will have a role in reviewing and validating how their information is represented in aggregate Program/Accelerator and Portfolio reporting.



 Review substantive w3/bilateral mapping during the Pause & Reflect process and provide recommendations to the GST for approval.

Simplified and meaningful KPIs will be established to assess the TRA value proposition during 2025. An optimization process, aligned with the Portfolio Management Arrangements and inclusive of stakeholder views and independent recommendations, will be established to review TRA value and adapt as required against established KPIs. The optimization process, and changes made to the TRA and its attendant digital solutions and Technical Report products during delivery will be documented and integrated into Technical Reporting.

2. Technical Report products

Technical Report products will progressively integrate pooled and bilaterally and W3-funded project and program information. Technical Report products will provide:

- 1. Assurance on delivery against portfolio-wide indicator targets and insight on specific topics driven by quality assured evidence,
- 2. Demand-driven support to decision making at different levels,
- 3. Curated content for use in communications, advocacy and resource mobilization.
- 4. Learnings and evidence for fact based adaptive management decisions at science program, accelerator, and center levels.
- 5. Line of sight between investment and results.

The main changes that will be made to existing 22-24 Technical Products include:

- Streamline reporting (less products, more integration, lower transaction costs).
- Stronger impact-focus: results to be clearly linked and packaged under impacts, outcomes and associated agreed indicator targets
- Better linkage between annual Program and Accelerator Theory of Change, Plan of Results and Budget, and Technical Reporting. Currently these three components are not adequately linked, making it challenging to demonstrate progress against TOCs, or define costs for specific results and subsequent ROI.
- Outcome and Impact content from across the Portfolio will be consolidated and delivered through triennial reports, however individual studies will be released as they become available to reduce the wait time for access to outcome and impact-related information.

The primary target audiences for Technical Reporting are Funders and CGIAR staff at Integrated Partnership, Portfolio, and Program/Accelerator Levels. The secondary target audience is Partners. Relevant content from Technical Report products will be integrated into CGIAR's corporate reporting.

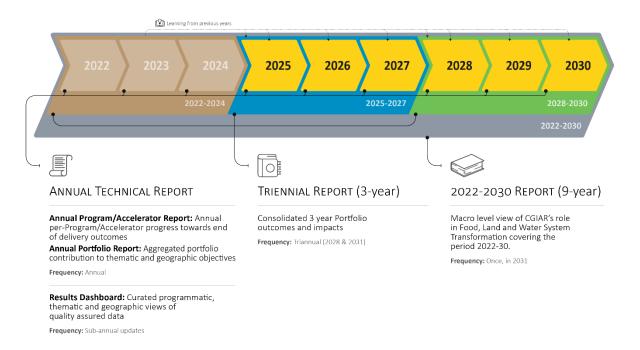
Annual Technical Reporting will cover individual Program and Accelerator progress towards their respective end of delivery outcomes, as well as provide an overall Portfolio view of aggregate contribution to thematic and geographic targets. The shift to a 6-year Business Cycle will allow CGIAR to address the challenges of outcome and impact reporting in a more holistic manner, looking across individual projects and Business Cycles, including Initiatives and CRPs. This will result in a more complete reporting of CGIAR outcomes and impacts. Changes to the way CGIAR



operates regarding performance and results management will be integrated into the Annual Portfolio Report. A Results Dashboard will provide access to quality assured raw and curated evidence used for reporting. In addition to using information sourced through the Performance and Results Management System, CGIAR will invest in tools to increase the ability to draw results from other authoritative internal and external databases. The Results Dashboard will provide greater access to evidence of CGIAR's contribution to impact based on quality-assured data.

Triennial reports covering the periods 25-27 and 28-30 will consolidate Portfolio-level contribution to Impact targets. A Thematic Impact report will compile results delivered against the CGIAR Research and Innovation Strategy for the full period 2022-30.

Technical Report	Content overview – All content will progressively	Periodicity
product	integrate pooled and non-pooled content	
Annual Program/	- Annual per-Program/ Accelerator progress towards	Annual
Accelerator Report	end of delivery outcomes	
Annual Portfolio	- Aggregated portfolio contribution to thematic and	Annual
Report	geographic objectives.	
	- Internal practice change aspects including status	
	of Management Response Action implementation.	
Results Dashboard	- Quality assured data available raw, and in curated	Sub-annual
	programmatic, thematic and geographic reports.	e.g. quarterly
	- Will include user-driven AI features such as natural	updates
	language questions & answers with verifiable	
	results.	
Triennial Portfolio	- Consolidated Triennial contribution to Portfolio	Triennial
Outcome and Impact	Outcomes and Impact targets covering the periods	(2028 & 2031)
Report	2025-27 and 2027-30.	
Thematic impact	- Macro level view of CGIAR's role in Food, Land and	Once, in 2031
2022-30 Report	Water System Transformation covering the period	
	2022-30.	



