

COTTAGE FOOD LAW REPORT

Teton County

Wyoming · Jackson · FIPS 56039 · Population 23,316 ·
Crosodo Index #435*

STATE BASELINE

Wyo. Stat. §11-49-101 through §11-49-104 (Wyoming Food Freedom Act)

STATE TIER

Freedom

ANNUAL SALES CAP (STATE)

—

CONFIDENCE

HIGH

LAST VERIFIED

2026-05-06

IMPORTANT – NOT LEGAL ADVICE

This report compiles publicly-available statutes, regulations, and county zoning rules into a research reference. It is **not legal advice** and is provided **without warranty** as to accuracy, completeness, or current applicability.

Cottage food law changes frequently. Counties may amend zoning, health departments may issue new permits, and state legislatures may update statutes after the publication date shown above.

Always verify rules directly with your state department of health/agriculture and your county health and planning offices before relying on them for any business or regulatory decision. Consult a licensed attorney for advice specific to your situation.

WYOMING: TETON COUNTY

CROSODO INDEX #435* · FIPS 56039 · Jackson

Teton County

Population 23,316 · State baseline: Wyo. Stat. §11-49-101 through §11-49-104 (Wyoming Food Freedom Act) · **HIGH**

QUICK VIEW FOR BAKERS IN THIS COUNTY

HOME KITCHEN ALLOWED?

Yes (Wyoming Food Freedom Act (§11-49-101 et seq.) permits broad home kitchen sales statewide. Teton County has active zoning and requires a Basic Use Permit (BUP) for home occupations in residential zones. Home occupation area limited to 25% or less of living space. No off-site employees permitted. Home businesses with 1-3 employees require a Conditional Use Permit (CUP), which involves public hearings before the Planning Commission and Board of County Commissioners. HOA restrictions may apply in some subdivisions. Producer caps: 250,000 units or \$250,000 gross revenue per year.)

SEPARATE KITCHEN REQUIRED?

No

PETS ALLOWED?

No specific pet restriction in state Food Freedom Act.

HOME OCCUPATION PERMIT?

Yes (Teton County requires a Basic Use Permit (BUP) for home occupations, administered by Planning Staff. Home occupation must be operated by homeowner/resident only; restricted to 25% or less of living space; no off-site employees. Home Businesses (with employees, larger footprint) require a Conditional Use Permit with public hearing. HOA rules may further restrict home businesses. Apply via Teton County SmartGov online portal. Contact Teton County Planning Division at tetoncountwy.gov.)

ON-SITE / PORCH PICKUP?

Conditional

INSPECTION REQUIRED?

No (No routine food inspection under Wyoming Food Freedom Act. Zoning compliance reviews may occur for permit conditions.)

Home kitchen rules

HOME KITCHEN ALLOWED

Yes — Wyoming Food Freedom Act (§11-49-101 et seq.) permits broad home kitchen sales statewide. Teton County has active zoning and requires a Basic Use Permit (BUP) for home occupations in residential zones. Home occupation area limited to 25% or less of living space. No off-site employees permitted. Home businesses with 1-3 employees require a Conditional Use Permit (CUP), which involves public hearings before the Planning Commission and Board of County Commissioners. HOA restrictions may apply in some subdivisions. Producer caps: 250,000 units or \$250,000 gross revenue per year.

SEPARATE DEDICATED KITCHEN

No

PET RESTRICTIONS

No specific pet restriction in state Food Freedom Act.

WATER SUPPLY

No specific state cottage food water testing requirement.

HANDWASHING

No specific state Food Freedom Act handwashing mandate.

FOOD STORAGE

No licensing, inspection, or packaging requirements under the Food Freedom Act for homemade foods sold to informed end consumers.

Inspection & permitting

INSPECTION REQUIRED	No — No routine food inspection under Wyoming Food Freedom Act. Zoning compliance reviews may occur for permit conditions.
HOME OCCUPATION PERMIT	Yes — Teton County requires a Basic Use Permit (BUP) for home occupations, administered by Planning Staff. Home occupation must be operated by homeowner/resident only; restricted to 25% or less of living space; no off-site employees. Home Businesses (with employees, larger footprint) require a Conditional Use Permit with public hearing. HOA rules may further restrict home businesses. Apply via Teton County SmartGov online portal. Contact Teton County Planning Division at tetoncountywy.gov.
LOCAL BUSINESS LICENSE	Yes

Customer-facing rules

ON-SITE CUSTOMER PICKUP	Conditional
ON-SITE SIGNAGE	Conditional
DELIVERY / PICKUP RULES	Sales permitted at farmers markets, farms, ranches, producer’s homes, or any location agreed upon by producer and informed end consumer. Non-potentially hazardous foods may also be sold through third-party retailers. Home-based sales subject to Teton County home occupation permit conditions. No interstate commerce.
MAX EMPLOYEES IN HOME	No off-site employees for Home Occupation (BUP). Home Business (CUP) may allow 1-3 employees.

