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TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Prepared By Finance Department

Finance Officer Judy Gallman



Town of Jamestown, North Carolina

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October 15, 2009

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Jamestown, North Carolina

The general statutes of North Carolina require that every local government publish as soon as possible after the close of each fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a certified public accountant. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the Town of Jamestown for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The financial statements of the Town of Jamestown were audited by Dixon Hughes PLLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Dixon Hughes PLLC has issued an unqualified opinion on the Town of Jamestown's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2009. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The Town of Jamestown, incorporated in 1947, is located in the Piedmont section of North Carolina. It currently occupies 2.8 square miles and serves a population of 3,386. The Town extended the planning jurisdiction in 2008 and now encompasses a planning area of 6 square miles including this Extra Territorial Jurisdiction. The Town of Jamestown is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its corporate boundaries. It is also empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation.

The Town of Jamestown operates under the council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council (Council) consisting of the mayor and four other members, elected on a non-partisan basis. The Council appoints the government's manager, who in turn appoints the heads of the various departments. Council members serve two-year terms.

The Town of Jamestown provides a full range of services that includes public safety, sanitation, street maintenance, planning, recreation (including a golf course), general administration, and others. In addition to these general government activities, the Town provides and maintains water and sewer utilities for the benefit of its citizens. The Town also extends financial support to a variety of agencies and associations to assist their efforts in serving citizens.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town of Jamestown's financial planning and control. For the Town of Jamestown, annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund and Water and Sewer Fund. Appropriations for annually budgeted funds are made at the departmental level. A department (such as sanitation) is a component of a function (such as public services). The Town Manager is authorized by the budget ordinance to transfer appropriations within departments of a fund and between departments of a fund up to an amount not exceeding \$25,000; however any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a fund must be approved by the Council.

Local Economy

Almost 73% of the adult residents of the Town of Jamestown are in the labor force. Unemployment in the Town of Jamestown as of 2000 was 2.5%. Guilford County, reporting more recent figures, has an unemployment rate of 6.2% in 2008, reflecting conditions of the current economy. Most residents, however, do not work in Jamestown. According to the 2000 census data, only 18% of residents worked in town, with the balance of the workforce commuting to other areas in Guilford County and surrounding communities. The Jamestown commuters are, for the most part, evenly divided between those who work in Greensboro and those who work in High Point, with Greensboro having a slight edge simply due to more available jobs. Almost 50% of Jamestown residents work in management and professional occupations.

According to the 2002 Economic Census of the U.S. there are a total of 570 firms located in the Town of Jamestown. Of these, 183 firms have paid employees, with a total of 1,838 employees. The manufacturing sector accounts for 29% of the employment of these firms, and the retail sector accounts for 13%; these are the two largest sectors of employment.

Population growth in the Jamestown area is highest in areas just north of the town limits up to Wendover Avenue. According to a 2008 market assessment of Jamestown's 3-mile trade area household and populations trends, both population and households grew by 12% over the past seven years and growth was predicted to continue over the next five years, although at a slower rate. There are over 235 residential units planned or under construction in or near Jamestown, including projects for senior living, single family and town home developments. The median age is above that of the State, and analysis indicates that there is a greater concentration of both older households without children and households with younger families.

The median value of all owner occupied dwellings in Jamestown is \$171,700, substantially higher than the county median of \$116,900. The median family income in Jamestown is \$77,549, again higher than the county median family income of \$52,638. Jamestown remains a primarily residential community. Recent additions of some new specialty retailers have added to the downtown businesses that are located on the Main Street between Town Hall and the Public Library.

Long-term Financial Planning

The unreserved, undesignated fund balance of the general fund at fiscal year-end stood at 25.0% of the subsequent year's budget, which exceeds the minimum of 8% set as a policy guideline by the Local Government Commission. There is no expected change in the conservative (informal) fund balance policy practiced by the Town Council.

Over the next two years, as our planning processes for various projects are completed, Town officials will be completing a formal Capital Improvement Plan for projects and equipment necessary to implement long-range plans and growth objectives. This Capital Improvement Plan will also include plans for the funding of long-range projects.

Relevant financial policies

The Town's informal cash management policy has been to invest idle funds in certificates of deposit with local banks and in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust. Thus there is no risk of a negative change in the fair value of the Town's investments. Although interest rates declined significantly in the current year from previous years' rates, investment income remains an integral part of the Town's revenues. The Town does not foresee any change in this cash management policy for the coming fiscal year.

Major initiatives

Following the completion of a Comprehensive Land Development Plan, the Town Council contracted with Greenplan, Inc. to review and revise its Development Ordinance to assist with future planning and improve administration of current and future development in the town. The Town Council adopted the new Development Ordinance in July of 2009.

In the spring of 2008, the Town Council initiated the process of extending the Town's Extra Territorial Jurisdiction (ETJ) by 1,218 acres. Guilford County Commissioners approved the request in May 2008, and following community meetings and public hearings, the Town Council approved the extension of the Extra Territorial Jurisdiction in 2008.

Numerous recreation / planning initiatives are currently in process in the Town. The Town Council adopted a Master Parks and Recreation Plan in the summer of 2007 to assist in planning future recreation projects and properties. The Town received a grant to develop a Tree Preservation Ordinance, and the final draft was presented to the Town Council in August 2008. The Town also received a planning grant to create a Pedestrian Master Plan for the community, and work continues on this plan with adoption anticipated in fall 2009. The Piedmont Triad Council of Governments also guided staff and community with a feasibility study to develop a Deep River Paddle Trail and anticipates a final report in the fall of 2009.

The Town applied for and received a Parks and Recreation Trust Fund Grant to assist with the purchase of two lots located near Town Hall in the central business district. The Town plans to complete the purchase in the fall of 2009 and begin the planning phase to develop the land into a center-town park.

The Town Council approved a contract with Richard Mandell Golf Architecture in June 2009 to assist staff and community in developing a Golf Course Renovation Business Plan. A citizen committee will work with consultant and staff to prepare a plan to present to Council in the winter of 2010. This plan will be a guide for the much-needed renovation of the course infrastructure at the Jamestown Park Golf Course.

The town will contract to conduct a sewer system evaluation study and develop a 20-year capital improvement plan for future rehabilitation of the sewer system. This will involve consultant and staff time to perform various field operations including manhole inspections, pipe smoke testing, die testing, pipe cleaning, and close circuit television inspections. The project will begin in September 2009 and conclude in March 2010.

The town is a partner in the Randleman Reservoir project with the Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority. This twenty-year project is nearing completion as the water treatment plant and transmission lines are under construction. The town's partnership secures the town's rights to water in the reservoir.

The Town of Jamestown does not own its wastewater treatment facility. In order to secure treatment capacity, the town has a joint –use facility agreement with the City of High Point to maintain and operate the Eastside Wastewater Treatment Plant. Jamestown owns a capacity allocation in this plant and shares responsibility for future maintenance of this facility.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Town of Jamestown for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2008. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the finance and administration department who contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the governing council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Town of Jamestown's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Kathryn Q. Billings

Town Manager

udy B. Gallman, CPA

Finance Officer



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Jamestown North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2008

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

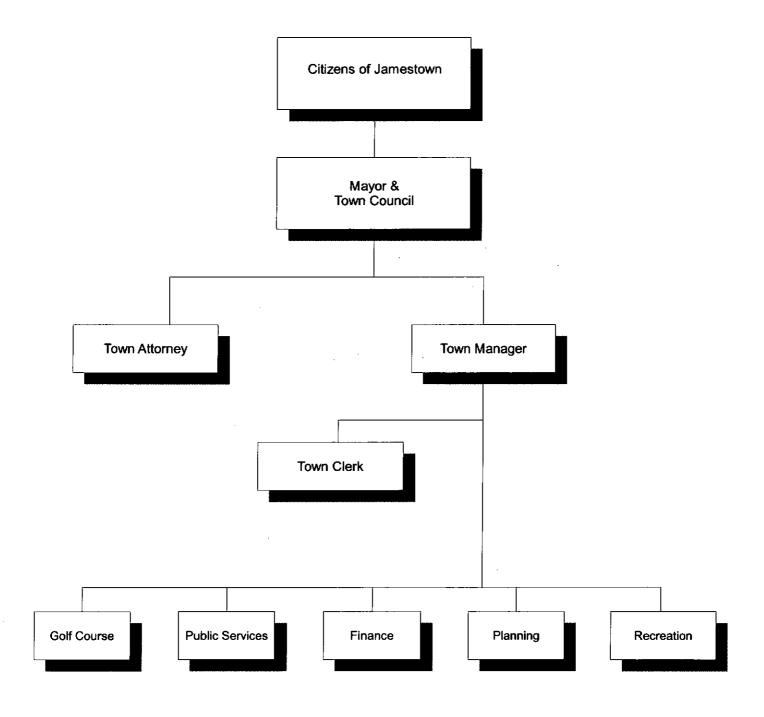
THE OFFICE OF THE STATE OF THE

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President

Executive Director

Town of Jamestown, North Carolina Organizational Chart June 30, 2009



TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA List of Principal Officials June 30, 2009

MAYOR AND TOWN COUNCIL

Keith L. Volz, Mayor

R. Brock Thomas, Mayor Pro Tem

Frank Gray, Councilman

Larry Lain, Councilman

Georgia Nixon-Roney, Councilman

TOWN OFFICIALS

Kathryn Billings Town Manager and Budget Officer

Roberson, Haworth and Reese Town Attorneys

Martha Wolfe Town Clerk

Jay Gardner Park Superintendent

Charles Smith Public Services Director

Matthew Johnson Planning Director

Judy Gallman Finance Officer





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Jamestown Jamestown, North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Jamestown, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Jamestown's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Jamestown as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 13 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit this information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Jamestown. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Dixon Hughes PLIC October 15, 2009

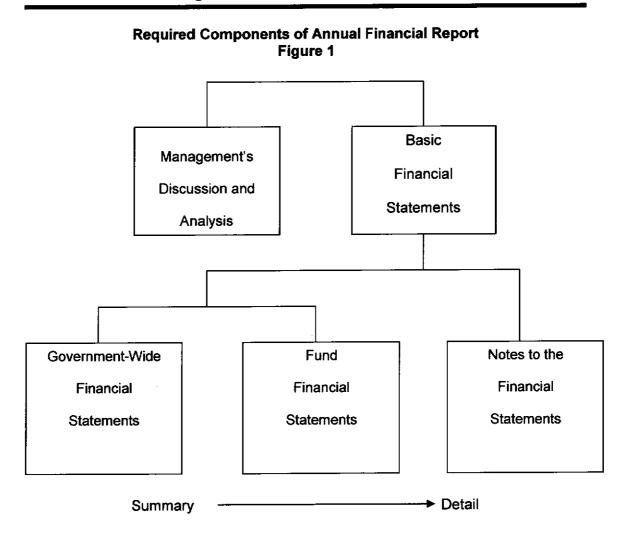
As management of the Town of Jamestown, we offer readers of the Town of Jamestown's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Jamestown for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town of Jamestown exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$23,093,915 (net assets).
- The government's total net assets *increased* by \$807,521, due to *increases* in both the *governmental* and business-type activities net assets.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Jamestown's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$2,108,049, an increase of \$151,027 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 56% of this total amount, or \$1,183,561, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,183,561, or 32% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The Town of Jamestown's total debt decreased by \$616,176 (40.9%) during the current fiscal year. The factors in this change include the payment of scheduled amounts on existing installment purchases.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Jamestown's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements: and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Jamestown.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-Wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town of Jamestown's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short- and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets are the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net assets is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, recreation, public services, and general administration. Property taxes, state shared revenues and golf course fees finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide the services. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Jamestown.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Jamestown, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Jamestown can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Jamestown adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund period activities. demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Council; 2) the final budget as amended by the Council; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund: and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds - Enterprise Funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Jamestown uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as the function shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 25 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of Jamestown's Net Assets Figure 2

