AMENDATORY SECTION (Amending WSR 22-14-111, filed 7/6/22, effective 8/6/22)

WAC 314-55-096 ((Vendor, educational)) Trade samples, retail display samples, and internal quality control samples. (1) ((Vendor)) Trade samples: ((Producers or processors may provide free)) Trade samples are samples of useable cannabis, cannabis-infused products, and cannabis concentrates ((to negotiate)), as described in this section, provided for free for the purpose of negotiating a sale and providing education to budtenders engaged in selling cannabis products at retail.

(a) Trade samples may be provided by a producer to a processor, or by a processor to a retailer.

(b) Trade samples must be provided free of charge to the receiving licensee.

(c) Trade samples may only be provided to a licensee that has requested the trade sample or is consenting to receiving the trade sample.

(d) Trade samples may be used for:

(i) Negotiating a sale on product ((the retail licensee does not currently carry. All vendor sample limits are)) not currently carried by the cannabis licensee;

(ii) Educating budtenders on new products the cannabis retailer has not previously offered for sale to the public; and

(iii) Educating new budtenders on existing products the retailer sells.

(e) A trade sample unit must:

(i) Be representative of the product being offered for sale on the market;

(ii) Not be larger than the smallest unit offered for individual sale at retail;

(iii) Not exceed the following amounts per unit:

(A) 3.5 grams of cannabis;

(B) One gram of cannabis concentrate;

(C) 100 milligrams of cannabis-infused product in solid or liquid form meant to be ingested orally, applied topically, or otherwise taken into the body containing not more than 10 milligrams of active delta-9 THC per serving consistent with the limits provided in WAC 314-55-095.

(f) The limits on the amount of trade samples offered to cannabis licensees are based on calendar ((months)) guarters.

(i) Producers may not provide any one licensed processor more than 96 trade sample units of cannabis flower per calendar quarter.

(ii) Processors may not provide any one licensed retail business more than 120 trade sample units of any combination of useable cannabis, cannabis concentrates, or cannabis-infused products per calendar quarter.

<u>(g)</u> The producer or processor must:

(i) Record the amount of each ((vendor)) trade sample provided by product type and the ((processor or retailer receiving the sample)) trade name of the receiving licensee in the state's traceability system((. The outgoing sample must be clearly labeled)); (ii) Clearly label each outgoing sample as a "((vendor)) trade

(ii) Clearly label each outgoing sample as a "((vendor)) trade sample" ((to negotiate a sale and recorded)) and itemize trade samples on a <u>separate</u> transport manifest <u>from products intended for resale;</u> All trade samples must be packaged and labeled in accordance with the requirements in WAC 314-55-105, and include an additional label affixed to the package with the following statement in a style or type of lettering that is bold, clear, and conspicuous when compared with other type, lettering or graphics, and does not obscure other required labeling information: "TRADE SAMPLE - NOT FOR RESALE OR DONATION."

(iii) Locate and store all trade samples in a designated area on the licensed premises, separate from nonsample products being sold to another licensee;

(iv) Not provide trade samples as a condition for a retailer to purchase the producer or processor's products or in any manner that would cause undue influence over another licensee or industry member;

(v) Provide the license receiving trade samples of cannabis with the certificate of analysis for all quality assurance and quality control tests conducted on the lot or batch from which the sample was derived;

(vi) Disclose all chemicals applied to the growing medium and the plants during production and or processing as applicable including, but not limited to, pesticides, fungicides, herbicides, rodenticides, nutrients, fertilizers, and pH control; and

(vii) Disclose all solvents and other chemicals, that were used during the processing of a cannabis concentrate or cannabis-infused product including, but not limited to, additives and ingredients.

(h) The receiving licensee must receive the ((vendor)) trade sample in the traceability system prior to sampling. ((a) Vendor)) (i) Trade samples may only be given to and used by

(((a) Vendor)) (i) Trade samples may only be given to and used by licensees or <u>current paid</u> employees of ((licensees who have product ordering authority or employees who provide input on product to licensees or employees of licensees who have purchasing authority to inform purchasing decisions)) the licensee as detailed in a <u>licensee's</u> written business policy.

(((b) Producers may not provide any one licensed processor more than eight grams of cannabis flower per month free of charge for the purpose of negotiating a sale.

(c) Processors may not provide any one licensed retailer more than eight grams of useable cannabis per month free of charge for the purpose of negotiating a sale.

