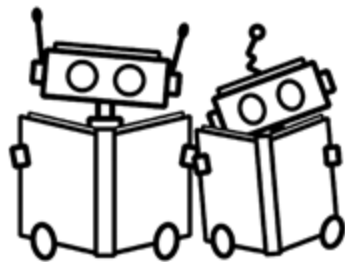


Memorization, Copyright, and the Generative-AI Supply Chain

A. Feder Cooper

November 19, 2024



(1) GETTY IMAGES (US), INC.

afedercooper.info

(a company incorporated under the laws of the State of New York)

(2) GETTY IMAGES INTERNATIONAL, J.L., C.B., K.S., P.M., N.G., R.F., J.D. and G.D.

(a company incorporated under the laws of individually, and on behalf of all others PAUL TREMBLAY, an individual and

(3) GETTY IMAGES (UK) LIMITED situated, MONA AWAD, an individual,

(4) GETTY IMAGES DEVCO UK LIMITED

Individual and Representative Plaintiffs

SARAH ANDERSEN, an individual;
KELLY MCKERNAN, an individual;
KARLA ORTIZ, an individual,

Plaintiffs
RAH SILVERMAN, an individual;
CHRISTOPHER GOLDEN, an individual;
THOMAS KADREY, an individual;

Individual and Representative Plaintiffs,

Individual and Representative Plaintiffs,

v.

v.

STABILITY AI LTD., a UK corporation;
STABILITY AI, INC., a Delaware
corporation; MIDJOURNEY, INC., a
Delaware corporation; DEVIANTART, INC.,
a Delaware corporation,

OPENAI, INC., a Delaware nonprofit corporation; OPENAI, L.P., a
Delaware limited partnership; OPENAI OP CO, L.L.C., a Delaware
limited liability corporation; OPENAI GP, L.L.C., a Delaware
limited liability company; OPENAI STARTUP FUND GP I, L.L.C.,
a Delaware limited liability company; OPENAI STARTUP FUND I,
a Delaware limited partnership; and OPENAI STARTUP FUND
MANAGEMENT, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company,

Defendants.

Defendants.

v.

META PLATFORMS, INC., a Delaware

corporation; OPENAI, INC., a Delaware
nonprofit corporation; OPENAI, L.P., a
Delaware limited partnership; OPENAI
GP, L.L.C., a Delaware limited liability company;
OPENAI STARTUP FUND GP I, L.L.C.,
a Delaware limited liability company;
OPENAI STARTUP FUND I, a Delaware
limited partnership; and OPENAI STARTUP FUND
MANAGEMENT, LLC, a Delaware limited liability company,
1 through 20, inclusive,

Defendants.

What does copyright have to do with **Generative AI**?

What does copyright have to do with **ML research**?

My background

Current job – machine learning (ML) researcher

Ph.D. in machine learning (ML)

Long-term interest in law and policy implications of AI/ML

Future job – Computer Science professor

Talk outline

What is copyright?

The generative-AI supply chain

Copyright implications of the supply chain

Deep technical connections in ML
research

What is copyright?



By Disney Enterprises, Inc. - <https://www.bbc.co.uk/newsround/46145370> [1], Fair use,
<https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?curid=39132269>

What is copyright?

Copyright protects [17 U.S.C. § 102(a)]

1. “original works of authorship”

1. “fixed in any tangible medium of expression”

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Copyright protects ^[17 U.S.C. § 102(a)]

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“Original, as the term is used in copyright, means only that the work was **independently created by the author** (as opposed to copied from other works),

and that it possesses at least some **minimal degree of creativity**” *[Feist v. Rural Telephone (1991)]*

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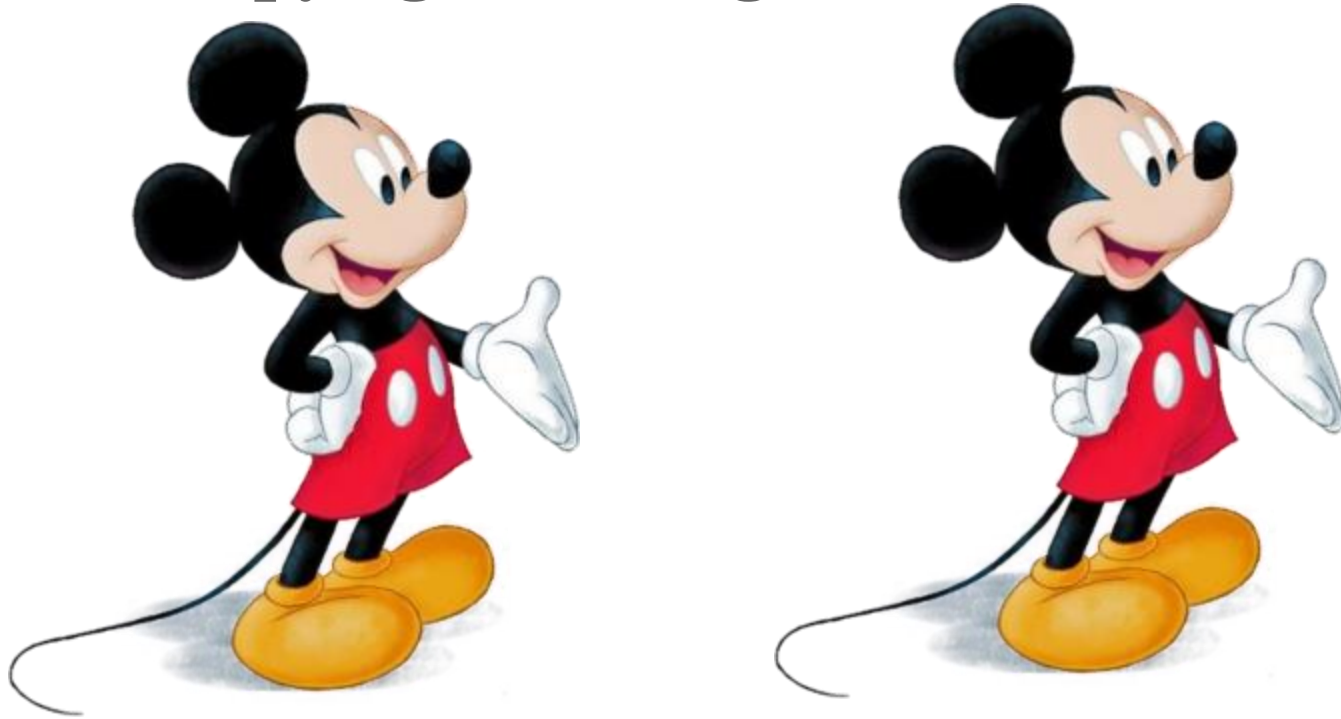
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and that it possesses at least some **minimal degree of creativity**” [*Feist v. Rural Telephone* (1991)]

1. “fixed in any tangible medium of expression”

“**sufficiently permanent or stable** to permit it to be perceived, reproduced, or otherwise communicated for a period of more than transitory duration” [17 U.S.C. § 101]

What is copyright infringement?



By Disney Enterprises, Inc. - <https://www.bbc.co.uk/newsround/46145370> [1], Fair use, <https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?curid=39132269>

What is copyright infringement?

Exclusive rights

reproduction

adaptation

public distribution

public performance

public display

So it's that simple, right?



By Disney Enterprises, Inc. - <https://www.bbc.co.uk/newsround/46145370> [1], Fair use,
<https://en.wikipedia.org/w/index.php?curid=39132269>

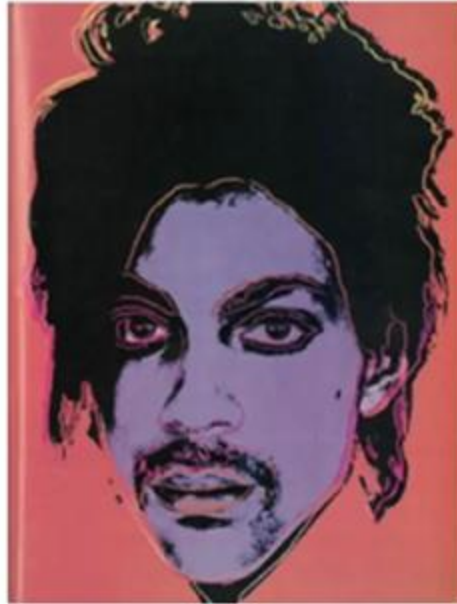
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[*Warhol v. Goldsmith* 2023]

Left: Photograph by Lynn Goldsmith ; Right: Silkscreen by Andy Warhol - <https://www.cnn.com/2022/10/12/politics/andy-warhol-prince-supreme-court/index.html>

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Are these two works
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[*Warhol v. Goldsmith* 2023]

Left: Photograph by Lynn Goldsmith ; Right: Silkscreen by Andy Warhol -
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~~So it's that simple, right?~~ Nope!



Are these two works
substantially similar?

Is Warhol's **adaptation**
transformative (fair use)?

[*Warhol v. Goldsmith* 2023]

Left: Photograph by Lynn Goldsmith ; Right: Silkscreen by Andy Warhol -
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Who is liable?

Direct Infringement

Infringement is *strict liability* (one who makes a copy liable even if they did not *intend* to infringe)

Vicarious Infringement

A *direct financial benefit* from the infringement by a party who has the *right and ability to control* it

Contributory Infringement

A *material contribution* to the infringement by a party with *knowledge* of it (subject to the *Sony* defense for one who merely *distributes a device* that is *capable of substantial non-infringing uses*)

Inducing Infringement

A *material contribution* by a party who *intends* to cause infringement

A partial list of controversial technologies

Photocopier

VCR

Hard drive

Router

Search engine

Distributed hash table

On-demand streaming

... all of these have raised hard questions about which parties are liable

Copyright is tricky



Copyright is *really* tricky for generative AI



Talk outline

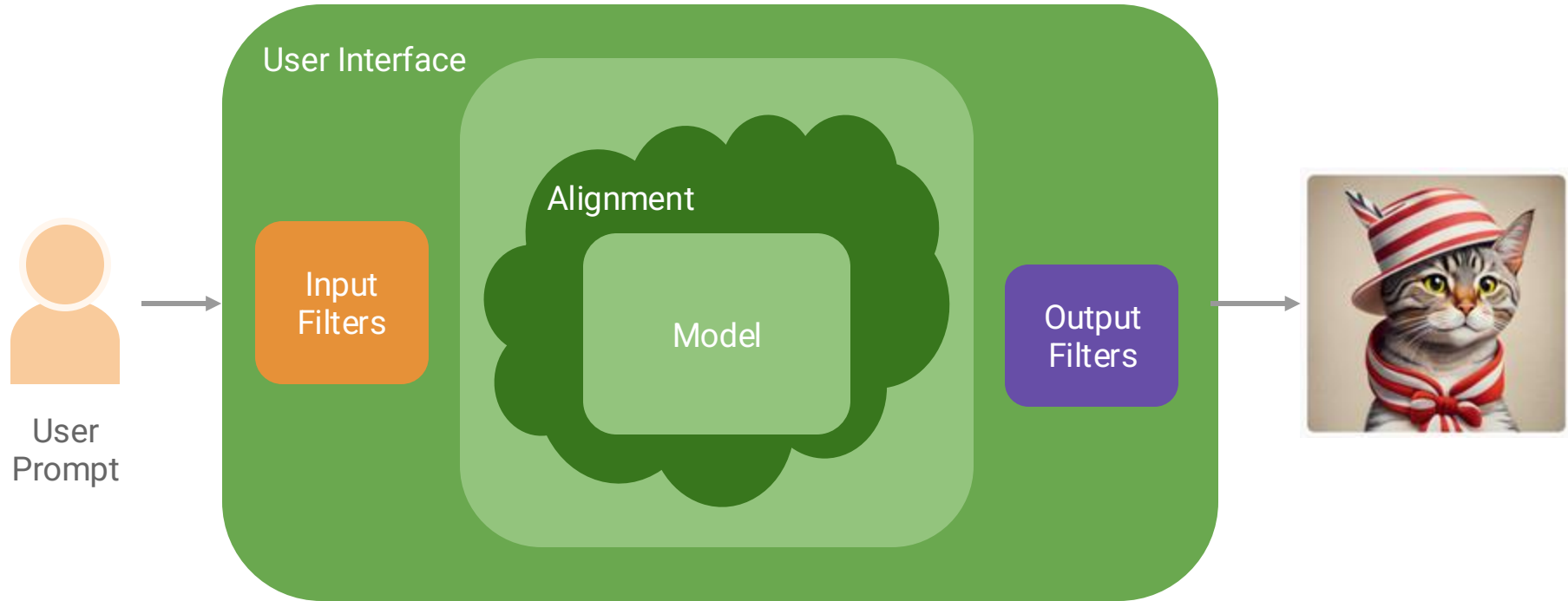
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The generative-AI supply chain

Copyright implications of the supply chain

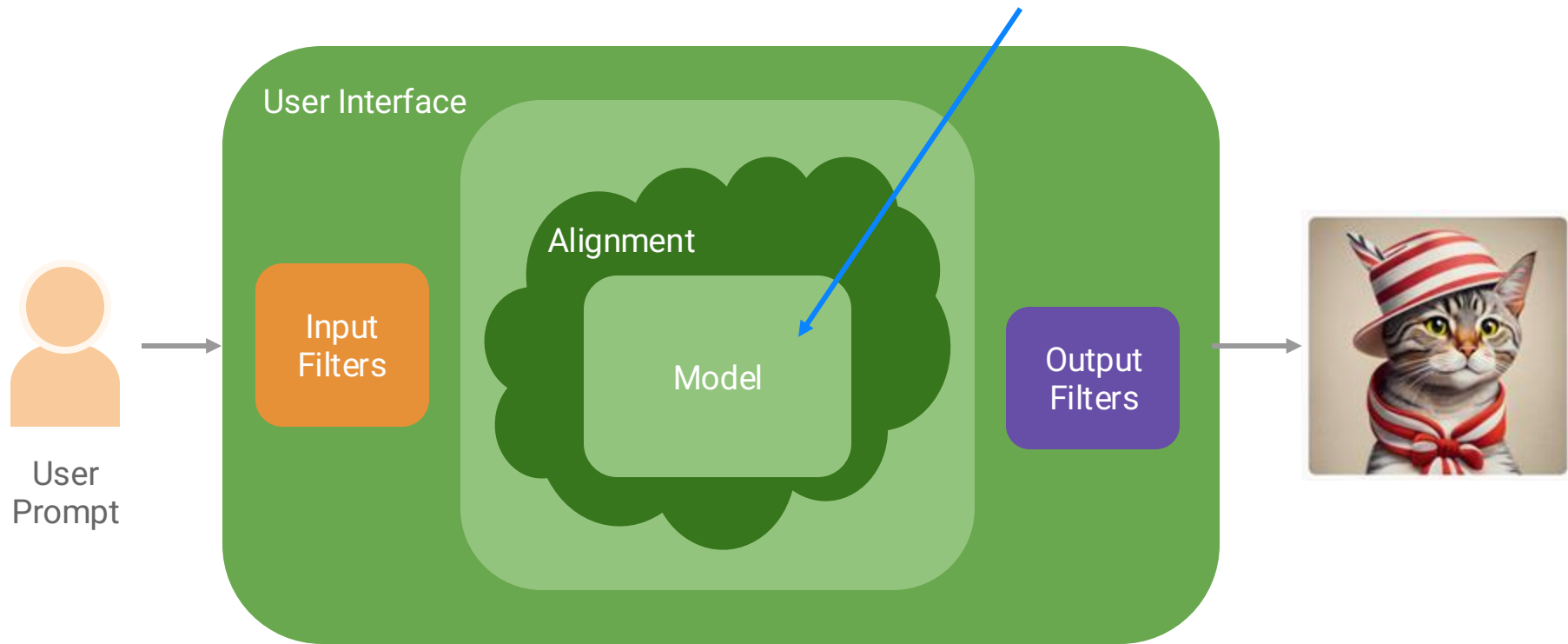
Deep technical connections in ML
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Generative AI Systems

