TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

Prepared By Finance Department

Finance Officer Judy Gallman



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October 13, 2010

Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Jamestown, North Carolina

The general statutes of North Carolina require that every local government publish within four months after the close of the fiscal year a complete set of audited financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of certified public accountants. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the comprehensive annual financial report of the Town of Jamestown for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of the information contained in this report, based upon a comprehensive framework of internal control that it has established for this purpose. Because the cost of internal control should not exceed anticipated benefits, the objective is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

The financial statements of the Town of Jamestown were audited by Dixon Hughes PLLC, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. Dixon Hughes PLLC has issued an unqualified opinion on the Town of Jamestown's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2010. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

Profile of the Government

The Town of Jamestown, incorporated in 1947, is located in the Piedmont section of North Carolina. It currently occupies 2.8 square miles and serves a population of 3,410. The Town extended the planning jurisdiction in 2008 and now, including this Extra Territorial Jurisdiction, encompasses a planning area of 6 square miles. The Town of Jamestown is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its corporate boundaries. It is also empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation.

The Town of Jamestown operates under the council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council (Council) consisting of the mayor and four other members, elected on a non-partisan basis. The Council appoints the government's manager, who in turn appoints the heads of the various departments. Council members serve two-year terms.

The Town of Jamestown provides a full range of services that includes public safety, sanitation, street maintenance, planning, recreation, general administration, and others. In addition to these general government activities, the Town provides and maintains water and sewer utilities and a golf course for the benefit of its citizens. The Town also extends financial support to a variety of agencies and associations to assist their efforts in serving citizens.

The Council is required to adopt a final budget by no later than the close of the fiscal year. This annual budget serves as the foundation for the Town of Jamestown's financial planning and control. For the Town of Jamestown, annual budgets are adopted for the General Fund and Water and Sewer Fund. Appropriations for annually budgeted funds are made at the departmental level. A department (such as sanitation) is a component of a function (such as public services). The Town Manager is authorized by the budget ordinance to transfer appropriations between departments of a fund up to an amount not exceeding \$25,000; however any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a fund must be approved by the Council.

Local Economy

Almost 73% of the adult residents of the Town of Jamestown are in the labor force. Unemployment in the Town of Jamestown as of 2000 was 2.5%. However, Guilford County, using more recent figures, reports an unemployment rate of 10.8% in July 2010, which reflects conditions of the current economy. Greensboro unemployment rates are at 10.4% and High Point at 11.0%. Most Jamestown residents, however, do not work in Jamestown. According to the 2000 census data, only 18% of residents worked in town with the balance of the workforce commuting to other areas in Guilford County and surrounding communities. The Jamestown commuters are, for the most part, evenly divided between those who work in Greensboro and those who work in High Point, with Greensboro having a slight edge simply due to more available jobs. Almost 50% of Jamestown residents work in management and professional occupations.

According to the 2002 Economic Census of the U.S. there are a total of 570 firms located in the Town of Jamestown. Of these, 183 firms have paid employees, with a total of 1,838 employees. The manufacturing sector accounts for 29% of the employment of these firms, and the retail sector accounts for 13%; these are the two largest sectors of employment.

Population growth in the Jamestown area is highest in areas just north of the town limits up to Wendover Avenue. According to a recent analysis of Jamestown's 3-mile trade area household and populations trends, both population and households grew by 12% over the past seven years. The Town contracted in 2008 with a consulting service to perform a market assessment of the downtown area. The consultant predicts continuing growth over the next five years, although at a slower rate. There are over 120 residential units planned or under construction in or near Jamestown, including projects for senior living, single family and town home developments. The median age is above that of the State, and analysis indicates that there is a greater concentration of both older households without children and households with younger families.

The median value of all owner occupied dwellings in Jamestown is \$171,700, substantially higher than the county median of \$116,900. The median family income in Jamestown is \$77,549, again higher than the county median family income of \$52,638. Jamestown remains a primarily residential community. Recent additions of some new specialty retailers have added to the downtown businesses that are located on the Main Street between Town Hall and the Public Library.

Long-term Financial Planning

The unreserved, undesignated fund balance of the general fund at fiscal year-end stood at 36.95% of the subsequent year's budget, which exceeds the minimum of 8% set as a policy guideline by the Local Government Commission. There is no expected change in the conservative (informal) fund balance policy practiced by the Town Council.

Over the next year, town officials anticipate completing a formal Capital Improvement Plan for projects and equipment necessary to implement long-range plans and growth objectives. This Capital Improvement Plan will also include plans for the funding of long-range projects. As a part of the June 30, 2011 budget process town officials established a Capital Reserve Fund to begin to address funding for future capital needs.

Relevant financial policies

The Town's cash management policy has been to invest idle funds in certificates of deposit with local banks and in the North Carolina Capital Management Trust. Thus there is no risk of a negative change in the fair value of the Town's investments. Although interest rates declined significantly in the current year from previous years' rates, investment income remains an integral part of the Town's revenues. The Town does not foresee any change in this cash management policy for the coming fiscal year.

Major initiatives

Following the completion of a Comprehensive Land Development Plan, the Town Council contracted with Greenplan, Inc. to review and revise its Development Ordinance to assist with future planning and improve administration of current and future development in the town. The Town Council adopted the new Development Ordinance in July of 2009 and the Town will be recognized by the NC Chapter of the American Planning Association with an Honorable Mention in the Outstanding Planning Awards in September 2010 at the state-wide planning conference.

Numerous recreation / planning initiatives are currently in process in the Town. The Town Council adopted a Master Parks and Recreation Plan in the summer of 2007 to assist in planning future recreation projects and properties. The Town received a grant to develop a Tree Preservation Ordinance. The Town also received a planning grant to create a Pedestrian Master Plan for the community, and the plan was adopted in June 2010. The PTCOG also guided staff and community with a feasibility study to develop a Deep River Paddle Trail, and the final report was adopted in June 2010.

The Town applied for and received a Parks and Recreation Trust Fund Grant to assist with the purchase of two lots located near Town Hall in the central business district. The Town completed the purchase in October 2009, and began the planning phase to develop the land into a center city park to be called the Wrenn-Miller Park.

The Town Council approved a contract with Richard Mandell Golf Architecture in June 2009 to assist staff and community in developing a Golf Course Renovation Business Plan. This plan will be a guide for needed renovation of course infrastructure at the Jamestown Park Golf Course. The first component approved for consideration in August 2010 will be the replacement of the park irrigation system.

The Town contracted to conduct a sewer system evaluation study and develop a 20-year capital improvement plan for future rehabilitation of the sewer system. This study involved consultant and staff time to perform various field operations including manhole inspections, pipe smoke testing, die testing, pipe cleaning, and close circuit television inspections. The project concluded in June 2010.

The town is a partner in the Randleman Reservoir project with the Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority. This twenty-year project is nearing completion as the water treatment plant and transmission lines have been constructed. The Town's partnership secures the Town's rights to water in the reservoir. The water plant will be complete and pumping water to the partnership in the fall of 2010.

A waterline replacement located in Guilford Road was completed in June 2010 and the effort was coordinated with the North Carolina Department of Transportation to allow for a resurfacing of Guilford Road immediately following the installation of the waterline. Final plans and easements were obtained to begin the elimination of the Scientific Pump

Station to convert to a gravity system. This project will be completed in the 2011 fiscal year.

The Town of Jamestown does not own its wastewater treatment facility. In order to secure treatment capacity, the town has a joint—use facility agreement with the City of High Point to maintain and operate the Eastside Wastewater Treatment Plant. Jamestown owns a capacity allocation in this plant and shares responsibility for future maintenance of this facility.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to Town of Jamestown for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We wish to express our appreciation to all members of the finance and administration department who contributed to the preparation of this report. Credit also must be given to the mayor and the governing council for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the Town of Jamestown's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Kathryn Q. Billings

Town Manager

Judy B. Gallman, CPA

Finance Officer



Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Town of Jamestown North Carolina

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2009

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.

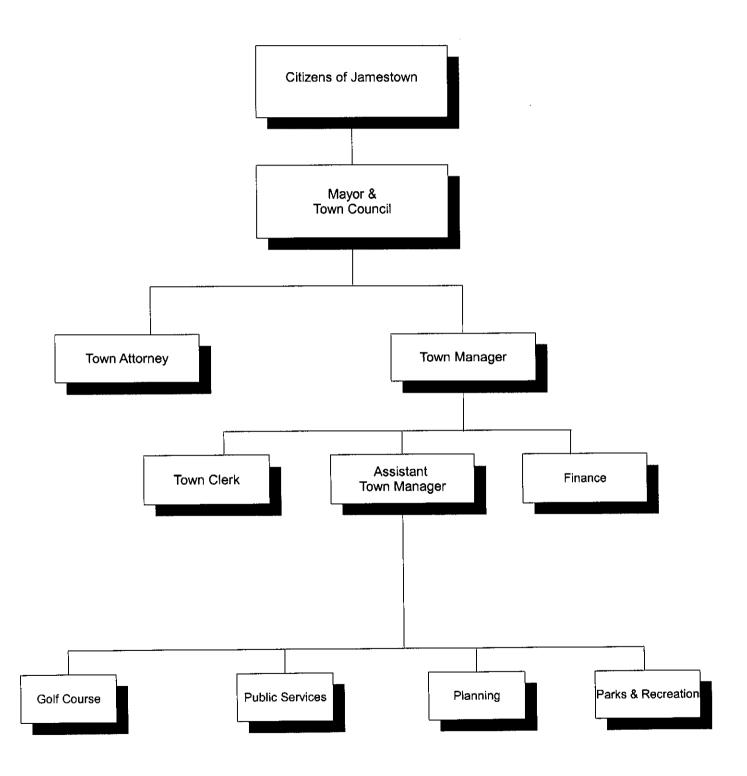


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President

Executive Director

Town of Jamestown, North Carolina Organizational Chart June 30, 2010



TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA List of Principal Officials June 30, 2010

MAYOR AND TOWN COUNCIL

Keith L. Volz, Mayor

Georgia Nixon-Roney, Mayor Pro Tem

R. Brock Thomas, Councilman

J. Frank Gray, Councilman

Will Ragsdale, Councilman

TOWN OFFICIALS

Kathryn Billings Town Manager and Budget Officer

Roberson, Haworth and Reese Town Attorneys

Martha Wolfe Town Clerk

Charles Smith Assistant Town Manager

Jay Gardner Park Superintendent

Matthew Johnson Planning Director

Judy Gallman Finance Officer





Certified Public Accountants and Advisors

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Town Council Town of Jamestown Jamestown. North Carolina

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Jamestown, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town of Jamestown's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Jamestown as of June 30, 2010, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where appropriate, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 13, 2010 on our consideration of the Town of Jamestown's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. The purpose of the report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.



Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 13 is not a required part of the basic financial statements but is supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit this information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements of the Town of Jamestown. The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements, budgetary schedules, and other schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

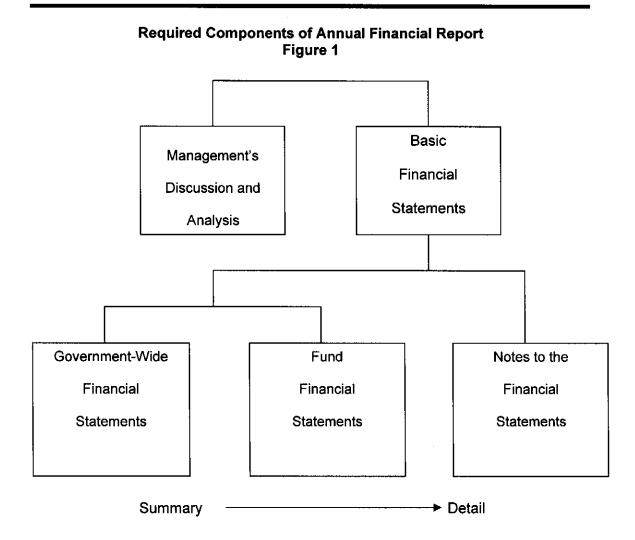
Dixon Hughes Puc October 13, 2010 As management of the Town of Jamestown, we offer readers of the Town of Jamestown's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Town of Jamestown for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. We encourage readers to read the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in the Town's financial statements, which follow this narrative.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the Town of Jamestown exceeded its liabilities at the close of the fiscal year by \$24,269,527 (net assets).
- The government's total net assets *increased* by \$1,175,612, due to *increases* in both the *governmental* and business-type activities net assets.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the Town of Jamestown's governmental fund reported an ending fund balance of \$1,882,651, a decrease of \$225,398 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 72% of this total amount, or \$1,363,945, is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,363,945, or 35% of total general fund expenditures for the fiscal year.
- The Town of Jamestown's total debt decreased by \$672,719 (75.6%) during the current fiscal year. The factors in this change include the payment of scheduled amounts on existing installment purchases and an early payoff of water and sewer debt.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to Town of Jamestown's basic financial statements. The Town's basic financial statements consist of three components; 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements: and 3) notes to the financial statements (see Figure 1). The basic financial statements present two different views of the town through the use of government-wide statements and fund financial statements. In addition to the basic financial statements, this report contains other supplemental information that will enhance the reader's understanding of the financial condition of the Town of Jamestown.