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities					Total			
	_	2009		2008		2009		2008		2009		2008
Current and other assets	\$	2,331,531	\$	2,102,949	\$	4,295,202	\$	4,330,333	\$	6,626,733 17,764,328	\$	6,433,282 17,837,469
Capital assets Total assets	_	5,759,741 8,091,272		5,085,582 7,188,531		12,004,587 16,299,789		12,751,887 17,082,220		24,391,061		24,270,751
Long-term liabilities outstanding Other liabilities		272,293 337,106		365,598 458,814		139,947 547,800		572,185 587,760		412,240 884,906		937,783 1,046,574
Total liabilities	_	609,399		824,412		687,747		1,159,945		1,297,146		1,984,357
Net assets: Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		5,414,146		4,527,636		11,460,379		11,803,854		16,874,525		16,331,490
Restricted		403,845		312,983		-		-		403,845		312,983
Unrestricted		1,663,882		1,523,500		4,151,663		4,118,421		5,815,545		5,641,921
Total net assets	\$	7,481,873	\$	6,364,119	\$	15,612,042	\$	15,922,275	\$	23,093,915	\$	22,286,394

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town of Jamestown exceeded liabilities by \$23,093,915 as of June 30, 2009. The Town's net assets *increased* by \$807,521 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. However, a portion (73.1%) reflects the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Jamestown uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Jamestown's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Jamestown's net assets (1.75%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$5,815,545 is unrestricted.

Effective July 1, 2008, the Jamestown Park Fund (a proprietary fund) was merged into the General Fund (a governmental fund) as a department under the Recreation function. Additional information can be found in Note 2.C. of the Basic Financial Statements.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations positively influenced the total unrestricted governmental net assets:

- Collection of property taxes with a tax collection percentage of 99.13%, which exceeds the statewide average of 97.64%.
- An increase in tax revenues of approximately \$96,000 from the previous year.
- An \$11,500 increase in planning and development fees from the previous year.
- An increase of \$20,000 in refuse collection fees from the previous year.

Town of Jamestown Changes in Net Assets Figure 3

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total		
•	2009		2008	2009		2008		2009		2008
Revenues:										
Program revenues:										
Charges for services	\$ 1,031,169	\$	118,532	\$ 2,473,466	\$	3,414,831	\$	-,	\$	3,533,363
Operating grants and contributions	432,716		438,144	-		-		432,716		438,144
Capital grants and contributions	33,492		8,697	60,000		-		93,492		8,697
General revenues:										
Property taxes	1,442,713		1,345,648	-		-		1,442,713		1,345,648
Other taxes	785,857		835,376	-		-		785,857		835,376
Grants and contributions not										
restricted to specific programs	-			-		-		-		-
Other	37,899		129,053	138,580		146,572		176,479		275,625
Total revenues	3,763,846		2,875,450	2,672,046		3,561,403		6,435,892		6,436,853
Expenses:										
General government	703,440		663,457	-		-		703,440		663,457
Public services	440,976		440,619	-		_		440,976		440,619
Public safety	654,626		766,051	-		-		654,626		766,051
Recreation	1,859,641		705,606	_		_		1,859,641		705,606
Water and sewer	· · ·		-	1,969,688		2,082,263		1,969,688		2,082,263
Park	-		-	=		1,088,115		_		1,088,115
Total expenses	3,658,683		2,575,733	1,969,688		3,170,378		5,628,371		5,746,111
Increase in net assets before transfers	105,163		299,717	702,358		391,025		807,521		690,742
Transfers			(150,000)	-		150,000		-		
Increase in net assets	105,163		149,717	702,358		541.025		807,521		690,742
Net assets, July 1, as restated (2009)	7,376,710		6,214,402	14,909,684		15,381,250		22,286,394		21,595,652
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Net assets, June 30	\$ 7,481,873	\$	6,364,119	\$ 15,612,042	\$	15,922,275	\$	23,093,915	\$	22,286,394

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net assets by \$105,163 hereby accounting for 13.02% of the total growth in the net assets of the Town of Jamestown. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- Property tax revenues increased by approximately \$96,000.
- Planning and development fees increased by approximately \$11,500.
- Refuse collection fees increased by approximately \$20,000.
- Other revenues, however, such as local option sales tax, Powell Bill revenues, and golf operations revenue had some decrease from the prior year.

Business-Type Activities: Business-type activities increased the Town of Jamestown's net assets by \$702,358, thereby accounting for 86.55% of the total growth in the net assets of the Town of Jamestown. Key elements of this increase (net) are as follows:

- Water consumption was below previous year levels, so revenues were less than budgeted, however, due to an increase in fees, revenues showed a slight increase over the previous year.
- Due to decreased consumption, expenditures were decreased significantly.
- In addition, the Town accepted water lines installed by a developer, thus showed a capital contribution of \$60,000.

Financial Analysis of the Town Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Jamestown uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Jamestown's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Jamestown's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Jamestown. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,183,561, while total fund balance reached \$2,108,049. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 32.2% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 57.4% of total General Fund expenditures.

At June 30, 2009, the governmental fund of the Town of Jamestown reported a fund balance of \$2,108,049, a 7.7% increase over last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were less than the budgeted amounts for several reasons. Local option sales tax received was significantly less than budgeted. Investment income was also less than anticipated. Two grants were carried over to the 09/10 fiscal year, thus these revenues and expenditures were less than budgeted. Expenditures were less than budgeted amounts, as a concerted effort was made to keep expenditures to a minimum. Several projects were eliminated or postponed.

Proprietary Funds. The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net assets of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$4,151,663. The Water Sewer Fund had growth of \$702,358 in net assets. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Jamestown's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Town of Jamestown's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2009, totals \$17,764,328 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, sidewalks, land, water and sewer lines, machinery and equipment, park facilities, and vehicles.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions:

- Purchase of tractor in the amount of \$13,700 to replace one stolen from the golf course.
- Building improvements at Town Hall and the golf pro shop in the amount of \$11,500.
- Construction of new water lines for \$244,000 and re-lining of sewer lines in the amount of \$169,000.
- Purchase of a tract of land to be used for a center-Town park, in the amount of \$46,000.
- Purchase of equipment for Jamestown Park for \$7,500.

Town of Jamestown's Capital Assets Figure 4

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 2 of the Basic Financial Statements.

(Net of Depreciation)

		Governm	nental	Busines	<i>у</i> ре				
		Activiti	ies	Activ	;	Tot	al		
		2009	2008	 2009		2008	2009		2008
Water rights	\$	- \$	-	\$ 2,200,644	\$	2,186,675 \$	2,200,644	\$	2,186,675
Wastewater treatment rights		-	•	2,684,531		2,770,781	2,684,531		2,770,781
Land		2,024,852	1,680,879	-		297,898	2,024,852		1,978,777
Buildings and systems		2,291,628	2,088,351	20,277		294,680	2,311,905		2,383,031
Improvements other than buildings	i	976,478	903,379	-		139,372	976,478		1,042,751
Machinery, vehicles, and equipment		438,648	390,812	398,954		635,744	837,602		1,026,556
Infrastructure		-	-	6,685,721		6,400,401	6,685,721		6,400,401
Construction-in- progress		28,135	22,161	14,460		26,336	42,595		48,497
Total	\$	5,759,741_\$	5,085,582	\$ 12,004,587	\$	12,751,887 \$	17,764,328	\$	17,837,469

Town of Jamestown's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

		Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities				Total				
		2009		2008	2009		2008		2009		2008		
Installment purchases	<u>\$</u>	345,595	\$	557,946	\$ 544,208	\$	948,033	\$	889,803	\$	1,505,979		
Total	\$	345,595	\$	557,946	\$ 544,208	\$	948,033	\$	889,803	\$	1,505,979		

The Town of Jamestown's total debt decreased by \$616,176 (40.9 %) during the past fiscal year, primarily due to the payment of scheduled amounts to existing installment purchases.

Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2009, the Town of Jamestown had no bonded debt.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Jamestown is \$32,194,161. The Town has no bonds authorized but un-issued at June 30, 2009. Additional information regarding the Town of Jamestown's long-term obligations can be found in Note 2 beginning on page 42 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town:

- According to the Office of State Budget and Management, Jamestown's total population was 3,386.
- The median household income of Jamestown is \$57,331, the median family income is \$77,549, and the per capita income is \$29,689.
- Occupations listed as management and professional make up 45.6% of the work force, and unemployment in the 2000 Census was listed at 1.8%.
- Of the population over 25 years old, 48.5% have earned a bachelor's degree or higher.
- The Town continues to improve the downtown area, and the Town is a "walkable" community with approximately six miles of sidewalks connecting neighborhoods to Main Street. The planning stages will begin in 2009/2010 on a center-Town park.
- Jamestown financially supports the local historical society and related community efforts to preserve the local heritage and numerous historical sites within Jamestown.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2010

Governmental Activities: The property tax rate remained at \$.37 per \$100 valuation and will bring in a projected \$1,439,000 in revenues. Powell Bill reserves of \$170,600 will be utilized for street resurfacing. Jamestown's share of sales tax revenue is projected to be \$369,400. County reimbursement for Gibson Park operating expenses of \$266,176 is budgeted to cover the expenses and provide a 10% indirect cost reimbursement. The budget keeps the solid waste fee at \$7 per month per household that will bring in an estimated \$117,000 in revenues. Fee proposals remain the same; there was no increase in rates.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to decrease approximately 7% to 4,037,263. The decrease is due to cuts in many of the General Fund departments. The expenditures of the Planning, Buildings and Grounds, Fire, Street, Sanitation, Gibson Park and Recreation departments are projected to decrease, while the Governing Body, Administration, Public Safety and Golf Course departments' expenditures are expected to increase. The continued funding of several grants to local non-profit organizations accounts for 4.5% of the General Fund expenditures in the coming year. The Town budget includes funds to continue the operation agreement for fire protection services with Pinecroft Sedgefield Fire Department and a contract for law enforcement and animal control services with Guilford County.

Business - Type Activities: The water and sewer rates will increase 5% and 25%, respectively. New construction tap fees are estimated to generate \$66,000 in revenues. Net assets appropriated of \$242,492 are budgeted to supplement funding for the capital outlay expenses. The debt service payments are for the Eastside Treatment Plant, and the two largest contracted service expenditure lines are for payments to the City of High Point for the cost of treating sewage, and payments to the cities of Greensboro and High Point for the purchase of water. Capital projects planned include continued slip lining of existing sewer lines and replacing several sections of water lines.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Officer, Judy Gallman, P. O. Box 848, Jamestown, NC 27282, 336-454-1138, website, www.jamestown-nc.gov.



TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2009

		:	
	Governmental	Primary Government Business-Type	
ASSETS	Activities	Activities	Total
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,977,114	\$ 3,817,691	\$ 5,794,805
Receivables:	* ',- ',-	, , ,	. , ,
Taxes receivable, net	11,951	_	11,951
Accrued interest receivable	30,994	5,063	36,057
Accounts receivable, net	1,923	210,303	212,226
Due from other governments	212,571	217,519	430,090
Inventories	45,354	•	45,354
Prepaid items	51,174	22,735	73,909
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	450	21,891	22,341
Total current assets	2,331,531	4,295,202	6,626,733
Capital assets:			
Water rights	-	2,200,644	2,200,644
Wastewater treatment rights, net	-	2,684,531	2,684,531
Land and other nondepreciable assets	2,052,987	14,460	2,067,447
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	3,706,754	7,104,952	10,811,706
Total capital assets	5,759,741	12,004,587	17,764,328
Total assets	\$ 8,091,272	\$ 16,299,789	\$ 24,391,061
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 147,866	\$ 88,448	\$ 236,314
Accrued interest payable	2,298	5,021	7,319
Customer deposits	450	21,891	22,341
Gift cards outstanding	9,873		9,873
Loyalty rewards to be redeemed	15,792		15,792
Unearned revenues	6,556	-	6,556
Current portion of long-term liabilities	154,271	432,440	586,711
Long-term liabilities:	•		
Due in more than one year	272,293	139,947	412,240
Total liabilities	609,399	687,747	1,297,146
NET ASSETS			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	5,414,146	11,460,379	16,874,525
Restricted for:	, , -	* · · · ·	• •
Public services	403,845	-	403,845
Unrestricted	1,663,882	4,151,663	5,815,545
Total net assets	<u>\$ 7,481,873</u>	\$ 15,612,042	\$ 23,093,915

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Year Ended June 30, 2009

			 	Prog	ram Revenue:	<u> </u>	
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses	Charges Services	G	perating rants and ntributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$	703,440	\$ 23,945	\$	8,750	\$	-
Public services		440,976	100,787		107,029		7,500
Public safety		654,626	-		_		-
Recreation		1,859,641	 906,437		316,937		25,992
Total governmental activities		3,658,683	 1,031,169		432,716		33,492
Business-type activities:							
Water and sewer		1,969,688	 2,473,466				60,000
Total primary government	\$	5,628,371	\$ 3,504,635	\$	432,716	\$	93,492

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes
Other taxes
Investment income, unrestricted
Gain on sale of capital assets
Insurance recovery
Miscellaneous

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning, as restated

Net assets - ending

	Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government								
Ge	overnmental Activities		iness-Type ctivities		Total				
\$	(670,745) (225,660) (654,626) (610,275)	\$	- - - -	\$	(670,745) (225,660) (654,626) (610,275)				
	(2,161,306)				(2,161,306)				
	<u>-</u>		563,778		563,778				
	(2,161,306)		563,778		(1,597,528)				
	1,442,713				1,442,713				
	785,857		400 500		785,857				
	13,750 3,000		138,580		152,330 3,000				
	18,554		_		18,554				
	2,595				2,595				
	2,266,469		138,580		2,405,049				
	105,163		702,358		807,521				
	7,376,710		14,909,684		22,286,394				
\$	7,481,873	\$	15,612,042	\$	23,093,915				

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2009

ASSETS	General Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,977,114	\$ 1,977,114
Taxes receivable, net	11,951	11,951
Accounts receivable	1,923	1,923
Due from other governments	212,571	212,571
	45,354	45,354
Inventories	•	
Prepaid items	51,174	51,174
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	450	450_
Total assets	\$ 2,300,537	\$ 2,300,537
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 147,866	\$ 147,866
Customer deposits	450	450
Gift cards outstanding	9,873	9,873
Loyalty rewards to be redeemed	15,792	15,792
Deferred revenues	18,507	18,507
Deletted revenues		10,307
Total liabilities	192,488	192,488
Fund balances:	i i	
Reserved for:		
Inventories	45,354	45,354
Prepaid items	51,174	51,174
Commitments	209,621	209,621
	214,494	214,494
State statute	· ·	•
Streets - Powell Bill	403,845	403,845
Unreserved, General Fund:		
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures	317,207	317,207
Undesignated	866,354	866,354
Total fund balances	2,108,049	2,108,049
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 2,300,537	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assed ifferent because:	ets are	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources an not reported in the funds.	d therefore	5,759,741
Other assets (interest receivable) are not available to pay for current expend and therefore are deferred in the funds.	litures	30,994
Liabilities for earned but deferred revenues (property taxes receivable) in fur	nd statements.	11,951
Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore	are not	
reported in the funds:		
Installment purchases payable	\$ 345,595	
Compensated absences payable	80,969	
Accrued interest payable	2,298	(428,862)
		\$ 7,481,873

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2009

	General Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:		
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,441,804	\$ 1,441,804
Unrestricted intergovernmental	1,002,813	1,002,813
Restricted intergovernmental	186,807	186,807
Permits and fees	1,082,164	1,082,164
Investment income	82,405	82,405
Miscellaneous	6,545_	6,545
Total revenues	3,802,538	3,802,538
Expenditures:		
Current:		
General government	693,065	693,065
Public services	423,087	423,087
Public safety	739,319	739,319
Recreation	1,817,594	1,817,594
Total expenditures	3,673,065	3,673,065
Excess of revenues over expenditures	129,473	129,473
Other financing sources:		
Insurance recovery	18.554	18,554
Sale of capital assets	3,000_	3,000
Total other financing sources	21,554	21,554
Net change in fund balances	151,027	151,027
Fund balances at beginning of year, as restated	1,957,022	1,957,022_
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,108,049	\$ 2,108,049

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2009

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities:

and changes in rund balances to the Gatement of Activities.		
Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	151,027
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which		
depreciation (\$270,217) exceeded capital outlays (\$84,946) in the current period.		(185,271)
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets is to increase net assets.		1,555
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Change in deferred revenue for tax revenues Change in accrued investment interest		909 (68,655)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets.		
Repayment of principal of long-term debt		212,351
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds. Change in accrued interest expense Compensated absences		1,476 (8,229)
Changes in net assets of governmental activities	<u> \$ </u>	105,163

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Pudanta	d Amounts	Actual	Variance With Final	
	Original	Final	Actual	Positive (Negative)	
	Original	1 11141	Amounts	(Hogadie)	
Revenues:					
Ad valorem taxes	\$ 1,438,000	\$ 1,438,000	\$ 1,441,804	\$ 3,804	
Unrestricted intergovernmental	1,064,700	1,064,700	1,002,813	(61,887)	
Restricted intergovernmental	124,000	229,863	186,807	(43,056)	
Services and fees	1,106,700	1,110,700	1,082,164	(28,536)	
Investment income	95,000	95,000	82,405	(12,595)	
Miscellaneous	1,000	1,000	6,545	5,545	
Total revenues	3,829,400	3,939,263	3,802,538	(136,725)	
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	772,692	780,692	693,065	87,627	
Public services	782,595	782,5 9 5	423,087	359,508	
Public safety	798,189	798,189	739,319	58,870	
Recreation	1,919,796	1,988,350_	1,817,594	170,756	
Total expenditures	4,273,272	4,349,826	3,673,065	676,761	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(443,872)	(410,563)	129,473	540,036	
Other financing sources:					
Sale of capital assets	-	-	3,000	3,000	
Insurance recovery		18,554	18,554	<u>-</u>	
Total other financing sources		18,554	21,554	3,000	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
and other sources over					
expenditures	(443,872)	(392,009)	151,027	543,036	
Fund balance appropriated	443,872	392,009		(392,009)	
Revenues, other sources and					
fund balance appropriated over					
expenditures	\$ -	<u> </u>	151,027	<u>\$ 151,027</u>	
Fund balance at beginning of year, as restated			1,957,022		
Fund balance at end of year			\$ 2,108,049		

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2009

	Enterprise Funds Major	Total	
ASSETS	Water and Sewer	Enterprise Funds	
Current assets:		-	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,817,691	\$ 3,817,691	
Accrued interest receivable	5,063	5,063	
Accounts receivable, net	140,250	140,250	
Accounts receivable - unbilled	70,053	70,053	
Due from other governments	217,519	217,519	
Prepaid items	22,735	22,735	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	21,891	21,891	
Total current assets	4,295,202	4,295,202	
Capital assets:			
Water rights	2,200,644	2,200,644	
Wastewater treatment rights, net	2,684,531	2,684,531	
Land and other nondepreciable assets	14,460	14,460	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	7,104,952	7,104,952	
Total capital assets	12,004,587	12,004,587	
Total assets	<u>\$ 16,299,789</u>	\$ 16,299,789	
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 88,448	\$ 88,448	
Accrued interest	5,021	5,021	
Customer deposits	21,891	21,891	
Compensated absences, current	6,600	6,600	
Current portion of long-term debt	425,840	425,840	
Total current liabilities	547,800	547,800	
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Compensated absences	21,579	21,579	
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	118,368	118,368	
Total noncurrent liabilities	139,947	139,947	
Total liabilities	687,747	687,747	
Net assets:			
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	11,460,379	11,460,379	
Unrestricted	4,151,663	4,151,663	
Total net assets	\$ 15,612,042	\$ 15,612,042	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Enterprise Funds		
	Major	Total	
	Water and Sewer	Enterprise Funds	
Operating revenues:			
Charges for sales and services	\$ 2,449,590	\$ 2,449,590	
Other operating revenues	23,876	23,876	
Total operating revenues	2,473,466	2,473,466	
Operating expenses:			
Salaries and employee benefits	509,647	509,647	
Contracted services	54,957	54,957	
Contractual payment for wastewater treatment	427,967	427,967	
Supplies and materials	38,031	38,031	
Purchase of water	436,903	436,903	
Repairs and maintenance	7,406	7,406	
Other operating expenditures	48,870	48,870	
Depreciation and amortization	382,886	382,886	
Total operating expenses	1,906,667_	1,906,667	
Operating income	566,799	566,799	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):			
Payments to Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority	(23,393)	(23,393)	
Investment income	138,580	138,580	
Interest expense	(39,628)	(39,628)	
Total nonoperating revenues	75,559	75,559	
Income before contributions	642,358	642,358	
Capital contributions	60,000	60,000	
Change in net assets	702,358	702,358	
Total net assets, beginning	14,909,684	14,909,684	
Total net assets, ending	\$ 15,612,042	\$ 15,612,042	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Enterprise Funds			
	Major Water and			Total
				Enterprise
		Sewer		Funds
Cash flows from operating activities:		-		
Cash received from customers	\$	2,261,615	\$	2,261,615
Cash paid for goods and services		(958,703)		(958,703)
Cash paid to employees for services		(509,892)		(509,892)
Customer deposits refunded		(6,700)		(6,700)
Customer deposits received		9,500		9,500
Other operating revenues		23,876	_	23,876
Net cash provided by operating activities		819,696		819,696
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:				
Payment to Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority		(23,393)		(23,393)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:				
Acquisition and construction of capital assets		(433,461)		(433,461)
Principal and interest payments on long-term debt		(446,692)		(446,692)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities		(880,153)		(880,153)
Cash flavor from investing activities:				
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest and dividends		158,038	_	158,038
Net cash provided by investing activities		158,038		158,038
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		74,188		74,188
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		3,765,394		3,765,394
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	<u>\$</u>	3,839,582	<u>\$</u>	3,839,582
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at end of year:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	3,817,691	\$	3,817,691
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	•	21,891	·	21,891
·	\$	3,839,582	\$	3,839,582
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided				
by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	566.799	\$	566,799
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash	Ψ	500,733	Ψ	300,133
provided by operating activities:				
Depreciation and amortization		382,886		382,886
Change in assets and liabilities:		302,000		302,000
Increase in accounts receivable		(115.492)		(115.492)
Increase in prepaid items		(115,482) (16,382)		(115,482)
		, , ,		(16,382)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities		4,978		4,978
Decrease in retainage payable		(10,000)		(10,000)
Increase in customer deposits		2,800		2,800
Increase in compensated absences		4,097		4,097
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$</u>	819,696	<u>\$</u>	819,696

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Jamestown (the "Town") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Jamestown is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a four-member council.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations, if applicable, are made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The Town was not required to make any eliminations in the current year. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are to be aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The Town currently has no non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, state and federal grants, various other taxes and licenses and golf course fees. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, sanitation services, recreation (including golf course) and general government administration.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for good, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Note 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under installment purchase agreements are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after yearend, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the subsequent year. Also, as of January 1, 1993, state law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, Guilford County is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts in the County, including the Town of Jamestown. For motor vehicles registered under the staggered system, property taxes are due the first day of the fourth month after the vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they become due. Therefore, the Town's vehicle taxes for vehicles registered in Guilford County from March 2008 through February 2009 apply to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. Uncollected taxes that were billed during this period are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the state at year end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30,

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

1989 that do not contradict GASB pronouncements in its accounting and reporting practices for its proprietary operations.