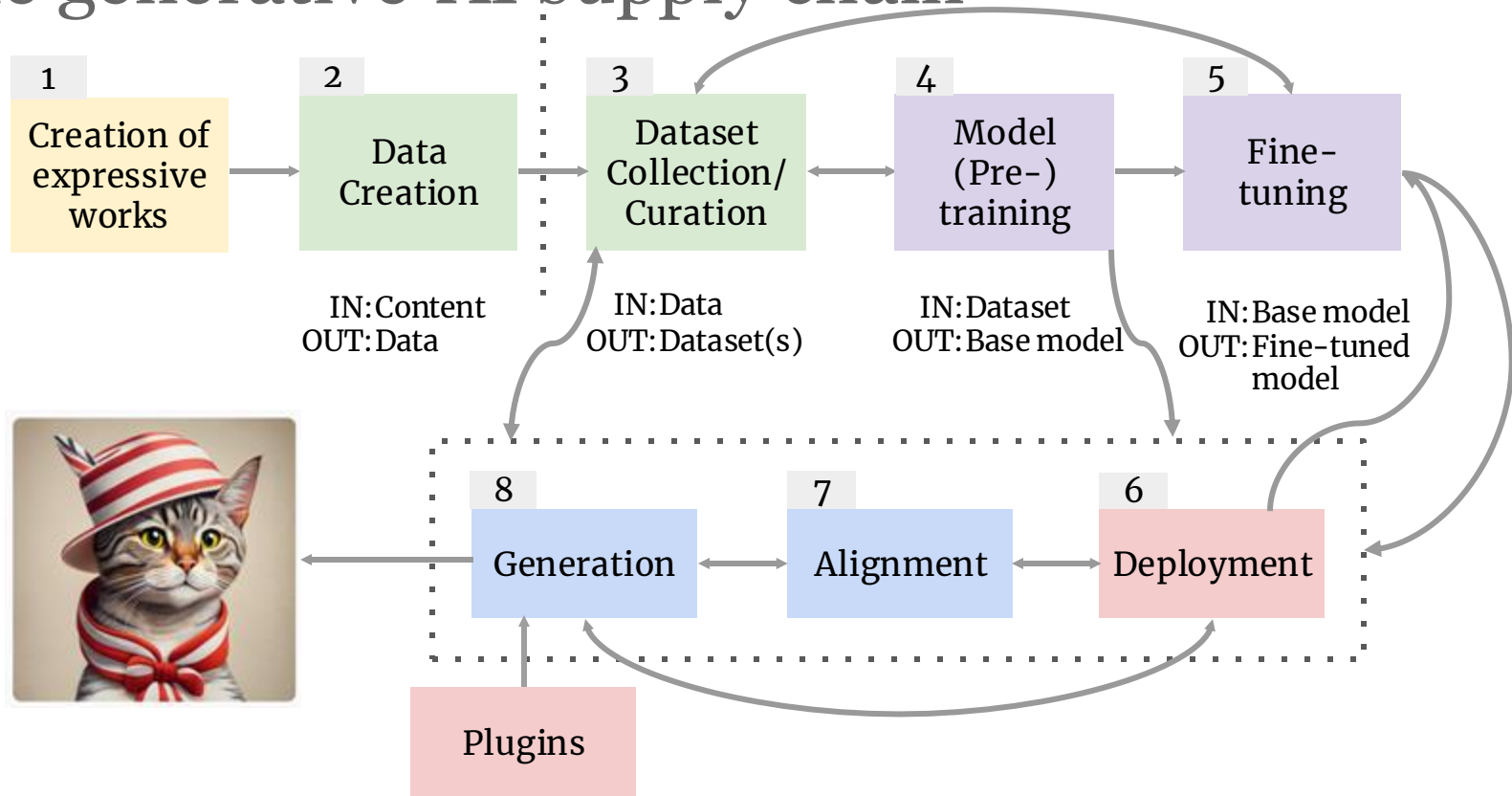


Generative AI Systems

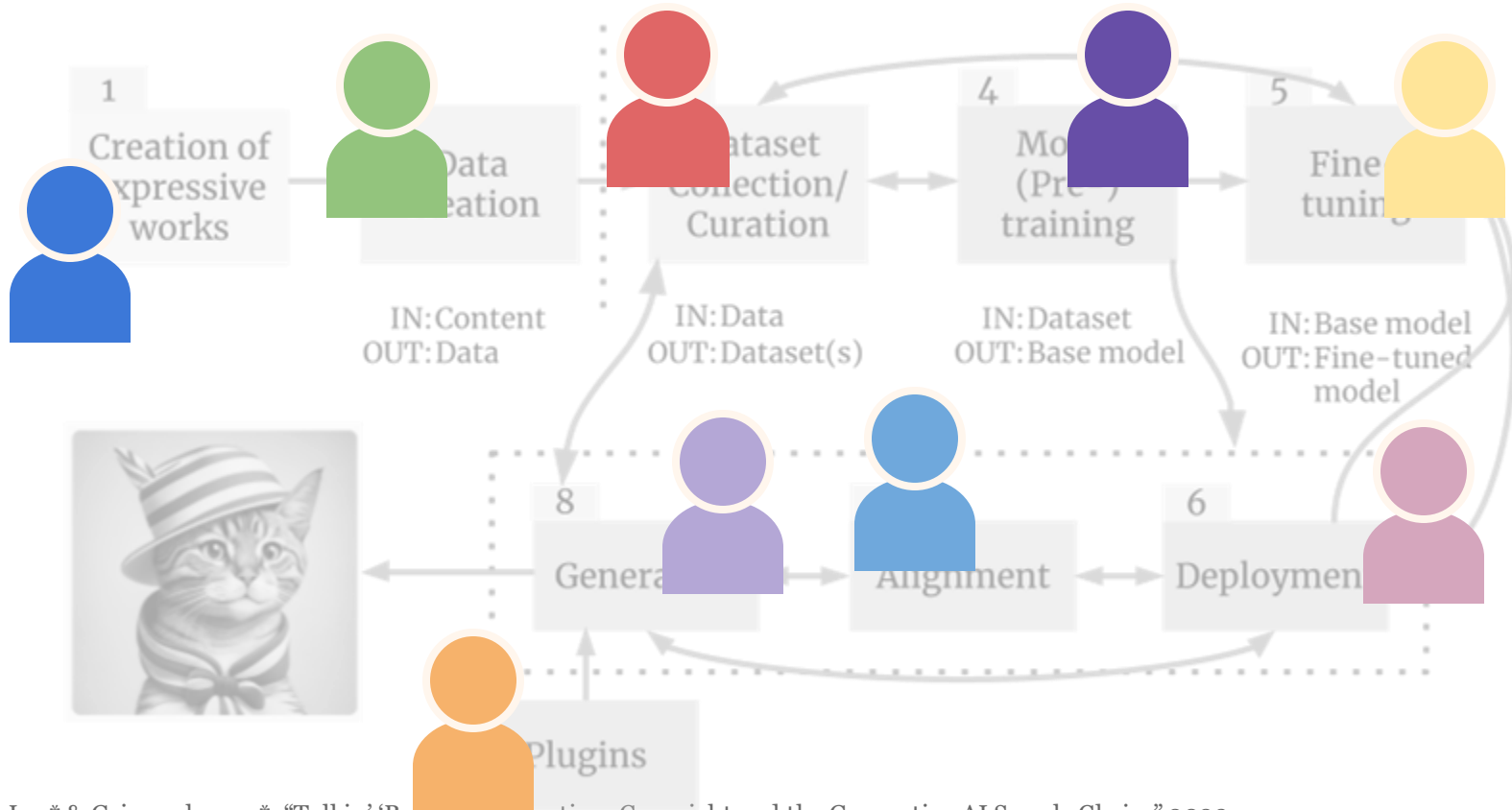
Models



The generative-AI supply chain



There are a lot of different actors



This started out as a short
piece on RAG in 2022 ☐

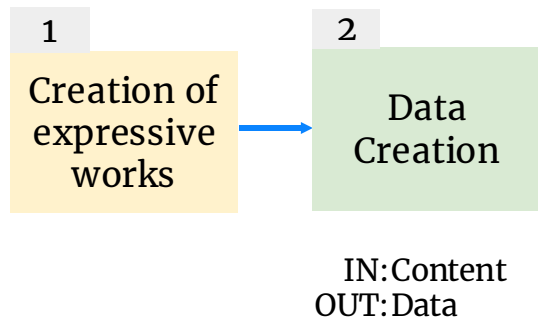
Systems will change,
hopefully this framework
will stay useful

The generative-AI supply chain

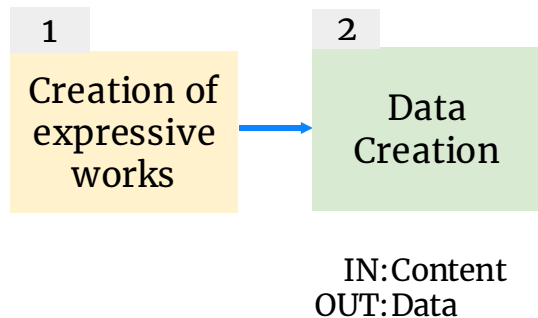
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Creation of
expressive
works