Basic Financial Statements

The first two statements (Exhibits 1 and 2) in the basic financial statements are the **Government-Wide Financial Statements**. They provide both short and long-term information about the Town of Jamestown's financial status.

The next statements (Exhibits 3 through 8) are **Fund Financial Statements**. These statements focus on the activities of the individual parts of the Town government. These statements provide more detail than the government-wide statements. There are three parts to the Fund Financial Statements: 1) the governmental funds statements; 2) the budgetary comparison statements; and 3) the proprietary fund statements.

The next section of the basic financial statements is the **notes**. The notes to the financial statements explain in detail some of the data contained in those statements. After the notes, **supplemental information** is provided to show details about the Town's individual funds. Budgetary information required by the General Statutes also can be found in this part of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the Town's finances, similar in format to a financial statement of a private-sector business. The government-wide statements provide short- and long-term information about the Town's financial status as a whole.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets are the difference between the Town's total assets and total liabilities. Measuring net assets is one way to gauge the Town's financial condition.

The government-wide statements are divided into two categories: 1) governmental activities; and 2) business-type activities. The governmental activities include most of the Town's basic services such as public safety, recreation, public services, and general administration. Property taxes, state shared revenues and golf course fees finance most of these activities. The business-type activities are those that the Town charges customers to provide the services. These include the water and sewer services offered by the Town of Jamestown.

The government-wide financial statements are on Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide a more detailed look at the Town's most significant activities. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The Town of Jamestown, like all other governmental entities in North Carolina, uses fund accounting to ensure and reflect compliance (or non-compliance) with finance-related legal requirements, such as the General Statutes or the Town budget ordinance. All of the funds of the Town of Jamestown can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds - Governmental funds are used to account for those functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the Town's basic services are accounted for in governmental funds. These funds focus on how assets can readily be converted into cash flow in and out, and what monies are left at year end that will be available for spending in the next year. Governmental funds are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual accounting* that provides a short-term spending focus. As a result, the governmental fund financial statements give the reader a detailed short-term view that helps him or her determine if there are more or less financial resources available to finance the Town's programs. The relationship between government activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation that is a part of the fund financial statements.

The Town of Jamestown adopts an annual budget for its General Fund, as required by the General Statutes. The budget is a legally adopted document that incorporates input from the citizens of the Town, the management of the Town, and the decisions of the Council about which services to provide and how to pay for them. It also authorizes the Town to obtain funds from identified sources to finance these current The budgetary statement provided for the General Fund period activities. demonstrates how well the Town complied with the budget ordinance and whether or not the Town succeeded in providing the services as planned when the budget was The budgetary comparison statement uses the budgetary basis of accounting and is presented using the same format, language, and classifications as the legal budget document. The statement shows four columns: 1) the original budget as adopted by the Council; 2) the final budget as amended by the Council; 3) the actual resources, charges to appropriations, and ending balances in the General Fund; and 4) the difference or variance between the final budget and the actual resources and charges. To account for the difference between the budgetary basis of accounting and the modified accrual basis, a reconciliation showing the differences in the reported activities is shown at the end of the budgetary statement.

Proprietary Funds - *Enterprise Funds* are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Town of Jamestown uses an enterprise fund to account for its water and sewer activity. This fund is the same as the function shown in the business-type activities in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities.

Notes to the Financial Statements - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements begin on page 25 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Town of Jamestown's Net Assets Figure 2

| | Governmental Activities | | | Busine Activ | | • • | | Total | | | |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|---------|-----------------|------------------|-----|------------|-----------|------------|------|------------------|
| | | 2010 | 10 2009 | | 2010 20 | | 2009 | 2009 2010 | | 2009 | |
| Current and other assets | \$ | 2,133,248 | \$ | 2,331,531 | \$ 4,754,506 | \$ | 4,295,202 | \$ | 6,887,754 | \$ | 6,626,733 |
| Capital assets | | 5,991,633 | | 5,759,741 | 12,375,566 | | 12,004,587 | | 18,367,199 | | 17,764,328 |
| Total assets | | 8,124,881 | | 8,091,272 | 17,130,072 | | 16,299,789 | | 25,254,953 | | 24,391,061 |
| Long-term liabilities outstanding | | 176,985 | | 272,293 | 20,004 | | 139,947 | | 196,989 | | 412,240 |
| Other liabilities | _ | 361,337 | | 337, 106 | 427,100 | | 547,800 | | 788,437 | | 884,906 |
| Total liabilities | | 538,322 | | 609,399 | 447,104 | | 687,747 | | 985,426 | | 1,297,146 |
| Net assets: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Invested in capital assets, | | E 774 E 40 | | E 44 4 44C | 40 07E ECC | | 44 400 070 | | 40 450 445 | | 40.074.505 |
| net of related debt | | 5,774,549 | | 5,414,146 | 12,375,566 | | 11,460,379 | | 18,150,115 | | 16,874,525 |
| Restricted | | 234,107 | | 403,845 | - | | - | | 234,107 | | 403,845 |
| Unrestricted | | 1,577,903 | | 1,663,882 | 4,307,402 | | 4, 151,663 | | 5,885,305 | | <u>5,815,545</u> |
| Total net assets | \$ | 7,586,559 | \$ | 7,481,873 | \$ 16,682,968 | \$ | 15,612,042 | \$ | 24,269,527 | \$ | 23,093,915 |

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as one useful indicator of a government's financial condition. The assets of the Town of Jamestown exceeded liabilities by \$24,269,527 as of June 30, 2010. The Town's net assets *increased* by \$1,175,612 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. However, a portion (74.8%) reflects the Town's investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt still outstanding that was issued to acquire those items. The Town of Jamestown uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the Town of Jamestown's investment in its capital assets is reported net of the outstanding related debt, the resources needed to repay that debt must be provided by other sources, since the capital assets cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional portion of the Town of Jamestown's net assets (1.00%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of \$5,885,305 is unrestricted.

Several particular aspects of the Town's financial operations influenced the total unrestricted governmental net assets:

- Collection of property taxes with a tax collection percentage of 99.17%, which exceeds the statewide average of 97.78%.
- Increase in water and sewer charges for sales and services
- A decrease in unrestricted intergovernmental revenues, as well as a decrease in governmental permits and fees.
- A decrease in investment income in all funds.

Town of Jamestown Changes in Net Assets Figure 3

| | Governmental Activities | | | Business-Type Activities | | | | Total | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|------|-----------------------------|------------------|------|------------|-------|------------|-------|------------|
| | - | 2010 | ILIO | 2009 | 2010 | ille | 2009 | | 2010 | LQ. I | 2009 |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 968,918 | \$ | 1,031,169 | \$ 2,886,739 | \$ | 2,473,466 | \$ | 3,855,657 | \$ | 3,504,635 |
| Operating grants and contributions | | 427,936 | | 432,716 | - | | - | | 427,936 | | 432,716 |
| Capital grants and contributions | | 243,636 | | 33,492 | 327,497 | | 60,000 | | 57 1, 133 | | 93, 49 2 |
| General revenues: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | 1,444,670 | | 1,442,713 | - | | - | | 1,444,670 | | 1,442,713 |
| Othertaxes | | 746,129 | | 785,857 | _ | | - | | 746, 129 | | 785,857 |
| Other | | 14,409 | | 37,899 | 67,577 | | 138,580 | | 81,986 | | 176,479 |
| Total revenues | | 3,845,698 | | 3,763,846 | 3,281,813 | | 2,672,046 | | 7,127,511 | | 6,435,892 |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 629,820 | | 703,440 | _ | | · - | | 629,820 | | 703,440 |
| Public services | | 665,290 | | 440,976 | _ | | - | | 665,290 | | 440,976 |
| Public safety | | 669,592 | | 654,626 | - | | - | | 669,592 | | 654,626 |
| Recreation | | 1,776,310 | | 1,859,641 | = | | - | | 1,776,310 | | 1,859,641 |
| Water and sewer | | - | | · · · | 2,210,887 | | 1,969,688 | | 2,210,887 | | 1,969,688 |
| Total expenses | | 3,741,012 | | 3,658,683 | 2,210,887 | | 1,969,688 | | 5,951,899 | ·- | 5,628,371 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Increase in net assets | | 104,686 | | 105,163 | 1,070,926 | | 702,358 | | 1,175,612 | | 807,521 |
| Net assets, July 1 | | 7,481,873 | | 7,376,710 | 15,612,042 | | 14,909,684 | | 23,093,915 | | 22,286,394 |
| Net assets, June 30 | \$ | 7,586,559 | \$ | 7,481,873 | \$ 16,682,968 | \$ | 15,612,042 | \$ | 24,269,527 | \$ | 23,093,915 |

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the Town's net assets by \$104,686 hereby accounting for 8.90% of the total growth in the net assets of the Town of Jamestown. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

- One employee retired and was not replaced.
- Employees did not receive a raise in the 09/10 fiscal year.
- Several revenue sources, such as sales tax and investment income, significantly decreased from the prior year.
- The Town accepted streets constructed by a developer, thus recorded a capital contribution of \$165,400.

Business-Type Activities: Business-type activities increased the Town of Jamestown's net assets by \$1,070,926, thereby accounting for 91.10% of the total growth in the net assets of the Town of Jamestown. Key elements of this increase (net) are as follows:

- Water and sewer charges increased from the prior year, due to increased consumption and an increase in rates.
- In addition, the Town accepted water and sewer lines installed by a developer, thus recorded a capital contribution of \$327,497.

Financial Analysis of the Town Funds

As noted earlier, the Town of Jamestown uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the Town of Jamestown's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Town of Jamestown's financing requirements. Specifically, unreserved fund balance can be a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Town of Jamestown. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$1,363,945, while total fund balance reached \$1,882,651. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unreserved fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unreserved fund balance represents 35.0% of total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 48.4 % of total General Fund expenditures.

At June 30, 2010, the governmental fund of the Town of Jamestown reported a fund balance of \$1,882,651, a 10.7% decrease from last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights: During the fiscal year, the Town revised the budget on several occasions. Generally, budget amendments fall into one of three categories: 1) amendments made to adjust the estimates that are used to prepare the original budget ordinance once exact information is available; 2) amendments made to recognize new funding amounts from external sources, such as federal and state grants; and 3) increases in appropriations that become necessary to maintain services.

Revenues were less than the budgeted amounts for several reasons. Local option sales tax received was significantly less than budgeted. Investment income was also much less than anticipated. Golf operation revenues were less than budgeted, due to bad weather. However, expenditures were also less than budgeted amounts, as a concerted effort was made to keep expenditures to a minimum. Several projects were eliminated or postponed.

Proprietary Funds. The Town's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net assets of the Water and Sewer Fund at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$4,307,402. The Water Sewer Fund had growth of \$1,070,926 in net assets. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the Town of Jamestown's business-type activities.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The Town of Jamestown's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2010, totals \$18,367,199 (net of accumulated depreciation). These assets include buildings, roads, sidewalks, land and improvements, water and sewer lines, machinery and equipment, park facilities, vehicles, and intangible assets, such as water and wastewater treatment rights.

Major capital asset transactions during the year include the following additions:

- Purchase of snow plow in the amount of \$5,000, water and sewer service truck for \$29,000 and sewer pumper truck for \$104,000.
- Electrical and drainage improvements at Jamestown Park in the amounts of \$108,000 and \$78,000, respectively, necessitated due to failure of the previous existing systems.
- Construction of new water lines for \$243,000 and sewer lines in the amount of \$57,000.
- Purchase of a tract of land to be used for a center-Town park, in the amount of \$59,000, and park design work in the amount of \$7,000.
- Purchase of equipment for Jamestown Park for approximately \$32,000.

Town of Jamestown's Capital Assets Figure 4

Additional information on the Town's capital assets can be found in Note 2 of the Basic Financial Statements.