The Technical Reporting product delivery schedule 2025-30

June 2025



Annual Program/Accelerator Technical Reports

Annual Program/Accelerator Reports will be short (approximately 20-30 pages), concise, and targeted. They will be released in Q2 of the following year (for example, the 2025 Annual Program and Accelerator Technical Reports will be released in Q2 2026). They will provide assurance on annual Program/Accelerator delivery against Plan of Results and Budget and cumulative progress on Theory of Change. An annual Learning and Optimization process will be used to refine the reporting approach and product. Building on the success of the Initiative/Impact Area Platform Annual Technical Reports, the following content areas will be included:

Section #	Section Title	Content overview
1	Fact Sheet	Key Program/Accelerator parameters including budget, target geographies, Centers involved, details of aligned W3 & bilateral projects, funding allocated to Partners.
2	Executive summary	A summary of the Technical Report highlighting key achievements.
3	Annual Progress	An overview of annual Program/Accelerator delivery against Plan of Results and Budget, and cumulative progress on Theory of Change.
4	Area of Work details	Details relevant to Area of Work level annual delivery and progress on Theory of Change.
5	Costs, Results, and Intellectual Property summary	Costs, results and Intellectual Property delivered in the context of Theory of Change progress.
6	Partnerships	Funding allocated to partners and their role in delivering results and Theory of Change progress.
7	Portfolio linkages	Results and Theory of Change progress delivered in coordination with other Portfolio components.
8	Adaptive Management	Details of key changes made to Program/Accelerator delivery and the rationale for those changes, including failures.
9	Key Result Story	A distribution-ready package highlighting a noteworthy result delivered in the past year.

Annual Portfolio Narrative

The Annual Portfolio Narrative provides assurance on Portfolio coherence, results including delivery against Portfolio outcome-level geographic/thematic targets, partnerships, country and regional engagement, and synergies among the Portfolio's constituent parts. It will be released in the Q2 of the following year (for example, the 2025 Portfolio Narrative will be released in Q2 2026). Its format and content will be developed in 2025.

Triennial Portfolio Outcome and Impact Report

The Triennial Portfolio Outcomes and Impacts Report provides assurance on Portfolio-level contribution to Portfolio Impact targets covering the periods 2025-27 and 2028-30. The 2025-27 Report will be released in Q2 2028. Its format and content will be developed in the period 2025-27.



Thematic Impact 2022-30 Report

The Thematic Impact 2022-30 Report provides a macro level view of CGIAR's role in Food, Land and Water System Transformation covering the period 2022-30. It will be released in 2031. Its format and content will be developed during the period 2025-30.

Results Dashboard

- The Results Dashboard will be enhanced to better present curated information against Impact Area targets, geographies and key topics.
- Headline impacts and outcomes will be more clearly communicated in the Dashboard.
- Using AI, users will be able to easily query the results data and underlying sources of evidence data using natural language, and answers to user questions will be verifiable.
- We will expand the use of semantic search and topic modeling for enhanced user experience: By leveraging AI technologies (such as through tools like SNAP), users will interact with the data more intuitively and meaningfully. They will be able to explore results based on the actual themes and patterns emerging from the data itself. This approach will be integrated into the 2024 Portfolio Narrative as a learning experience.
 - o Semantic Search: Users will be able to search for information not just by keywords, but by the meaning behind those keywords. This allows for more relevant results, as the system understands the context of user queries and brings back results that are semantically similar, even if different words are used.
 - o Clustering Results by Themes: Instead of manually sifting through large amounts of data, Topic Modelling will group similar results together based on their underlying themes. This will make it easier for users to see connections, trends, and thematic patterns across different projects or reports, without needing prior knowledge of specific categories.
 - o High-Level Insights: Users will get a clearer, more accurate high-level breakdown of results. Results will be clustered based on actual content rather than predefined categories, making the insights more relevant to real-world outcomes.
 - Efficiency: For users, this means faster and more insightful answers to complex questions tailored to user needs.



SEMANTIC NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING AGGREGATOR PLATFORM

Next level Business Intelligence value is delivered through solutions like SNAP - a functional prototype Enterprise Content Management solution

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Quality Assurance

Recognizing the need to adapt our existing Quality Assurance process to increase its quality, increase the speed and quantity of results able to be assessed, and save submitter and assessor time and effort, Quality Assurance will increasingly draw on AI support to cross-check the quality of the reported results. An initial trial integrating AI support to the 2024 Technical Report Quality Assurance process will inform future anticipated AI support expansion to QA and upstream Technical Reporting.

We will progressively add curated datasets (such as Center-level databases) into the QA process to remove to the extent possible the need for double reporting. Existing experience gained through automated PRMS solutions (e.g. screening knowledge products against FAIR criteria) will be leveraged.

3. CGIAR Results Framework, MELIA, Indicator Toolkit and data collection protocols

CGIAR Results Framework

The CGIAR Results Framework will be used by Programs and Accelerators as the basis of their TOC design, MELIA and Technical Reporting. It will provide the basis for geographic portfolio-level outcome, and portfolio level contribution to Impact Area targets reporting. The foundations of the current Results Framework (2022-24) remain:

- Impact Areas linked to Sustainable Development Goals
- Impact, outcome, and output result levels
- Result types/categories
 - Outcome: Innovation use, Policy change, Other.
 - o Output: Innovation development, Capacity sharing, Knowledge products, Other
- A small number of Standard Indicators

The updated CGIAR Results Framework in Annex 1 will be finalized in Q1-2 2025. The main updates included in the 2025-30 Results Framework include:

Revised Impact Area indicators

Shortcomings with the Impact Area indicators in the 2022-24 Results Framework have been identified, including absence of some important indicators for CGIAR (e.g. productivity), ambiguous terms (benefitting), and challenges in measurement (people assisted to exit poverty). A study was commissioned in 2023 to review the Result Framework indicators and started a process to collect inputs towards identifying and operationalizing impact level indicators. Revised impact level indicators are now included in the updated CGIAR Results Framework.