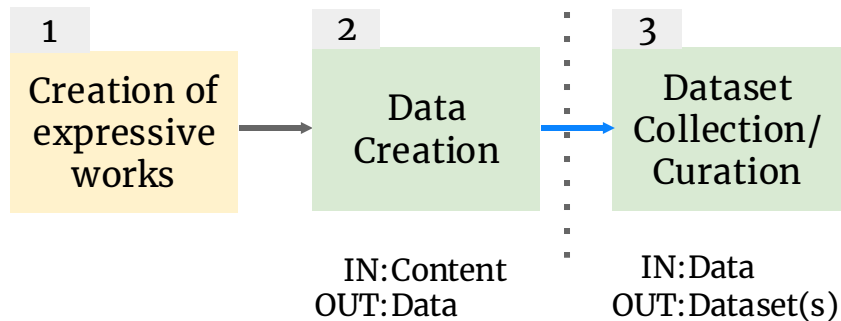
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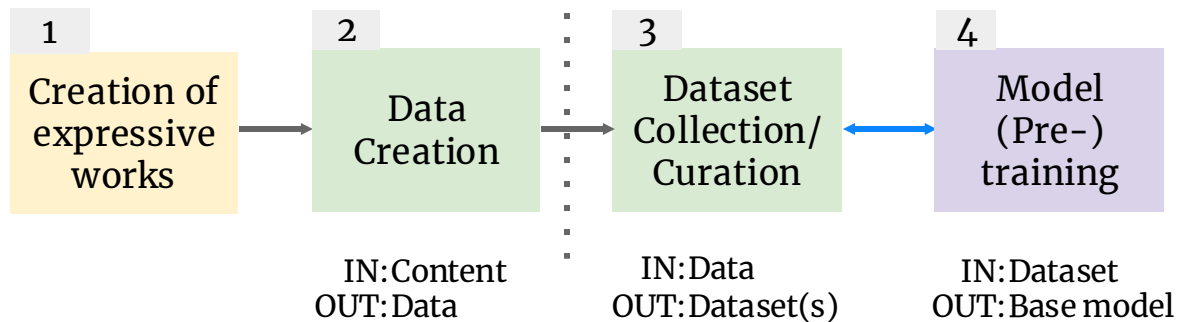
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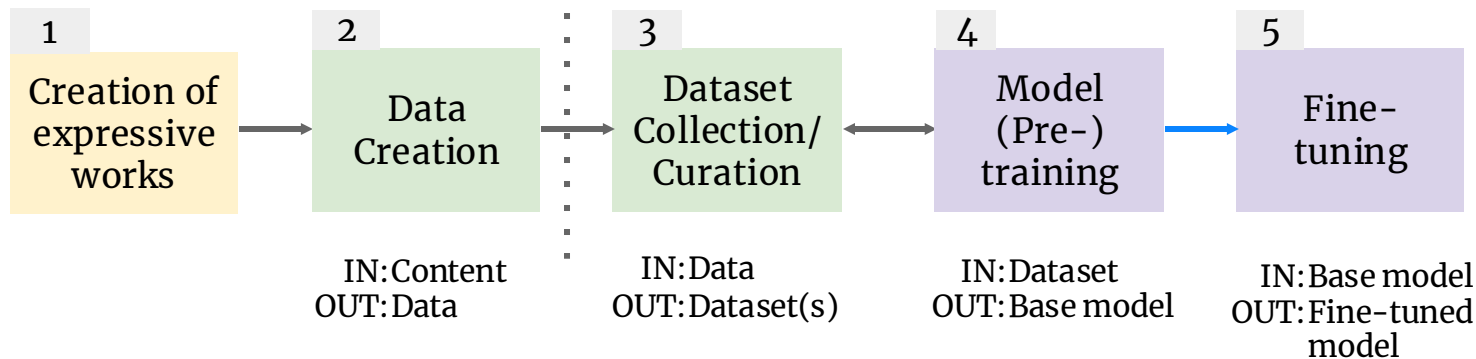
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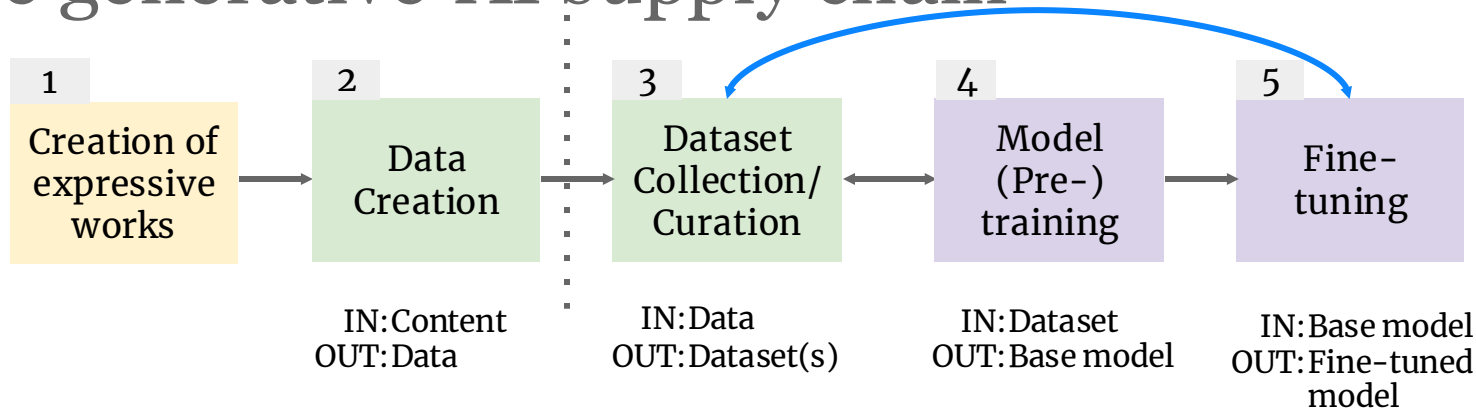
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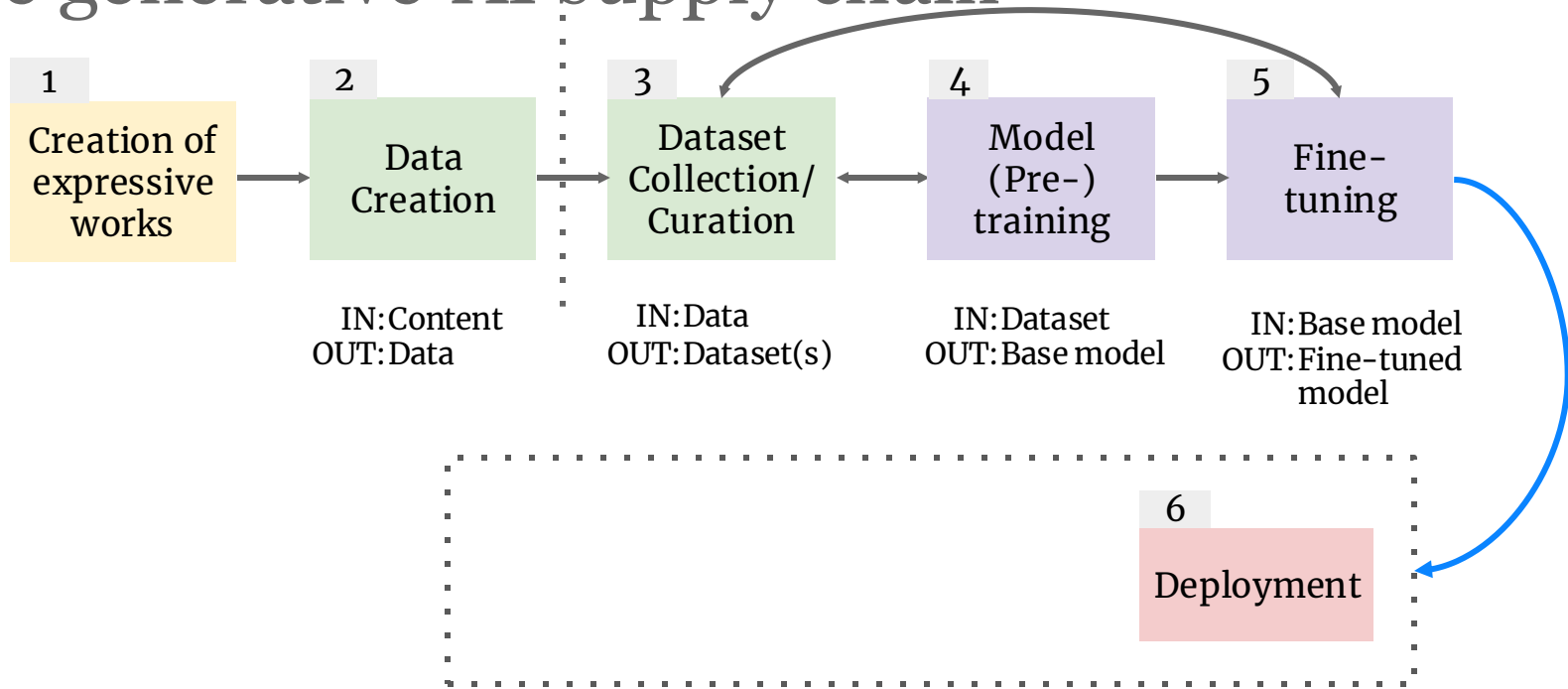
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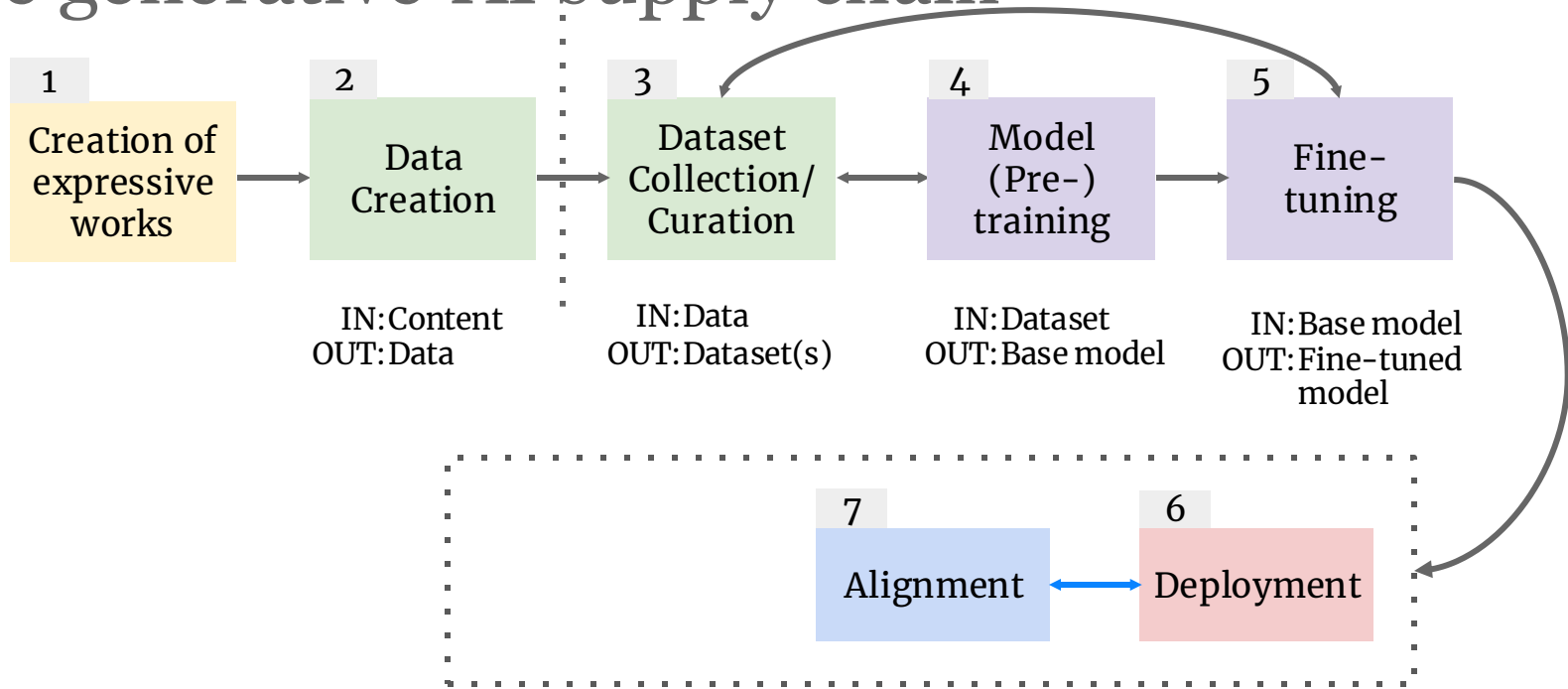
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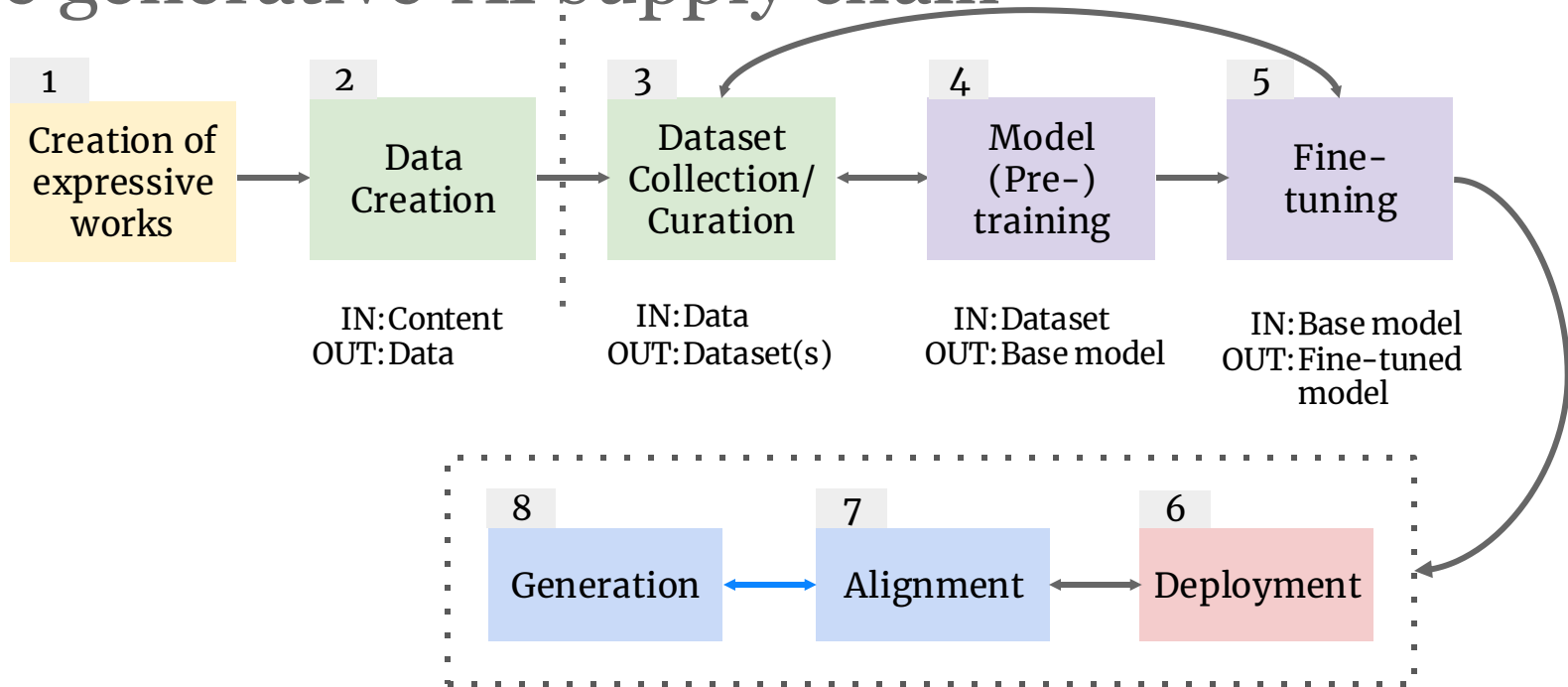
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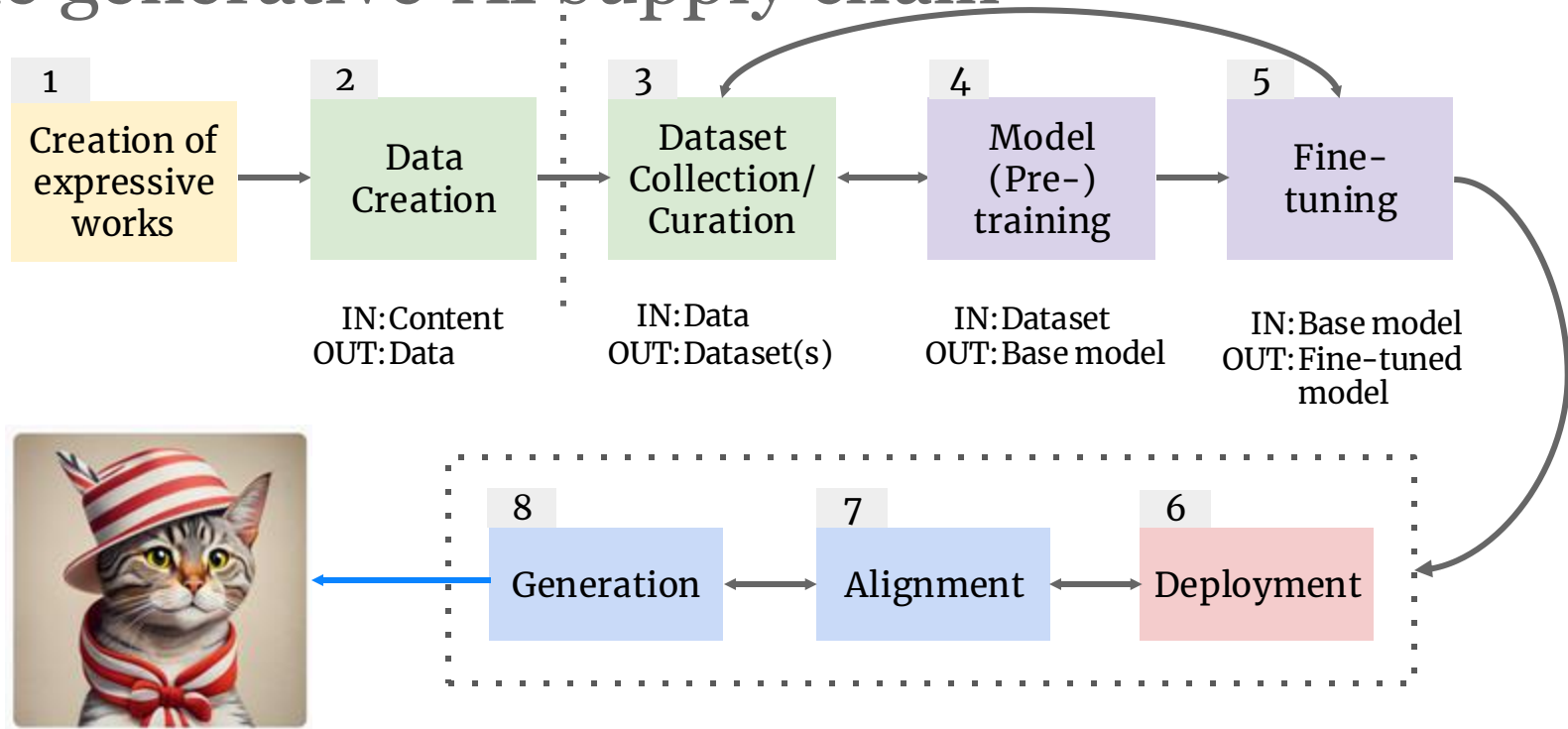