(Net of Depreciation)

| | Governmental Business-Type | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|-----------|----|-----------|-------|------------|----|------------|------------------|------|------------|
| | Activities | | | | Activ | ities | | Tota | 4 | | |
| | | 2010 | | 2009 | | 2010 | | 2009 | 2010 | | 2008 |
| Water rights | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 2,214,393 | \$ | 2,200,644 | \$ 2,214,393 | 5 | 2,200,644 |
| Wastewater treatment rights | | - | | - | | 2,598,281 | | 2,684,531 | 2,598,281 | | 2,684,531 |
| Land | | 2,131,740 | | 2,024,852 | | - | | - | 2,131,740 | | 2,024,852 |
| Buildings and systems | | 2,209,688 | | 2,291,628 | | 17,852 | | 20,277 | 2,227,540 | | 2,311,905 |
| Improvements other than buildings | | 1,091,447 | | 976,478 | | - | | - | 1,091,447 | | 976,478 |
| Machinery, vehides, and equipment | | 351,208 | | 438,648 | | 443,993 | | 398,954 | 795,201 | | 837,602 |
| Infrastructure | | 165,158 | | - | | 7,085,733 | | 6,685,721 | 7,250,891 | | 6,685,721 |
| Construction-in- progress | | 42,392 | | 28,135 | | 15,314 | | 14,460 | 57,706 | | 42,595 |
| Total | \$ | 5,991,633 | \$ | 5,759,741 | \$ | 12,375,566 | \$ | 12,004,587 | \$ 18,367,199 | \$ 1 | 17,764,328 |

Town of Jamestown's Outstanding Debt Figure 5

| | Governmental Activities | | | | Business-Type Activities | | | | Total | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------|---------|----|---------|-----------------------------|------|---|----|---------|----|---------|----|----------|
| | | 2010 | | 2009 | | 2010 | | | 2009 | | 2010 | | 2009 |
| Installment purchases | œ | 217,084 | æ | 345,595 | æ | | | œ | 544,208 | œ | 217,084 | \$ | 88 9,803 |
| puichases | Ψ | 217,004 | φ | 343,593 | Ψ | | - | φ | 344,200 | Ψ_ | 217,004 | Ψ | 00 3,003 |
| Total | \$ | 217,084 | \$ | 345,595 | \$ | | - | \$ | 544,208 | \$ | 217,084 | \$ | 889,803 |

The Town of Jamestown's total debt decreased by \$672,719 (75.6 %) during the past fiscal year, due to the payment of scheduled amounts to existing installment purchases and an early payoff of water and sewer debt.

Long-Term Debt. As of June 30, 2010, the Town of Jamestown had no bonded debt.

North Carolina general statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that a unit of government can issue to 8% of the total assessed value of taxable property located within that government's boundaries. The legal debt margin for the Town of Jamestown is \$31,451,265. The Town has no bonds authorized but un-issued at June 30, 2010. Additional information regarding the Town of Jamestown's long-term obligations can be found in Note 2 beginning on page 44 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The following key economic indicators reflect the growth and prosperity of the Town and surrounding area:

- According to the Office of State Budget and Management, Jamestown's total population was 3,410.
- The per capita income for the Greensboro-High Point Metropolitan Statistical Area is \$29,689, and the unemployment rate is 10.8%.
- The Town continues to improve the downtown area, and the Town is a "walkable" community with approximately six miles of sidewalks connecting neighborhoods to Main Street. The planning stages began in 2009/2010 on a center-Town park.
- Jamestown continues to financially support the local non-profit associations, such as the YMCA, library and the Jamestown Swing event.

Budget Highlights for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2011

Governmental Activities: The property tax rate increases by \$.02 to \$.39 per \$100 valuation and will bring in a projected \$1,521,000 in revenues. The Town Council voted to establish a General Capital Reserve Fund for future capital needs and to fund this with the \$.02 increase in the tax rate. Jamestown's share of sales tax revenue is projected to be \$330,000. County reimbursement for Gibson Park operating expenses of \$235,000 is budgeted to cover the expenses and provide a 10% indirect cost reimbursement. The budget keeps the solid waste fee at \$7 per month per household that will bring in an estimated \$110,000 in revenues. Most fees will remain the same; there was only an increase in some soccer and baseball field rental rates.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund are expected to decrease approximately 15% to 3,691,400. The decrease can be attributed to the following: repaving of streets is budgeted for every other year, and the 2011 fiscal year budget does not include repaving; extensive repairs to the golf course and recreational facilities had to be done in fiscal year 2010 and now that these repairs have been completed, we anticipate that the need for major repairs at these facilities will not continue into fiscal year 2011; the budget for the operation of Gibson Park was cut by approximately \$31,000 due to cuts in the Town's reimbursement from Guilford County for running the park. The Town will continue to fund several grants to local non-profit organizations, and this will account for 4.7% of the General Fund expenditures in the coming year. The Town budget includes funds to continue the operation agreement for fire protection services with Pinecroft Sedgefield Fire Department and a contract for law enforcement and animal control services with Guilford County.

Business - Type Activities: No increase has been budgeted in water and sewer rates. New construction tap fees are estimated to generate \$66,000 in revenues. The two largest contracted service expenditure amounts are for payments to the City of High Point for the cost of treating sewage, and payments to the cities of Greensboro and High Point for the purchase of water. The Town should also begin purchasing its allocation of water from the Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority during the 2011 fiscal year. Capital projects planned include various water and sewer projects.

Requests for Information

This report is designed to provide an overview of the Town finances for those with an interest in this area. Questions concerning any of the information found in this report or requests for additional information should be directed to the Finance Officer, Judy Gallman, P. O. Box 848, Jamestown, NC 27282, 336-454-1138, website, www.jamestown-nc.gov.



TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS June 30, 2010

| | | Primary Government | |
|---|---------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| | Governmental | Business-Type | |
| ASSETS | Activities | <u>Activities</u> | Total |
| Current assets: | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,828,497 | \$ 4,166,136 | \$ 5.994.633 |
| Receivables: | φ 1,020,4 <i>91</i> | φ 4,100,130 | \$ 5,994,633 |
| Taxes receivable, net | 13,687 | | 12 607 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 6,365 | 10,083 | 13,687 |
| Accounts receivable, net | | | 16,448 |
| Due from other governments | 9,130 | 265,757 | 274,887 |
| Inventories | 212,401 | 281,543 | 493,944 |
| Prepaid items | 50,045 | 7.400 | 50,045 |
| • | 13,023 | 7,496 | 20,519 |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | 100 | 23,491 | 23,591 |
| Total current assets | 2,133,248 | 4,754,506 | 6,887,754 |
| Capital assets: | | | |
| Water rights | _ | 2,214,393 | 2,214,393 |
| Wastewater treatment rights, net | | 2,598,281 | 2,598,281 |
| Land and other nondepreciable assets | 2,174,132 | 15,314 | 2,189,446 |
| Other capital assets, net of depreciation | 3,817,501 | 7,547,578 | 11,365,079 |
| Office capital assets, flet of depreciation | 3,017,001 | 7,547,570 | 11,303,079 |
| Total capital assets | 5,991,633 | 12,375,566 | 18,367,199 |
| Total assets | \$ 8,124,881 | \$ 17,130,072 | \$ 25,254,953 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Current liabilities: | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ 190,736 | \$ 376,471 | \$ 567,207 |
| Retainage payable | Ψ (90,730 | 11,843 | 11,843 |
| Accrued interest payable | 1,376 | 11,043 | |
| OPEB liability | | 4.005 | 1,376 |
| | 12,882 | 4,295 | 17,177 |
| Customer deposits | 100 | 23,491 | 23,591 |
| Gift cards outstanding | 12,632 | - | 12,632 |
| Loyalty rewards to be redeemed | 20,324 | = | 20,324 |
| Unearned revenues | 6,753 | - | 6,753 |
| Current portion of long-term liabilities | 116,534 | 11,000 | 127,534 |
| Total current liabilities | 361,337 | 427,100 | 788,437 |
| Long-term liabilities: | | | |
| Due in more than one year | 176,985 | 20,004 | 196,989 |
| • | | | |
| Total liabilities | 538,322_ | 447,104_ | 985,426 |
| NET ASSETS | | | |
| Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | 5,774,549 | 12,375,566 | 18,150,115 |
| Restricted for: | . , | . , | • • |
| Public services | 234,107 | - | 234,107 |
| Unrestricted | 1,577,903 | 4,307,402 | 5,885,305 |
| Total net assets | \$ 7,586,559 | \$ 16,682,968 | \$ 24,269,527 |

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2010

| | | | | Progr | am Revenue | 5 | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|-----------|--------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|--|------------|
| Functions/Programs | <u>E</u> | xpenses | harges Services | Gr | perating ants and stributions | Capital Grants and Contributions | |
| Primary government: | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | | | |
| General government | \$ | 629,820 | \$ 25,023 | \$ | 1,626 | \$ | - |
| Public services | | 665,290 | 110,771 | | 110,171 | | 212,663 |
| Public safety | | 669,592 | - | | | | · <u>-</u> |
| Recreation | | 1,776,310 | 833,124 | | 316,139 | | 30,973 |
| Total governmental activities | | 3,741,012 | 968,918 | | 427,936 | | 243,636 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | |
| Water and sewer | | 2,210,887 | 2,886,739 | | | | 327,497 |
| Total primary government | \$ | 5,951,899 | \$ 3,855,657 | \$ | 427,936 | \$ | 571,133 |

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, levied for general purposes Other taxes Investment income, unrestricted Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous

Total general revenues

Change in net assets

Net assets - beginning

Net assets - ending

| Net Revenue (Expense) and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government | | | | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------|------------------------|-----|--|--|--|--|
| | overnmental Activities | | ness-Type ctivities | | Total | | | |
| \$ | (603,171) (231,685) (669,592) (596,074) | \$ | - - - | \$ | (603,171) (231,685) (669,592) (596,074) | | | |
| | (2,100,522) | | | | (2,100,522) | | | |
| | | | 1,003,349 | | 1,003,349 | | | |
| | (2,100,522) | <u></u> | 1,003,349 | | (1,097,173) | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | 1,444,670 | | - | | 1,444,670 | | | |
| | 746,129 | | <u>-</u> | | 746,129 | | | |
| | 11,037 | | 66,067 | | 77,104 | | | |
| | (2,541) | | 1,510 | | (1,031) | | | |
| | 5,913 | | - | | 5,913 | | | |
| | 2,205,208 | | 67,577 | | 2,272,785 | | | |
| | 104,686 | | 1,070,926 | | 1,175,612 | | | |
| | 7,481,873 | | 15,612,042 | | 23,093,915 | | | |
| \$ | 7,586,559 | | 16,682,968 | \$_ | 24,269,527 | | | |

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2010

| ASSETS | General Fund | Total Governmental Funds |
|--|----------------|--------------------------------|
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 1,828,497 | \$ 1,828,497 |
| Taxes receivable, net | 13,687 | 13,687 |
| Accounts receivable | 9,130 | 9,130 |
| Due from other governments | 212,401 | 212,401 |
| Inventories | 50,045 | 50,045 |
| Prepaid items | 13,023 | 13,023 |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | 100 | 100 |
| Total assets | \$ 2,126,883 | \$ 2,126,883 |
| LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | | |
| Liabilities: | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ 190,736 | \$ 190,736 |
| Customer deposits | 100 | 100 |
| Gift cards outstanding | 12,632 | 12,632 |
| Loyalty rewards to be redeemed | 20,324 | 20,324 |
| Deferred revenues | 20,440 | 20,440 |
| Total liabilities | 244,232 | 244,232 |
| Fund balances: | | |
| Reserved for: | | |
| Inventories | 50,045 | 50,045 |
| Prepaid items | 13,023 | 13,023 |
| State statute | 221,531 | 221,531 |
| Streets - Powell Bill | 234,107 | 234,107 |
| Unreserved, General Fund: | 104.070 | 104.070 |
| Designated for subsequent year's expenditures | 104,070 | 104,070 |
| Undesignated | 1,259,875 | 1,259,875 |
| Total fund balances | 1,882,651 | 1,882,651 |
| Total liabilities and fund balances | \$ 2,126,883 | |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net asso | ets are | |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources an not reported in the funds. | d therefore | 5,991,633 |
| Other assets (interest receivable) are not available to pay for current expend and therefore are deferred in the funds. | litures | 6,365 |
| Liabilities for earned but deferred revenues (property taxes receivable) in fur | nd statements. | 13,687 |
| Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore reported in the funds: | are not | |
| Installment purchases payable | \$ 217,084 | |
| Other postemployment benefits | 12,882 | |
| Compensated absences payable | 76,435 | |
| Accrued interest payable | 1,376 | (307,777) |
| | | \$ 7,586,559 |