Science Group Outcomes converted into Portfolio Outcomes

Given the change in organizational structure, current Science Group outcomes have been converted into Portfolio Outcomes. The Science Group Outcomes had emphasized 'next user'



outcomes and have been updated to include a broader set of outcomes involving end users such as farmers and consumers.

A partner engagement/partnership building result category added

Many reported results in the 'other' output and outcome categories during the period 2022-23 were related to development of partnerships and engagement, including events such as workshops and meetings. These seemed mostly aligned with an activity rather than an output or outcome. In fact, engagement often connects outputs to planned outcomes. Information about this important bridging role will be captured in a new category.

· 'Other' result categories to be better defined

2022-24 results reported in the 'Other' output and outcome categories are by definition a mixed bag, however do point to the need for a specific new category on partner engagement/ partnership building. Improved guidance on the use of the 'Other' categories has been available since mid-2024 and we will continue to improve guidance and support to results submitters.

Continuation and optimization of existing Genebank data integration

Existing data flow from the Genebanks' Online Reporting Tool (ORT), powering the CGIAR Results Dashboard Genebanks section will continue. Optimization of those data flows will form part of ongoing engagement with the Genebanks.

Streamline results reporting requirements

The reporting burden will be minimized by a) critically assessing each data field against requirements, b) where a data field is required, AI augmented solutions will be among the support provided to results submitters.

MELIA:

Program and Accelerator MELIA plans will be informed by the <u>Evaluability Assessment Framework</u>, and will adhere to standards such as quality theories of change, SMART indicators, baselines where relevant, and the development and use of a monitoring plan. Guidance and support to Programs and Accelerators will be provided through the inception phase to ensure standardization, coherence and quality.

Indicator rationalization and toolkit:

Recognizing that Portfolio components including w3 and bilateral projects will continue to have specific indicator requirements, we will grow the (re-)use of a core set of quality CGIAR indicators, data collection tools, protocols, and collected data aligned with the CGIAR Results Framework and specific project indicators. Indicators will be aligned to output, outcome and impact result levels for use in Monitoring, Evaluation, Learning, Impact Assessment and Foresight (MELIA-F) processes, studies and Technical Report products.

These standard indicators, data collection tools, protocols, and collected data will be made available through an indicator toolkit. They will provide the needed ingredients that W3 and bilateral project development and delivery teams can integrate into proposals, budgets and



operational plans. They will underpin geography and impact pathway-specific outcome and impact assessments at different levels. They will provide more consistent information for future evaluations and other studies.

• There are in the order of 10,000 indicators in use across CGIAR's 900+ active projects with limited consistency among them. Most indicators (around 80%) map well to existing CGIAR Results Framework categories but are defined and measured in different ways, meaning that effective transfer of data and learning between extant and successive generations of Portfolio components is suboptimal. The resulting high rate of single use results data in the CGIAR hampers effective delivery and learning at all levels.

If standard indicators, data collection tools, protocols, and collected data are integrated into new w3 and bilateral project design, budgeting and delivery, the number of distinct indicators in use across CGIAR should fall over time. Over time, indicators used and data collected in Program/Accelerator and project level monitoring and reporting and Impact Assessments will progressively align. The rate of single use data in the CGIAR will drop, and there will be increased opportunities for enhanced delivery and learning.

Specific new indicators that may be developed and made available for use include those underpinning CGIAR's engagement framework, notably:

- Intensity of Partnerships: The depth and quality of interactions, collaboration frequency, and the level of resource-sharing between partners will be assessed to determine the true value of partnership.
- Due diligence: Criteria will be developed to ensure that partnerships are formed with entities that enhance CGIAR's standing and effectiveness.

Additionally, to respond to the System Council Intellectual Property Group's request to streamline Intellectual Asset/Intellectual Property Rights reporting and integrate it with CGIAR Technical Reporting, specific data and collection protocols will be developed and made available for use through common tools such as the Performance and Results Management System.

4. Targets

The target-setting and reporting process will consist of three key levels: **Program-level outputs** and outcomes, Portfolio-level geographic and thematic outcomes, and Portfolio-level impact area contributions, with specific considerations for baselines depending on the level and type of target. CGIAR's rich legacy of outputs and contributions to outcomes and impact will be incorporated into both the target setting and reporting processes – we will not adopt a blank slate approach.

Program/Accelerator-Level Output and Outcome Targets: Each Program/Accelerator
will set and then report annually its progress against output and outcome-level targets. A
process will be established to ensure Program and Accelerator target quality and
coherence. The Annual Program/Accelerator Reports will provide assurance on delivery
against targets.



- Portfolio-Level Outcome Targets (Geographic & Thematic Level Reporting): Portfoliolevel Outcome targets will be developed for specific geographies and impact pathways.
 The Annual Portfolio Narrative will incorporate reporting on these geographic and thematic targets.
- 3. Portfolio-Level Impact Area Targets: We will design studies that explore the actualized or anticipated impacts of CGIAR Portfolio contributions against CGIAR Impact Area targets for a given geography, impact pathway, timespan and spend (see section on Impact Case Studies). We will develop an agreed approach to report annually against these Impact Area targets and overall evidence will be included in the Triennial Portfolio Outcome and Impact Report.

5. Alignment Principles, Mechanisms and rate of change

Principles and Mechanisms

Given that CGIAR's 900+ active w3 and bilateral projects do not speak a common results language, that adoption of standard indicators, data collection tools and protocols in new w3 and bilateral projects will take time, and that full alignment across all Portfolio components is not an achievable or perhaps even desirable objective, aligning pooled and bilateral funding to provide a "whole-of-CGIAR" integrated science offer and contribute to shared goals and delivery of impact² requires alignment principles and mechanisms.