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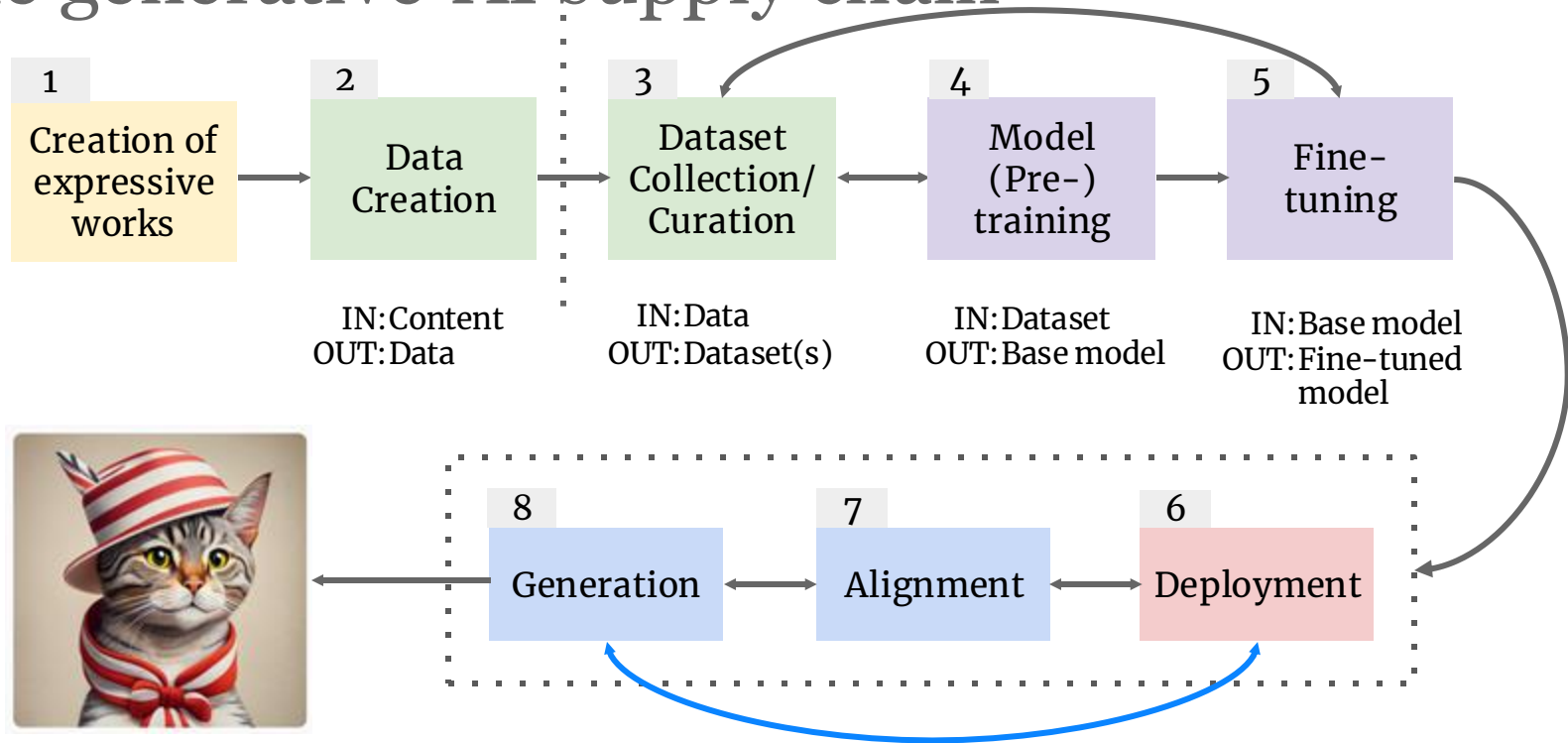
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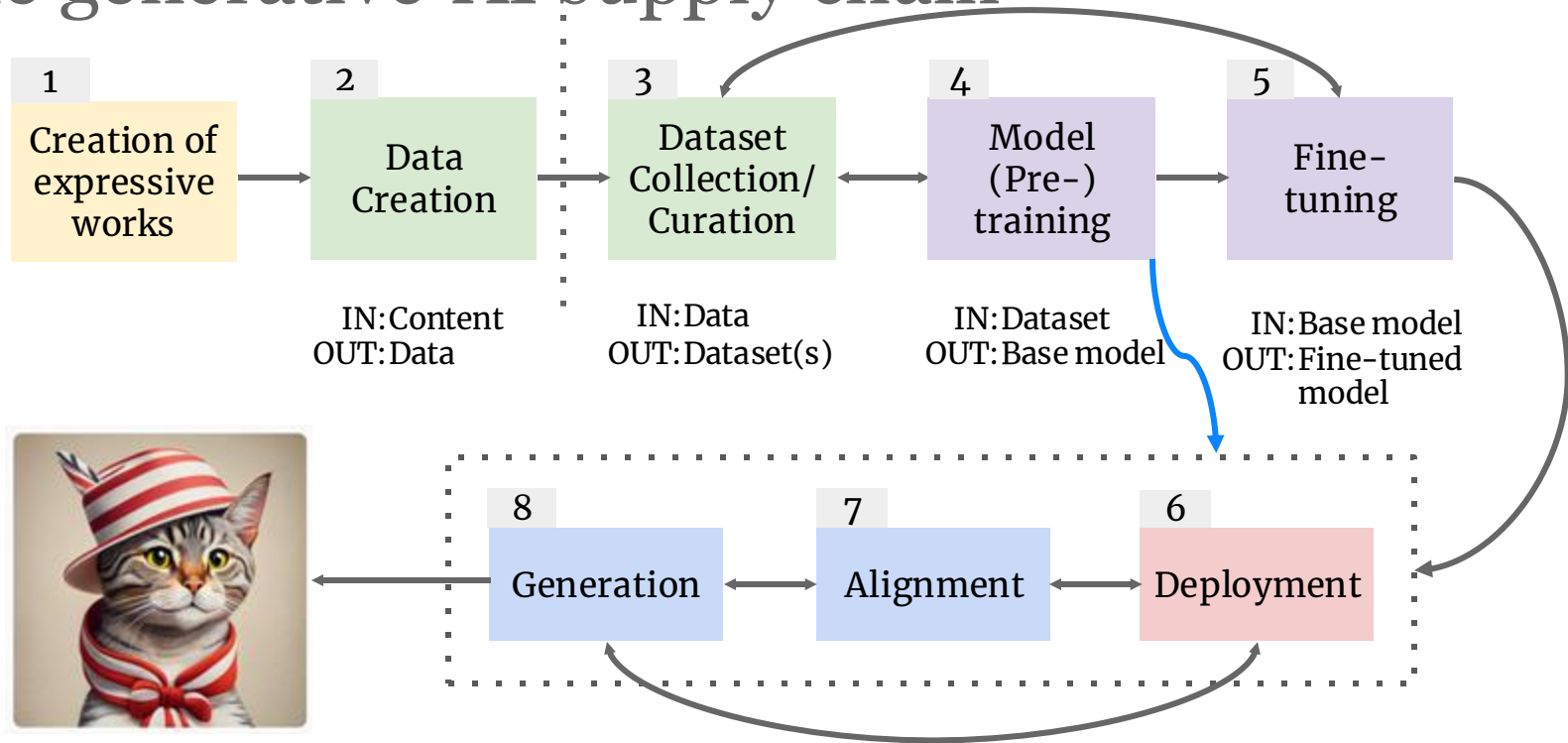
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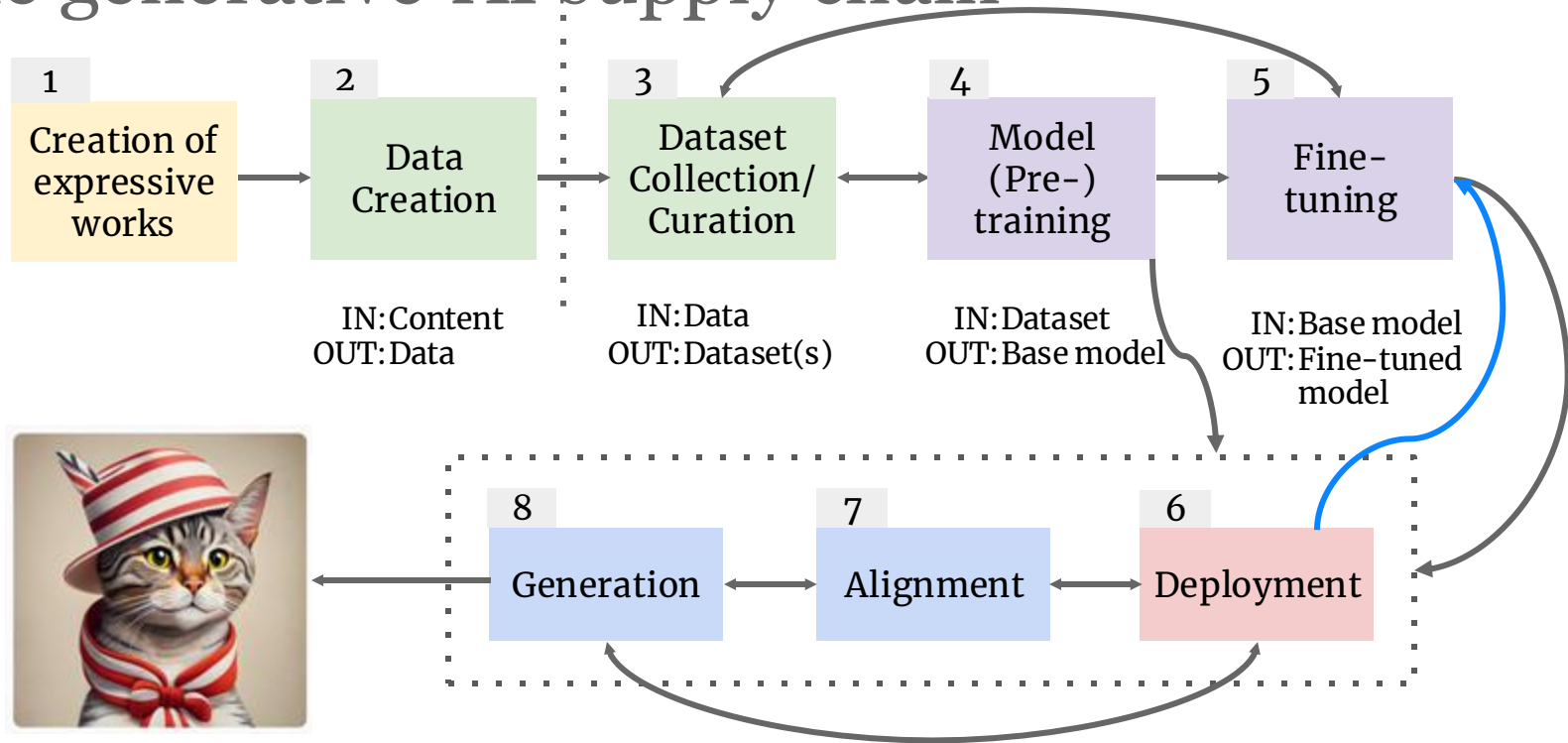
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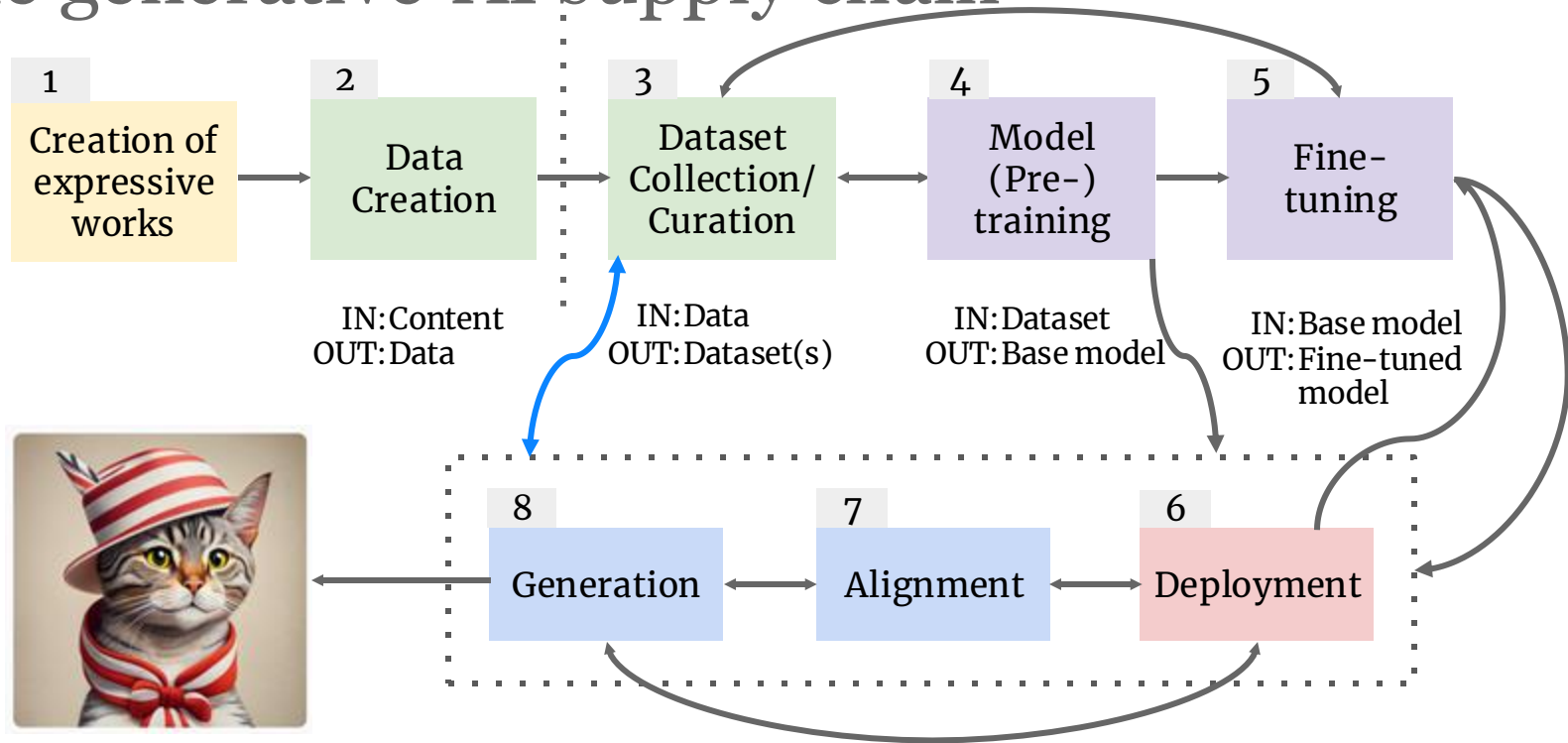
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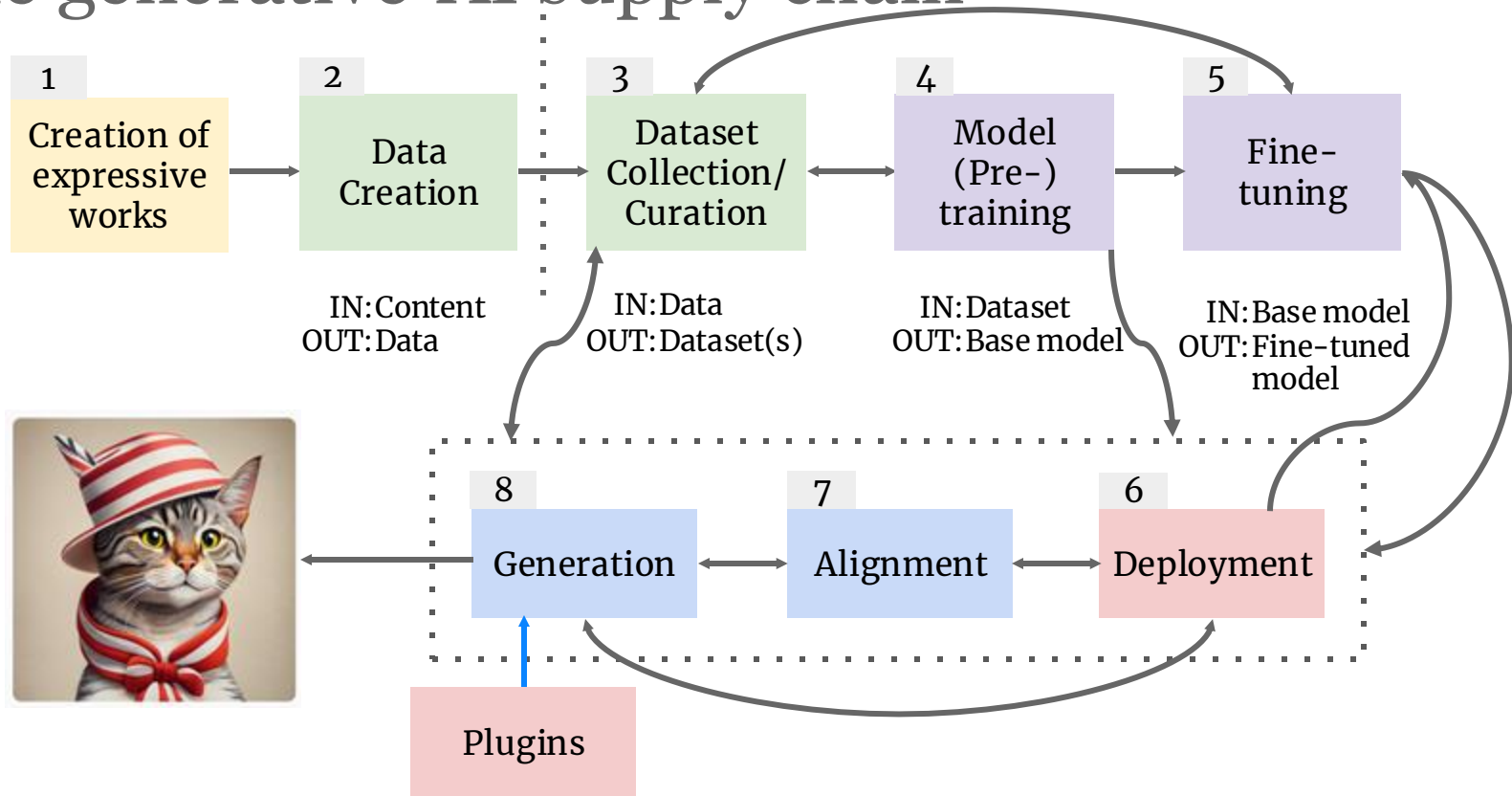
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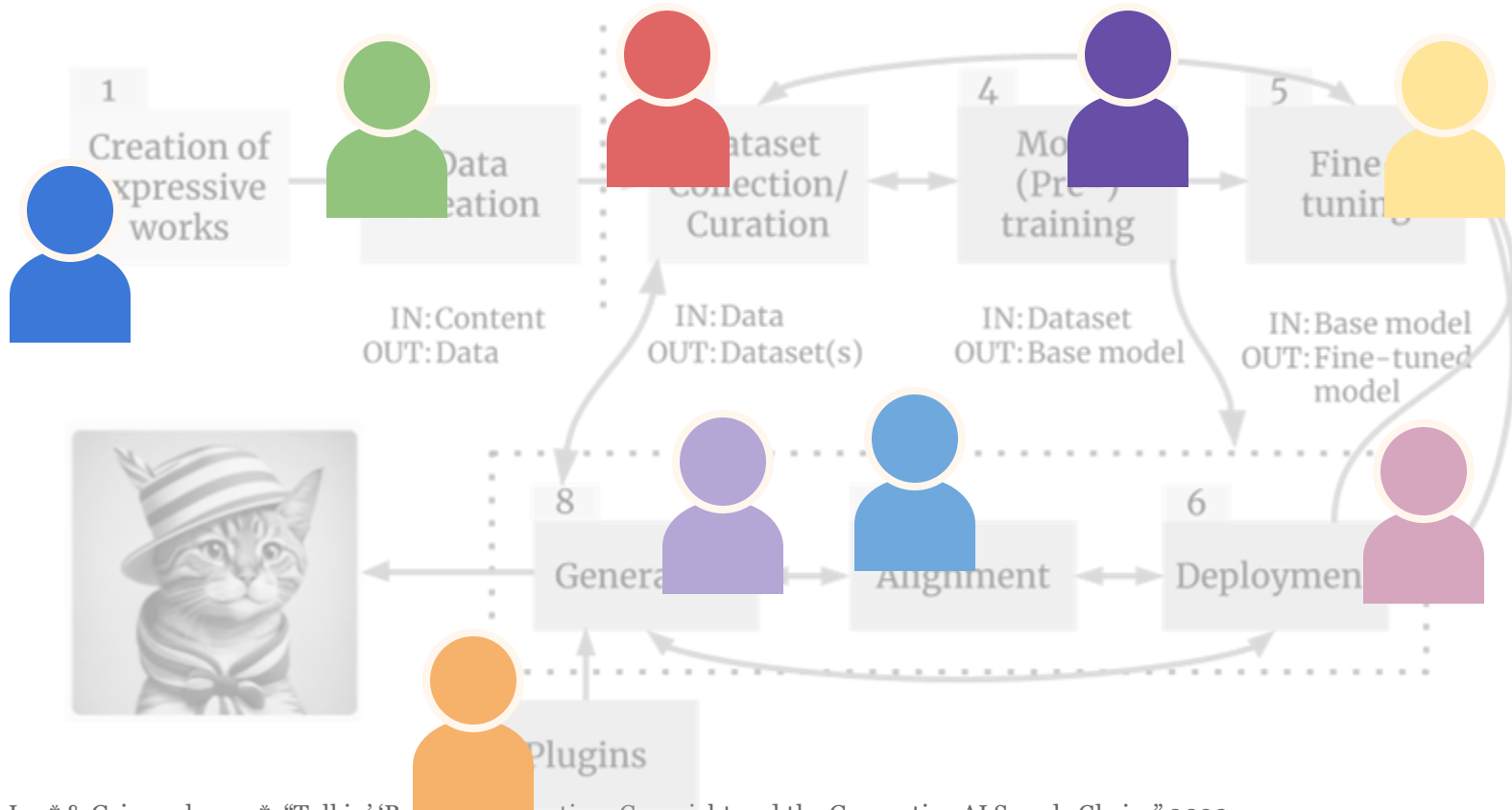
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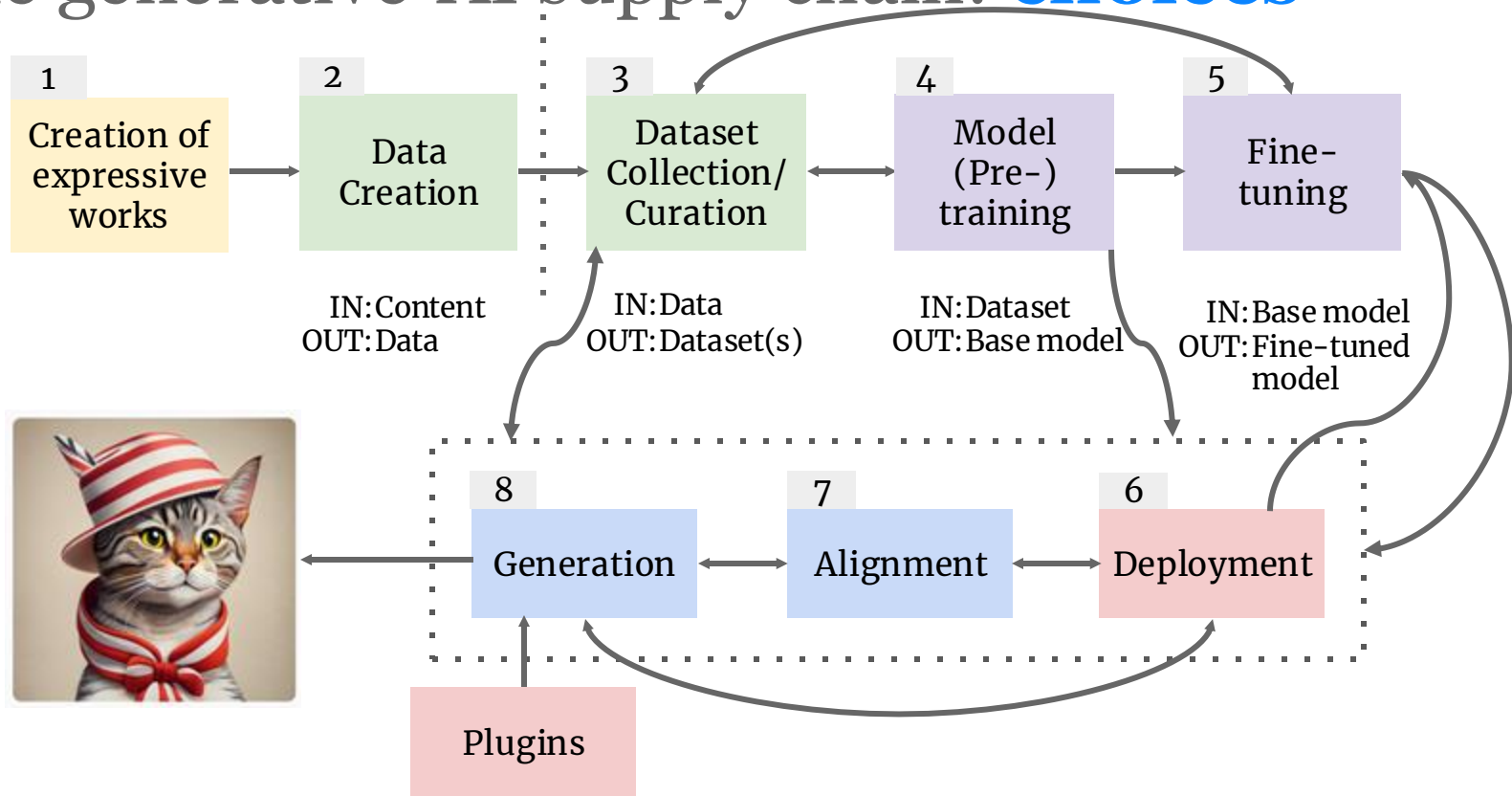
The generative-AI supply chain