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2010

| | General Fund |
|---|--------------|
| Revenues: | |
| Ad valorem taxes | \$ 1,442,945 |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental | 969,566 |
| Restricted intergovernmental | 189,673 |
| Permits and fees | 1,014,000 |
| Investment income | 35,655 |
| Miscellaneous | 6,630 |
| Total revenues | 3,658,469 |
| Expenditures: | |
| Current: | |
| General government | 623,007 |
| Public services | 654,574 |
| Public safety | 667,931 |
| Recreation | 1,945,240 |
| Total expenditures | 3,890,752 |
| Deficiency of revenues under expenditures | (232,283) |
| Other financing sources: | |
| Insurance recovery | 6,885 |
| Net change in fund balances | (225,398) |
| • | , |
| Fund balances at beginning of year | 2,108,049 |
| Fund balances at end of year | \$ 1,882,651 |

Exhibit 4 Continued

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2010

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities:

| Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds | \$ (225,398) |
|--|-------------------|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: | |
| Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which | |
| capital outlays (\$297,569) exceeded depreciation (\$275,799) in the current period. | 21,770 |
| The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets | |
| is to increase net assets. | 210,122 |
| Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial | |
| resources are not reported as revenues in the funds. | 4 726 |
| Change in deferred revenue for tax revenues Change in accrued investment interest | 1,736 (24,629) |
| The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to | |
| governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt | |
| consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. | |
| Repayment of principal of long-term debt | 128,511 |
| Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of | |
| current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in | |
| governmental funds. | |
| Change in accrued interest expense | 922 |
| Other postemployment benefits | (12,882) |
| Compensated absences | 4,534 |
| Changes in net assets of governmental activities | \$ 104,686 |

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND - STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2010

| | Budgeted | Amounts | Actual | Variance With Final Positive | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| | Original | Final | Amounts | (Negative) | |
| P | | | | | |
| Revenues: Ad valorem taxes Unrestricted intergovernmental Restricted intergovernmental Services and fees Investment income Miscellaneous | \$ 1,439,000 991,976 91,000 1,127,050 70,000 1,030 | \$ 1,454,000 999,271 187,000 1,129,050 70,000 1,030 | \$ 1,442,945 969,566 189,673 1,014,000 35,655 6,630 | \$ (11,055) (29,705) 2,673 (115,050) (34,345) 5,600 | |
| Total revenues | 3,720,056 | 3,840,351 | 3,658,469 | (181,882) | |
| Expenditures: Current: | | | | | |
| General government Public services | 697,960 726,570 | 735,060 760,570 | 623,007 654,574 | 112,053 105,996 | |
| Public safety Recreation | 723,100 1,743,026 | 723,100 2,118,828 | 667,931 1,945,240 | 55,169 173,588 | |
| Total expenditures | 3,890,656 | 4,337,558 | 3,890,752 | 446,806 | |
| Deficiency of revenues under expenditures | (170,600) | (497,207) | (232,283) | 264,924 | |
| Other financing sources: Insurance recovery | | | 6,885 | 6,885 | |
| Deficiency of revenues and other sources under expenditures | (170,600) | (497,207) | (225,398) | 271,809 | |
| Fund balance appropriated | 170,600 | 497,207 | - | (497,207) | |
| Revenues, other sources and fund balance appropriated under expenditures | <u>\$ -</u> | \$ - | (225,398) | \$ (225,398) | |
| Fund balance at beginning of year | | | 2,108,049 | | |
| Fund balance at end of year | | | \$ 1,882,651 | | |

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2010

| | Enterprise Funds Major |
|---|---------------------------|
| | Water and |
| ASSETS | Sewer |
| Current assets: | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 4,166,136 |
| Accrued interest receivable | 10,083 |
| Accounts receivable, net | 183,364 |
| Accounts receivable - unbilled | 82,393 |
| Due from other governments | 281,543 |
| Prepaid items | 7,496 |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | 23,491 |
| Total current assets | 4,754,506 |
| Capital assets: | |
| Water rights | 2,214,393 |
| Wastewater treatment rights, net | 2,598,281 |
| Land and other nondepreciable assets | 15,314 |
| Other capital assets, net of depreciation | 7,547,578 |
| Total capital assets | 12,375,566 |
| Total assets | \$ 17,130,072 |
| LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS | |
| Current liabilities: | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | \$ 376,471 |
| Retainage payable | 11,843 |
| Customer deposits | 23,491 |
| Compensated absences, current | 11,000 |
| OPEB liability | 4,295 |
| Total current liabilities | 427,100 |
| Noncurrent liabilities: | |
| Compensated absences | 20,004 |
| Total liabilities | 447,104 |
| | |
| Net assets: | 40.000 |
| Invested in capital assets, net of related debt | 12,375,566 |
| Unrestricted | 4,307,402 |
| Total net assets | \$ 16, <u>682,968</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2010

| | Enterprise Funds |
|---|------------------|
| | <u> Major</u> |
| | Water and |
| | Sewer |
| Operating revenues: | |
| Charges for sales and services | \$ 2,863,586 |
| Other operating revenues | 23,153 |
| Total operating revenues | 2,886,739 |
| Operating expenses: | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | 523,055 |
| Contracted services | 122,045 |
| Contractual payment for wastewater treatment | 509,314 |
| Supplies and materials | 62,744 |
| Purchase of water | 440,016 |
| Repairs and maintenance | 46,066 |
| Other operating expenditures | 53,374 |
| Depreciation and amortization | 404,638 |
| Total operating expenses | 2,161,252 |
| Operating income | 725,487 |
| Nonoperating revenues (expenses): | |
| Sale of capital assets | 1,510 |
| Payments to Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority | (36,624) |
| Investment income | 66,067 |
| Interest expense | (13,011) |
| Total nonoperating revenues | 17,942 |
| Income before contributions | 743,429 |
| Capital contributions | 327,497 |
| Change in net assets | 1,070,926 |
| Total net assets, beginning | 15,612,042 |
| Total net assets, ending | \$ 16,682,968 |

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2010

| | Enterprise Funds Major |
|---|---------------------------|
| | Water and |
| | Sewer |
| Cash flows from operating activities: | |
| Cash received from customers | \$ 2,762,743 |
| Cash paid for goods and services | (934,466) |
| Cash paid to employees for services | (518,558) |
| Customer deposits refunded | (8,967) |
| Customer deposits received | 10,567 |
| Other operating revenues | 23,153 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | 1,334,472 |
| Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: | |
| Payment to Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority | (36,624) |
| | (00,021) |
| Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: | |
| Proceeds from sale of capital assets | 1,510 |
| Acquisition and construction of capital assets | (448,120) |
| Principal and interest payments on long-term debt | (562,240) |
| Net cash used by capital and related financing activities | (1,008,850) |
| Cash flows from investing activities: | |
| Interest and dividends | 61,047 |
| Net cash provided by investing activities | 61,047 |
| Net increase in cash and cash equivalents | 350,045 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year | 3,839,582 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of year | \$ 4,189,627 |
| | |
| Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents at end of year: | |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 4,166,136 |
| Restricted cash and cash equivalents | 23,491 |
| • | \$ 4,189,627 |
| Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided | |
| by operating activities: | |
| Operating income | \$ 725,487 |
| Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash | , , , , , , , |
| provided by operating activities: | |
| Depreciation and amortization | 404,638 |
| Change in assets and liabilities: | |
| Increase in accounts receivable | (119,478) |
| Decrease in prepaid items | 15,239 |
| Increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 288,023 11,843 |
| Increase in retainage payable Increase in customer deposits | 11,843 1,600 |
| Increase in compensated absences | 2,825 |
| Increase in OPEB liability | 4,295 |
| Net cash provided by operating activities | \$ 1,334,472 |
| Noncash investing, capital, and financing activites: | |
| Contributions of capital assets | \$ 327,497 |
| · | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the Town of Jamestown (the "Town") conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Town of Jamestown is a municipal corporation that is governed by an elected mayor and a four-member council.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the primary government. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations, if applicable, are made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. The Town was not required to make any eliminations in the current year. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are to be aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The Town currently has no non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, result from non-exchange transactions. Other non-operating revenues are ancillary activities such as investment earnings.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

B. Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The Town reports the following major governmental fund:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Town. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources are ad valorem taxes, state and federal grants, various other taxes and licenses and golf course fees. The primary expenditures are for public safety, street maintenance and construction, sanitation services, recreation (including golf course) and general government administration.

The Town reports the following major enterprise fund:

Water and Sewer Fund - This fund is used to account for the Town's water and sewer operations.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

In accordance with North Carolina General Statutes, all funds of the Town are maintained during the year using the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for good, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town also recognizes as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the water and sewer system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under installment purchase agreements are reported as other financing sources.

The Town considers all revenues available if they are collected within 90 days after yearend, except for property taxes. Ad valorem taxes receivable are not accrued as a revenue because the amount is not susceptible to accrual. At June 30, taxes receivable are materially past due and are not considered to be an available resource to finance the operations of the subsequent year. Also, as of January 1, 1993, state law altered the procedures for the assessment and collection of property taxes on registered motor vehicles in North Carolina. Effective with this change in the law, Guilford County is responsible for billing and collecting the property taxes on registered motor vehicles on behalf of all municipalities and special tax districts in the County, including the Town of Jamestown. For motor vehicles registered under the staggered system, property taxes are due the first day of the fourth month after the vehicles are registered. The billed taxes are applicable to the fiscal year in which they become due. Therefore, the Town's vehicle taxes for vehicles registered in Guilford County from March 2009 through February 2010 apply to the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. Uncollected taxes that were billed during this period are shown as a receivable in these financial statements and are offset by deferred revenues.

Sales taxes and certain intergovernmental revenues, such as the utilities franchise tax, collected and held by the state at year end on behalf of the Town are recognized as revenue. Intergovernmental revenues and sales and services are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grant revenues which are unearned at year end are recorded as unearned revenues. Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, and then by general revenues.

As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles, the Town has elected to apply only applicable FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not contradict GASB pronouncements in its accounting and reporting practices for its proprietary operations.

Note 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

D. Budgetary Data

The Town's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and the Enterprise Funds. All annual appropriations lapse at the fiscal year end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the departmental level for all annually budgeted funds and at the object level for multi-year funds. The Town Manager is authorized to transfer appropriations between departments up to \$25,000; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of a fund or department more than \$25,000 must be approved by the governing board. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary, the effects of which were not material. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Town are made in Board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by state law [G. S. 159-31]. The Town may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings and loan association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Town may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit.

State law [G. S. 159-30(c)] authorizes the Town to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the state of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain nonguaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; and the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT). The Town's investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The securities of the NCCMT Cash Portfolio, an SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund, are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price.

Note 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Town pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Restricted Assets

Customer deposits held by the Town before any services are supplied are restricted to the service for which the deposit was collected.

4. Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable

In accordance with state law [G. S. 105-347 and G. S. 159-13(a)], the Town levies ad valorem taxes on property other than motor vehicles on July 1st, the beginning of the fiscal year. The taxes are due on September 1st (lien date); however, interest does not accrue until the following January 6th. These taxes are based on the assessed values as of January 1, 2009. As allowed by state law, the Town has established a schedule of discounts that apply to taxes that are paid prior to the due date. In the Town's General Fund, ad valorem tax revenues are reported net of such discounts.

5. Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

All receivables that historically experience uncollectible accounts are shown net of an allowance for doubtful accounts. This amount is estimated by analyzing the percentage of receivables that were written off in prior years, as well as including specific accounts believed to be uncollectible.

6. Inventory and Prepaid Items

The inventories of the General Fund are valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out) or market and consist of goods held for resale. The cost of these inventories is recorded as an expense as the inventories are consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements and expensed as the items are used.

7. Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than a certain amount and an estimated useful life in excess of two years.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

Minimum capitalization costs are as follows:

| | Cost |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|
| Land | \$ 100 |
| Land improvements | 5,000 |
| Buildings and improvements | 20,000 |
| Vehicles, furniture and equipment | 5,000 |
| Infrastructure | 50,000 |

Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at time of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

As a part of the implementation of GASB Statement 34, the Town is permitted to forgo the retroactive reporting of governmental infrastructure networks. The Town has chosen to do so.

Capital assets are amortized or depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives:

| | Useful Life |
|---|----------------|
| | |
| Wastewater treatment rights and other | |
| intangible assets | 20 to 40 years |
| Land improvements, buildings and infrastructure | 20 to 50 years |
| Furniture, fixtures, equipment, heavy equipment | |
| and vehicles | 5 to 10 years |
| Computer equipment and software | 3 to 5 years |

8. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets.

Note 1. <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

9. Compensated Absences

The vacation policy of the Town provides for the accumulation of up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Town's government-wide and proprietary funds, an expense and a liability for compensated absences and the salary-related payments are recorded as the leave is earned. The Town has assumed a first-in, first-out method of using accumulated compensated time. The portion of that time that is estimated to be used in the next fiscal year has been designated as a current liability in the government-wide financial statements.