These principles and mechanisms were defined by the Global Leadership Team-sponsored Alignment Working Group to describe how CGIAR will progressively bring bilaterally and W3-funded projects and programs into alignment and synergy as part of Programs and Accelerators, and how CGIAR will report on them.

- Key results from W3/bilateral projects will be mapped to the respective Program/ Accelerator Theory of Change, supporting thematic alignment & line of sight between investment and results.
- 2. A Minimum Data Standard³ will be established and adhered to by bilateral & W3 projects mapped to Programs and Accelerators. It will be sufficient to describe at a basic level:
 - a. THE IMPACT the project seeks to contribute to (Impact Area/SDGs),
 - b. WHAT specific results the project is delivering/contributing to,
 - c. WHO are the results are being generated with (partnerships),
 - d. WHERE the results are being generated or benefits accruing,

² See Annex 2 ISDC comments on this topic.

³ See Annex 3 Initial Minimum Data Standard for outputs and outcomes



- e. HOW MUCH those results have cost.
- 3. Programs and Accelerators will monitor and report against the common CGIAR Results Framework, using a standard approach in alignment with the Technical Reporting Arrangement (2025-30).
- 4. W3/bilateral projects will continue to monitor and report against their respective Funder-specific frameworks, and these reports and underlying data will be progressively integrated into overall Program/ Accelerator Technical Reports. Confidentiality requirements will be respected where a funder and a Center do not want their Technical Reporting to be integrated into Portfolio level reporting, these reports will be excluded. Where Technical Reports are shared for integration, Centers will have a role in reviewing and validating how their information is represented in aggregate Program/Accelerator and Portfolio reporting.
- 5. A set of Impact Studies responding to the CGIAR Results Framework and key strategic questions from Funders/Partners/Global Leadership will be integrated into the design and delivery of the Programs & Accelerators; W3/bilaterals may contribute to these.
- 6. Funders and Centers will be able to adopt more/fully aligned monitoring and reporting approaches for their w3 and bilateral projects during development. It will also be possible to increase alignment during the implementation of a w3/bilateral project through e.g. the contribution to Impact Case Studies.
- 7. Common CGIAR best of class indicators, data collection protocols, tools, and systems will be promoted for use in W3/bilateral project design. The CGIAR Monitoring, Evaluation and Learning Community of Practice (MELCOP) will play a key role in socializing and optimizing these.

Theory of Change integration

Theory or Change existence and use varies across the w3/bilateral portfolio. Program and Accelerator Theories of Change have been designed to be inclusive of major w3/bilateral projects, however every year new w3/bilateral projects enter the pipeline. As new w3/bilateral projects come online, they will progressively be aligned with Program/Accelerator TOCs. An automated workflow is being developed to provide seamless project-Program mapping and results alignment.

This mechanism will ensure that Centers and Programs/Accelerators are able to align the most important and relevant w3/bilateral projects and their results within the Program/Accelerator portfolio.

The integration process will primarily involve the w3/bilateral project outcome level as this is considered a reasonable investment of time requiring consultation and time allocated for reporting. The outcome level will focus primarily on who is expected to change behaviour on what, why and where (e.g. adoption, policy change). In doing so the programs can assess and optimize synergies of pooled investment in activities needed to support this change in given geographies and sectors. The w3/bilateral projects output level will instead focus on innovations capturing those developed and in need of time to reach intended users for adoption.



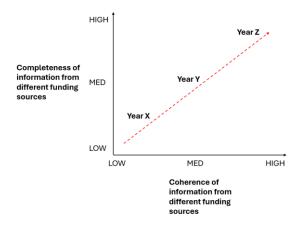
In doing so the line of sight will primarily focus on the outputs produced with pooled resources (sphere of control) while the outcomes are co-produced and do not require differentiation by source of funding.

The rate of change

Because Technical Report products will progressively integrate bilateral and W3 information, we expect that they will contain differing levels and types of W3 and bilateral project technical content (e.g. results data and narrative) and that this will evolve over time. There are likely to be different levels of bilateral and W3 technical information:

- Within a specific Product type: Each Annual Program/Accelerator Report will contain a
 unique blend of w3/bilateral technical content, depending on the W3/bilateral projects that
 have been mapped, and the type, scope and quality of w3/bilateral technical content made
 available for integration into the Program/Accelerator Report. Coincidence of Technical
 Reporting timeframes for a given Program/Accelerator's constituent w3/bilateral projects will
 also inform availability of technical content.
- Across Product types: Because w3/bilateral technical content will be available at different
 times of the year according to specific w3/bilateral Funder requirements, it is likely that not
 all w3/bilateral technical content will be available for integration into the Annual
 Program/Accelerator/ Portfolio Narrative Reports in Q1-Q2. Instead, the Results Dashboard
 will be updated at frequent (e.g. quarterly) intervals as new information is made available for
 integration.
- Across reporting years and Business Cycles: While blending pooled and non-pooled results and narratives was a staple of the CRP-era and lessons from that time are being integrated into this TRA25-30, the 2025-30 Portfolio will need to earn its place as a benchmark for integrated technical reporting. We are expecting growth over successive years in both the amount and quality of w3 and bilateral project technical content integration, and the overall coherence with the pooled content within Technical Report products.

Appropriate rate of change targets will be developed in line with CGIAR Management Arrangements.