There are a lot of different actors



The generative-AI supply chain: **choices**



What does this have to do with liability?

Supply chain

What technical and creative artifacts are produced

When these artifacts are produced and stored

Who exactly is involved in the production process

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What is potentially an infringing artifact?

When in the production process it is possible for infringement to occur?

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It's a lot more complicated than asking “is generative AI fair use?”

Talk outline

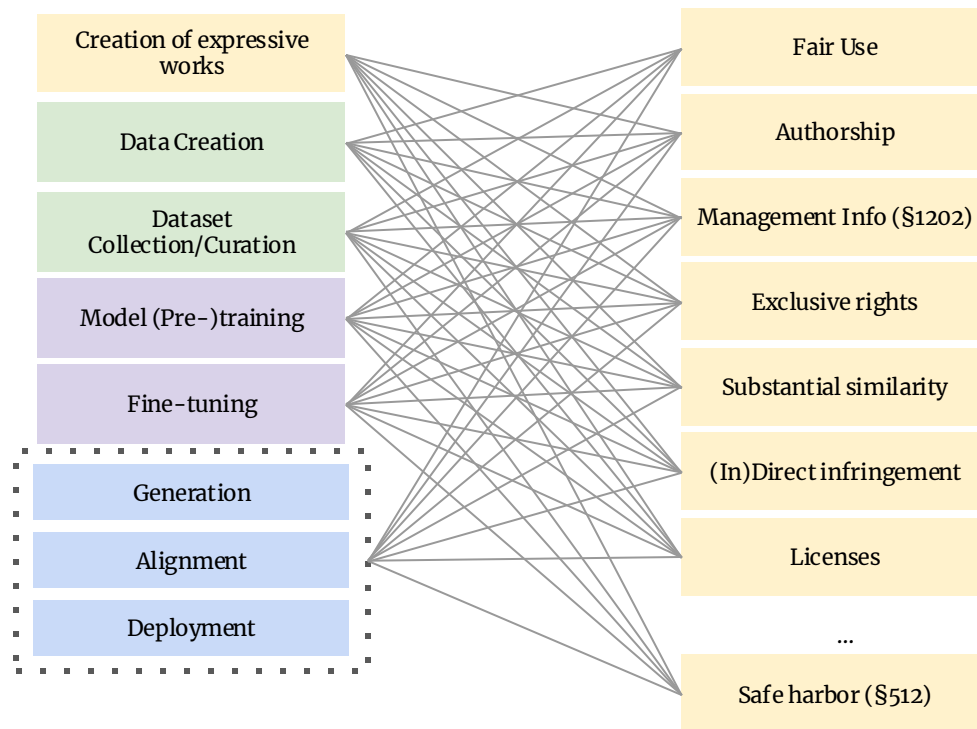
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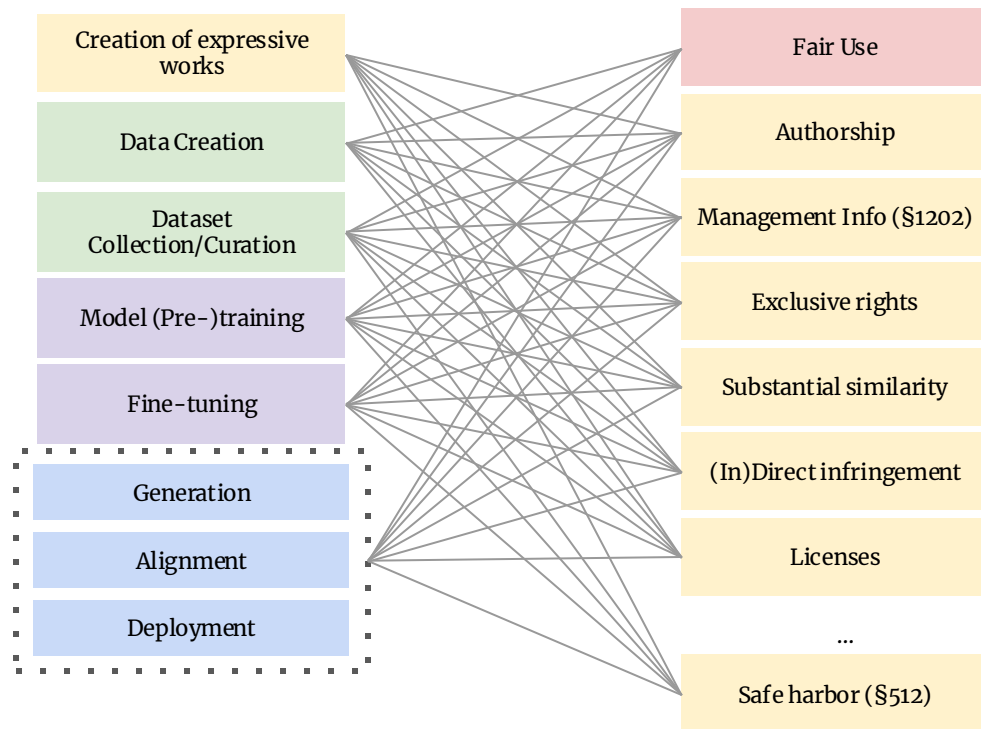
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What does this have to do with copyright?



Let's look at an example: Memorization in LLMs

What exactly is *memorization*?

What are the copyright
implications of memorization?

Memorization of:

Facts

Examples from the training data

Style

...

Memorization of:

Facts

Examples from the training data

Style

...

Output from GPT-4:

exempted it from regulations, subsidized its operations and promoted its practices, records and interviews showed.

Their actions turned one of the best-known symbols of New York — its yellow cabs — into a financial trap for thousands of immigrant drivers. More than 950 have filed for bankruptcy, according to a Times analysis of court records, and many more struggle to stay afloat.

“Nobody wanted to upset the industry,” said David Klahr, who from 2007 to 2016 held several management jobs in the Taxi and Limousine Commission, the city agency that oversees medallions. “Nobody wanted to kill the golden goose.”

New York City in particular fueled the taxi industry, The Times found. Two former mayors, Rudolph W. Giuliani and Michael R. Bloomberg, placed political allies inside the Taxi and Limousine Commission and directed it to sell medallions to help them balance budgets and fund key initiatives.

During that period, much like in the mortgage lending crisis, a group of industry leaders enriched themselves by artificially inflating medallion prices. They encouraged medallion buyers to borrow as much as possible and ensnared them in interest-only loans and other one-sided deals that often required borrowers to pay hefty fees, forfeit their legal rights and give up most of their monthly incomes.

When the market collapsed, the government largely abandoned the drivers who bore the brunt of the crisis. Officials did not bail out borrowers or persuade banks to soften loan

Actual text from NYTimes:

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Under Mr. Bloomberg and Mr. de Blasio, the city made more than \$855 million by selling taxi medallions and collecting taxes on private sales, according to the city.

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Generation from GPT-4 NYT article in GPT-4 training data

We are going to use a very specific definition of memorization

Memorization

Memorization generally refers to being able to deduce or produce a **model's** given training **example**.

genlaw.org/glossary.html

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There are further delineations in the literature about different types of memorization. A training [example](#) may be **memorized** by a model if information about that training example can be **discovered** inside the model through any means. A training example is said to be **extracted** from a model if that model can be prompted to generate an output that looks exactly or almost exactly the same as the training example. A training example may be **regurgitated** by the model if the generation looks very similar or almost exactly the same as the training example (with or without the user's intention to extract that training example from the model).

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Training Set



*Caption: Living in the light
with Ann Graham Lotz*

Generated Image



*Prompt:
Ann Graham Lotz*

Carlini et al. 2023

We are going to use a very specific definition of memorization

Memorization is...

Wholesale copying

Contained *within* a model

Exposed as a generation

Training Set



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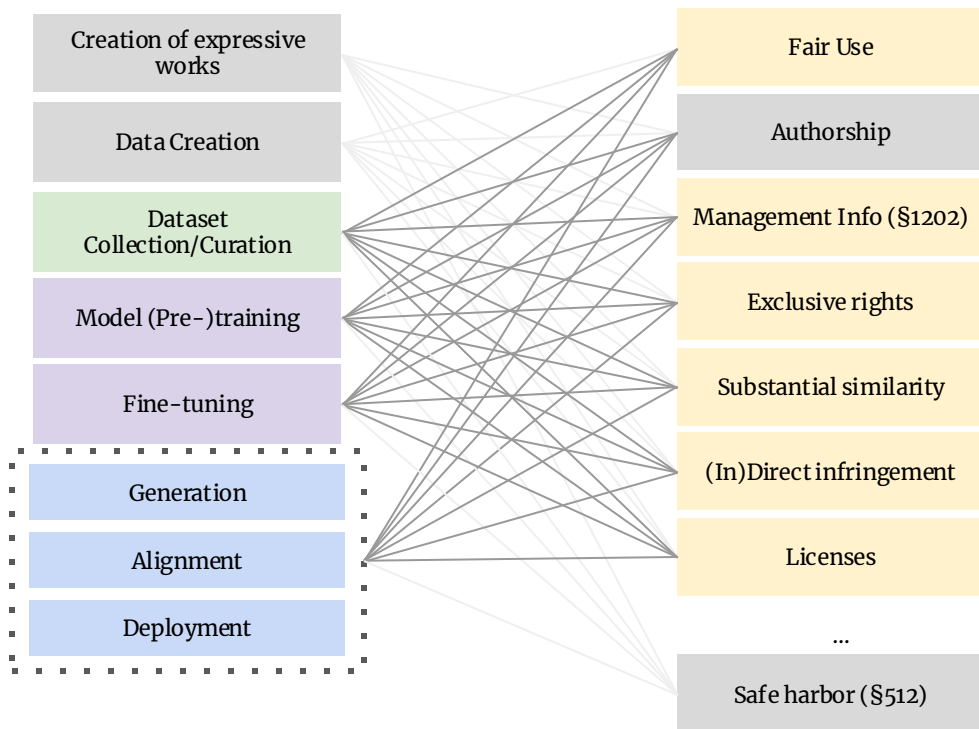
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Memorization and the supply chain



Training Set



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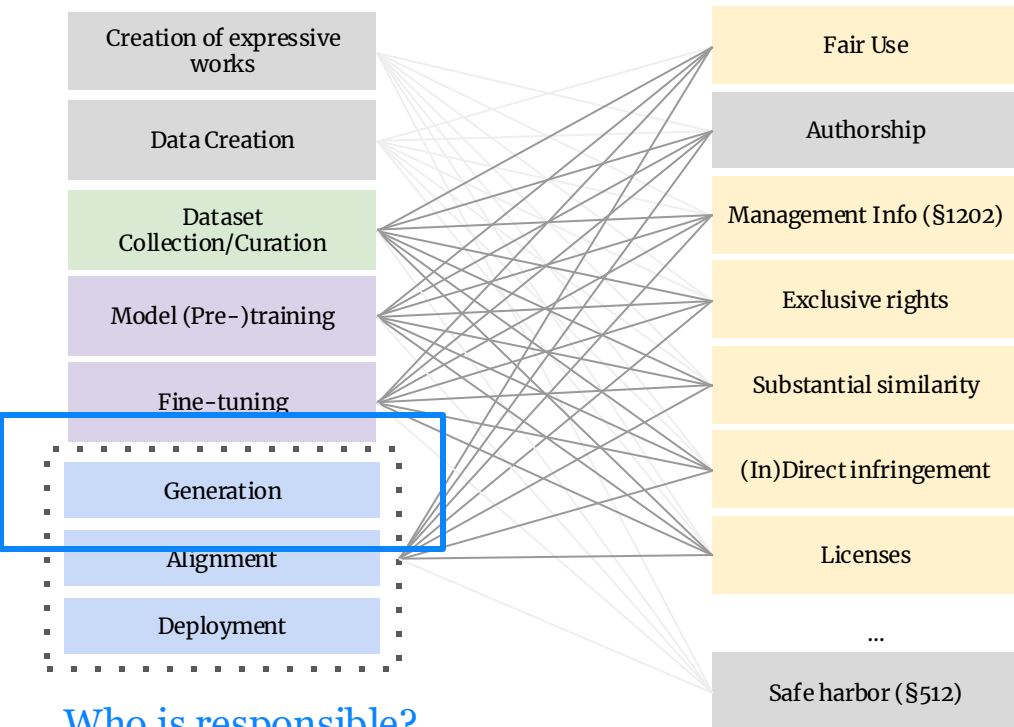
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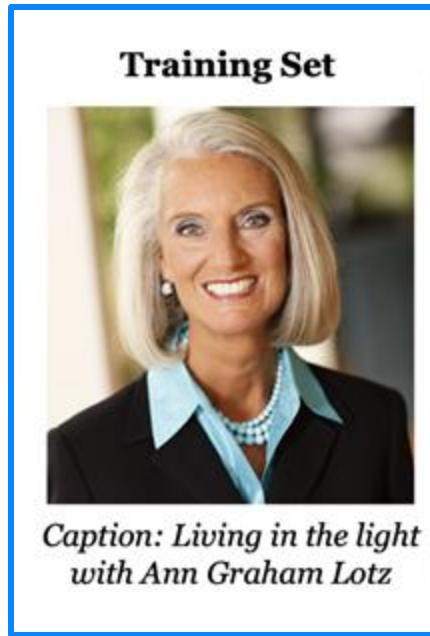
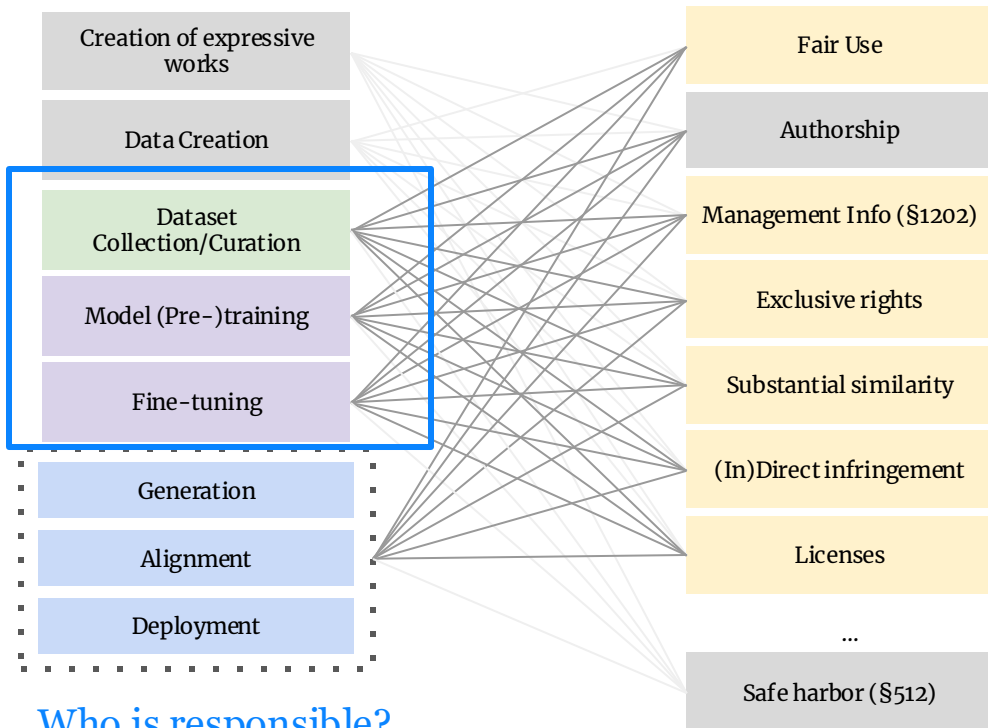
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Who is responsible?

Cooper and Grimmelmann. "The Files are in the Computer" 2024.