The Town's sick leave policy provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Town has no obligation for the accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

10. Net Assets/Fund Balances

Net Assets

Net assets in government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are classified as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net assets represent constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through state statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, reservations of fund balance represent amounts that cannot be appropriated or are legally segregated for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

State law [G. S. 159-13(b)(16)] restricts appropriation of fund balance for the subsequent year's budget to an amount not to exceed the sum of cash and investments minus the sum of liabilities, encumbrances, and deferred revenues arising from cash receipts as those amounts stand at the close of the fiscal year preceding the budget year.

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

E. Assets, Liabilities and Fund Equity (Continued)

10. Net Assets/Fund Balances

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

RESERVED:

Reserved for inventories - portion of fund balance that is not available for appropriation because it represents the year end fund balance of ending inventories, which are not expendable, available resources.

Reserved for prepaid items - portion of fund balance that is not available for appropriation because it represents the year end fund balance of ending prepaid items, which are not expendable, available resources.

Reserved by state statute - portion of fund balance, which is <u>not</u> available for appropriation under state law [G. S. 159-8(a)]. This amount is usually comprised of accounts receivable and interfund receivables which have not been offset by deferred revenues.

Reserved for streets - Powell Bill - portion of fund balance that is available for appropriation but legally segregated for street construction and maintenance expenditures. This amount represents the balance of the total unexpended Powell Bill funds.

UNRESERVED:

Designated for subsequent year's expenditures - portion of the total fund balance available for appropriation that has been designated for the adopted 2010 – 2011 budget ordinance.

Undesignated - portion of the total fund balance available for appropriation that is uncommitted at year end.

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All the deposits of the Town are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits that exceed the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Town, these deposits are considered to be held by the Town's agent in the Town's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest-bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Town or the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amounts of collateral pledged for the Town under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for undercollateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows.

However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Town has no formal policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits, but relies on the State Treasurer to enforce standards of minimum capitalization for all pooling method financial institutions and to monitor them for compliance. The Town complies with the provisions of G.S 159-31 when designating official depositories and verifying that deposits are properly secured.

At June 30, 2010, the Town's deposits had a carrying amount of \$5,535,683, and a bank balance of \$5,998,372. Of the bank balance, \$883,121 was covered by federal depository insurance and the remainder was covered by collateral held under the Pooling Method. The Town had \$1,100 of petty cash on hand at June 30, 2010.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2010, the Town of Jamestown had \$481,441 invested with the North Carolina Capital Management Trust's Cash Portfolio which carried a credit rating of AAAm by Standard and Poor's. The Town has no formal policy regarding credit risk.

Note 2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)</u>

A. Assets (Continued)

3. Receivables

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2010 were as follows:

| | Acco | ounts | Taxes | _ | ue from Other vernments | | Total | ir | ccrued iterest ceivable |
|---|-----------|-------------------|--------------------------|----|-------------------------------|-----------|---------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|
| Governmental activities: General Allowance for doubtful accounts | \$ ——— | 9,330 (200) | \$ 32,199 (18,512) | \$ | 212,401 <u>-</u> | \$ | 253,930 (18,712) | \$ | 6,365 |
| Total governmental activities | <u>\$</u> | 9,130 | \$ 13,687 | \$ | 212,401 | <u>\$</u> | 235,218 | <u>\$</u> | 6,365 |
| Business-type activities: Water and Sewer Allowance for doubtful accounts | | 75,257 (9,500) | \$ <u>.</u> | \$ | 281,543 | \$ | 556,800 (9,500) | \$ | 10,083 |
| Total business-type activities | \$ 20 | <u>65,757</u> | \$ - | \$ | 281,543 | <u>\$</u> | 547,300 | \$_ | 10,083 |

4. Due from Governmental Agencies

Amounts due from governmental agencies consist of the following:

| | County | State | Total |
|---|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| General Fund Sales and use tax distribution Gibson Park reimbursement Sales tax refunds Other | \$ - 78,700 - - | \$ 82,139 - 43,562 8,000 | \$ 82,139 78,700 43,562 |
| | \$ 78,700 | <u>\$ 133,701</u> | <u>\$ 212,401</u> |
| Water and Sewer Fund Adams Farm sewer Sales tax refunds | \$ 279,805 | \$ - 1,738 | \$ 279,805 1,738 |
| | \$ <u>279,805</u> | <u>\$ 1,738</u> | <u>\$ 281,543</u> |

Note 2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)</u>

A. Assets (Continued)

5. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

| | Beginning <u>Balances,</u> | Increases | Decreases | Ending Balances |
|---|-------------------------------|----------------|--------------------|---------------------|
| Governmental activities: | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land | \$ 2,024,852 | \$ 106,888 | \$ - | \$ 2,131,740 |
| Construction-in-progress | <u>28,135</u> | <u> 14,257</u> | | 42,392 |
| Total capital assets not being | | | | |
| depreciated | 2,052,987 | <u>121,145</u> | <u>\$</u> | 2,174,132 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land improvements | 2,766,040 | 186,556 | \$ - | 2,952,596 |
| Infrastructure – roads | - | 165,400 | · - | 165,400 |
| Buildings | 3,549,585 | - | - | 3,549,585 |
| Equipment and vehicles | 1,354,968 | <u>37,131</u> | (12,445) | 1,379,654 |
| Total capital assets being | | | | |
| Depreciated | 7,670,593 | <u>389,087</u> | \$ (12,445) | <u>8,047,235</u> |
| Less accumulated depreciation for: | | | | |
| Land improvements | 1,789,562 | 71,587 | \$ - | 1,861,149 |
| Infrastructure – roads | • | 242 | - | 242 |
| Buildings | 1,257,957 | 81,940 | - | 1,339,897 |
| Equipment and vehicles | 916,320 | 122,030 | (9,904) | <u>1,028,446</u> |
| Total accumulated depreciation | 3,963,839 | 275,799 | \$ (9,904) | 4,229,734 |
| Total capital assets being depreciated, net | <u>3,706,754</u> | | | 3,817,501 |
| Governmental activity capital assets, net | <u>\$ 5,759,741</u> | | | <u>\$ 5,991,633</u> |

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

| General government | \$ 37,745 |
|------------------------|------------------|
| Public services | 47,877 |
| Public safety | 69,892 |
| Culture and Recreation | <u>120,285</u> |
| | |
| | \$275,799 |

Note 2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)</u>

A. Assets (Continued)

5. Capital Assets (Continued)

| | Beginning Balances | Increases | Decreases | Ending Balances |
|---|-----------------------|-------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| Business-type activities: Water and Sewer Fund: Capital assets not being amortized or depreciated: Water rights | \$ 2,200.644 | \$ 13.749 | \$ - | \$ 2,214,393 |
| Construction-in-progress | 14,460 | 1,974 | (1,120) | 15,314 |
| . 3 | | | | |
| Total capital assets not being amortized or | 0.045.404 | 45 700 | (4.400) | 0.000.707 |
| Depreciated | 2,215,104 | <u>15,723</u> | (1,120) | 2,229,707 |
| Capital assets being amortized or depreciated: | | | | |
| Wastewater treatment rights | 3,450,000 | - | - | 3,450,000 |
| Infrastructure – distribution systems | 10,580,964 | 627,809 | - | 11,208,141 |
| Buildings | 109,493 | - | - | 109,493 |
| Equipment | <u>970,424</u> | <u>133,205</u> | (24,106) | 1,079,523 |
| Total capital assets being amortized or | | | | |
| depreciated | <u>15,110,249</u> | <u>761,014</u> | (24,106) | <u> 15,847,157</u> |
| Less accumulated amortization or depreciation for: | | | | |
| Wastewater treatment rights | 765,469 | 86,250 | _ | 851,719 |
| Infrastructure - distribution systems | 3,894,611 | 227,797 | - | 4,122,408 |
| Buildings | 89,216 | 2,425 | - | 91,641 |
| Equipment | <u>571,470</u> | 88,166 | (24,106) | 635,530 |
| Total accumulated amortization and | | | | |
| depreciation | <u>5,320,766</u> | <u>\$ 404,638</u> | \$ (24,106) | <u>5,701,298</u> |
| Total capital assets being amortized or depreciated, net | 9,789,483 | | | 10,145,859 |
| Business-type activities capital assets, net | <u>\$ 12,004,587</u> | | | <u>\$ 12,375,566</u> |

Note 2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)</u>

A. Assets (Continued)

6. Wastewater Treatment Rights

The Town entered into a joint-use facility agreement with the City of High Point on May 31, 2000. The agreement required the Town to pay \$3,450,000 for its share of the capacity- use allocation to upgrade and expand the Eastside Wastewater Treatment Plant. This cost is being amortized over 40 years using the straight-line method.

| Rights purchased Accumulated amortization | \$ 3,450,000 <u>(851,719</u>) |
|--|--|
| Unamortized balance | <u>\$ 2,598,281</u> |
| Future amortization is as follows: | |
| Year Ending June 30, 2011 2012 2013 2014 2015 Thereafter | \$ 86,250 86,250 86,250 86,250 86,250 2,167,031 |
| | <u>\$ 2,598,281</u> |

B. Liabilities

1. Payables

Payables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2010, were as follows:

| | Vendors | Salaries and Benefits | Total | Retainage Payable | Accrued Interest |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|------------------|
| Governmental activit General | ies: <u>\$178,883</u> | <u>\$ 11,853</u> | <u>\$ 190,736</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 1,376</u> |
| Business-type activit Water and Sewer | | <u>\$ 1,688</u> | <u>\$ 376,471</u> | <u>\$ 11,843</u> | <u>\$</u> |

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

- B. Liabilities (continued)
 - 2. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations

Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Town of Jamestown contributes to the statewide Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (LGERS), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the state of North Carolina. LGERS provides retirement and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 3 of G. S. Chapter 128 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The state's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for LGERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute 6% of their annual covered salary. The Town is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. For the Town, the current rate for employees not engaged in law enforcement is 4.98% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of members and of the Town of Jamestown are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Town's contributions to LGERS for the years ended June 30, 2010, 2009 and 2008 were \$63,137, \$55,219, and \$54,546, respectively. The contributions made by the Town equaled the required contributions for each year.

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

- B. Liabilities (Continued)
 - 2. Pension Plan and Postemployment Obligations (Continued)

State 401(k) Supplemental Retirement Income Plan

The Town, upon the approval of the Town Council, has elected to include all permanent, full-time employees under the State 401(k) Supplemental Retirement Income Plan (Plan), a defined contribution pension plan, administered by the NC Department of State Treasurer and sponsored by the State of North Carolina. Participation begins 90 days after the date of employment. Article 5 of General Statute 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. In a defined contribution plan, benefits depend solely on amounts contributed to the plan plus investment earnings. The Town has elected to contribute each month an amount equal to 4.5% of each participant's salary, and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, participants may make voluntary contributions to the plan.

The Town's contributions were calculated using a covered payroll amount of \$1,200,485. Total contributions for the year ended June 30, 2010 were \$101,592, which consisted of \$54,022 from the Town and \$47,570 from employees. The Town's contributions and the employees' voluntary contributions represent 4.5% and 4.0%, respectively, of the covered payroll amount.

Other Postemployment Benefits – Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. Under approval by Town Council in January 1999, and amended in October 2006, the Town administers a single-employer defined benefit Healthcare Benefits Plan (the HCB Plan). This plan provides postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees of the Town, hired before October 17, 2006, provided they participate in the North Carolina Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (System) and have at least twenty years of creditable service with the Town. The Town pays the full cost of coverage for these benefits through private insurers. Also, the Town's retirees can purchase coverage for their dependents at the Town's group rates. The Town Council may amend the benefit provisions. A separate report was not issued for the plan.

Membership of the HCB Plan consisted of the following at December 31, 2009, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

| Retirees and dependents receiving benefits | 4 |
|---|----|
| Terminated plan members entitled to but not yet receiving | |
| benefits | 0 |
| Active plan members | 23 |
| Total | 27 |

Note 2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)</u>

B. Liabilities (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits – Healthcare Benefits (continued)

Funding Policy. The Town pays the full cost of coverage for the healthcare benefits paid to qualified retirees under a Town Council approval that can also be amended by Town Council. The Town has chosen to fund the healthcare benefits on a pay as you go basis.

