Multiple Agency Fiscal Note Summary

Bill Number: 1453 S HB Title: Medical cannabis/tax

Estimated Cash Receipts

Agency Name	ame 2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Liquor and Cannabis Board	Non-zero but indeterminate cost and/or savings. Please see discussion.								
Total \$	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Estimated Operating Expenditures

Agency Name	me 2023-25					2	025-27				2027-29	
	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total	FTEs	GF-State	NGF-Outlook	Total
Department of Revenue	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0	.0	0	0	0
Liquor and Cannabis Board	.1	24,571	24,571	24,571	.2	49,142	49,142	49,142	.2	49,142	49,142	49,142
Total \$	0.1	24,571	24,571	24,571	0.2	49,142	49,142	49,142	0.2	49,142	49,142	49,142

Estimated Capital Budget Expenditures

Agency Name	2023-25			2025-27			2027-29		
	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total	FTEs	Bonds	Total
Department of Revenue	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Liquor and Cannabis Board	.0	0	0	.0	0	0	.0	0	0
Total \$	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0	0

Estimated Capital Budget Breakout

Prepared by: Val Terre, OFM	Phone:	Date Published:
	(360) 280-3073	Final 2/26/2024

Department of Revenue Fiscal Note

Bill Number:	1453 S HB	Title: Medical cannabis/tax	Agency:	140-Department of Revenue
Part I: Esti	mates		·	
X No Fisca	al Impact			
Estimated Casi	_			
Estimated Expe	nditures from:			
NONE				
	pital Budget Impact	:		
NONI	Ė			
	-	timates on this page represent the most likely fisco	al impact. Factors impacting	the precision of these estimates,
Check applic	able boxes and follow	w corresponding instructions:		
If fiscal i form Par		\$50,000 per fiscal year in the current bienning	um or in subsequent bienni	a, complete entire fiscal note
If fiscal	impact is less than \$5	0,000 per fiscal year in the current biennium	or in subsequent biennia,	complete this page only (Part I
Capital b	oudget impact, compl	ete Part IV.		
Requires	new rule making, co	omplete Part V.		
Legislative (Contact:		Phone:	Date: 02/23/2024
Agency Prep		h	Phon&60-534-1512	Date: 02/26/2024
Agency App	roval: Marianne	McIntosh	Phon&60-534-1505	Date: 02/26/2024
OFM Review	v: Amy Hatt	ñeld	Phon(360) 280-7584	Date: 02/26/2024

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

CURRENT LAW:

The law imposes a cannabis excise tax of 37% of the selling price on each retail sale.

PROPOSAL:

This bill provides an exemption from the cannabis excise tax for medical cannabis patients.

EFFECTIVE DATE:

The bill takes effect 90 days after the final adjournment of the session.

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

This legislation results in no revenue impact on taxes administered by the Department of Revenue (department).

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

The department will not incur any costs with the implementation of this legislation.

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

III. B - Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA.

NONE

III. C - Expenditures By Program (optional)

NONE

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Individual State Agency Fiscal Note

Bill Number: 1453 S HB	Title:	Medical cannabis/t	ax			95-Liquor a oard	and Cannabis
Part I: Estimates							
No Fiscal Impact							
Estimated Cash Receipts to:							
Non-zero	but inde	eterminate cost and	or savings. Pl	ease see discussi	on.		
Estimated Operating Expenditure	s from:		=>/.000=				
FTE Staff Years		FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25		25-27 0.2	2027-29 0.2
Account	\longrightarrow	0.0	U.,	2 0	0.1	0.2	0.2
General Fund-State 001-1		0	24,57	1 24,5	71	49,142	49,142
	Total \$	0	24,57			49,142	49,142
The cash receipts and expenditure est and alternate ranges (if appropriate)			e most likely fiscai	impact. Factors i	mpacting the	precision of	these estimates,
Check applicable boxes and follow	w correspo	onding instructions:					
If fiscal impact is greater than form Parts I-V.	\$50,000 p	per fiscal year in the	current bienniu	m or in subseque	nt biennia, c	omplete er	ntire fiscal note
X If fiscal impact is less than \$5	0,000 per	fiscal year in the cu	rrent biennium o	or in subsequent	biennia, com	nplete this p	page only (Part I)
Capital budget impact, comple		-			,		,
Requires new rule making, co	mplete Pa	art V.					
Legislative Contact:				Phone:		Date: 02	/23/2024
Agency Preparation: Colin O N	Jeill			Phone: (360) 66	54-4552	Date: 02	
Agency Approval: Aaron Har				Phone: 360-664		Date: 02	

Val Terre

OFM Review:

Date: 02/26/2024

Phone: (360) 280-3073

Part II: Narrative Explanation

II. A - Brief Description Of What The Measure Does That Has Fiscal Impact

Significant provisions of the bill and any related workload or policy assumptions that have revenue or expenditure impact on the responding agency by section number.

