1	State Corporation Commission  COMMONWEALTH OF VIRGINIA Document Control Center
2	04/25/25-4:45PM STATE CORPORATION COMMISSION
3	CASE NO. PUR-2024-00184
4	
5	IN RE: PETITION OF VIRGINIA ELECTRIC
6	AND POWER COMPANY
7	
8	Integrated Resource Plan
9	filing pursuant to
10	Virginia Code Section
11	56-597 et seq.
12	
13	TRANSCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS BEFORE
14	THE HONORABLE SAMUEL T. TOWELL
15	THE HONORABLE JEHMAL T. HUDSON
16	THE HONORABLE KELSEY A. BAGOT
17	DAY 3
18	Wednesday, April 16, 2025
19	10:00 a.m. to 5:50 p.m.
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22	
23	Job No: 559217
24	Pages: 396 - 727
25	Reported By: Scott D. Gregg, RPR

ii.	
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1	PROCEEDINGS
2	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: First, before we
3	begin, just to let you know, Judge Bagot will be
4	here. I know that her seat is a little bit empty,
5	but she will be here. She's a little bit late.
6	So unfortunately you guys still have me, so
7	First, let me just take
8	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: We're back to the
9	'22-'23 era.
10	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: That's right.
11	That's right, absolutely.
12	So first, let me just take care of one
13	preliminary matter, and that's in regards to
14	exhibits.
15	So for clarity, this is when
16	Appalachian Voices was doing their cross, we did
17	admit Exhibit No. 23 into the record. I did take
18	Exhibit No. 24 under advisement, but I did decide
19	that I did not want to admit Exhibit No. 24 into
20	the record, but do I think that for the purpose on
21	cross, Ms. James' counsel certainly made the point
22	in the record.
23	And for clarity, Exhibit No. 25, I believe
24	was withdrawn; is that correct, Counsel?
25	MR. BENFORADO: Yes, it was.

1	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you. All	
2	right. So let's proceed. Appalachian Voices.	
3	Is there any update as far as Mr. Wilson?	
4	MS. ROBB: Your Honor, I'm sorry. I just	
5	wasn't following you. Is it Exhibit 24 in the	
6	record now?	
7	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: It's not. It will	
8	not be in the record.	
9	MS. ROBB: Thank you.	
10	MR. BENFORADO: Yes, Your Honor, all three	
11	of our witnesses are here in person. Mr. Wilson	
12	was able to catch a late flight and took an early	
13	drive down here, so we are ready to proceed in	
14	person.	
15	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you. Please	
16	proceed.	
17	MR. BENFORADO: We will call Dr. Laws,	
18	Nicholas Laws.	
19	NICHOLAS D. LAWS, called as a witness,	
20	having been first duly sworn, was examined and	
21	testified as follows:	
22	DIRECT EXAMINATION	
23	BY MR. BENFORADO:	
24	Q Good morning.	
25	A Good morning.	

1	Q Could you, please, state your name,	
2	position, and business address?	
3	A My name is Nicholas D. Laws. I'm director	
4	of modeling and analytics at IdeaSmiths LLC, the	
5	business address of which is 8615 Alverstone Way,	
6	Austin, Texas 78759.	
7	Q Do you have with you a document entitled	
8	Direct Testimony of Nicholas D. Laws, consisting	
9	of a one-page summary, nine pages of questions and	
10	answers on February filed on February 28th,	
11	2024?	
12	A Yes.	
13	Q And do you also have with you the three	
14	attachments filed with your direct testimony	
15	titled Attachment NDL-1, 2, and 3?	
16	A Yes.	
17	Q And am I correct that the attachment NDL-3	
18	is the IdeaSmiths report, which presents	
19	alternative modeling scenarios and resource	
20	portfolios?	
21	A Yes.	
22	Q Were these documents prepared by you or	
23	under your direct supervision?	
24	A Yes, they were.	
25	Q And do you have any corrections to these	

1	documents?
2	A Yes, I have two corrections to the
3	IdeaSmiths report.
4	Q Okay. And I'm just going to put them on
5	the screen so everyone can see.
6	And the first correction is on page 15; is
7	that right?
8	A Correct. In the third sentence under,
9	Capacity by Technology in 2039 header, the two
10	megawatts should be gigawatts. So 2.4 gigawatts
11	and 5.93 gigawatts.
12	Q Okay. So those two numbers,
13	2.54 megawatts and 5.93 megawatts, those should
14	both be gigawatt, g-w?
15	A Correct.
16	Q And is there any other correction?
17	A In Appendix C, page 70, the final phrase,
18	second-to-last sentence should state: And the
19	average from 2033 to 2039 was about
20	7,305 megawatts. Not 2033 to 2030.
21	Q Thank you. With those corrections, do you
22	wish to sponsor these documents as your direct
23	testimony in this proceeding?
24	A Yes.
25	Q Thank you.

1	MR. BENFORADO: Your Honor, I would ask
2	that Dr. Laws' testimony be marked and admitted
3	into evidence.
4	THE BAILIFF: The direct testimony of
5	Dr. Nicholas Laws, as corrected, will be marked as
6	Exhibit 26.
7	(Exhibit No. 26 was marked for
8	identification.)
9	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: The testimony
10	marked, described, and corrected as Exhibit No. 26
11	is admitted into the record.
12	(Exhibit No. 26 was admitted into
13	evidence.)
14	BY MR. BENFORADO:
15	Q Dr. Laws, did Dominion make any points in
16	its rebuttal testimony that you would like to
17	respond to?
18	A Yes. I'd like to first note a couple
19	items that I think are important that no Dominion
20	witness commented on.
21	First, I'd like to highlight that the
22	IdeaSmiths report presents the only pathways in
23	this docket to meet the VCEA zero carbon target in
24	2045.
25	Second, no mention was made of the social

1	costs of pollutants estimated in the IdeaSmiths
2	report, which vary from \$7.4 billion to
3	\$13.9 billion higher than the total system costs
4	presented in the IRP.
5	It's also important to note that these
6	social costs will drop to essentially zero in 2045
7	when the zero carbon requirements are met.
8	Q Now, you mentioned the 2045 carbon
9	retirement requirements in the Virginia Clean
10	Economy Act.
11	Do you have any response to Dominion
12	Witness Compton's testimony and I'll point
13	directly to page 12 where he discusses, you know,
14	his view that a, quote, 15-year planning period is
15	most appropriate and that also and I'll just
16	put this up on the screen on page 11 that the
17	Company will continue to pursue all available
18	technologies and will update its IRP update its
19	IRP each year in order to avoid needing a waiver?
20	Do you have a response to those
21	statements?
22	A Yes. Ignoring the 2045 requirement and
23	the VCEA is shortsighted and likely to result in
24	stranded assets as well as make it impossible to
25	meet the 2045 requirements.

1 Expanding the IRP horizon beyond the PJM 2 requirement of 15 years, in addition to exploring 3 more supply- and demand-side options can create better decisions in the short term and create a 4 5 glide path to the 2045 VCEA requirements. 6 Now, Staff Witness Boehnlein notes that 7 under the IRP -- this is on page 21 of his 8 testimony: The Company's last new fossil fuel 9 resources plan to be deployed around 2037, yet the 10 cost of those resources are amortized over the 11 lifetime of the asset, which could result in 12 significant abandonment costs. 13 What's your response to that testimony? In light of the 2045 requirement, all 14 15 fossil resource costs should be amortized from 16 their installation year up to 2045, not beyond it. 17 Not doing so, as Staff Witness Boehnlein correctly 18 asserts, hides the stranded costs that will occur. 19 By tying the 2045 requirement --20 retirement dates to the amortization schedule of 21 any new fossil resource in the IRP, the Commission 22 will get a more accurate picture of the costs and, 23 therefore, the true least cost plans. 24 Turning back to the rebuttal testimony of 25 Company Witness Compton, on page 13 -- I'll put it

1	up on the screen again.
2	At the top of the page, Witness Compton
3	states: Additionally, it is important to note
4	that the model was allowed to select retirements
5	based on reliability and economics of existing
6	units in each of the primary portfolios but chose
7	not to do so.
8	Do you have a response to that?
9	A Yes. If Dominion were to model scenarios
10	that comply with the VCEA, then the results would
11	certainly show retirements by 2045, if not sooner.
12	Q Turning again to Witness Compton's
13	rebuttal testimony, let's go to page 21. This is
14	line 7 to 8.
15	And there he states: Solar resources were
16	forced in for both of these portfolios he's
17	talking about the VCEA with EPA portfolio with and
18	without data center.
19	So that was in the supplement that they
20	filed; is that right?
21	A Correct.
22	Q So he states: Solar resources were forced
23	in for both of these portfolios to comply with the
24	VCEA, rather than being economically selected.
25	Did IdeaSmiths force any resources into

1	your modeling scenarios?
2	A No, we did not. While we did adjust
3	constraints to reflect the current law, such as
4	the 2045 requirement, we also increased resource
5	build limits, all portfolios including include
6	only economically selected resources.
7	Q Moving on the same page just a further bit
8	down, Witness Compton testifies that: Under this
9	current snapshot in time I'm sorry. Not the
10	same page. Page 13.
11	At the end of this paragraph, he states:
12	Under this current snapshot in time, it will take
13	advancements in future technologies in order for
14	the Company to retire all of its fossil generation
15	by 2045 and maintain system reliability.
16	Do you agree with that statement.
17	A I do not. Both of the scenarios in the
18	IdeaSmiths analysis that meet the 2045 zero carbon
19	requirement do so with the same technologies
20	considered by Dominion in the IRP.
21	Therefore, there are at least two pathways
22	for the Company to retire all of its fossil
23	generation by 2045 while maintaining system
24	reliability using technology that Dominion
25	considers available today.

1	Q And you just stated that you believe there
2	are at least two pathways.
3	Why do you say "at least"?
4	A Two reasons. First, as many interveners
5	noted, Dominion excluded a number of available
6	technologies from its model; for example,
7	long-duration energy storage, traditional nuclear
8	reactors, and virtual power plants. Allowing the
9	model to select from these options might result in
10	additional potential lower cost variations on the
11	VCEA-compliant pathways that we identified.
12	Second, because we had to dedicate a
13	significant amount of time to recreate the IRP as
14	our baseline starting point for these
15	sensitivities, there's little time available to
16	test various resources' assumptions. If we had
17	had access to Dominion's PLEXOS model or, in the
18	alternative, Dominion had used an open-source
19	model like the one we used, GenX, in the future,
20	there would be much more time to identify
21	alternative portfolios.
22	Q Thank you.
23	Turning to page 18 of Witness Compton's
24	testimony, he's discussing your recommendation
25	that the Company be directed to use free,

1	open-source planning software or, in the
2	alternative, fund intervener licenses to use
3	PLEXOS.
4	And specifically I want to point you to
5	his response that line 7, he says his belief is
6	PLEXOS is the appropriate tool and that the
7	Company should not be required to fund interveners
8	who seek to do their own modeling and that two
9	interveners, Appalachian Voices and
10	Sierra Club/NRDC, were able to conduct their own
11	modeling despite not having a subscription to
12	PLEXOS.
13	Does this address your concerns?
14	A No. To ensure the Commission is presented
15	with consistent analysis and robust alternatives
16	from different parties it would be useful for all
17	parties to have the same model as the same
18	starting point.
19	So developing alternative scenarios is
20	especially important to inform the Commission's
21	review when, as Staff Witness Smith notes,
22	Dominion's IRP essentially presents one portfolio
23	with a sensitivity for the EPA regulations.
24	Q Turning briefly to Staff Witness Smith's
25	testimony, pages 64 to 65 of Staff Witness Smith's

1 testimony raises concerns that the Company's 2 modeling ignores transmission and locational 3 considerations as a single node and recommends 4 that the Commission require Dominion to model at 5 least four nodes in PLEXOS going forward. 6 What's your view of that recommendation 7 from Staff Witness Smith? 8 I agree with this recommendation and also 9 note that PLEXOS and GenX includes the capability 10 to model transmission nodes or zones. 11 many advantages to adapting a zonal analysis, 12 including accounting for land constraints and 13 restrictions on the locations of polluting 14 resources to areas away from population centers. 15 Essentially, you can add a zonal index to every 16 decision and constrain it in that way. 17 And to address Dominion's concerns that an approach with more than one node would require 18 19 significant work with little value -- that was 20 response from Witness Compton -- a full PowerFlow 21 model as Compton describes is unnecessary. You 22 can do this with a pipe and bubble model, right? 23 The most commonly used approximations, including 24 the one available at GenX, do not add meaningful 25 complexity to the planning models.

1	Furthermore, Mr. Compton's quote from the
2	Lawrence Berkeley National Lab report quote here:
3	While nodal modeling is most accurate, zonal is
4	much less computationally and data intensive and
5	likely sufficient from a resource planning
6	perspective.
7	This statement supports Mr. Smith's
8	request for nodes, which would certainly would
9	have to be zones to represent the entire Dominion
10	system where I take a zone to mean a collection
11	of nodes.
12	Q Just so the record is clear, you mentioned
13	GenX. GenX is the free open source capacity
14	expansion tool that IdeaSmiths used in their
15	modeling; is that right?
16	A Correct.
17	Q Okay. Coming back to Staff or,
18	sorry Company Witness Mr. Compton's rebuttal
19	testimony, turn to page 23 at the top there.
20	Mr. Compton states that the IdeaSmiths
21	scenario, the VCEA with EPA RGGI double clean,
22	builds more than 2 gigawatts of storage resources
23	in 2027, which he states is, quote, almost three
24	times the 2027 storage build limits assumed by the
25	Company in its modeling.

1	Is that correct?
2	A No. The double clean portfolio I refer
3	to it for short increases the maximum capacity
4	limits used in Dominion's model by a factor of
5	two. It builds only 290 megawatts, not
6	2 gigawatts of battery storage in 2028, not 2027,
7	which is less than Dominion's build limit of
8	350 megawatts per year.
9	The portfolio then adds roughly
10	800 megawatts in 2029 and 1 gigawatt in 2030.
11	Q Is there anything else you would like to
12	clarify about the double clean portfolio you were
13	just discussing in response to Mr. Compton's
14	critique?
15	A Yes. While the double clean portfolio
16	does not add as much storage as quickly as
17	Witness Compton suggests, it is noteworthy that
18	just doubling the storage build limit results in a
19	portfolio that when compared to our VCEA with EPA
20	scenario saves ratepayers approximately
21	\$11 billion and builds 3 gigawatts of less solar,
22	thereby reducing land use requirements.
23	The double clean portfolio also chooses to
24	build storage before new gas and, like most of the
25	2039 portfolios that we analyzed, does not build

1 the new 944-megawatt combustion turbine that is 2 built in all of Dominion's scenarios. 3 All that being said, the 2039 portfolios 4 are of limited value, in our opinion, because they 5 do not account for the 2045 requirements. 6 And now turning to the 2045 portfolios, 7 Mr. Compton, on the same page beginning at line 4, 8 also critiques those 2045 portfolios, specifically 9 the 2045 EPA RGGI, three times clean, six times 10 BES, which is battery and energy storage, right? 11 Correct. 12 And he notes that: While it precludes the 13 need for new gas, it unjustifiably increases the 14 build limit for renewable generation by three, 15 increases the build limits for energy storage by 16 six, and builds an additional 10 gigawatts of 17 nuclear resources in the year 2045. 18 First off, does this six times battery 19 portfolio add 2 gigawatts of storage in 2027? 20 This scenario does not add this No. 21 amount in 2027. Instead, it adds roughly 22 1 gigawatt in 2027 and another 500 megawatts in 23 2031, and then continues to add batteries and 24 steadily increasing 2-gigawatt-plus increments 25 over the next 15 years.

1	Q Do you agree with Mr. Compton that
2	increasing the Company's 350-megawatt annual build
3	limit for energy storage by six is unjustifiable?
4	A No. By limiting new storage to
5	350 megawatts per year, the Company is not
6	accounting for trends visible across the US. Over
7	the next five years, CAISO and ERCOT are expected
8	to each add more than 40 gigawatts of storage
9	each, and PJM up to 30 gigawatts, according to
10	projections by Bodo Energi.
11	By increasing the storage build limit by
12	six, we allowed for an additional 2.1 gigawatts of
13	storage per year. While I acknowledge that ERCOT
14	is unique and quite different from Dominion in
15	many respects, ERCOT added over 4 gigawatts in
16	2024 and expects to install more than 20 gigawatts
17	over the next two years.
18	Furthermore, performing sensitivities on
19	build-limit assumptions is an important exercise
20	to address uncertainties and identify alternative
21	pathways for long-term planning. And unlike gas,
22	battery additions will not make 2045 compliance
23	more difficult and more expensive.
24	Witness Goggin's testimony will address
25	the feasibility of increased battery deployment in

1	more detail, but I'll just add a note on the
2	sensitivities piece. I think it's just important
3	to test our assumptions in general in order to
4	expose those alternative pathways.
5	Q Along those lines, do you agree with
6	Mr. Compton that increasing the build limits and
7	allowing the model to build 10 gigawatts of
8	nuclear resources in 2045 is unjustifiable?
9	A No, I disagree on this point as well.
10	Mr. Flowers notes in his rebuttal testimony that,
11	quote:
12	The Company is also accustomed to managing
13	constructing multiple power generation projects
14	today and has a proven history of successfully
15	managing and constructing large infrastructure
16	projects, end quote.
17	A 20-year timeline to deploy these
18	resources provides two important benefits compared
19	to the timeline of deployment in the Company's
20	portfolios. First, it allows time to meaningfully
21	engage with communities to identify host sites for
22	these new nuclear facilities, sometimes referred
23	to as consent-based siting.
24	Second, a later deployment of nuclear
25	resources helps spare ratepayers from the inflated

1	costs that are typically associated with
2	first-of-a-kind projects. As the Company notes,
3	while there are no SMRs operational in the US
4	today, several have planned operational dates in
5	the early 2030s. These early-stage projects will
6	likely provide the Company with valuable learning
7	and cost-cutting opportunities.
8	Q Other interveners, including
9	Advanced Energy United witness Maria Roumpani and
10	Clean Virginia witness Simon Keys, noted in their
11	testimony the cost assumptions used for battery
12	resources in Dominion's IRP modeling were
13	unreasonably high.
14	Do you agree with those sentiments?
15	A Yes, I do. The overnight cost of a
16	50-megawatt four-hour lithium-ion storage system
17	used by Dominion was \$2,782 per kilowatt. The
18	conservative estimate from the National Renewable
19	Energy Laboratory is approximately \$2,000 per
20	kilowatt and the moderate estimate is \$1,500 per
21	kilowatt.
22	MR. BENFORADO: And, Your Honor, I'd like
23	to have an exhibit marked for identification.
24	Your Honor, may I have the exhibit marked?
25	Oh, yes, sorry. This is the Utility Scale

1	Battery Storage Costs NREL Utility Scale
2	Battery Storage Costs.
3	THE BAILIFF: Thank you. The NREL Utility
4	Scale Battery Storage Costs document will be
5	marked as Exhibit 27.
6	(Exhibit No. 27 was marked for
7	identification.)
8	MR. BENFORADO: Thank you.
9	BY MR. BENFORADO:
10	Q Dr. Laws, could you, please, tell us what
11	we are looking at?
12	A Yes. This is a chart from the
13	National Energy Renewable Lab. This shows the
14	overnight capital costs, that's OCC, for four-hour
15	utility scale batteries. Presents three
16	scenarios, conservative, moderate, and advanced.
17	And you can see all the scenarios, even the
18	conservative, is significantly lower than
19	Dominion's assumed costs of approximately \$2,700
20	per kilowatt. The conservative value in 2025, as
21	I mentioned, is approximately \$2,000 per kilowatt
22	or about 39 percent lower.
23	Furthermore, the Company did not account
24	for the expected costs declines that we can see in
25	this chart in future years. From this chart we

1	can see that storage costs will decrease by
2	approximately 20 percent just by 2030, five years
3	from now, and continue to decline after that.
4	Q And just for clarity, you said the Company
5	didn't account for the expected cost declines.
6	Did they hold the battery cost assumption
7	constant throughout the planning period?
8	A That's my understanding. I'd also like to
9	note that my analysis used the same cost
10	assumptions as Dominion. It doesn't reflect
11	agreement with those assumptions; we were just
12	trying to have the same starting point and make
13	comparisons easy with Dominion's IRP. Should the
14	Commission find that the battery costs in
15	Dominion's models are too high, then the cost
16	estimates for each of my scenarios will be
17	significantly lower.
18	In fact, after reviewing Dominion's
19	rebuttal and other respondent testimony, I ran the
20	six X battery scenario using these overnight
21	capital costs for storage from NREL's annual
22	technology baseline, the chart we're looking at
23	here. Compared to the scenario that used
24	Dominion's battery capital cost, if we use the
25	conservative battery cost from the annual

1	technology baseline, the VCEA 2045 requirement can
2	be reached for approximately \$12 billion less than
3	is estimated in that report.
4	Q And for clarity, the conservative cost is
5	the blue line, the highest cost in this NREL
6	chart?
7	A Correct.
8	MR. BENFORADO: Your Honor, I would ask
9	that Exhibit 27 be admitted into evidence.
10	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Any objection?
11	Exhibit No. 27, marked and described is
12	admitted into the record.
13	(Exhibit No. 27 was admitted into
14	evidence.)
15	BY MR. BENFORADO:
16	Q Now, moving on to last sort of area here,
17	Dominion Witness Flowers notes that the local land
18	use approval process is becoming increasingly
19	challenging in Virginia. This is on page 14 of
20	his rebuttal testimony.
21	And that's, according to Witness Flowers,
22	especially true for solar projects.
23	Commission Staff Witness Boehnlein notes
24	that the land use impacts from the stakeholder
25	input case would build approximately

1	22,000 megawatts of solar PPAs and utility-scale
2	solar utility-owned solar.
3	And according to Staff Witness Boehnlein's
4	testimony this is page 18 of his testimony
5	if you use a conversion factor of, I think, about
6	8 acres per megawatt, it would total
7	179,520 acres.
8	What's your response to this? Do you
9	share these concerns about the land use
10	requirements for solar?
11	A Yes. Certainly utility-scale solar
12	impacts a significant amount of land, and local
13	land use approvals are becoming more challenging
14	across the US. However, I would point out that
15	the two compliant portfolios in my analysis build
16	only 12 gigawatts of new utility-scale solar.
17	Using Staff Witness Boehnlein's 8 acres
18	per megawatt conversion, that would impact just
19	96,000 acres or about 53 percent of what
20	Staff Witness Boehnlein estimates for the
21	stakeholder input case.
22	Moreover, the two compliant portfolios
23	that I presented all the way through 2045, whereas
24	the stakeholder sensitivity only models through
25	2039. If extended through 2045, I'd expect the

1 stakeholder portfolio to select even more solar, 2 meaning that the two compliant portfolios that we 3 present could require even less land in relative 4 terms. 5 In fact, several of the scenarios in my 6 report demonstrate how investing in additional 7 storage maximizes the benefits of solar generation 8 and reduces the total solar capacity required to 9 meet the zero carbon requirement. 10 Dr. Laws, are there any other remarks, 11 responses you'd like to make here today? 12 To put a finer point on that last Yes. 13 one, to comply with the VCEA, Dominion will 14 require more battery energy storage than they 15 allowed in the IRP. 16 The analysis performed by IdeaSmiths shows 17 that installing more batteries sooner rather than 18 later brings multiple benefits throughout the 19 planning horizon. This is why we refer to storage 20 as no regrets resource. Unlike gas, it will only 21 improve the Company's ability to meet future 22 demand and clean energy objectives. 23 Furthermore, I believe that the Commission 24 should require more robust scenario analysis in 25 future IRPs to account for uncertainty and to test

1	assumptions, such as limits, on resources for
2	identifying lower cost solutions.
3	I don't pretend that the IdeaSmiths
4	analysis presents the final solution that won't
5	change over time, but it does demonstrate how the
6	IRP process can be improved.
7	By exploring more potential pathways in
8	the future, we can make better decisions today.
9	Q Does that conclude your testimony?
10	A Yes.
11	MR. BENFORADO: The witness is available
12	for cross.
13	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
14	NRDC?
15	MR. JOHNS: No questions, Your Honor.
16	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: United?
17	MS. POLLARD: No questions, Your Honor.
18	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Clean Virginia?
19	MR. REISINGER: No questions, Your Honor.
20	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: DCC?
21	MR. MURPHEY: No questions.
22	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Walmart?
23	MS. GRUNDMANN: No questions, Your Honor.
24	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: PEC?
25	MR. JAFFE: Yes, Your Honor.

1	CROSS-EXAMINATION
2	BY MR. JAFFE:
3	Q Good morning, Dr. Laws. Cale Jaffe
4	representing Piedmont Environmental Council.
5	I want to start by talking about your
6	testimony on demand center demand flexibility.
7	This is I'm putting on the screen from page 41
8	of your direct testimony. Page 41.
9	And you advise, quote:
10	It would be worth requiring Dominion to
11	assess the ability of these new data centers to
12	participate in demand response programs during
13	critical system peak hours.
14	Is that correct?
15	A Yes.
16	Q All right. And you further advise that
17	the Commission should require Dominion to run a
18	sensitivity in the IRP model, I presume, that
19	incorporates meaningful demand response
20	participation by large loads.
21	Is that correct?
22	A Yes.
23	Q All right. And to try to understand where
24	the data center load is coming from, I want to put
25	back on the screen or put on the screen for

1	reference Figure 2.1.7. This is on page 14 of the
2	IRP.
3	And just to make sure that we're talking
4	about the same load that requires some changes in
5	the modeling, this is a chart of Dominion's
6	explanation of contracts executed as of July 2024.
7	And these contracts show that Dominion has
8	executed 8,000 megawatts worth of electric service
9	agreements; is that right?
10	Do you see that, that blue chart here?
11	A I can see it, yes.
12	Q And 5,800 megawatts roughly of
13	construction letters of authorization that's
14	the orange bar here.
15	Do you see that?
16	A Yes.
17	Q And then the tan bar above that may be
18	hard to see there references over
19	7,500 megawatts of substation engineering letters
20	of authorization.
21	Do you see that?
22	A Yes.
23	Q So is this all of these contracted data
24	center agreements, is this part of what's driving
25	the modeling on data center load in the IRP?

1	A That would be a question for Dominion. I
2	didn't produce their load forecast. I just used
3	it in our model.
4	Q You used these numbers in your model?
5	A I don't know if Dominion directly
6	incorporated these numbers that we're looking at
7	in this chart into their load forecast or not.
8	Q Okay. Back to and your
9	recommendation just assume for the sake of
10	argument that these numbers were driving that data
11	center load, this is where you were looking to see
12	some demand response programs that might help
13	manage that load and provide some flexibility; is
14	that correct?
15	A Correct, data centers in general.
16	Q Okay. And then just thinking about how
17	that whether that is practicable or realistic
18	to sort of model that kind of flexibility, I want
19	to put on the screen what was entered earlier in
20	this case yesterday as Exhibit 11, which is the
21	Company's response to Appalachian Voices
22	Question 27 from Set 3. And here this is a copy
23	of an electric service agreement.
24	And my question for you relates to a
25	section that begins on page 5 of that contract

1	titled Maximum Demand and Load Ramp.
2	Do you see that?
3	A Yes.
4	Q And this section, as we continue on to
5	page 6, states that if the customer's total
6	measured apparent power demand exceed the maximum
7	allowable amount in the load ramp, it shall
8	promptly reduce its demand to comply with those
9	limits.
10	Is the demand response programs that you
11	reference in your testimony, is that one of the
12	ways a customer might carry out that requirement?
13	A I believe that load ramp is different from
14	demand response, but I would defer to Dominion on
15	that; that's how they define load ramp.
16	Q Well, let me ask you the question this
17	way: If we wanted to see whether your modeling
18	idea could work in the real world, is this
19	electric service agreement contract conceivably
20	the kind of document where you might put in that
21	demand response requirement for your data centers?
22	A Honestly, that's too much in the weeds for
23	me. I can't say for sure.
24	Q Let me ask this question: These data
25	center contracts that the Company is

-	
1	negotiating and presumably, like anyone
2	negotiating any contract, they have some ability
3	to they have some negotiating power nodes, is
4	there some ability to use these contracts to bring
5	in some of the flexibility that you are
6	recommending in the forecast?
7	A Maybe.
8	MR. JAFFE: All right. No further
9	questions, Your Honor.
10	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Microsoft, whenever
11	you're ready.
12	CROSS-EXAMINATION
13	BY MS. ROBB:
14	Q Dr. Laws, I'm just going to refer back to
15	the cross you just had with Mr. Jaffe.
16	Are you an expert in ESAs?
17	A No.
18	Q So do you have any basis for your response
19	when you said maybe?
20	A My basis for saying maybe is that a
21	contract is going to require for demand response
22	programs to set a number, I believe, so one
23	contract is another contract to me.
24	Q All right.
25	MS. ROBB: No further questions.

1	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: City of Alexandria?
2	MR. WINSTON: Just a couple questions,
3	Your Honor.
4	CROSS-EXAMINATION
5	BY MR. WINSTON:
6	Q Dr. Laws, do PLEXOS and GenX have the
7	ability to model demand-side options as selectable
8	resources?
9	A My understanding is PLEXOS does not, but
10	GenX does.
11	MR. WINSTON: No further questions,
12	Your Honor.
13	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Consumer Counsel?
14	MR. BARTLEY: No questions, Your Honor.
15	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Staff?
16	MS. PIERCE: Just briefly.
17	CROSS-EXAMINATION
18	BY MS. PIERCE:
19	Q Good morning. Kiva Pierce on behalf of
20	Commission Staff.
21	How are you this morning?
22	A Good. How are you?
23	
	Q I'm doing fine. Thanks.
24	You referenced Staff Witness Smith's
25	testimony in your surrebuttal this morning, and

1	I'm going to put a page of his testimony on the
2	overhead.
3	And this is what you're referring to,
4	correct, about the modeling, the discussion of
5	modeling additional nodes; is that correct?
6	A Yes. I think it was page 13.
7	Q It is, yes. I'll raise it up. Page 13.
8	And you'll see here, Mr. Smith actually
9	presents one, two, three, four four options
10	that the Commission could consider for additional
11	modeling nodes or additional information; is that
12	correct?
13	A I see that, yes.
14	Q Okay. And Mr. Smith's preference and I
15	believe you're endorsing today is this third
16	level where there would be at least four specific
17	regional nodes; is that right?
18	A I'm reviewing the others right now.
19	Q Oh, sure.
20	A The first one is model-specific import
21	nodes, okay.
22	Second, model additional nodes specific to
23	the DOM LSE.
24	Third, regional.
25	And what's the fourth?

1	So this is the full nodal model?
2	Q Right.
3	A Yes, that's correct, the third one that is
4	the
5	Q The third one is the one you, I believe,
6	have said you supported?
7	A Yes, regional nodes.
8	Q Okay. And your surrebuttal this morning
9	stated that GenX and I believe PLEXOS, it's your
10	understanding, could run this third option; is
11	that your understanding?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Okay. Is it your understanding that
14	well, can you tell me, can IdeaSmiths and GenX run
15	this more detailed option, number 4?
16	A Yes.
17	Q And it's your understanding that PLEXOS
18	could run that as well?
19	A I believe so, yes.
20	Q Okay. Thank you.
21	And then just briefly on long duration
22	energy storage, it's your position that the
23	Company should include that as a generation
24	resource in future IRP models; is that correct?
25	A Yes.

1	MS. PIERCE: All right. Thank you. No
2	further questions.
3	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Dominion?
4	MS. ALLABAND: Just briefly, Your Honor.
5	CROSS-EXAMINATION
6	BY MS. ALLABAND:
7	Q Dr. Laws, I'm Nicole Allaband from the
8	Company.
9	Do you recall you were talking with your
10	counsel about the NREL costs for storage, I
11	believe?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Okay. And do you know what NREL relies on
14	for those costs for, say, land permitting or
15	interconnection? Are they national average or
16	state-specific?
17	A I'd have to look it up to be certain.
18	It's likely the chart we're looking at had a
19	national average, but you can zoom in, if you
20	want, and get more regional-specific values.
21	Q Regional, but maybe not state?
22	A I'd have to look it up.
23	MS. ALLABAND: Okay. Thank you.
24	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Appalachian Voices,
25	any redirect?

1	MR. BENFORADO: No redirect, Your Honor.
2	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Dr. Laws, thank you
3	very much. You're now excused.
4	MR. BENFORADO: We will now call
5	Appalachian Voices Witness Goggin. And my
6	colleague Emma Clancy will be doing the
7	surrebuttal.
8	MICHAEL GOGGIN, called as a witness,
9	having been first duly sworn, was examined and
10	testified as follows:
11	DIRECT EXAMINATION
12	BY MS. CLANCY:
13	Q Good morning, Mr. Goggin.
14	A Good morning.
15	Q Now, to start, could you, please, state
16	your name, position, and business address for the
17	record?
18	A Sure. My name is Michael Goggin. I'm the
19	vice president at Grid Strategies. We're
20	incorporated in Bethesda, Maryland.
21	Q And do you have with you a document
22	entitled Direct Testimony of Michael Goggin,
23	consisting of a one-page summary and 33 pages of
24	questions and answers, which was filed on
25	February 28, 2025, with the Commission?

1	
1	A Yes.
2	Q And do you also have with you the three
3	attachments filed with your direct testimony
4	titled Attachments MG-1, MG-2, and MG-3?
5	A Yes.
6	Q And were these documents prepared by you
7	or under your direct supervision?
8	A Yes.
9	Q Do you have any corrections to those
10	filings?
11	A No.
12	Q And do you wish to sponsor those documents
13	as your direct testimony in this proceeding?
14	A Yes.
15	MS. CLANCY: Your Honor, could I please
16	have the testimony marked and admitted into
17	evidence?
18	THE BAILIFF: The direct testimony of
19	Michael Goggin will be marked as Exhibit 28.
20	(Exhibit No. 28 was marked for
21	identification.)
22	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: The testimony marked
23	and described as Exhibit No. 28 is admitted into
24	the record.
25	(Exhibit No. 28 was admitted into

440

1 evidence.) 2 MS. CLANCY: Thank you. 3 BY MS. CLANCY: 4 Now, Mr. Goggin, a few questions. 5 On page 14 through 15, Witness Compton's 6 rebuttal testimony defends the Company's use of 7 projected ELCC capacity values by suggesting that 8 the Company was required to use these values 9 following Staff's recommendation in the 2023 IRP. 10 How do you respond? 11 A My testimony was simply pointing out that 12 these are projected ELCC values and they appear 13 very low for a number of reasons that I outlined 14 in my direct testimony. 15 And I just want Dominion and the 16 Commission to be aware of that fact that these may be low estimates for the capacity value for 17 18 renewables and battery storage and that we may see 19 markedly higher capacity values as PJM actually 20 runs the auctions in subsequent years. And so I just wanted the Commission and Dominion to be 21 22 aware of that. 23 In particular, the assumptions that I 24 think are conservative are PJM has assumed very 25 high penetrations for renewables and battery

1 storage resources, and the capacity value of those 2 resources is inversely proportional to the 3 penetration. So as the penetration -- because 4 PJM's penetration is high, that makes the capacity 5 value accreditation likely low. 6 I also point out that PJM did not account 7 for technological advances that are increasing the 8 capacity value of wind and solar, as well as the 9 inherent geographic diversity benefits from adding 10 new wind and solar plants that also tend to 11 increase their capacity value. 12 So I just wanted to make the Commission 13 and Dominion aware that these assumptions that 14 it's made for capacity value of renewables and 15 storage may be low. 16 I also would note that the Company -- the 17 PJM projections run through 2035. Beyond 2035, 18 the Company has used projections, further very 19 serious declines in the capacity value of these 20 resources that are not driven -- derived from the 21 PJM estimates. And those do have a material 22 impact on the economic modeling and selection of

resources because the model is seeing that in

know, arbitrarily low capacity accreditations.

those out years, those resources have these, you

23

24

1	Q Thank you. Now, staying with
2	Witness Compton's testimony on page 34, lines 1
3	through 3, he responds to your recommendation that
4	capacity imports be capped at the capacity import
5	limit by arguing that the assumption that the
6	Company can import capacity from outside of the
7	DOM Zone is problematic considering the zone's
8	market separation.
9	How do you respond?
10	A I would argue that the market separation
11	that we saw actually justifies the capacity the
12	use of this physical capacity import limit as the
13	cap in Dominion's modeling.
14	To explain what happened last year is that
15	the Dominion zone, as well as a few other zones,
16	cleared at higher prices because that physical
17	limit was hit. And this is the physical limit
18	that PJM specifies and puts into the market on the
19	capacity market model based on the physical
20	transmission capacity.
21	And the point of my testimony was that
22	that physical limit should be what Dominion is
23	using for its modeling, not this arbitrary import
24	limit that is much lower at 3,300 megawatts.
25	As I documented in my direct testimony,

1 PJM increased the DOM zone's capacity limit from 2 5,164 megawatts to 6,610 megawatts in moving from 3 last year's auction to this year's auction. 4 And as Dominion outlined in its IRP, there 5 are plan transmission upgrades that will be 6 entering service later this decade that are 7 expected to further increase that capacity limit. 8 And using that physical limit and what --9 the limit that PJM actually uses when it runs its 10 capacity -- when its capacity auction, I think is 11 much more realistic than the arbitrary assumption 12 that Dominion has used. 13 Thank you. Now, Witness Scheller also 14 responds to your recommendations regarding how 15 Dominion should model the PJM capacity market on 16 pages 9 through 10 of her rebuttal testimony. 17 What is your response to her critiques? 18 Yes, she's responding to one idea I had 19 offered that I think is a better solution than 20 PJM's arbitrary cap. PJM expressed concern about 21 price volatility uncertainty in the capacity 22 market, as well as the impact of Dominion 23 purchases on net price. And so I offered that one 24 idea or one solution would be -- that would be 25 better than this arbitrary cap on the imports

1	would be to dynamically model how Dominion's
2	demand and Dominion's purchases of capacity would
3	affect the capacity price in the PJM market.
4	And I agree with this witness that
5	Dominion is relatively small relative to the total
6	pie of PJM and, therefore, the price impact is
7	likely small. And so I think, you know, since
8	we're in agreement there, I think you can do this
9	with a low and a high bookend, saying that if
10	Dominion is buying a large amount of capacity, the
11	price would be slightly higher. If Dominion is
12	buying a low amount of capacity, it would be
13	lower. I think that would be an adequate way to
14	kind of capture this slight market impact that
15	their demand has on the total price.
16	More importantly, the biggest point and
17	the primary point of my testimony was that using
18	this arbitrary cap on purchases is not justified
19	and excused the modeling results. If there are
20	lower cost resources available with PJM as
21	capacity resources, which is, I think, a very
22	likely outcome, then Dominion's modeling by using
23	this arbitrary 3,300-megawatt cap is going to deny
24	ratepayers the access to those recourses and
25	Dominion will overbill more expensive resources

when it could be obtaining cheaper resources from 1 2 the market. 3 And Dominion's modeling is, therefore, 4 ignoring one of the primary benefits of their 5 participation in the PJM market. And so this was 6 what I offered as one solution to that. There's a 7 number of other solutions, but the biggest 8 solution is that PJM -- sorry, Dominion should not 9 use an arbitrary cap on imports. 10 And on page 10, lines 13 through 21 of 11 Witness Scheller's testimony, she also notes 12 that -- response to some concerns you raised by 13 pointing out that there is price volatility as PJM 14 changes capacity market rules. 15 What's your response? 16 Yeah, one of the primary points I made in 17 my direct testimony was that as PJM is making these market changes, the trend does seem to be 18 19 driving prices down. And this is based on the 20 last -- moving from last year's auction to the 21 upcoming auction, PJM has changed the reference 22 technology for setting the cost of new entry. 23 And so, basically, the price caps in the 24 PJM market are driven by the cost of new entry.