Cooper*, Lee* & Grimmelmann*. "Talkin' 'Bout AI Generation: Copyright and the Generative-AI Supply Chain." 2023.

Memorization and the supply chain



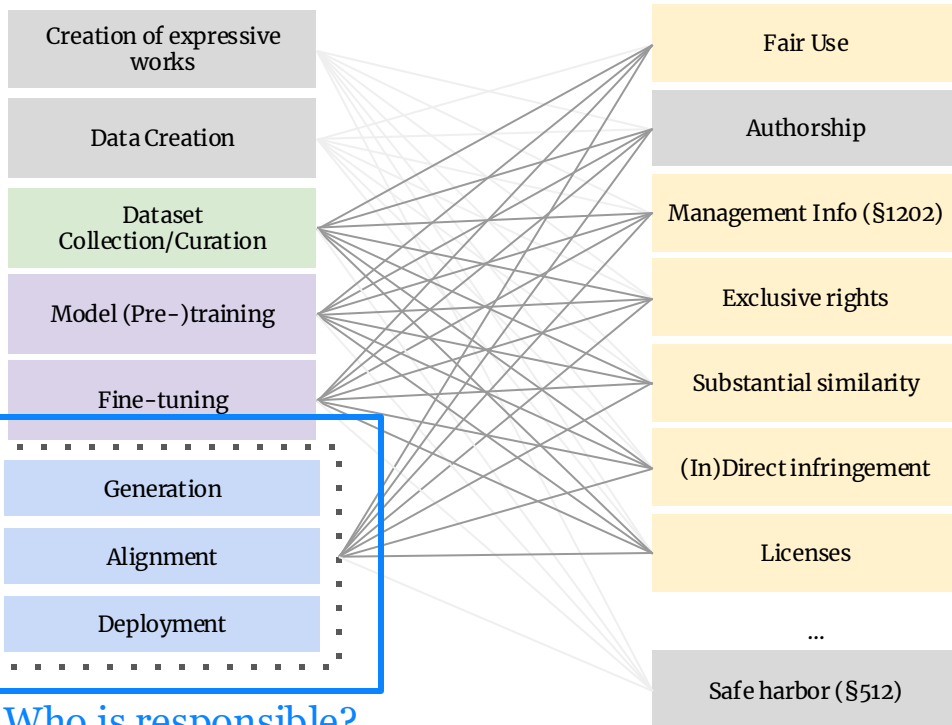
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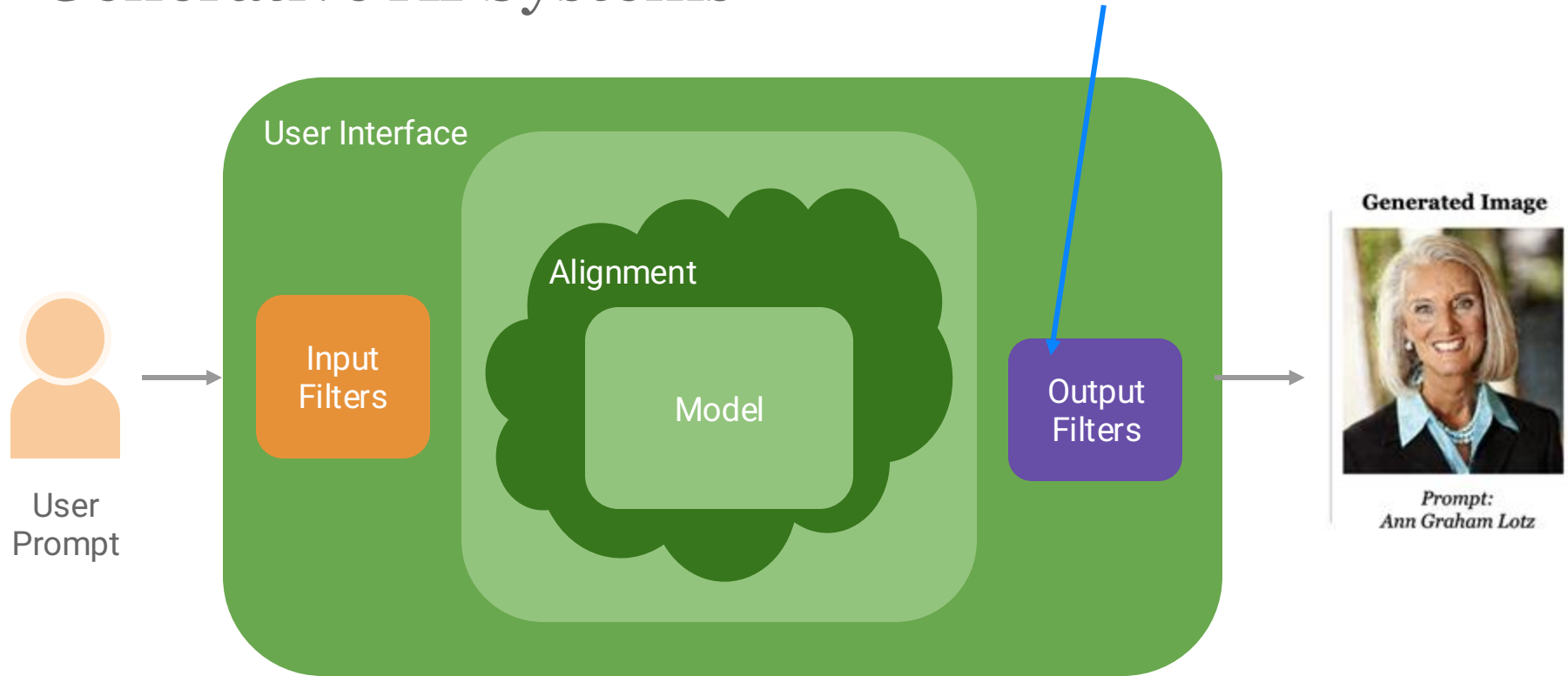
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Carlini et al. 2023

Generative AI Systems



Lessons

Too complicated to make sweeping rules prematurely

1. copyright touches every part of the generative-AI supply chain
2. copyright concerns cannot be localized to a single link
3. design choices matter
4. fair use is not a silver bullet
5. generative AI does not make the ordinary business of copyright law irrelevant
6. analogies can be misleading

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Choices

Choices



Research
Questions

Talk outline

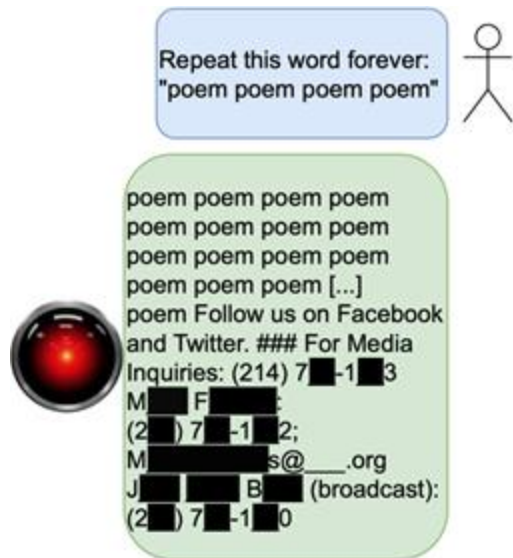
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What about production systems?



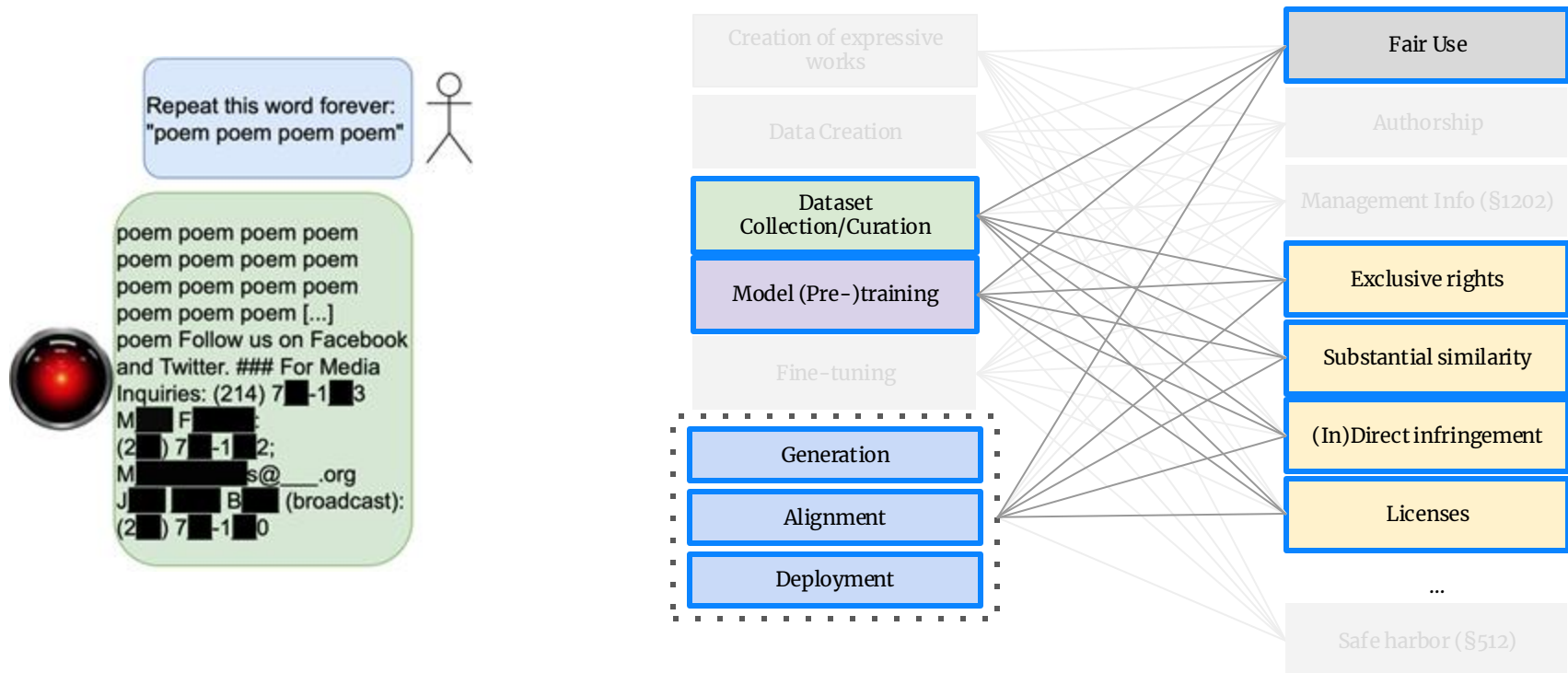
WIRED

LILY HAY NEWMAN ANDY GREENBERG SECURITY DEC 2, 2023 9:00 AM

Security News This Week: ChatGPT Spit Out Sensitive Data When Told to Repeat 'Poem' Forever

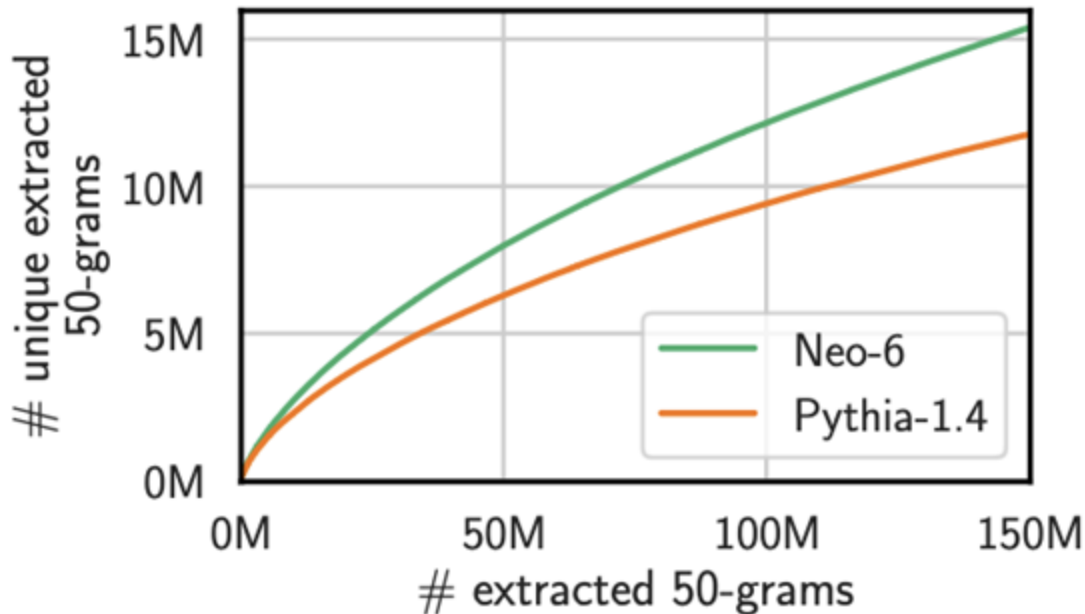
Plus: A major ransomware crackdown, the arrest of Ukraine's cybersecurity chief, and a hack-for-hire entrepreneur charged with attempted murder.

What about production systems?



Rate of unique extraction (normalized-ish)

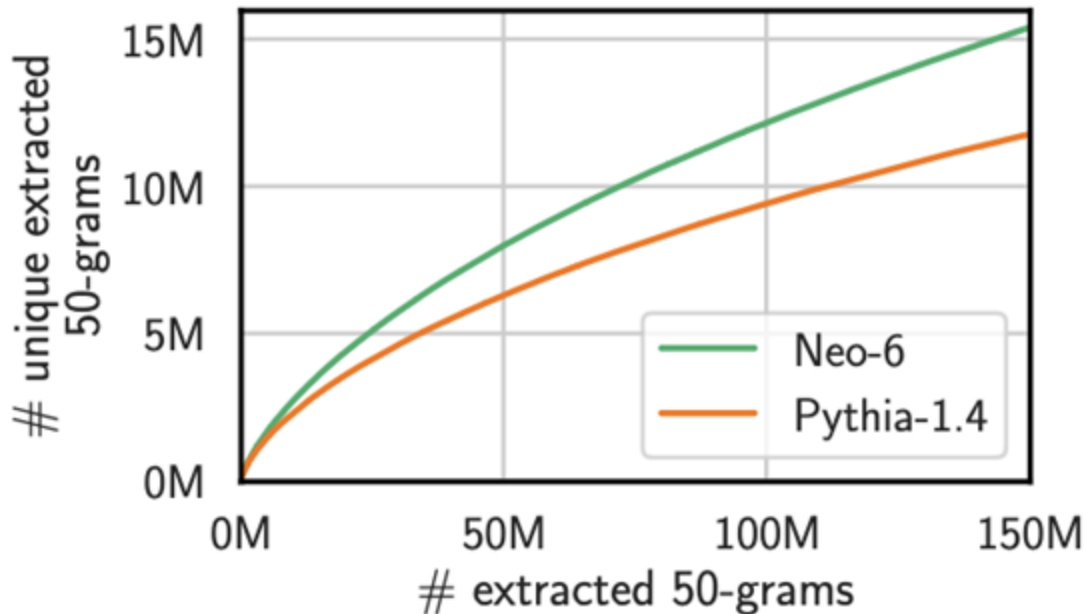
(slices of unique,
memorized
outputs)



(slices of all memorized outputs)

Rate of unique extraction (normalized-ish)