The amount of quality information sourced from different funding sources, and the coherence between those different information sources will increase over time (specific metrics and targets to be developed)

6. Impact Assessment Strategy/ Approach/ Case studies

CGIAR will develop a 2025-30 Impact Assessment Plan and integrate its design, budgeting and delivery into the 25-30 Portfolio.

The bottom-up approach to impact assessment that has been used within CGIAR for the past decades has not produced sufficient quantity or quality of studies to provide evidence against CGIAR impact indicators. SPIA fills in some of this gap, but even their new undertaking of country studies will likely not be able to contribute to most of the indicators or at a regular frequency. Individual projects and Initiatives have taken on board the need to evidence short to medium term outcomes and have reported hundreds of such cases. But there is a significant drop off in the number of studies of impacts, primarily because of the time lag to realization of impacts. The time lag means that impacts are mainly the result of older research and not the new projects/Initiatives and therefore of less interest to current projects from an accountability perspective. If CGIAR is to rectify this long-standing problem, it requires a system level impact assessment strategy where the different pieces of the puzzle can fit together.

CGIAR delivery of quality Impact Case studies that respond to funder, stakeholder and Management needs/Questions will be strengthened:

- Identify 10-15 key impact-related questions that CGIAR needs to be able to answer during the period 2025-30, aligned to specific geographies, impact pathways, and Impact Area indicators.
- Once priority Questions identified, engage SPIA & CGIAR Impact Assessment specialists to refine & design delivery approach,
- Contribution from across all funding streams,
- Adapt existing Program/Accelerator/w3 & bilateral project data collection approach to strengthen linkage between MEL and IA, based on Impact Case study learnings.
- Report Impact Case findings as they become available, and compile in Triennial Portfolio
 Outcome and Impact reports.

Additionally, an Impact Compendium will provide stakeholders with ready access to relevant CGIAR impact-related studies and evidence dating back to 2017. Updated annually, users will be able to explore the impact data and syntheses from different perspectives including Impact Area, geography, type of impact study. The Impact compendium will be launched in Q2 2025.



7. Projected Benefits and linking investment to results

Projected Benefits

The ambition is to develop a tunable Projected Benefits approach over the 25-27 Business Cycle to answer the question "what will \$[x] contribution to CGIAR in [location] on [topic] provide in terms of benefits [IA indicators/SDG targets/\$] by [date]"? The approach will be tunable for investment, location, research topic, type of benefit, and timeframe. Reporting on progress annually will be another key area of work in this area.

Recognizing that this is quite ambitious, we will approach this as a learning journey with stakeholders, building on existing expertise, studies and approaches to land on an approach that is meaningful and cost-effective.

Linking \$ to results

CGIAR aims to establish a fit for purpose solution that provides intelligence on how financial inputs connect to different types of outputs, outcomes and impacts across CGIAR's portfolio. This is crucial for improving transparency and accountability, as well as for resource prioritization and portfolio management. The primary objective is to establish a transparent link, at an appropriate level of granularity, between financial investments and the tangible results they yield. Having such linkages will also allow CGIAR to better:

- 1. Ensure successful CGIAR 2030 Research and Innovation Strategy implementation under different funding scenarios
- 2. Make informed decisions about resource allocations that ensure portfolio diversity (e.g., across countries, thematic areas, partner-types, SDGs) and delivery against strategic objectives (e.g., during annual Pause and Reflect/ Adaptive Management)
- 3. Apply resource allocation strategies (e.g., invest less in many early-stage innovations, and invest more in fewer scaling-ready innovations (or vice-versa) based on risk appetite (e.g., incremental, radical, disruptive innovations), investment objectives, etc.
- 4. Manage investment overlap and gaps at the portfolio level (areas that are overfunded versus areas that are underfunded)
- 5. Identify opportunities for resource optimization and use efficiencies along the outputoutcome-impact pathway (e.g., how funding sources and partner co-investment evolve).

CGIAR started a *linking investment to results* pilot in 2023. The pilot focused on collecting optional data on funding allocation to innovation development (output-level) and innovation use (outcome-level). It provides a useful input into developing a fit for purpose solution.

8. Innovation Portfolio Management

CGIAR has been recognized by funders and other organizations in the public sector to be 'best-in-class' when it comes to evidence-based innovation portfolio management approach (Kohl, 2024). Since 2022, CGIAR employs a systematic approach to innovation portfolio management,



primarily through its Innovation Packages and Scaling Readiness (IPSR) approach (Schut et al., 2024). CGIAR Programs, Centres and projects manage – through partnerships – thousands of innovations along their impact pathways and innovation portfolio management helps CGIAR track, assess, and prioritize innovations based on their scalability and impact potential. Further mainstreaming the approach now allows CGIAR and partners to improve its:

- **Demand-Supply Alignment**: Having an overview of which innovative solutions exist is a key starting point for responding to client demand and generate business intelligence where demand and supply do not match.
- **Performance and Results Management**: Timely access to trustworthy innovation data supports decisions on how to efficiently advance innovation development and use along an impact pathway, and which innovations investments to stop or put on hold.
- Risk/Reward Balance: This systematic assessment at portfolio level ensures that resources
 are directed toward innovations with the highest potential for achieving responsible, largescale impact.
- **Portfolio health**: Ensures a portfolio that responds to immediate and future development challenges, and is diverse in terms of geographic focus, Impact Area focus, scaling-readiness, and innovation type (incremental, radical, disruptive).
- **Learning and Impact Culture:** Grow capacity and culture that embraces a more realistic perspective research-to-impact pathways and learn from both success and failure.