Both Dominion and I agreed in our testimony and

1	the IRP that the net cost of new entry, which is
2	basically the gross cost of building a new power
3	plant minus the energy and ancillary services
4	market revenues, is the kind of long-term
5	equilibrium that the market price should converge
6	to just because that's basically what you need to
7	pay a resource for it to be economic. You make
8	your energy market value, and then anything that's
9	left over, you need to make up for in the capacity
10	market.
11	And in moving from a combustion turbine as
12	the referenced technology to a combined-cycle
13	plant, PJM is recognizing that those are the
14	primary resources being built.
15	They are also recognizing that those
16	capacity I'm sorry, the combined cycles
17	generate a lot more energy and ancillary services
18	revenues. They operate at higher capacity
19	factors, they're more efficient, and, therefore,
20	they can earn more profits in the energy market
21	and need less money in the capacity market.
22	And so that is going to, I think, result
23	in significantly lower PJM market clearing prices
24	and the price cap, as well, which is, you know,
25	set based on this cone.

They also are moving to a -- PJM is moving to a forward-looking assessment of energy and ancillary services revenues as opposed to previously using historic. I think this will more accurately reflect that low gas prices and the expectations for low gas prices will continue to make combined cycles profitable and, therefore, have a lower clearing price in the capacity market.

I would note just more generally that the value of the PJM capacity market is that it is a market, and it responds to changes in supply and demand.

Last year we did see a price spike

because -- I think it was a perfect storm of a few
things. There was a large increase in expected

demand. There was a drastic change in the
capacity accreditation for many resources. Most

notably, gas generators received a much lower
capacity accreditation as PJM moved to its

seasonal resource adequacy construct and accounted
for the correlated forced outages of gas plants

that we have seen during past winter peak events.

And so you had both demand increasing and supply decreasing, and surprisingly you saw a

1	large price spike.
2	The market now, however, is responding to
3	those higher prices, as markets do, and that's the
4	value of markets. And we're seeing a lot of
5	interest in new entry. This is being facilitated
6	by the approval of a revised surplus
7	interconnection service process that is strictly
8	valuable for allowing batteries to interconnect at
9	existing generators and use the unused
10	interconnection capacity there.
11	This is particularly valuable, as I note
12	in my direct testimony, their estimates this could
13	allow 26 gigawatts of batteries to interconnect
14	across PJM.
15	There is also, PJM has gotten approval
16	for the Reliability Resource Initiative, which
17	allows capacity resources to move through the
18	queue more quickly.
19	And then there's also, obviously, been
20	changes in the expectations for EPA rules that,
21	you know, I think would have or as they are
22	written, will force, you know, more fossil
23	retirements as well as impeding the entry of new
24	fossil resources.
25	So all those things taken together, I

1	think, point to the market being able to clear
2	efficiently and for market participants to respond
3	to the higher prices that we saw by bringing in
4	new supply, by delaying retirements. And I think
5	that will, over the time period we're talking
6	about, allow, you know, prices to come down and
7	the market to clear efficiently.
8	Q Now, you mentioned "batteries" there, so I
9	want to turn to Witness Martin's testimony very
10	briefly.
11	He points to low rates of battery storage
12	adoption in PJM in the past as justification for
13	the IRP's cap on battery storage deployment going
14	forward. It sounds like you disagree with that.
15	A I do. You know, I think the short answer
16	is past performance does not indicate future
17	results. And, you know, PJM has historically had
18	a low battery penetration.
19	There are new technology. They have been
20	growing at a hundred percent growth rates for the
21	last five years.
22	As Dr. Laws was testifying, we have seen a
23	massive increase in the last several years in many
24	regions, and the expectations for those regions,
25	as well as PJM, is that there will be large

1 installations going forward. 2 EIA notes that about 10 gigawatts were 3 installed -- batteries were installed nationwide 4 last year. EIA's expectation is there will be 5 20 gigawatts this year. So his hundred percent 6 growth rate seems to be the trajectory. 7 And so using historical installation rates 8 for PJM or Dominion, I think, is not useful for 9 assessing the, you know, installations going 10 forward. 11 More importantly, this is not even a 12 question we're talking about here. The limit on 13 interconnection for batteries should be based on constraints that are affecting the ability to 14 15 interconnect these. And that was not what was 16 binding the installation of batteries in the past; 17 it was a lack of market interest. 18 But we've seen the industry has taken off as battery costs have come down. As we're now 19 20 seeing capacity prices increase in PJM, the market 21 is going to respond to that. 22 And so that -- you know, these past 23 indications of a lack of market interest have no 24 bearing on what can be installed going forward, 25 which is the question we're trying to answer; what

1	is the physical limit, the interconnection limit
2	of how many batteries you can add and how quickly
3	can you add them.
4	We don't know what that is for PJM because
5	we haven't tested it. We haven't had the level of
6	market interest we have seen in other regions.
7	That's why in my testimony, my direct
8	testimony, I provided data from ERCOT and
9	California Independent System Operator showing the
10	rates at which they have been able to interconnect
11	batteries.
12	Most notably, they are much higher than
13	what Dominion has assumed. I adjusted further
14	peak load. And if you kind of do that load
15	normalized comparison, the experience in CAISO has
16	been 50 percent higher than the limit that
17	Dominion has proposed. ERCOT's experience in
18	Texas has been 70 percent higher.
19	And these more importantly, these
20	numbers are growing every year, roughly doubling
21	in both states.
22	And so, again, I think this shows that the
23	number if there is a cap, it should be much
24	higher than what Dominion has proposed, and more
25	importantly, it should not be static. The

1	experience in these other regions has been
2	increasing over time.
3	And so clearly there are a number of
4	solutions that Dominion and PJM can be using to
5	interconnect batteries, and I outline those in my
6	testimony. It includes surplus interconnection
7	service and, you know, energy resource
8	interconnection service and other tools that I
9	think in the toolbox to facilitate faster
10	interconnection.
11	And so basically, to sum up, I don't think
12	that past experience has any bearing on what the
13	ability to interconnect batteries in PJM and
14	Dominion is going forward.
15	Q Now, just one last question in response to
16	Witness Vance's testimony. She notes on page 12,
17	lines 3 through 5 that, Well, grid-enhancing
18	technologies, or GETs, are and will continue to be
19	supporting technology. Long-term investments in
20	generation and transmission are still needed to
21	ensure that the DOM Zone and the DOM LSE can meet
22	energy needs in the future.
23	Do you have a response?
24	A And that's consistent with the point I
25	made in my direct testimony. Grid-enhancing

1	technologies are particularly valuable as a
2	complement but not a substitute for long-term
3	transmission expansion.
4	Grid-enhancing technologies can be
5	implemented very quickly, often in a matter of
6	months, whereas new high-voltage transmission has
7	a much longer time frame.
8	So it's a both/and, not an either/or
9	solution. I think Dominion and PJM should be
10	using grid-enhancing technologies to overcome some
11	local reliability concerns that are emerging with
12	load growth, facilitate new load interconnection,
13	facilitate new generator interconnection.
14	And these are things that can be these
15	challenges are emerging over the next several
16	years, and so I think it's important for Dominion
17	to be pursuing as many of those near-term
18	solutions as it can to address those near-term
19	concerns, while in parallel it is working on the
20	longer term transmission expansion. And so I
21	think we're in agreement there.
22	MS. CLANCY: Great. Thank you,
23	Mr. Goggin.
24	The witness is available for cross.
25	MR. JOHNS: No questions, Your Honor.

1	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: United?
2	MS. POLLARD: No questions, Your Honor.
3	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Clean Virginia?
4	MR. REISINGER: No questions, Your Honor.
5	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: DCC?
6	MR. MURPHEY: No questions.
7	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Walmart?
8	MS. GRUNDMANN: No questions, Your Honor.
9	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: PEC?
10	MR. JAFFE: No questions, Your Honor.
11	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Microsoft?
12	MS. ROBB: No questions, Your Honor.
13	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: City of Alexandria?
14	MR. WINSTON: No questions, Your Honor.
15	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Consumer Counsel?
16	MR. BARTLEY: No questions, Your Honor.
17	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Staff?
18	MS. PIERCE: No questions, Your Honor.
19	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Dominion?
20	MR. DANTONIO: No questions.
21	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: So I assume no
22	MS. CLANCY: No redirect. We would ask
23	that the witness be excused.
24	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Mr. Goggin, you're
25	now excused.

1	THE WITNESS: Great. Thank you.
2	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you very much.
3	MS. CLANCY: My colleague Ms. King will be
4	putting up Mr. Wilson.
5	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Before you begin, I
6	just want to thank Mr. Wilson for I understand
7	you flew overnight to get here, not personally but
8	you got on that plane. But thank you so much.
9	JAMES F. WILSON, called as a witness,
10	having been first duly sworn, was examined and
11	testified as follows:
12	DIRECT EXAMINATION
13	BY MS. KING:
14	Q Good morning, Mr. Wilson.
15	A Good morning.
16	Q Could you, please, state your name,
17	position, and business address?
18	A James F. Wilson, 4800 Hampden Lane,
19	Bethesda, Maryland 20814. I'm an independent
20	consultant doing business as Wilson Energy
21	Economics.
22	Q Do you have with you a document entitled
23	Direct Testimony of James F. Wilson on Behalf of
24	Appalachian Voices, consisting of a one-page
25	summary and 37 pages of questions and answers

1	submitted in public version only on February 28th,
2	2025?
3	A I do.
4	Q Do you also have with you the two
5	attachments filed with your direct testimony,
6	titled Attachment JFW-1 and Attachment JFW-2?
7	A I believe I do, yes.
8	Q Were these documents prepared by you or
9	under your direct supervision?
10	A Yes, they were.
11	Q Do you have any corrections to these
12	filings?
13	A I do not.
14	Q Do you wish to sponsor these documents as
15	your direct testimony in this proceeding?
16	A Yes, I do.
17	MS. KING: Your Honors, I ask that
18	Mr. Wilson's direct testimony be marked and
19	admitted into evidence in public version only.
20	THE BAILIFF: The direct testimony of
21	James F. Wilson will be marked as Exhibit 29.
22	(Exhibit No. 29 was marked for
23	identification.)
24	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: The testimony marked
25	and described as Exhibit No. 29 is entered into

1	the record.
2	(Exhibit No. 29 was admitted into
3	evidence.)
4	BY MS. KING:
5	Q Did Dominion make any points in its
6	rebuttal testimony that you would like to respond
7	to?
8	A Yes, they did. Primarily, I want to
9	respond to assertions that the Company's data
10	center forecast was validated by other entities
11	and that contracts and other information suggests
12	that it's a very solid and likely forecast, that
13	sort of thing.
14	While data center loads are growing at
15	this time and there's a lot of new capacity that's
16	being put in place, I continue to believe that the
17	actual data center loads in the future are highly
18	uncertain.
19	Q Now, turning to Company Witness
20	Bocanegra's rebuttal testimony, on page 5 he
21	asserts that there is, quote:
22	General consensus between parties in this
23	proceeding on the PJM-derived load forecast.
24	Do you have a response?
25	A Yeah, it's potentially misleading. I

1	agreed that the forecast for all customers other
2	than data centers falls within a reasonable range,
3	but I did not agree that the single scenario load
4	forecast that's being used in the IRP for planning
5	purposes was I called that into question.
6	A lot of uncertainty about that forecast.
7	Q So let's talk about the data center load
8	forecast.
9	On page 7 of his rebuttal testimony,
10	Company Witness Bocanegra claims that PJM did not
11	simply include the Company's data center forecast
12	into its forecast, but instead exercised its own,
13	quote, diligence and judgment, end quote.
14	How do you respond?
15	A Yes, Witness Bocanegra acknowledges that
16	PJM accepts the forecast from Dominion and
17	incorporates it in their forecast. The real issue
18	is to what extent do they review it and critique
19	it and that sort of thing.
20	I've been involved in the PJM Load
21	Analysis Subcommittee for many, many years, since
22	even before data centers. In the early years, PJM
23	took some different approaches to their review of
24	the Dominion data center forecast; there was a
25	time when they only accepted it for five years,

1	and beyond that they thought it was too uncertain
2	and not backed by solid contracts.
3	More recently, they have been accepting
4	these forecasts, and now it's not just Dominion,
5	but it's about 10 other companies electric
6	distribution companies EDCs and PJM that are
7	providing these data center forecasts, primarily.
8	And PJM asks for contracts, they review
9	a lot of information, but ultimately they pretty
10	much include them in their forecast as is.
11	Q On pages 7 to 8 of Company Witness
12	Bocanegra's rebuttal testimony, he states that
13	under PJM's procedure, quote:
14	Particular caution is paid to avoid double
15	counting anticipated load increases or decreases,
16	end quote.
17	Do you wish to comment?
18	A Yes. There are two very different types
19	of double counting that are being discussed in
20	this proceeding and in other context around data
21	centers.
22	PJM is talking about double counting
23	between the forecasts for data centers, that the
24	EDCs are presenting them, and some amount of data
25	center forecast that's embedded in their

1 econometric modeling. 2 The other kind of double counting -- and 3 I'll talk about that again a little bit more in a 4 moment -- the other sort of double counting is 5 multiple entities who are pursuing data centers, 6 pursuing possible projects in multiple locations 7 in Virginia and in other states, possibly with the 8 ultimate intention of only building in the best 9 locations that they can provide, and also possibly 10 putting a lot of data center capacity in place 11 that they may not be ready to spend the billions 12 and fill with chips and servers right away. 13 that's another form of double counting. And that form of double counting you 14 15 discuss in your direct testimony on pages 14 to 16 15; is that right? 17 Yes. A 18 So can you explain in a little bit greater 19 detail the type of double counting that PJM does 20 address? 21 So there have been data centers in 22 Dominion's zone for over 10 years, and they have 23 been increasing. So within PJM's econometric 24 modeling, which is based on historical data, 25 there's a certain amount of projection of further

1	expansion of data center loads just naturally
2	comes out of the econometrics. Econometrics takes
3	historical data, along with economic and
4	demographic progressions, and projects forward on
5	that basis. So there's quite a bit of anticipated
6	data center load growth in PJM's forecast just
7	naturally through the econometrics.
8	So to not double count that with
9	Dominion's forecast of data center load that they
10	provide separately, PJM has to essentially remove
11	the embedded amount to not double count the
12	embedded amount. And PJM does that and they have
13	an approach to that, which is pretty sound.
14	Q And so on pages 7 to 8 of
15	Company Witness Bocanegra's rebuttal testimony, he
16	cites the PJM 2024 load forecast supplement, and
17	it's attached as Schedule 1 to his rebuttal
18	testimony.
19	Is that the type of double counting that's
20	addressed by that document?
21	A Yes. PJM describes in the supplement the
22	details of how they go about ensuring there isn't
23	that sort of double counting in their models.
24	Q Now, please comment on the other type of
25	double counting that you mentioned, when entities

pursue multiple sites in parallel.

A Yeah. And, again, there's a lot of different types of entities and not just the big tech, Amazon, Microsoft, Meta, and Google, but also lots of other entities that are searching for land and searching for power and trying to put projects in place. There's a lot of that going on, and a lot of that is taken forward to construction. And, ultimately, what is going to get built or not is uncertain.

These entities themselves don't know really how fast the demand for data center services is going to take off, so there's a lot right now of pursuing of locations and building facilities and all that sort of thing, but how quickly these facilities actually have load and where is highly uncertain, so there's a lot of duplication.

And PJM is explicit in the load analysis subcommittee meetings when asked how do they try to make sure that that data center in Ohio and the one in Virginia and the one in New Jersey, that it's not really kind of the same one-one entity; he's going to pick those three locations. And PJM basically admits they have no way really to do

1	that and they don't really attempt to.
2	Q Turning now to Company Witness Blackwell's
3	testimony. On page 7 he asserts that you, quote:
4	Seem to agree that the Company's near-term
5	data center forecast is fairly accurate, end
6	quote.
7	Do you have a response?
8	A Yeah. Again, I make a distinction between
9	data center capacity and that's getting the
10	land, getting the connections, building the
11	building and ramping it up to its full
12	capacity.
13	Historically it's been three, four, five
14	years for data centers to ramp up to their full
15	connected capacity. With so many data centers
16	being put in place over the next several years,
17	I'm wondering whether that isn't going to be a lot
18	longer in a lot of places because it depends on
19	how fast the demand for the services they provide
20	grows and how fast the production of those
21	services, the software and hardware, the
22	efficiency there, so there's a lot of uncertainty
23	there.
24	So I make a distinction between data
25	center capacity and that's the ESAs, that's the

1	contract maximums that the Company is committed
2	to and the actual loads, how fast they ramp up.
3	So I suggested in my testimony that the
4	especially the near-term forecast of the capacity
5	is likely very solid as ESAs and that's happening,
6	but the loads, the ramp up of the loads, in light
7	of the fact that there are so many data centers
8	going in in so many other places, other places
9	that are not overbuilt like Virginia is
10	relatively, that's why that's highly uncertain.
11	Q Now, on page 6 of Company Witness
12	Blackwell's rebuttal testimony, he also says that
13	your critiques about the certainty of the
14	Company's data center forecast, quote: Ignore the
15	evidence the Company has presented in this case
16	demonstrating the reasonableness of the data
17	center forecast, end quote.
18	Do you have a response?
19	A Yes. He makes a number of rebuttal
20	points. I didn't find any of them very
21	convincing. I think we'll take them one by one.
22	Q Okay. So taking them one by one, first,
23	we're still on page 6 of his rebuttal testimony,
24	Company Witness Blackwell states that the Company,
25	quote:

1 Utilized historical data to build 2 statistical forecasts. 3 What is your response? 4 Yeah, in past IRPs I've been critical of 5 historical data in this situation because it's 6 something new and something changing rapidly, and 7 that's even more so now. For at least two reasons 8 the historical data is really not going to shed 9 very much light on the future. 10 One is the historical data is from a 11 period when Northern Virginia was pretty much the 12 only game in town. As the Company loves to point 13 out, Northern Virginia had more data center 14 capacity than the next five zoned regions put 15 together. That is changing rapidly. I used to 16 keep a list of the states where significant data 17 centers were being built. I don't keep that list 18 anymore because it's almost all of them at this 19 point. So that's the one thing that's very, very 20 different and really calls into question whether 21 projecting historical data makes sense.

And, of course the other one is that AI, artificial intelligence, sprung onto the scene in late 2022, and now a lot of this anticipated future demand for data center services is

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1	connected to applications of AI. And there's
2	a lot of uncertainty about, as I've mentioned
3	before, both how quickly the AI applications will
4	be adopted and how much power it will take to
5	deliver those, based on software and hardware.
6	Q Thank you. Second, still on page 6,
7	Mr. Blackwell states that the forecast was
8	augmented with specific current and future
9	customer intelligence.
10	How do you respond?
11	A Yeah. And, again, repeating myself, but
12	customers are the various entities are wanting
13	to get a lot of data center capacity in place.
14	They don't want there to be constraints. They
15	maybe are very uncertain about what they are going
16	to need, but they don't want to get in a place
17	where their data center capacity and power is
18	constraining them, so they have strong incentive
19	to talk to utilities and give them very optimistic
20	forecasts that are maybe on the high end of their
21	expectations.
22	In some areas they have disincentives that
23	go too far down that road because they are being
24	shown contracts with minimum demand levels and
25	that sort of thing, but at least today in

1 Dominion's zone, those minimum demands are not 2 very high, so there really isn't much disincentive 3 to put big numbers to the Company. 4 Third, Company Witness Blackwell states 5 that the forecast was backed by increasing levels 6 of financial commitment. 7 Do you have a response? 8 A Yeah. And we explore this pretty 9 thoroughly through discovery. Yes, financial 10 commitments to recover the costs that Dominion has 11 incurred to connect the customer, all those sorts 12 of things, but really only the direct and indirect 13 costs the Company actually incurred for permitting 14 and construction to connect the customer. But for 15 the very large transmission build, the very large 16 new incremental generation that's needed for these 17 customers, the contracts do not impose the kind of 18 minimum demand levels that would attempt to 19 recover a lot of that cost. 20 Now, on pages 14 to 15 of his rebuttal 21 testimony, Company Witness Blackwell deems it 22 reasonable to include quantities associated with 23 executed CLOAs, or construction letters of 24 authorization, in the Company's forecast, 25 asserting that, quote:

1	A CLOA binds the customer to significant
2	financial commitments both to the Company and
3	other entities, end quote.
4	And then at page 16 he says, quote:
5	Once customers reach the CLOA stage, the
6	financial requirements to build a data center
7	indicate future real load.
8	Do you have a response?
9	A Yeah. Again, they want to have a data
10	center capacity in place, but it's the chips and
11	servers that cost the billions. You know, by some
12	estimates it was in my testimony that all the
13	power and everything else is, like, 10 percent.
14	It's the chips it's the chips and the servers
15	that are the big investment, so they might put the
16	capacity data center capacity in place, but
17	they might take a longer time to actually bring it
18	up to full load.
19	Q Mr. Wilson, are you aware that the Company
20	recently filed new tariffs that would be
21	applicable to data centers beginning in 2027?
22	A I did see that, yes.
23	Q Would those tariffs impose the type of
24	financial commitment that you've suggested other
25	states are increasingly considering for these very

1 large new loads? 2 A Yeah, I didn't study it. I just kind of 3 skimmed the filing. There's definitely that 4 possibility; the devil is always in the details. 5 And so if tariffs generally were to be 6 approved and did impose a much higher level of 7 financial commitment on large new loads, what 8 impacts would you anticipate from that as a 9 general matter? 10 Yeah, two very, very good impacts. 11 first being that it would protect customers much 12 better from the possibility of cost shifting and 13 stranded costs should those data centers not --14 loads not come up to the levels anticipated as 15 fast as anticipated. That's one. 16 But really I think the more important one 17 is those financial commitments would probably lead 18 the various entities to get a lot more realistic 19 about what they were really likely to be doing in 20 the future. It might really cause the load 21 forecast to shrink a lot and become a lot more 22 solid. 23 In your direct testimony at page 11, you 24 testified that the first-generation data centers 25 were relatively small compared to the data centers

1 now being constructed in Virginia and elsewhere. 2 On page 18 of his rebuttal testimony, 3 Company Witness Blackwell counters that the size 4 of the accounts has no bearing on continued data 5 center growth in Virginia because some accounts 6 are individually metered components of larger 7 campuses. 8 Do you have any response? 9 Yes. The original request was actually 10 about facilities, not accounts. We followed up in 11 discovery and asked, okay, tell us about the 12 campuses. And there was a response to that; it's 13 confidential, but just briefly looking at the 14 campuses, the same comments -- I make the same 15 comments that the majority of the data centers in 16 Dominion's service territory are quite small by 17 modern, and modern being 2024, 2025 perspective. 18 Company Witness Blackwell also seems to 19 suggest that the sizes of data centers or campuses 20 are not very relevant or important. 21 Do you agree? 22 The main point here is that now they 23 are building very, very large new data centers. 24 They are going to be a lot more efficient than the 25 older ones in a number of ways; the technology is

1	really changing. And I would expect that if we go
2	into a period, which I think is likely, where
3	there's a lot more data center capacity, then the
4	load, the server demand and the chips to fill
5	them, it will be those new, more efficient data
6	centers that are running at higher capacity, and
7	older ones may be running at lower capacity.
8	Q Now, back on page 6 of his rebuttal
9	testimony, Company Witness Blackwell claims that
10	the forecast was validated by two independent
11	entities.
12	Now, we have already spent some time
13	talking about the PJM process, but could you
14	comment on the second independent entity, the
15	JLARC and its report?
16	A Yes. He refers to the forecast that was
17	done by faculty of the University of Virginia
18	within the JLARC. And that forecast, the report
19	is clearly states at page 98 that the
20	projection was based only on a statistical
21	approach using historical data.
22	And I've already spoken to that. And the
23	report acknowledges at page 98 that, quote:
24	Historical data does not fully capture
25	some of the trends that are likely to drive future

1 data center demand growth. 2 So as such, the authors didn't struggle 3 with the many questions and uncertainties about 4 how fast AI will be adopted, how fast the chips 5 will be more efficient, how fast the software will 6 get more efficient. They didn't wrestle with all 7 of that. 8 And they also -- again, as I mentioned 9 before, the historical data reflects a period when 10 Northern Virginia was really the only game in town 11 and now data centers are being built everywhere, 12 and that also really calls into question whether 13 projecting based on historical data makes sense at 14 this time. 15 On page 7 of his rebuttal testimony, 16 Company Witness Blackwell states that no other 17 party offered a different forecast for the Commission's consideration. 18 19 Do you have a response? 20 Yeah. Yeah, I've made recommendations 21 about how this ought to be done. I don't really 22 think the parties in the proceedings have the 23 wherewithal to do the kind of data center forecast

that I think you need and that would warrant your

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confidence.

1	My main recommendation was for the
2	Commission to ensure that a qualified outside firm
3	is engaged to prepare a detailed study with a
4	broad geographic area so you can capture or try to
5	capture double counting. I recommended that the
6	study should be based on forward-looking research
7	and analysis, have multiple long-run scenarios,
8	and the retained firm should have, you know, a
9	deep understanding and research about the
10	underlying drivers of the demand for data center
11	services and of the supply chain to deliver those
12	services, which is the software and the hardware
13	and everything. That's what I think really needs
14	to be done.
15	Q Let's talk about one possible example of
16	such a forecast.
17	Mr. Wilson, have you seen the
18	International Energy Agency's report entitled
19	Energy and AI?
20	A Yes, I have.
21	MS. KING: And I'd like to have an exhibit
22	marked at this time.
23	MS. ROBB: Your Honor, at this point I'll
24	object. Counsel has been kind enough to hand this
25	out in advance. My concern about this is that

1	it's 300 over 300 pages long. We got it on the
2	eve of the commencement of the evidentiary
3	hearing. It far exceeds Mr. Wilson's direct
4	testimony to have what I would think to be
5	300 pages of surrebuttal testimony added into the
6	record at this point. It creates a prejudice for
7	three reasons.
8	One, parties do not have an opportunity to
9	cross-examine the authors of the report; two, they
10	don't have an opportunity to conduct discovery on
11	those authors; and, therefore, to me it seems like
12	hearsay in the sense that Mr. Wilson didn't author
13	this report himself and it's highly prejudicial to
14	get 300 pages of what seems to be new surrebuttal
15	testimony into the record at this point.
16	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Counsel.
17	MS. LINK: Your Honor, I join in the
18	objection. It's not clear why this report wasn't
19	provided with Mr. Wilson's direct testimony, other
20	than perhaps it wasn't put out until after
21	Mr. Wilson's direct testimony, so clearly he
22	cannot be relying on it. And I join Ms. Robb in
23	the objections of the prejudice and question the
24	value of it for the record.
25	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.

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1 Counsel. MS. KING: Your Honors, first to 2 3 Ms. Link's question as to why it was not included 4 in Mr. Wilson's testimony; it just came out last 5 week, so we were not able to attach it to his 6 direct testimony. 7 We can explain why we're planning to cite it. It's mostly illustrative of an example of the 8 9 sort of forecasting exercise and the range of 10 scenario-based outcomes that Mr. Wilson has 11 indicated he thinks would be prudent for this 12 Commission. 13 In this proceeding, and to the extent that the entire report is too voluminous with too 14 15 little notice for the rest of counsel, we would be 16 happy to perhaps offer just the exhibit that we're 17 about to talk through into evidence for your 18 consideration. 19 But if the Commission wanted to have this 20 report in the evidence for its review, we would 21 defer to the Commission on its decision there. 22 COMMISSIONER HUDSON: And how many pages 23 are you referring to when it comes to the exhibits 24 that you're wanting to --25 MS. KING: It's one page that we're going

1	to talk through, and there may be a couple of
2	pages that explain what each case is in detail, so
3	I would guess perhaps five pages.
4	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Yes, Counsel?
5	MR. JAFFE: Your Honor, Cale Jaffe for
6	Piedmont Environmental Council. I wanted to speak
7	in opposition to the objection. And I want to say
8	this, in part, because we have another report that
9	we've circulated to counsel ahead of the hearing
10	that we intend to ask Mr. Wilson about.
11	In my view, Mr. Wilson can speak to
12	whether this report, which has just come out, is
13	relevant to his testimony, whether it informs or
14	buttresses his findings or whether he feels it
15	undermines his findings.
16	Parties can refer to it in their
17	post-hearing briefs, and we'll all have plenty of
18	time to review it if we find this report either
19	helps us understand whether the Company's analysis
20	of the data center issue is in the public interest
21	and is reasonable.
22	To the extent that this report helps
23	inform Mr. Wilson's analysis, I think it would be
24	helpful to have the entire report in the record.
25	I would also add the Commission routinely

1	accepts as evidence at hearings entire reports
2	without the authors of those reports here. I can
3	think of a myriad of demand-side management
4	dockets where an American Council for an
5	Energy-Efficient Economy report, their utility
6	scorecard, for example, is brought in,
7	authenticated as an exhibit by a witness who read
8	the report, it comes into evidence even though no
9	one from the American Council for an
10	Energy-Efficient Economy is in the hearing.
11	And so I would oppose the objection and
12	ask that the entire report be included in the
13	record.
14	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Yes?
15	MS. ROBB: Your Honor, a similar issue
16	occurred recently during an evidentiary hearing
17	conducted on July 31st, 2024, in Commission
18	Case No. PUR-2024-000110. This involved a
19	completely different issue. It was petitions of
20	Appalachian Power and Virginia Electric Power
21	Company for the treatment of renewable energy
22	customers' renewable certificates for purposes of
23	each utility's RPS compliance.
24	However, Hearing Examiner Roussy, during
25	that hearing, rejected new written materials that

1	a respondent sought to enter into the record on
2	the grounds that the other parties did not have
3	the opportunity to cross-examine what looked
4	like a lot like expert testimony, nor did
5	parties have the opportunity to serve discovery.
6	I would stress that this Commission has
7	set deadlines for written testimony, and those
8	deadlines are based on fundamental matters of
9	fairness where everybody gets to speak their piece
10	and everybody gets to conduct discovery and
11	cross-examine the actual authors of that
12	testimony.
13	This violates that principle. The more
14	that it seems important to buttress Mr. Wilson's
15	testimony, that makes it even more prejudicial to
16	having it entered at the last minute this
17	voluminous material at the last minute.
18	MS. LINK: Your Honor, just one final
19	point. We were e-mailed this 300-page document, I
20	guess, Monday before the evidentiary hearing
21	began, but now counsel is saying there's one page
22	or maybe two pages or three pages that are
23	important. We were never told what pages those
24	are.
25	And now we stand here to try and we'll

1	respond live to the extent whatever you-all
2	decide, but if counsel is really trying to give us
3	a heads-up, the heads-up could have been "and
4	we're only focusing on these three pages." That
5	would have been super helpful.
6	MS. GRUNDMANN: Your Honor, can I just be
7	heard very briefly?
8	You know, this is a public policy body
9	that's seeking to wrestle with a very complicated
10	issue. And without casting any judgment on the
11	subject, the title, the dispute over data centers
12	or anything, I do have some concerns if the
13	Commission is considering saying that a report
14	that was issued after the date by which a party
15	had to submit testimony and thus could not have
16	physically been identified at the time the
17	testimony was submitted, that that is not somehow
18	different than sitting here and saying, oh, my
19	mistake, I should have done this because it was
20	available to me and I did not.
21	I do think that the timing of the
22	submission of this document is relevant to the
23	Commission's consideration. And I do believe
24	that, you know, this body has, as it has done with
25	other documents in this record, is able to give it

1	the appropriate weight.
2	MR. REISINGER: Your Honor, I would also
3	like to be heard since we covered this objection
4	in detail.
5	We haven't had a question from counsel
6	yet, so we don't know how she intends to use this
7	during her direct examination, so I think the
8	appropriate time for an objection would be after
9	counsel asks her questions and asks for this
10	document to be admitted into the record.
11	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Counsel?
12	MS. KING: I'm happy to proceed with my
13	questions, and the other counsel can either
14	sustain or withdraw their objections at that time.
15	I would also posit, you know, for this
16	is ultimately, I think, a question for the
17	Commission. I think the report is interesting and
18	informative to these cutting-edge issues.
19	I do think Mr. Wilson's testimony stands
20	on its own. I do not think this is needed to
21	buttress his testimony in any way. It's just
22	meant to offer for the Commission an example of
23	what we think good looks like.
24	I'm happy to walk through those questions
25	and then defer to the Commission for a final

1	determination.
2	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: And can you also
3	focus on the relevant pages?
4	MS. KING: Yes, I will identify the
5	relevant pages as we go.
6	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
7	
	BY MS. KING:
8	Q So, Mr. Wilson, are you generally familiar
9	with the contents of this report?
10	A Yes, I am.
11	Q And does this report illustrate the kind
12	of forecast that you recommend in future IRP
13	proceedings?
14	A It does in some respects. It's really an
15	interesting report. This is the
16	International Energy Agency. I think it's a
17	largely European organization that forecasts all
18	the different forms of energy around the world and
19	has for many years.
20	It's called Energy and AI. The authors
21	are very bullish on AI. And it talks in great
22	detail about what AI is, why it takes power, the
23	whole supply chain. It's a very interesting
24	report.
25	And it works both it works backward

1	from kind of ideas of how AI adoption is going to
2	develop and what that means for power, talking
3	about the chips, talking about the software, both
4	the training and inference of AI and everything
5	like that. So it's really a very thoughtful and
6	interesting report.
7	The key thing is that they have got four
8	scenarios; a base case and three other scenarios.
9	That's the main thing we want to call attention
10	to.
11	Q So is there a particular graphic within
12	the report that would be useful for this
13	discussion?
14	A Yeah. It's Figure 2.14 on page 67. And
15	the discussion is, what, sort of page 60 to 68 or
16	something like that.
17	Q Can you describe, please, Figure 2.14,
18	which is up on the screen?
19	A Yes. So this is forecasts of global data
20	center electricity consumption, terawatt hours.
21	They are showing to 2035. This is global,
22	electricity total consumption, yeah.
23	So in this graph, the second from the top
24	line is blue, and that's their base case. And
25	they have got several pages where they talk about

1	what they have assumed in the base case.
2	Q I'll just jump in for the record
3	MS. ROBB: Your Honor, if I may, this
4	establishes what I feared would happen. This is a
5	document that buttresses the position that he's
6	taken.
7	We've had an opportunity to address his
8	pre-filed testimony, but we really have not had an
9	opportunity to address these 300 pages. And now
10	that we're focusing on this one graph, I agree
11	with Ms. Link's observation that if we had been
12	told what the focus of the bringing this
13	document in, we would have had more opportunity.
14	But finding this focus right now, again
15	again, I would posit this as hearsay. Mr. Wilson
16	has his own testimony, but bringing this in to
17	support his testimony seems to me he's relying on
18	hearsay.
19	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Counsel?
20	MS. KING: I would reiterate the same
21	points that we've already discussed. I think this
22	is illustrative of the possibility of
23	scenario-based modeling.
24	Mr. Wilson is preparing to explain how
25	each of these lines has an underlying set of

1	narrative assumptions about what happens in the
2	future and how that changes the forecast that we
3	see for data center load growth, which is relevant
4	in this case to the extent that Dominion has
5	presented just a single line for the Commission's
6	consideration.
7	I do apologize to counsel for not
8	identifying the specific graph that I had in mind.
9	I'm hoping that we're doing it here now and we
10	have the opportunity for post-hearing briefs in
11	order for counsel to raise any issues with this
12	particular graph that they may have.
13	And it looks like Mr. Jaffe has stood up,
14	but I would point the Commission to his prior
15	comments about the practice of admitting reports
16	authored by individuals who are not in the room
17	with the Commission previously.
18	MR. JAFFE: My apologies, Your Honor.
19	Again, because we have another report that we'll
20	bring up momentarily, the Commission, as
21	commissioners are well aware, has both legislative
22	and adjudicative functions and, in that
23	legislative capacity, often takes in matters of
24	public interest.
25	Reports like this when they are of the

1 moment and they are fresh and they have routinely 2 come in without the authors of the reports present 3 in past Commission proceedings so long as there is 4 a witness who can authenticate it, who can review 5 it, and verify that it's a true and accurate copy. 6 Likewise, when reports are older, they 7 routinely come in as attachments to testimony 8 without any author of that report present. They 9 are just included as attachments to testimony. 10 I don't see how Microsoft or any other 11 intervener or the Company or Commission Staff are 12 prejudiced when we all have ample time to review 13 the report and trust that the Commission will give 14 any of these documents the -- their due weight, 15 either less or more, as merits. 16 MS. GRUNDMANN: Your Honor, just one 17 additional point. Obviously, I can't speak to the 18 authors of this report with respect to the 19 Company, but I would note that on page 7 of the 20 PDF, an individual on behalf of Microsoft is an 21 author of this report and noted as a peer reviewer 22 of the information contained in it. 23 So I think that that bears upon the 24 authenticity of the report and to any concerns 25 about prejudice that may flow from the report.