The current ARC rate is 5.7% of annual covered payroll. For the current year, the Town contributed \$41,741 or 4.1% of annual covered payroll. The Town obtains healthcare coverage through private insurers. There were no contributions made by employees, except for dependent coverage in the amount of \$1,984. The Town's obligation to contribute to HCB Plan is established and may be amended by the Town Council.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. Postemployment expenditures are made from the fund in which the retiree was paid from. No funds are set aside to pay benefits and administration costs. These expenditures are paid as they come due.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The Town's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the Town's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation for the healthcare benefits:

| Annual required contribution | \$ 58,918 |
|--|--------------|
| Interest on net OPEB obligation | - |
| Adjustment to annual required contribution | |
| Annual OPEB cost (expense) | 58,918 |
| Contributions made | (41,741) |
| Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation | 17,177 |
| Net OPEB obligation, beginning of year | - |
| Net OPEB obligation, end of year | \$ 17,177 |

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits – Healthcare Benefits (continued)

The Town's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2010 were as follows:

| For Year Ended | | Annual | Percentage of Annual | Ne | t OPEB |
|----------------|----|----------|-----------------------|----|----------|
| June 30 | OI | PEB Cost | OPEB Cost Contributed | Ob | ligation |
| 2010 | \$ | 58,918 | 19.7% | \$ | 17,177 |

Funded Status and Funding Progress. As of December 31, 2009, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was not funded. The actuarial accrued liability for benefits and, thus, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$622,522. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$1,028,379, and the ratio of the UAAL to the covered payroll was 60.5 percent. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and healthcare trends. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members at that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

Other Postemployment Benefits - Healthcare Benefits (continued)

In the December 31, 2009 actuarial valuation, the projected unit credit actuarial cost method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.00 percent investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is the expected long-term investment returns on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date, and an annual medical cost trend increase of 10.50 to 5.00 percent annually. The investment rate included a 3.75 percent inflation assumption. The actuarial value of assets, if any, was determined using techniques that spread the effects of short-term volatility in the market value of investments over a 5 year period. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at December 31, 2009, was 30 years.

3. Other Employment Benefit

The Town has elected to provide death benefits to employees through the Death Benefit Plan for members of the Local Governmental Employees' Retirement System (Death Benefit Plan), a multiple-employer, State-administered, cost-sharing plan funded on a one-year term cost basis. The beneficiaries of those employees who die in active service after one year of contributing membership in the System, or who die within 180 days after retirement or termination of service and have at least one year of contributing membership service in the System at the time of death are eligible for death benefits. Lump sum death benefit payments to beneficiaries are equal to the employee's 12 highest months salary in a row during the 24 months prior to the employee's death, but the benefit may not exceed \$50,000 or be less than \$25,000. All death benefit payments are made from the Death Benefit Plan. The Town has no liability beyond the payment of monthly contributions. The contributions to the Death Benefit Plan cannot be separated between the post-employment benefit amount and the other benefit amount. The Town considers these contributions to be immaterial.

In addition, the Town provides life insurance benefits of \$10,000 per employee through the Municipal Insurance Trust .

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

4. Deferred/Unearned Revenues

The balance in deferred/unearned revenues in the General Fund at year end is comprised of the following elements:

| | | eferred evenues | | nearned evenues | | Total |
|-------------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|-----------------|
| Property taxes Other | \$ | 13,687 | \$ —— | 6 <u>,753</u> | \$ | 13,687 6,753 |
| | <u>\$</u> | 13,687 | <u>\$</u> | 6,753 | <u>\$</u> | 20,440 |

5. Risk Management

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Town carries commercial insurance coverage which provides for the following types of major coverage for the amounts of retained risk noted: general liability (\$5,000,000), worker's compensation (\$1,000,000) and public officials' liability (\$1,000,000). There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Because the Town has structures in one location that has been mapped and designated an "A" area (an area close to a river, lake or stream) by the Federal Emergency Management Agency, the Town is eligible to purchase coverage through the National Flood Insurance Plan (NFIP) for these structures. The Town has opted not to purchase this insurance. The contents of the buildings are covered under other insurance.

In accordance with G.S 159-29, the Town's employees that have access to \$100 or more at any given time of the Town's funds are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is individually bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$20,000.

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

6. Commitments

The Town has entered into an agreement with the Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority to assist in the repayment of debt for the construction of the Randleman Reservoir water treatment plant. Under the terms of this agreement, the Town is obligated to pay approximately \$2,495,000 to the Authority over a twenty-year period which is to begin in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2011. Future estimated payments to the Authority are as follows:

| Year Ending June 30, | |
|----------------------|----------------|
| 2011 | 134,867 |
| 2012 | 134,867 |
| 2013 | 134,867 |
| 2014 | 134,867 |
| 2015 | 134,867 |
| Next 5 years | 674,335 |
| Next 5 years | 674,335 |
| Next 5 years | <u>472,036</u> |
| • | \$2,495,041 |

In addition, the Town is obligated to pay the Town's pro rata share (2.5%) of the Authority's annual operating budget.

7. Long-Term Obligations

a. Operating Leases

The Town leases golf carts and other equipment under noncancelable operating leases terminating in fiscal years 2012 and 2013. Total expenditures on operating leases amounted to \$105,949 during fiscal year 2010.

Future minimum commitments for operating leases are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,

| 2011 | \$86,627 |
|------|----------|
| 2012 | 84,314 |
| 2013 | 28,323 |
| 2010 | |

Total future minimum lease payments

\$ 199,264

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

B. Liabilities (Continued)

7. Long-Term Obligations (continued)

b. Installment Purchase Agreements

The Town has entered into installment purchase agreements with High Point Bank & Trust Company, N.A. as follows.

Governmental Activities:

| Note payable to High Point Bank, executed October 2007 at \$123,739, interest and principal payable in 20 quarterly installments of \$6,894 each with interest payable at 4.15%, secured by a leaf truck. | \$65,094 |
|---|-------------------|
| Note payable to High Point Bank, executed May 1998 at \$248,222, interest and principal payable in 180 monthly installments of \$3,599 each with interest payable at 5.1%, unsecured, for purchase on land. | 116,784 |
| Note payable to High Point Bank, executed November 2006 at \$109,762, interest and principal payable in 20 quarterly installments of \$6,088 each with interest payable at 3.99%, secured by a | |
| sanitation truck. | <u>35,206</u> |
| | 217,084 |
| Less current portion | 86,534 |
| | <u>\$ 130,550</u> |

The future minimum payments on the notes payable as of June 30, 2010 are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

| Fiscal Year Ending June 30, | <u>Principal</u> | Interest | Total |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|------------|
| 2011 | \$86,534 | \$8,575 | \$95,109 |
| 2012 | 78,298 | 4,597 | 82,895 |
| 2013 | <u>52,252</u> | 1,230 | 53,482 |
| | \$ <u>217,084</u> | \$ 14,402 | \$ 231,486 |

At June 30, 2010, the Town had a legal debt margin of \$31,451,265.

Note 2. <u>Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)</u>

B. Liabilities (Continued)

7. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

c. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

During the year ended June 30, 2010, the following changes occurred in long-term obligations:

| | Balance July 1, 2009, | Increases | Decreases | Balance June 30, 2010 | Current Portion of Balance |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Governmental activities: | 0 045 505 | • | 6 400 544 | 6 047.004 | |
| Installment purchases | \$ 345,595 | \$ - | \$ 128,511 | \$ 217,084 | \$ 86,534 |
| Compensated absences | <u>80,969</u> | <u>36,509</u> | 41,044 | <u>76,435</u> | 30,000 |
| Total governmental activities | <u>\$ 426,564</u> | <u>\$ 36,509</u> | <u>\$ 169,555</u> | <u>\$ 293,519</u> | <u>\$ 116,534</u> |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | |
| Installment purchases | \$ 544,208 | \$ - | \$ 544,208 | \$ - | \$ - |
| Compensated absences | 28,179 | 13.741 | 10,915 | 31,004 | 11,000 |
| Total business-type activities | <u>\$ 572,387</u> | <u>\$ 13.741</u> | \$ 555,123 | \$ 31,004 | <u>\$ 11,000</u> |

Compensated absences have typically been liquidated in the General Fund. Total interest expense incurred during the year amounted to \$26,140, which is reported in the department / function in which it was budgeted.

Note 2. Detail Notes on All Funds (Continued)

Note 3. Joint Ventures

The Town, in conjunction with five other governments, has entered into a joint governmental agreement with the Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority. The Authority was established to construct a dam facility, water treatment plant and related distribution lines. The dam construction has been completed, and construction of the water treatment plant and distribution lines is under way. The participating governments are legally obligated under the intergovernmental agreement that created the Authority to contribute a pre-determined share of the construction costs. During the year ended June 30, 2010, the Town made a \$50,373 contribution to the Authority, representing \$13,749 of capital and \$36,624 of operating expenses. According to the joint governmental agreement, the participating governments do not have an equity interest in the joint venture, but rather rights to water in the reservoir. After the water treatment plant and distribution lines are completed, the participating governments have the right to purchase future treated water based upon their pre-determined share, according to a uniform rate structure to be set by the Authority. Accordingly, an intangible asset in the amount of \$2,214,393 has been recorded at cost in the government-wide financial statements at June 30, 2010. Complete financial statements for the Authority can be obtained from the Authority's administrative offices at 2216 West Meadowview Road, Greensboro, North Carolina.

Note 4. Jointly Governed Organization

The Town, in conjunction with six counties and 25 other municipalities, established the Piedmont Triad Regional Council of Governments (Council). The participating governments established the Council to coordinate various funding received from federal and state agencies. Each participating government appoints one member to the Council's governing board. The Town paid membership fees of \$707 to the Council during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010.

Note 5. Summary Disclosure of Significant Contingencies

Federal- and State-Assisted Programs

The Town has received proceeds from several federal and state grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant monies to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant monies.

Required Supplementary Financial Data

This section contains additional information required by generally accepted accounting principles.

- Schedule of Funding Progress for the Other Postemployment Benefits.
- Schedule of Employer Contributions for the Other Postemployment Benefits.
- Notes to the Required Schedules for the Other Postemployment Benefits.

Town of Jamestown, North Carolina Other Postemployment Benefits Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress

| | | Actuarial Accrued | | | | |
|-----------|-----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------|--------|--------------|---------------------------|
| Actuarial | Actuarial Value of | Liability (AAL) -Projected Unit | Unfunded AAL | Funded | Covered | UAAL as a % of Covered |
| Valuation | Assets | Credit | (UAAL) | Ratio | Payroll | Payroll |
| Date | (a) | (b) | (b - a) | (a/b) | (c) | ((b - a)/c) |
| 12/31/09 | - | \$ 622,522 | \$ 622,522 | 0% | \$ 1,028,379 | 60.5% |

Town of Jamestown, North Carolina
Other Postemployment Benefits
Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Employer Contributions

| Year Ended June 30 | Annual Required Contribution | Percentage Contributed |
|-----------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------|
| 2009 | 58,918 | 70.85% |

Notes to the Required Schedules:

The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuation, follows:

Valuation date 12/31/2009 Actuarial cost method Projected unit credit Level Dollar Amount, open Amortization method Remaining amortization period 30 Years Asset valuation method Market value of Assets Actuarial assumptions: Investment rate of return* 4.00% Medical cost trend 10.50% - 5.00% *Includes inflation at 3.75% Cost-of-living adjustments None

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2010

| | | | Variance Positive |
|--|-----------|---|----------------------|
| | Budget | Actual | (Negative) |
| Revenues: | | | |
| Ad valorem taxes: | | | |
| Taxes | \$ - | \$ 1,439,631 | \$ - |
| Interest | Ψ - | 3,314 | - |
| Total | 1,454,000 | 1,442,945 | (11.055) |
| | .,, | .,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | |
| Unrestricted intergovernmental: | | | |
| Local option sales tax | - | 332,453 | - |
| Telecommunications sales tax | - | 87,146 | - |
| Utility franchise tax | - | 88,408 | - |
| Piped natural gas tax | - | 90,781 | - |
| Video franchise fee | - | 47,464 | - |
| Solid waste disposal tax | - | 2,347 | - |
| ABC distribution | - | 50,000 | - |
| Beer and wine tax | - | 4,829 | - |
| Reimbursement from Guilford County - Gibson Park | _ | 266,138 | _ |
| Total | 999,271 | 969,566 | (29,705) |
| Restricted intergovernmental: | | | |
| Powell Bill allocation | | 91,074 | |
| Other state, federal and local grants | - | 98,599 | - |
| Other state, rederal and local grants Total | 187,000 | 189,673 | 2,673 |
| lotal | 107,000 | 109,073 | 2,073 |
| Services and fees: | | | |
| Cable franchise fees | - | 2,637 | - |
| Cell tower franchise fees | - | 42,410 | - |
| Refuse collection fees | - | 110,804 | |
| Planning and development fees | _ | 20,663 | - |
| Rentals | _ | 28,559 | _ |
| Golf operations | - | 808,286 | |
| Other fees | - | 641 | - |
| Total | 1,129,050 | 1,014,000 | (115,050) |
| Investment income | 70,000 | 35,655 | (34,345) |
| Miscellaneous: | | | |
| Contributions and donations | | 750 | |
| Other | - | 5.880 | - |
| Other | 1,030 | 6,630 | 5,600 |
| | | | |
| Total revenues | 3,840,351 | 3,658,469 | (181,882) |
| | | | |