To further increase the value of CGIAR's innovation portfolio management approach, there is need to focus on:

- **Continuity and mainstreaming:** Streamline data collection and quality assurance approach of innovations across the portfolio (pooled + non-pooled) and ensure continuity in innovation data collection to infuse learning and monitor trends.
- **Interoperability**: Improve linkages and alignments between PRMS and other internal project (e.g. TAAT's e-catalogue) and CG centre innovation databases, as well as external partner innovation databases. Several key partners have expressed interest in collaborating on developing an open-source IPSR protocol to unlock sector-wide innovation management.
- **Governance and decision-making**: Increase the relevance and value of innovation data in key CGIAR decision-making processes and institute an advisory committee to engage key internal and external stakeholders in IPSR/IPM steering/support and governance.
- **End-to-End Innovation Management**: IPSR and innovation portfolio management as a docking point for various add-on optional modules (e.g. Gender Equality and Social Inclusion (GESI) and Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) and deeper institutional changes to increase its impact through e.g. adaptive management.

Aspects of innovation portfolio management that concern demand-supply alignment, innovation bundling/ packaging, and scaling strategy development will be carried out in close collaboration with CGIAR Science Programs and Accelerators, notably the CGIAR Scaling for Impact Program. Mechanisms for alignment and collaboration will be operationalized during the inception phase of the Programs, early 2025.



9. Adaptive Management "Reflect" and Mid-Point Review

Reflect

Adaptive Management helps align CGIAR's research and development efforts with evolving global challenges, opportunities and stakeholder needs. Over the past two years, the "Reflect" phase of our Report-Reflect-Replan cycle has provided critical space to make adaptive changes in response to strategic and operational challenges and opportunities. This process has led to intentionally managed changes to Initiative delivery and resource allocation, in line with approved lines and levels of accountability.

The Reflect process will continue to play a key role in the 25-30 Portfolio. We will deepen its integration with resource mobilization strategies as well as overall Business Intelligence. By leveraging insights gained from the "Reflect" process - including stakeholder insights - CGIAR can more effectively align itself with evolving global priorities and stakeholder needs. The scope of CGIAR's Adaptive Management process will be expanded to include the (re-)alignment of w3 and bilateral projects to Science Programs and Accelerators. This would provide Centers and Programs/Accelerators the opportunity to adaptively manage alignment and data flow on an ongoing basis. To complement existing use of evidence in reflect we will explore mechanisms to more closely integrate evidence from independent and self-commissioned evaluations, including Management Responses to independent evaluations, into annual Program and Accelerator decision-making⁴.

Mid-Point Review

From January to June 2028, CGIAR will complete a comprehensive mid-point Review of the Portfolio. The review will involve all science programs and allow Centers and Science Leadership to review the portfolio's shape and the allocations awarded to Programs and Accelerators. The Global Science Team will lead this Review and implement a comprehensive exercise, reviewing challenges and opportunities, stakeholder inputs, independent advice, Center performance, ROI, and pre-established KPIs analysis.

Annex 1: Draft 2025-30 CGIAR Results Framework (Impact and Portfolio Outcome levels)

During 2022-23 the Portfolio Performance Unit (PPU) commissioned studies and led consultations on reviewing the CGIAR Results Framework outcome and impact level indicators. During 2024 PPU collaborated with Science Group MELIA focal points and Impact Area Platform leaders to further consult within CGIAR to revise indicators where appropriate. The latest version of Portfolio outcome and impact indicators are included below. The revised Results

⁴ See Annex 4 Independent evaluation recommendations and management response actions relevant to the TRA 25-30



Framework will be finalized in Q1-2 2025, building on inputs provided through MELIA-focused Funder, Center, Program/Accelerator and Independent Advisory engagement.

Note: Indicators to be disaggregated by gender and youth where possible

CGIAR Results Framework - Impact level - Poverty Reduction, Livelihoods and Jobs

Current Indicators	Proposed Indicators
# of people benefiting from relevant CGIAR innovations	# of poor people benefiting economically
	a) # poor people with increased productivity or income
	b) # poor people with increased access to productive resources and assets
# of people assisted to exit poverty	# of people assisted to exit poverty @\$2.15/day
	# farming households benefitting economically
	# farming households with increased economic benefits
	a) # farming households with increased value added per worker
	b) # farming households with increased value added per hectare
	c) # farming households with increased net income
	d) # farming households with increased access to productive resources and assets
	0

Impact level - Gender Equality, Youth and Social Inclusion

Current Indicators	Proposed Indicators	
Women's empowerment and inclusion in the agricultural sector	# women with improved empowerment in key domains a) # women with improved inputs into farm decision-making b) # of women with improved control over income c) # women with increased access to productive assets	
# of women benefiting from relevant CGIAR innovations	Gender gap in economic benefits reduced a) # of households/targeted areas with reduced gender productivity gaps b) # of households/targeted areas with reduced gender income gaps	
# of youth benefiting from relevant CGIAR innovations	Will be a disaggregate in the Poverty Impact area, where feasible.	
# of women assisted to exit poverty	Will be a disaggregate in the Poverty Impact area, where feasible.	