1	But, again, I happen to just incidentally have
2	Mr. Wilson's testimony up on page 26, and he
3	mentions the JLARC report. And if the concept
4	that an expert witness cannot cite another report
5	means that it's hearsay, then we lose a lot of the
6	substance in our experts' reports. As Mr. Jaffe
7	indicated, we do routinely cite to reports.
8	I do understand the parties' concerns
9	about it being identified in surrebuttal, but,
10	again, as back to my earlier position, how would
11	that have been resolved based upon its publication
12	date? And I think that that raises the particular
13	concern about how to address it.
14	MS. ROBB: If I may, I think the JLARC
15	report can be distinguished because a number of
16	witnesses cited it in their testimony. So
17	everyone had advanced notice that that report was
18	being relied on. And it was also available when
19	the prefiled testimony was. So I would strongly
20	distinguish between a report that's attached to a
21	witness' testimony, which everyone can take a look
22	at and submit discovery on, as to one that's being
23	introduced now during oral surrebuttal.
24	MS. LINK: Your Honor, I'm sorry to pile
25	on. The one point I would note is if counsel is

1	now saying that this page 67 is the only page she
2	may move for admission of the larger report, and
3	it sounds like what Mr. Wilson is saying is the
4	reason he's pointing to this study is this is the
5	kind of study that would be acceptable to him in
6	terms of a load forecast study, if that's the sole
7	reason why this page is going into the record, to
8	support, like, what kind of agency could do a load
9	forecast that would be acceptable to Mr. Wilson,
10	we won't object if that's the limited purpose for
11	which this one page would be entered into the
12	record.
13	MS. ROBB: I would agree with Dominion
14	counsel on that point.
15	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Counsel for the
16	City?
17	MR. WINSTON: Yes, Your Honor, just
18	briefly. I would just point out that these
19	proceedings under the Commission Rules of Practice
20	and Procedure, the rules of evidence are not
21	supposed to be so stringently adhered to that they
22	restrict the admission of probative evidence. And
23	the load forecast is the bedrock of Dominion's
24	filing. And so I think the probative impact of
25	the report is speaks for itself. And all

1	parties are going to have an opportunity to cross
2	Mr. Wilson.
3	So I understand that it was a large report
4	and it was only received a little while ago, but
5	the gravamen of the report is are these
6	scenarios, and so if anyone looked at the report,
7	it was something like this that was going to be
8	spoken about.
9	So I think it's a little bit overstated,
10	the prejudice that the parties are referencing.
11	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: I saw counsel for
12	Clean Virginia was about to stand up.
13	MR. REISINGER: Thank you, Your Honor.
14	Mr. Winston said what I wanted to say much better
15	than I would have been able to say it.
16	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
17	So counsel for PEC, you're going to be
18	using the exact same document as well?
19	MR. JAFFE: No, Your Honor. We have
20	another report that recently came out that we
21	circulated to parties, and authored by the
22	Harvard Law School's Environmental & Energy Law
23	Program, which I would ask Mr. Wilson if he is
24	able to authenticate it, whether he has any
25	familiarity with the report, when I have my

1 opportunity for cross-examination. 2 COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Okay. Thank you. 3 MR. JAFFE: I would add that there are 4 some dockets where the Commission has asked 5 parties to provide notice of exhibits that will be 6 used in advance of the hearing. This is not one 7 of those dockets. We were not given a deadline by 8 which we had to submit exhibits that would be used 9 at the hearing. 10 And so to the extent counsel for Microsoft 11 raises an objection question, I would say -- or a 12 prejudice question -- my view is that in a docket 13 where we were not required to prenotify our 14 exhibits, that prejudice is -- is one that maybe 15 to take up with the Commission but not with how 16 the parties have conducted themselves in the case. 17 COMMISSIONER HUDSON: So here's what I'm going to do, so I'm certainly going to take this 18 19 document under advisement and definitely make a 20 ruling when I return, either from break or lunch, whichever comes first. But I'll allow you to 21 22 Definitely keep it limited to the pages proceed. 23 that you're going to refer to. 24 MS. KING: Yes. And I'll just -- since 25 Ms. Link had represented that she was okay with

1	just this one page, I'd ask if she'd be interested
2	in the section that includes the definitions that
3	we're about to talk to as well, just because they
4	define what the lines are that you're looking at.
5	MS. LINK: That is really up to you. I
6	don't want to tell you how to litigate your case.
7	If you also want to move for those pages as well,
8	if you can identify those for me, we can consider
9	it.
10	MS. KING: I think it will be helpful for
11	everyone so I'll plan to do that.
12	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Okay.
13	BY MS. KING:
14	Q Mr. Wilson, you were beginning to tell us
15	about the base case in this report.
16	Would you, please, proceed?
17	A Yes. We're looking at the Figure 2.14.
18	It has four cases. They describe the base case as
19	AI adoption, alongside continuously deepening
20	digitalization, drives the expansion of the data
21	center sector. And this comes after a long
22	discussion, as I mentioned before, in the report
23	of AI, what it is, where it's being adopted,
24	how all the uncertainties about how it's going
25	to be adopted and about the whole supply chain to

1	deliver it. And then they come to these four
2	cases.
3	The report notes, in introducing the three
4	additional cases, quote:
5	It's crucial to consider the wide range of
6	uncertainties, including the scale of AI adoption
7	and the efficiency with which this additional
8	service demand will be met.
9	And that's kind of their introduction to
10	the high case there in yellow, called Lift-Off.
11	They describe that as stronger AI adoption and
12	increased demand for digital services, and there's
13	a longer description in the report of that
14	scenario.
15	There's one called High Efficiency case,
16	that's green, the one a little below the base
17	case, which they describe as efficiency
18	initiatives somewhat counterbalance the demand in
19	the base case, lowering the total outlook
20	slightly.
21	And then they have a Headwinds case in
22	orange, the lower one, which assumes some
23	combination of slower service demand growth,
24	difficulties in monetization of AI leading to a
25	pullback in investment, and stronger local

1 constraints and other limitations which cause 2 delay in data center development. 3 So it's four very different and very 4 plausible scenarios that end up with very 5 different projections. I mean, if you look at 6 this graph, it looks like the low case in 2030 is 7 under 700, while the high case in 2030 is over 8 1,300 -- over 1,200, almost twice as much. And 9 then that gap only the gets larger when you go out 10 to 2035. 11 So I found it a fascinating report and a 12 great example, I think, of the kind of really 13 thoughtful discussion of everything around AI and digital services that is driving the demand for 14 15 data centers, and then recognizing the 16 uncertainties and providing these sorts of 17 scenarios. I just bring it up as an example of 18 that. 19 One last question, and just especially 20 given the discussion in the room today, the figure 21 shows global electricity demand for data centers, 22 but the scenarios did not include details at a 23 more granular geographic level, and don't purport 24 to be commenting on load growth forecasts in 25 Dominion's service territory specifically; is that

1	correct?
2	A Yes. In the base case, they talked about
3	different countries or maybe regions I think
4	it was just countries, to some extent. But in
5	these three other cases, there wasn't any
6	geographic detail at all. So this is all global
7	level. And, of course, the questions about where
8	those data centers will be put, which countries,
9	which states, which EDC service territories, is an
10	entire additional level of uncertainty about
11	future data center load growth.
12	MS. KING: Your Honors, I'm going to move
13	just for the admission of the section that
14	includes that figure, so that Section 2.3.1 of the
15	report entitled Outlook in the Base Case.
16	THE BAILIFF: The Energy and AI document
17	excerpt will be marked as Exhibit 30.
18	(Exhibit No. 30 was marked for
19	identification.)
20	MS. KING: And apologies, also Section
21	2.3.2, Outlook in the Sensitivity Cases. And I
22	think that should cover all that Mr. Wilson has
23	commented on.
24	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: And that's all part
25	of Exhibit 30?

1	MS. KING: Yes, all part of a single
2	exhibit.
3	MS. ROBB: Clarification. Can I ask for
4	page numbers?
5	MS. KING: Yes. So 2.3.1 begins on
6	page 62 of the report. And 2.3.2 concludes on
7	page 70.
8	MS. ROBB: Thank you.
9	MS. KING: I would move for the admission
10	of that section of the report.
11	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: I'll take it under
12	advisement. Are we going to move it into
13	evidence?
14	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: We'll have to wait until
15	after we take it under advisement.
16	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Yeah, I was going to
17	wait until after I take it under advisement.
18	MS. KING: That's fine.
19	MS. LINK: Your Honor, just for clarity of
20	the record now that the ask is official to move
21	Exhibit 30, pages 62 to 70 into the record, the
22	Company will not object to that admission into the
23	record so long as the purpose for which the
24	information is used is to support Mr. Wilson's
25	request on how a particular kind of data center

1	forecast should be done.
2	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you. Thank
3	you, Counsel.
4	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: Real quick, so are there
5	no objections to the admission of this testimony
6	at this time?
7	MS. ROBB: May I ask if counsel agrees to
8	that purpose?
9	MS. KING: I'm amenable to that purpose,
10	yes.
11	MS. GRUNDMANN: Let me ask
12	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: Just real clear: This
13	is an IRP hearing and we can give evidence to the
14	weight to which it's deserved. We recognize that
15	this report did not come out until a few days ago,
16	so for the limited purpose of determining whether
17	or not the IRP is reasonable or prudent, I'd have
18	to say that we can certainly take this evidence
19	in; it does not seem to be a reason not to take it
20	in, but it would seem uncommon for it to have so
21	much value that it ends up tipping the scale one
22	way or the other with respect to the Integrated
23	Resource Plan, which is really all we're here for
24	today. So if that changes anybody's perspective
25	on the relative merits or importance of this

1	document
2	MS. ROBB: If counsel's agreeing to what
3	Ms. Link had said was the purpose, I also withdraw
4	my objection.
820	
5	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: Okay.
6	MR. BENFORADO: Your Honor, from
7	Appalachian Voices' perspective, I'm confused by
8	the purpose statement. I mean, we heard what
9	Mr. Wilson testified about it, so I think it's up
10	to the Commission to determine the weight, as
11	Commissioner Towell just mentioned. So I'm a
12	little bit confused by this purpose statement if
13	there's an objection to the pages in Mr. Wilson's
14	testimony being lodged.
15	But again, I think the Commission is
16	certainly entitled to afford whatever
17	discretionary weight it should, but the document
18	is the document, it's been authenticated, his
19	testimony has been provided, the parties can
20	cross-examine him however they wish.
21	MS. LINK: Your Honor, I'm now confused
22	because I thought Appalachian Voices agreed.
23	MS. KING: To clarify, I agreed because
24	that does accurately reflect the reason why we
25	have offered it in Mr. Wilson's testimony. I

1	think Mr. Benforado is exactly right that the
2	Commission can use it however they wish, counsel
3	can use it however they wish in their opportunity
4	for cross-examination and post-hearing briefs. I
5	don't know that I can control what other parties
6	do, but I can confirm, Ms. Link, that is the
7	purpose for which we have offered it here today.
8	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
9	MS. ROBB: With that clarification, I do
10	withdraw my objection.
11	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you. Thank
12	you, Counsel.
13	BY MS. KING:
14	Q Mr. Wilson, does
15	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Let me admit it into
16	the record.
17	MS. KING: Great.
18	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: The document marked
19	and described as Exhibit No. 30 is admitted into
20	the record.
21	(Exhibit No. 30 was admitted into
22	evidence.)
23	BY MS. KING:
24	Q Mr. Wilson, does that conclude your
25	surrebuttal testimony?

1	A Yes, it does.
2	MS. KING: The witness is available for
3	cross.
4	MR. JOHNS: No questions from Sierra Club
5	and NRDC.
6	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: United.
7	MS. POLLARD: No questions, Your Honor.
8	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Clean Virginia.
9	MR. REISINGER: No questions, Your Honor.
10	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: DCC.
11	MR. MURPHEY: No questions, Your Honor.
12	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Walmart.
13	MS. GRUNDMANN: Yes, Your Honor.
14	MS. LINK: And, Your Honor, just to be
15	clear as Ms. Grundmann is going up, was the
16	document Exhibit 30 admitted pages just pages
17	62 through 70? I believe you said the document as
18	marked as Exhibit 30 is admitted.
19	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: I'm sorry. Yes.
20	I'll wait for the bailiff to get back and we'll
21	amend it to pages 62 to 70.
22	MS. GRUNDMANN: Your Honor, just for
23	clarity of the record, would it be helpful to put
24	page 1 as the title of the report and then the
25	pages, or just pages 62 to 70?

1	MS. LINK: Ms. Grundmann, that is up to
2	the counsel trying to admit the document.
3	MS. KING: I'll amend my motion to also
4	include the title page of the report.
5	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
6	THE BAILIFF: The amended description for
7	Exhibit 30 will be marked as Energy and AI
8	document, excerpted pages 62 through 70; is that
9	correct?
10	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: And the title page,
11	correct.
12	MS. KING: And the title page, thank you.
13	THE BAILIFF: Energy and AI. Am I missing
14	something?
15	MS. GRUNDMANN: Just that page.
16	THE BAILIFF: So the World Energy Outlook
17	Special Report, excerpted pages 62 through 70.
18	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you. So the
19	document as amended is admitted into the record.
20	CROSS-EXAMINATION
21	BY MS. GRUNDMANN:
22	Q Good morning, Mr. Wilson. My name is
23	Carrie Grundmann, I'm here on behalf of Walmart.
24	I just had a couple of questions, give me just
25	In some of your surrebuttal comments with

1	your counsel, you discussed this broader concept
2	of data centers potentially choosing where to
3	locate and being subject to more stringent
4	contract terms in some locations versus others?
5	Do you recall that general discussion?
6	A Yes.
7	Q And if I look at Question 33 on page 25 of
8	your testimony, you mention some approaches that
9	have been taken by AEP Ohio and Georgia?
10	A Yes.
11	Q And what I wanted to ask is: Are you
12	aware that AEP Ohio is a distribution-only
13	utility?
14	A Yes.
15	Q Whereas in Virginia, Dominion is a fully
16	vertically integrated utility that owns its
17	generation?
18	A Yes. AEP has done the fixed resource
19	requirement thing in PJM where they procure their
20	own capacity, which is, you know, a little bit
21	like being vertically integrated. But, yes.
22	Q Are you familiar with Docket U-37425
23	currently pending before the Louisiana Public
24	Service Commission?
25	A Is that the Entergy Meta?

1 0 It is. 2 I haven't followed the docket. I'm aware 3 that there is that happening there. 4 Are you generally aware -- and if you 5 don't know, that's fine, but are you generally 6 aware that in that docket, Entergy has proposed 7 and sought approval of 2 gigawatts of new natural 8 gas and is proposing to build approximately 9 1.5 gigawatts of renewable energy to allow Meta to 10 build a multi-gigawatt data center in Louisiana? 11 That's my understanding, yes. 12 And are you aware that the -- that there 13 are contractual terms that have been agreed upon 14 between Meta and the Company that would have Meta, 15 over an approximately 15-year contract, pay for 16 the incremental costs of the facilities being 17 built to serve them? 18 I haven't seen the details, but that's my 19 understanding is that the data center and the 20 resource are very much matched and connected. 21 So when you talk about having a situation 22 that would essentially, as I view it, as having --23 the data center having more skin in the game, is 24 the Entergy example an example of how data centers

can have more skin in the game?

1	A Yes, that is an example. Sometimes
2	nowadays it's called additionality where a data
3	center is going to be constructed and it has plans
4	to come up with the capacity that will serve it,
5	and that's one example. There's a number of other
6	examples.
7	And especially where a very, very large
8	data center is in a somewhat remote area where
9	there's not a lot of generation already there,
10	this is more and more getting to be the approach.
11	The data center is planning to have generation to
12	serve it.
13	Q And, Mr. Wilson, I'd like to confirm that
14	not only is your testimony, but all the exhibits
15	attached to it, are in public version only; is
16	that correct?
17	MS. KING: That's correct.
18	BY MS. GRUNDMANN:
19	Q And so I want to provide you with one of
20	the responses that was attached I'm just going
21	to put it up on the screen. I didn't want to put
22	anything up on the screen until I confirmed its
23	confidentiality, but it's one of the exhibits, one
24	of the enclosed discovery responses. And it
25	related to it's from Appalachian Voices' third

4	ant Ourstiem No. 41. And it instructs
1	set, Question No. 41. And it just asked about
2	sort of the size, in a megawatt, of the largest
3	data center demand, you know, as of 2030.
4	And if you see here at the bottom, the two
5	largest are 3,562 megawatts or just over
6	3.5 gigawatts, correct?
7	A Yes.
8	Q And so that's reflective of the fact that
9	the smaller data centers of the immediate past are
10	not precisely what we are seeing moving forward
11	when it comes to the size of these data centers?
12	A This is about customers here.
13	Q Okay.
14	A So the two largest customers are
15	52 percent, 3,500 and on from there. So this
16	isn't about the size of the facility.
17	Q Of an individual site?
18	A Right.
19	Q Okay. Thank you.
20	MS. GRUNDMANN: Thank you, Mr. Wilson.
21	Those are all the questions that I have.
22	MR. JAFFE: Thank you, Your Honors.
23	CROSS-EXAMINATION
24	BY MR. JAFFE:
25	Q Good morning, Mr. Wilson. Cale Jaffe,

1	here for Piedmont Environmental Council.
2	Before we get to the Harvard study, I just
3	want to start with your testimony and your
4	discussion with some of the contracts that drive
5	the data center load.
6	So you testified on page 29 of your
7	prefiled testimony sort of laying out the process
8	for how this data center load comes on to the
9	system, and you discussed a three- to seven-year
10	period and a series of agreements. First, a
11	substation engineering letter of authorization,
12	then a construction letter of authorization, and
13	then finally an electric service agreement.
14	Is that correct?
15	A Yes.
16	Q And then you reference at the end of this
17	section that the 2024 plan has the Company
18	contracting with data center customers through
19	electric service agreements for a little more than
20	8,000 megawatts; is that right?
21	A Yes.
22	Q And that just to orient ourselves,
23	pulling I'm now putting on the screen page 14
24	from the IRP, Figure 2.1.7.
25	This is where that 8000-megawatt figure

1	comes from; is that right?
2	A Yes.
3	Q All right. And just to understand those
4	contracts, yesterday in the case we had moved into
5	evidence Exhibits 9, 10, and 11, which are
6	templates for those contracts provided by the
7	Company. And I just to briefly understand how
8	they work.
9	So this is the first of those contracts
10	you reference, the substation engineering letter
11	of authorization, that is this document, correct?
12	This is Exhibit 9.
13	A Okay.
14	Q Did you have a chance to review that
15	discovery response from the Company?
16	A Well, you're showing me little pieces of
17	it. I'll have to trust that that's
18	Q I'll try to zoom out so you can see more
19	of the document.
20	A Yeah.
21	Q I'll direct you to one specific section of
22	it. I'm now looking at the second-to-last page of
23	the Company's discovery response here.
24	I've highlighted the relevant language,
25	which says here on Exhibit 9:

1	If you determine you are going to move
2	forward with needing electric service and Dominion
3	Energy is given authorization to proceed, the
4	engineering plan will be payable, and so forth.
5	Do you see that section?
6	A Yes.
7	Q And so this, essentially, is sort of the
8	way to initiate the project. The substation
9	engineering letter of authorization just sort of
10	gets the ball rolling; is that fair?
11	A I think that's fair.
12	Q And then that then leads to, as you
13	mentioned in your testimony, construction letters
14	of authorization. This is Exhibit 10. And that
15	gets a little more specific in terms of sections
16	on, for example, engineering and procurement,
17	potential delays in the facility and the like; is
18	that right?
19	A Yes.
20	Q So we're getting a little more real but
21	still not yet in service.
22	And then the last exhibit, 11, which is
23	the electric service agreement, this is the
24	document that includes, for example, the actual
25	service effective dates anticipated the meter

1	date, as it's referred to in this contract; is
2	that right?
3	A Yes.
4	Q So that's when that power then becomes
5	part of the load; is that right?
6	A That's
7	Q Or anticipated. Once this contract
8	anticipates that next step.
9	A That next step say your full question
10	again, please.
11	Q Thank you, Mr. Wilson.
12	This contract then sets the date, the
13	meter date by which the data center would actually
14	come into service; is that correct?
15	A Okay. Yes.
16	Q And the Company has presumably some
17	negotiating power in entering into these bilateral
18	contracts that could in terms of managing the
19	load, managing the in-service dates, other terms
20	of the contract, the Company has whatever
21	negotiating power it might have in any contract
22	situation; is that right?
23	A Yes.
24	Q All right. Let me turn now to the Harvard
25	study that we've referenced. I wanted to walk

1	through those documents just so we understand
2	actually, let me ask you one more question about
3	that.
4	The Piedmont Environmental Council, in its
5	opening statement, referenced the data center load
6	as a crisis by contract, meaning the Company has
7	signed these contracts that you referenced and
8	sort of forced this data center load upon all of
9	us to try to figure out how to manage.
10	Do you think that is a fair critique of
11	the that crisis-by-contract phrasing, how would
12	you respond to that as a critique of the situation
13	that we're in here in terms of the data center
14	load?
15	A I don't really have any response to that.
16	Q Fair enough.
17	Let me turn now to of course, much of
18	your testimony discusses data center load, load
19	growth, cost allocation and the like; is that
20	correct?
21	A Not so much cost allocation, but I discuss
22	the uncertainties and the risks.
23	MS. ROBB: Your Honor, at this point I'd
24	like to rise because if the purpose of getting
25	this in is for cost allocation, and Mr. Wilson has

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1	just testified that cost allocation is not what he
2	focused on, I would object to it on probative
3	grounds as well as all the grounds that I cited
4	for objecting to the previous report. And I can
5	repeat those grounds if you would find that
6	helpful.
7	MR. JAFFE: Your Honor, if I can this
8	is page 7 of Mr. Wilson's direct testimony. I
9	highlighted the relevant language.
10	BY MR. JAFFE:
11	Q Mr. Wilson, is this correct? You state:
12	There is a risk that under current rules
13	in many regions, including in Virginia and PJM,
14	the cost of these investments will largely be
15	borne by other customers whose loads have
16	generally been flat and do not cause these
17	investments.
18	Is that your testimony?
19	A Yes.
20	MR. JAFFE: Your Honor, I'd like to
21	introduce the report in response to Mr. Wilson's
22	testimony on that point.
23	MS. ROBB: I'm again going to object
24	because cost allocation has been discussed
25	previously in this proceeding as being addressed

1	in Dominion's biennial review. We talked
2	yesterday about how that speaks to impacts on
3	GS-1, GS-2, GS-3, GS-4.
4	So, again, I don't think this is relevant
5	for the purposes of this testimony, and I don't
6	think I think the fact that there are costs is
7	relevant to the proceeding. Cost allocation, I
8	think, is for the biennial review proceeding.
9	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Counsel?
10	MS. LINK: Your Honor, we join in the
11	objection that the document is outside the scope
12	of this proceeding. This Commission has been very
13	clear this is not a cost recovery proceeding.
14	We've already kept some information out with
15	regard to any kind of cost allocation proposal
16	that's pending in the biennial review, and this is
17	just simply outside the scope of this proceeding.
18	MR. JAFFE: Your Honor, I'm intending to
19	cross Mr. Wilson on his pre-filed written
20	testimony, the exact sentence that I have
21	highlighted and is on the screen right now.
22	If the Company or Ms. Robb had a problem
23	with that sentence, they had weeks which they
24	could have filed a motion to strike that testimony
25	as outside the scope of this proceeding. They

1	didn't move to strike it. The testimony has been
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2	entered into the record. I should be able to
3	cross-examine the witness on the testimony that is
4	now in the record in this proceeding.
5	MS. ROBB: To clarify, no objection to
6	that sentence in Mr. Wilson's testimony. I would
7	distinguish between costs versus cost allocation.
8	I believe that we're venturing into cost
9	allocation and that is not part of this case.
10	MS. LINK: I agree, no one is saying
11	Mr. Jaffe can't cross him on the statement. We're
12	objecting to the document you're trying to put
13	into the record on cost allocation.
14	MR. MURPHEY: DCC joins in with both
15	Dominion and Microsoft's objections of this
16	document.
17	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: So, Counsel, you're
18	going to be crossing him on these
19	particular statements?
20	MR. JAFFE: Yes, Your Honor, I'm going to
21	cross him on this particular sentence.
22	And with respect to the opposition to the
23	record or to the report, it directly speaks to
24	the issue raised in that sentence. It could not
25	be more on point.

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1	MR. WINSTON: Your Honor, may I speak?
2	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Yes.
3	MR. WINSTON: The City just wants to join
4	Mr. Jaffe in supporting the probative and
5	relevance of the report.
6	Again, the standard by which the
7	Commission reviews the IRP is, is it reasonable
8	and is it in the public interest. Cost
9	allocations, while may be not the focus of this
10	proceeding, certainly goes to the question of
11	whether the load forecast is in the public
12	interest, if it's reasonable, and so I think all
13	of these issues are probative.
14	And as Commissioner Towell said, the
15	Commission is capable of giving the due weight to
16	the reports and evidence that's admitted, and I
17	think the Commission is also capable of doing that
18	here.
19	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: So, Counsel, if it's
20	going to be in response to the particular sentence
21	here, please proceed.
22	MR. JAFFE: Thank you, Your Honor.
23	BY MR. JAFFE:
24	Q All right. Just to for the purposes of
25	a clean transcript, let me ask you to read the

1	highlighted sentence from page 7 of your pre-filed
2	testimony, Mr. Wilson.
3	A Okay. My testimony there says the
4	following:
5	There is risk that under current rules in
6	many regions, including in Virginia and PJM, the
7	cost of these investments by context, to meet
8	future data center loads will largely be borne
9	by other customers whose loads have generally been
10	flat and who do not cause these investments.
11	Q Mr. Wilson, with respect to that
12	statement, I would like to put on the screen now a
13	document entitled Extracting Profits from the
14	Public: How Utility Ratepayers are Paying for Big
15	Tech's Power.
16	This is a report authored by the
17	Environmental & Energy Law Program at Harvard Law
18	School, and it just came out last month,
19	March 2025.
20	Do you see that document?
21	A Yes.
22	Q All right. I'd like to now pass out that
23	document.
24	And while I'm doing that, Mr. Wilson, can
25	you say whether you're familiar with this report?

1	A Yes, I am familiar.
2	Q And let me give you a copy of it to review
3	and see if you can authenticate it as a true and
4	accurate copy of the report.
5	Mr. Wilson, whenever you're ready, you can
6	let me know if
7	A Yes.
8	Q Are you familiar with the copy of the
9	report that I've put before you?
10	A Yes.
11	MR. JAFFE: Your Honors, I'd like to have
12	this document marked as the next exhibit in the
13	proceeding. And after crossing Mr. Wilson on the
14	document, I would move its admission into
15	evidence.
16	MS. ROBB: I'm just going to renew my
17	objection. This is hearsay. It's not
18	Mr. Wilson's document. Again, we're not able to
19	submit discovery.
20	This was available apparently in March.
21	It's only been made available to us a few days
22	ago, so I consider this highly prejudicial and
23	hearsay and inappropriate.
24	MS. LINK: And I'll note my objection for
25	the record, in addition to the reasons stated by

1	Ms. Robb, the relevance. As we have noted, that
2	the cost allocation for data centers is pending in
3	another docket.
4	MS. GRUNDMANN: Your Honor, from a
5	procedural standpoint, I have concerns again,
6	without the subject of this with an argument by
7	a party that they are prejudiced by virtue of a
8	fact that a party did not provide them a
9	cross-examination exhibit before a hearing when
10	the Commission has not set a deadline for the
11	pre-disclosure of cross-examination exhibits.
12	Moreover, it's hearsay if it's in
13	testimony if it's not authored by the author, and
14	it's hearsay if it's handed out at a hearing.
15	So I don't I have an issue with both of
16	those objections. I take no position on the
17	substance of this report, but in terms of the
18	fundamental nature of a report being used, whether
19	in a witness' testimony or as a cross-examination,
20	I view those as one and the same, and common
21	practice before this Commission.
22	COMMISSIONER BAGOT: It seems to me like
23	the witness can be asked the questions and then
24	either agree or disagree with the statements being
25	made as opposed to us and we can take

1	whatever give whatever proper weight we want to
2	Mr. Wilson's responses to the questions regarding
3	the statements in this report.
4	MS. ROBB: Would it be possible, after
5	Mr. Jaffe finishes his discussion with Mr. Wilson
6	of this report, to take a break to allow parties
7	to consider how to address that discussion?
8	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Absolutely.
9	MS. ROBB: Thank you.
10	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: We'll mark it at
11	this time.
12	MR. JAFFE: Thank you, Your Honor. I'm
13	sorry, just procedurally, are you asking me to
14	respond to the objection or proceed with the
15	cross-examination?
16	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: You can respond.
17	MR. JAFFE: Thank you, Your Honor. So as
18	counsel for Walmart stated, there are many dockets
19	where we are given a date by which we have to
20	circulate exhibits to be used at a hearing. This
21	was not such a proceeding, so I think providing
22	the document a few days in advance was a courtesy,
23	not a requirement.
24	I would say on the cost allocation
25	question, I'm not seeking to bring in an actual

1	accounting of how to manage the cost allocation,
2	simply raising the cost allocation issue that is
3	raised by Mr. Wilson's direct testimony for the
4	precise reason that counsel for the City of
5	Alexandria raised, which is it goes to the
6	question of whether the IRP is reasonable and in
7	the public interest.
8	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you. So at
9	this time we can actually mark it for
10	identification purposes.
11	THE BAILIFF: The article entitled
12	Extracting Profits From the Public: How Utility
13	Ratepayers Are Paying For Big Tech's Power, will
14	be marked as Exhibit 31.
15	(Exhibit No. 31 was marked for
16	identification.)
17	BY MR. JAFFE:
18	Q All right. Mr. Wilson, just you
19	testified just a minute ago that about the
20	question of that the cost of these investments
21	meaning the data center investments will
22	largely be borne by other customers, whose loads
23	have generally been flat and who do not cause
24	these investments; is that correct?
25	A I'm not sure that was quite correct. The

1	risk is.
2	Q The risk is that under current rules
3	A Yes.
4	Q in many regions, including in Virginia
5	and PJM, the cost of these investments will
6	largely be borne by other customers whose loads
7	have generally been flat and who do not cause
8	these investments.
9	Is that correct?
10	A There is risk, yes.
11	Q And I'm now putting on the screen page 10
12	from the Harvard report, which has been marked as
13	Exhibit 31, and the highlighted language here, if
14	PUCs allow utilities to follow the conventional
15	approach of socializing system expansion,
16	utilities will impose data centers' energy costs
17	on the public.
18	Do you see that?
19	A Yes.
20	Q Is that largely consistent with your
21	testimony on that point?
22	A Yes, I'm raising the risk that if we
23	follow the usual approaches for generation
24	expansion, for transmission expansion, then the
25	incremental costs are not following cost

1	causation, they are not being imposed on the
2	parties, the need, the incremental generation
3	transmission. Instead, we're following the
4	traditional approach of spreading them broadly,
5	yes. And this report goes into that in great
6	detail.
7	Q And you reference both Virginia and PJM in
8	your testimony, as we just recited on page 7; is
9	that correct?
10	A Yes.
11	Q And as an example of that I'm now putting
12	on the screen page 15 from the Harvard study. It
13	notes:
14	In December 2023, the PJM RTO approved
15	\$5 billion of transmission projects, and that PJM
16	assigned approximately half of the total cost to
17	Virginia utilities.
18	Do you see that?
19	A I see that.
20	Q Is that an example of the kind of concern
21	that you raise on page 7 of your testimony?
22	A Yes, that's an example of the kind of
23	concern. I haven't, obviously, verified these
24	numbers, but yes, through PJM's transmission
25	process, the cost of transmission build can be

1	spread widely.
2	Q And then one last page from the Harvard
3	study, and then I'm done with that document, on
4	page now I'm putting on the screen page 16 from
5	the Harvard study. It provides:
6	If a utility's data center growth
7	projections fail to materialize, ratepayers could
8	be left paying for transmission that the utility
9	constructed in anticipation of data center
10	development, claiming that it was addressing
11	and referenced this as a stranded cost issue.
12	Do you see that piece of the report?
13	A Yes.
14	Q And is that also consistent with the
15	testimony you've provided both in your prefiled
16	direct testimony and in live surrebuttal today?
17	A Yes.
18	MR. JAFFE: With that, Your Honors, I'd
19	move the admission of Exhibit 31.
20	MS. ROBB: I would propose the same
21	compromise that we reached for the last exhibit,
22	which was to admit those pages which were
23	discussed which were discussed during
24	cross-examination.
25	MR. JAFFE: Your Honor, I would like the

1	entirety of the report into the record. I think
2	taking and the Commission, of course, can give
3	it the due weight that it merits, but having the
4	entirety of the report to be able to put the
5	sections that we've cross-examined Mr. Wilson on
6	into context in our post-hearing briefs may be
7	useful for the Commission. You know, in the
8	interest of time, it does not make sense for me to
9	walk through every single page of the report and
10	ask Mr. Wilson a question about it; I'm trying to
11	focus on the most relevant sections, but I think
12	the entirety of the report may be useful to the
13	Commission, again, the weight that it merits.
14	MS. ROBB: I would just submit that
15	parties are permitted, during this portion of the
16	hearing, respondents to have oral surrebuttal.
17	This goes well beyond oral surrebuttal into a
18	party that did not even have a witness putting in
19	what I consider written testimony into the record.
20	So I renew my objection.
21	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
22	And counsel, you did say at some point you
23	would like to review this report?
24	MS. ROBB: Yes, if it's possible to have a
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25	recess now

1	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: We can have a lunch.
2	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Let's do that, we
3	can actually have
4	MS. ROBB: I know it's unusual.
5	Thank you.
6	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Let's actually take
7	a lunch break right now and return at 1:30.
8	MS. LINK: Your Honor, just for the
9	record, I just base my objection on relevance to
10	the report.
11	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Let's reconvene at
12	1:30. We're now in recess.
13	(A luncheon recess was taken.)
14	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: All right. So have
15	all counsel got a chance to look at the article,
16	review it?
17	And I think the next step was to you
18	were about to actually move it into the record or
19	do you need a ruling from the bench?
20	MR. JAFFE: Yes, Your Honor, I would move
21	admission of, I believe it was Exhibit 31, I would
22	renew that motion.
23	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Sure. And what I
24	will say is that we'll admit it into the record
25	and the Commission will definitely give it its