(d) Processors may not provide any one licensed retailer more than eight units of cannabis-infused products in solid form meant to be ingested orally or otherwise taken into the body per month free of charge for the purpose of negotiating a sale. No single unit may exceed 10 mg of THC.

(e) Processors may not provide any one licensed retailer more than eight units of cannabis-infused product in liquid form meant to be eaten, swallowed, or otherwise taken into the body per month free of charge for the purpose of negotiating a sale. No single unit may exceed 10 mg of THC.

(f) Processors may not provide any one licensed retailer more than eight units of cannabis-infused products meant to be applied topically per month free of charge for the purpose of negotiating a sale.

(g) Processors may not provide any one licensed retailer more than two units of cannabis-infused extract meant for inhalation or infused cannabis mix per month free of charge for the purpose of negotiating a sale. No single unit may exceed 0.5 g.

(h) A cannabis producer must make quality assurance test results available to any processor receiving samples to negotiate a sale. The

producer must also provide a statement that discloses all pesticides applied to the cannabis plants and growing medium during production.

(i) A cannabis processor must make quality assurance test results available to any retailer receiving samples to negotiate a sale. If a cannabis extract was added to the product, the processors must disclose the type of extraction process and any solvent, gas, or other chemical used in the extraction process, or any other compound added to the extract.

(j) **Vendor sample labeling:** All vendor samples must be clearly labeled as a vendor sample and meet all labeling requirements of the product to be sampled.

(i) The unique identifier number generated by the traceability system;

(ii) The UBI number of the licensed entity providing the sample; and

(iii) Weight of the product in ounces and grams or volume as applicable.

(2) Education sampling. Processors)) (i) Trade samples may not be sold, and only be given free of charge to paid employees of the licensed business.

(ii) Trade samples may not be provided as employee compensation, as an incentive, or reward.

(j) Cannabis retailers:

(i) Must not require a producer or processor to provide free trade samples as a condition for purchasing a licensee's products or in any manner that would cause undue influence over another licensee or industry member.

(ii) Must locate trade samples in a designated area on the licensed premises, separate from nonsample products for resale, and be clearly identified as trade samples.

(iii) May provide free <u>trade</u> samples of useable cannabis, cannabis-infused products, and cannabis concentrates to ((retail licensees to give to the licensee's)) <u>current paid</u> employees ((for educational purposes. Products being sampled must be carried by)) <u>of</u> the licensed retailer. ((The processor))

(iv) Must track all incoming and outgoing trade sample inventory in the state traceability system by product type.

(v) Must record the <u>sample</u> amount ((of each sample and the retailer receiving the sample)) being provided to each employee in the traceability system <u>including the product type and the name of the em-</u> ployee receiving the sample. ((The outgoing sample must be clearly labeled as "education sample" and recorded on a transport manifest. Once the retailer receives the))

(vi) Must not provide more than 15 sample((, the retailer must accept the sample in the traceability system prior to distributing samples to the retailer's employees. All employees at a licensed retail location who receive educational samples must be entered into the traceability system for the purpose of distributing education samples.

(a) Retailers are restricted to receiving a maximum of 100 sample units per calendar month. No more than 10 sample units may be provided to any one employee per calendar month.

(b) The maximum size of education samples are:

(i) Useable cannabis, cannabis mix, and infused cannabis mix -One unit not to exceed 0.5 g.

(ii) Cannabis infused solid or liquid product meant to be ingested orally or otherwise taken into the body - One unit not to exceed 10 mg THC. (iii) Cannabis-infused extract for inhalation - One unit not to exceed 0.25 g.

(iv) Cannabis-infused products for topical application - One unit not to exceed 16 ounces.

(c) Distribution and consumption of all educational samples is limited to retail employees who directly sell product to retail customers. Retail employees who are not involved in direct sales to customers are not eligible for education samples.

(d) Cannabis retail licensees are prohibited from providing educational samples to their employees as a form of compensation.

(e) A cannabis processor must make quality assurance test results available to any retailer receiving education samples. If a cannabis extract was added to the product, the processors must disclose the type of extraction process and any solvent, gas, or other chemical used in the extraction process, or any other compound added to the extract.

(f) **Education sample labeling:** All education samples must be clearly labeled "education sample" and include the following information on the label:

(i) The unique identifier number generated by the traceability system;

(ii) The UBI number and trade name of the licensed entity providing the sample;

(iii) Product name or strain name for useable cannabis;

(iv) Weight of the product in ounces and grams or volume as applicable; and

(v) Potency labeled as required under WAC 314-55-105.