Impact level - Nutrition, Health and Food Security

Current Indicators	Proposed Indicators
# of people benefiting from relevant CGIAR	# of people with improved nutrition or health
innovations	
# of people meeting minimum dietary energy	# of people with reduced food insecurity
requirements	
# of people meeting minimum micronutrient	# of people with improved dietary diversity score
requirements	
# of cases communicable and non-communicable	# of people with food or water borne illnesses
diseases	
	# of children under 5 with reduced prevalence of moderate and severe wasting

Impact level - Climate Adaptation and Mitigation

Current Indicators	Proposed Indicators
# of tonnes CO2 equivalent emissions	# of tonnes CO2 equivalent emissions reduced or sequestered
# of plans with evidence of implementation	
\$ of climate adaptation investments	
# of people benefiting from climate-adapted innovations	# of people with reduced climate risk



Impact level - Environmental Health and Biodiversity

Current Indicators	Proposed Indicators	
# of hectares under improved management	# of hectares with improved land and soil health	
	a. # ha with positive changes in soil fertility	
	b. # ha with increased biological diversity	
	c. # ha with positive changes in native vegetation cover	
# of km³ of consumptive water used in food production	# of hectares under production with improved water accessibility and use efficiency	
	a. # ha with positive changes in water use efficiency in agriculture/ livestock/aquaculture intensive areas	
	b. # ha with positive change in water accessibility in water stressed areas	
# of hectares deforested	# of hectares with improved forest and tree cover	
	a. # ha with positive changes in area under agroforestry	
	b. # ha with positive changes in forest and landscape restoration using native vegetation	
# of Tg of nitrogen application	# of hectares with improved nutrient management	
	a. # hectares with positive changes in agronomic nutrient use efficiency	
	b. # hectares with reduction of nutrient loss to the environment (water and air)	
# of plant genetic accessions available and safely duplicated	# food land and water system species, breeds and accessions conserved	
	# of food and feed genetic accessions conserved in ex situ facilities or in situ conservation areas	
	# of livestock animal breeds conserved in ex situ facilities or in situ conservation areas	
	# of aquatic animal breeds conserved in ex situ facilities or in situ conservation areas	
	# of tree species conserved in ex situ facilities or in situ conservation areas	

CGIAR Results Framework - Portfolio Outcome level

Portfolio Outcomes	Indicators of Portfolio Outcomes
Implementation partners (e.g. NARES, NGOs, private companies) actively support dissemination, uptake, and implementation of CGIAR innovations.	Number of CGIAR-supported innovations being used by next users. Number of partners implementing CGIAR-supported innovations. Quantity of seed produced and certified for a prioritized set of representative crops and countries.
Due to CGIAR involvement, private sector actors invest in business practices or models that have the potential to improve livelihoods, climate resilience, promote sustainable and inclusive food systems, and boost consumption of healthy diets, especially among nutritionally vulnerable population groups.	Number of commodity value chain x country combinations (or other business model x country combinations) that use CGIAR tested 2.1 innovations to improve efficiency, inclusion, sustainability, resilience and nutrition objectives. 2.2 Total amount (USD) of private finance invested in climate smart business models or innovations. 2.3 # of private sector actors using CGIAR innovations.
Research institutions, government analytical units, and scaling partners in the Global South have improved knowledge, skills, access to data, capacity to develop tools, innovations, and undertake research to support transformation of food, land and water systems contributing to livelihood, inclusion, nutrition, environmental and climate objectives.	3.1 Number of national research institutions and analytical units in the Global South using new or improved datasets from CGIAR. 3.2 Number of research partners from the Global South that collaborate with CGIAR. 3.3 Number of publications of researchers from the Global South using improved data, tools or methods generated by CGIAR. 3.4 External users, particularly NASI, increasingly access crop diversity. 3.5 Number of Innovations co-developed with partners (innovation readiness level 5-9). 3.6 Number of Individuals from research or scaling partner organisations who attended CGIAR trainings
National and sub-national government agencies use CGIAR research results to design or implement strategies, policies and programs which have the potential to transform food, land and water systems contributing to livelihood, inclusion, nutrition, environmental and climate resilience objectives.	Number of new or revised government strategies, policies, legal acts regulations or programs using CGIAR research. 4.1. Consider specific tagging to key types of policies like NAPs and NDCs Value (in USD equivalent) of public investment by national governments in policies and programs informed by CGIAR research. 4.2. Consider specific tagging to key types of investments such as climate adaptation investment.
National and local multi-stakeholder platforms are strengthened to become more effective and sustainable, addressing development trade-offs and generating strategies for effective food, land, and water systems transformation.	5.1 Number of CGIAR-supported multi-stakeholder platforms actively using system analysis tools. 5.2 Number of multi-stakeholder platforms taking system-related decisions or making recommendations based on CGIAR technical support
Global and regional institutions, such as funding agencies, international organizations, and coordinating bodies use CGIAR research evidence in the development of strategies, policies, and investments to drive sustainable transformation of food, land, and water systems contributing to livelihood, inclusion, nutrition, environmental and climate resilience objectives.	Number of new or revised global and regional organization policies (including legal acts, regulations) or programs informed by CGIAR 6.1 research outputs. 6.2 Value (in USD equivalent) of investment by global and regional institutions informed by CGIAR research.
CGIAR-NARS-SME networks use market segments, target product profiles to orient variety development and deployment towards those that provide larger scale benefits across the 5 impact Areas.	Proportion of new released varieties developed in alignment with market intelligence-informed target product profiles and tailored to 2.1 market segments in the Global South. Proportion of CGIAR-NARS-SME breeding pipelines within CGIAR-NARS-SME network using market segments, target product profiles to 2.2 guide selection decisions for all advancement steps.
National and private seed company breeding programs accelerate the development of varieties that provide larger scale benefits across the 5 impact Areas.	7.2. guite section tections for an advantment steps. 8.1. Proportion of pipelines that have implemented systems to measure predicted and realized genetic gains on farm. 8.2. Predicted genetic gains in breeding programs. 8.3. Realized genetic gains in farm-relevant conditions.
Seed system actors promote the adoption of quality seed of improved varieties by women and men farmers in selected countries, geographies, and market segments.	9.1 Weighted average age of varieties in farmers' fields for a prioritized set of representative crops and countries.
CGIAR partners develop and scale innovations that reach or benefit women and youth	10.1 Gender gap in the adoption of CGIAR Innovations 10.2 Number of Innovations codesigned with youth Proportion of CGIAR-NARS-SME networks that have developed systems to measure adoption of innovations with gender implications 10.3 (with sex and age disaggregation, using innovative and lower cost systems)
Capacity for conservation and sharing of genetic resources improved	11.1 # Genetic resources exchanged in compliance with phytosanitary regulations Number of in-situ and set situ conservation units for safe conservation of crop and plant genetic accessions that capture enough native genetic diversity Number of in-situ and set situ conservation units for safe conservation of animal breeds that capture enough native genetic diversity Number of in-situ and set situ conservation units for safe conservation of aqualit food breeds that capture enough native genetic diversity 11.2 Number of in situ and ex-situ conservation units for safe conservation of tree species that capture enough native genetic diversity
Farmers, livestock keepers and fish producers use CGIAR innovations	12.1 Number of food producers using CGIAR innovations 12.2 Number of hectares of agricultural land under improved management
Resource managers (e.g. water user associations, forest user groups, land use planners) use CGIAR innovations.	13.1 Number of resource managers using CGIAR innovations 13.2 Number non-agricultural hectares with CGIAR resource management innovations Number households reached through a CGIAR nutrition or health-oriented innovation
Consumers use CGIAR innovations	14.1 14.2 Number individuals consuming CGIAR biofortified foods