1	proper due weight.
2	MR. JAFFE: Thank you, Your Honor.
3	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you. So this
4	is on the article from Harvard and it was marked
5	and described as Exhibit No. 31 and it's admitted
6	into the record.
7	(Exhibit No. 31 was admitted into
8	evidence.)
9	MR. JAFFE: Thank you, Your Honor. And
10	I'd like to continue with cross-examination of
11	Mr. Wilson, if I might.
12	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Proceed.
13	BY MR. JAFFE:
14	Q Mr. Wilson, I would like to turn now to
15	the JLARC study, which has been already admitted
16	as Exhibit 8 in this docket.
17	And I want to sort of you cite to the
18	JLARC study a few times in your prefiled
19	testimony; is that right?
20	A That's right.
21	Q So I take it you're familiar with it?
22	A Yes.
23	Q And you cite or you make the
24	observation in your testimony this is page 19
25	of 37 you note that the high concentration of

1	first-generation data centers in Northern Virginia
2	means that Virginia is now enormously overbuilt
3	from a regional perspective.
4	Is that your testimony?
5	A Yes.
6	Q And the JLARC report, similarly, on
7	page 7 and I'm curious if this is consistent,
8	if this is what you're referencing when you talk
9	about Northern Virginia being overbuilt.
10	I'm looking at page 7 of the JLARC report,
11	Figure 1-3. It notes that Virginia has
12	4,000 megawatts a little more than 4,000
13	megawatts of operational capacity dedicated to
14	data centers; is that right?
15	A Yeah, this is citing to a 2024
16	Cushman & Wakefield report, and I presume these
17	numbers are from there. I haven't checked those.
18	Q And just to put the Virginia number in
19	perspective, if we were to take the data center
20	build-out in Tokyo, in London, and the
21	San Francisco Bay Area, it would appear that the
22	Northern Virginia operational capacity dedicated
23	to data centers is larger than all than those
24	three combined; is that right?
25	A That arithmetic looks correct based on

1	this source.
2	Q And so to address that concern and
3	that's a concern, as we just noted you raise on
4	page 19 of your testimony; is that right? In
5	terms of the data center concentration being
6	overbuilt in Northern Virginia.
7	A What's the question?
8	Q That these two that the JLARC study's
9	data on this point in your observation seem to
10	relate to the same point; would you agree?
11	A Yes.
12	Q And then I'd like the JLARC study makes
13	a recommend responding to that and I'm curious to
14	get whether that's consistent with your testimony.
15	This is on page 36 of the JLARC study. It
16	provides:
17	One of the main ways that can protect grid
18	reliability is by delaying the addition of new
19	large-load customers.
20	Do you think that would be a reasonable
21	means of managing the data center load?
22	A Well, the new loads data centers and a few
23	other types have gotten so much larger just in the
24	last couple of years. It used to be that 25 and
25	50 megawatts was huge. Now the numbers are in the

1	hundreds and even sometimes thousands of
2	megawatts, so a lot of different areas are
3	considering that they need a large load
4	interconnection process. So rather than just lots
5	and lots of the loads, the customers come, the
6	utility says, sure, when do you need it and how
7	much; when they were small, that was the process.
8	When it's really, really big, then it's
9	like a new generator. You have to do a study to
10	see what's going to happen if you put that huge
11	load in that location.
12	So a lot of areas are moving towards a
13	much more formal and deliberate, large load
14	interconnection process, and that can involve
15	studying. And Dominion did this, you know, one
16	time looking at the new loads and concluding that
17	you're not going to be able to serve them as soon
18	as they seem to want to be served and so they
19	might be delayed, yes.
20	Q And you mentioned, then, sort of a process
21	for sort of managing that data load in your answer
22	just now. This excerpt from page 36 that
23	currently appears on the screen from the JLARC
24	study states that:
25	Utilities appear to have the authority to

1	delay large load additions for
2	transmission-related concerns.
3	And then it says:
4	It is less clear if utilities are allowed
5	to delay adding new load because of generation
6	concerns.
7	Do you see that?
8	A Yes.
9	Q So are those the kinds of questions, those
10	uncertainties that you would a process would
11	help determine? A process for managing data
12	center load.
13	A Yes. Typically for the utilities, number
14	one is reliability; number two is connect all the
15	customers. So when those are in competition,
16	reliability comes first and the new load might
17	have to be delayed.
18	Q And one last section of the JLARC report
19	for to ask you about as it relates to your
20	testimony, this is from page 51 of the report, and
21	it is Recommendation No. 5 from the report. It
22	references directing Dominion Energy to develop a
23	plan for addressing the risk of generation and
24	transmission infrastructure costs being stranded
25	with existing customers and to file that plan with

the State Corporation Commission. 1 2 Now, this specific reference suggested 3 that the General Assembly might require a data 4 center-specific plan by legislation, but would you 5 agree that an Integrated Resource Plan, an IRP, 6 might be a perfect vehicle for developing exactly 7 this kind of plan? To address the risk of 8 generation and transmission infrastructure costs 9 being stranded with existing customers. 10 Well, I think that language is a little 11 odd because to me being stranded means the utility 12 shareholders -- that's what it always used to 13 mean. Stranded costs are costs that the utility 14 isn't able to collect from customers. Stranded 15 with existing customers. 16 But this gets to the issues I've raised that if you build -- if you make huge investments 17 18 to serve anticipated very large new loads and they 19 don't show up, then you have some very large costs 20 that you don't have a customer to recover them 21 from. And I agree that that's something Dominion 22 should address. 23 I mean AEP and other utilities have 24 addressed that voluntarily because they perceive

the risk to their shareholders. But, yeah, I

25

1	agree that's something that ought to happen one
2	way or another.
3	MR. JAFFE: No further questions,
4	Your Honor.
5	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
6	Microsoft?
7	MS. ROBB: Thank you, Your Honor.
8	CROSS-EXAMINATION
9	BY MS. ROBB:
10	Q Good afternoon, Mr. Wilson. I'm just
11	going to follow-up on that conversation you had
12	with Mr. Jaffe on the JLARC Recommendation No. 5
13	about and I want to clarify.
14	Is it your testimony that in this IRP
15	proceeding, the Commission should address
16	generation and transmission costs possibly being
17	stranded with existing customers, or would it be
18	more appropriate in the ongoing biennial review
19	proceeding?
20	A I think it's relevant to the planning
21	purpose of an IRP to consider whether the load
22	forecast and capacity requirements that flow from
23	them might create substantial risk of there being
24	stranded costs. To me, that sounds like a
25	relevant consideration in the context of the IRP.

1	But I'm not an attorney, but that seems important.
2	Q All right. Are you aware that there is a
3	biennial review proceeding?
4	A I am.
5	Q Are you aware of the tariff being proposed
6	in that proceeding for large-load customers?
7	A I am.
8	Q Do you disagree that do you think that
9	tariff should, instead, be considered in this
10	proceeding?
11	A That's not for me to decide.
12	Q Mr. Jaffe, early before lunch, was asking
13	you questions about the template substation LOAs,
14	the construction LOAs, and the ESAs which were in
15	the record as Exhibits 9, 10, and 11.
16	Do you recall that question?
17	A Yes.
18	Q Have you ever worked on one of these
19	agreements as it was executed by a data center? I
20	mean, have you seen have you reviewed one of
21	these agreements that was actually executed by a
22	data center?
23	A I think I've seen executed versions
24	redacted executed versions in other venues, not
25	here. Here we we asked for that, I think we

1	asked for that twice, and all we've gotten are
2	templates.
3	Q Okay. So not in Virginia.
4	And I want to make sure I understand
5	something something you said earlier.
6	Did you state in response to Mr. Jaffe
7	that sorry.
8	Would you consider yourself an expert on
9	cost allocation?
10	A It's one of the topics that comes up in my
11	work. I'm an economist with 40 years of
12	experience. It's not something I do a lot of,
13	but, you know, I've testified on cost causation
14	and rate design and some of those topics.
15	Q Did you address cost allocation in your
16	prefiled direct testimony in this proceeding?
17	A My testimony speaks for itself. I raised
18	concerns about what might happen to some of the
19	costs that might be incurred based on the load
20	forecasts that I'm reviewing and questioning.
21	MS. ROBB: No further questions.
22	Thank you.
23	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
24	City of Alexandria.
25	MR. WINSTON: Just a few questions,

1	Your Honor.
2	CROSS-EXAMINATION
3	BY MR. WINSTON:
4	Q Mr. Wilson, would you agree that in
5	addition to all of the risk factors that you cite
6	in your testimony which lead to your conclusion
7	that the load forecasts that Dominion includes in
8	its filings is uncertain and not as not as
9	ironclad as the filing would illustrate? Would
10	you agree that another risk factor is the
11	potential development of more efficient energy
12	systems, such as AI-optimized energy usage systems
13	and those type of technology advances?
14	A I think the answer is yes, but I'm not
15	sure I understand what you're talking about by AI.
16	Could you state your question again?
17	Q Sure. So while the consumption levels
18	energy consumption from data customers is
19	currently very large, are you aware that there are
20	systems being developed right now that would use
21	AI to optimize energy timing and uses and peaks so
22	that demand reduction might go down even if the
23	build-out happens as scheduled; you could see
24	massive reductions in energy demand even if every
25	data center that is currently contracted for is

1 actually built? 2 A Well, I think I do make that point or 3 maybe I express it differently, but, yes, there's 4 enormous potential for the whole supply chain of 5 delivering the services that data centers provide 6 to get more efficient. And AI is definitely 7 something that's going to help with realizing --8 finding those opportunities and realizing those 9 efficiencies. 10 And in your experience as an economist 11 focused on the energy sector, are data center 12 developers doing cost-benefit analyses when they 13 decide whether or not to implement an energy efficiency system versus simply paying the cost of 14 15 consuming additional energy? Is that generally 16 the calculus that they make? 17 Well, I don't know. I don't interview 18 But I'm quessing that they're -- as an 19 economist, they like to do more and incur less 20 cost to do it, so I would guess that they are 21 trying to realize all those opportunities, yes. 22 And in your decades of experience, have 23 you examined a lot of electrical service 24 agreements like the template that was admitted as 25 Exhibit 13, I believe?

1	A Not a lot. Several.
2	Q To your knowledge, is there anything
3	restricting Dominion from including energy
4	efficiency provisions in an electrical service
5	agreement like that?
6	A I think anything like that could
7	probably that could probably go in there, yes.
8	MR. WINSTON: No further questions,
9	Your Honor.
10	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
11	Consumer Counsel.
12	MR. BARTLEY: No questions, Your Honor.
13	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Staff.
14	MS. PIERCE: No questions, Your Honor.
15	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Dominion.
16	MS. LINK: Yes, Your Honor. Thank you.
17	CROSS-EXAMINATION
18	BY MS. LINK:
19	Q Good afternoon, Mr. Wilson. Nice to see
20	you again.
21	A Good afternoon.
22	Q I'd like to begin with something I believe
23	I heard you say in your surrebuttal with your
24	counsel, and it was with regard to the rebuttal
25	testimony of Company Witness Bocanegra. And on

1	page 5 of his testimony his rebuttal testimony
2	there's a question: Is there general consensus
3	between parties in this proceeding on the
4	PJM-derived load forecast.
5	And I believe you said that you thought
6	that that was misleading because what you had
7	noted is that you had concluded that the forecast
8	for all customers other than data centers was
9	within the range of reasonableness.
10	Did I hear you correctly?
11	A Yes.
12	Q Okay. So you thought what Mr. Bocanegra
13	had said in his writing was misleading?
14	A It was potentially misleading.
15	Q Okay.
16	A Especially out of context, perhaps.
17	Q Well, yes.
18	So I'm putting on the screen it's yet
19	to be introduced into the record because the
20	Company hasn't come up for rebuttal testimony yet.
21	So this is page 5 of Mr. Bocanegra's
22	rebuttal testimony where the question that I just
23	repeated is here.
24	And in the answer, the Company notes your
25	exact phraseology: That APV Witness Wilson

1	concluded the DOM LSE peak load forecast for all
2	customers other than data centers used in the 2024
3	IRP falls within a range of reasonableness.
4	So Mr. Bocanegra reflects your exact
5	comment, correct?
6	A Yes, he does.
7	Q Okay.
8	A If he answered "yes, comma," and included
9	that, then I wouldn't have felt any need to
10	respond to it, yes.
11	Q But he said "yes," but then two sentences
12	later he quotes your exact language.
13	A Okay.
14	Q So is it still misleading when you read
15	the whole paragraph together, the question and the
16	whole answer?
17	A Well, I grow accustomed to assuming that
18	things are going to be pulled out of context.
19	Q Understood. But there's a full answer
20	from line 6 to 12.
21	I presume you read the full answer, right?
22	You didn't just read "yes" and move on?
23	A Yes.
24	Q Now reading the full answer, do you think
25	it's misleading?

1	A Again, things get pulled out of context.
2	If you stop on line 6, that's potentially
3	misleading, yes.
4	Q Did your counsel stop at line 6 and not
5	read the full answer? I'm just confused because
6	we were very clear to point out exactly what you
7	said.
8	A Okay. I would not have answered that way
9	"yes, period," because "yes, period," is not
10	correct.
11	Q "Yes, comma"?
12	A "Yes, semicolon" or something, yes.
13	Q Okay. Well, we'll set aside the grammar
14	lesson. Thank you.
15	A Uh-huh.
16	Q Let's move on to page 6 of your testimony.
17	Here on the bottom of page 6:
18	Please summarize your conclusions with
19	regard to the Company's data center load forecast.
20	You say:
21	With respect to new data center capacity
22	in the near term, 2025 to 2028, the Company's
23	projections are based on facilities far along in
24	the process, and these projections of new data
25	center facilities in the near term are likely to

1	be fairly accurate
1	be fairly accurate.
2	Do you see that?
3	A Yes.
4	Q Okay. And I think I also heard you say in
5	your surrebuttal that the near term is fairly
6	accurate and it's based on facilities being far
7	along in the process.
8	Do you recall that?
9	A That's what it says, yes.
10	Q Okay. And I think I also heard you say
11	the near term is solid based on the ESAs,
12	electrical service agreements.
13	Do you agree?
14	A The testimony is right here.
15	Q Okay. And you agree that in your
16	surrebuttal, you said the near term is solid based
17	on the ESAs?
18	A You're not giving the full sentence.
19	You're taking it out of context.
20	Q Okay. What's the full sentence?
21	A It's exactly like here, with respect to
22	capacity in the near term.
23	Q Okay. I'm focusing on what being far
24	along in the process means.
25	A Okay.

1	Q Does "far along in the process" mean
2	having an electric service agreement?
3	A I wasn't being specific.
4	Q What does "far along in the process" mean
5	to you?
6	A There's yes, there's I didn't have a
7	particular notion in mind. It was more that 2028
8	is not that far away, in addition, but yes.
9	Q So it is not that the facilities are far
10	along in the process; it is that 2028 is close in
11	time?
12	A It's both, yes.
13	Q Okay. So I guess my question is: What is
14	a marker that this Commission can rely on to
15	support what you believe "far along in the
16	process" means?
17	Is that having iron in the ground? Is
18	that having a CLOA? Is it having an SELOA? Is it
19	having an ESA?
20	A It's a process that goes step by step, and
21	each step is further along, and then they energize
22	at some point, and then they are ramping. Not a
23	particular stake in the ground in terms of
24	yeah.
25	Q No? You don't

1	A I don't have a specific
2	Q No marker?
3	A I don't want to make a specific marker on
4	that necessarily.
5	Q Okay. Putting on the screen
6	MS. LINK: And, Your Honor, a few folks
7	had used this Figure 2.1.7. I just note for the
8	record it was corrected on November 27th, 2024.
9	It's on page 14 of 81 of the original plan.
10	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you. Duly
11	noted.
12	MS. LINK: Thank you.
13	BY MS. LINK:
14	Q So I'm putting on the screen, Mr. Wilson,
15	Figure 2.1.7 as corrected. I wanted to focus on
16	your near term, your 2025 to 2028.
17	So here on the chart, 2025 through 2028,
18	and in that time frame, the Company has electric
19	service agreements from 7,575 megawatts to about
20	8,012 megawatts.
21	Do you see that?
22	A Yes.
23	Q Okay. And during that time frame, the
24	metered load is projected to be between 4,256
25	4,296 to 6,006 megawatts.

1	Do you see that?
2	A Yes.
3	Q Okay. So the metered load from 2025 to
4	2028 is below the total blue bars here for the
5	amount of electric service agreements that the
6	Company has executed for that time frame, correct?
7	A Yes.
8	Q Okay. So as we go a little bit further
9	along for 2029 and 2030 and 2031, the metered load
10	is still below the total blue bar of electric
11	services agreements, correct?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Okay. So if being far along in the
14	process mean meant having electric service
15	agreement, which means you are have a meter and
16	you're drawing power you understand that to be
17	true, right?
18	A Okay.
19	Q Okay. So if being far enough along far
20	along in the process means having a meter and
21	drawing power, the Company has through 2031 more
22	megawatts of contracted demand than it has metered
23	load, correct, projected?
24	A Yes.
25	Q Okay. So it could be that electric

1	service agreements is far along in the process,
2	correct?
3	A Yes.
4	Q Okay.
5	A But the point I've made is it's one thing
6	to have a facility in place and to have the right
7	under your contract to draw 8,000 megawatts; it's
8	another thing to spend billions to put the chips
9	and servers and everything in there to actually
10	demand that power.
11	So the main thing I've questioned isn't
12	the 8,000; it's the ramping. I think the ramping
13	might be a lot slower than the Company is
14	assuming.
15	Q Okay. But you think the ramping for '25
16	to '28 2025 to 2028 of basically 4,296 to
17	6,006 megawatts is reasonable, correct?
18	A No.
19	Q You said fairly accurate?
20	A No. Fairly accurate was about the
21	capacity.
22	Q This chart is in capacity, megawatts.
23	A When I'm talking about capacity, I'm
24	talking about the size of the data center and the
25	size of its electrical connection.

1	So if you have a 500-megawatt data center,
2	it can consume 500 megawatts. It can also consume
3	100 megawatts. So the capacity is the 500; the
4	load forecast ought to be the 100. That's the
5	distinction I'm making over and over and that
6	Mr. Blackwell doesn't really talk about.
7	Q Okay. Well, maybe I'm misunderstanding.
8	This is in demand, right? Capacity
9	contracted capacity versus metered coincident
10	demand; that's capacity, right? Megawatts?
11	A Capacity is how big of a data center it
12	is. Metered demand is how much the data center is
13	actually drawing.
14	Q Okay. So I'm just trying to understand,
15	when you say:
16	The near term, company projections are
17	based on facilities far along in the process and
18	these projections of new data center facilities in
19	the near term are likely to be fairly accurate?
20	A You dropped the first part of the
21	sentence.
22	Q With respect to new data center capacity?
23	A Yes.
24	Q Okay. So help me out. What I hear from
25	reading that is that what the Company has done

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1	here from 2025 to 2028, you find to be fairly
2	accurate?
3	A With respect to capacity.
4	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: If I may, perhaps, clear
5	a little bit of this up.
6	My understanding from the witness'
7	testimony is that the red line on Figure 2.1.7 may
8	be flatter in the future than is presented in the
9	Company's diagram.
10	Is that accurate?
11	THE WITNESS: Yes, that's what I'm
12	questioning.
13	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: Okay.
14	THE WITNESS: The ramping up, that red
15	line, the load consumed by these facilities may
16	ramp up much slower.
17	BY MS. LINK:
18	Q Okay.
19	A And when I say the capacity is probably
20	fairly accurate, that's more the blue line, yes.
21	Q Okay. So but the red line is the
22	forecast.
23	A It's the load forecast.
24	Q Right. And are you saying
25	MS. LINK: And I appreciate it.

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1
            CHAIRMAN TOWELL:
                             Yes. Sorry to
2
    interrupt, Counsel.
3
            MS. LINK: No. I appreciate your help.
4
    BY MS. LINK:
5
           Are you saying that for 2025 to 2028, you
6
    think the blue line is what's fairly accurate?
7
           The forecast of the amount of data center
8
    capacity, yes.
9
           You're saying the blue pieces here?
10
        A
           Yeah.
11
           Not the red -- from '25 to '28, the red
12
    line is not fairly accurate?
13
           I'm questioning the rate at which the
    actual load will ramp up, yes.
14
15
        Q Okay. So -- okay. Well, that's fair. I
16
    took it a different way. Thank you.
17
            I believe I heard you talk about -- and
18
    this is changing topics -- sort of historically --
19
    and I know you've been in several of these IRP
20
    proceedings on the load forecast -- historically,
21
    I think you said, in terms of data center load,
22
    that Northern Virginia was sort of the only game
23
    in town?
24
        A
           Yes.
25
                   And --
         0
           Okay.
```

1	A Not quite the only game in town, but far
2	ahead, yes.
3	Q Far ahead, okay. And then I think you
4	said, I used to keep a list of other states but
5	now there's so many other states I no longer keep
6	a list? Okay.
7	So you're aware, are you not, that it's
8	not just the growth of the data center industry in
9	Northern Virginia, correct? There's other parts
10	of Virginia where they are
11	A Yes.
12	Q growing data center facilities?
13	A Yes.
14	Q You are aware of that, right?
15	And so I'm just showing you it's
16	Exhibit 8 of the JLARC report where it says:
17	The data center industry is growing
18	rapidly in Virginia, both in established markets
19	and newer ones. Significant new market growth is
20	expected in counties outside of Northern Virginia
21	and along the I-95 corridor to Central Virginia.
22	A Yes.
23	Q Okay. So it's not just that data center
24	growth is in other states; it's also in other
25	parts of Virginia, correct?

1	A Yes, and it's in my testimony in my last
2	graphic.
3	Q Okay. Thank you. Let's switch gears a
4	bit and talk about who did load forecast in this
5	proceeding.
6	So you're aware that Staff contracted
7	through Enverus to do a load forecast, correct?
8	A Yes.
9	Q And you're aware the Company did its own
10	load forecast but also then provided a data center
11	load forecast to PJM, correct?
12	A Yes.
13	Q And you're aware that PJM's load forecast
14	is required by this Commission to be used as the
15	basis for the load forecast for the DOM LSE,
16	correct?
17	A Yes.
18	Q Okay. And then we also talked about JLARC
19	having done their own load forecast that's sort of
20	been brought in with this JLARC report.
21	And that was done by folks at UVA; is that
22	what I heard you say?
23	A Some faculty at UVA, yes.
24	Q Okay. So we have four different entities
25	sort of actually doing load forecasts, correct?