Section 1(2):

- (a) The tax levied by RCW 69.50.535 (37% cannabis excise tax) does not apply to sales by a cannabis retailer with a medical cannabis endorsement to qualifying patients or designated providers who have been issued a recognition card, of cannabis concentrates, useable cannabis, or cannabis-infused products, identified by the Department of Health as a compliant cannabis product in chapter 246-70 WAC and tested to the standards in WAC 246-70-040.
- (b) Each seller making exempt sales under this subsection (2) must maintain information establishing eligibility for the exemption in the form and manner required by the board.
- (c) The board must provide a separate tax reporting line on the excise tax form for exemption amounts claimed under this subsection (2).

Section 2: The provisions of RCW 82.32.805 [tax preferences] and 82.32.808 [performance statement] do not apply to this act

II. B - Cash receipts Impact

Cash receipts impact of the legislation on the responding agency with the cash receipts provisions identified by section number and when appropriate, the detail of the revenue sources. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the cash receipts impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

This bill would exempt qualifying patients, or their designated providers, that have been issued a recognition card, from the 37% cannabis excise tax on purchases of Department of Health (DOH) compliant cannabis products (as defined in WAC 246-70) and tested to the standards in WAC 246-70-040, when purchased at a cannabis retailer with a medical cannabis endorsement. Currently the testing standards set by DOH include testing for pesticides, heavy metals, and mycotoxins.

Current DOH policy states that for purposes of the sales and use tax exemption, any cannabis product purchased by a qualifying patient with a recognition card is "compliant cannabis product." This bill takes that one step further and requires that cannabis products meet the testing standards in WAC 246-70-040 to qualify for the excise tax exemption.

At the present time, very few patients appear to be utilizing the sales tax exemption, likely weighing the minimal benefit of saving 9%-10% on purchases in exchange for the hassle of going through the process of obtaining a recognition card and being entered into the state's medical cannabis authorization database. In 2022, approximately 12,000 cards were created in the database (this includes both new cards and renewals as the cards need to be renewed each year).

LCB analysis shows about 1% of FY22 sales were retail sales tax exempt (made to cardholders). In fact, the percentage of tax-exempt sales appears to be declining almost every year since 2017. See the attached chart "Sales-tax exempt sales as a percentage of total sales.pdf".

By creating an exemption from the 37% cannabis excise tax, this policy creates an incentive for more customers to obtain a recognition card to take advantage of the savings. Assuming there is a demand for product that meets the DOH testing standards, and the supply meets the demand, then there is the potential that there could be a significant negative impact to cannabis excise tax revenue. For context, cannabis excise tax revenues were \$511.1 million in FY22. If 1% of those sales were products to recognition card holders that met the DOH testing standards, then the revenue loss would be \$5.1 million per year.

That being said, it is unknown how much more cannabis product would be produced that meets the standards of WAC 246-70-040 and how many more patients would take advantage of the excise tax exemption. The potential exists however, for the impact on cannabis excise tax revenues to be significant.

II. C - Expenditures

Agency expenditures necessary to implement this legislation (or savings resulting from this legislation), with the provisions of the legislation that result in the expenditures (or savings) identified by section number. Description of the factual basis of the assumptions and the method by which the expenditure impact is derived. Explanation of how workload assumptions translate into cost estimates. Distinguished between one time and ongoing functions.

ENFORCEMENT DIVISION:

The Washington State Liquor and Cannabis Board ("Board") keeps detailed statistics on all of its enforcement activities and tracks this activity using a unit of measure called a Field Increment (FI). All direct enforcement activities such as premise checks, inspections and investigations are tracked to determine how many FI's are needed to accomplish each activity. Each FI is equivalent to 1 /10th of an hour (6 minutes). For example, if a tavern premise check takes 2 FI's and two officers, it is anticipated that one check will consume 4 FI's. Using historical data to factor out indirect activities such as driving time, training, office time and leave, it has been determined that officers are available for an average of 4,220 FI's each year.

Please see the attached "1453 SHB Medical Cannabis Tax Enforcement Field Increment Calculator.pdf" for the workload calculations.