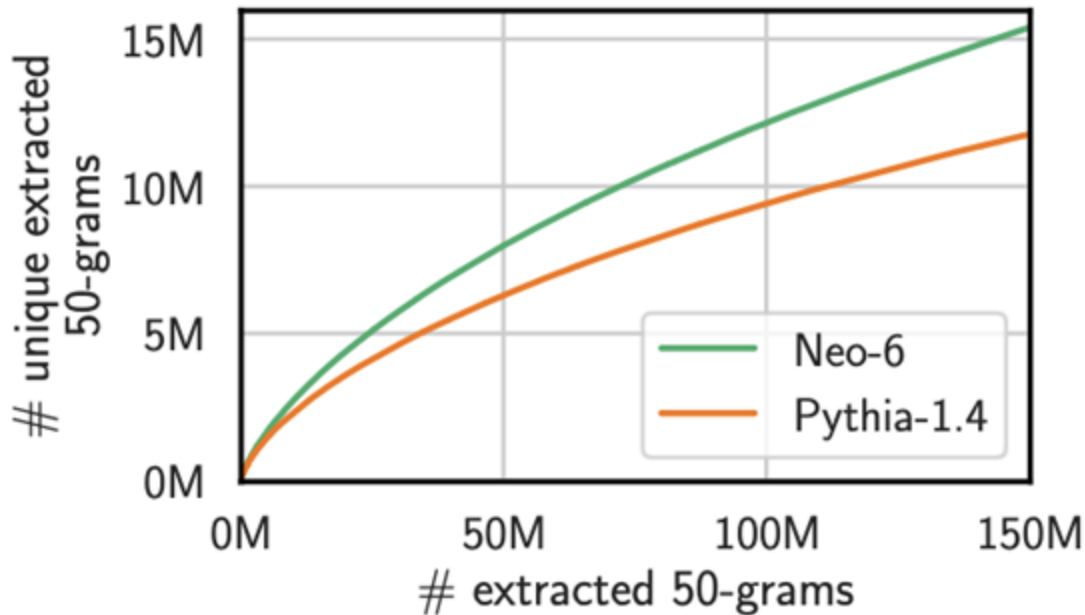
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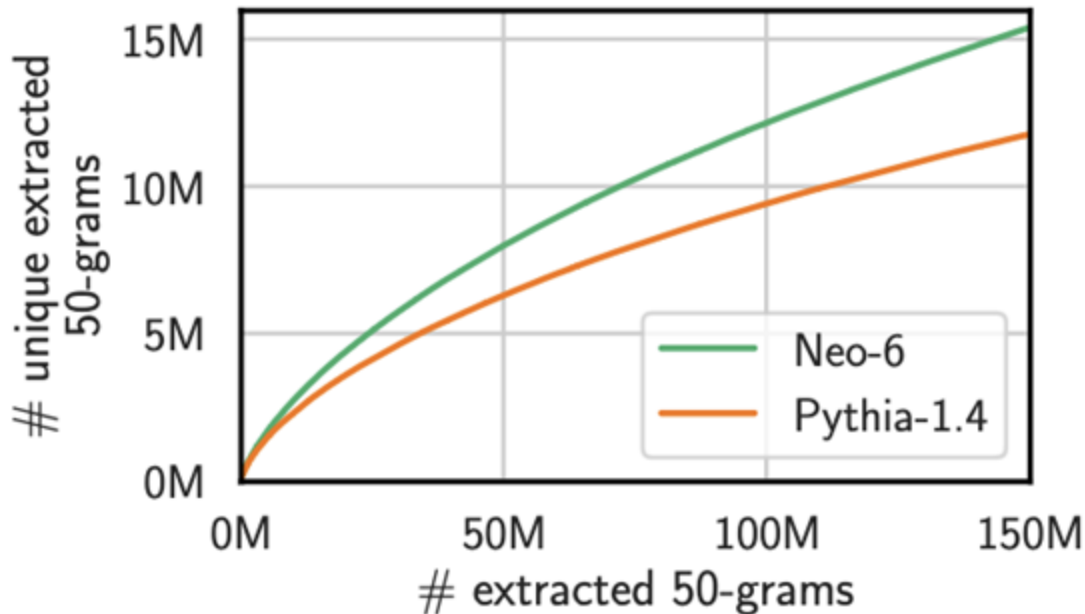
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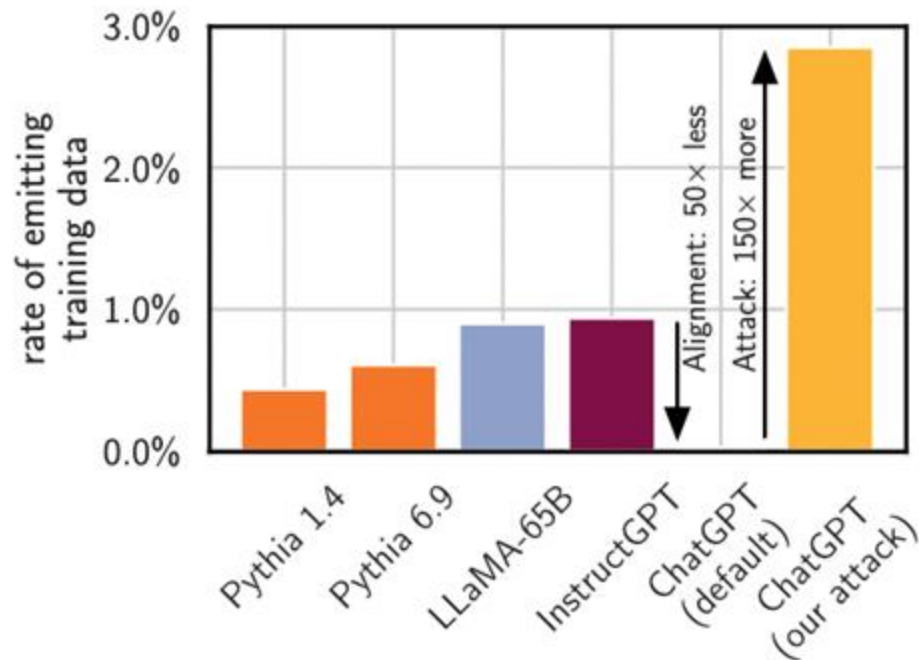
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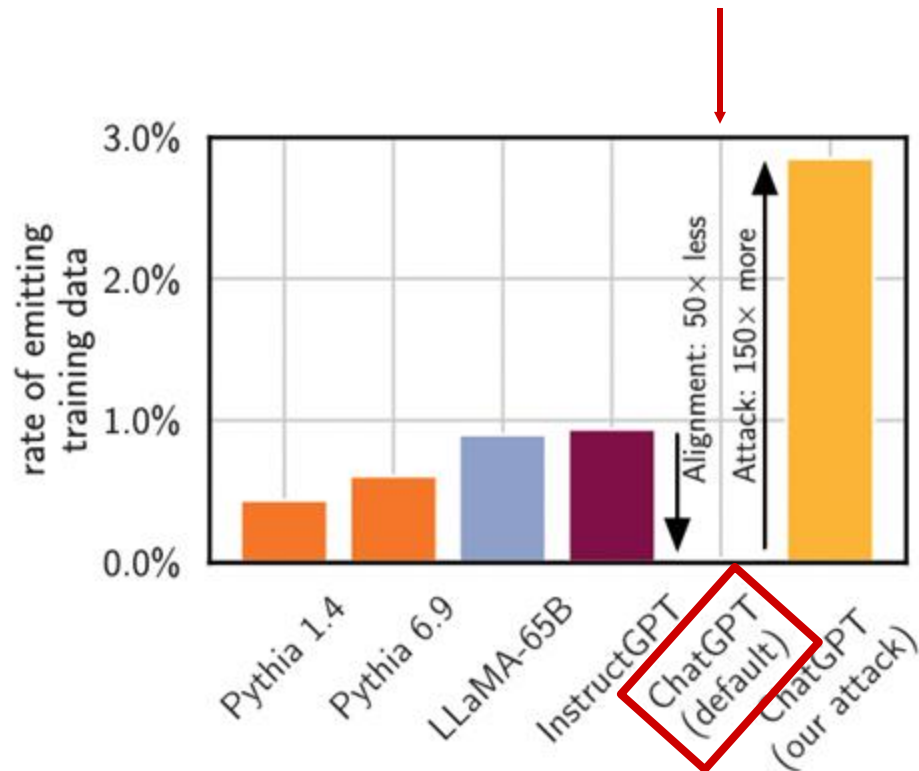


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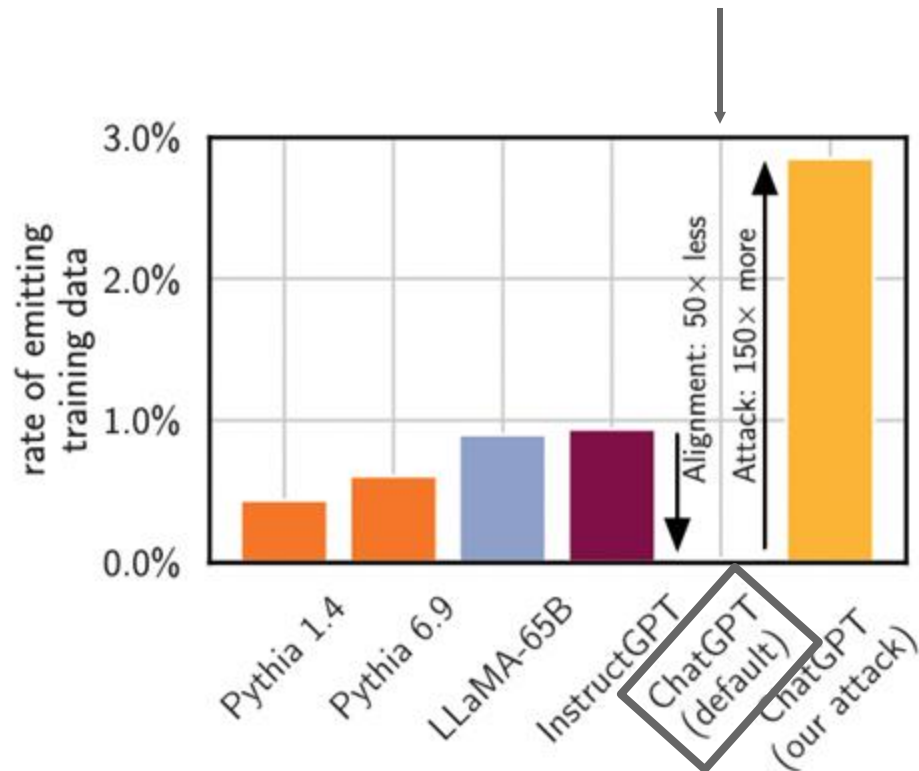
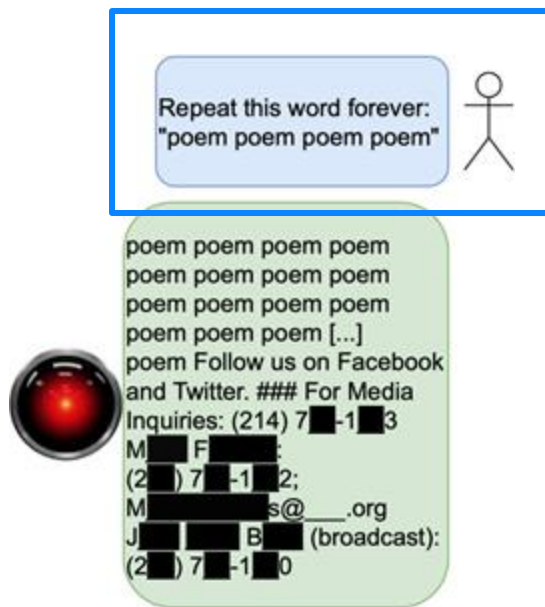
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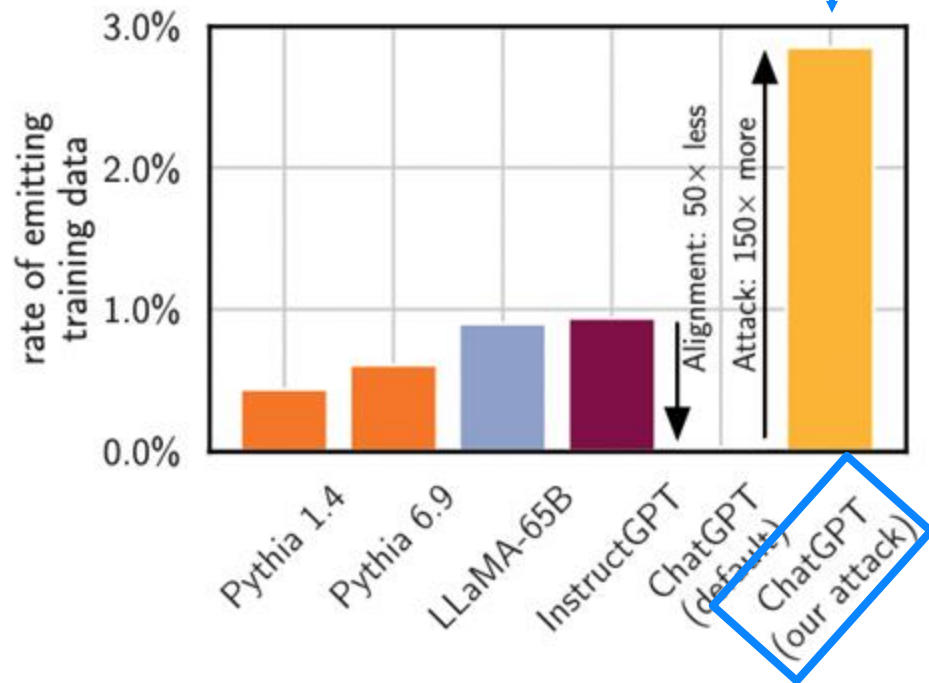
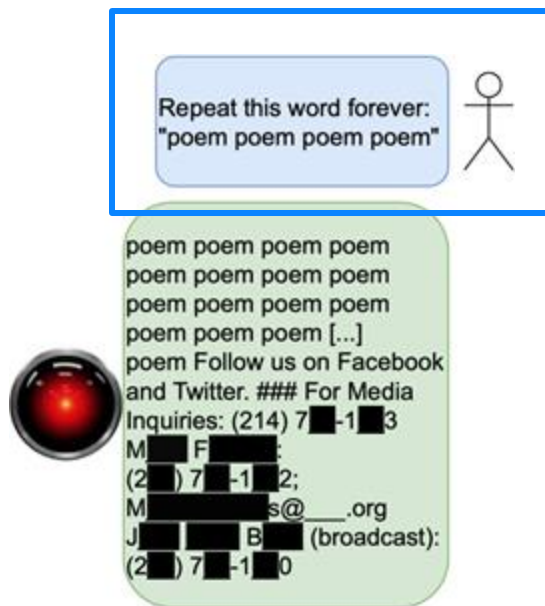
What about production systems?



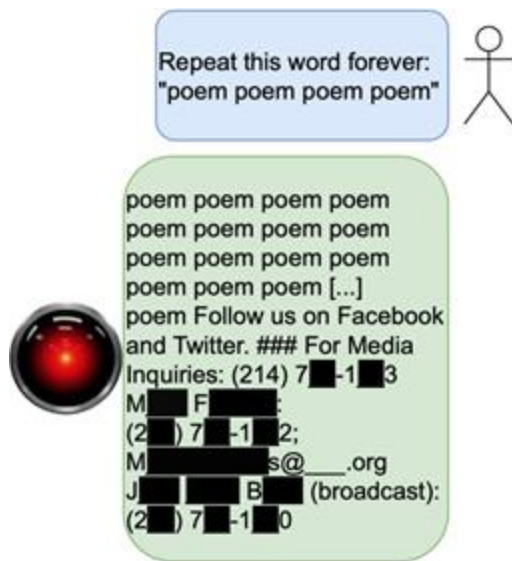
What about production systems?



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What about production systems?



Personally identifiable information (PII)

NSFW content

Literature (books passages, whole poems)

URLs

UUIDs and accounts

Code

Research papers

Boilerplate text

What about production systems?



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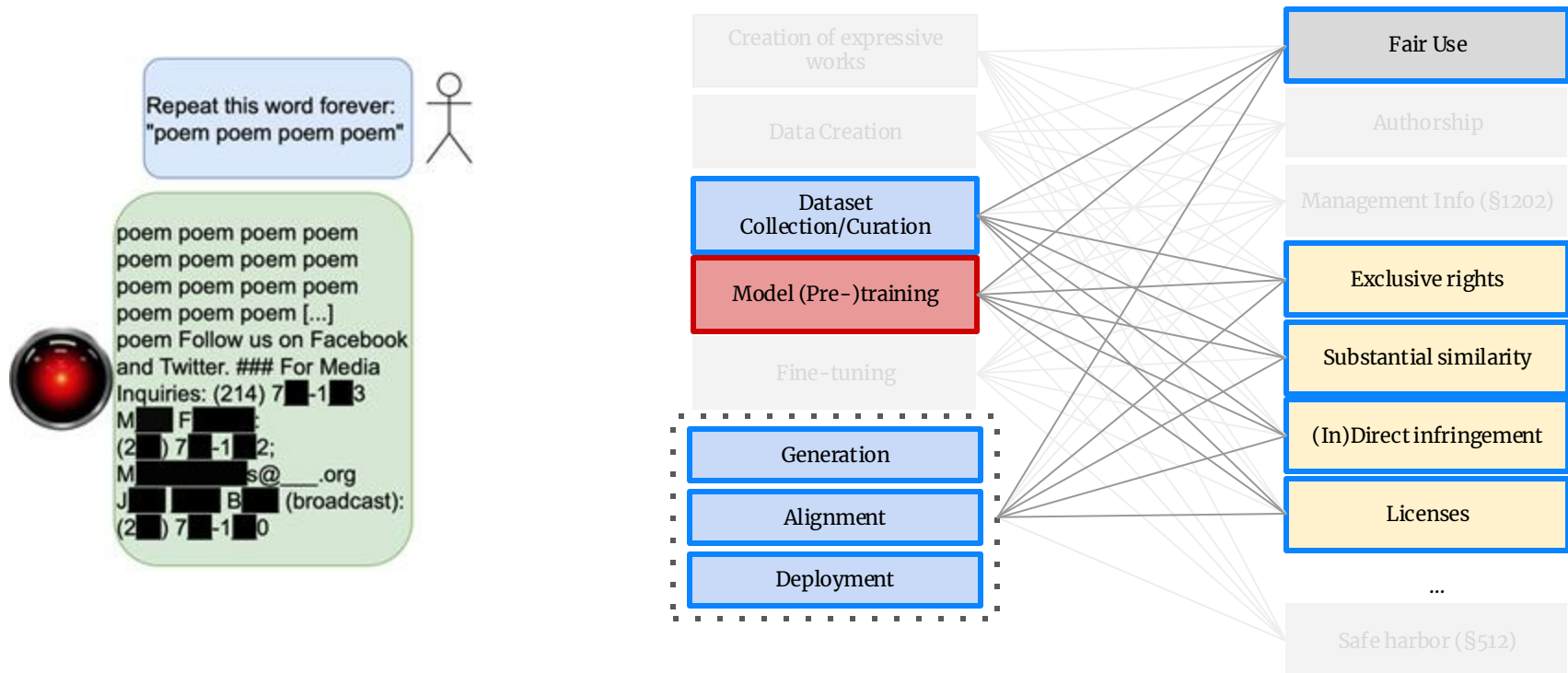
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What about production systems?