```
1
         A
            I quess.
2
         0
            Okay.
3
            Well, I don't know. We have --
            Staff --
4
         0
5
            -- doing something --
6
            -- Company, PJM?
         Q
7
            -- along those lines -- yes.
         A
8
         Q
            Okay. JLARC?
9
            Uh-huh.
         A
10
            Did you do your own load forecast?
11
            I didn't.
         A
12
         0
            Did not?
13
            I did not.
14
            Okay. I think I also heard you say that
15
     some of these -- you were being critical, I
16
    believe I heard, about JLARC using historical
17
     information, and questioned entities' -- I think
18
    you said wherewithal -- to do a load forecast?
19
            I described what I think the forecasting
20
     effort ought to look like.
21
            Okay.
         Q
22
            And we talked about that with the example
23
     of the IEA report, which is probably the closest
24
    thing I've seen.
25
            And I've talked about it should be a
```

1	firm probably, you know, S&P Global or somebody
2	like that with a lot of different experts
3	within the firm. Because I believe it should look
4	very carefully at starting with the final demand
5	for the services that data centers provide, and
6	looking at the whole supply chain of delivering
7	those services, the software, the training and
8	inference, the chips, the servers, everything. I
9	think it needs to all be looked at carefully and
10	with a broad geographic scope. None of those
11	entities have done that, and I don't think any of
12	them have the wherewithal to do it. I think
13	that's what ought to be done.
14	So to the extent I'm critical, they all
15	did what they did and they probably did it
16	reasonably well. But what I'm describing that
17	needs to be done is much bigger.
18	Q Okay. Fair enough.
19	So when you filed your testimony on
20	February 28th of 2025, that IEA study that you
21	talk about, the global study, it didn't exist,
22	right?
23	A What didn't exist?
24	Q The Energy and AI study, Exhibit 30.
25	A Yeah, that just showed up last week.

1	Q So when you filed your testimony, no one
2	did it the right way until this
3	A I have not seen it done. And I think I
4	would have seen it done. And I'm not necessarily
5	saying they did it the right way, but that's the
6	closest I've seen. But I think it needs to be
7	done.
8	Q Okay. But talking high level about that
9	Energy and AI study, I mean, it had no geographic
10	detail, correct?
11	A Correct.
12	Q And
13	A Very little. There was some geographic
14	detail in the base case, but the side cases did
15	not.
16	Q Okay. It doesn't show where individual
17	data centers would go, correct?
18	A No.
19	Q And so then you couldn't calculate from it
20	an individual load of any particular state,
21	region, load serving entity, RTO, correct?
22	A That's what I said, yes.
23	Q Okay. So how would a utility be able to
24	use that type of study that has no geographic
25	detail, no locational specifics, no individual

1 load? How could the utility use that study to 2 plan its system? 3 A My point is, to end up with a load 4 forecast for a particular geography, I believe you 5 have to start with the big picture of the final 6 demand for the services data centers provide. You 7 need to look at that broadly, because you have the 8 risk of double counting, you have to look at the 9 supply chain, because that determines how much 10 power it takes to deliver those services. 11 You have to look at all those things, even 12 if you're going to try to work it back to a 13 particular utility service territory. 14 You don't necessarily have to go a lot --15 have a lot of detail globally and other regions. 16 You know, you can have it be largely focused on 17 whatever your final objective is, in this case 18 DOM LSE. 19 But I think to understand that, to come up 20 with a forecast that would warrant some 21 confidence, I think you have to look at that big 22 picture, and you have to look at the regional 23 picture, the competing data centers in Georgia and 24 Ohio and elsewhere, I think you have to look at 25 that or you just don't have a sound basis for your

1	forecast.
2	Q Okay. I believe you said you talked
3	that you've participated in the PJM load
4	forecasting committee for a while now?
5	A It's called the Load Analysis
6	Subcommittee, yes.
7	Q Okay. How long have you participated?
8	A Oh, probably 2008.
9	Q Okay. Are you a vocal member of that
10	subcommittee?
11	A Am I what?
12	Q A vocal member?
13	A I am, yes.
14	Q Okay. Have you presented them the
15	Energy and AI report?
16	A There hasn't been a meeting since that
17	report showed up.
18	Q Okay. Is that what you're intending to
19	do, is present that to PJM?
20	A I haven't thought about it but I'll take
21	your suggestion.
22	Q All right. Good to know.
23	I think you said something like in PJM's
24	vetting process of the Company's data center load
25	forecast, you said something like they ask for

1 contracts, they review a lot of information, but 2 then they pretty much include what the Companies 3 and the co-ops provide. 4 Is that a fair summary of what you said? 5 Yes. 6 Okay. Are you saying that PJM didn't do 7 their due diligence in vetting the data center 8 load forecast from the Company in the 9 cooperatives? 10 Well, yes, I am. They collect a lot of 11 contracts and other information that's relevant to 12 the near-term forecast, but the longer term part 13 of the forecast, you know, there just isn't that much for it to be based on. So just to take the 14 15 extreme example you have here in Virginia, you 16 know, Dominion's forecast just kind of goes like 17 this, while NOVEC's forecast goes like this and 18 then it flattens. And I would have expected, if anything, 19 20 NOVEC would be the one that has the, you know, 21 land for data centers to keep on growing, while it 22 would be more Dominion, which is more urbanized, 23 that would be flattening. But it's the opposite. 24 And I've asked PJM about this and they 25 don't have any good explanation for why one

1	forecast should keep going up while the other one
2	flattens.
3	Q What has PJM considered the near term?
4	A I don't know.
5	Q I think you said PJM does a pretty good
6	job in the near term?
7	A Well, they
8	Q By looking at contracts, what do they
9	define as the near term?
10	A Okay. I didn't necessarily say they did a
11	pretty good job, but they do ask for contracts,
12	they look at them, I don't know what they do with
13	them. But for the longer term, the information
14	is, you know, a lot less, a lot weaker. And so
15	that's where historically I mean, there was a
16	time when they accepted Dominion's forecast for
17	five years and Dominion had their forecast
18	continuing but PJM said, no, you don't have firm
19	enough evidence for beyond five years, so we're
20	just not going to count that.
21	That's one year they did that. And then
22	after that, there was a year when they just kind
23	of used a sloped line, and now they just accept
24	whatever Dominion provides them, but so, yeah,
25	they have used different approaches over time.

1	Q You say they asked for contracts.
2	How far out did the contracts go that
3	were
4	A I don't know what all there's like
5	10 EDCs now providing PJM with various data center
6	forecasts. I know PJM asks for contracts. I
7	don't know what they get.
8	Q So you don't know how far out those
9	contracts go?
10	A Well, it's probably like Dominion's that
11	you have the ESAs, the LOAs, CLOAs.
12	Q So it could be that they went out for the
13	full 15 years in the planning period?
14	A Well, I don't know what they get.
15	Q You don't know?
16	A Yeah. And, of course, those contracts
17	don't commit to any level of load.
18	Q You don't believe they commit to any level
19	of load?
20	A They don't commit to a level of load, yes.
21	Q Okay. But you don't know how far out the
22	contracts went that PJM reviewed, correct?
23	A They get a lot of different contracts of
24	various lengths. I don't know. No, they don't
25	provide us any information.

1	Q Okay.
2	A Any details, yeah.
3	Q So you don't get to be involved in looking
4	at the contracts to see what PJM relied on in
5	vetting and validating the Company's data center
6	load forecast?
7	A Yeah, I mean, "relied on" is a little
8	strong.
9	Q But you don't get to be involved in that?
10	MS. KING: Objection; asked and answered.
11	He's clarified the role he has and how much he can
12	see the contracts and how much he knows about how
13	far in advance they go. I think we've made the
14	point.
15	MS. LINK: I don't think he's answered
16	that he doesn't know or hasn't seen those
17	contracts.
18	THE WITNESS: We haven't seen them, yeah.
19	BY MS. LINK:
20	Q Okay. Thank you.
21	A I mean, I could just add to that that the
22	AEP representative was explicit that they don't
23	have contracts for 8,000 megawatts I think it
24	was eight, might have been ten that they
25	included in their forecast for 2030. They were

1	explicit, they do not have contracts for that.
2	The reason they wanted it in the forecast
3	was so that PJM would put it in their forecast so
4	that it would go through PJM's transmission
5	planning process so that AEP would then have the
6	transmission that they felt they needed to have in
7	order to sign these contracts. So that's one
8	example where we did know what contracts they did
9	and didn't have.
10	Q But you do not have any such statement
11	like that from Dominion, correct?
12	A No.
13	Q Not correct or correct?
14	A Correct.
15	Q Okay.
16	A But that's you were asking about what
17	PJM does and doesn't do. That's one example. And
18	PJM accepted that. I was surprised. I thought
19	they would have said to AEP, well, chicken and
20	I mean, it's chicken and egg to some extent. I
21	thought they would have said, well, come back next
22	year.
23	Q Okay.
24	A But they included it in their forecast.
25	Q That's not the utility we're talking about

1	here today in the IRP, correct?
2	A It is the utility PJM that we're talking
3	about, yes. We're talking about PJM, and
4	that's
5	Q We're talking about a PJM process, but
6	A Yes.
7	Q in terms of a utility submitting
8	contracts to validate their own data center load
9	forecast, we're talking about Dominion, correct?
10	A Correct.
11	Q Okay. I think, changing topics, we talked
12	about I guess in your surrebuttal I heard you
13	talking about financial commitments that data
14	centers make and that the Company didn't really
15	have very high penalties or demand minimum
16	demand levels, that it's not much of a
17	disincentive to sort of move a data center or not
18	fully build a data center; is that fair?
19	A Yes.
20	MS. LINK: Okay. I'll pass out an
21	exhibit.
22	Your Honor, I passed out what is a
23	discovery response propounded by Dominion Energy
24	Virginia to Appalachian Voices. It's
25	Question No. 28 of the third set.

1	May we please have it marked for
2	identification.
3	THE BAILIFF: The Dominion response to
4	Appalachian Voices' Request 3-28 is marked as
5	Exhibit 32.
6	(Exhibit No. 32 was marked for
7	identification.)
8	MS. LINK: Thank you.
9	BY MS. LINK:
10	Q Mr. Wilson, I've passed out what's marked
11	as Exhibit 32.
12	Does that look familiar to you?
13	A Yes.
14	Q Okay. And that's your signature on it?
15	A Yes.
16	Q Okay. So the question is asking about
17	your understanding of the financial commitments
18	that data center customers make to the Company
19	through the CLOAs and ESAs.
20	Do you see that?
21	A Yes.
22	Q And I think the way you responded even
23	though that's subpart A of Question 28, I think
24	you responded for CLOAs under subpart A and then
25	for ESAs under subpart B.

1 Do you see that? 2 A Yes. 3 Okay. And then the subpart B asks to 4 identify other regions and what their financial 5 commitments are to incentivize data centers to 6 ramp up new facilities in those regions. 7 Do you see that? 8 A Yes. 9 Okay. So can you just sort of, in your 10 own words, explain to us what your understanding 11 is of the financial commitment under a CLOA? 12 then I'm going to ask the same question under an 13 ESA. 14 The contracts commit the Yeah. 15 customer -- the contracts basically make it so the 16 Company can recover all the costs they have 17 incurred in order to go through the process with 18 the customer to that point. You know, I quoted 19 the words from those contracts. In the case of a 20 CLOA, it's engineering procurement, installation 21 of the transmission equipment. With the ESA, cost 22 of interconnecting the customer and such. 23 Okay. And it's your testimony that that's 24 all the Company can recover from these customers 25 if they don't meet their contractual obligations?

1	A Not no. There's other provisions to
2	the contract. But these provisions ensure that
3	the Company recovers these incurred costs that are
4	specific to the customer.
5	Q Okay. Did you see Mr. Blackwell's
6	testimony where he speaks about the CLOA and that
7	the customer assumes risks for costs associated
8	with the project should it not take service, and
9	these costs range from 25 million to over
10	\$200 million depending on the infrastructure
11	needed? This is on page 14 of Mr. Blackwell's
12	testimony.
13	A Okay.
14	Q Did you see that?
15	A I see that, yes.
16	Q Okay. So is it your testimony that
17	25 million to over \$200 million is not
18	significant?
19	A Well, the focus of what I'm talking about
20	is that the data center might be constructed,
21	might come into service, and might end up
22	consuming far less than its contract amount.
23	And what Ohio and other states are
24	considering doing is putting a minimum bill in
25	there that you either take 80 percent, say, of

1	your contract amount or you pay for it, one or the
2	other. And that is to ensure that if the utility
3	incurs huge transmission and generation
4	construction costs to serve the customer, that
5	they are going to get that money back, at least
6	some of it, from the customer and won't be stuck
7	with that. That's what we're talking about.
8	Q Okay. So your testimony is that the
9	current ESA doesn't provide any protection if a
10	customer, say, contracts for 200 megawatts but
11	then only uses a hundred megawatts, there's no
12	remedy in the current ESA to handle that?
13	A That's my understanding, yes.
14	Q Okay. You talk about but, I guess,
15	let's go back to this testimony.
16	Your concern now is not that the customer
17	would sort of go away, move to another state or
18	what have you; it's really that they might take
19	less than the contracted demand amount, correct?
20	A Well, early in the process there is the
21	concern that not at probably the ESA level, but
22	at the earlier stages that the customers might be
23	pursuing into the first stages in different
24	locations, but then maybe free some and further
25	develop others, not knowing whether they are ever

1	going to take those other ones further.
2	So I could see some in not the ESA stage,
3	but maybe at the earlier stage, kind of getting
4	paused because the customers decided that they
5	have a lot of other projects elsewhere that they
6	want to advance more quickly.
7	Q Okay. So earlier in the stage, is that
8	the SELOA stage, the substation engineering letter
9	of authorization stage?
10	A Uh-huh.
11	Q Is that early?
12	A Yeah. Well, each stage goes further.
13	Q Okay. And then is the CLOA stage early?
14	A Yeah, earlier than ESA.
15	Q That's still early, the CLOA?
16	A Yes.
17	Q Okay. And ESA, is that far along in the
18	process?
19	A That's when you're farther along in the
20	process, yes.
21	Q So ESA is when you're far along in the
22	process?
23	A Yes.
24	Q Okay.
25	A In this context. I mean, you asked me

1	that earlier. And it's each one goes further
2	along, so what's far along, what's not far along
3	is depends on what you're talking about.
4	Q It's in the eye of the process.
5	Okay. I'm still on Exhibit 32, and
6	subpart B asks for you to identify the other
7	regions and what their financial commitments are
8	to incentivize data centers to ramp up new
9	facilities in those regions.
10	And on Answer C you say:
11	The other regions are those that have
12	already imposed or are considering for the future,
13	financial commitments such as minimum takes or
14	minimum bills or requirements for very large loads
15	to make their own supply arrangements.
16	And you give Ohio, Georgia, Illinois,
17	Minnesota, and other states are considering such
18	measures.
19	Do you see that?
20	A Yes.
21	Q Okay. And I think I heard you say in your
22	surrebuttal that you were familiar with the
23	Company's proposal that's pending in this biennial
24	review?
25	A Yes.

1	Q At least from a high level?
2	A I skimmed it.
3	Q And we're not litigating that case here,
4	but is it fair to say that through that proposal,
5	the Company is now considering for the future
6	financial commitments, such as minimum takes or
7	minimum bills, through that proposal?
8	A Yes.
9	Q Okay. And to be fair, this response from
10	you was before the filing of
11	A Yes.
12	Q biennial review, correct?
13	A Yes.
14	Q Okay. Changing topics again.
15	There was some discussion in your
16	surrebuttal about reviewing some information that
17	the Company provided to you under extraordinarily
18	sensitive protection about the size of different
19	data center campuses.
20	Do you recall that?
21	A Yes.
22	Q And I think you said something like
23	and, again, this is not going into confidential
24	information you reviewed that data and you
25	found that the majority of those data center

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1	campuses are still quite small?
2	A Yes.
3	Q Okay. What's your definition of "quite
4	small"?
5	A I don't have that data in front of me and
6	it's confidential.
7	Q I'm just saying hundred megawatts? Two
8	hundred?
9	I'm just asking for what do you think are
10	quite small because we've been talking about
11	thousand megawatts.
12	What do you think?
13	A Well, under a hundred is definitely small
14	nowadays.
15	Q Okay. So you found that data to have
16	A Well
17	Q Under a hundred-megawatt campuses?
18	A My testimony had some numbers, right?
19	Let's go to my page of my testimony where this
20	conversation was.
21	Q Okay. Sure.
22	What page are you on, sir?
23	A Huh?
24	Q What page are you on, sir?
25	A The page that you're asking me about.

1	Q Oh, I was asking about your surrebuttal,
2	your live surrebuttal today.
3	A Okay. Which was about the rebuttal of my
4	testimony.
5	Q Okay. If you can help me out, I'd be
6	appreciative.
7	A All right. Let's find it.
8	Page 11.
9	Q Okay.
10	A So I give a number for under 40, over 40,
11	over 200, 200. Forty is small. Under a hundred
12	is probably small nowadays because a lot of them
13	are 200 and up and a thousand even, so
14	Q You also then say:
15	Now most planned data centers for the
16	Company's service territory over 200 megawatts and
17	quite a few proposed data centers in other regions
18	are over 1,000 megawatts?
19	A Yes.
20	Q So no change to any of that based on the
21	data you reviewed?
22	A No.
23	Q And then just a final area
24	MS. LINK: Your Honor, did we move the
25	admission of Exhibit 32?

1	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: We have not.
2	MS. LINK: May we move the admission?
3	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: But before we do
4	that, let me just check with the bailiff and get
5	the description.
6	Do we have it as Appalachian Voices'
7	responses to Dominion's request or did I hear it
8	in reverse?
9	THE BAILIFF: It is Appalachian Voices
10	hold on. Appalachian Voices' response okay.
11	Let me just modify the exhibit then.
12	Appalachian Voices' Response to Dominion
13	Request 3-28.
14	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
15	THE BAILIFF: No problem. Thank you.
16	MS. LINK: Thank you.
17	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: So without
18	objection, that document is admitted into the
19	record.
20	(Exhibit No. 32 was admitted into
21	evidence.)
22	MS. LINK: Thank you, Your Honor.
23	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
24	BY MS. LINK:
25	Q So one final area, Mr. Wilson, and this is

1	with regard to there was some discussion from
2	several of the counsels about whether you've
3	worked on any electric service agreements or
4	construction letters of authorizations or
5	substation engineering letters of authorizations.
6	Have you worked on those on behalf of a
7	client?
8	A No.
9	Q Not ever?
10	A Not that I recall.
11	MS. LINK: Okay. No further questions.
12	Thank you, Mr. Wilson.
13	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Appalachian Voices,
14	any redirect?
15	MS. KING: Just briefly, Your Honor.
16	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
17	BY MS. KING:
18	Q So, Mr. Wilson, Ms. Link talked to you
19	about the biennial review case that's pending
20	before the Commission, and she mentioned that
21	Dominion may have proposed certain provisions that
22	would apply to a data center customer; is that
23	right?
24	A Yes.
25	Q The Company proposed that rate class

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1	today, right? That's all they have done?
2	A That's my understanding. It's just a
3	recent proposal.
4	Q Right.
5	And the Commission hasn't decided one way
6	or another on that proceeding?
7	A Correct.
8	Q Is there anything else that you wish to
9	address from the cross-examination?
10	MS. LINK: Your Honor, I would object.
11	That's not that's not legitimate redirect.
12	That's just sort of a catchall.
13	MS. KING: That's withdrawn. No further
14	questions.
15	Thanks, Mr. Wilson.
16	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
17	Mr. Wilson, you're now excused. Thank you
18	so much for being accommodating to coming to meet
19	with us in person today. Thank you.
20	NRDC?
21	MR. JOHNS: Yes. Your Honor, are you able
22	to hear me and the court reporter able to hear me?
23	I'll just go ahead and move for admission
24	of Sierra Club and NRDC testimony then.
25	On February 28th, 2025, Sierra Club and

1	NRDC filed the direct testimony of Devi Glick that
2	consisted of a cover page, one-page summary, and
3	70 pages of questions and answers, as well as
4	13 exhibits.
5	The parties have waived cross-examination
6	and stipulated to the admission of Ms. Glick's
7	testimony, and we would move it into the record.
8	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: Before we move that in,
9	Counsel, I have a couple of questions that I think
10	you may be able to answer on behalf of
11	Mr. [Sic] Glick.
12	On page 52, if you have the information in
13	front of you.
14	MR. JOHNS: I'll get up to the podium just
15	to make it easier.
16	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: Thanks. That would be
17	great. Don't mean to make you juggle all those
18	things while you're standing back there.
19	MR. JOHNS: Be a little cramped.
20	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: And this is, again, on
21	page 52, line 13.
22	MR. JOHNS: Okay.
23	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: That sentence currently
24	reads:
25	Concentration of the coals

1	concentration of the coal of supply in a few
2	companies means more/less competition, which in
3	turn can lead to higher coal prices.
4	I assume that only "more" or "less" is
5	meant there, and I presume that it means less; is
6	that correct?
7	MR. JOHNS: I would think so. I think
8	also maybe the "of between coal and supply" is
9	probably confusing there, too. Concentration of
10	the coal supply in a few companies means less
11	competition. I believe that's correct.
12	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: And then on page 56,
13	line 9:
14	The Company also included costs for ELG
15	compliance at Clover and VCHEC. For Clover, these
16	costs these totaled around \$34 in capital
17	costs.
18	I presume that is 34 million in capital
19	costs?
20	MR. JOHNS: I believe it is. I believe
21	she meant those to be in the same
22	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: Otherwise that was going
23	to be the best deal going.
24	MR. JOHNS: Certainly.
25	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: Thank you, Counsel. I

1	appreciate that. Sorry for the delay.
2	MR. JOHNS: You're quite welcome.
3	And, actually, since we are correcting, we
4	had one other small correction that we addressed
5	in discovery with the Company.
6	On page 58, line 2, there's a reference to
7	GPC's service area. That should read Dominion's
8	service area as well.
9	And so with those corrections, we would
10	move for admission of Ms. Glick's testimony into
11	the record.
12	THE BAILIFF: The direct testimony of
13	Devi Glick as corrected will be marked as
14	Exhibit 33.
15	(Exhibit No. 33 was marked for
16	identification.)
17	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: The testimony marked
18	and described and as corrected as Exhibit No. 33
19	is entered into the record.
20	(Exhibit No. 33 was admitted into
21	evidence.)
22	MR. JOHNS: Thank you, Your Honor.
23	Also, on February 28th, 2025, Sierra Club
24	and NRDC filed the direct testimony of
25	Dr. William Shobe. That consisted of a cover

1	page, one-page summary, 35 pages of questions and
2	answers, and two exhibits.
3	We have likewise discussed the
4	admissibility of Dr. Shobe's testimony with the
5	parties, and I believe the parties have waived
6	cross-examination, so we would move for admission
7	of Dr. Shobe's testimony as well.
8	THE BAILIFF: The direct testimony of
9	Dr. William M. Shobe will be marked as Exhibit 34.
10	(Exhibit No. 34 was marked for
11	identification.)
12	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: The testimony marked
13	and described as Exhibit No. 34 is admitted into
14	the record.
15	(Exhibit No. 34 was admitted into
16	evidence.)
17	MR. JOHNS: And, Your Honor, I believe
18	that concludes Sierra Club and NRDC's case.
19	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
20	United?
21	MS. POLLARD: Thank you, Your Honor.
22	United calls Dr. Roumpani to the stand.
23	She is testifying remotely.
24	And is she able to
25	MARIA ROUMPANI, called as a witness,

1	having been first duly sworn, was examined and
2	testified as follows:
3	DIRECT EXAMINATION
4	BY MS. POLLARD:
5	Q Hi, Dr. Roumpani. Could you please state
6	your name, position of employment, and business
7	address.
8	A Yes. My name is Maria Roumpani. I am a
9	partner with Current Energy Group, and the
10	business address of Current Energy Group is
11	2900 East Broadway Boulevard, Suite 100, No. 780,
12	in Tucson, Arizona.
13	Q Thank you. And do you have with you a
14	document entitled, The Direct Testimony of
15	Dr. Maria Roumpani, consisting of a one-page
16	summary, 90 typed pages of questions and answers
17	as well as two attachments filed in both public
18	and extraordinarily sensitive versions in this
19	proceeding on February 28th, 2025?
20	A I do.
21	Q And was that document prepared by you or
22	under your supervision?
23	A Yes, it was.
24	Q And do you have any additions or
25	corrections to your testimony?

1	A No.
2	Q And if you were asked, again, the same
3	questions in your testimony, would you provide the
4	same or substantially similar answers?
5	A Yes, I would.
6	Q Do you wish to sponsor that document as
7	your direct testimony in this proceeding?
8	A Yes.
9	MS. POLLARD: So Your Honor, I'd like to
10	ask that Dr. Roumpani's direct testimony, in both
11	public and extraordinarily sensitive versions, be
12	marked for identification and submitted into the
13	record, subject to cross.
14	THE BAILIFF: The public testimony of
15	Dr. Maria Roumpani will be marked as Exhibit 35.
16	The extraordinarily sensitive testimony of
17	Dr. Maria Roumpani will be marked as Exhibit 35ES.
18	(Exhibit No. 35 was marked for
19	identification.)
20	(Extraordinarily Sensitive Exhibit No.
21	35ES was marked for identification.)
22	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: The testimony marked
23	and described as Exhibit No. 35 is admitted into
24	the record.
25	And the testimony marked and described as

1	Exhibit No. 35ES is also admitted into the record.
2	(Exhibit No. 35 was admitted into
3	evidence.)
4	(Extraordinarily Sensitive Exhibit
5	No. 35ES was admitted into evidence.)
6	MS. POLLARD: Thank you, Your Honor.
7	And the witness is available for
8	cross-examination.
9	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you. Before
10	Clean Virginia, I think we have Appalachian Voices
11	first, filed by NRDC, then Clean Virginia.
12	Thank you, Mr. Reisinger.
13	CROSS-EXAMINATION
14	BY MS. CLANCY:
15	Q Emma Clancy, on behalf of Appalachian
16	Voices.
17	Dr. Roumpani, it's nice to see you.
18	Can you hear me all right?
19	A Yes, yes, I can.
20	Q Now, I'd like to start on page 10 of your
21	testimony. And here you discuss why it's
22	important for Dominion to identify a preferred
23	portfolio and a near-term action plan that
24	includes specific tasks and details; is that
25	right?

1	A Yes, correct.
2	Q So let's start with the preferred
3	portfolio.
4	Given that no specific project is approved
5	for or denied in an IRP, why is a preferred
6	portfolio an important part of a useful resource
7	plan?
8	A The IRP as an exercise, and as I think
9	Dominion also recognizes, should serve as a guide
10	for resource planning decisions. I understand
11	that the IRP is not the place where specific
12	resources are approved or denied, but after the
13	IRP, additional proceedings follow, whether a CPCN
14	or other proceeding, for the approval of those
15	decisions.
16	Within the IRP, it's very important to
17	provide information as to the whole portfolio and
18	how the optimality of selecting one resource is
19	compared to another resource and the
20	(indiscernible) portfolio proposed.
21	So I appreciate Dominion's effort to
22	present different portfolios, although they were
23	pretty narrowly defined, but there was no
24	identification of a preferred portfolio that would
25	be, you know, subject to review in this case.

1	Q So in other words, it would give the
2	Commission a clear sense of what Dominion is doing
3	next?
4	A Exactly.
5	Q And a detailed Short-Term Action Plan
6	helps with that, right, because it gives
7	customers, lawmakers, regulators insight into what
8	the Company is working on?
9	A Exactly, yes. After the preferred
10	portfolio, usually an IRP has a near-term action
11	plan that's for the next three or five years that
12	identifies actions to pursue the preferred
13	portfolio.
14	And these would give you know, these
15	would become pre-actions that the Commission and
16	stakeholders could review and get a sense of,
17	like, where the utility is going.
18	Q And just to be clear, you did not consider
19	the five-year reliability plan that Dominion
20	provided to be your idea of a useful, detailed
21	near-term action plan, correct?
22	A No. I did review the reliability plan,
23	but I don't think it included specific actions.
24	Q Okay. Now, you also critiqued Dominion's
25	failure to model its IRP portfolios out to 2045,

1	correct?
2	A Yes, correct.
3	Q And you recommend that every portfolio
4	should meet all VCEA requirements, including the
5	2045 requirement, correct?
6	A Yes, correct. The 25 2045 requirement
7	is a pretty important one. You know, when the
8	utility model is only 15 years ahead, the model is
9	myopic to what happens after that. So thinking
10	that the transition could happen within five
11	years, it would just not position the utility and
12	ratepayers correctly for that transition.
13	Q And wouldn't you agree that presenting
14	portfolios that comply with all legal requirements
15	might be more useful to the Commission than
16	portfolios that pick and choose different
17	requirements?
18	A Yes, exactly.
19	Q And to that same point, planning for
20	noncompliance is likely to result in a similar
21	outcome that doesn't comply with relevant law; is
22	that fair?
23	A Yes, planning for noncompliance will
24	likely result in noncompliance.
25	Q So not let's turn to Dominion's modeling.

1	Now, you have experience running capacity
2	expansion models like PLEXOS, correct?
3	A I do, I have experience running capacity
4	expansion models.
5	Q And when deciding, you know, what
6	resources to include or what build limits or costs
7	to use, do you agree that it's important to look
8	at where markets are going, you know, what market
9	and regulatory
10	MS. ROBB: I'll object. The questions
11	seem to be particularly leading.
12	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Counsel?
13	MS. CLANCY: I'm happy to rephrase.
14	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Please do.
15	MS. CLANCY: But I am conducting
16	cross-examination.
17	BY MS. CLANCY:
18	Q Do you think it's important to look at
19	where the market is headed when you're deciding
20	MS. ROBB: But by leading, I mean the
21	counsel is asking the witness to agree with the
22	counsel rather than letting the rather than
23	asking a general question and having the witness
24	respond to that general question.
25	MS. CLANCY: The witness is welcome to

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1
    disagree with my question.
            COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Well, I would agree.
2
3
    Is it possible to kind of rephrase, if it's
4
    possible?
            MS. CLANCY: Yes, I just did. But I'll
5
6
    try it again.
7
    BY MS. CLANCY:
8
            In your experience running capacity
9
    expansion models, have you found it useful to look
10
    at what the markets are doing when you're setting
11
    build limits and deciding what resources to
12
    include?
13
                  So when looking at a capacity
    expansion model, we're looking at -- the load
14
15
    forecast is one of the most important inputs and
16
     then the resources that are available to be
17
    selected. And within that, like, input bucket is
18
    what resources are available to be selected, when,
19
    and how much, so (indiscernible).
20
            And it is important that we're not
21
    capturing just, like, what's happening right now,
22
    but that we're looking within the horizon that is
23
    at least being modeled, both for their
24
    availability and their costs.
25
         Q And in these models, if you're overly
```

1	restrictive in limits, is it possible you can
2	potentially predetermine the outcome?
3	A Yes. In many cases, when those limits are
4	very constrained, that the outcome is kind of
5	predetermined. One way to evaluate that is once
6	we do a run, if we see that every single limit
7	that we have included in the model is binding,
8	that means that the model has exhausted all
9	available resource.
10	Then we have to go back and question, you
11	know, was that a useful exercise or was it just
12	the result of our own inputs? Is there anything
13	to be done to relax those limits to understand
14	what the value additional resources could bring in
15	the system.
16	Q And do you think that Dominion's build
17	limits were overly restrictive?
18	A Based on the review of the outputs
19	Dominion provided, yes. I saw in the testimony
20	that the resource types were always like, the
21	limits were always binding.
22	Q Now, I'd like to turn to some of the more
23	specific assumptions in the model.
24	And based on my review, your testimony
25	seems to identify a number of ways that Dominion

1	underestimates or ignores the potential costs of
2	new and existing fossil fuels. And I'd like to
3	just tick through a few of those critiques, if you
4	could confirm that characterization.
5	So to begin, Dominion modeled carbon cost
6	of \$0 in all its portfolios rather than using a
7	proxy for future carbon regulation, correct?
8	A Yes, correct.
9	Q And even if some current EPA regulations
10	are repealed, you know, reliance on fossil fuel
11	still creates exposure to some of those risks,
12	right?
13	A Exactly. Even if, you know, the rules
14	right now are (indiscernible) or other policies
15	within a 15-, 20-year period, it is likely that
16	other carbon policies will be in place, and thus
17	not accounting for them at all would be exposing
18	ratepayers to additional costs.
19	Q And you also note that Dominion left
20	certain costs associated with gas infrastructure
21	out of its analysis, correct?
22	A Yes. And I outline those in my testimony.
23	They have to do with whether those units are
24	converted, for example, how fuel is supplied, and
25	other factors.

1	Q And is your concern arounding [sic] the
2	cost of gas transportation infrastructure that
3	Dominion hasn't accounted for the costs associated
4	with building new green field pipelines to serve
5	future gas plants?
6	A Yes. For example, Dominion modeled
7	compliance with EPA rules for the coal units
8	assuming that they would be converted to pure
9	natural gas.
10	And on the discovery responses, they say
11	they don't fully account or they haven't fully
12	analyzed the feasibility of transporting the fuel
13	to those locations.
14	Q And you also raise, you know, the
15	potential cost of a future LNG storage facility
16	that hasn't been considered in this IRP, correct?
17	A Correct. In some cases we see gas units
18	and LNG facilities being, you know, within the
19	scope of separate CPCN dockets. I think it is
20	important to fully understand, like, what the
21	combined cost be for that resource, and that has
22	not been analyzed in this IRP.
23	Q And Dominion also left costs to convert,
24	you know, any potential new gas units to hydrogen
25	out of its analysis, correct?

1 A Correct. 2 And Dominion also didn't include the costs 3 of retiring new fossil fuel plants prior to their 4 useful life to meet the VCEA's 2045 requirement, 5 right? 6 That is my understanding and that's also a 7 result of, like, not modeling -- not having a 8 modeling horizon after 2045. 9 So all of these issues could potentially 10 mean that, you know, Dominion's portfolios that 11 add 6 gigawatts of new gas and have no fossil 12 retirements could cost ratepayers a lot more than 13 the IRP suggests; isn't that right? 14 A Yes. Even if we were to accept all of the 15 other assumptions that Dominion has made in its 16 PLEXOS modeling, the optimum portfolio up to 2039 is not necessarily a part of the optimum portfolio 17 18 up to 2045. In fact, I'd say given the 2045 19 requirement, they would look significantly 20 different. 21 Now, changing gears, your testimony also 22 identifies a number of areas where there might be 23 some cost-saving opportunities that Dominion's IRP doesn't reflect, and I'd like to just quickly go 24

25

through those.

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1 Now, first, Dominion didn't model EE and 2 DSM resources as selectable options in PLEXOS, 3 right? 4 Yes, that is my understanding. 5 So that means PLEXOS didn't have the 6 option to select more DSM even if it would be less 7 expensive than a new supply-side resource, right? 8 So Dominion estimated the DSM Yes. 9 resources and then reduced their load forecast, 10 and that was included in PLEXOS as an input. 11 PLEXOS did not have the option of including 12 incremental energy efficiency or demand response 13 even if that were to be economic compared to the 14 supply-side resources available. 15 And, now, Dominion didn't model -- didn't 16 include in its analysis virtual power plants or 17 grid-enhancing technologies, both of which could 18 potentially lower costs and also help with 19 near-term capacity needs, correct? 20 Yes. So Dominion did not model virtual 21 power plants, which would include some of the 22 demand-side resources. And although the filing 23 mentions grid-enhancing technologies, I did not 24 find anything in the analysis that would, you 25 know, indicate any impact from grid-enhancing

1	technologies.
2	Now, those would not necessarily increase,
3	like, the generation capacity, but would allow
4	additional generation capacity to be
5	interconnected.
6	Q Thank you. Now, on page 82, you also
7	I'll give you a second to turn to it.
8	You note that community-based bonus
9	credits under the Inflation Reduction Act, or IRA,
10	have not been incorporated into the IRP analysis
11	either; is that right?
12	MS. ALLABAND: Your Honor, I'm sorry. If
13	I may, this cross seems to be improper. It seems
14	to be walking through Dr. Roumpani's testimony and
15	asking her to reiterate or confirm and expand on
16	it. It's not proper cross-examination and adverse
17	or asking her to explain what she meant. It's
18	just asking her to they are not adverse parties
19	here.
20	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: So counsel.
21	MS. ALLABAND: And their interests are
22	aligned.
23	MS. CLANCY: I'm happy to wrap up.
24	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you, Counsel.
25	BY MS. CLANCY:

1	Q And so I just wanted to confirm there that
2	those community credits you're talking about there
3	increase tax credits when the Company cites
4	renewables or storage at former coal sites?
5	A Yes, so my understanding is that Dominion
6	has included up to 30 percent, for example, for
7	the investment tax credit, although an additional
8	10 percent would be available if those resources
9	were cited in a county or adjacent county where
10	coal has retired.
11	Q Okay. And just to clarify, you also
12	identify a proposed site where these credits could
13	be eligible based on your analysis; is that right?
14	A Yes. I am just looking at the testimony,
15	but without reading the exact part of the
16	testimony, Dominion, in responses they state that
17	those bonus credits would be location-specific and
18	this is why they are not included in the analysis;
19	however, when discussing incremental gas units,
20	they say that those could be cited in Brownfield
21	sites. So those Brownfield sites could be used
22	for energy storage and renewable energy, which
23	would then be probably eligible for the bonus
24	credits.
25	MS. CLANCY: Okay. Thank you so much for

1	clarifying that. Appreciate it. Thank you.
2	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
3	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
4	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: NRDC?
5	MR. JOHNS: No questions, Your Honor.
6	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Clean Virginia?
7	MR. REISINGER: No questions, Your Honor.
8	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: DCC?
9	MR. MURPHEY: No questions, Your Honor.
10	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Walmart?
11	MS. GRUNDMANN: Yes, Your Honor.
12	CROSS-EXAMINATION
13	BY MS. GRUNDMANN:
14	Q Good afternoon, Dr. Roumpani. My name is
15	Carrie Grundmann, I'm here on behalf of Walmart.
16	I want to follow up on some of the
17	calculations that you made in your testimony,
18	approximately pages 39 to 40, regarding additional
19	potential energy efficiency and demand response
20	savings that you have calculated. And I want to
21	make sure that I understand the impacts of your
22	testimony, so I'm going to draw you to a few
23	specific locations. Give me just a second.
24	Okay. So starting at page 43, line 7, you
25	have Figure 1 there. This is a

1	A Yes.
2	Q This is a chart that you created or I
3	guess I cannot show that right now.
4	That's a chart that you created or did you
5	pull it from the analysis that was done?
6	A It is a chart that I created based on
7	discovery responses from the Company, so it
8	includes the energy-efficiency savings from
9	that were assumed in the PLEXOS modeling, in the
10	IRP, and then it has the 75 percent and
11	100 percent incentive the achievable potential
12	under the assumption of a 75 percent and
13	100 percent incentive that was found in Dominion's
14	potential study.
15	Q Okay. And so you calculate that there's
16	an additional 2,310 gigawatt hours of potential
17	energy-efficiency savings over the period, is it
18	2024 through 2030 or some other time frame?
19	A So those are the accumulated savings up to
20	2030. So this gap is between what the IRP and the
21	100 percent incentive assumption has.
22	Q What I'm trying to understand is,
23	obviously, the IRP was filed in 2024, but we're in
24	2025, so I'm trying to understand that calculation
25	of 2,310 gigawatt hours.

1	What is the bracketed years for which that
2	calculation that cumulative calculation is
3	applicable?
4	A It starts from 2024 to 2030. So as they
5	would be as Dominion would be building upon,
6	like, their energy-efficiency efforts introducing
7	more programs every year, those would have impacts
8	for subsequent years as well. So in 2030, the
9	difference would be 2,310 gigawatt hours.
10	Q I understand. So I may come back to that,
11	but I want to make sure, then, to convert this to
12	sort of a megawatt or sort of demand-type number,
13	it's your testimony on page 44, lines 9 to 10 that
14	that equates to 717 megawatts that's a potential
15	of cumulative EE savings through 2030?
16	A Can you, please, repeat the question so
17	that I can follow?
18	Q So you initially provide calculations of
19	savings based on sort of energy usage at a
20	gigawatt hour function, but then on page 44,
21	lines 9 to 10, you essentially your testimony
22	makes that calculation as megawatts, which is
23	717 megawatts; is that correct?
24	A Yes.
25	Q Okay. So I want to go back to the

1	gigawatt hour calculation, and I have tried really
2	hard to figure this out, but I do not do math.
3	But a REC is the equivalent of 1 kilowatt
4	hour of energy produced; is that correct?
5	A Yes.
6	Q Okay. So 1 REC equals 1 Kwh. Can you
7	just tell me how many zeros I need to add to
8	2,310 gigawatt hours to convert that to kilowatt
9	hours?
10	A That would be six zeros of gigawatt hours
11	to kilowatt hours.
12	Q Okay. So is that 2,000,310,000 kilowatt
13	hours?
14	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: Counsel, do you mean
15	THE WITNESS: Yes.
16	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: 2,310,000,000?
17	MS. GRUNDMANN: That's correct,
18	Your Honor.
19	BY MS. GRUNDMANN:
20	Q And so your testimony doesn't address
21	this, but I want to I'm trying to understand.
22	If the Company were to achieve these potential
23	energy efficiency as set forth in your testimony,
24	there wouldn't just be the 717 megawatts of
25	potential savings; there would also be some

1 increment of savings under the VCEA because there 2 would be that many fewer -- 2,310,000,000 fewer 3 kilowatt hours potentially consumed by customers 4 over that 2024 to 2030 time frame. 5 Do you agree with that? 6 So let me -- let me take a step back 7 and walk you through what the potential here is 8 and how it was identified in the potential study. 9 Okay. 0 10 So as we said, it's not included in the 11 capacity expansion model. There is a potential 12 study that identifies what the avoided energy and 13 what the avoided capacity costs would be if 14 Dominion were to invest in energy efficiency and 15 demand response. And that, you know, we have a 16 few tests where if that investment in DSM is 17 considered cost-effective, then it goes in there 18 like economic potential, and then there are some 19 other barriers that have to be included and that 20 results in the achievable potential. 21 So my understanding is that Dominion's 22 potential study has included the avoided energy 23 and the avoided capacity costs. Capacity 24 including generation, transmission, and 25 distribution. They -- and they have found these

1	numbers that I have there to be achievable, also
2	economic.
3	If the potential site were to include some
4	avoided emissions costs or compliance with policy,
5	then a higher level of energy efficiency would be
6	economic. Or in other words, the level identified
7	here would have higher net savings as well.
8	MS. PIERCE: Your Honor I do apologize
9	for interrupting your cross, but clarity for the
10	record: Was your question is 1 REC equal to
11	1 kilowatt hour or 1 megawatt hour?
12	MS. GRUNDMANN: You're correct. I should
13	have said 1 megawatt hour. I apologize.
14	MS. PIERCE: Thank you.
15	BY MS. GRUNDMANN:
16	Q So let's go back, Dr. Roumpani, just to
17	make sure, because I did have her do the math.
18	Can you convert 2,310 gigawatt hours to
19	megawatt hours?
20	MS. GRUNDMANN: And I appreciate Staff
21	counsel's clarification for the record.
22	A That would be times 1,000, right. So
23	we're taking three of the zeros out this time, so
24	it would be 2,300,000.
25	BY MS. GRUNDMANN:

1 Perfect. Thank you. I appreciate that 0 2 clarification. 3 And then you separately -- you separately 4 discuss -- you discuss additional potential for 5 demand response in your testimony, and I just want 6 to understand what you mean by the statement on 7 page 51, lines 10 through 11, where you state that 8 there is a potential to deploy 645 megawatts of 9 demand-side resources through virtual power plants 10 by 2030. 11 Can you just help me make sure that I 12 understand, are you including the full gamut of 13 demand response within the VPP definition or is 14 there other demand response that you did not 15 analyze in your testimony? 16 So this number is not based on 17 Dominion's work papers. It is based on and are in 18 my study that I cite just above, so it's the power 19 report that has analyzed what the demand-side 20 resources would be -- what the VPP potential would 21 be within PJM for certain utilities. 22 So that number comes from there, and it 23 focuses mainly on resources that would be included 24 within the VPP umbrella. And it's separate from 25 the energy efficiency estimate that I have above.

1	Q Well, the reason for my question the
2	reason that I am confused is because the question
3	in your testimony at page 50, line 13 is:
4	What additional peak load reduction from
5	DR, comma, behind-the-meter storage, and VPPs do
6	you propose could be realized by Dominion?
7	But then your answer on page 51, lines 10
8	to 11, only, as I see it and that's what I'm
9	seeking clarity on it only mentions VPP
10	potential.
11	And so I'm trying to understand whether
12	it's the description of through 2039 or the 645
13	through 2030.
14	I'm trying to understand if that number is
15	just virtual power plants or if there is
16	additional potential savings associated with
17	demand response and behind-the-meter storage?
18	A No. So DR and BTM I'm looking at the
19	question right now. DR and BTM would fall under
20	the umbrella of, like, VPP resources.
21	So we could look at them individually, but
22	based on the report that I examined, it was all
23	under these umbrella with DR and BTM, calculate
24	them separately to avoid any double counting.
25	So the 700 that we were talking before

1	about, that's just energy efficiency. And then DR
2	BTM storage and those fall under the VPP; that
3	is a separate resource. But it includes all three
4	of them, right.
5	Q Perfect.
6	A DR, BTM within VPP.
7	Q And so it's your calculation that it's
8	approximately 645 through 2030 up to approximately
9	3,209 by 2039 as of that's what you're
10	mentioning at line 4; is that correct?
11	A Can you repeat the numbers just making
12	sure that I have it correctly?
13	Q Yeah. Because now that I understand that
14	VPP includes you're including within that all
15	the demand response and the behind-the-meter, your
16	sort of range of potential savings is 645 through
17	2030 up to, it looks like, 3,209 by 2039; is that
18	correct?
19	A Yes.
20	Q And then same question as before that I
21	asked about the energy efficiency but in the
22	demand response, if the Company were to achieve
23	this level of demand response savings, there would
24	also be a secondary benefit to customers in
25	reduced energy for purposes of calculating REC

1	requirements under the Virginia Clean Economy Act.
2	Do you agree with that?
3	A I do agree with that. The impact from the
4	energy efficiency would be more significant
5	because that's the one that's reducing
6	consumption, while the DR responses and storage,
7	they are mainly a capacity resource, so they might
8	be so they reduce the maximum capacity needed
9	but have a lower impact on the total energy.
10	Q So does that mean
11	A For example, if we take uh-huh.
12	Q Does that mean you disagree with me or you
13	agree with me? That's what I'm trying to
14	A I agree with you. However, I note that
15	the impact for VCEA compliance would be much more
16	significant if we were to included it for the
17	energy efficiency estimate that I had before and
18	less so for the demand response.
19	Q Perfect. Thank you for that
20	clarification.
21	MS. GRUNDMANN: Thank you, Dr. Roumpani.
22	Those are all my questions.
23	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
24	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: PEC?
25	MR. JAFFE: PEC has no questions for this

1	witness.
2	However, at this point I want to raise an
3	issue. I feel as if objections to
4	cross-examinations are being abused in a way that
5	is contrary to the rules of the Commission here.
6	In limited circumstances, in limited cases
7	the statutory rules of evidence apply just as they
8	would in Virginia Circuit Court. But in this
9	proceeding, the Commission's Rules of Practice and
10	Procedure and I'm looking at 5 VAC 5-20-190
11	specifically state that evidentiary rules shall
12	not be unreasonably used to prevent the receipt of
13	evidence having substantial probative effect.
14	And so, you know, we have several more
15	witnesses to go. I would ask the Commission to
16	allow parties to move efficiently through their
17	cross-examination so that evidence having
18	probative effect can be brought before the
19	Commission and given the weight it merits.
20	Thank you.
21	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you. Duly
22	noted.
23	Microsoft?
24	MS. ROBB: No questions, Your Honor.
25	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: City of Alexandria?

1	MR. ELDRIDGE: Yes, sir.
0.000,004	
2	CROSS-EXAMINATION
3	BY MR. ELDRIDGE:
4	Q Hi, Dr. Roumpani. Kyle Eldridge, City of
5	Alexandria.
6	A Hello.
7	Q Let's begin with how Dominion modeled
8	demand-side resources in its IRP.
9	MS. LINK: Could counsel move closer to
10	the mic. I apologize. I can't hear you.
11	BY MR. ELDRIDGE:
12	Q So I want to begin with how Dominion
13	modeled its demand-side resources in its IRP.
14	So I believe earlier in your testimony you
15	did mention that Dominion did not model energy
16	efficiency or demand-side management as selectable
17	resources in its PLEXOS model, correct?
18	A Correct, uh-huh.
19	Q So would it be fair to say that the
20	Company effectively treated those resources as
21	load forecast adjustments?
22	A Yes.
23	Q And not something that they could actually
24	choose in the model or PLEXOS could choose in the
25	model?

1	A Exactly, PLEXOS did not have the
2	capability of to selecting more energy
3	efficiency or demand-response resources.
4	Q Okay. And would it be fair to say that
5	treatment effectively excludes these options from
6	any cost optimization or portfolio comparison in
7	the IRP?
8	A Yes. So we think the potential study
9	specific avoided energy and avoided capacity
10	cost is assumed.
11	Now, within the capacity expansion model,
12	if that energy and capacity cost were higher from
13	supply-side resources, it could be avoided by
14	additional DR or energy efficiency resources,
15	those would be selected if allowed in PLEXOS.
16	So in this sense, like they are not
17	modeled in a level playing field, they have more
18	of a like, energy efficiency and demand
19	response have more of a, like, study of, like,
20	what costs they can avoid.
21	While in the model, as load goes up and
22	more resources are investigated, then, you know,
23	the model cannot go back and select more, or
24	there's no iterative process that would go back
25	and import what those avoided costs should be.