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for multi-year funds. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer appropriations within departments of a fund, and between departments up to \$25,000; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a fund or department more than \$25,000 must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by state law [G. S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G. S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the state of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain nonguaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The securities of the NCCMT Cash Portfolio, an SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected.

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G. S. 105-347 and G. S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2008. As allowed by state law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years, as well as including specific accounts believed to be uncollectible.

6. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the General Fund are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market and consist of goods held for resale. The cost of these inventories is recorded as an expense as the inventories are consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain amount and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

Minimum capitalization costs are as follows:

	 Cost
Land	\$ 100
Land improvements	5,000
Buildings and improvements	20,000
Vehicles, furniture and equipment	5,000
Infrastructure	50,000

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at time of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

As a part of the implementation of GASB Statement 34, the Town is permitted to forgo the retroactive reporting of governmental infrastructure networks. The Town has chosen to do so.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives:

	<u>Useful Life</u>
Land improvements, buildings and infrastructure Furniture, fixtures, equipment, heavy equipment	20 to 50 years
and vehicles	5 to 10 years
Computer equipment and software	3 to 5 years

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

9. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

10. Net Assets/Fund Balances

Net Assets

Net assets in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net assets represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance represent amounts that cannot be appropriated or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

State law [G. S. 159-13(b)(16)] restricts appropriation of fund balance for the subsequent year's budget to an amount not to exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts as those amounts stand at the close of the fiscal year preceding the budget year.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

10. Net Assets/Fund Balances

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

RESERVED:

Reserved for inventories - portion of fund balance that is not available for appropriation because it represents the year end fund balance of ending inventories, which are not expendable, available resources.

Reserved for prepaid items - portion of fund balance that is not available for appropriation because it represents the year end fund balance of ending prepaid items, which are not expendable, available resources.

Reserved for commitments – portion of fund balance available to pay for commitments related to purchase orders or contracts which remain unperformed at year-end

Reserved by state statute - portion of fund balance, which is <u>not</u> available for appropriation under state law [G. S. 159-8(a)]. This amount is usually comprised of accounts receivable and interfund receivables which have not been offset by deferred revenues.

Reserved for streets - Powell Bill - portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation but legally segregated for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

UNRESERVED:

Designated for subsequent year's expenditures - portion of the total fund balance available for appropriation that has been designated for the adopted 2009 – 2010 budget ordinance.

Undesignated - portion of the total fund balance available for appropriation that is uncommitted at year end.

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows.

However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2009, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$4,295,521, and a bank balance of \$4,428,552. Of the bank balance, \$881,683 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. The Town had \$1,100 of petty cash on hand at June 30, 2009.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2009, the Town of Jamestown had \$1,520,525 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAA by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no formal policy regarding credit risk.

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

A. Assets (Continued)

3. Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2009 were as follows:

	Accounts	Taxes	Due from Other Governments	Total	Accrued Interest Receivable
Governmental activities: General Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 2,268 (345)	\$ 29,418 (17,467)	\$ 212,571	\$ 244,257 (17,812)	\$ 30,994
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,923</u>	<u>\$ 11,951</u>	<u>\$ 212,571</u>	<u>\$ 226,445</u>	<u>\$ 30,994</u>
Business-type activities: Water and Sewer Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$ 219,803 (9,500)	\$ - 	\$ 217,519 	\$ 437,322 (9,500)	\$ 5,063
Total business-type activities	\$ 210,303	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 217,519</u>	\$ 427,822	\$ 5,063

4. Due from Governmental Agencies

Amounts due from governmental agencies consist of the following:

	County	State	Total
General Fund Sales and use tax distribution Gibson Park reimbursement Sales tax refunds Other	\$ - 72,830 - 22,977	\$ 86,789 - 21,975 8,000	\$ 86,789 72,830 21,975 30,977
	<u>\$ 95,807</u>	<u>\$ 116,764</u>	<u>\$ 212,571</u>
Water and Sewer Fund Adams Farm sewer Sales tax refunds	\$ 211,626 	\$ - 5,893 \$ 5,893	\$ 211,626 5,893 \$ 217,519

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

A. Assets (Continued)

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Beginning Balances, as <u>Restated</u>	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,978,777	\$ 46,075	\$ -	\$ 2,024,852
Construction-in-progress	22,161	5,974		<u>28,135</u>
Total capital assets not being				
depreciated	2,000,938	<u>52,049</u>	<u>\$</u>	2,052,987
Capital assets being depreciated:				•
Land improvements	2,815,436	-	\$ (49,396)	2,766,040
Buildings	3,537,895	11,690	=	3,549,585
Equipment and vehicles	<u>1,404,805</u>	28,707	<u>(78,544)</u>	<u>1,354,968</u>
Total capital assets being				
Depreciated	<u>7,758,136</u>	40,397	<u>\$ (127,940)</u>	7,670,593
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Land improvements	1,772,685	66,273	\$ (49,396)	1,789,562
Buildings	1,176,881	81,076	-	1,257,957
Equipment and vehicles	866,051	122,868	(72,599)	916,320
Total accumulated depreciation	3,815,617	270,217	<u>\$ (121,995)</u>	3,963,839
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	<u>3,942,519</u>			3,706,754
Governmental activity capital assets, net	<u>\$ 5,943,457</u>			<u>\$ 5,759,741</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

General government Public services	\$ 38,695 69,617
Public safety Culture and Recreation	49,818 <u>112,087</u>
	<u>\$270,217</u>

Note 2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)</u>

A. Assets (Continued)

5. Capital Assets (Continued)

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Business-type activities:				
Water and Sewer Fund:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				_
Construction-in-progress	\$ <u>26,336</u>	\$ <u>6,736</u>	\$ <u>(18,612</u>)	\$ <u>14,460</u>
Capital assets being amortized or depreciated:				
Water rights	2,186,675	13,969	-	2,200,644
Wastewater treatment rights	3,450,000		-	3,450,000
Infrastructure – distribution systems	10,088,964	491,368	-	10,580,332
Buildings	109,493	-	-	109,493
Equipment	970,424			970,424
Total capital assets being amortized or				
depreciated	<u>16,805,556</u>	<u>\$ 505,337</u>	<u>\$</u>	17,310,893
Less accumulated amortization or				
depreciation for:			•	
Water rights	-	\$ -	\$ -	_
Wastewater treatment rights	679,219	86,250	-	765,469
Infrastructure - distribution systems	3,688,563	206,048	-	3,894,611
Buildings	87 476	1,740	-	89,216
Equipment	482,622	<u>88,848</u>		<u>571,470</u>
Total accumulated amortization and				
depreciation	4,937,880	<u>\$ 382,886</u>	<u>\$</u>	5,320,766
Total capital assets being amortized or				
depreciated, net	11,867,676			<u>11,990,127</u>
Mater and Course Found against accepts	44 904 646			10.004.507
Water and Sewer Fund capital assets, net	11,894,012			<u>12,004,587</u>

Construction Commitments

The Town has active construction projects as of June 30, 2009. At year-end, the Town's commitments with contractors are as follows:

<u>Project</u>	Spent-to-date	Remaining Commitment	
Electrical System Replacement	\$ -	\$109,155	
Center-town Park (land purchase)	46,075	68,925	

In addition, the Town has commitments for other services of approximately \$31,500.

Note 2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)</u>

A. Assets (Continued)

6. Wastewater Treatment Rights

The Town entered into a joint-use facility agreement with the City of High Point on May 31, 2000. The agreement required the Town to pay \$3,450,000 for its share of the capacity-use allocation to upgrade and expand the Eastside Wastewater Treatment Plant. This cost is being amortized over 40 years using the straight-line method.

Rights purchased Accumulated amortization	\$ 3,450,000 (765,469)
Unamortized balance	<u>\$ 2,684,531</u>
Future amortization is as follows:	
Year Ending June 30,	
2010	\$ 86,250
2011	86,250
2012	86,250
2013	86,250
2014	86,250
Thereafter	2,253,281
	<u>\$ 2,684,531</u>

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2009, were as follows:

	<u>Vendors</u>	Salaries and Benefits	Total	Accrued Interest
Governmental activities: General	<u>\$ 121,263</u>	<u>\$ 26,603</u>	<u>\$ 147,866</u>	<u>\$ 2,298</u>
Business-type activities: Water and Sewer	<u>\$ 79,273</u>	<u>\$ 9,175</u>	<u>\$ 88,448</u>	\$ <u>5,021</u>

2. Pension Plan Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Jamestown contributes to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the state of North Carolina. LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G. S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The state's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute 6% of their annual covered salary. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the Town, the current rate for employees not engaged in law enforcement is 4.98% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of members and of the Town of Jamestown are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2009, 2008 and 2007 were \$55,219, \$54,546, and \$63,525, respectively. The contributions made by the Town equaled the required contributions for each year.

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

2. Pension Plan Obligations (Continued)

State 401(k) Supplemental Retirement Income Plan

The Town, upon the approval of the Town Council, has elected to include all permanent, full-time employees under the State 401(k) Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, administered by the NC Department of State Treasurer and sponsored by the State of North Carolina. Participation begins 90 days after the date of employment. Article 5 of General Statute 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The Town has elected to contribute each month an amount equal to 4.5% of each participant's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, participants may make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The Town's contributions were calculated using a covered payroll amount of \$1,208,391. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2009 were \$106,542, which consisted of \$54,378 from the Town and \$52,164 from employees. The Town's contributions and the employees' voluntary contributions represent 4.5% and 4.3%, respectively, of the covered payroll amount.

Other Post-Employment Benefits

According to a Town resolution, the Town provides post-retirement health care benefits to retirees of the Town, provided they have at least twenty years of service specifically with the Town. The Town pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits, subject to the availability of funds appropriated in the annual budget, and as approved by the Town Council. In addition, the Town's retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the Town's group rates. Currently, five retirees are eligible for post-retirement health benefits. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, the Town made payments for post-retirement health premiums of \$43,794. The Town obtains health care coverage through the League of Municipalities and finances the coverage on a pay-as-you-go basis.