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2010

| | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|--------------------------------|----------|---------|------------------------------------|
| Expenditures: | | Actual | (Hegalite) |
| General government: | | | |
| Governing Body: | | | |
| Other operating expenditures | 34,500 | 26,805 | 7,695 |
| Administration: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | - | 293,663 | _ |
| Professional services | - | 19,011 | - |
| Other operating expenditures | • | 56,528 | - |
| Total | 396,500 | 369,202 | 27,298 |
| Planning: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | _ | 62,785 | _ |
| Contractual services | _ | 28,616 | _ |
| Other operating expenditures | _ | 19,520 | _ |
| Total | 173,870 | 110,921 | 62,949 |
| i otal | 170,070 | 110,521 | 02,545 |
| Buildings and Grounds: | | | |
| Employee benefits - retiree | - | 9,449 | - |
| Other operating expenditures | - | 63,446 | - |
| Debt service | | 43,184 | |
| Total | 130,190 | 116,079 | 14,111 |
| Total general government | 735,060 | 623,007 | 112,053 |
| Public services: | | | |
| Streets: | | | |
| Other operating expenditures | _ | 112,749 | _ |
| Capital outlay | - | 5,069 | - |
| Debt service | - | 27,574 | - |
| Total | 161,600 | 145,392 | 16,208 |
| Streets - Powell Bill: | | | |
| Contractual services | _ | 246,637 | _ |
| Other operating expenditures | | 9,315 | _ |
| Capital outlay | _ | 6,816 | _ |
| Capital Callay | 290,600 | 262,768 | 27,832 |
| Sanitation: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | - | 49,678 | _ |
| Other operating expenditures | - | 172,385 | _ |
| Debt service | - | 24,351 | - |
| Total ⁴ | 308,370 | 246,414 | 61,956 |
| Total public services | 760,570 | 654,574 | 105,996 |
| Public safety: | | | |
| Fire: | | | |
| Employee benefits - retiree | - | 9,449 | - |
| Contractual services | - | 255,035 | - |
| Other operating expenditures | - | 9,398 | - |
| Debt service | <u>-</u> | 46,529 | |
| Total | 321,600 | 320,411 | 1,189 |
| Police: | | | |
| Contractual services | _ | 330,417 | - |
| Other operating expenditures | - | 17,103 | - |
| Total | 401,500 | 347,520 | 53,980 |
| Total public safety | 723,100 | 667,931 | 55,169 |
| Loral bublic saidly | 720,100 | 357,001 | |

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2010

| | 5 | | Variance Positive |
|--|-----------|--------------|----------------------|
| Recreation: | Budget | Actual | (Negative) |
| Recreation: | • | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | _ | 113,431 | _ |
| Other operating expenditures | _ | 37,761 | - |
| Library contribution | - | 105.000 | - |
| Historic Jamestown contribution | - | 21,000 | _ |
| YMCA contribution | _ | 107,200 | _ |
| Capital outlay | _ | 85,896 | - |
| Total | 507,230 | 470,288 | 36,942 |
| Golf Course: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | • | 570,645 | - |
| Supplies and materials | - | 139,005 | - |
| Contractual services | - | 165,343 | - |
| Other operating expenditures | - | 150,888 | - |
| Capital outlay | - | 199,787 | |
| Total | 1,352,326 | 1,225,668 | 126,658 |
| Gibson Park: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | - | 205,823 | - |
| Other operating expenditures | - | 43,461 | |
| Total | 259,272 | 249,284 | 9,988 |
| Total recreation | 2,118,828 | 1,945,240 | 173,588 |
| Total expenditures | 4,337,558 | 3,890,752 | 446,806 |
| Revenues under expenditures | (497,207) | (232,283) | 264,924 |
| Other financing sources: | | | |
| Insurance recovery | - | 6,885 | 6,885 |
| Fund balance appropriated | 497,207 | | (497,207) |
| Total other financing sources | 497,207 | 6,885 | (490,322) |
| Revenues and other financing sources under | | | |
| expenditures | \$ - | (225,398) | \$ (225,398) |
| Fund balance: | | | |
| Beginning of year, July 1 | | 2,108,049 | |
| End of year, June 30 | | \$ 1,882,651 | |

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA WATER AND SEWER FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

Year Ended June 30, 2010

| | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|--|-------------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Operating revenues: | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | |
| Water sales | \$ 797,850 | \$ 826,325 | \$ 28,475 |
| Sewer service charges | 1,633,000 | 2,037,261 | 404,261 |
| Total | 2,430,850 | 2,863,586 | 432,736 |
| Other operating revenues | 22,250 | 23,153 | 903 |
| Total operating revenues | 2,453,100 | 2,886,739 | 433,639 |
| Nonoperating revenues: | | | |
| Interest income | 70,000 | 54,831 | (15,169) |
| | | | |
| Total revenues | 2,523,100 | 2,941,570 | 418,470 |
| Expenditures: | | | |
| Salaries and employee benefits | - | 523,055 | |
| Contracted services | - | 122,045 | - |
| Contractual payment for wastewater treatment | - | 509,314 | - |
| Supplies and materials | - | 62,744 | - |
| Purchase of water | - | 440,016 | - |
| Repairs and maintenance | - | 46,066 | - |
| Other operating expenditures | - | 53,374 | • |
| Payments on notes payable | • | 562,240 | • |
| Piedmont Triad Regional Water Authority operating expenditures | - | 36,624 | - |
| Capital outlay | - | 434,371 | |
| Total expenditures | 3,150,000 | 2,789,849 | 360,151 |
| Revenues over (under) expenditures | (626,900) | 151,721 | 778,621 |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Sale of capital assets | • | 1,510 | 1,510 |
| Transfer to Randleman Reservoir Fund | (52,000) | (52,000) | - |
| Net assets appropriated | 678,900 | · | (678,900) |
| | 626,900 | (50,490) | (677,390) |
| | 020,900 | (30,490) | (011,390) |
| Revenues and other financing sources over expenditures | | | |
| and other financing uses | <u>\$ -</u> | 101,231 | \$ 101,231 |
| Reconciliation from budgetary basis (modified accrual) | | | |
| to full accrual basis: | | | |
| Reconciling items: | | | |
| Principal retirement | | \$ 544,208 | |
| Capital outlay | | 434,371 | |
| Capital contributions | | 327,497 5,021 | |
| Change in accrued interest on debt Depreciation | | (318,388) | |
| Amortization | | (86,250) | |
| Transfer - Randleman Reservoir Capital Reserve Fund | | 52,000 | |
| Investment earnings - Randleman Reservoir Capital Reserve Fund | | 11,236 | |
| • | | 969,695 | |
| Change in net assets | | \$ 1,070,926 | |
| Change in net assets | | Ψ .,σ.σ.σ.σεσ | |

Schedule 3

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA RANDLEMAN RESERVOIR CAPITAL RESERVE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES -BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP)

Year Ended June 30, 2010

| | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
|---|-----------|------------------|------------------------------------|
| Revenues: | | | |
| Nonoperating revenues: | | • | |
| Investment income | \$ 28,000 | \$ 11,236 | \$ (16,764) |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | |
| Transfer from Water and Sewer Fund | 52,000 | 52,000 | - |
| Payment to Piedmont Triad Regional Water | | | |
| Authority | (15,000) | (13,749) | 1,251 |
| Reserve for future expenditures | (65,000) | | 65,000 |
| Total other financing sources | (28,000) | 38,251_ | 66,251 |
| Revenues and other financing sources over | | | |
| other financing uses | | <u>\$ 49,487</u> | \$ 49,487 |

ADDITIONAL FINANCIAL DATA

This section contains additional information on property taxes.

- Schedule of Ad Valorem Taxes Receivable
- Analysis of Current Tax Levy

Schedule 4

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA SCHEDULE OF AD VALOREM TAXES RECEIVABLE -GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2010

| Fiscal Year | В | ollected alance 1, 2009 | | Additions | - | ollections nd Credits | - 1 | ncollected Balance ne 30, 2010 |
|--|----|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------|----|--------------------------|------|--------------------------------------|
| 2009-10 | \$ | - | \$ | 1,454,621 | \$ | 1,442,492 | \$ | 12,129 |
| 2008-09 | | 12,962 | | · · · | • | 7,918 | | 5,044 |
| 2007-08 | | 2,731 | | _ | | 293 | | 2,438 |
| 2006-07 | | 1,568 | | - | | 29 | | 1,539 |
| 2005-06 | | 1,777 | | - | | 12 | | 1,765 |
| 2004-05 | | 1,735 | | - | | 21 | | 1,714 |
| 2003-04 | | 4,471 | | _ | | - | | 4,471 |
| 2002-03 | | 727 | | _ | | 13 | | 714 |
| 2001-02 | | 797 | | - | | 35 | | 762 |
| 2000-01 | | 1,623 | | - | | - | | 1,623 |
| 1999-00 | | 1,027 | | | | 1,027 | | <u> </u> |
| | \$ | 29,418 | <u>\$</u> | 1,454,621 | \$ | 1,451,840 | | 32,199 |
| Less allowance for uncollectible taxes | | | | | | | | (18,512) |
| | | | | | | | \$ | 13,687 |
| Reconcilement with revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Taxes - Ad Valorem - General Fund | | | | | | | \$ | 1,442,945 |
| Reconciling items: | | | | | | | | |
| Interest collected | | | | | | | | (3,314) |
| Discounts and releases allowed ar Amounts written off for tax year 19 | | | | | | | | 11,182 |
| of limitations | , | • | | | | | | 1,027 |
| Subtotal | | | | | | | | 8,895 |
| Total collections and credits | | | | | | | _\$_ | 1,451,840 |

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA ANALYSIS OF CURRENT TAX LEVY -GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2010

| | | | | | | | Total | Levy | |
|---|-----------------------|-------|------|------------------|-----|------|-----------------------------------|------|------------------|
| | | City- | Wide | | | E | Property xcluding egistered | Re | gistered |
| | Property Valuation | | Rate | Total Levy | | | Motor /ehicles | | Motor ehicles |
| Original levy: Property taxes at current year's rate | \$ 392,584,324 | \$ | 0.37 | \$ 1,452, | 562 | \$ | 1,329,909 | \$ | 122,653 |
| Discoveries: Current year taxes | 556,486 | | 0.37 | 2, | 059 | | 2,059 | | |
| Total property valuation | \$ 393,140,810 | | | | | | | | |
| Net levy | | | | 1,454, | 621 | | 1,331,968 | | 122,653 |
| Uncollected taxes at June 30, 2010 | | | | 12, | 129 | | 5,628 | | 6,501 |
| Current year's taxes collected | | | | <u>\$ 1,442,</u> | 492 | _\$_ | 1,326,340 | _\$_ | 116,152 |
| Current levy collection percentage | | | | 99. | 17% | | 99.58% | | 94.70% |

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the Town of Jamestown's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the Town's overall financial health.

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| 72 |
| 74 |
| 76 |
| |

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA
Net Assets by Component
Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

| | ļ | 2004 | | 2005 | | 2006 | | 2007 | | 2008 | | 2009 (2) | 25 | 2010 |
|--|----|------------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|----|------------------------------------|
| Net assets: Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted | w | 3,468,241 273,076 1,322,974 | ₩. | 4,155,997 278,974 961,474 | ss. | 4,342,154 376,968 1,220,679 | ₩ | 4,513,022 191,056 1,510,324 | ↔ | 4,527,636 312,983 1,523,500 | ↔ | 5,414,146 403,845 1,663,882 | 69 | 5,774,549 234,107 1,577,903 |
| Total governmental activities net assets | 69 | 5,064,291 | ↔ | 5,396,445 | • | 5,939,801 | 85 | 6,214,402 | ₩ | 6,364,119 | ø | 7,481,873 | ₩ | 7,586,559 |
| Business-type activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Unrestricted | ω. | 10,266,664 4,417,245 | € | 10,782,928 3,974,426 | 4 | 11,108,193 3,915,920 | ₩ | 11,612,380 3,768,870 | ** | 11,803,854 4,118,421 | 44 | 11,460,379 | 49 | 12,375,566 4,307,402 |
| Total business-type activities net assets | 69 | 14,683,909 | 49 | 14,757,354 | ₩ | 15,024,113 | 69 | 15,381,250 | ₩ | 15,922,275 | ₩ | 15,612,042 | 4 | 16,682,968 |
| Primary government Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted | ₩ | 13,734,905 273,076 5,740,219 | es l | 14,938,925 278,974 4,935,900 | •• | 15,450,347 376,968 5,136,599 | ω | 16,125,402 191,056 5,279,194 | ∞ | 16,331,490 312,983 5,641,921 | ω | 16,874,525 403,845 5,815,545 | • | 18,150,115 234,107 5,885,305 |
| Total primary government net assets | 69 | 19,748,200 | s, | 20,153,799 | ⇔ | 20,963,914 | €9 | 21,595,652 | €9 | 22,286,394 | ₩ | 23,093,915 | ₩. | 24,269,527 |

⁽¹⁾ Ten-year trend information is being developed in this table. Data is presented since implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34.