1	Q Thank you.
2	Okay. So let's move on to how other
3	jurisdictions have handled similar issues or, I
4	guess, handled this modeling similarly.
5	So you worked with multiple states
6	evaluating IRPs and DSM plans, correct,
7	demand-side management plans?
8	A Right.
9	Q In your experience, have other utilities
10	been able to model this successfully with
11	demand-side programs as selectable or dispatchable
12	resources?
13	A They have. I want to acknowledge that
14	this is, like, a growing area for many IRPs,
15	especially as demand-side resources are becoming
16	more critical in this era of, like, growing load.
17	So some utilities are shifting from the
18	more, like, traditional potential-side capacity
19	expansion modeling to a more integrated approach.
20	One example that I have just very recent
21	in mind, I think, PacifiCorp in the IRP that they
22	just filed, have DSM as a selection in their
23	capacity expansion.
24	I think Georgia Power is also presenting
25	some scenarios like that. I don't have any

1	example other than the like, on the top of my
2	mind.
3	Q Okay. In your experience, have you
4	noticed or have you seen that the utilities often
5	rely or not often, have relied upon the state
6	commissions or collaborations with local
7	governments in order to do this or to implement
8	the models?
9	A I'm not sure I have much to respond here.
10	I don't know whether in either case that I
11	mentioned that was a requirement to model these
12	resources as such.
13	Q And just to clarify my question. I'm not
14	saying it was a requirement
15	A Okay.
16	Q I'm asking have you noticed that they
17	have relied on input from the state commissions or
18	collaborations with local governments?
19	A I don't know that.
20	Q Okay. I'll move on.
21	And so I want to talk about some of the
22	barriers that Dominion cites like permitting,
23	siting, land availability in the IRP.
24	Those barriers, do they apply the same way
25	to demand-side programs, like, let's say,

1	smart thermostats or behind-the-meter batteries in
2	the same way they do with supply-side programs?
3	A No, they do not. So one of the benefits
4	of demand-side resources is that they could
5	actually be deployed in a faster timeline because
6	they are not subject to all those limitations.
7	I'm not saying that there are no, like,
8	difficulties in deploying some of them, but they
9	are not subject to, like, the supply chain or,
10	like, permitting, siting constraints as some of
11	the supply-side resources are.
12	Q So would you say excluding these resources
13	on this basis, could you come up with a
14	justification for why a utility would exclude
15	them?
16	A If we're trying to create a feasible
17	least-cost, least-risk scenario, I don't see any
18	reason why a utility would exclude them. If we
19	were to look into utility regulation incentives,
20	there might be a preference for other resources,
21	depending on the state.
22	Q Okay. And were you able to hear
23	Appalachian Voices Witness Laws' testimony today?
24	A Yes, I was.
25	Q Okay. I believe he emphasized that solar

1	and battery energy storage are the resources with
2	the most severe land use and permitting
3	constraints.
4	Would you agree with that?
5	A Yes, at a large high level, yes, I
6	would agree with that.
7	Q So based on that, it would be fair to say
8	that demand-side management programs could
9	actually be deployed faster and without major land
10	or permitting hurdles that other resources would
11	require?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Okay. I want to move on to talk about
14	fossil resources.
15	So Dominion defends retaining fossil units
16	on the basis of net present value; is that
17	correct? Is that your understanding?
18	A Yes. Dominion did according to the to
19	the filing, did a couple of, like, different
20	assessments for the net present value of the coal
21	units. It was a little bit unclear as to how
22	those two differ to me, as I was looking through
23	work papers.
24	Q Okay.
25	A But, yes, they are making a determination

1	based on, like, NPV.
2	Q But does NPV calculations account for
3	policy risk, carbon exposure, stranded asset risk?
4	A No, they do not. So when we're looking at
5	PLEXOS runs, we're looking more on a, like,
6	deterministic future than what the least cost
7	outcome would be, even if we were to accept all of
8	the Dominion assumptions.
9	However, if we wanted to look into the
10	optimal path forward from a cost and risk
11	perspective, we would have to examine, like, what
12	those resources are introducing to the system, and
13	that would be a significant policy risk, and also
14	maybe some incremental costs that were not
15	included in the modeling.
16	Q So just for clarification, are you saying
17	that a model that appears most cost efficient
18	could actually be creating future liabilities in
19	long-term risk?
20	A Yes.
21	Q Okay.
22	A So if we're only examining a deterministic
23	future instead of, you know, more portfolios
24	looking at the uncertainty of whether that's,
25	like, on the load forecast, the policy

1	environment, the market environment, then this is
2	not necessarily, like, the less risky portfolio
3	moving forward.
4	Q Okay. I want to return to optimization
5	programs really quick.
6	So programs tied to local governments,
7	demand-side commitments, and municipal buildings,
8	they as we mentioned earlier, they would avoid
9	many of the siting and land concerns Dominion
10	raises, correct?
11	A Uh-huh.
12	Q And
13	A Yes.
14	Q And if those commitments were backed by,
15	let's say, MOUs, local ordinances, franchise
16	agreements, or I guess, quite frankly, any
17	contracts, that would enhance their reliability
18	for modeling purposes, correct?
19	A Can you repeat the question, please.
20	Q Commitments such as MOUs, local
21	ordinances, franchise agreements, or general
22	contracts would enhance the reliability for
23	modeling purposes, correct, meaning they are tied
24	to something?
25	A I'm not sure I fully understand. The

1	reliability, talking about the great reliability?
2	Q Yes, the reliability of the programs
3	all together, the model. The model would be
4	more I guess the question I'm asking is: Would
5	the model be more reliable if the commitments were
6	based on something outside of just, you know
7	based on an MOU or an ordinance or a contract or a
8	franchise agreement?
9	A Yes, yes. Sorry, I got confused a little
10	bit with electric reliability and just wanted to
11	make sure.
12	So if we're talking about the modeling
13	being more reliable, dependable, you know, having
14	higher confidence to its results, yes.
15	Q Okay. And have you seen jurisdictions use
16	those commitments or similar tools to implement
17	those programs?
18	A I don't have a specific example that I
19	could cite here.
20	Q Okay. But would it be fair to say if
21	Dominion had included those kind of programs in
22	its IRP, we might have we might see a more
23	balanced or compliant portfolio?
24	A If Dominion had included additional
25	demand-side programs, yes, we would have seen a

1	better portfolio, yeah.
2	MR. ELDRIDGE: Okay. That concludes my
3	cross. Thank you.
4	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
5	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Consumer Counsel?
6	MR. BARTLEY: No questions, Your Honor.
7	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Staff?
8	MS. PIERCE: No questions, Your Honor.
9	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Dominion?
10	MS. ALLABAND: Briefly, Your Honor.
11	CROSS-EXAMINATION
12	BY MS. ALLABAND:
13	Q Good afternoon, Dr. Roumpani. Can you see
14	and hear me okay?
15	A Yes.
16	Q Thank you. I'm Nicole Allaband, on behalf
17	of the Company.
18	I want to turn your attention to page 10
19	of your testimony. And I think you were talking
20	about this a little bit in your conversation with
21	Appalachian Voices counsel earlier today, but this
22	is where you talk about whether or not Dominion
23	identified a preferred portfolio.
24	Do you see that?
25	A Yes.

1	Q And then on lines 8 and 9, you say that
2	the five-year reliability plan includes some
3	general direction but fails to identify specific
4	resource procurement or development actions.
5	Do you see that?
6	A Yes.
7	MS. ALLABAND: I'm going to put this on
8	the screen. Just one moment.
9	BY MS. ALLABAND:
10	Q So this is the Company's five-year
11	reliability plan, Section 3.8 that starts on
12	page 44 of the 2024 IRP.
13	Is that what you were referring to in your
14	testimony?
15	A Just to note that I'm not seeing what
16	you're seeing, but I have the the IRP.
17	Q One moment. We're going to try to fix
18	that.
19	A Okay. I do have the IRP open if you
20	prefer me to, like, go through that.
21	Q Okay.
22	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: Counsel, she has a copy
23	of the IRP. Why don't we proceed with the
24	question. If it's not working we can see if we
25	can make this part.

```
1
            MS. ALLABAND: Of course I will,
2
    Your Honor. Thank you.
3
            THE WITNESS: And I can see it now.
4
    BY MS. ALLABAND:
5
           Perfect. Okav. So section 3.8.1 talks
6
    about generation reliability and resource
7
    adequacy. Turning the page, there's some
8
    additional bullet points under that subtopic.
9
    That first bullet point at the top of the page
10
    savs:
11
            Continue to pursue regulatory approvals of
12
    the LNG storage facility to ensure reliable supply
13
    of fuel for the Brunswick and Greensville power
14
    stations.
15
            Do you see that?
16
           Yes.
        A
            So is that a specific action?
17
18
            It is a specific action, but it's not for
19
    all resource types. Generally, pulling an IRP,
20
    there's some indication about new RFPs or
21
    procurement of, like, different resource types, so
22
    this one is particularly for, like, an LNG storage
23
    facility. That's not really analyzed within this
24
    IRP.
25
         Q Okay. And we're not done.
                                        There are a
```

1	couple more bullet points.
2	Do you see the next bullet point says
3	advancement and development of SMRs, as discussed
4	in Chapter 3.5.2?
5	A Yes, I see that.
6	Q Okay. And this is the start of
7	Section 3.5.2. And on the next page, down at the
8	bottom, it says that:
9	In July of 2024, the Company issued an RFP
10	to leading SMR nuclear technology companies to
11	evaluate the feasibility of developing an SMR at
12	the Company's North Anna Power Station site.
13	Do you see that?
14	A Yes.
15	Q And would you call that a specific action?
16	I think earlier you mentioned RFPs?
17	A Yes, that would be part of a more specific
18	action plan. Ideally we would see that for all
19	resource types.
20	Q Okay. Just a couple more. Please bear
21	with me.
22	So back to the five-year reliability plan,
23	that same page, that last bullet above demand-side
24	management, pilot energy storage projects, as
25	discussed in Chapter 3.2.4.

1 Do you see that? 2 Yes. A 3 And turning to that chapter -- this is on 4 page 34 in Section 3.2.4 -- do you see the lines 5 that I highlighted first, that three other 6 projects are comprised of three non-lithium 7 batteries and one lithium-ion battery and are 8 expected to reach commercialization by the end of 9 2027. 10 And then the next paragraph talks about a 11 pilot program in support of FEMA's Building 12 Resilient Infrastructure and Communities niche to 13 utilize mobile energy storage systems during 14 emergencies. 15 Do you see those? 16 And let me just very briefly say I do. that I think, you know, Dominion having those 17 18 pilot programs is great, especially in a 19 technology that I think would play a critical role 20 in the future. 21 I'm not sure if these pilot programs are 22 directly a result of the IRP. And I think it 23 would be good for the Commission and stakeholders 24 to see how, like, those actions are informed by 25 the IRP analysis.

1	Q So even though these are specific actions
2	that are discussed in the IRP, you I'm sorry,
3	I'm not understanding.
4	What did you say?
5	A That the portfolios presented within this
6	IRP, which have specific levels of energy; solar,
7	wind, and other resources, are not the ones
8	necessarily informing those pilot programs.
9	Q Okay. And Dr. Roumpani, just one last one
10	because we were talking about different generation
11	projects in this five-year reliability plan.
12	But the third section also talks about
13	transmission and the Company's pursuit of
14	necessary regulatory approvals for new
15	transmission lines needed to rebuild aging
16	infrastructure, interconnect data center
17	customers, address reliability criteria
18	violations, and interconnect new renewable
19	projects.
20	And are you aware of Appendices 2C-1 and
21	2C-2? And I'll flip to the first one.
22	A Yeah, I'm aware. Like, you'd have to
23	refresh my memory on what exactly those appendices
24	are.
25	Q Yes, I'm putting them on the screen.

1 So this is 2C-1, which is the list of 2 transmission projects under construction. And 3 it's two pages. And then 2C-2 is the list of plan 4 planned transmission projects during the planning 5 period, and that is several pages. 6 So all of these transmission projects are 7 specific projects and actions? 8 A Yes, they seem to be. And I hope that, 9 you know, the bullet point as identified on the 10 previous page is, you know, always true that 11 Dominion is looking for those improvements. I did 12 not look specifically into the transmission 13 projects. I focused on the generation side. yes, those look specific -- I don't know exactly 14 15 what actions the Company is taking for those. 16 But you would agree these are a list of 17 projects the Company says are under construction 18 or planned during the planning period? 19 A Yes, of course, I agree this is a list of 20 projects that the Company is undertaking. I have 21 not looked specifically into what the actions are 22 here. 23 MS. ALLABAND: Understood. Thank you so 24 much, Dr. Roumpani, for appearing virtually for us 25 today.

1	THE MITTINGER. Then by the same
1000	THE WITNESS: Thank you.
2	COMMISSION HUDSON: United, any redirect?
3	MS. POLLARD: No redirect, Your Honor.
4	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Dr. Roumpani,
5	thank you so much. You're now excused.
6	THE WITNESS: Thank you so much.
7	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: So what I'd like to
8	do right now is take a break. But before that, we
9	have, I believe, Clean Virginia and Walmart has
10	stipulated testimony. Can we kind of take care of
11	that right now and then come back from break, have
12	Microsoft come in.
13	Let's start with Clean Virginia.
14	MR. REISINGER: Thank you, Your Honor.
15	And I can talk to you from here if that's all
16	right.
17	Clean Virginia filed the direct testimony
18	of Mr. Simon Key on February 28th of this year.
19	His direct testimony consisted of 29 pages and one
20	exhibit in a public version only. All the parties
21	waived cross-examination of Mr. Key and he was
22	excused from this hearing, so I would ask that his
23	testimony be admitted into the record.
24	THE BAILIFF: The direct testimony of
25	Simon Key will be marked as Exhibit 36.

1	(Exhibit No. 36 was marked for
2	identification.)
3	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: The testimony marked
4	and described as Exhibit No. 36 is admitted into
5	the record.
6	(Exhibit No. 36 was admitted into
7	evidence.)
8	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
9	MS. GRUNDMANN: Your Honor, on
10	February 28, 2025, Walmart caused to be filed the
11	direct testimony of Lisa V. Perry, director of
12	Utility Partnerships Regulatory, consisting of a
13	summary page, 12 pages of typed questions and
14	answers, and three exhibits in public version
15	only.
16	All parties have agreed to waive cross,
17	and we would ask that that testimony be marked and
18	admitted into the record.
19	THE BAILIFF: The direct testimony of
20	Lisa V. Perry will be marked as Exhibit 37.
21	(Exhibit No. 37 was marked for
22	identification.)
23	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: The testimony marked
24	and described as Exhibit No. 37 is admitted into
25	the record.