3. Other Employment Benefit

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of

Note 2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)</u>

B. Liabilities (Continued)

3. Other Employment Benefit (Continued)

contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

In addition, the Town provides life insurance benefits of \$10,000 per employee through the Municipal Insurance Trust

4. <u>Deferred/Unearned Revenues</u>

The balance in deferred/unearned revenues in the General Fund at year end is comprised of the following elements:

		eferred evenues		nearned evenues		Total
Property taxes Other	\$	11,951 	\$	6 <u>,556</u>	\$	11,951 <u>6,556</u>
	<u>\$</u>	<u> 11,951</u>	<u>\$</u>	6,556	<u>\$</u>	18,507

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

5. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance coverage which provides for the following types of major coverage for the amounts of retained risk noted: general liability (\$5,000,000), worker's compensation (\$1,000,000) and public officials' liability (\$1,000,000). There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Because the Town has structures in one location that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the Town is eligible to purchase coverage through the National Flood Insurance Plan (NFIP) for these structures. The Town has opted not to purchase this insurance. The contents of the buildings are covered under other insurance.

In accordance with G.S 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is individually bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$20,000.

6. Commitments

The Town has entered into an agreement with the Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority to assist in the repayment of debt for the construction of the Randleman Reservoir water treatment plant. Under the terms of this agreement, the Town is obligated to pay approximately \$2,495,000 to the Authority over a twenty-year period which is to begin in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011. Future estimated payments to the Authority are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2011	134,867
2012	134,867
2013	134,867
2014	134,867
2015	134,867
Next 5 years	674,335
Next 5 years	674,335
Next 5 years	472,036
	<u>\$2,495,041</u>

Note 2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)</u>

B. Liabilities (Continued)

6. Commitments (Continued)

In addition, the Town is obligated to pay the Town's pro rata share (2.5%) of the Authority's annual operating budget.

7. Long-Term Obligations

a. Operating Leases

The Town leases golf carts and other equipment under noncancelable operating leases terminating in fiscal years 2010, 2012 and 2013. Total expenditures on operating leases amounted to \$111,503 during fiscal year 2009.

Future minimum commitments for operating leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	
2010	\$ 87,572
2011	86,627
2012	84,314
2013	 28,323

Total future minimum lease payments

\$ 286.836

b. Installment Purchase Agreements

The Town has entered into installment purchase agreements with High Point Bank & Trust Company, N.A. as follows.

Governmental Activities:

Note payable to High Point Bank, executed October 2007 at \$123,739, interest and principal payable in 20 quarterly installments of \$6,894 each with interest payable at 4.15%, secured by a leaf truck.

\$89,295

Note payable to High Point Bank, executed May 1998 at \$248,222, interest and principal payable in 180 monthly installments of \$3,599 each with interest payable at 5.1%, unsecured, for purchase on land.

152,922

Note 2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)</u>

- B. Liabilities (Continued)
 - 7. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)
 - b. Installment Purchase Agreements (Continued)

Note payable to High Point Bank, executed November 2006 at \$109,762, interest and principal payable in 20 quarterly installments of \$6,088 each with interest payable at 3.99%, secured by a sanitation truck.

57,576

Note payable to High Point Bank, executed August 2000 at \$445,800, interest and principal payable in 40 quarterly installments of \$33,333 each with interest payable at 5.3%, secured by lots 1 - 7 (Section 1) of Ragsdale Acres, for construction of a fire station.

45,802 345,595

Less current portion

128,471

\$ 217,124

The future minimum payments on the notes payable as of June 30, 2009 are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	<u></u> F	Principal		nterest		Total
2010	\$	128,471	\$	13,229	\$	141,700
2011		86,534		8,575		95,109
2012		78,298		4,597		82,895
2013		52,292		1,230		53,522
	<u>\$</u>	345 <u>,595</u>	<u>\$</u>	27,631	<u>\$</u>	373,226

Note 2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)</u>

- B. Liabilities (Continued)
 - 7. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)
 - b. Installment Purchase Agreements (Continued)

Business-Type Activities:

Enterprise Fund - Water/Sewer Fund

Note payable to High Point Bank, executed August 2000 at \$1,693,700, interest and principal payable in 40 quarterly installments of \$111,673 each with interest payable at 5.3%, secured by lots 1 - 7 (Section 1) of Ragsdale Acres, for improvements to Eastside Wastewater Treatment Plant.

\$ 544,208

Less current portion

425,840

<u>\$ 118,368</u>

The long-term debt requirements to maturity for the Enterprise Funds are as follows:

Enterprise Fund - Water/Sewer Fund

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	<u></u> F	Principal	 nterest	 Total
2010 2011	\$	425,840 118,368	\$ 20,851 <u>1,608</u>	\$ 446,691 119,976
	\$	544,208	\$ 22,459	\$ 566,667

At June 30, 2009, the Town had a legal debt margin of \$32,194,161.

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

7. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

c. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2009, the following changes occurred in long-term obligations:

	Balance July 1, 2008, <u>As Restated</u>	Increases	Decreases	Balance June 30, 2009	Current Portion of Balance
Governmental activities:					
Installment purchases	\$ 557,946	\$ -	\$ 212,351	\$ 345,595	\$ 128,471
Compensated absences	<u>72,740</u>	34,243	<u>26,013</u>	<u>80,970</u>	<u>25,800</u>
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 630,686</u>	<u>\$ 34,243</u>	<u>\$ 238,364</u>	<u>\$ 426,565</u>	<u>\$ 154,271</u>
Business-type activities:					
Installment purchases	\$ 948,033	\$ -	\$ 403,825	\$ 544,208	\$ 425,840
Compensated absences	24,082	10,699	6,603	28,179	6,600
Total business-type activities	\$ 972,11 <u>5</u>	<u>\$ 10,699</u>	\$ 410,428	<u>\$ 572,387</u>	\$ 432,440

Compensated absences have typically been liquidated in the General Fund. Total interest expense incurred during the year amounted to \$61,171.

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

C. Fund Balances

Effective July 1, 2008, the Jamestown Park Fund (a proprietary fund) was merged into the General Fund (a governmental fund) as a department under the Recreation function. The assets, liabilities, and net assets (which would become fund balance), with the exception of capital assets and compensated absences, were added to the July 1, 2008 balances of the General Fund. The capital assets and compensated absences of the former Jamestown Park fund were included in the reconciliation to the government-wide Statement of Net Assets, as of June 30, 2009.

The July 1, 2008 Jamestown Park Fund balances that were added to the July 1, 2008 General Fund balances are shown below in detail, as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents	\$165,392
Accounts receivable, net	1,014
Inventories	51,297
Prepaid items	3,522
Restricted cash	500
Accounts payable	(16,446)
Customer deposits	(500)
Gift Cards Outstanding	(9,087)
Loyalty rewards to be redeemed	_(10,200)
Net assets (to become fund balance)	\$ <u>(185,492)</u>

The July 1, 2008 balance of capital assets and compensated absences from the Jamestown Park Fund is shown below, as follows:

Land and other nondepreciable assets Other capital assets, net of depreciation	\$297,898 <u>559,977</u> <u>\$857,875</u>
Compensated absences	<u>\$(30,776)</u>

Beginning fund balances and net assets were restated as follows:

Beginning fund balances, General Fund	\$1,771,530
Addition	<u>185,492</u>
Beginning fund balance, as restated	\$1,957,022
Beginning net assets, Governmental	\$6,364,119
Addition	1,012,591
Beginning net assets, as restated	\$7,376,710

Note 3. Joint Ventures

The Town, in conjunction with five other governments, has entered into a joint governmental agreement with the Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority. The Authority was established to construct a dam facility, water treatment plant and related distribution lines. The dam construction has been completed, and construction of the water treatment plant and distribution lines is under way. The participating governments are legally obligated under the intergovernmental agreement that created the Authority to contribute a pre-determined share of the construction costs. During the year ended June 30, 2009, the Town made a \$37,362 contribution to the Authority, representing \$13,969 of capital and \$23,393 of operating expenses. According to the joint governmental agreement, the participating governments do not have an equity interest in the joint venture, but rather rights to water in the reservoir. After the water treatment plant and distribution lines are completed, the participating governments have the right to purchase future treated water based upon their pre-determined share, according to a uniform rate structure to be set by the Authority. Accordingly, an intangible asset in the amount of \$2,200,644 has been recorded at cost in the government-wide financial statements at June 30, 2009. Complete financial statements for the Authority can be obtained from the Authority's administrative offices at 2216 West Meadowview Road, Greensboro, North Carolina.

Note 4. Jointly Governed Organization

The Town, in conjunction with six counties and 25 other municipalities, established the Piedmont Triad Regional Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The Town paid membership fees of \$697 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

Note 5. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal- and State-Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Ad valorem taxes:			
Taxes	\$ -	\$ 1,438,620	\$ -
Interest	-	3,184	-
Total	1,438,000	1,441,804	3,804
Unrestricted intergovernmental:			
Local option sales tax	=	352,627	-
Telecommunications sales tax	-	90,191	-
Utility franchise tax	-	84,636	•
Piped natural gas tax	-	90,905	-
Video franchise fee	-	51,373	-
Solid waste disposal tax	-	1,014	-
ABC distribution	-	50,000	-
Beer and wine tax	-	15,130	-
Reimbursement from Guilford County - Gibson Park	-	266,937	
Total	1,064,700	1,002,813	(61,887)
Restricted intergovernmental:			
Powell Bill allocation	-	102,815	-
Other state, federal and local grants		83,992	
Total	229,863	186,807	(43,056)
Services and fees:			
Cable franchise fees	-	6,651	-
Cell tower franchise fees	-	44,344	-
Refuse collection fees	-	100,787	-
Planning and development fees	-	20,806	-
Rentals	-	31,021	-
Golf operations	-	878,476	-
Other fees		79	
Total	1,110,700	1,082,164	(28,536)
Investment income	95,000	82,405	(12,595)
Miscellaneous:			
Contributions and donations	-	3,950	-
Other		2,595	
	1,000	6,545	5,545
Total revenues	3,939,263	3,802,538	(136,725)
	-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-1-1-1-1	

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2009

	D 4.4	A 14 - 1	Variance Positive
Expenditures:	Budget	Actual	(Negative)
General government:			
Governing Body:			
Other operating expenditures	29,788_	20,661	9,127
Administration:			
Salaries and employee benefits	•	290,538	-
Professional services	-	17,175	-
Other operating expenditures	<u></u> _	56,150_	
Total	373,550	363,863	9,687
Planning:			
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ -	\$ 61,003	\$ -
Contractual services	-	103,953	-
Other operating expenditures	<u></u> _	15,574	
Total	219,370	180,530	38,840
Buildings and Grounds:			
Employee benefits - retiree	-	8,759	-
Other operating expenditures	_	70,603	-
Capital outlay	-	5,465	-
Debt service	<u></u> _	43,184	
Total	157,984	128,011	29,973
Total general government	780,692	693,065	87,627
Public services:			
Streets:			
Other operating expenditures	-	109,043	-
Capital outlay	-	5,974	-
Debt service		27,575	
Total	<u> 188,075</u>	142,592	45,483
Streets - Powell Bill:			
Contractual services	-	15,386	-
Other operating expenditures	261,550	<u>48</u> 15,434	246,116
		10,101	2-10,110
Sanitation:		40.070	
Salaries and employee benefits	-	48,972	•
Other operating expenditures Debt service	-	191,738	-
Total	332,970	24,351 265,061	67,909
Total public services	782,595	423,087	359,508
Public safety:			
Fire:			
Employee benefits - retiree	_	8,759	
Contractual services	-	254,822	_
Other operating expenditures	-	6,039	_
Debt service	-	140,260	-
Total	410,489	409,880	609
Police:			
Contractual services	-	312,408	-
Other operating expenditures		17,031	-
Total	387,700	329,439	58,261
Total public safety	798,189	739,319	58,870

