The spatial analysis identified the extent, diversity, and quality of each state’s agricultural land—and where this land has been converted to both urban and highly developed (UHD) and low-density residential (LDR) land uses.

**Ohio**

Ohio scored among the top states for the conversion of agricultural land to urban and highly developed (UHD) and low-density residential (LDR) uses.

**Relative Policy Response**

Ohio scored in the middle of all states for policies and programs that protect agricultural land from development, promote farm viability, and facilitate the transfer of agricultural land.

**How is this state doing?**

Ohio is in an orange box because its conversion threat is higher than its policy response, relative to other states. Learn more at www.farmland.org/farmsunderthreat

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**Conversion of non-federal farmland to UHD and LDR land uses from 2001-2016.** The threat to working farms and ranches is pervasive, often claiming the most productive, versatile, and resilient lands.

**Farmland**

- * that is:
  - Above state median PVR**
  - Below state median PVR

**Urban areas**

- Federal, forest, and other lands

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*Farmland is composed of cropland, pastureland, and woodland associated with farms.

**Our productivity, versatility, and resiliency (PVR) index helps identify high-quality agricultural land (see page 2).
DEVELOPMENT THREATENS OHIO’S AGRICULTURAL LAND

From 2001-2016, 312,200 acres of agricultural land were developed or compromised.

Ohio’s farmland and ranchland was converted to:
- **Urban and highly developed (UHD)** land use, including commercial, industrial, and moderate-to-high-density residential areas.
- **Low-density residential (LDR)** land use, where scattered large lot development fragments the agricultural land base and limits production, marketing, and management options for the working farms and ranches that remain.

LDR PAVES THE WAY FOR FURTHER DEVELOPMENT

Agricultural land in LDR areas in 2001 was 12 TIMES MORE LIKELY to be converted to UHD by 2016, compared to other agricultural land.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>109,500 acres</th>
<th>202,800 acres</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>35%</strong> of conversion was to UHD</td>
<td><strong>65%</strong> of conversion was to LDR</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CONVERSION AFFECTED ALL TYPES OF AGRICULTURAL LAND

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Land Type</th>
<th>Acres</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>CROPLAND</td>
<td>182,600</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PASTURELAND</td>
<td>77,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>RANGELAND</td>
<td>0 acres</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>WOODLAND</td>
<td>52,000</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WHAT’S AT STAKE?

- **15,279,800 acres** of agricultural land remain.
- **$9.3 billion** earned from cash receipts in 2017:
  - **$197.6 million** from local food
  - **$3.6 billion** from agricultural exports
- **312,200 acres** were converted—enough land to generate **$191 million** in annual revenue.
- **Ohio’s top 3 agricultural products:**
  - Soybeans
    - **$2.3 billion**
  - Corn
    - **$2.0 billion**
  - POULTRY TOTALS
    - **$1.1 billion**
- **130,400 producers and 62,500 farm laborers on 77,800 farms**
- 3 times as many producers over 65 as under 35 years old

**OHIO’S BEST AGRICULTURAL LAND IS UNDER THREAT**

We used our unique PVR index, which quantifies the productivity, versatility, and resiliency of agricultural land, to identify:

1. **Ohio’s best land**, which has PVR values above the state median, and
2. **Nationally Significant land**, which is the country’s best land for long-term production of food and other crops. 72% of Ohio’s agricultural land, or **10,983,800 acres**, falls in this category.

Protecting high-PVR land is critical for the long-term sustainability of agriculture, yet from 2001-2016:

- **109,600 acres** of Ohio’s best land were converted to UHD and LDR uses.
- **181,400 acres** of Ohio’s Nationally Significant land were converted.

*These two categories overlap and the same land may be included in both.

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**Farms Under Threat** is American Farmland Trust’s multi-year initiative to document the status of and threats to U.S. farmland and ranchland and to identify policy solutions to ensure the protection and conservation of America’s diverse agricultural landscape. For more information about AFT, visit [www.farmland.org](http://www.farmland.org). If you have any questions about the analysis methods or would like access to data, please contact AFT’s Farmland Information Center: [www.farmlandinfo.org](http://www.farmlandinfo.org) or (800) 370-4879.


Explore our interactive maps at [www.farmland.org/farmsunderthreat](http://www.farmland.org/farmsunderthreat)

1. Farms Under Threat 2016
2. National Agricultural Statistics Service 2017
3. Sold directly to consumer and intermediate outlets, NASS 2017
4. Economic Research Service 2017