(3) A cannabis processor is not required to provide free samples to negotiate a sale or educational samples to a cannabis retail licensee, and a cannabis retail licensee may not require a cannabis processor to provide free sample to negotiate a sale or educational samples as a condition for purchasing the cannabis processor's products.

(4))) units to any one employee within a calendar quarter.

(2) Retailers may not provide free samples to customers.

(3) Internal quality control sampling: Producers and processors may conduct limited self-sampling for quality control. All sample limits are based on calendar ((months)) <u>quarters</u>. Consuming samples for quality control may not take place ((at a)) <u>on the</u> licensed premises. Only the producer, processor, or <u>their paid</u> employees ((of the licensee)) may sample ((the)) cannabis flower, useable cannabis, cannabis-infused product. The producer or processor must record the amount of each sample and the employee(s) conducting the sampling in the <u>state's</u> traceability system.

(a) Producers may sample ((two grams)) up to 14 grams of cannabis ((flower)) per ((strain, per month)) harvest, for internal quality ((sampling)) control.

(b) Processors may sample ((one unit)) up to eight units per batch of ((a new)) cannabis-infused product meant to be ingested orally or otherwise taken into the body to be offered for sale on the market for internal quality control.

(c) Processors may sample up to ((one unit)) <u>3.5 grams</u> per batch of ((a new cannabis-infused extract for inhalation)) <u>cannabis concen-</u> <u>trates</u> to be offered for sale on the market <u>for internal quality con-</u> <u>trol</u>. ((No single sample may exceed 0.5 g. (d) Processors may sample one unit per batch of a new cannabis mix packaged to be offered for sale on the market. No single sample may exceed 1 q.

(e) Processors may sample one unit per batch of a new infused cannabis mix to be offered for sale on the market. No sample may exceed 0.5 g.

(f) Processors may sample one unit per batch of a new cannabisinfused product for topical application to be offered for sale on the market. No sample may exceed 16 ounces.

(5) Retailers may not provide free samples to customers.

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(4) Sample jars:

(a) <u>All sample jars must be labeled with the following:</u>

(i) Information identifying it as a sample jar;

(ii) The UBI number of the licensed entity providing the sample; and

(iii) Weight of the product in ounces and grams or volume as applicable.

(b) A processor may provide a retailer free samples of useable cannabis packaged in a <u>transparent</u> sample jar protected by a plastic or metal mesh screen to allow customers to <u>view and</u> smell the product before purchase. The sample jar may not contain more than ((three and one-half)) 3.5 grams of useable cannabis. The plastic or metal mesh screen must be sealed onto the container, and must be free of rips, tears, or holes greater than 2 mm in diameter.

(c) Neither the sample jar ((and)) or the useable cannabis within may ((not)) be sold, transferred, given away, or otherwise provided to a customer ((and must be returned to the licensed processor who provided the useable cannabis and sample jar.

(b) **Sample jar labeling:** All sample jars must be labeled with the following:

(i) The unique identifier number generated by the traceability system;

(ii) Information identifying whether it is a vendor sample or sample jar;

(iii) The UBI number of the licensed entity providing the sample; and

(iv) Weight of the product in ounces and grams or volume as applicable.

(c) A cannabis processor must make quality assurance test results available to any retailer receiving sample jars. The processor must also provide a statement that discloses all pesticides applied to the cannabis plants and growing medium during production.

(d) If a cannabis extract was added to the product, the processor must disclose to the retailer the type of extraction process and any solvent, gas, or other chemical used in the extraction process, or any other compound added to the extract)).

(d) Any useable cannabis no longer needed for display in sample jars may either be:

(i) Given to paid employees of the retailer free of charge. The sample amount must be recorded in the state's traceability system and will count towards the employees maximum sample limit described in (1) (j) (vi) of this section;

(ii) Disposed in accordance with the requirements in WAC 314-55-097 and recorded in the state's traceability system, consistent with WAC 314-55-083; or

(iii) Returned to the processor that provided the sample, to be disposed in accordance with WAC 314-55-097 and recorded in the state's traceability system, consistent with WAC 314-55-083.

<u>traceability system</u>, consistent with WAC 314-55-083. (((7))) <u>(5)</u> **Transportation**. Outgoing and return ((vendor)) <u>trade</u> samples and sample jars must adhere to the transportation requirements in WAC 314-55-085.