Based on 478 cannabis retailers, audits, complaint investigations and support and education would be conducted by the Enforcement Division requiring:

0.2 FTE LCB Enforcement Officer 2 - \$24,571/yr (\$21,399 salary/benefits, \$3,172 in associated costs).

Part III: Expenditure Detail

III. A - Operating Budget Expenditures

Account	Account Title	Type	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
001-1	General Fund	State	0	24,571	24,571	49,142	49,142
		Total \$	0	24,571	24,571	49,142	49,142

III. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
FTE Staff Years		0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
A-Salaries and Wages		15,406	15,406	30,812	30,812
B-Employee Benefits		5,993	5,993	11,986	11,986
C-Professional Service Contracts					
E-Goods and Other Services		872	872	1,744	1,744
G-Travel		2,232	2,232	4,464	4,464
J-Capital Outlays		68	68	136	136
M-Inter Agency/Fund Transfers					
N-Grants, Benefits & Client Services					
P-Debt Service					
S-Interagency Reimbursements					
T-Intra-Agency Reimbursements					
9-					
Total \$	0	24,571	24,571	49,142	49,142

III. C - Operating FTE Detail: List FTEs by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals need to agree with total FTEs in Part I and Part IIIA

Job Classification	Salary	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
LCB Enforcement Officer 2	77,028		0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2
Total FTEs			0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2

III. D - Expenditures By Program (optional)

Program	FY 2024	FY 2025	2023-25	2025-27	2027-29
Enforcement Division (060)		24,571	24,571	49,142	49,142
Total \$		24,571	24,571	49,142	49,142

Part IV: Capital Budget Impact

IV. A - Capital Budget Expenditures

NONE

IV. B - Expenditures by Object Or Purpose

NONE

IV. C - Capital Budget Breakout

Acquisition and construction costs not reflected elsewhere on the fiscal note and description of potential financing methods.

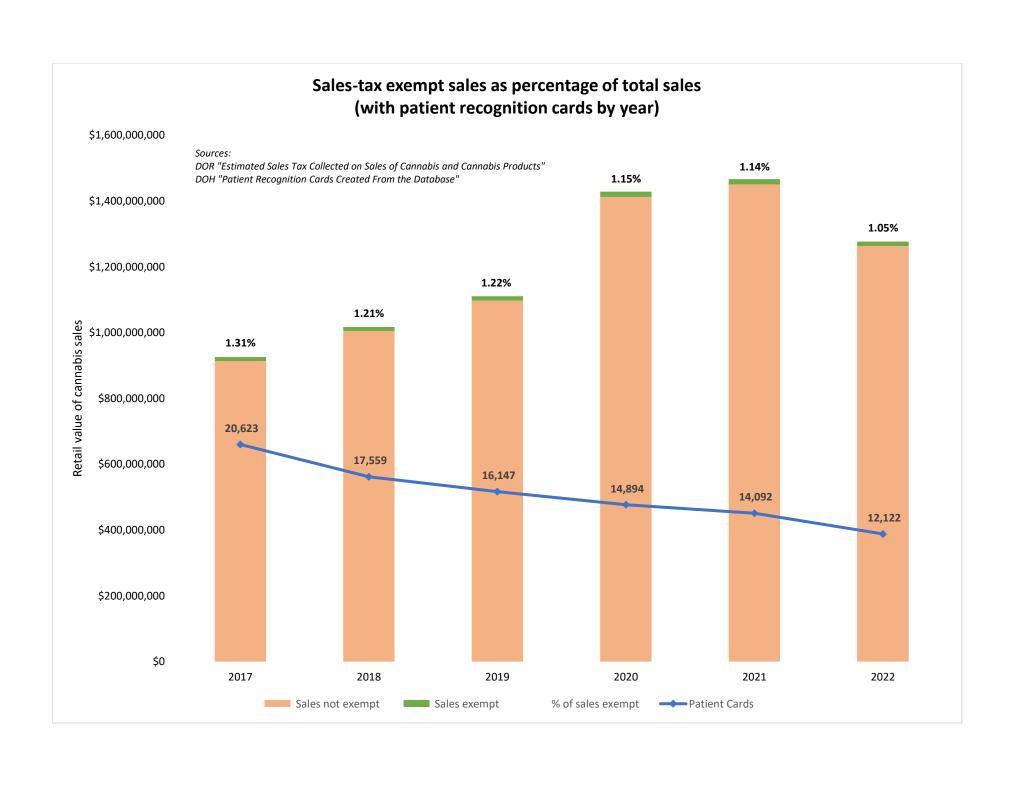
NONE

IV. D - Capital FTE Detail: FTEs listed by classification and corresponding annual compensation. Totals agree with total FTEs in Part IVB.

NONE

Part V: New Rule Making Required

Provisions of the bill that require the agency to adopt new administrative rules or repeal/revise existing rules.



Enforcement Field Increment (FI) Calculator 1453 SHB: "Medical Cannabis/Tax" (annual cost per year ongoing) Time Factor Staffing Factor Consultant # of events FI Total Officer **Event** 120 Cannabis Tax Audit 12 10 120 0 72 License Support and Education 7 1.3 652 652 Complaint Investigations Cannabis 10 20 1.3 249 249

Factors	Values
Retail locations	478
Cannabis Tax Audit	2.5%
License Support and Education	15%
Complaint Investigations Cannabis	2%

	Total FI's	1,021	1,021	0
Total Field	Increments per FTE	4,220	4,220	4,220
	FTE's required	0.24	0.24	0.00
	Round	0.20	0.20	0.00