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year	Ended	June	30.	2009
------	--------------	------	-----	------

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Recreation:			
Recreation:			
Salaries and employee benefits	-	142,002	-
Other operating expenditures	-	51,304	.
Library contribution	-	104,931	-
Historic Jamestown contribution	-	21,000	-
YMCA contribution	-	107,200	-
Jamestown Swing contribution	-	4,462	-
Capital outlay		53,577	
Total	593,312	484,476	108,836
Golf Course:			
Salaries and employee benefits	-	577,946	-
Supplies and materials	-	245,272	•
Contractual services	-	138,291	-
Other operating expenditures	-	101,431	
Capital outlay		19,930_	-
Total	1,133,038	1,082,870_	50,168
Gibson Park:			
Salaries and employee benefits	-	194,185	-
Other operating expenditures	•	56,063	-
Total	262,000	250,248	11,752
Total recreation	1,988,350	1,817,594	170,756
Total expenditures	4,349,826	3,673,065	676,761
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(410,563)	129,473	540,036
Other financing sources:			
Sale of capital assets	-	3.000	3,000
Insurance recovery	18,554	18,554	-
Fund balance appropriated	392,009		(392,009)
Total other financing sources	410,563	21,554	(389,009)
Revenues and other sources over			
expenditures	<u> </u>	151,027	\$ 151,027
Fund balance:			
Beginning of year, July 1, as restated		1,957,022	
End of year, June 30		\$ 2,108,049	

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Operating revenues:			
Charges for services:	± 4.045.000	e 700 457	e (054.540)
Water sales Sewer service charges	\$ 1,045,000	\$ 793,457	\$ (251,543)
Sewer service charges	1,675,000	1,656,133	(18,867)
Total	2,720,000	2,449,590	(270,410)
Other operating revenues	21,000	23,876	2,876
Total operating revenues	2,741,000	2,473,466	(267,534)
Nonoperating revenues:			
Interest income	81,500	106,912	25,412
Total revenues	2,822,500	2,580,378	(242,122)
Expenditures:			
Salaries and employee benefits	_	509,647	-
Contracted services	-	54,957	-
Contractual payment for wastewater treatment	· -	427,967	-
Supplies and materials	-	38,031	-
Purchase of water	-	436,903	-
Repairs and maintenance	-	7,406	-
Other operating expenditures	•	48,870	-
Payments on notes payable	-	446,692	-
Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority operating expenditures	-	23,393	•
Capital outlay		419,492	
Total expenditures	3,026,992	2,413,358	613,634
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(204,492)	167,020	371,512
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfer to Randleman Reservoir Fund	(38,000)	(38,000)	_
Net assets appropriated	242,492	(00,000,	(242,492)
11			
	204,492	(38,000)	(242,492)
Revenues and other sources over expenditures			
and other uses		129,020	\$ 129,020
Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) to full accrual basis:			
Reconciling items:			
Principal retirement		\$ 403,825	
Capital outlay		419,492	
Capital contributions		60,000	
Change in accrued interest on debt		3,239	
Depreciation		(296,636)	
Amortization		(86,250)	
Transfer - Randleman Reservoir Capital Reserve Fund		38,000	
Investment earnings - Randleman Reservoir Capital Reserve Fund		31,668	
•		573,338	
Change in net assets		\$ 702,358	

Schedule 3

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA RANDLEMAN RESERVOIR CAPITAL RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

Year Ended June 30, 2009

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues:			
Nonoperating revenues:			
Investment income	\$ 42,000	\$ 31,668	\$ (10,332)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfer from Water and Sewer Fund	38,000	38,000	-
Payment to Piedmont Triad Regional Water			
Authority	(15,000)	(13,969)	1,031
Reserve for future expenditures	(65,000)		65,000
Total other financing uses	(42,000)	24,031	66,031
Revenues and other sources over			
other uses	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 55,699	\$ 55,699



ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Schedule 4

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE -GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2009

Fiscal Year	Uncollected Balance July 1, 2008	Additions	Collections and Credits	Uncollected Balance June 30, 2009
2008-09	\$ -	\$ 1,483,909	\$ 1,470,947	\$ 12,962
2007-08	8,270	· , , .	5,539	2,731
2006-07	1,731	-	163	1,568
2005-06	1,788	_	11	1,777
2004-05	1,945	-	210	1,735
2003-04	4,477	=	6	4,471
2002-03	727	-	-	727
2001-02	797	•	-	797
2000-01	1,623	-	-	1,623
1999-00	1,027	-	-	1,027
1998-99	594		594	
	\$ 22,979	\$ 1,483,909	\$ 1,477,470	29,418
Less allowance for uncollectible taxes				(17,467)
				<u>\$ 11,951</u>
Reconcilement with revenues:				
Taxes - Ad Valorem - General Fund				\$ 1, 44 1,804
Reconciling items:				
Interest collected				(3,184)
Discounts and releases allowed an				38,256
Amounts written off for tax year 199	98-99 - per statute			
of limitations				594
Subtotal				35,666
Total collections and credits				\$ 1,477,470

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY -GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2009

				Tota	l Levy
		City-Wide		Property Excluding Registered	Registered
	Property Valuation	Rate	Total Levy	Motor Vehicles	Motor Vehicles
Original levy:					
Property taxes at current year's rate Property taxes at previous year's rate	\$ 368,907,297 25,356,286	\$ 0.37 0.35	\$ 1,364,957 88,747	\$ 1,322,154 -	\$ 42,803 88,747
	\$ 394,263,583		\$ 1,453,704	\$ 1,322,154	\$ 131,550
Discoveries:					
Current year taxes	8,163,425	0.37	30,205	30,205	<u> </u>
Total property valuation	\$ 402,427,008				
Net levy			1,483,909	1,352,359	131,550
Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2009			12,962	4,295	8,667
Current year's taxes collected			<u>\$ 1,470,947</u>	\$ 1,348,064	\$ 122,883
Current levy collection percentage			99.13%	99.68%	93.41%

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town of Jamestown's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends	
These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the Town's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	59
Revenue Capacity	
These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the Town's most significant local revenue source, the	
property tax.	65
Debt Capacity	
These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the Town's current levels of outstanding	
debt and the Town's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	70
Demographic and Economic Information	
These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which	
the Town's financial activities take place.	72
Operating Information	
These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the Town's	
financial report relates to the services the government	74
provides and the activities it performs.	74

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA
Net Assets by Component
Last Six Fiscal Years (1)
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Table 1

		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009	. 8
Net assets: Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	₩	3,468,241 273,076 1,322,974	⊕	4,155,997 278,974 961,474	₩	4,342,154 376,968		4,513,022 191,056 1510,324	₩	4,527,636 312,983	.	5,414,146 403,845	Ì,
Total governmental activities net assets	es.	5,064,291	₩	5,396,445	₩	5,939,801	↔	6,214,402	so.	6,364,119	ω	7,481,873	
Business-type activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted	₩.	10,266,664 4,417,245	↔	10,782,928 3,974,426	€	11,108,193 3,915,920	↔	11,612,380 3,768,870	₩	11,803,854	ь	11,460,379 4,151,663	
Total business-type activities net assets	ь	14,683,909	so.	14,757,354	ω	15,024,113	₩	15,381,250	s	15,922,275	so.	15,612,042	, 41
Primary government Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	(A	13,734,905 273,076 5,740,219	₩	14,938,925 278,974 4,935,900	₩	15,450,347 376,968 5,136,599	6	16,125,402 191,056 5,279,194	€	16,331,490 312,983 5,641,921	φ.	16,874,525 403,845 5,815,545	
Total primary government net assets	s	19,748,200	↔	20,153,799	↔	20,963,914	⇔	21,595,652	G	22,286,394	↔	23,093,915	

⁽¹⁾ Ten-year trend information is being developed in this table. Data is presented since implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34.

⁽²⁾ On July 1, 2008, the Jamestown Park Fund (a business-type activity) was merged into the General Fund (governmental activity).

Source: The sources for the data provided in the financial trends portion of the statistical section are the current and prior years' audited financial statements for the Town.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA
Changes in Net Assets
Last Six Fiscal Years (1)
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

: L		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009	. 🗟
Expenses Governmental activities: General government	₩	630,013	€	518,772	69	566,203	49	562,458	G	666,562	↔	694,587	
Public services		352,964		359,048		350,331		699,128		432,960		434,035	
Public safety Recreation		635,974		605,865		637,950		643,236		753,062		648,877	
Interest on long-term debt		64.852		53.146		390,132 42,612		539,139 34.524		705,606		1,859,641	
Total governmental activities expenses		2,019,127		1,984,911		2,187,248		2,578,485		2,589,310		3,658,683	
Business-type activities: Water and sewer		1.722.773		1.832.215		1 917 928		2 092 788		2 082 283		1 060 688	
Jamestown Park		1,026,247		1,037,525		1,004,459		1,088,844		1,088,115		-	
Total business-type activities expenses		2,749,020		2,869,740		2,922,387		3,181,632		3,170,378	E	1,969,688	
Total primary government expenses	ь	4,768,147	69	4,854,651	s o	5,109,635	69	5,760,117	ь	5,759,688	ø	5,628,371	
Program revenues													
Charges for services:													
General government	€9	87,900	ક્ર	68,512	€9	107,566	s)	58,225	49	13,122	49	23,945	
Public services		1,667		3,358		4,039		6,774		79,949		100,787	
runic salety Recreation		81.598		40 427		41 677		20.414		- 25 464		- 200	
Operating grants and contributions:				i Î				t (0)		104,62		900,437	
General government		1		•		•		1		3,537		8,750	
Public services		96,423		106,436		114,027		122,510		122,183		107,029	
rubiic sarety Recreation		80,858 50,000		135,823		90 265.077		286.072		312 424		316 937	
Capital grants and contributions:										! !		5	
Public services Recreation		27,879		5,241		17,610		88,001		8,697		7,500	
Total governmental activities program revenues Business time activities	5	426,428		359,801		550,086		590,996		565,373		25,992 1,497,377	
Charges for services:													
Water and sewer		1,843,925		1,964,797		2,219,015		2,419,648		2,452,378		2,473,466	
Jamestown Park Capital grants and contributions:		906,771		876,128		921,039		909,015		962,453		•	
Water and sewer		•		•		9.432		48 000				80 000	
Total business-type activities program revenues		2,750,696		2,840,925		3,149,486		3,376,663		3,414,831		2,533,466	
Total primary government program revenues	ь	3,177,122	69	3,200,726	ß	3,699,572	ь	3,967,659	s	3,980,204	ь	4.030.843	
			į						.		,	((-	

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA (Accrual Basis of Accounting) Changes in Net Assets Last Six Fiscal Years (1)

Table 2, continued

Not feverence to manage a		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009 (2)
Governmental activities Business-type activities	↔	(1,582,244) 1,676	↔	(1,612,223) (28,815)	s s	(1,623,795) 226.974	69	(1,974,103) 194,928	6	(2,010,360)	€	(2,161,306)
Total primary government net expense	s	(1,580,568)	မှာ	(1,641,038)	σ	(1,396,821)	ss.	(1,779,175)	69	(1,765,907)	\$	(1,597,528)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities: Taxes:	ssets											
Property taxes, levied for general purposes Other taxes Grants and contributions on rectified	⇔	1,047,118 557,988	↔	1,287,509 588,820	•	1,318,521 648,821	69	1,331,821 733,955	s)	1,358,432 835,376	•	1,442,713 785,857
to specific programs Investment income, unrestricted		154,172 27,644		63,686 37,151		64,390 90,451		64,844 131,470		123,403		13,750
Miscellaneous Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Transfers		7,777 436,975 (51,400)		31,498 (51,400)		1,280 (11,645) 68,700				4,332 1,318 (150,000)	i	18,554 2,595 3,000
lotal governmental activities Business-type activities:		2,180,274	į	1,957,264		2,180,518		2,262,090		2,172,861		2,266,469
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific Investment income, unrestricted Miscellaneous	_	57,931 59,896 12,552		3,755 76,130 13,705		112,274		- 154,193 -		146,237		138,580
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Transfers Total business-type activities		(2,687) 51,400 179,092		(11,892) 51,400 133,098		(3,914) (68,700) 39,660		7,913		335 150,000 296,572		138,580
Total primary government	₩.	2,359,366	æ	2,090,362	s	2,220,178	69	2,424,196	s	2,469,433	ιs	2,405,049
Change in net assets: Governmental activities Business-type activities	↔	598,030 180,768	↔	345,041 104,283	€9	556,723 266,634	⇔	287,987 357,034	es	162,501 541,025	w	105,163 702,358
Total primary government	မှာ	778,798	so.	449,324	s s	823,357	69	645,021	S	703,526	s s	807,521

(1) Ten-year trend information is being developed in this table. Data is presented since implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. (2) On July 1, 2008, the Jamestown Park Fund (a business-type activity) was merged into the General Fund (governmental activity).

