

## Border opening plan

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1. Starting March 18th the borders (air, land and sea) have been closed to foreigners not residing in Chile.
2. The plan to reopen borders considers allowing non-resident foreigners to enter the country for those with Chile as final destination and for those in transit. This plan includes three principles: safety, staging, and traceability.
  - i. The reopening plan guarantees the country's health safety: active or infected cases will be identified and will not be allowed to fly to Chile. All passengers (of all ages) will be required to submit three travel documents while boarding the plane, which will be checked and required by the airlines:
    - They must complete the "Travelers' Sworn Statement" form electronically and 48 hours before boarding. This form will provide contact information, health and travel history, and the traveler's agreement to go under a Traveler Surveillance Period. Available at [www.c19.cl](http://www.c19.cl).
    - Negative PCR test results for SARS-CoV-2 must be submitted to the airline before boarding (attached to Travelers' Sworn Statement), which will allow passengers to be excluded from the mandatory 14-day quarantine. Said negative test results must meet two conditions:
      - Performed with a maximum of 72 hours from the time the sample was taken versus the departure time of the flight to Chile.
      - It must have been performed by a laboratory approved by the local health authorities.
    - Passengers must submit to the airlines before boarding (attached to the Travelers' Sworn Statement), a Covid-19 health insurance policy coverage for their entire stay in the country.
  - ii. The reopening plan will be gradual:
    - The first stage will only be the opening of the air border with a single point of entry, the airport of Santiago (AMB), from midnight Monday, November 23, 2020. This means that the remaining land, sea and air borders will remain closed to non-residents.
    - Non-resident aliens arriving from, or that have been in, any high-risk country during the preceding 14 days will have to go under a 14-day quarantine upon arrival in Chile, even if they have a negative PCR test. This measure will be in force for a maximum of two weeks starting November 23. After said date, those arriving from high-risk countries -as well as from other countries- will be allowed to enter the country with the three documents required and included in 2.i and will be exempted from a mandatory quarantine. High-risk countries are those with *community transmission* or "local transmission", as reported by WHO (*Weekly epidemiological update*).

- iii. The reopening plan maintains a traceability of travelers to promptly identify outbreaks: all those who enter the country are placed in a Traveler Surveillance Period for 14 days after entering the country. During this period, they will have to report their location and health status on a daily basis to the Health Authorities through a system available for this purpose. Failure to do so is punishable under Article 318 of the Criminal Code.
3. Borders have never been closed to Chileans and foreign residents. Entry conditions for them are:
  - All those who enter the country have to comply with the 14-day mandatory quarantine from the date of entry to the country.
  - All those entering the country must submit a Travelers' Sworn Statement up to 48 hours before boarding in which they declare their health status upon entering the country, provide contact and recent travel information, and agree to be included in the Travelers' Surveillance Period. Address where the 14-day mandatory quarantine will take place must be stated in the Statement. This Statement must be filed out electronically at [www.c19.cl](http://www.c19.cl).
  - All those entering the country remain in a Traveler's Surveillance Period for 14 days following their entry. During this period, they will have to report on a daily basis their location and health status to the Health Authorities, through a system that will be available for this purpose. Failure to do so is punishable by Article 318 of the Criminal Code.
  - The mandatory quarantine will be waived if a negative PCR test is submitted when entering Chile that does not exceed 72 hours from the time sample is taken and the date of entry to the country performed by a laboratory recognized by the local health authorities of origin.
  - Those who do not bring a PCR test from the country of origin, can have a PCR test done in Chile and if test is negative, the person will be authorized to end the quarantine from the date of reception of results. Even if you end the quarantine, you must continue to report symptoms and location on a daily basis during the Traveler Surveillance Period.
4. Once in Chile, **movements of Chileans and foreigners between districts and Regions** must be carried out observing the restrictions of the "Step by Step" Plan, which is the gradual strategy to face the pandemic based on the health status of each specific area, assigning each district to one of the 5 potential Steps, each with specific restrictions and obligations. In particular, travelling between regions is only allowed between districts that are in Step 3 (Preparation), 4 (Initial Opening), or 5 (Advanced Opening).

Details of each step are available at [www.gob.cl/coronavirus/pasoapaso](http://www.gob.cl/coronavirus/pasoapaso). We recommended you to visit [www.visorterritorial.cl](http://www.visorterritorial.cl) to check the Step of each district or locality.