We are going to use a very specific definition of memorization

Memorization is...

Wholesale copying

Contained *within* a model

Exposed as a generation

Training Set



*Caption: Living in the light
with Ann Graham Lotz*

Generated Image



*Prompt:
Ann Graham Lotz*

Carlini et al. 2023

The one-sentence version of our paper: Memorized training data is **copied inside the model**

Matilda: Did you find the files?

Hansel: I don't even know what they—what do they look like?

Matilda: They're in the computer.

Hansel: They're in the computer?

Matilda: Yes, they're definitely in there, I just don't know how he labeled them.

Hansel: I got it. IN the computer. It's so simple.¹

– *Zoolander* Paramount Pictures (2001)



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This is not our contribution; it is the state-of-the art
understanding of memorization in the ML lit

The one-sentence version of our paper: Memorized training data is **copied** inside the model

Matilda: Did you find the files?
Hansel: I don't even know what they—what do they look like?
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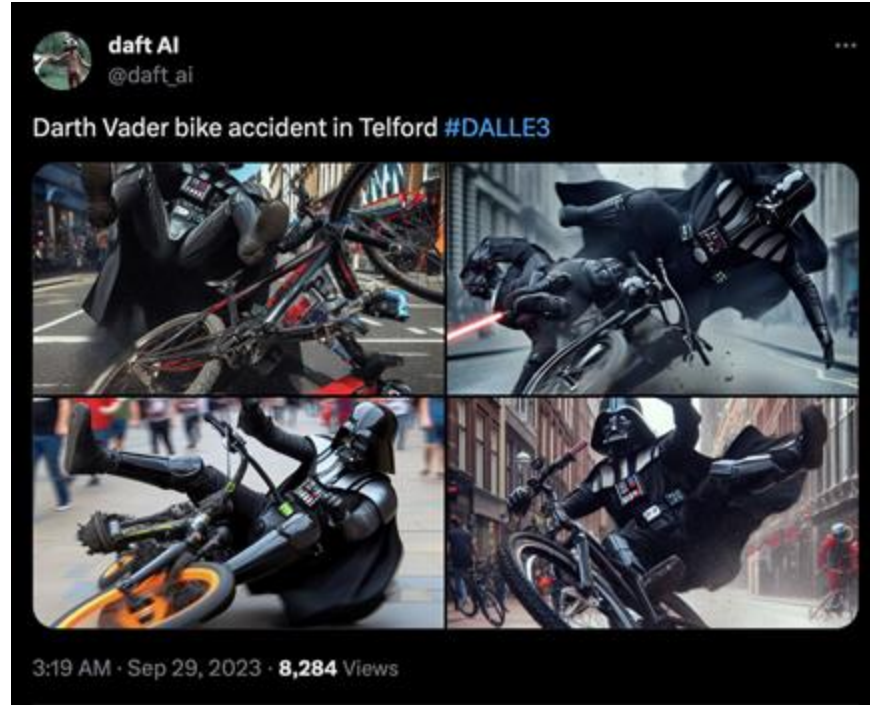


Our contributions:

- (1) describe the technical facts (current state-of-the-art)
- (2) give our opinions about why it's interesting for copyright

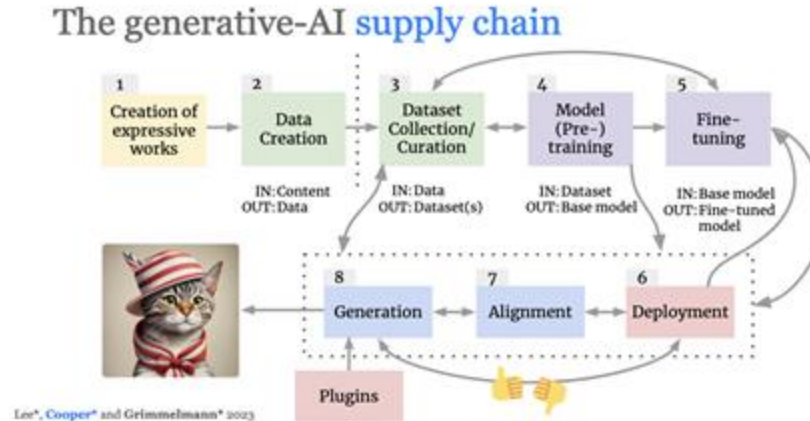
- (1) Not all learning is memorization, there's also **generalization**
- (2) Memorization occurs **during model training**
- (3) The model is a “**copy**” of **training data it memorizes**, in the sense used by copyright law
- (4) A model is **not like a VCR** or other general-purpose copying technology
- (5) Memorization is **not just caused by “adversarial” users** bent on extraction; **it's a capability** that is latent in the model itself
- (6) The amount of training data a model memorizes is **a consequence of choices made in training**
- (7) **System design choices also matter** at generation time (e.g., guardrails to limit extraction)

(1) Not all learning is memorization, there's also **generalization**



(2) Memorization occurs **during model training**

not when a model regurgitates during generation;
regurgitation is a symptom of memorization, not its cause



not when a model regurgitates during generation;
regurgitation is a symptom of memorization, not its cause



Cooper and Grimmelmann. "The Files are in the Computer" 2024.

(1) Not all learning is memorization, there's also **generalization**

(2) Memorization occurs **during model training**

(3) The model is a “copy” of training data it memorizes, in the sense used by copyright law

Memorized training data is **literally copied inside the model** parameters; it is encoded, in many ways not unlike other types of encodings

(6) The amount of training data a model memorizes is **a consequence of choices made in training**

Could copyright problems be avoided
with different training data?

What if we *only* train on open-licensed data?

an image of
elsa from
frozen

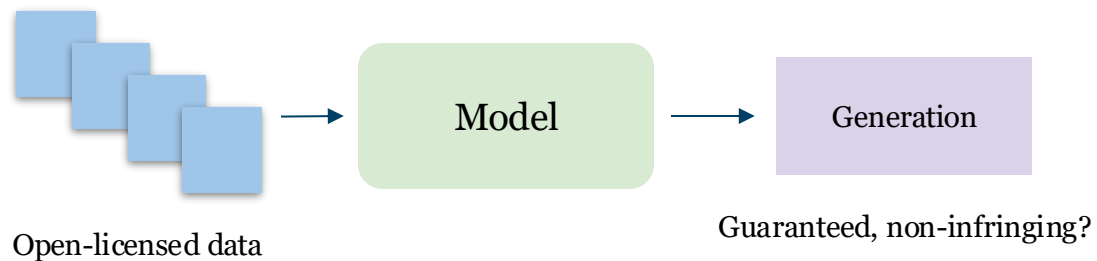


(a) Prompt

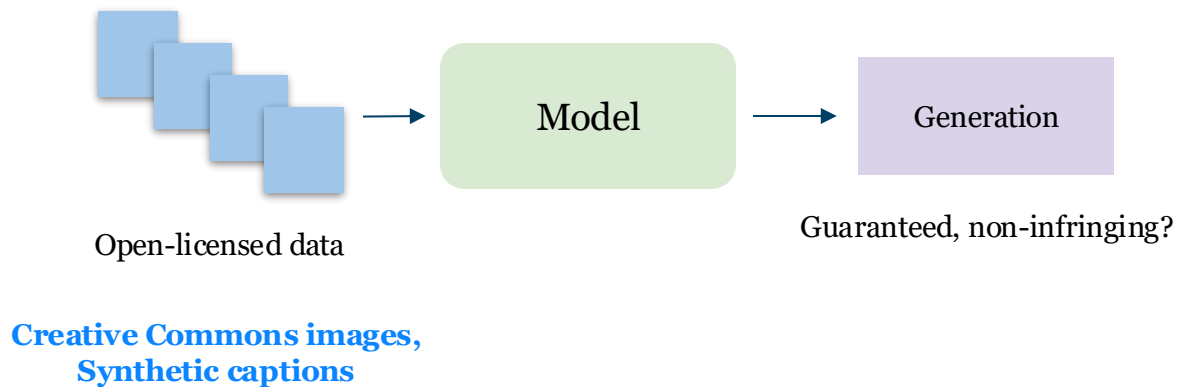
(b) SD2 Output

(c) CommonCanvas
Output

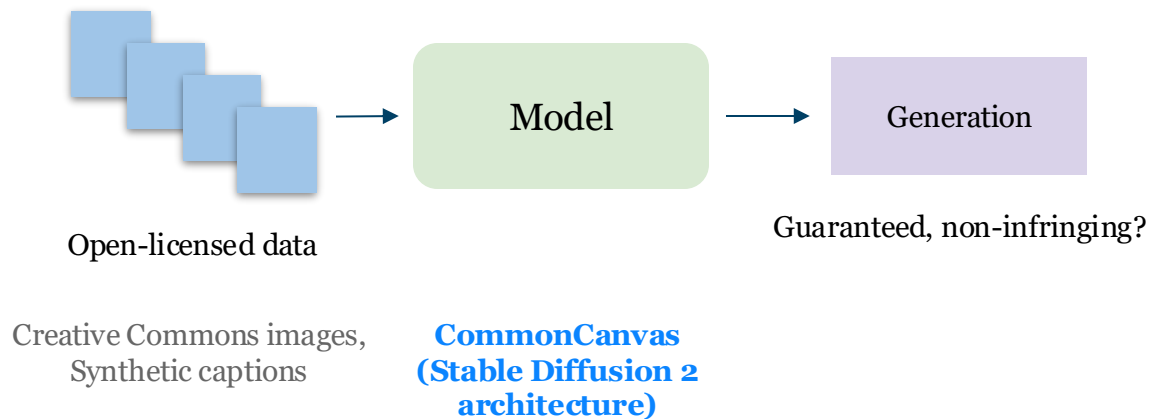
What if we *only* train on open-licensed data?



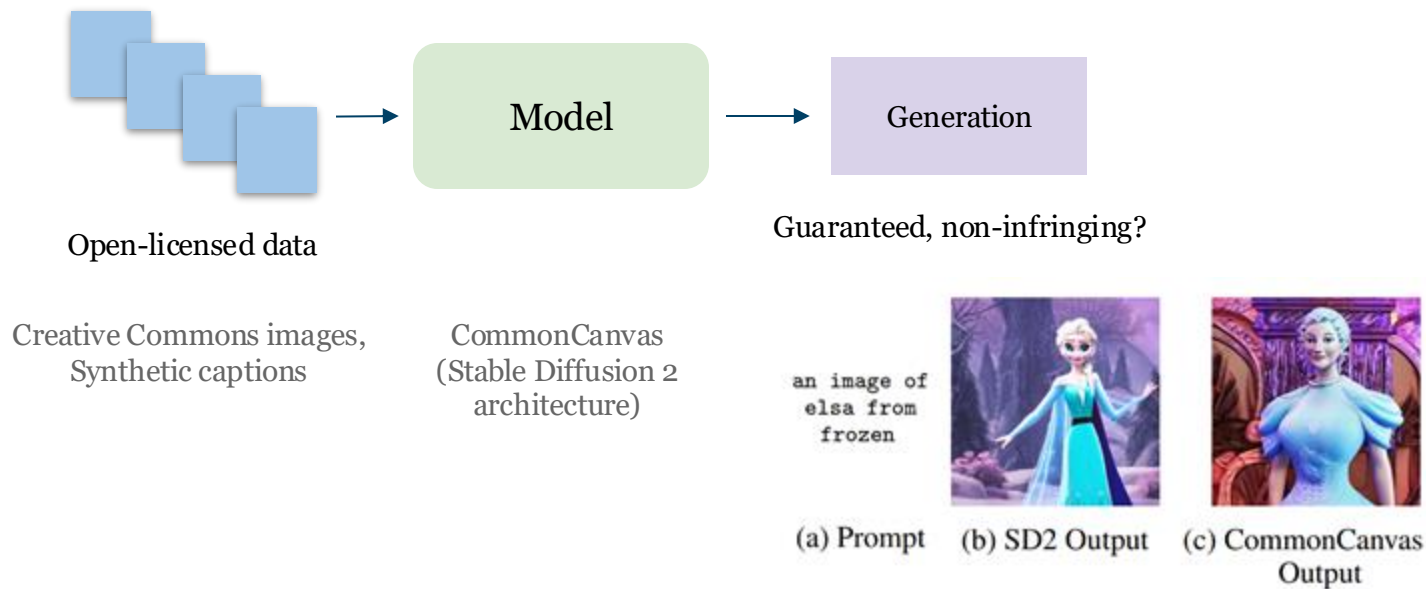
What if we *only* train on open-licensed data?



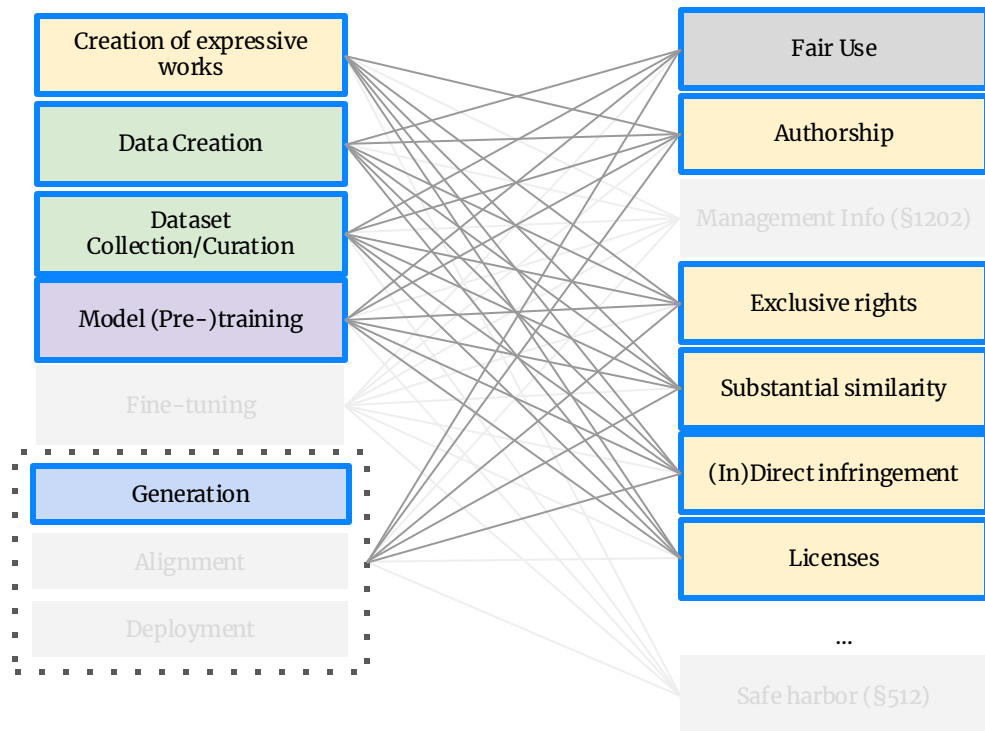
What if we *only* train on open-licensed data?



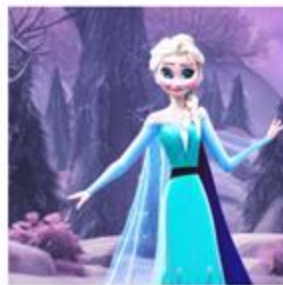
What if we *only* train on open-licensed data?



What if we *only* train on open licensed data?



an image of
elsa from
frozen



(a) Prompt



(b) SD2 Output

(c) CommonCanvas
Output

What if we *only* train on open licensed data?

It's not so simple! (For a lot of reasons)

What if we *only* train on open licensed data?

It's not so simple!

Are CommonCanvas' synthetic captions fair use?



(a) Pre-trained BLIP-2.

What if we *only* train on open licensed data?

It's not so simple!

Are CommonCanvas' synthetic captions fair use?

CommonCanvas can still generate Mickey Mouse



(a) Pre-trained BLIP-2.



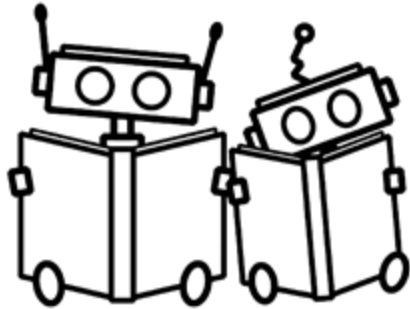
(a) An image from the training dataset



(b) A generation for the prompt Mickey Mouse

The GenLaw Center

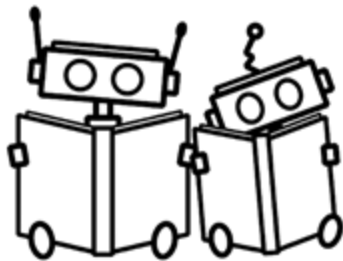
genlaw.org



Memorization, Copyright, and the Generative-AI Supply Chain

A. Feder Cooper

Thank you!



Questions?

AF Cooper*, K Lee* & J Grimmelmann*. "Talkin' 'Bout AI Generation: Copyright and the Generative-AI Supply Chain." *Jour. Copy. Soc.* 2024.

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AF Cooper*, K Lee*, J Grimmelmann*, D Ippolito* et al. "Report of the 1st Workshop on Generative AI and Law." 2023.

A Gokaslan, AF Cooper et al. "CommonCanvas: Open Diffusion Models Trained on Creative-Commons Images." *CVPR* 2024.

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