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA
Program Revenues by Function
Last Six Fiscal Years (1)
(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table 3

•	2004	2002	2006	2007	2008	2009 (2)
Governmental activities: General government Public services Public safety Recreation	\$ 87,900 125,969 80,959 131,598	\$ 68,512 115,035 4 176,250	\$ 107,566 135,676 90 306,754	\$ 58,225 217,285 315,486	\$ 16,659 210,829 - 337,885	\$ 32,695 215,316 - 1,249,366
Subtotal for governmental activities	426,426	359,801	550,086	590,996	565,373	1,497,377
Business-type activities Water and sewer Jamestown Park	1,843,925	1,964,797 876,128	2,228,447	2,467,648 909,015	2,452,378 962,453	2,473,466 N/A
Subtotal for business-type activities	2,750,696	2,840,925	3,149,486	3,376,663	3,414,831	2,473,466
Total primary government	\$ 3,177,122	\$ 3,200,726	\$ 3,699,572	\$ 3,967,659	\$ 3,980,204	\$ 3,970,843

⁽¹⁾ Ten-year trend information is being developed in this table. Data is presented since implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34.

⁽²⁾ On July 1, 2008, the Jamestown Park Fund (a business-type activity) was merged into the General Fund (governmental activity).

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2008	2007	2008	2009	_ €
Fund Balance											
General Fund											
Reserved:											
Reserved for inventories	•	, \$	·	, 69	· •>	ر جه	· •>	•	₩	\$ 45,35	-
Reserved for prepaid items	•	•	•	•	•	•	125	228	7,479	51,174	4
Reserved for commitments	•	•		•	•	•	•	•	76,511	209,62	_
Reserved by state statute	5,994	29,428	57,458	94,445	190,373	162,408	189,178	198,573	219,469	214,49	4
Reserved for streets - Powell Bill	327,027	229,722	300,047	324,109	273,076	278,974	376,968	191,056	312,983	403,84	'n
Unreserved:											
Designated for subsequent year's expenditures	34,300	169,344	1,061,640	1) 1,037,547 (1) 191,213	•	•	305,621	282,372	317,20	_
Undesignated	1,665,231	1,892,299	843,251	511,335	939,625	802,257	1,039,897	969,264	872,716	866,354	۰
Total general fund	\$ 2,032,552	\$ 2,320,793	\$ 2,262,396	\$ 1,967,436 ((2) \$ 1,594,287	(2) \$ 1,243,639 (3) \$ 1,606,168	\$ 1,664,742	\$ 1,771,530	\$ 2,108,04	ച

(1) - Town Hall renovation budgeted

(2) - Fund balance was expended on Town Hall renovation expenditures

(3) - Fund balance was expended on construction of new recreational fields and facilities

(4) - On July 1, 2008, the Jamestown Park Fund (a business-type activity) was merged into the General Fund (governmental activity). The inventories at Jamestown Park are now included in the General Fund.

Table 5

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Revenues	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009 (4)
Ad Valorem Taxee (3) Unrestricted Intergovernmental Restricted Intergovernmental Permits and fees Investment income Miscellaneous	\$ 845,948 674,644 102,146 22,654 75,165 83,962	\$ 845,701 765,896 132,667 22,387 180,084 62,378	\$ 880,639 567,023 132,082 25,977 79,365 77,358	\$ 971,096 890,562 179,445 19,132 53,065 49,210	\$ 1,046,376 632,160 249,589 155,021 38,716	\$1,282,513 815,370 105,403 98,846 43,425	(1) \$1,324,942 941,773 170,757 140,805 101,331 1,280	\$1,329,007 1,047,438 239,535 81,182 96,321 2,338	\$1,358,432 1,053,713 176,454 170,224 88,065 4,635	\$1,441,804 1,002,813 1,082,164 1,082,164 82,405 6,545
Total revenues	1,804,519	2,009,113	1,762,455	(2) 2,162,510	2,129,639	2,345,527	2,680,888	2,795,821	2,851,523	3,802,538
Caperonitures General government Public services Public service Capital Outlay Debt service Principal Interest and other charges	\$ 396,313 430,312 307,862 131,695 104,931 50,366 27,671	\$ 415,981 607,065 391,478 249,662 702,942 87,841 39,645	\$ 494,769 414,180 457,771 271,188 356,416 182,293 74,891	\$ 417,959 394,905 245,574 258,257 911,941 230,519 77,030	\$ 551,406 312,056 385,545 332,845 882,596 234,261 66,030	\$ 474,743 308,194 567,188 442,591 603,065 226,236 54,256	\$ 519,888 314,252 588,133 557,872 174,453 188,772 43,589	\$ 526,556 638,465 593,419 595,462 270,063 191,479 34,853	\$ 603,602 347,578 703,244 660,401 176,154 197,764 31,049	\$ 644,416 365,187 599,059 1,746 84,946 212,351 23,019
Total expenditures	1,449,150	2,494,614	2,251,608	2,536,170	2,964,713	2,676,273	2,387,059	2,850,297	2,719,792	3,673,065
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures Other financing sources (uses)	355,369	(485,501)	(489,153)	(373,660)	(835,074)	(330,746)	293,829	(54,476)	131,731	129,473
Issuance of debt Insurance recovery Sale of capital assets Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds Total other financing sources (uses)	67,440	634,088 70,800 704,888	425,270 74,340 499,610	78,700	19,775 436,975 78,600 (130,000)	31,498 78,500 (130,000 <u>)</u>	78,700 (10,000) 68,700	3,288	123,739 1,318 (150,000)	18,554 3,000
Net change in fund balances	\$ 422,809	\$ 219,387	\$ 10,457	\$(294,960)	\$ (429,724)	\$ (350,648)	\$ 362,529	\$ 58,574	\$ 106,788	\$ 151,027
Debt services as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	6.2%	7.7%	15.7%	23.4%	16.9%	15.8%	11.7%	8.6%	%6'6	7.0%

 ⁽¹⁾ tax revaluation
 (2) state withheld revenues
 (3) taxes shown net of collection fee in 2000 and 2001; 2002 and after, shown at gross
 (3) taxes shown net of collection fee in 2000 and 2001; 2002 and after, shown at gross
 (4) - On July 1, 2008, the Jemestown Park Fund (a business-type activity) was merged into the General Fund (governmental activity).
 (4) - On July 1, 2008, the Jemestown Park Fund (a business-type activity) was merged into the General Fund (governmental activity).
 (5) Fourse revenues are now included under Governmental Permits and Fees; golf course expenditures are now included under Recreation.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA General Governmental Tax Revenues By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Table 6

Total	1,511,078	1,606,262	1,433,888	1,610,981	1,617,639	1,885,019	1,988,153	2,077,806	2,092,116	2,127,680
Other Taxes	28,809	29,645	30,040		•	•	ı	ı	1	1,014 (2)
Alcoholic Beverage Tax	13,341	15,439	•	13,153	13,275	13,686	14,390	14,844	15,279	15,130
Franchise	194,442	218,927	104,165	223,450	222,611	228,328	225,360	298,377 (1)	310,610 (1)	317,105 (1)
Sales	428,538	496,550	419,044	403,282	335,377	360,492	423,461	435,578	407,795	352,627
Property Tax (3)	845,948	845,701	880,639	971,096	1,046,376	1,282,513	1,324,942	1,329,007	1,358,432	1,441,804
Fiscal Year	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009

(1) Franchise Tax includes telecommunications sales tax, utility franchise tax, piped natural gas tax, and video franchise fees

(2) Solid waste disposal tax

(3) Taxes shown net of collection fee in 2000 and 2001; 2002 and after, shown at gross

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

2000 \$ 204,791, 2001 213,746, 2002 224,974, 2003 230,387, 2004 244,873, 2005 321,729, 2006 325,449, 2007 331,811,	(1) Real Property Residential and Commercial Property	(1) Personal Property Motor Vehicle and Other Personal Property	Total Taxable Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable/Market	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Market Value
	204,791,805	\$ 72,451,165	\$ 277,242,970	0.0031	¥	A N
	213,746,615	64,566,449	278,313,064	0.0031	314,478,038	88.50%
	224,974,694	62,967,128	287,941,822	0.0031	339,674,203	84.77%
	230,387,117	55,905,531	286,292,648	_	344,143,104	83.19%
	244,873,397	56,901,519	301,774,916		374,410,566	80.60%
	315,764,975	59,003,582	374,768,557	0.0035	377,220,490	99.35%
	321,729,742	59,361,312	381,091,054		386,149,614	%69.86
	325,449,677	58,880,432	384,330,109		399,844,058	96.12%
	331,811,840	59,820,554	391,632,394	0.0035	427.546.282	91.60%
	343,204,267	59,222,741	402,427,008	0.0037	Ą	Ϋ́

Source Guilford County Tax Department
 Per \$100 value
 Estimated actual taxable value of real property is calculated by dividing taxable assessed value by a real estate
assessment sales ratio percentage obtained from the North Carolina Department of Revenue Tax Research Division
NA Data not available

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments
(Per \$100 of Assessed Value)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Guilford County	
Fiscal	Town of Jamestown	Guilford County	Combined Tax Rate
2000	0.31	0.6372	0.9472
2001	0.31	0.6372	0.9472
2002	0.31	0.6742	0.9842
2003	0.34	0.6742	1.0142
2004	0.35	0.7135	1.0635
2005	0.35	0.6184	0.9684
2006	0.35	0.6428	0.9928
2007	0.35	0.6615	1.0115
2008	0.35	0.6914	1.0414
2009	0.37	0.7374	1.1074

Source: Guilford County Finance Department.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Principal Taxpayers For the Year Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2009 and 2000