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1
            (Exhibit No. 37 was admitted into
2
    evidence.)
3
            COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
4
            MS. GRUNDMANN: Thank you.
5
            COMMISSIONER HUDSON: So let's take a
6
    recess until 3:45. So we'll reconvene at 3:45.
7
            We're now in recess.
8
            (A recess was taken.)
9
            COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Microsoft, please
10
    proceed.
11
            MS. ROBB: Microsoft calls Dr. Oliver
12
    Stover.
13
            OLIVER STOVER, called as a witness, having
    been first duly sworn, was examined and testified
14
15
    as follows:
16
                     DIRECT EXAMINATION
17
    BY MS. ROBB:
18
           Please state your name and address for the
19
    record.
20
         A My name is Oliver Stover, and my business
    address is 200 Clarendon Street, Boston,
21
22
    Massachusetts.
23
           And by whom are you employed?
24
            I'm employed by Charles River Associates.
         A
25
            Did you cause to be prefiled in this
```

1	proceeding 16 pages of direct testimony consisting
2	of questions and answers, as well as a summary
3	page and one exhibit, with such testimony being
4	titled, Direct Testimony of Oliver Stover, PhD, on
5	Behalf of Microsoft Corporation, dated
6	February 28th, 2025?
7	A Yes, I did.
8	Q Was this testimony prepared by you or
9	under your direction?
10	A Yes.
11	Q Do you have any clarifications to your
12	testimony?
13	A Yes, I do.
14	On page 8, line 15, please change "two
15	reasons" to instead say "three reasons."
16	MS. GRUNDMANN: Can you repeat that page
17	and line again?
18	THE WITNESS: Page 8, line 15.
19	MS. GRUNDMANN: Thank you.
20	BY MS. ROBB:
21	Q So page 8, line 15, instead of saying two
22	reasons, it should say three?
23	A Yes.
24	Q Thank you.
25	Do you with that clarification, if I

1	were to ask you the questions that are included in
2	your testimony today, would your answers be the
3	same?
4	A Yes, they would.
5	Q Do you wish to sponsor this document as
6	your direct testimony in this proceeding?
7	A Yes, I do.
8	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: One other quick
9	clarification, Counsel, if that's okay.
10	MS. ROBB: Sure, yeah.
11	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: Sir, on page 9,
12	line 5 do you have a copy of that, Counsel?
13	I'm sorry. You may not have copies of that
14	testimony.
15	Just, I believe that the first word on
16	that line should be "Dominion." Is that correct?
17	And not "domination"? I thought you might have
18	been pitching for work from the Consumer Counsel's
19	office.
20	THE WITNESS: Yes.
21	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: All right. Thank you.
22	BY MS. ROBB:
23	Q So with that these clarifications, if I
24	were to ask you the questions that are included in
25	your testimony today, would your answers be the

1	same?
2	A Yes, they would.
3	Q Do you wish to sponsor this document as
4	your direct testimony in this proceeding?
5	A Yes, I do.
6	MS. ROBB: I ask that Dr. Stover's direct
7	testimony, with the clarifications just described,
8	be marked for identification and I move its
9	admission, subject to cross-examination.
10	THE BAILIFF: The direct testimony of
11	Dr. Oliver Stover as corrected will be marked as
12	Exhibit 38.
13	(Exhibit No. 38 was marked for
14	identification.)
15	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Testimony marked and
16	described and as corrected as Exhibit No. 38 is
17	admitted into the record.
18	(Exhibit No. 38 was admitted into
19	evidence.)
20	BY MS. ROBB:
21	Q Dr. Stover, were in the hearing room this
22	morning during the testimony of Appalachian Voices
23	Witness Laws?
24	A Yes, I was.
25	Q Do you have any comment on that testimony?

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Yes, I do. I would highlight that I very much agree with Witness Laws' recommendation that breaking the Dominion into sub zones can be easily accomplished within a tool like PLEXOS using a hub-and-wheel-type model, and cosign his recommendation. I don't take a position on the public interest or validity of the portfolio proposed by Witness Laws; however, I would like to provide some recommendations on evaluating these types of resources, which are using a large amount of energy limited and variable resources when meeting potential energy and resource adequacy needs. Specifically, I'd recommend that these types of portfolios be evaluated within the wider context and they be evaluated to consider that there's sufficient energy resources to charge all batteries. And I would also recommend that these

I agree with his insight that Dominion is a small part of PJM, so the build decisions made by Dominion impact only a part of PJM, but this doesn't mean it couldn't lead to local resource

be considered with some of the context that was

technology increases in penetration.

raised by Witness Goggin, that ELCCs decline as a

1	adequacy solutions. This is not to say that this
2	portfolio is not resource adequate; I didn't
3	evaluate it. Merely to say that when considering
4	these types of portfolios, that it should be done
5	within these lights, and possibly additional
6	checks should be included as we transition to
7	portfolios that have a larger amount of energy
8	limited and variable resources.
9	Q All right. Now, were you in the hearing
10	room this morning during the testimony of
11	Appalachian Voices Witness Goggin?
12	A Yes, I was.
13	Q Do you have any comment on that?
14	A Yes, I do. I appreciate that when we're
15	talking about some of these modeling assumptions,
16	it can be easy to focus on the assumptions, but I
17	think it's important to take it back to a broader
18	context.
19	So specifically, Witness Goggin was
20	discussing how Dominion sets its limits, I
21	believe, for capacity purchases and recommended
22	that this should be set at the transmission limit.
23	I would recommend that this is missing
24	some of the larger context of what needs to go
25	into reliable using capacity purchases when

1	meeting capacity needs.
2	Specifically, it's not enough to say that
3	a capacity purchase will guarantee that there's a
4	real physical resource that will be built to meet
5	the need. So when we're talking about setting the
6	amount of capacity limits, I don't think it's
7	right just to say the transmission limit is the
8	only limit there.
9	Specifically, I would recommend that when
10	evaluating the prudency of capacity purchases, we
11	look at some of the broader context of what's
12	going on at PJM and specifically within the
13	DOM Zone.
14	I'd raise some issues that I also raised
15	in my testimony. First, I'd highlight load
16	growth; that's substantial across PJM.
17	Specifically, in the most recent 2025 load
18	forecast update, PJM projects that there's
19	70 gigawatts of load growth in the next 15 years
20	and 19 gigawatts of load growth in the DOM Zone,
21	which is increasingly brought by entities other
22	than Dominion.
23	Second, I'd also highlight that there's
24	declining ELCCs.
25	Given this context, I think it's important

1	that we ensure that there's a real physical
2	resource that's being built to meet load by other
3	than just relying on capacity purchases and saying
4	that Dominion can cede its responsibility to
5	meeting resource adequacy to the market.
6	Q Thank you.
7	Now, were you in the hearing room this
8	morning during the testimony of Appalachian Voices
9	Witness Wilson?
10	A Yes, I was.
11	Q Now, is it true, as Mr. Wilson testified,
12	that PJM reviews large load requests submitted by
13	EDCs and adopts them as is?
14	A No, that's not true.
15	Specifically, I would highlight in the
16	most recent 2025 load forecast IRP that PJM did
17	not accept the proposed submission by various load
18	serving entities, and, in fact, chose to correct
19	them.
20	And they specifically did this in
21	consultation with the third-party consultant
22	451 Research, which is a sub whose parent
23	company is S&P Global.
24	I'd also highlight that Witness Wilson
25	specifically identified this entity as a credible

1	forecasting entity.
2	MS. ROBB: Your Honor, at this point I'd
3	like to pass out an exhibit and have it marked for
4	identification.
5	The exhibit that's being handed out is
6	from PJM. It's titled Load Adjustment Request
7	Summary for 2025 Load Forecast - Preliminary, and
8	I request that it be marked for identification.
9	THE BAILIFF: The PJM Load Adjustment
10	Request Summary for 2025 Load Forecast -
11	Preliminary document will be marked as Exhibit 39.
12	(Exhibit No. 39 was marked for
13	identification.)
14	BY MS. ROBB:
15	Q Dr. Oliver, does this refer to the text
16	you were just stating about PJM?
17	A Yes.
18	Q Could you turn us to the particular page?
19	A Yes. I realize this is there's a few
20	pages, but specifically if we evaluate each
21	individual entity, you can see that the blue line
22	is marked as request and
23	Q Are you on a particular page?
24	A Sorry. Page 10 could be a good
25	indication.

1	My understanding is that the request
2	indicates the amount that the individual load
3	serving entity reported that it would like to
4	include in the PJM load forecast, and the blue
5	line, while marked "preliminary," closely
6	resembles or exactly matches the amount that was
7	included in the ultimate PJM 2025 forecast.
8	Q Thank you.
9	MS. LINK: Ms. Robb, you may want to turn
10	the document. It's on the screen sideways.
11	MS. ROBB: Oh, sorry. Okay.
12	MS. LINK: Thank you.
13	BY MS. ROBB:
14	Q Anything further to point out in this
15	document?
16	A Yes. I would like to also point out that
17	if we move to page 17, Dominion chose or PJM
18	chose to accept Dominion's forecast as is without
19	some of the corrections that were requested from
20	other LSEs within the wider PJM market.
21	Q Very good.
22	Anything else to bring to our attention
23	with this document?
24	A No.
25	MS. ROBB: Your Honor, I would move its

1	admission.
2	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Any objection?
3	The PJM Load Forecast document marked and
4	described as Exhibit No. 35 is admitted into the
5	record 39, my apologies.
6	(Exhibit No. 39 was admitted into
7	evidence.)
8	BY MS. ROBB:
9	Q Dr. Stover, were you in this hearing room
10	yesterday during the cross-examination of the
11	Dominion witnesses?
12	A Yes, I was.
13	Q Do you have any general observations based
14	on the discussions in the hearing room yesterday?
15	A Yes, I was. I would bring it back to this
16	wider context that needs to be critical when
17	evaluating whether or not Dominion's plan is in
18	the public interest.
19	There was a lot of great discussion on
20	some of the specific modeling input assumptions,
21	which is certainly valid, but I think sometimes
22	we're failing to consider the wider context of
23	some of the challenges that are facing Dominion.
24	Specifically some of the challenges I would also
25	like to highlight.

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1 This load growth that's occurring 2 within -- from entities other than Dominion within 3 the DOM Zone for which Dominion is the primary 4 transmission operator. I think we need to be 5 thoughtful in considering some of these potential 6 resource adequacy and transmission stress 7 challenges that could be coming and that Dominion 8 should thoughtfully evaluate this within the IRP 9 context. 10 Thank you. 11 Now I'm going to ask you what comments you 12 have on written testimony submitted by other 13 parties after your February 28th direct testimony 14 was filed. So let's turn to Compton rebuttal. 15 Have you reviewed the rebuttal testimony 16 submitted by Dominion's witness Shane Compton on 17 March 25th in this proceeding? 18 Yes, I did. 19 Do you have any comments on Mr. Compton's 20 claim on pages 8 to 9 of his testimony that a 21 powerful model has little IRP value and that 22 locational constraints are unnecessary for an IRP? 23 Yes, I do. I would first observe that 24 Dominion itself used a powerful model within this 25 That's how it came to the transmission IRP.

1	limits when considering the ability to import from
2	outside of the DOM Zone.
3	I would highlight that this type of
4	analysis could be critical in getting ahead of
5	some of the transmission stress that's emerging
6	within the DOM Zone. And that's my recommendation
7	for considering these types of analysis.
8	I agree with Mr. Compton that tools like
9	long-term capacity tools are the right tool for
10	getting at performing the actual IRP modeling
11	given this transmission context.
12	Specifically here, I think some of the
13	recommendations that have been raised by
14	Staff Witness Smith and Dr. Laws are the right
15	short-term solution of breaking the DOM Zone into
16	subregions so that DOM Dominion can better get
17	ahead of some of these transmission stress
18	challenges that are emerging within the DOM Zone.
19	Q Thank you.
20	Now, do you have any comments on
21	Mr. Compton's objection on page 14 of his
22	testimony to your recommendation that Dominion
23	considered the broader DOM Zone and PJM context in
24	future IRPs?
25	A Yes, I do. As I previously mentioned, I

1 think it's critical when Dominion is considering 2 its obligation to meet its energy and capacity 3 requirements, that it considers this wider 4 context. 5 I'd also highlight that it itself 6 considers the wider context in its modeling as an 7 entity within PJM. Specifically, it modeled the 8 wider PJM market both as an energy price and as a 9 capacity price, so it's already considering the 10 wider context. 11 My recommendation to them is that it takes 12 it a step further and it starts to report what the 13 underlying load growth assumptions and build and 14 transmission assumptions so that various entities 15 in the Commission can evaluate their modeling, if 16 it's in the public interest, and look at some of 17 these emerging challenges that are critical for 18 Dominion to meet its energy and capacity needs in 19 a reliable and affordable way. 20 All right. Now, Mr. Compton observes, on 21 page 32 of his testimony, that load growth is 22 higher outside of the DOM LSE and that other LSEs 23 have not committed to supply resources. 24 Do you have any comments on this? 25 Yes, I do. And I very much agree with his

1	observation.
2	I would point out that many of these
3	entities don't have IRP requirements, so it's
4	difficult to know exactly what their strategy is
5	to meeting their growing, as Mr. Compton observes,
6	energy and capacity needs.
7	However, recently the Commission held a
8	technical conference on data centers in which
9	various leaders from ODEC, NOVEC, and others made
10	statements. And it was my assumption, based on
11	their statements, that strategies like market
12	purchases and sleep (phonetic) PPAs will be a key
13	part of their strategy rather than building new
14	generation resources.
15	I think this is critical to think about
16	because it could create significant upward
17	pressure on energy and capacity prices and, if not
18	addressed, could lead to resource adequacy
19	challenges within the DOM Zone.
20	Q All right. Now turning to the Vance
21	rebuttal testimony.
22	Have you reviewed the rebuttal testimony
23	submitted by Dominion's witness Katelynn Vance on
24	March 25th in this proceeding?
25	A Yes.

1	Q Do you have any comments on Dr. Vance's
2	assertion on pages 13 to 14 of her testimony that
3	generation and transmission cannot be planned
4	together due to FERC Standards of Conduct?
5	A Yes. I'm not a lawyer, so I don't have a
6	legal position on this. I would point out that
7	Dominion considers aspect of the transmission
8	system within this IRP and that other utilities,
9	like in the PacifiCorp 2023 IRP, it considered
10	transmission as a selectable resource. So I
11	highlight there, there are other entities that are
12	considering this aspect of transmission and
13	generation planning.
14	Specifically, I bring this up to help
15	Dominion get ahead of some of the challenges that
16	might emerge from having enough generation but not
17	to be able to deliver the generation due to
18	insufficient transmission. So being thoughtful by
19	some of these challenges, they can prevent
20	resource adequacy issues or find more cost
21	efficient solutions.
22	Q All right. Now, turning finally to the
23	Staff Witness Smith's testimony, have you reviewed
24	the testimony submitted by Commission Staff
25	Witness Steven Smith on March 11 in this

1	proceeding?
2	A Yes.
3	Q Do you have any comments on his
4	recommendation on pages 13 to 16 that Dominion
5	model the DOM Zone in smaller geographic sub zones
6	enabling better assessment of congestion and
7	locational constraints?
8	A Yes, I support this recommendation, but
9	would take it further and say instead of just
10	focusing on geographic limites, also focus on key
11	transmission limits, which can be identified using
12	tools like PowerFlow, so I think this is an
13	excellent recommendation.
14	Q All right.
15	MS. ROBB: Your Honor, the witness is
16	available for cross-examination.
17	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
18	CROSS-EXAMINATION
19	BY MR. ALLMOND:
20	Q Good afternoon, Dr. Stover. How are you
21	doing?
22	A Good afternoon.
23	Q My name is Josephus Allmond. I'm an
24	attorney with the Southern Environmental Law
25	Center on behalf of Appalachian Voices.

1	Before we get started, I just want to flag
2	that I will be referring to your prefiled
3	testimony, the rebuttal testimony of Company
4	Witness Blackwell, as well as some other publicly
5	available reports.
6	Starting on page 4 and starting at line 18
7	of your testimony, you state that to incorporate
8	uncertainty, Dominion models multiple policy
9	scenarios and develops corresponding fuel and
10	market price projections. Additionally, it runs
11	sensitivity analysis on the alternative load
12	futures and stakeholder-recommended build limits.
13	What's your understanding of the
14	alternative load forecast that Dominion allegedly
15	modeled?
16	A My understanding is they forecast
17	potential lower or higher load futures. And based
18	on earlier testimony, this is based on different
19	penetrations of up data centers and energy
20	efficiency.
21	Q And these are the sensitivities right here
22	on page 69 of the IRP?
23	A That's right.
24	Q Is it your testimony that these scenarios
25	capture the full range of reasonable reasonably

1	likely future load conditions?
2	A I think this is an area where Dominion
3	could improve, that the some of the
4	recommendations of brought earlier of expanding
5	the scenarios.
6	Q So the plus or minus 5 percent don't
7	accurately capture the full reasonable range of
8	possible scenarios?
9	A While I agree with their general approach
10	as a best practice, I specifically would recommend
11	providing further context into why they chose
12	those specific values to be an area for
13	improvement.
14	Q Thank you. I'm going to go to page 8 of
15	your testimony, starting at line 9. You state
16	that given the market fundamentals driving
17	Dominion's load forecast, its more recent accuracy
18	in data center projections, and the asymmetric
19	risks of forecast errors, I recommend the
20	Commission adopt the forecast due to your
21	mention of market fundamentals, and then earlier
22	in your testimony you note that you can address
23	Microsoft's interests generally, based on publicly
24	available data.
25	MR. ALLMOND: So I'd like to go over a

1	couple of recent data center lease cancellations
2	that have become public that Microsoft has
3	announced. I've got three exhibits that I'll be
4	passing out right now. I'll just pass them out at
5	the same time and discuss them individually, if
6	that works.
7	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Yeah, without any
8	objection, yeah.
9	MR. ALLMOND: I can start with this first
10	one. And my apologies that the date got cut off
11	with these. I was trying to get rid of the URLs
12	and advertisements. But I've written them down
13	here.
14	BY MR. ALLMOND:
15	Q The first one I want to look at is from
16	Data Center Dynamics, February 24th, 2025. And
17	the title is Microsoft Cancels 200 Megawatts of
18	AI Data Center Leases-Report.
19	MS. ROBB: I'm sorry, Counsel.
20	MS. GRUNDMANN: Can we do it again?
21	BY MR. ALLMOND:
22	Q The first one I'd like to look at is this
23	article from Data Center Dynamics. It was
24	published on February 24th, 2025. It's titled
25	Microsoft Cancels 200 Megawatt of AI Data Center

1	Leases.
2	Are you familiar with this report?
3	A Generally.
4	Q And the underlying TD Cowen report that
5	
	sort of led to this reporting?
6	A Sorry?
7	Q Are you familiar with the underlying
8	TD Cowen report that sort of
9	A Yes, generally, as a news item, yep.
10	Q Great. Are you a do you know if any of
11	these 200 megawatts of AI data center leases were
12	canceled in Dominion territory?
13	A I'm not a Microsoft employee. I can't
14	speak to that.
15	Q So you wouldn't know if they were canceled
16	in PJM region either?
17	A No, I can't speak to it.
18	Q Okay. No problem.
19	The next one I'd like to discuss is titled
20	Microsoft Cancels Up to 2 Gigawatts of Data Center
21	Projects, says TD Cowen. This one was dated
22	March 27th, 2025.
23	And I'll note your previous response, so
24	I'm assuming you don't know whether these
25	2 gigawatts of data center projects in the US were

1	canceled in the Dominion or PJM footprint?
2	A That's right.
3	Q Last one on this issue, this one was from
4	just last week, so April 8th, 2025. The title is
5	Microsoft Pauses \$1 Billion Data Center Plans in
6	Licking County, Ohio.
7	Underlined sentence there notes that it
8	was a billion dollars for three data center
9	campuses in different Ohio localities.
10	So that would be in the PJM region,
11	correct?
12	A Most likely.
13	Q Would it be fair to say that even in the
14	time since interveners filed testimony in this
15	case, Microsoft's plans in Ohio and the PJM area
16	have changed?
17	A I can't speak to the veracity of the
18	reports. I'm not a Microsoft employee, nor did I
19	prepare these reports.
20	Q Okay. If I can go back to the March 27th,
21	2025 article, down at the bottom:
22	Securities analyst notes that this
23	2 gigawatt cancellation looks and sounds like
24	business as usual. Company with this large and
25	with 80 billion of annual spending has the right

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1 to move in and out of data center leases, many of 2 which were never officially signed. 3 Then on the back, if you flip it over, 4 there's a quote from the chairman of the Alibaba 5 group noting that he sees the beginning of some 6 kind of bubble. 7 So while you note that the market 8 fundamentals are strong in your testimony, is it 9 fair to state that not everyone agrees with you 10 with respect to that statement? 11 A This individual might appear to think 12 that, sure. 13 Would you say it's difficult to say at this point in time whether or not this is the 14 15 beginning of some kind of bubble? 16 I can't speak to that. Okay. Now, I'd like to go back to this 17 first one. And you noted that you're familiar 18 19 with the underlying TD Cowen report. It says 20 that: 21 The report adds that Microsoft has also 22 pulled back on converting negotiated and signed 23 statement of qualifications, or 500s, which are 24 the precursor to a data center lease -- the signed 25 leases.

1	And notes that:
2	It cannot confirm if this is a delay to
3	conversion or outright termination.
4	Those terms, statement of qualifications
5	or 500s, seem a little bit different than the
6	contract terms that Dominion uses. So hoping that
7	your experience across markets might be able to
8	help us
9	A I'm not a contracting expert so I don't
10	feel comfortable speaking to it.
11	Q Okay. Well, you noted that you're
12	familiar with the underlying TD Cowen report. And
13	according to this report, down at the bracketed
14	section, the conversion rate of SOQs
15	A Apologies, I should clarify. I'm aware of
16	this report as a news item. I did not review this
17	report in detail.
18	Q Great. Just want to finish the statement.
19	According to this report, which led to
20	these public reports, the conversion rate of SOQs
21	into a signed lease is close to a hundred percent.
22	I wanted to reference that because it
23	seems similar to the statement that
24	Company Witness Blackwell makes in his rebuttal
25	testimony about constructing letters of

1	authorization. And starting on line 6, he notes
2	that:
3	To date, no data center customer has
4	canceled a project after signing a CLOA, so these
5	contracts represent a clear commitment from data
6	center customers.
7	The statement of qualifications, or 500s,
8	had virtually 100 percent conversion rates and are
9	similar to the CLOAs.
10	Do you think this Commission should be
11	skeptical those CLOAs will continue to have a
12	100 percent conversion rate?
13	A I think Dominion is better positioned to
14	speak to those kinds of contracting issues.
15	Q Okay. Going back to your testimony,
16	page 8, starting at line 9, one of the reasons
17	that you give for recommending support and
18	adoption for the Company's forecasts are more
19	recent accuracy in data center projections.
20	And that was the first time I read in your
21	testimony a notation of more recent accuracy in
22	data center projections.
23	What are you referring to when you say
24	more recent accuracy?
25	A Yeah, Dominion's forecast has improved

1	over time, just as a matter of record.
2	Q I would like to discuss this idea of
3	accuracy and projections with you because many
4	energy professionals, including yourself, have
5	recently warned of the risk of double counting; is
6	that correct?
7	A I'm not aware I've ever warned of the risk
8	of double counting.
9	Q This is an article from Data Centre
10	Review. It has you listed as one of the authors
11	there.
12	A Sure.
13	Q Are you familiar with this article?
14	A Generally, yes.
15	Q I'd like to flip to the back sorry
16	MR. ALLMOND: Your Honor, I'd like to mark
17	this as an exhibit and pass it out.
18	MS. GRUNDMANN: Your Honor, may I ask a
19	question? Are we marking these articles?
20	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Are you marking
21	them?
22	MR. ALLMOND: Yes, Your Honor.
23	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Great.
24	MS. ROBB: We are marking them?
25	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Yes, we are, for

1	identification purposes.
2	MS. ROBB: Because I just have a I
3	don't think the witness has been able to verify
4	the truth of them, so I'm not sure. Is there a
5	basis for getting them into the record?
6	MS. GRUNDMANN: He hasn't moved for their
7	admission yet.
8	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Counsel?
9	MR. ALLMOND: Your Honor, I haven't moved
10	for their admission yet but as the witness said
11	that he was familiar with publicly available
12	information, including the articles I put in front
13	of him.
14	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Please proceed.
15	MR. ALLMOND: Would you like me to proceed
16	with the next exhibit?
17	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Yeah.
18	MS. GRUNDMANN: Your Honor, once this new
19	exhibit is passed out, for purposes of my
20	recordkeeping would it be possible I don't know
21	that counsel actually asked to mark these, so I
22	think I have four documents that will need to be
23	marked.
24	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: My question was
25	going to be, would you like to have this all as

-	
1	one exhibit or individually?
2	MR. ALLMOND: We can do the first
3	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Take those first
4	four.
5	MR. ALLMOND: The first four as one.
6	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Okay.
7	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: Real quick, if you don't
8	mind, Counsel, I think maybe for my own
9	recordkeeping purposes, if we could just have each
10	one be their own number because I imagine there
11	may be different responses to different kinds of
12	exhibits from counsel.
13	MR. ALLMOND: Sounds good to me,
14	Your Honor.
15	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Let's take care of
16	that now, then.
17	THE BAILIFF: Proceed?
18	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Start with the
19	February 2024.
20	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: February 2025?
21	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Yes.
22	THE BAILIFF: The article entitled,
23	Microsoft Cancels 200 Megawatts of AI Data Center
24	Leases report will be marked as Exhibit 40.
25	The article entitled, Microsoft Cancels up

1	to 2 Gigawatts of Data Center Projects will be
2	marked as Exhibit 41.
3	And Exhibit 42 will be the article
4	entitled, Microsoft Pauses 1 Billion Data Center
5	Plans in Licking County, Ohio.
6	(Exhibits No. 40 - 42 were marked for
7	identification.)
8	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
9	BY MR. ALLMOND:
10	Q All right. Do you have the article from
11	Data Centre Review in front of you, Dr. Stover?
12	A Yeah.
13	Q Flip it around to the other side. Top
14	paragraph says:
15	Forecasting faces two competing
16	challenges; regulators' concerns over inflated
17	growth and real data center developers' plans. On
18	one hand, the race to bring data centers online
19	has given rise to the risk of double counting
20	potential growth. Developers often explore
21	multiple utility partnerships within a single
22	integrated market, and if each utility includes
23	the potential development in its forecast,
24	market-wide growth projections can become wildly
25	inflated. This has led to skepticism about the

1	stated forecasts.
2	You are one of the authors for this
3	article, correct?
4	A Yes.
5	Q So you have warned about the risk of
6	double counting?
7	A I should clarify. The purpose of this
8	article was a review of the overall context and
9	discussion around data center challenges. Yeah,
10	it's just to give that context.
11	Q Okay. But within that context of risk is
12	certainly double counting?
13	A Yeah, that's fair.
14	Q Were you in the courtroom earlier during
15	the surrebuttal testimony or, actually, it was
16	the cross of Walmart counsel with our witness,
17	Jim Wilson, when they were discussing the impact
18	of the largest companies on the Company's load
19	forecast?
20	A Right.
21	Q Do you remember that?
22	I believe they established that the five
23	largest companies make up 71 percent of Dominion's
24	load forecast.
25	And is Microsoft one of those five largest

1	data center companies?
2	A I can't speak to that.
3	Q You don't know?
4	A I don't know.
5	Q Okay.
6	A I yeah, I don't know.
7	Q I'd like to hopefully use your experience.
8	You've worked with a number of utilities and
9	different data center developers. Hopefully we
10	can quantify sort of to what extent this double
11	counting is happening.
12	When a developer submits bids and they
13	have a single project in mind, can you just help
14	us understand, are they submitting bids for ten
15	projects and expecting only one to go to fruition?
16	Is it five? Is there a sort of average range?
17	A Apologies. I'm not a data center
18	developer, I can't speak to their strategies.
19	Q But you and your colleagues note in this
20	article that this often happens among data center
21	developers.
22	A Sure. I should clarify, we were more
23	talking about the conversation that was happening
24	across the country and kind of wanted to bring the
25	issues out there for full discussion. And as you

1	clarified, there certainly is this perception, not
2	saying for or against in one way, but there
3	certainly is a perception as raised by
4	Witness Wilson.
5	Q And so you're not sure despite you
6	flagging this risk of double counting in this
7	article, you're not
8	A Not apologies.
9	Q So despite flagging this risk of double
10	counting, you're not sure to what extent it's
11	happening?
12	A Correct. I think it's fair to say that
13	this is a factor that needs to be thought through,
14	as I believe Dominion has raised. So I think it's
15	a fair thing that needs to be thought through, but
16	I wouldn't think it's fair to say that I
17	specifically quantified the specific risks here.
18	Q So you're not sure what it is, so it could
19	be that data center developers are submitting ten
20	bids for every project that they need?
21	A I think Dominion is better positioned to
22	speak through how it talks about these types of
23	risks, and it's my understanding that Dominion
24	does take these kind of challenges into its
25	thought process.

1	Q Happy to ask Dominion about that later on,
2	but I wanted to focus on you because you have
3	raised this issue before.
4	You don't have an awareness of to what
5	extent this is happening; is that correct?
6	A Based on public conversation, I can
7	imagine that this is something that needs to be
8	thought through in a prudent load forecast.
9	Q And you didn't discuss double counting
10	anywhere in your testimony in this proceeding, did
11	you?
12	A That's right.
13	Q Okay. I'd like to go back, staying on the
14	issue of forecast, page 5 of your testimony.
15	Starting at line 12, you note that you do
16	not have access to the market intelligence
17	assumptions that Dominion uses for its forecast to
18	assess the credibility of those assumptions?
19	A That's right.
20	Q Market intelligence assumptions is a
21	pretty amorphous term.
22	Can you sort of elaborate on what that
23	might include?
24	A Sure, yeah. Dominion specifically
25	highlights that it uses close conversations and

1	market intelligence based on direct conversations
2	with its customers to do its performance forecast.
3	While I strongly support this effort and think
4	that this is best practice, I do recognize that it
5	creates a challenge to transparency for their
6	forecast.
7	I also recognize that some of this
8	intelligence is highly sensitive, so while I think
9	this is an area where Dominion could improve in
10	its transparency, I also think that those
11	solutions might need to be creative, given some of
12	the sensitive nature of some of the information.
13	Q And did you attempt to obtain any of these
14	market intelligence assumptions through the
15	discovery process?
16	A I did not.
17	Q Okay. So you didn't attempt to obtain
18	these assumptions, you don't know what they are,
19	and yet you're still confident in saying that you
20	think the Commission should approve this forecast?
21	A Yes, I am, as a baseline forecast for the
22	purpose of this IRP, with some of my suggested
23	improvements in future IRPs.
24	Q Dr. Stover, I'd like to move on to the
25	topic of resource planning.

1	7. Cure
(a)/ai	A Sure.
2	Q Page 3, starting at line 8 of your
3	testimony, you state that Dominion's approach to
4	resource planning should be accepted for the 2024
5	IRP.
6	Is that correct?
7	A Yep, that's right.
8	Q On the same page you note that their
9	approach to load forecasting, resource modeling,
10	and scenario analysis aligns with industry
11	standards for Integrated Resource Planning; is
12	that right?
13	A In the general principles it adopted,
14	correct.
15	MR. ALLMOND: I'd like to mark another
16	exhibit, Your Honor.
17	THE BAILIFF: Your Honor, would you like
18	to mark the Data Centre Review document? It
19	hasn't been marked yet.
20	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Yeah, let's do that.
21	THE BAILIFF: The Data Centre Review
22	article entitled, How Do We Power AI will be
23	marked as Exhibit 43.
24	(Exhibit No. 43 was marked for
25	identification.)

1	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
2	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: All right. 44.
3	BY MR. ALLMOND:
4	Q To an article titled, Toward a 24/7
5	Carbon-Free Energy Future: Navigating Challenges
6	and Opportunities. This is from T&D World from
7	August 29th, 2024, written by yourself and one of
8	your colleagues; is that correct?
9	A Yep.
10	Q In this article, you and your colleague
11	note, and I'm looking here at the bracket in the
12	middle of the page, that:
13	Identifying the least cost resource makes
14	for systems with high renewable capacities and
15	flat load shapes presents significant challenges.
16	Traditional approaches, such as planning reserve
17	margins and effective load-carrying capabilities,
18	are less effective in these scenarios. Moreover,
19	our research highlights that portfolios based on a
20	single weather year can vary widely, depending on
21	the chosen year.
22	You continue that, to address those
23	issues, you adopted an optimization model that
24	considers multiple weather years, incorporating
25	uncertainty into the decision-making process. And

1	that enables the identification of resource mixes
2	capable of meeting decarbonization targets under
3	varying weather conditions.
4	Would you characterize Dominion's
5	territory as a system with high renewable
6	capacities and flat load shapes?
7	A I would not say that it it is nowhere
8	near the level of decarbonization that I was
9	envisioning in this paper, which was an entirely
10	noncarbon-emitting resources, so this is a
11	slightly different study.
12	Q Would you say that Dominion is moving
13	towards a system with high renewable capacities
14	and flat load shapes?
15	A Sure. Yeah.
16	Q And despite that Dominion's system is
17	moving towards that, it used a more traditional
18	approach in this IRP process that used planning
19	reserve margins and effective load carrying
20	capabilities; is that right?
21	A Sort of talking about two separate issues;
22	one, Dominion operates in the PJM capacity market,
23	so it has an obligation to follow PJM's approach.
24	So we're talking about a slightly different study.
25	But, yes, I would characterize that

1	Dominion use ELCCs in planning reserve margins,
2	which is standard industry best practice and their
3	obligation within operating within the PJM
4	market.
5	Q But in this article, you and your
6	colleague identify a new metric called the loss of
7	green hours. And this metric measures the portion
8	of hours that must be met by carbon-emitting
9	resources offering a clear benchmark for
10	evaluating progress towards 24/7 carbon-free
11	energy.
12	Can you explain that metric a little bit
13	more for me? I haven't seen it before.
14	A I'm happy to, just making sure that
15	this is a very different challenge than what is
16	addressed in the IRP.
17	But, yeah, happy to.
18	We adopted this metric similar to loss of
19	load hours to look at the portion of hours that
20	are met by noncarbon-emitting resources.
21	Q And given the RPS schedule here in
22	Virginia, along with the retirement requirement in
23	2045, would you be able to use this metric to
24	model compliance with the VCEA if you went out
25	long enough to see that retirement requirement?

1 I am not aware that the VCEA envisioned 2 this type of metric. Specifically, this metric 3 allows a non-zero amount of carbon-emitting 4 resources, so they are just a little bit of apples 5 and oranges. 6 That's fair. Q Okay. 7 So you said they are apples and oranges and you couldn't use this metric to sort of model 8 9 compliance with the Clean Economy Act or with the 10 RPS? 11 A Perhaps this kind of thinking might be 12 useful, but I just would hesitate to say this exact metric is the right fit. Again, I'm not a 13 14 lawyer, so I don't want to be assuming that a 15 certain type of metric or certain approach is 16 going to exactly meet the legal standard met in 17 the VCEA. 18 That's fair enough, Dr. Stover. I want to go a little bit farther down in 19 20 this article and look at that bracketed section up 21 top. 22 You found that the synergistic use of 23 technologies with complementary seasonal patterns 24 can enhance the efficiency of existing renewable 25 resources. Long-duration energy storage, in

1	particular, proved effective in reducing the
2	required installed capacity of generating
3	resources by approximately 20 percent and reduced
4	renewable curtailment.
5	You also note in your testimony on
6	page 16, line 15, that long-duration energy
7	storage fits into a group of nascent but promising
8	technologies as potential clean, high ELCC
9	resources which can replace or augment natural
10	gas-based resources.
11	Is that right?
12	A Yes.
13	Q Now, Dominion did not include
14	long-duration energy storage in their IRP; is that
15	right?
16	A That's correct.
17	Q And later on page 16 of your testimony,
18	you state that Dominion is considering these
19	resources.
20	Do you think that the Commission should
21	require that these resources be included in future
22	IRPs?
23	A I defer to the Commission to make that
24	recommendation. However, I certainly agree that
25	this is a very promising technology that could be

1 an important resource towards meeting the VCEA 2 requirements. 3 And based on this finding here in this 4 report, would you expect that including 5 long-duration energy storage in Dominion's plan, 6 if they would have included it this time around, 7 would have reduced the required installed capacity 8 of generating resources? 9 Can you clarify your question? 10 0 Sure. 11 You and your colleague note here that 12 long-duration storage can reduce the required 13 installed capacity of generating resources by 14 approximately 20 percent --15 A No, not at all. Completely different 16 issues. So specifically when we're talking about 17 in the Dominion context, they have to meet their 18 capacity obligation for PJM. That's not going to 19 change based on the types of resources that they 20 model, so their planning reserve margin is their 21 planning reserve margin which is their obligation 22 This was specifically talking about a within PJM. 23 different type of study. 24 Okay. And so you don't think that if 25 Dominion would have included long-duration energy

1	storage, that the amount of generating resources
2	in their portfolios would have changed?
3	A I think there's maybe some confusion in
4	the question. Long-duration energy storage may
5	
	have been selected, but that doesn't change the
6	sort of amount of resources or their overall
7	planning reserve margin obligation.
8	Q I want to stay on the topic of emerging
9	technologies.
10	MR. ALLMOND: Your Honor, can I have this
11	admitted into the record?
12	THE BAILIFF: The article
13	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Let's mark it.
14	THE BAILIFF: The article entitled Toward
15	a 24/7 Carbon-Free Energy Future: Navigating
16	Challenges and Opportunities will be marked as
17	Exhibit 44.
18	(Exhibit No. 44 was marked for
19	identification.)
20	MR. ALLMOND: And I'd like to mark another
21	exhibit, Your Honor, still staying on this issue
22	of emerging technologies.
23	BY MR. ALLMOND:
24	Q This is a June 2024 white paper titled
25	Enabling 24/7 carbon-free energy that you and

1	several colleagues at Charles River Associates are
2	listed as contacts on.
3	Did you help craft this white paper?
4	A Yes.
5	Q I'll start on page 13. You note that, As
6	emerging carbon-free base load technologies
7	materialize within the next decade, these will be
8	powerful tools toward the pursuit of 24/7
9	carbon-free energy, particularly for high-capacity
10	factor loads.
11	Under Dominion's portfolios, don't most of
12	Dominion's planned gas units come online at the
13	exact moment there will likely be carbon-free base
14	load alternatives?
15	A I don't think that's necessarily the case,
16	specifically if you look at the years that
17	Dominion was able to select some of the resources
18	we were talking about here, specifically SMRs.
19	Dominion planned those to be in 2035, if I
20	remember correctly.
21	Q Okay. So it's possible that Dominion's
22	gas build is only filling a two- to three-year
23	need before that same need might be able to be met
24	with carbon-free capacity?
25	A I don't I don't think that's

1	necessarily true given the context of build limits
2	and sustained load growth across the planning
3	horizon and the fact that Dominion chose to use
4	build natural gas both in both in both their
5	sensitivities. They are using this as a part of
6	an all-the-above approach.
7	Q I want to go to page 8 of this.
8	There at the bottom, you note that:
9	These optimal resource mixes are highly
10	dependent on cost assumptions. Technological
11	breakthroughs or delays may change the cost of
12	developing and operating new and emerging
13	technologies like long-duration energy storage,
14	SMRs, and others. Changes in the pricing and
15	timing constraints of bringing base load clean
16	technologies to market will change the optimal
17	resource mix.
18	Under the you've reviewed the
19	IdeaSmiths report; is that correct?
20	A Generally, yes.
21	Q And under their compliance scenarios that
22	go out to 2045, they build SMRs towards the end of
23	the planning period.
24	Just given this statement, is it possible
25	that technological innovations or changes in price

1	over the next decade could mean that a technology
2	besides SMRs emerges as the leading contender to
3	provide carbon-free base load power?
4	A Yeah, I think that's a fair assessment.
5	Q Conversely, it's possible that SMRs emerge
6	as the leading contender to provide carbon-free
7	base load power?
8	A I think that's a fair assessment.
9	Q But regardless of sort of how the race for
10	that optimal technology works out with the
11	IdeaSmiths compliant 2045 scenarios, the
12	Commission would have about a decade from now to
13	evaluate these emerging technologies and cost
14	strands to determine which is most appropriate.
15	Is that fair?
16	A I don't think that's necessarily fair
17	given that specifically some of these do require a
18	substantial amount of time to develop.
19	Granted, I'm not a developer, so just
20	speaking generally from my knowledge. So I think
21	it's important to take into mind that some of
22	these can't be built overnight, and Dominion is
23	probably in a better position to discuss how long
24	it takes and the lead time for some of these
25	resources.

1	Q Sure. You noted that they are planning to
2	put SMRs online in 2035
3	A Sure.
4	Q which is 10 years from now. So if we
5	waited 10 years from now, we would be at 2035.
6	There would be another 10 years before we got to
7	2045, which is when the IdeaSmiths scenario
8	A I see what you're saying. Talking about
9	the 2045 deadline.
10	Q Yes.
11	A Yeah. Sure. Fair.
12	Q This is going to be my last question on
13	this white paper.
14	If I can go to pages 6 and 7, you and your
15	colleagues show how different loss of green hours
16	tolerances affect the necessary installed capacity
17	and total capital cost for resource mix to meet
18	the load of a hypothetical data center in the
19	southwest.
20	And there are four different generation
21	technology scenarios. The first is no
22	restrictions. The second is wind and solar
23	generation and LIB only.
24	Is that lithium-ion battery?
25	A Yes.

1	Q And then the last two are wind/solar
2	generation, lithium-ion battery, and long-duration
3	energy storage only. And the last one is no
4	long-duration energy storage.
5	Which one of these four scenarios results
6	in the most cost-optimal mix to meet the loss of
7	green hours metric that you came up with?
8	A Again, caveat these results as we did in
9	the paper, highly, highly dependent on the
10	assumptions, but specifically this resulted in a
11	base load selecting a base load clean resource.
12	Q Sorry. My question was which one of these
13	scenarios results in the most cost optimal mix to
14	meet the loss of green hours metric?
15	A I'm sorry. I'm very confused.
16	Q Well, I can just point you to it. In
17	number one, in no restrictions, you say: This
18	scenario will result in the most cost optimal mix
19	to meet loss of green hours goals using current
20	technologies.
21	Is that right?
22	A Sure, that is the result of this study.
23	However, I would clarify that we're talking again
24	about apples and oranges. This was a hypothetical
25	study, mostly looking at how to plan for these

1	high portfolios that have a large amount of wind
2	solar and storage. It's not an apples to oranges
3	to say with an IRP that you can build with no
4	restrictions.
5	Q Fair enough. Just trying to get the
6	underlying premise.
7	Am I correct that in this no-restriction
8	scenario, that you didn't apply any build limit to
9	any of the resources?
10	A Specifically we are looking again, this
11	specific study is not an IRP. This is a specific
12	modeling study. And this specific study was
13	looking at various technology futures. That was
14	our primary purpose for this study.
15	Q So you didn't I understand, I noted at
16	the beginning that this is for a hypothetical data
17	center in the Southwest, so I get that there are
18	different scenarios.
19	But just trying to understand, you didn't
20	put a cap on the build limits in this
21	no-restriction scenario?
22	A I should note that we found the amount of
23	resources that needed to be built to be highly
24	infeasible, so yes, we did not put restrictions
25	but found the results the amount of build that

1	we needed to be met with only wind, solar, and
2	storage resources to be substantial.
3	Q Got you. And that only included wind,
4	solar, and storage? It doesn't include other
5	emerging technologies?
6	A In this particular study, that's correct.
7	Q Okay. I'd like to I'd like to discuss
8	resource adequacy tools because
9	MR. ALLMOND: Actually, Your Honor, can I
10	have that exhibit admitted into the record?
11	THE BAILIFF: The June 2024 article
12	entitled Enabling 24/7 Carbon-Free Energy will be
13	marked as Exhibit 45.
14	(Exhibit No. 45 was marked for
15	identification.)
16	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: And, Counsel, you
17	want it moved into the record, but we haven't
18	moved a lot of the other articles and documents,
19	exhibits yet, so
20	MR. ALLMOND: Happy to wait until the
21	end
22	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: So let's just mark
23	this as Exhibit No. 45. And then at the end, you
24	can move them all into the record.
25	MR. ALLMOND: Okay. I'd like to mark

1	another exhibit, Your Honor. This is a paper from
2	October 2024 introducing CRA AdequacyX, which is
3	Charles River Associates' resource adequacy model.
4	BY MR. ALLMOND:
5	Q You're also listed as one of the contacts
6	on this.
7	A Yep.
8	Q Did you help draft this paper?
9	A Yep.
10	Q I'd like to go and start on page 11 here.
11	In the bracket, you note your findings:
12	Highlight the importance of simulating
13	future load conditions and correlated events.
14	Without accounting for changing load shapes,
15	changes in cold weather outages, and other system
16	changes, models may miss synergies between
17	technologies or provide an inaccurate view of the
18	resource adequacy of the system.
19	To your knowledge, did Dominion's PLEXOS
20	modeling incorporate these future load conditions?
21	A Yes. Well, I should clarify. Dominion is
22	better positioned to speak to exactly how it did
23	its modeling, but my understanding is that it's
24	load forecast because it used the PJM-derived
25	forecast which includes aspects of changing shapes

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1 due to electrification, another source of load 2 growth. 3 I want to go to page 7 of the white paper. Now, this is -- you and your colleagues 4 5 note for a synthetic island utility based in the 6 upper Midwest, so not saying that this is Dominion or Dominion's IRP, but for this situation modeled, 7 8 you noted that: 9 Stand-alone solar makes a minimum 10 contribution during winter months. During the 11 remaining months, solar resources initially had a 12 high-capacity contribution, but declined quickly. 13 And you and your colleagues highlighted the need for storage resources to fully harness 14 15 solar energy for meeting capacity needs and 16 quantified the synergies between solar and 17 storage. And you note the minimum contribution 18 during winter months and declining capacity 19 contributions over time. 20 Would you expect those same factors to 21 similarly impact solar facilities in Dominion's 22 footprint? 23 Yes. I would also highlight that Dominion 24 is subject to the ELCC constructs in PJM, so this 25 study is specifically focusing on a utility that

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1 might be vertically integrated, so in control of 2 its own destiny. 3 But if we look at some of the ELCC 4 projections from PJM, it does accurately capture 5 this impact, both for solar and storage resources, 6 that their contribution to capacity decreases with 7 increasing penetration, which has been raised by 8 other witnesses. 9 So would you see storage as an important 10 resource in Dominion's territory to fully harness 11 that solar energy and reduce curtailment? 12 A Again, I'd highlight that it's impossible 13 to talk about a given resource by itself. As a witness in this testimony, it's important that 14 15 resources are really -- it's really critical they 16 talk to each other and they are put into context. So certainly, storage can play a 17 18 synergistic role with solar in particular, but 19 could be charged from anything in general, but 20 it's got to be put through some of the studies 21 that you've talked about of multi weather analysis 22 to look at, does this really make sense under all 23 possible load conditions. 24 Okay. Go back to your testimony at page 6 25 and starting at line 10, and you claim that there

1	is less of a risk for overestimating demand,
2	because if it overestimates load growth it can
3	just reduce capacity purchases.
4	You are aware that the Company's portfolio
5	has all build nearly six gigawatts of new gas
6	through the planning period?
7	A That's the Company portfolio, correct.
8	Q Yes. So if the Company builds all six
9	gigawatts but doesn't end up needing them, the
10	Company could reduce capacity purchases but
11	customers would still be on the hook to pay that
12	resource back, correct or those resources?
13	A I think that's a fair assessment, sure.
14	Q Okay. Let me go back a page to page 5,
15	starting at line 2, and you state that:
16	Dominion's plans make meaningful and
17	positive progress towards achieving the
18	decarbonization and clean energy targets in the
19	VCEA.
20	But then later on, on page 16, starting at
21	line 7, you recommend that Dominion expand its
22	planning horizon and develop a strategy to
23	reliably and affordably exit from natural
24	gas-based resource to meet the VCEA
25	decarbonization mandates.

1	Now, a couple of Dominion's portfolios
2	include the VCEA petition requirements, so we
3	understand the notion that there's progress
4	towards those clean energy goals.
5	But can you help me understand what
6	progress what meaningful and positive progress
7	this IRP makes towards the decarbonization goals
8	in the VCEA?
9	A Yes. It's my understanding apologies,
10	I'm looking for the number I think it's subject
11	to check in the order of magnitude of 19 gigawatts
12	of renewables that Dominion is selecting to build
13	in this portfolio. And that's specifically what I
14	was referring to, was the development of
15	significant renewable resources within this plan.
16	But agree that the 2045 deadline is important.
17	I echo the thought process raised by
18	Witness Laws that including that will allow
19	Dominion to be proactive in finding efficiencies
20	and really looking at this glide path so that it
21	can meet the deadline in a thoughtful way that
22	balances both resource adequacy and cost.
23	Q I think we're in agreement that a couple
24	of these portfolios do make progress towards the
25	clean energy targets. But in terms of

1	decarbonizing, I typically think of retirements
2	and reducing emissions.
3	So curious if you think that it does make
4	meaningful and positive progress towards the
5	decarbonization goals themselves?
6	A I think it's fair. They reduce the carbon
7	emissions' intensity over the planning horizon, so
8	I think that's a fair assessment.
9	Q Do any of Dominion's plans discuss any
10	plans about retiring its carbon-emitting
11	resources?
12	A That's correct, but it's also my
13	understanding that the 2045 deadline was not
14	included in this assessment.