Annex 2: ISDC feedback relating to pooled & non-pooled alignment⁵

This section provides a direct extract from the ISDC Feedback on CGIAR Portfolio Narrative 2025-2030. Comments relating to the alignment of pooled and non-pooled have been extracted from the broader set of comments. **They have not been edited to e.g. update Program and Accelerator nomenclature.**

- Articulation of how the Portfolio, including bilateral and W1 funding, will be bundled into Megaprograms is still lacking. Bilateral funding is restricted and is provided for a specific purpose and with specific intended impacts. This needs to be honored and the lack of flexibility in shifting those funds into other areas should be clearly acknowledged.
- Alignment of the entire Portfolio with the CGIAR 2030 Research and Innovation Strategy needs to be strong and explicit. How will management ensure that bilateral funding delivers against this Strategy? In addition:
 - What happens if a bilateral project is not strongly aligned with the Strategy and how will CGIAR ensure that opportunity costs are covered?
 - Will all bilateral projects across all Centers be mapped to support the Portfolio?
- A challenge that should be acknowledged is incorporating bilateral funding into Megaprograms. Each Megaprogram and Accelerator will be large scale and staff will be consumed by the implementation of contracted work. Trying to build Megaprogram linkages in parallel with bilateral funding should be additional, allowing sufficient effort dedicated to ensuring the prevention of silos within the new Portfolio.
- Including bilateral funding into the organizational structure will be challenging. Clearly articulating the KPIs for this task for 2025 would be helpful.
- The efforts needed to transition to Megaprograms are considerable and may be underestimated given the funding integration foreseen. Integration of pooled and bilateral at the reporting stage, as indicated, might be too late. Avoiding the duplication and ensuring clear implementation will be key. How will duplication of outputs/outcomes be avoided with both pooled and bilateral funding towards shared results?

⁵ ISDC Feedback on CGIAR Portfolio Narrative 2025-2030



Annex 3: Initial Minimum Data Standard for Outputs and Outcomes

Project output and outcome level results for Theory of Change/Planning/MELIA/Technical Reporting – these are a subset of the Program/Accelerator reporting standards that will be required of W3 and bilateral projects.

Generic

- o Result description
- Link to Program/Accelerator Theory of Change
- Internal collaboration (link to Center, Program, Accelerator, Project)
- Partner collaboration
- Geographic focus (global/region/country/sub-national)
- Evidence

Outcome

- Policy Change
 - Type
 - Stage
 - Owner
- o Innovation Use
 - User type
 - Number of people using (disaggregated by gender/youth)
 - Other quantitative measure of use (e.g. # hectares)
 - Estimated USD spend

Output

- Capacity Development
 - # people trained (gender disaggregated)
 - Length of training
 - Delivery method
- o Knowledge Product
 - Product type including Peer Review Y/N
 - Publication date
 - Handle
 - ISI
 - Accessibility
 - License
 - AGROVOC
- Innovation Development
 - Innovation type
 - Innovation readiness level
 - Innovation contact point (name/contact)



Annex 4: Independent evaluation recommendations and management response actions relevant to the TRA 25-30

This <u>document</u> contains a list of Independent evaluation recommendations (2021-2024) and management response actions relevant to the TRA 25-30. The list is extracted from the <u>Management Response Actions Tracker</u>.

Annex 5: Relevant materials

- CGIAR Research and Innovation Strategy 2022-30
- Performance and Results Management Framework 2022-30
- <u>Technical Reporting Arrangement 22-24</u>
- Evaluation Framework and Policy (2022)
- Evaluability Assessment Guidelines
- Quality of Science (QoS) Evaluation Guidelines