Taxpayer Flowers Baking Company of Jamestown			7- 1
Flowers Baking Company of Jamestown	Type of Enterprise	Assessed Valuation	Percent of Total Assessed Valuation
Flowers Baking Company of Jamestown Hinkland Containers Inc.			
Highland Containers Inc	Manufacturing	\$ 8,885,313	2.21%
	Manufacturing	4,601,666	1.14%
Flowers Baking Company of High Point	Manufacturing	4,217,900	1.05%
Forestdale Station LP	Shopping Center	4,090,800	1.02%
Kres LLC	Owner of Manufacturing Facility	2,792,700	%69.0
Viking Polymers LLC	Manufacturing	2,358,844	0.59%
Wrennovation Friendly LLC	Shopping Center	2,342,700	0.58%
Jamestown Village Association	Apartments	2,052,400	0.51%
Chemcentral Atlantic Corp	Distributor	1,862,200	0.46%
Sovran Acquisition LP	Self Storage Facility	1,745,643	0.43%
Total		\$ 34,950,166	8.68%
		Fiscal	Fiscal Year 2000
		\	Percent of
Taxpayer	Type of Enterprise	Valuation	Valuation
Flowers Baking Company of High Point	Manufacturing	\$ 8.479.737	3.06%
Highland Containers, Inc.	Manufacturing		2.11%
Wachovia Leasing Corporation	Financial Institution	5,135,271	1.85%
Oakdale Cotton Mills	Manufacturing	4,619,783	1.67%
Guilford Mills, Inc.	Manufacturing	4,006,895	1.45%
Kres LLC	Owner of Manufacturing Facility	1,928,837	0.70%
Jamestown Village Association	Apartments	1,752,000	0.63%
Yorkleigh Associates	Apartments	1,575,377	0.57%
Hunter Group, LLC	Commercial real estate	1,440,732	0.52%
Viking Polymers LLC	Manufacturing	1,300,012	0.47%
Total		\$ 36,089,124	13.02%

Source: Guilford County Tax Department.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Outstanding Delinquent	Taxes	1,027	1,623	796	727	4,471	1,735	1,777	1,568	2,731	12,962
Outs	-	↔	↔	⇔	€9	₩	↔	↔	↔	⇔	↔
Total Tax Collections to	Net Tax Levy	%88.66	99.81%	99.91%	%6.66	%85'66	%28.66	%28.66	%88.66	%08.66	99.13%
Total Tax	Collections	858,426	861,147	891,824	972,668	1,051,741	1,309,955	1,332,042	1,343,587	1,367,982	1,470,947
	٥	69	69	(s)	6	€9	₩	↔	₩	€	↔
Collection on Prior	Years' Levies	3,039	4,220	3,507	6,726	3,732	7,466	4,103	6,995	5,539	1
ខូ ៰	Year	₩	\$	↔	↔	€	€9	₩	↔	↔	⇔
ion on ear Levy	Percent	99.53%	99.32%	99.52%	99.23%	99.22%	%08'36%	%95'66	%98'36%	99.40%	99.13%
Collection on Current Year Le	Amount	855,387	856,927	888,317	965,942	1,048,009	1,302,489	1,327,939	1,336,592	1,362,443	1,470,947
		⇔	↔	6 9	G	€9	↔	₩	⇔	€9-	₩
Net Tax	Levy	859,453	862,770	892,620	973,395	1,056,212	1,311,690	1,333,819	1,345,155	1,370,713	1,483,909
_		↔	s	∨ >	v)	69	€	69	69	↔	↔
Fiscal	Year	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009

Source: Town of Jamestown audited financial statements and Guilford County Tax Department Town of Jamestown property taxes are collected by the Guilford County Tax Department.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

											(a)
	Total Outstanding Debt per Capita	•	•	•	1.325	1084	895	726	583	445	¥ ¥
	Outs	€9									
	Total Primary Government Debt	1	•	•	.096.735	530,105	940.208	407,388	962,593	505,979	889,803
	To Gover	69	- 69	· 63	S	8.35	\$ 29	\$ 2.4	\$ 1.9	8 7	ω.
ities	Sutstanding Debt per Capita		•	٠	891	737	620	511	395	280	¥
se Activ	Outst D	()									_
Business-type Activities	lment Icing		•	•	2,753,553	2,401,409	2,037,748	693,700	330,622	948,033	544,208
Bus	Installment Financing	69			2,75	2,4(2,03	1,00	1,3	გ	ά
vitíes	Ratio of Outstanding Debt to Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	0.00%	%00.0	0.00%	0.39%	0.30%	0.24%	0.18%	0.16%	0.13%	Y Y
nmental Activities	ıtstanding Debt er Capita		•	•	434	346	275	215	188	165	ď
Governme	Outstand Debt per Cap	s									Ϋ́
9	nstallment Financing	ı	•	•	,343,182	28,696	02,460	13,688	31,971	57,946	45,595
	Installment Financing	69			<u>.</u>	1,1	ത്	<u>`</u>	ဖ်	য়ৈ	ň
	Fiscal	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009

(a) June 30, 2009 population is available in September 2010.
 NA - Not available.
 Population data is shown on the Demographic Statistics schedule.
 See the schedule of Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property in the Revenue Capacity section.
 Total personal income is not available for the Town of Jamestown.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA
Computation of Legal Debt Margin and Actual Debt
Last Ten Fiscal Years

Installment Debt	685,051	1,231,299	1,573,706	1,343,187	1,128,696	902,460	713,688	631.971	557,946	345,595
Legal Debt Limit	22,179,438	22,265,045	23,035,346	22,903,412	24,141,993	29,981,485	30,487,284	30,746,409	31,330,592	32,194,161
Assessed	277,242,970	278,313,064	287,941,822	286,292,648	301,774,916	374,768,557	381,091,054	384,330,109	391,632,394	402,427,008
Fiscal Year	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009

Under North Carolina General Statutes, the net debt of the Town is not to exceed eight percent (8%) of the assessed value of property subject of taxation by the City. All debt issued for Jamestown's governmental activities has been installment financing.

Excludes business-type activities.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Guilford County Public School Enrollment (4)	61.190	61.894	792,09	63.873	65,010 65,100	66,163 66,367	200.00	00,110	//0'60	71.176	V
Unemployment Rate (3)	2.9	4.6) \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	. C			- c	2.6	6.4	12.1
Per Capita Income (2)	28,102	28,322	28,334	28.736	30,301	31.464	32 784	33.817		34,263	Ϋ́Z
Total Personal Income (2) (Thousands of Dollars)	18,138,041	18,463,499	18,599,507	19,001,250	20,159,781	21.213.653	22,469,000	23,621,019		24,179,180	¥
Greensboro - High Point MSA Population (2)	645,440	651,908	656,444	661,224	665,317	674,925	686.757	698,497	100	705,684	Ą V
Jamestown Population (1)	3,103	3,107	3,091	3,092	3,258	3,285	3,317	3,369	2000	000,0	₹ Z
Fiscal Year	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	8000	2000	6002

Source: (1) Office of Budget and Management for the State of North Carolina.

(2) Bureau of Economic Analysis Information for Greensboro-High Point Metropolitan Statistical Area

(3) Bureau of Labor Statistics; years 1998-2003 for Greensboro-High Point-Winston-Salem MSA; years 2004-2009 for Greensboro-High Point MSA (as of June of the respective year)

(4) North Carolina Department of Public Instruction and Guilford County Schools.

NA Data is not available

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Principal Employers For the Year Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Total employment within the Town of Jamestown is not available. Employment data for nine years ago is not available. Information was provided by Jamestown Business Association, through direct contact with employers, and through Town records.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Full-Time City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
eņ	e	က	e	en	e	en	4	4	٧
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11	=	12	5	7	7	7	7	8	22
							-	,	1
7	7	o		6	o	on	80	O.	σ
12	Ξ	12		7	7	<u> 1</u>	15	7	, 4
19	18	21	22	20	23	24	23	23	6
30	58	ಜ	ŀ	27	90	31	8	8	<u>چ</u>

Source: Town of Jamestown records.

This schedule includes only regular full-time employees.

(1) - Effective 7/1/08 the Park Fund became a Recreation Department within the General Fund.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

2009		41 68	£ .	ec e	15 24		794 916 (4)		222 245 (3)		359 348 (1)	426 490 (1)			4852 4 627	402.3				6,568	
2007 2008	4	33	s	7	23			09*1	681		273	286			4.354	453,6				000 10	
2006	92	7	ro		16	ļ	2 ;	1,4/U	730		¥	Ϋ́		2,415	¥	451,788,250		15 889	15.181	26.642	740'07
2005	59		ო		21	3	010	10 5 ,	777		ΥN	Y Y		2,378	Z	ď		¥.	¥Z	42	<u>ç</u>
2004	85	•	က	•	6	5	1 30 1	183	3		ž	Ϋ́		2,355	¥	Ā		¥	ď	¥	
2003	95	•	K O	•	10		1 384	185	₫		Ϋ́	∀ Z		2,309	₹ Z	∀		¥.	ž	Ą	
2002	86		7		6 0	25	1345	176	:		Ϋ́	Ϋ́		2,270	Y.	NA		ž	¥	Ϋ́	
2001	25	•	•	•	g	602	1.237	185	}		A A	Ψ.		2,205	Y.	¥ ¥		Ϋ́ N	AN	¥	
2000	57		-	•	æ	499	1,322	218		;	¥ :	¥Z		1,900	ž	¥		ž	Ā	Ą	
	Planning & Zoning: Development Clearance Certificates Issued	Zoning Code Violation Investigated	Committee Constant of the Cons	Sign Devolution Approved		Public Works: Brush, Grass & Leaf Pick-Up (tons)	Residential & Commercial Garbage Pick-up (tons)	Recycling (tons)		Recreation:		Coccer read Osage (# games)	Utility System:	water connections	Sewer Connections	Sewer Treatment (gallons)	Park:	Rounds of golf played - 18 holes	Rounds of golf played - 9 holes	Carts rented	

Sources: Various Town Departments.

NA - Data Not Available

(1) Includes Gibson Park, which is owned by Guilfrod County, and operated by Jamestown (2) Sewer is sent to City of High Point for treatment (3) Net of contaminated loads taken to landfill (4) Ice Storm in year 2003

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

2000 2001	Function/Program	Administration: Municipal Buildings	Refuse Collection: Sanitation Trucks	Other Public Works: Streets (Miles-Paved) 15.23 15.5 Sidewalks (Linear Feet) NA N.	Public Safety Fire Stations	Culture and Recreation:	Pro Shop			Soccer Fields (1)	Playgrounds (1)	Picnic Shelters (1)	Utility System:	Plant / Maintenance Building	Pump Stations 4	٧Z	Sewer Mains (Miles)	Acerage of Golf Course 100 100
2002		-	8	15.95 A NA	-		-	4	2 2	2 2	1	3			4	∢	AN A	00 100
2003		-	၈	16.04 NA	-		-	4	2	2	-	၈		-	4	Ϋ́	Ϋ́	100
2004 20			က	16.13 NA	-		-	4	2	2	-	e		-	က	¥	¥	100
2005 20		-	න	16.13 NA	-		-	4	7	4	2	ო		-	. 60	₹	Ϋ́	100
2006 20		-	ო	16.13 30,279	-		-	4	2	4	2	က		+	· m	4	55	100
2007 20			ဗ	16.38 32,024	-		-	4	2	1 4	8	9		•	· e2	. 6	55	100
2008 2		4	ო	16.38 33,165	-		-	4	2	1 7	. 2	ဗ			- 67	. 54	55	100
2009		-	က	16.31 33,165	-		-		2	1 4	۰ ۵	ю		-	- 61	. 24	92	9

Sources: Various Town Departments.
Miles of Streets from Powell Bill Reports.
(1) Excludes Gibson Park, owned by
Guilford County, operated by Jamestown
NA Data not available