15	Q Okay. And okay. I'm going to go to
16	page 8 of your testimony, starting at line 7. You
17	state that:
18	Dominion cannot support higher than
19	anticipated growth given these build limits and
20	caps on capacity market purchases.
21	So is it your testimony that Dominion
22	could not support higher than anticipated growth
23	because of the constraints imposed by the build
24	limits and caps on capacity purchases?
25	A That's not entirely fair. I think that's

1	implying that the build limits are artificial, and
2	I don't necessarily have a position on the exact
3	build limits other than to say that build limits
4	are important and an important part of the prudent
5	IRP context.
6	However, I do observe that during three of
7	the years during the planning horizon, they are at
8	the build limits for all their technology
9	resources, which is atypical. So I think it would
10	be worth for Dominion to provide more explanation
11	on why it chose these build limits again, not
12	commenting on the prudency of these exact build
13	limits and defer to Dominion on better
14	explaining its thought process there.
15	Q But Dominion was the one who created the
16	build limits themselves; is that correct?
17	A Yes, that's correct. But I highlight this
18	is a standard part of IRP processes, which is, to
19	my knowledge, done in most IRPs across the
20	country.
21	Q No disagreement there. But you stated
22	that you think there could be more analysis
23	provided about how those build limits were
24	reached?
25	A I think that's fair.

1	Q Okay. Dr. Stover, this is my last
2	question. I just want to go to Exhibit A in your
3	testimony. It states that:
4	Microsoft is committed to using its voice
5	to advance electricity policy because electricity
6	is an enabler of economic development, social
7	welfare, improved health, and other positive
8	social outcomes.
9	And you note that electricity is an
10	enabler for social welfare, improved health, and
11	other positive societal outcomes.
12	Would you agree that certain forms of
13	electricity development lead to poorer health for
14	the communities in which they are located?
15	A I certainly agree that as witnessed
16	earlier, that there's a balance in finding that
17	the right trade-off between some of these issues
18	that are in context. However, I do very much
19	very much support my statement that resource
20	adequacy is critical to maintaining public health
21	in the Commonwealth.
22	Q Sure. My question was about the
23	communities in which these resources are located,
24	though.
25	And so for some of these carbon-emitting

1	resources that do emit other pollutants, do those
2	negatively impact the health of the communities in
3	which they are sited?
4	A I think those types of specific locational
5	issues are better left to better left to a
6	CPCN.
7	Q So you don't have an opinion on whether
8	fossil-generating resources negatively affect the
9	communities in which they are located?
10	A I think that it is fair to say that there
11	are benefits to minimizing fossil fuel generation
12	generally, specifically I think it's a fair
13	statement.
14	Q Because fossil fuel emissions impose
15	health costs on the surrounding communities?
16	A Again, as was raised by other witness, all
17	of these decisions have to be made within a
18	context, and they have to be balanced between
19	given challenges. This is certainly an important
20	challenge, which is conditioned by the goals of
21	the VCEA, but there also have to be other
22	challenges in making a thoughtful plan,
23	specifically resource adequacy and cost and I
24	think it's important to consider all three all
25	these three aspects very carefully when making

1	decisions about resource plans.
2	Q And has Microsoft used its voice in this
3	docket to advocate for any sort of planning that
4	would minimize risks to the health of those
5	communities that are likely to see these
6	resources?
7	A I can't speak to I was speaking to
8	Microsoft's actor as a player in the energy
9	industry generally and based on public statements.
10	I can't speak to Microsoft's specific actions
11	within the Dominion zone.
12	Q But you didn't identify any ways in your
13	testimony that the planning process could be
14	reexamined or reevaluated to minimize harm on
15	those communities?
16	A I think specifically the regulation that's
17	been laid out is the target in the VCEA as kind of
18	the Commonwealth's goal to meet some of these
19	fantastic objectives, and I think it's important
20	that that target be kept in mind in future IRPs.
21	Q But that target was not kept in mind by
22	any of Dominion's models in this proceeding, was
23	it?
24	A I think that's fair.
25	MR. ALLMOND: Okay. No further questions,

1	Your Honor.
2	At this point, I'd like to have those
3	exhibits admitted into the record.
4	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: And you would like
5	this one marked as well?
6	MR. ALLMOND: Yes, Your Honor.
7	THE BAILIFF: The October 2024 article,
8	Introducing CRA AdequacyX, will be marked as
9	Exhibit 46.
10	(Exhibit No. 46 was marked for
11	identification.)
12	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: So the document
13	marked and described as Exhibit No. 40 is admitted
14	into the record.
15	(Exhibit No. 40 was admitted into
16	evidence.)
17	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: The document marked
18	and described as Exhibit No. 41 is admitted into
19	the record.
20	(Exhibit No. 41 was admitted into
21	evidence.)
22	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: The document marked
23	and described as Exhibit No. 42 is admitted into
24	the record.
25	(Exhibit No. 42 was admitted into

1	evidence.)
2	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: The document marked
3	and described as Exhibit No. 43 is admitted into
4	the record.
5	(Exhibit No. 43 was admitted into
6	evidence.)
7	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: The document marked
8	and described as Exhibit No. 44 is admitted into
9	the record.
10	(Exhibit No. 44 was admitted into
11	evidence.)
12	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: The document marked
13	and described as Exhibit No. 45 is admitted into
14	the record.
15	(Exhibit No. 45 was admitted into
16	evidence.)
17	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: And the document
18	marked and described as Exhibit No. 46 is admitted
19	into the record.
20	(Exhibit No. 46 was admitted into
21	evidence.)
22	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
23	MR. ALLMOND: Thank you, Your Honor.
24	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: So NRDC, before you
25	do cross, I think maybe this is a good time to

1	kind of stop and reconvene tomorrow at 10:00 a.m.,
2	if that's all right with you.
3	MS. JAFFE: Well, I'm not sure I'm the
4	only person that should answer. I don't know if
5	there's any other parties that are going to ask
6	questions of Dr. Stover, but I obviously did.
7	MR. REISINGER: I have no questions for
8	the witness.
9	MS. GRUNDMANN: I do have a few. I don't
10	know if we can get him up and down in 30 minutes.
11	I only have about five minutes of cross.
12	MS. LINK: I have five minutes.
13	MS. PIERCE: I have, like, three
14	questions.
15	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: So let's see if we
16	can wrap that up really quick and then, yeah,
17	we'll have a recess until tomorrow morning, so
18	let's start with NRDC.
19	MS. ROBB: Could
20	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Do you have time
21	constraints?
22	THE WITNESS: It would be great, if it's
23	possible, to complete today, yeah.
24	MS. GRUNDMANN: I will commit to going as
25	quickly as I can.

1	MS. LINK: That's what we're doing.
2	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: We will just wrap
3	you up, yeah.
4	So let's go, NRDC.
5	CROSS-EXAMINATION
6	BY MS. JAFFE:
7	Q Good afternoon, Dr. Stover. My name is
8	Dorothy Jaffe, on behalf of Sierra Club and NRDC.
9	A Good afternoon.
10	Q And I will try to make this as painless as
11	possible.
12	Let's see. So starting on page 1 to 2 of
13	your direct, you state that you're not an employee
14	of Microsoft, that you can speak to Microsoft's
15	interests generally and Microsoft's interests in
16	this IRP; is that correct?
17	A Sure, yep.
18	Q Okay. And on page 2, line 4, you state
19	that Microsoft is investing to meet its
20	sustainability targets. And then you go into a
21	little bit more detail in Exhibit A of your
22	testimony where you discuss Microsoft shifting to
23	Power Purchase Agreements for green energy,
24	contracted for a hundred percent of
25	carbon-emitting electricity consumed by its data

1	centers.
Call Call	
2	Is that correct?
3	A That is correct, yep.
4	Q Okay.
5	A But I should clarify. Based on the
6	yes. Yes, that's correct.
7	Q Yes, that's correct, okay, thank you.
8	When is Microsoft's target to match a
9	hundred percent electric consumption with green
10	energy?
11	A I can't speak to that directly. I'm not a
12	Microsoft employee.
13	Q But you can generally speak to the
14	information that's in Exhibit A?
15	A Yes.
16	Q Microsoft does have that target to match a
17	hundred percent of its data center electricity
18	consumption with green energy?
19	A That was my understanding based on public
20	information.
21	Q So just to put on the screen really
22	quickly, I have Microsoft's 2024 environmental
23	sustainability report.
24	Are you generally aware of this or their
25	sustainability targets as mentioned in Exhibit A?

1	A I'm generally aware that Microsoft has
2	sustainability targets. Again, I'm not a
3	Microsoft employee, I'm an electricity resource
4	planner, so I have not reviewed Microsoft's
5	specific 2024 sustainability report.
6	Q And do I understand that. But,
7	unfortunately, you did include an entire paragraph
8	in Exhibit A on Microsoft's investing to meet its
9	leading sustainability targets, and it goes into a
10	pretty substantial amount of detail.
11	So are you saying you cannot testify at
12	all about the information in that paragraph?
13	A I can speak to it generally, but, again,
14	based on public statements, based on my general
15	knowledge of Microsoft as a my general
16	knowledge based on public statements.
17	Q Okay. Well, we will try. Going back
18	directly to Exhibit A where you talk about
19	Microsoft having a target of 100 of supplying a
20	hundred percent of its electricity consumption
21	with green energy, do you see in this section
22	right here where it speaks specifically to
23	replacing a hundred percent of its electricity
24	consumption?
25	A I am generally aware that Microsoft has

1	stated this goal publicly, yes.
2	Q Okay. And this goal says by 2030?
3	A Based on this document, yes.
4	Q Okay. So in entering into these green
5	energy PPAs, is Microsoft ensuring that the green
6	energy is connected to the grid where the data
7	centers are located?
8	A Sorry. Can you clarify your question?
9	Q So if Microsoft is attempting to match a
10	hundred percent of its electricity consumption
11	from a data center with green energy, are those
12	green energy PPAs that they are entering into, are
13	they for projects within the grid that will serve
14	that data center or are these just generally PPAs
15	in another state, across the country, across the
16	ocean?
17	A Right. Apologies. I think we have
18	reached my limit of knowledge about Microsoft's
19	exact strategies towards meeting these goals.
20	Q Okay. Since you can't testify, it
21	appears, to the specifics of Microsoft
22	sustainability targets, would you like to strike
23	that language from Exhibit A, that entire
24	paragraph? Are you unable to sponsor that
25	testimony?

1	MS. ROBB: I'm going to object to that
2	question. The purpose of Exhibit A was to provide
3	some generally available public information of
4	Microsoft. That was the extent of his testimony
5	on that. He didn't expand on this in his
6	testimony, so I think it's improper to ask him to
7	go beyond what is in his written testimony. He
8	explained at the forefront of his testimony he was
9	not a Microsoft employee, and the statements that
10	he made in his testimony were derived from that
11	Exhibit A, which was provided in his testimony.
12	MS. JAFFE: But it is attached to his
13	direct testimony. He does sponsor it as
14	Exhibit A, and there is pretty specific detailed
15	information in here on the type of sustainability
16	targets that Microsoft has.
17	So if Dr. Stover cannot testify to that
18	information, then I would ask that the information
19	be stricken.
20	MS. ROBB: I disagree. Dr. Stover
21	provided that publicly available information as
22	context for the few sentences that he had on
23	sustainability on Microsoft's interest in
24	sustainability.
25	He's not testifying as a Microsoft

1	employee. He's testifying as a load forecasting
2	expert in this proceeding, and he made that clear
3	at the outset of his testimony.
4	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Yeah, we'll keep it
5	in.
6	MS. JAFFE: Okay.
7	BY MS. JAFFE:
8	Q Well, let's scroll to page 2, line 9 of
9	your direct testimony where you state that
10	Microsoft wants reliable, sustainable, and
11	cost-effective energy.
12	Has Microsoft told Dominion that it wants
13	sustainable energy?
14	A I can't speak to the direct conversations
15	between Microsoft and Dominion other than to point
16	out some of the public statements that Microsoft
17	has spoken to.
18	Q Okay. And on same page, 2, lines 11
19	through 12, you state that: Microsoft is keenly
20	interested in the impact that Dominion's IRP will
21	have on the development of its future facilities;
22	is that correct?
23	A I'm so sorry. I apologize. Could you
24	repeat your question.
25	Q So page 2, lines 11 to 12, you state that:

1	Microsoft is keenly interested in the impact that
2	Dominion's IRP will have on the development of its
3	future facilities.
4	Do you see that?
5	A Yes.
6	Q So if Microsoft is interested in the
7	impacts that Dominion's IRP will have on its data
8	centers, and as you state in Exhibit A, Microsoft
9	has sustainable energy goals, then am I right to
10	conclude that Microsoft would not support the use
11	of fossil fuels?
12	A I don't think that's necessarily fair. As
13	I've mentioned previously, all these decisions
14	have to be made within the context of balancing
15	some of these decisions of reliable, affordable,
16	and increasing with green energy.
17	I can't speak for Microsoft specifically,
18	but I would speak for Microsoft generally that I
19	am aware based on public statements that Microsoft
20	is working towards very ambitious decarbonization
21	goals.
22	Q Okay. And how many data centers does
23	Microsoft have in Virginia?
24	A I can't speak to that specifically.
25	Q And so do you also not know how many more

1	they plan to build in Mecklenburg County?
2	A I can't speak to that specifically.
3	Q You do discuss on page 5, lines 4 to 7, a
4	list of Dominion's proposed plans to build a
5	variety of resources over the next 15 years. You
6	include solar, onshore wind, battery storage, and
7	SMRs, but your list does leave out a few other key
8	resources.
9	So are you aware that Dominion's portfolio
10	in this IRP also has 6 gigawatts of new fossil
11	generation?
12	A Yes, I'm aware of that.
13	Q Okay. And so if Microsoft is aware of the
14	6 gigawatts of new fossil generation in this IRP
15	to feed significant load growth but Microsoft
16	is still wants the Commission to approve this
17	IRP even though it has sustainability targets for
18	its own company and data centers?
19	A Again, I think that would be asking me to
20	speak for Microsoft, and I can't speak for
21	Microsoft. But yeah.
22	But me as a resource planner, I think it's
23	important to keep in mind the the 2045
24	deadline, I think, is going to be critical towards
25	informing some of these thought processes towards

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1 achieving the decarbonization envisioned in the 2 VCEA. 3 I'd also specifically highlight that 4 there's gas chosen to be built in both the 5 Commission order supplement, so it does appear 6 that natural gas builds are a part of data 7 center -- Dominion's all-of-the-above strategy no 8 matter the future. 9 Again, not speaking for Microsoft but just 10 thinking myself as a resource planner, I would 11 also observe that the higher load growth does 12 enable some of these key technologies that we have 13 previously discussed, specifically SMRs and 14 offshore wind, and creates a larger customer base. 15 So, specifically, my observation. 16 not speaking for Microsoft, just me as a resource 17 planner, if I were to have to think about this 18 2045 target. 19 This is a challenge that Dominion has, 20 kind of no matter what, and having some -- this 21 higher load growth and some of these customers 22 that, again, based on public statements, are 23 really open to these decarbonization futures, it's 24 going to allow them to better position to meet 25 this target, to actually unlock some of the

technologies that are needed to meet this critical deadline in 2045.

Q Right. And I understand that those are your general observations as a resource planner, but you are a resource planner testifying as an expert witness on behalf of Microsoft.

And so my question was whether Dominion's 2024 IRP and its build-out of fossil generation is in line with Microsoft's sustainability targets and goals.

A I think it's critical that we -- I think it's fair to say that there could be further decarbonization in the future given the 2045 deadline under the VCEA and in line with Microsoft general desire for finding a decarbonized future.

Q Okay. Thank you.

So in addition to Microsoft's goals to have a hundred percent of its electricity consumption matched with zero carbon energy purchases, do you also see Microsoft's additional target of reducing its scope 1 and 2 emissions to near zero by increasing energy efficiency, decarbonization of operations, and reaching a hundred percent renewable energy by 2025?

A Again, generally aware of these

1	statements.
2	Q Okay. That's fair.
3	So being generally aware that they have a
4	goal of increasing energy efficiency and
5	decarbonizing its operations, would one method to
6	decarbonize their operations be to switch from
7	using backup diesel generators to solar or
8	storage?
9	A I can't speak to Microsoft-specific goals
10	and their specific strategies as a data center.
11	However, I can speak to some of the challenges of
12	using solar and storage in particular as just
13	as a behind-the-meter resource planning
14	perspective. And
15	Q Well, I'm sorry to interrupt, but my
16	question wasn't whether or not there's challenges
17	to it. I'm just asking if it's a possibility that
18	that could be used as an alternative if their goal
19	is to decrease their carbon footprint.
20	A I can't speak to Microsoft's plans
21	specifically on some of the behind-the-meter
22	generation.
23	Q Well, as a resource planner, could you
24	replace backup diesel generators with renewable
25	energy?

1 First of all, we're talking about 2 behind-the-meter generation. That's used for an 3 entirely different role. 4 So if we switch the conversation to 5 front-of-meter generation, I'd be happy to discuss 6 those types of challenges of one-for-one 7 replacements between dispatchable resources and 8 some of the energy limited and variable resources 9 you're talking about. 10 So you can't speak to whether or not it's 11 available to have a storage system paired with 12 solar as an alternative to backup diesel 13 generators? 14 I think it's unfair to say that these are 15 one-for-one replacements, which has been 16 highlighted specifically within the PJM when they 17 are talking about the ELCCs. If you look at the 18 very low ELCC accreditation given to solar, it's 19 very challenging for solar to be a capacity 20 resource. 21 Not saying that solar doesn't have a 22 fantastic position in a balanced portfolio, but, 23 again, when we're talking about making portfolio 24 selections, they have to be considered within the 25 wider context of balancing these three things.

1	My concern of saying that these are
2	one-for-one replacements is that they are not
3	one-for-one replacements and that latter context
4	needs to be considered.
5	Q Right. And that's fair. I wasn't
6	necessarily asking, and apologies for the
7	confusion, whether or not that was a one-to-one
8	replacement, like, you could replace every single
9	diesel generator because some of these sites
10	have I have seen some as big as 360 on-site
11	diesel generators.
12	Setting aside the one-for-one ratio, let's
13	use the word "some."
14	Could you replace some of those diesel
15	generators with renewable sources?
16	A Again, not comfortable speaking to
17	behind-the-meter generation because I realize that
18	comes with engineering and land constraints, so I
19	really want to put that aside.
20	However, I think this raises a great
21	question about just thinking about resource
22	planning in general when we're talking about
23	getting the right resource mix.
24	And certainly solar and storage can play a
25	great balance portfolio that can augment a wide

1	range of resources when speaking about some of
2	these contexts that I raised.
3	Specifically with the testimony that
4	was study on the 24/7 claim, I actually think
5	that really hits the nail on the head of some of
6	the challenges that come with solar and storage
7	only, that you're exposed to multiple weather
8	years in a way that you aren't with dispatchable
9	resources.
10	Again, with other benefits, so you have to
11	kind of think through all of these implications.
12	So, again, notwithstanding that it's not
13	something Microsoft could explore, you'll have to
14	speak to Microsoft, and don't want to speak to
15	engineering constraints.
16	But thinking front-of-meter, again, could
17	be great least cost resources, but just thinking
18	through the full context of how to make these
19	sorts of balanced decisions.
20	Q Okay. Thank you.
21	And also in this reducing direct
22	emissions, it talks about increasing energy
23	efficiency.
24	Would it be fair to say that a data center
25	such as Microsoft could set a specific power usage

1 effect at this number for its facility in order to 2 increase its energy efficiency? 3 A Again, I'm not going to speak about the 4 specific engineering challenges of achieving some 5 of these targets in a data center, but certainly 6 agree that pursuing energy efficiency goals could 7 be a part of a data center strategy given the 8 right plan. 9 Would you also then agree that looking for 10 opportunities for demand response flexibility 11 could also be an opportunity to help shift load 12 during peak times? 13 I think demand response could be included 14 as an optional strategy for all types of 15 resources. Again, would want to be thoughtful, 16 again, in this wider context that I've been 17 talking about of what that demand response 18 resource is. 19 And making sure that the demand response 20 resource, A, doesn't have further negative 21 implications, specifically some of my concerns of 22 abusing behind-the-meter generation for demand 23 responses if it's a diesel generator. I don't 24 think that's the right resource for a variety of

reasons; EPA limits and emissions, one issue.

1 And the other issue I would raise with 2 demand response is that it has declining efficacy, 3 as we have seen with some of these other 4 resources, that the ELCC declines over time. 5 So I certainly think this could be a 6 meaningful solution as a part of a balanced 7 portfolio as long as these further factors are 8 just -- it's fully thought through and assessed 9 very carefully. 10 Okay. Thanks. So on page 6, lines 7 and 11 8, you discussed the risk of forecasting errors 12 overestimating demand risks can lead to stranded 13 assets, while underestimating lead to system 14 reliability issues. 15 Do you see that? 16 A Yep. 17 So based on these concerns and the 18 documents that were listed as Exhibits 40 through 19 42, the news articles Mr. Allmond asked you about 20 regarding the cancellation of multiple Microsoft 21 projects, would those cancellations -- and this 22 could be for any data center; we're just talking 23 from a resource-planning perspective -- would 24 cancellations like that lead to forecasting errors 25 and the possibility of stranded assets?

1	A I should clarify. I agree that
2	forecasting error is a challenge for all types of
3	classes. I should clarify this statement was
4	specifically talking about some of the context
5	that we have been talking about earlier of
6	operating near these build limits.
7	So my specific concern is that Dominion
8	has very limited ability to adjust in the opposite
9	direction given that it's reaching some of the
10	build limits.
11	Q So is I'm sorry. Maybe I'll repeat the
12	question.
13	So do the cancellations of projects, such
14	as the ones identified in Exhibit 40 through 42,
15	does that have any impact on load forecasting in
16	general and the anticipation of potential
17	cancellations?
18	A Yeah, I can't speak to those specific kind
19	of general news reports. I certainly agree that
20	there is potential forecasting error for all
21	classes of customers, certainly data centers but
22	other customers as well. And this is a known
23	challenge in resource planning. And I think some
24	of the other suggestions would refer back to my
25	earlier suggestion that some increased

1	scenario-based planning could hedge against some
2	
	of these challenges that you highlight.
3	MS. JAFFE: Okay. Thank you. No further
4	questions.
5	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
6	United?
7	MS. POLLARD: No questions, Your Honor.
8	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Clean Virginia?
9	MR. REISINGER: No questions, Your Honor.
10	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: DCC?
11	MR. MURPHEY: No questions, Your Honor.
12	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Walmart?
13	CHAIRMAN TOWELL: Before Walmart goes, I
14	have to apologize. I'm going to have to excuse
15	myself. I recognize that it's somewhat unfair
16	that folks on this side of the bench get to bail
17	and that other folks have to continue on,
18	especially when it is for family child pickup, so
19	my apologies. I will have the opportunity to read
20	the transcript, so everyone please speak slowly
21	and clearly so that our stenographer can do a good
22	job with that. And I'll see you-all tomorrow.
23	Thank you.
24	CROSS-EXAMINATION
25	BY MS. GRUNDMANN:

1	Q Good afternoon, Dr. Stover. My name is
2	Carrie Grundmann on behalf of Walmart. I want to
3	ask some follow-up questions, and I'm going to try
4	and do it pretty quickly.
5	I heard you say twice that from a
6	resource-planning perspective, you felt like
7	Dominion engaged in an all-of-the-above approach.
8	Do you recall making a statement to that
9	nature?
10	A Generally, with the context of there
11	perhaps could be further some of the
12	recommendations that I've highlighted.
13	Q And were you in the room yesterday or did
14	you listen to the proceeding?
15	A Yes.
16	Q Okay. And so then did you see the
17	document that I marked as Exhibit 6?
18	A Yes.
19	Q Okay. And so from a resource-planning
20	perspective, I want to know your opinion.
21	Do you think it was reasonable that the
22	Company did not model eight-hour or longer battery
23	storage as being a selectable resource at any
24	point over the 15-year planning period?
25	A I think this is an area where Dominion

1	could improve.
2	Q So that means you did not think it was
3	reasonable?
4	A I think that's a fair assessment.
5	Q Do you think that it was reasonable that
6	they not even assess as a potential resource,
7	whether it was modeled or not, large-scale
8	nuclear?
9	A I'd specifically highlight some of the
10	challenges that come with large-scale nuclear when
11	we talk about some of the financial risk.
12	However, I certainly theorize that Dominion could
13	have modeled it. I just specifically would
14	highlight that in my view, that specific
15	technologies brings real financial challenges from
16	exposure for potential development.
17	Q Do you compare the financial challenges of
18	large-scale nuclear to SMRs?
19	A No, I don't, because they are smaller
20	sequential investments.
21	Q For which there's none in commercial
22	operation in the United States?
23	A I think that's fair, but we also have to
24	highlight some of the risks posed by large-scale
25	nuclear as witnessed recently by some of the cost

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1 overruns in Vogtle. 2 Do you think that -- do you distinguish 3 between putting four SMRs that are 300 megawatts 4 each at a single site as being less risky than one 5 1000-megawatt large-scale nuclear at a single 6 site? 7 I think it's fair to -- I want to speak 8 about this generally, again, as a resource 9 planner --10 That's -- all my questions are attempting 11 to be in the resource --12 I'm not a finance developer. I think 13 these are really important questions when we're 14 talking about resource planning. And I think you 15 raise some good suggestions. I guess my 16 improvements for recommendation that talking about some of these technology uncertainties and risks 17 18 is a critical part of resource planning. 19 I think you raise some really good points 20 about talking about different technology futures, 21 but that those have to be done thoughtfully and 22 within the context of potential risk. So I could 23 envision that Dominion could include -- defer to 24 them on some of their specific concerns about 25 different technology risks.

1	Q Now thank you for that, Dr. Stover.
2	What I want to do is I want to I am not
3	attempting, in putting up Exhibits 40 and 42, to
4	single out Microsoft, but I want to talk about as
5	your perspective as a resource planner within the
6	context of statements that have been made at the
7	corporate level by Microsoft. So I want to make
8	sure we are pulling this back to the
9	resource-planning perspective.
10	A Sure.
11	Q So let me start with, it is your
12	recommendation thus far that the Commission should
13	accept the Company's data center forecast as
14	reasonable; is that correct?
15	A As a baseline for this IRP with some of
16	the recommendations I suggest in the future.
17	Q So then I want to go through, very
18	quickly I have got Exhibit 40, which my notes
19	only reflect that this was an article from
20	February of 2025, and I am focusing on this
21	statement here at the top of the page from what I
22	believe to be Microsoft CEO Satya Nadella, where
23	she said he or she said, quote: There will be
24	an overbuild of AI infrastructure. And said his
25	company will be, quote: Leasing a lot of capacity

1	in '27 and '28.
2	So you see that statement there?
3	A Yeah, I see the statement.
4	Q And then I want to go I want to pull up
5	this next statement. They talk about here and
6	there's sort of this sort of long statement, and
7	so I'll read parts of it but essentially,
8	they they're talking about having made the
9	decision to pull back this is in let me go
10	back to clarify the record. This is Exhibit 42.
11	This is with respect to the decision to back away
12	from its Licking County \$1 billion data center.
13	But the context of the statement is that
14	they have made significant investments, they are
15	well positioned for our current increasing demand.
16	Last year they added more capacity than any in
17	prior history.
18	While we may strategically pace or adjust
19	our infrastructure in some areas, we continue to
20	grow in all regions.
21	Then goes on to say, noting a post from
22	Microsoft Cloud's president, Noelle Walsh, that
23	basically says that in recent years, demand for
24	our cloud and AI services grew more than we could
25	have ever anticipated, and in order to meet this

1 opportunity, we began executing the largest and 2 most ambitious infrastructure scaling project in 3 our history. 4 Next paragraph: By nature, any 5 significant new endeavor of this size and scale 6 requires agility and refinement. What this means 7 is we are slowing or pausing some early stage 8 projects. While we may strategically pace our 9 plans, we will continue to grow strongly and 10 allocate investments that stay aligned with 11 business priorities and customer demand. 12 So I provide the context for those 13 statements to say if the data center industry is, as I believe Ap Voices Witness Jim Wilson 14 15 suggested, building out infrastructure for the 16 future but not necessary reply planning to use all 17 of that infrastructure, does that present any 18 concerns to you, as a resource planning expert, in terms of what actual load and energy usage the 19 20 Company should expect on its system? 21 I agree that being very thoughtful about 22 load forecasting and proactive and being in 23 contact with its customers is critical, and that 24 forecasts do adjust over time. However, I don't 25 agree with Witness Wilson's characterization,

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1 specifically kind of one area I would highlight 2 that -- again, I think Dominion is better 3 positioned, but my observation and why I feel 4 comfortable with their forecast as a base load is 5 that they specifically forecast meter demand and, 6 as a savvy operator, understand this difference 7 between building out capacity and actual meter 8 demand. 9 So specifically I would highlight that 10 context of Dominion's understanding of this 11 difference based on their statements, based on 12 their document, the document that was raised with 13 Witness Wilson. So generally agree that it's very 14 critical that Dominion stays in constant contact 15 with its customers, which is my understanding that 16 it does, and that it forecasts for this actual 17 meter demand. 18 But -- so let's back up on that. 19 Customers who have a desire to have infrastructure 20 available when they are ready for it, would you 21 expect them to tell the Company, we don't actually 22 expect to build this out; we just want to have it 23 available? Or are they likely to do what is necessary to preserve what I would describe as the 24 25 optionality of that capacity in the future?

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1 Again, I think this is getting at some of 2 the data center strategies. I can only speak to 3 some of the load forecasting that Dominion has 4 performed. 5 It's my understanding that their 6 forecasting is quite accurate, has proven to be 7 quite accurate on actual meter demand, so they 8 have a proven track record here. However, I agree 9 there is room for increased transparency to 10 assuage some of these concerns from various 11 stakeholders. 12 I just want to make sure that, you know, so is it your position that we should base the 13 past as an indicator of what's going to happen in 14 15 the future? 16 And I very much appreciate that No. 17 clarifying question. It has to be both. The past 18 is a critical indicator of history, as well as 19 needing to use fundamental analysis, customer 20 conversation, customer intelligence, and marrying 21 the two when getting the right approach. And this 22 is best practice in forecasting across all 23 classes. 24 For example, I'd highlight some of the 25 challenges of forecasting electric vehicles.

1	Challenging that data gives us a lot of
2	information on how EVs behave, but you need to get
3	ahead of what technologies are changing, policies
4	are changing, and other aspects. This marrying of
5	the two, looking in the past to find trends while
6	going to the future of customer intelligence, in
7	my view, is the right approach.
8	I defer to Dominion to speak to the exact
9	implementation of how they do that, but observe
10	generally they follow these best principles.
11	Q And you are sorry. I apologize if I
12	cut you off.
13	Were you finished with your answer?
14	A Yes.
15	Q You are aware, are you not, of the
16	statutory construct in Virginia which is that this
17	Commission is obligated to essentially determine
18	whether the IRP is reasonable and in the public
19	interest?
20	A Yes.
21	Q And while it does not check a box for a
22	future CPCN, it does give the Commission and the
23	parties an insight into the resources that the
24	Company may seek to build as a result of its load
25	forecast and its needs over the 15-year planning

1	horizon?
2	A That's correct.
3	MS. GRUNDMANN: Okay. Thank you so much.
4	CROSS-EXAMINATION
5	BY MR. JAFFE:
6	Q Good afternoon, Dr. Stover. Cale Jaffe,
7	on behalf of Piedmont Environmental Council. Just
8	a couple of quick questions about what's been
9	introduced as Exhibit 39
10	A Sure.
11	Q which is the PJM load adjustment
12	request.
13	This is a PowerPoint presentation; is that
14	right?
15	A Yes, from the load analysis subcommittee,
16	yep.
17	Q All right. And just quick question
18	this I'll zoom out here. There we go.
19	This is on page 16. This is the forecast
20	in the for the entire DOM Zone on data center
21	forecast; is that right?
22	A Yep, that's right.
23	Q And that goes out to 2045?
24	A Yep.
25	Q And then the next page on 17 is the

1	Dominion Energy, the investor and utility data
2	center forecast; is that correct? I've drawn some
3	blue lines on there, but ignore that.
4	A Yeah, that's right.
5	Q This is the all right. So this is
6	Dominion Energy the Company in this case?
7	A That's my understanding, correct.
8	Q Okay. And, again, this chart goes out to
9	2045 as well; is that right?
10	A Correct.
11	Q And the IRP docket that we're in, the
12	forecast goes through 2039, correct?
13	A Correct.
14	Q Can you just state what value we get by
15	looking out this additional six years in terms of
16	the data center load forecast? What are we
17	learning if we look out an additional six years
18	from 2039 to 2045?
19	A Specifically, first highlight, PJM does
20	all its forecasts out to 2045, so this is in line
21	with their standard approach. So this was their
22	forecast for those remaining years, as you
23	highlight.
24	Q Can you tell me what we're learning with
25	the additional six years of data, this

1	additional it looks to be nearly not quite
2	4,000 megawatts of additional data center demand
3	in those next four years.
4	What does that tell you as a resource
5	planner?
6	A Apologies if I'm not answering your
7	question; I might not slightly understand it. But
8	just this is my understanding for those remaining
9	years the forecast for the remaining years.
10	Q Do we know does it help to plan to know
11	farther to have data for more years into the
12	future?
13	A Sure. I think planning in the future,
14	specifically if we're talking about 2045 in
15	particular, yeah, I agree that's a key year. If
16	that's what you're getting at.
17	MR. JAFFE: That's all. Thank you, Your
18	Honor.
19	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: City of Alexandria?
20	MR. WINSTON: Just a few questions,
21	Your Honor.
22	CROSS-EXAMINATION
23	BY MR. WINSTON:
24	Q Good evening, Dr. Stover. In your
25	experience as a resource planner, have you ever

1 seen demand-side resources modeled as a selectable 2 resource? 3 A Yes. 4 And do you agree with this statement that 5 there are currently several energy efficiency 6 technologies specifically applicable to data 7 centers that can lead to significant energy 8 savings, including advanced control system 9 cooling, chill beam cooling systems, AI-driven 10 optimization cooling systems, and the like? 11 A I am -- clarify, I'm not going to speak to 12 the exact engineering implications of a data 13 center. I am aware generally as resource planner 14 this is a topic that's being proposed and, yeah, 15 shows some promise. I'm not aware that any of 16 these are achievable at scale in a meaningful way, 17 but aware of them generally as emerging ideas. 18 Do you agree with the general statement 19 that having a resource plan that does model 20 demand-side resources is appropriate in an IRP and 21 can lead to valuable discoveries? 22 I -- there's been a great debate on 23 whether or not demand-side management should be 24 modeled as a selectable resource or on the load 25 side, and I've seen it done both ways and don't

1	take a position on it. I do agree that
2	demand-side management can be a valuable resource
3	as a part of a balanced portfolio, so certainly
4	appreciate some of the comments and views
5	discussed here.
6	Again, talking about the wider context and
7	thoughtfulness of a modeling approach, just kind
8	of one recommendation that I don't think has been
9	brought up is making sure that we're being careful
10	to get through the some of the capacity
11	implications of how these behave in extreme
12	events. And that was my recommendation whether
13	they were modeled on the load side or on the
14	selectable resource side. Simply just to make
15	sure that we're thinking through the resource
16	implications.
17	So in conclusion, it seems a reasonable
18	approach to getting to a balanced portfolio.
19	Q I appreciate that. And you've seen, in
20	your experience, elegant models that do have
21	demand-side resources as selectable resources?
22	A I don't want to under appreciate their
23	challenges, so do recommend that some of the
24	which is why I say don't take a position. Both
25	sides, I think, have made some great points.

1	Specifically one of the challenges I would
2	highlight, depending on the resource, if we're
3	talking about behind-the-meter battery or
4	in-front-of-the-meter battery, you really got to
5	think through the charging logic and how it
6	interacts on what's going on with the grid.
7	So, again, it seems like an interesting
8	and great opportunity for a balanced approach, as
9	long as we really are careful and thoughtful of
10	thinking through the bigger context of some of
11	these resources.
12	Q Final question. You did say, though, in
13	an IRP, and I think you just said something very
14	similar right now, that you have to see how all of
15	the resources interact with one another, I think?
16	A Yep.
17	Q You used some other term that I really
18	liked and I can't remember right now, but in the
19	IRP, if you're modeling demand-side management
20	only as a load adjustment and not as a selectable
21	resource, wouldn't you agree that you are
22	sacrificing some of that synergistic analysis that
23	you recommended?
24	A Not not necessarily. I've seen it done
25	really well on both sides, but so I don't think

1	it's necessarily fair to say either way, as long
2	as we think through that logic.
3	MR. WINSTON: Nothing further, Your Honor.
4	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Consumer Counsel?
5	MR. BARTLEY: No questions, Your Honor.
6	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Staff?
7	MS. PIERCE: Yes, Your Honor.
8	CROSS-EXAMINATION
9	BY MS. PIERCE:
10	Q Good evening, Kiva Pierce with
11	Consumer Counsel. It's been a long day.
12	Commission Staff. I want to make sure at a high
13	level I understand, because there's been a lot of
14	back-and-forth here today.
15	Your testimony as a resource planner is
16	that Dominion's current IRP is reasonable; is that
17	correct? Is that fair?
18	A For for this time around with some
19	improvements in the future.
20	Q Okay. And one of your recommendations for
21	a future IRP is that the Company should consider a
22	wider range of technologies; is that right?
23	A That's correct.
24	Q And one of those technologies is long
25	duration energy storage; is that correct.

1	A That's correct.
2	Q Okay. Thank you. And during your
3	surrebuttal today, you indicated that you agreed
4	with Staff Witness Smith with his recommendation
5	about the nodal or locational modeling; is that
6	correct?
7	A I should clarify. My understanding of
8	Staff Witness Smith's recommendation was that it
9	was more of a hub-and-spoke-type model, as
10	recommended by Witness Laws. Apologies if I
11	misunderstood his recommendation. But the general
12	thought of geographic fidelity, I very much agree
13	with.
14	Q Okay. And in your surrebuttal, I wrote
15	down that you also said you would even take it
16	further to include transmission limits.
17	Can you explain you what meant by that?
18	A Yeah. So, specifically, I really like
19	this recommendation, and my suggestion was instead
20	of just thinking about it as a geographic factor,
21	I would sort of say, yes, and let's look at very
22	key transmission limits. So we're picking those
23	zones very carefully so we can get ahead of some
24	of the these challenges.
25	So take that recommendation even further

1	and look at these key transmission limits, and
2	this is how a hub-and-spoke type model would be
3	set up, break it into different zones with these
4	known transmission limits in between them.
5	Q When you say "transmission limits," would
6	that mean, like, transmission constraints on the
7	system?
8	A Yeah. It's exactly the model the type
9	of analysis that Dominion did for its ability to
10	import from outside of DOM Zone, just thinking
11	about it within the DOM Zone.
12	MS. PIERCE: All right. Thank you very
13	much. No further questions.
14	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
15	Dominion?
16	MS. LINK: Thank you, Your Honor.
17	CROSS-EXAMINATION
18	BY MS. LINK:
19	Q Good evening, Dr. Stover. I realize
20	you've been up there quite a bit and I'm standing
21	between you and freedom.
22	Just going to jump around a little bit.
23	Question for you on Exhibit 39. This says it's
24	the Load Adjustment Request Summary for 2025 Load
25	Forecast - Preliminary, dated November 25th, 2024,

1	22 mm 2 c t 2
1	correct?
2	A Yes.
3	Q Okay. So for purposes of the IRP filed by
4	Dominion of October 15th of 2024, that was based
5	on the 2024 PJM load forecast, correct?
6	A And that's a fair clarification. I
7	yeah yes.
8	Q So this is sort of the next iteration that
9	could go into the IRP update, correct?
10	A Correct.
11	Q Okay. So then when we're talking about
12	all these different charts I just put up
13	page 17 of that exhibit.
14	It goes from 2025 to 2045, which is a
15	20-year time frame, correct?
16	A Correct.
17	Q And that's different from the 2024 PJM
18	load forecast that went 15 years, correct?
19	A If memory serves, subject to check, it did
20	end in 2039, that's correct.
21	Q Okay. Isn't it true that PJM extended the
22	forecast from 15 to 20 years in keeping with the
23	new order 1920 long-term transmission planning
24	rule from FERC?
25	A I the exact reason subject to

1	memory, that sounds correct.
2	Q Okay. So just in terms of what was
3	available to the Company when it did a 15-year
4	view for the 2024 IRP, it was a 15-year PJM load
5	forecast, correct?
6	A That's fair.
7	Q Okay. Let's move to another topic. This
8	is page 14 of your testimony, and I'm on line 1
9	where you talk about Dominion could adopt an
10	alternative approach by jointly planning
11	generation and transmission systems, which is
12	sometimes described as an integrated system
13	planning approach.
14	Do you see that?
15	A Yes.
16	Q Okay. And if I understood your
17	surrebuttal correctly, I believe you said
18	something like, I'm not a lawyer, but if they
19	could do it, they could be getting ahead of some
20	transmission constraints.
21	So setting aside the legal reasons that
22	the Company addressed in Dr. Vance's rebuttal,
23	what is an example a specific example of
24	jointly planning generation and transmission
25	systems that you are envisioning with this

1 recommendation? 2 Specifically, these are emerging A Yes. 3 concepts, so I'm aware of other IRPs, for example, 4 PacifiCorp, included transmission as a selectable 5 resource. However, I really recognize that this 6 is an emerging concept and it can't be done 7 overnight. 8 My specific recommendation for future IRPs 9 would be some of the recommendations that have 10 come up with -- such as Staff Witness Smith and 11 Dr. Laws, more at looking at some of these smaller 12 sub zones as a great way to get ahead of some of 13 these challenges. Okay. So you recognize that the FERC 14 15 Transmission Standards of Conduct are a real rule 16 that the Company has to abide by? 17 A I don't think that's fair. There's a fair amount of public resources that could be leveraged 18 19 to make some great decisions. Specifically, 20 there's a lot of information about load within the 21 DOM Zone. 22 And I also think it's fairly -- doesn't 23 fully appreciate the degree to which Dominion LSE 24 is exposed to some of the transmission challenges, 25 so I think it's critical -- recognizing some of

1	the legal challenges, I think it's at least
2	critical that we think about this wider context
3	and at least think about Dominion's role as a
4	transmission operator.
5	So fair enough that we have to honor FERC
6	regulations, but we can use a wide amount of
7	public information from PJM to start making some
8	of these decisions.
9	Q Okay. Well, that's helpful. You're not
10	saying jointly planned transmission and generation
11	with the nonpublic information?
12	A Absolutely. But just highlight that
13	there's some really great public information
14	through PJM that could be very useful in some of
15	these types of efforts.
16	Q Fair enough. Thank you.
17	Moving to another topic, there was some
18	discussion you had with Mr. Allmond about the
19	sensitivities the Company conducted?
20	A That's right.
21	Q And this is Section 5.3 of the IRP on the
22	screen, page 69. And I believe I heard some
23	discussion something to the effect of plus or
24	minus 5 percent isn't going to cut it.
25	A I should clarify. My issue is not with

1 the exact number, just providing further context 2 of why this exact number was chosen. 3 0 Okay. 4 So if we point at peer utilities -- and 5 even some of the concepts that Witness Wilson, 6 this is a widely used concept in IRPs to have 7 these kind of internally consistent, thematic narratives that envision a various future and not 8 9 just on the load side. 10 So no issue with the exact number, just a 11 suggestion in the future of how to kind of explain 12 how we got to that number a little more clearly. 13 So I just wanted to make sure you saw this 14 description of how, you know, in the high-load 15 forecast, you modeled data center load forecast 16 5 percent higher in the first year, growing in a linear fashion to 20 percent higher by 2039, and 17 18 then also did the EE. They, you know, took EE 19 down and that basically ended up with a high-load 20 forecast which started at 1.5 percent higher and 21 then moving to 11.5 percent higher by 2039. You, like, read those descriptions? 22 23 Yes. I was aware of it, yep. 24 Okay. I just wanted to make sure you saw 25 those descriptions.

1 My recommendation is that it does appear 2 that the number is chosen somewhat arbitrarily and 3 could just be explained how that number was come 4 But agree that this is a good-faith effort at 5 scenario planning. 6 Q Okay. So your point isn't -- you 7 recognize it's not just plus or minus 5 percent; 8 you just want more description of why the numbers 9 were chosen to begin with? 10 Correct. And specifically Mr. Wilson had 11 recommended when we were talking about load 12 forecasting getting this internally consistent, 13 thematic narrative with a much discussed report. 14 However, I'll highlight this idea, internally 15 consistent, thematic narratives is a standard best 16 practice when we're talking about IRPs, and that's 17 a place we can go not just in the load-forecasting 18 side, but on the technology side as well as we 19 were discussing with Walmart counsel. 20 Okay. So then just one last area. 21 more of a clarification of your discussion. 22 this point, I can't remember who it was with, but 23 it was discussion about whether there was a point 24 where you didn't agree with Mr. Wilson and you

talked about how the Company has proven to be

1	quite accurate on metered demand.
2	But my question is: What specifically did
3	you not agree with with Mr. Wilson?
4	A My concern is that he was raising a lot of
5	objections of talking about that Dominion in its
6	forecasting effort focused on forecasting for
7	capacity.
8	However, my understanding of reading the
9	report and all the documentation within the IRP,
10	Dominion based on my read, Dominion, seems to
11	me, that they are forecasting specifically on net
12	metered demand rather than on the capacity.
13	Certainly recognizing that that's a
14	context that needs to go into a good-faith
15	forecast and, again, my overall recommendation of
16	just making sure that we're thinking through the
17	broader context of how we're doing things.
18	MS. LINK: Thank you. I appreciate it.
19	Have a good evening.
20	REDIRECT EXAMINATION
21	BY MS. ROBB:
22	Q Dr. Stover, very little.
23	Do you recall having the conversation with
24	Appalachian Voices counsel, Mr. Allmond, about
25	fossil fuel units and whether Microsoft cared

1	about fossil fuel units being built?
2	A Yes.
3	Q Okay. Could you turn to page 16 of your
4	testimony, please, line 7 through 9?
5	A Yes.
6	Q Okay. That portion of your testimony, you
7	said you recommend that Dominion expand its
8	planning horizon and develop the strategy to
9	reliably and affordably exit from natural
10	gas-based resources to meet the VCEA
11	decarbonization mandates.
12	Would you consider that responsive to
13	Mr. Allmond's concerns?
14	A Yes. That was my best view that,
15	including this 2045, could best position Dominion
16	to envision this deep decarbonized future that's
17	generally based on Microsoft statements that it's
18	my belief that they care about.
19	Q And you recall the discussion about double
20	counting that you had with Mr. Allmond?
21	A Yes.
22	Q Okay. And you also recall the discussions
23	you just had with Walmart's counsel about
24	communicating with customers being important?
25	A Yes.

1	Q Is there a relation between avoiding
2	double counting and having close communications
3	with customers?
4	A Yes, very much so.
5	Q All right. And I'm going to turn to
6	another section of your testimony that had some
7	discussion today. It's page 6 and it's lines 7
8	through 9. Okay. It says:
9	Reliable forecasting is critical:
10	Overestimating demand risks stranded costs [sic],
11	while underestimating could lead to system
12	reliability issues.
13	Now, in that thought, were you talking
14	about the risk of data center load being over
15	being less than what it actually is?
16	A I was more talking about forecast error
17	more generally and Dominion's ability to be
18	flexible within its actual plan.
19	Q Okay. So and this is a risky question,
20	but I'm going to ask it any way.
21	Do you recall the conversation you had
22	with Sierra Club's counsel about backup generation
23	and whether solar and storage could be used for
24	that?
25	A Yeah.

1	Q Are you aware and I don't know if you
0.000	
2	are or not that some companies have moved to
3	renewable biofuel for backup generation?
4	A I'm not aware. It doesn't surprise me,
5	though.
6	MS. ROBB: All right. No further
7	questions.
8	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: Thank you.
9	Dr. Stover, just want you to know you're
10	excused. Thank you so much.
11	All right. So let's stop here and
12	reconvene tomorrow at 10:00 am. And when we do
13	that, City of Alexandria, you'll be able to call
14	your witness.
15	MR. WINSTON: Thank you. We'll be ready.
16	COMMISSIONER HUDSON: We'll be in recess
17	until 10:00 a.m. tomorrow morning. Thank you.
18	We're in recess.
19	(The proceedings adjourned at 5:50 p.m.,
20	to be reconvened on April 17, 2025, at 10:00 a.m.)
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1	COURT REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	
3	
4	I, Scott D. Gregg, Registered
5	Professional Reporter, certify that I recorded
6	verbatim by stenotype the proceedings in the
7	captioned cause before the HONORABLE COMMISSIONERS
8	of the State Corporation Commission, Richmond,
9	Virginia, on the 16th day of April 2025.
10	I further certify that to the best of my
11	knowledge and belief, the foregoing transcript
12	constitutes a true and correct transcript of the
13	said proceedings.
14	Given under my hand this 21st day of
15	April, 2025, at Norfolk, Virginia.
16	
17	Swtt D. Gnegg/ apt
18	
19	Scott D. Gregg, RPR
20	Notary Public
21	Notary Registration No. 215323
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