Relevant county code

Teton County Land Development Regulations (LDR) Sec. 6.1.2 (Classification of Uses); Use Schedule Sec. 6.1.1; Home Occupation and Home Business standards. Basic Use Permit required for home occupations.

RESEARCH NOTES

Teton County is Wyoming’s wealthiest and most tourism-dependent county (Jackson Hole). It maintains active zoning with a Basic Use Permit required for home occupations (25% floor area cap, resident-only operators) and a Conditional Use Permit for Home Businesses with employees. This is more restrictive than most Wyoming counties. The county provides the Wyoming Food Freedom Act 2025 text on its website, confirming awareness of the state exemption framework. However, the local zoning still applies to the home occupation aspect of the business. Operators must check HOA restrictions as well.

SOURCES VERIFIED AT RESEARCH TIME

<https://www.tetoncountywy.gov/550/Permits-Forms>

<https://www.tetoncountywy.gov/140/Planning>

<https://www.tetoncountywy.gov/>

<https://wyagric.gov/divisions/chs/food-safety/wyoming-food-freedom>

<https://www.tetoncountywy.gov/FAQ.aspx?QID=366>

<https://www.tetoncountywy.gov/DocumentCenter/View/37981/Wyoming-Food-Freedom-Act-2025>

Questions? Join the Crosodo Forum to discuss your county’s specific zoning rules at <https://crosodo.com/nb/wyoming/teton-county-discuss>

Bordering counties — cottage food law

Regulation	Teton County	Fremont County	Lincoln County
HOME KITCHEN ALLOWED	Yes	Yes	Yes
SEPARATE DEDICATED KITCHEN	No	No	No
PETS ALLOWED	No specific pet restriction in state Food Freedom Act.	No specific pet restriction in state Food Freedom Act.	No specific pet restriction in state Food Freedom Act.
INSPECTION REQUIRED	No	No	No
ON-SITE CUSTOMER PICKUP	Conditional	Yes	Yes
ON-SITE SIGNAGE	Conditional	Yes	Yes
DELIVERY / PICKUP	Sales permitted at farmers markets, farms, ranches, producer’s homes, or any location agreed upon by producer and informed end consumer. No...	Sales permitted at farmers markets, farms, ranches, producer’s homes, or any location agreed upon by producer and informed end consumer. No...	Sales permitted at farmers markets, farms, ranches, producer’s homes, or any location agreed upon by producer and informed end consumer. No...
HOME OCCUPATION PERMIT	Yes	No	No
LOCAL BUSINESS LICENSE	Yes	No	No
RESTRICTIONS	Wyoming Food Freedom Act (§11-49-101 et seq.) permits broad home kitchen sales statewide. Teton County has active zoning and requires a Bas...	Wyoming Food Freedom Act (§11-49-101 et seq.) permits broad home kitchen sales statewide with no license, permit, or inspection required. F...	Wyoming Food Freedom Act (§11-49-101 et seq.) permits broad home kitchen sales statewide with no license, permit, or inspection required. L...
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POPULATION	23,316	40,543	19,822

State context — Wyoming cottage food law

Teton County’s rules sit on top of Wyoming’s state cottage food framework. The state law sets the floor — counties can add but cannot remove protections.

STATUTE

Wyo. Stat. §11-49-101 through §11-49-104 (Wyoming Food Freedom Act)

ANNUAL SALES CAP

—

REGISTRATION REQUIRED

No

FOOD HANDLER CERT

No

KITCHEN INSPECTION

No

DIRECT SALES ONLY

No

INDIRECT SALES

Yes — Wyoming’s Food Freedom Act allows considerably broader indirect sales than most states. Non-potentially hazardous foods, eggs, and dairy products may be sold through third-party vendors (retail shops, grocery stores) as long as the sale complies with the Act. The third-party seller must inform consumers that the food is not certified, licensed, or inspected, and non-potentially hazardous foods must be displayed separately from licensed products with a label stating ‘this food was made in a home kitchen, is not regulated or inspected and may contain allergens.’ Potentially hazardous homemade foods (except eggs/dairy) must be sold by the producer or designated agent only. A ‘designated agent’ may also facilitate transactions including marketing, transport, storage, and delivery without taking ownership of the product.

For the full state-level analysis including the verbatim statute text, see the [Wyoming cottage food law report](#).

STATE-LEVEL REFERENCES

State statute: <https://wyoleg.gov/NXT/gateway.dll?f=templates&fn=default.htm>

State dept cottage food page: <https://wyagric.gov/divisions/chs/food-safety/wyoming-food-freedom>

Forrager.com: <https://forrager.com/law/wyoming/>

Questions?

Join the Crosodo Forum to discuss Teton County's specific zoning rules, permits, and what other home bakers are seeing locally.

<https://crosodo.com/nb/wyoming/teton-county-discuss>