⁽²⁾ On July 1, 2008, the Jamestown Park Fund (a business-type activity) was merged into the General Fund (governmental activity).

Source: The sources for the data provided in the financial trends portion of the statistical section are the current and prior years' audited financial statements for the Town.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Changes in Net Assets Last Seven Fiscal Years (1) (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

| | | 2004 | | 2005 | | 2006 | | 2007 | | 2008 | | 2009 | (3) | 2010 |
|---|-----------|------------|-----|----------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------------|-----|-----------|-----|-----------|-----|-------------|
| Expenses | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | 6 | 630.043 | | 648 773 | e | 566 203 | ¥ | 562 458 | 65 | 666 562 | • | 694.587 | 69 | 622.773 |
| General government | 9 | 250,013 | 9 | 350,048 | • | 350,233 | • | 699 128 | • | 432.960 | • | 434 035 | ٠ | 659,936 |
| Public services | | 322,304 | | 300,000 | | 637.050 | | 643,236 | | 753 062 | | 648.877 | | 668 864 |
| Public safety | | 335 324 | | 448 080 | | 590,152 | | 639,139 | | 705,606 | | 1.841.087 | | 1,776,310 |
| Cecesion April 40th | | 64.852 | | 53.146 | | 42.612 | | 34.524 | | 31,120 | | 21,543 | | 13,129 |
| Total covernmental activities expenses | | 2,019,127 | | 1 984,911 | | 2,187,248 | | 2,578 485 | | 2,589,310 | | 3,640,129 | | 3,741,012 |
| Business-type activities: | | 200 t | | 3+0 000 + | | 1 047 038 | | 2 092 788 | | 2 082 263 | | 1 969 688 | | 2 2 1 0 887 |
| Water and sewer | | 1,722,773 | | 1,032,213 | | 1 004 459 | | 1.088.844 | | 1.088.115 | | - | | 1 |
| Jamestown Frank Total business-type activities expenses | | 2,749,020 | | 2,869,740 | | 2,922,387 | | 3,181,632 | | 3,170,378 | | 1,969,688 | | 2,210,887 |
| Total primary government expenses | м | 4,768,147 | so. | 4,854,651 | ø | 5,109,635 | ьэ | 5,760,117 | s | 5,759,688 | es. | 5,609,817 | 69 | 5,951,899 |
| Program revenues Governmental activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | | | | , | ! | • | ; | , | | • | |
| General government | 69 | 87,900 | ₩. | 68,512 | (A | 107,566 | | 58,225 | ₩ | 13,122 | A | 23,945 | A | 25,023 |
| Public services | | 100 | | 0,330 | | n So't | | | | 20'01 | | 5. | | |
| Public safety | | 91 509 | | 40 407 | | 41.677 | | 29.414 | | 25.461 | | 906.437 | | 833.124 |
| Recreation | | 066,10 | | 74.04 | | - | | - | | <u>:</u> | | | | ! |
| Operating grants and contributions. General government | | • | | , | | ٠ | | 1 | | 3,537 | | 8,750 | | 1,626 |
| Public services | | 96,423 | | 106,436 | | 114,027 | | 122,510 | | 122,183 | | 107,029 | | 110,171 |
| Public safety | | 80,959 | | 135.873 | | 90 265 077 | | 286.072 | | 312.424 | | 316.937 | | 316.139 |
| Recreation Could ample and contain those | | 20,00 | | 25,551 | | 2 | | 1 | | <u> </u> | | - | | • |
| Capital grants and continuous. Public services | | 27,879 | | 5,241 | | 17,610 | | 88,001 | | 8,697 | | 7,500 | | 212,663 |
| Recreation Total concernmental activities program revenues | | 426 426 | | 359.801 | | 550,086 | | 966 069 | | 565,373 | | 1,497,377 | | 1,640,490 |
| Business-type activities: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | | | | | 070007 | | 0.450 | | 227 455 | | 007 900 0 |
| Water and sewer | | 1,843,925 | | 1,964,797 876,128 | | 921,039 | | 2,419,048 909,015 | | 962,453 | | 2,413,400 | | 601,000,2 |
| Capital grants and contributions: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water and sewer | | - | | • | ļ | 9,432 | | 48,000 | | , ,,,,, | | 60,000 | | 327,497 |
| Total business-type activities program revenues | | 2,750,696 | | 2,840,925 | | 3,149,486 | | 3,376,663 | | 3,414,831 | | 2,535,455 | | 5,214,230 |
| Total primary government program revenues | 49 | 3,177,122 | s, | 3,200,726 | ь | 3,699,572 | s | 3,967,659 | sa. | 3,980,204 | ø | 4,030,843 | ø | 4,854,726 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA
Changes in Net Assets
Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)
(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Table 2, continued

| | | 2004 | | 2005 | | 2006 | | 2007 | | 2008 | | 5005 | (2) | 2010 |
|---|---------------|----------------------|---------------|-------------------------|----------|------------------------|----------|------------------------|----------|------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-----|--------------------------|
| Net (expense) revenue Governmental activities Business-type activities | 69 | (1,582,244) | ↔ | (1,612,223) (28,815) | ₩. | (1,623,795) 226,974 | 44 | (1,974,103) 194,928 | ₩. | (2,010,360) 244,453 | ↔ | (2,142,752) 563,778 | • | (2,100,522) 1,003,349 |
| Total primary government net expense | ₩. | (1,580,568) | မှာ | (1,641,038) | ⇔ | (1,396,821) | ıs | (1,779,175) | s, | (1,765,907) | • | (1,578,974) | • | (1,097,173) |
| General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Assets Governmental activities: Tayes: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes, levied for general purposes Other taxes | 49 | 1,047,118 557,988 | ₩. | 1,287,509 588,820 | ₩. | 1,318,521 648,821 | ∽ | 1,331,821 733,955 | ↔ | 1,358,432 835,376 | ₩ | 1,442,713 785,857 | ₩ | 1,444,670 746,129 |
| Grants and contributions not restricted | | 154 170 | | 63 686 | | 64 390 | | 64 844 | | • | | | | , |
| Investment income, unrestricted | | 27,644 | | 37,151 | | 90,451 | | 131,470 | | 123,403 | | 13,750 | | 11,037 |
| Miscellaneous | | 777,7 | | - 007 70 | | 1,280 | | 1 | | 4,332 | | 2,595 | | 5,913 |
| Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets Transfers | | (51,400) | | (51,400) | | 68,700 | | | | (150,000) | | 000's | | (140,2) |
| Total governmental activities | | 2,180,274 | | 1,957,264 | | 2,180,518 | | 2,262,090 | | 2 172,861 | | 2,247,915 | | 2,205,208 |
| Business-type activities: Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs | | 57,931 | | 3,755 | | | | • | | | | • | | |
| Investment income, unrestricted | | 59,896 | | 76,130 | | 112,274 | | 154,193 | | 146,237 | | 138,580 | | 290,99 |
| Miscellaneous Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets | | (2,687) | | (11,892) | | (3,914) | | 7,913 | | 335 | | | | 1,510 |
| ransiers Total business-type activities | | 179,092 | | 133,098 | | 39,660 | | 162,106 | | 296,572 | | 138,580 | | 67,577 |
| Total primary government | \$ | 2,359,366 | ø | 2,090,362 | 1 | 2,220,178 | es | 2,424,196 | 49 | 2,469,433 | ۵ | 2,386,495 | • | 2,272,785 |
| Change in net assets: Governmental activities Business-type activities | ₩ | 598,030 180,768 | 43 | 345,041 104,283 | ₩. | 556,723 266,634 | € | 287,987 357,034 | 69 | 162,501 541,025 | ₩ | 105,163 702,358 | € | 104,686 1,070,926 |
| Total primary government | ω | 778,798 | 69 | 449,324 | us. | 823,357 | 69 | 645,021 | € | 703,526 | 63 | 807,521 | • | 1,175,612 |

(1) Ten-year trend information is being developed in this table. Data is presented since implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34. (2) On July 1, 2008, the Jamestown Park Fund (a business-type activity) was merged into the General Fund (governmental activity).

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA
Program Revenues by Function
Last Seven Fiscal Years (1)
(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

| | 50 | 2004 | 7 | 2005 | | 2006 | 7 | 2007 | 7 | 2008 | | 2009 | 2 | 2010 |
|---|------------------|----------------------|--------|----------------------|---------------|----------------------|-------------|----------------------|--------------|----------------------|--------|------------------|---|------------------|
| Governmental activities: General covernment | €9 | 87.900 | €9 | 68,512 | € | 107,566 | ↔ | 58,225 | ↔ | 16,659 | €9 | 32,695 | ↔ | 26,649 |
| Public services | ; ; ; | 125,969 | | 15,035 | | 135,676 | 7 | 217,285 | | 210,829 | | 215,316 | | 433,605 |
| Public safety Recreation | | 80,959 131,598 | + | 4 | | 90 306,754 | 3 | 315,486 | | 337,885 | _ | - ,249,366 | | 1,180,236 |
| Subtotal for governmental activities | 4 | 426,426 | ñ | 359,801 | | 550,086 | 5 | 966'069 | | 565,373 | _ | ,497,377 | | 1,640,490 |
| Business-type activities Water and sewer Jamestown Park | £ 8, 00 | 1,843,925 906,771 | 2 9 | 1,964,797 876,128 | 2 | 2,228,447 921,039 | 2, 4, 0) | 2,467,648 909,015 | 2,4 | 2,452,378 962,453 | ,2, | 2,473,466 N/A | | 3,214,236 N/A |
| Subtotal for business-type activities | 2,750,6 | 969'09 | 2,8 | 2,840,925 | က် | 3,149,486 | 3,3 | 3,376,663 | 3,4 | 3,414,831 | . 2 | 2,473,466 | | 3,214,236 |
| Total primary government | \$ 3,177,1 | 77,122 | \$ 3,2 | \$ 3,200,726 | (3 | \$ 3,699,572 | 9,9 | \$ 3,967,659 | 8 | \$ 3,980,204 | & & | \$ 3,970,843 | ↔ | 4,854,726 |

⁽¹⁾ Ten-year trend information is being developed in this table. Data is presented since implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34.

⁽²⁾ On July 1, 2008, the Jamestown Park Fund (a business-type activity) was merged into the General Fund (governmental activity).

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Fund Balances, Governmental Funds
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 (4) | t) 2010 |
|---|--------------|--------------|----------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| Fund Balance | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Fund | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserved; | | | | | | | | | | |
| Reserved for inventories | • | , | · • | • | s | · \$7 | ' 49 | · •» | \$ 45,354 | \$ 50,045 |
| Reserved for prepaid items | • | 1 | • | • | 1 | 125 | 228 | 7,479 | 51,174 | 13,023 |
| Reserved for commitments | • | • | • | • | • | 1 | • | 76,511 | 209,621 | |
| Reserved by state statute | 29,428 | 57,458 | 94,445 | 190,373 | 162,408 | 189,178 | 198,573 | 219,469 | 214,494 | 221,531 |
| Reserved for streets - Powell Bill | 229,722 | 300,047 | 324,109 | 273,076 | 278,974 | 376,968 | 191,056 | 312,983 | 403,845 | 234,107 |
| Unreserved: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Designated for subsequent year's expenditures | 169,344 | 1,061,640 (1 | 1,037,547 (| 1) 191,213 | • | • | 305,621 | 282,372 | 317,207 | 104,070 |
| Undesignated | 1,892,299 | 843,251 | 511,335 | 939,625 | 802,257 | 1,039,897 | 969,264 | 872,716 | 866,354 | 1,259,875 |
| Total general fund | \$ 2,320,793 | \$ 2,262,396 | \$ 1,967,436 (| (2) \$ 1,594,287 (2) | (2) \$ 1,243,639 | 1,243,639 (3) \$ 1,606,168 | \$ 1,664,742 | \$ 1,771,530 | \$ 2,108,049 | \$ 1,882,651 |

(1) - Town Hall renovation budgeted

(2) - Fund balance was expended on Town Hall renovation expenditures

(3) - Fund balance was expended on construction of new recreational fields and facilities

(4) - On July 1, 2008, the Jamestown Park Fund (a business-type activity) was merged into the General Fund (governmental activity). The inventories at Jamestown Park are now included in the General Fund.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

| Revenues | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 (4) | 2010 |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|---|
| Ad Valorem Taxes (3) Unestrickel intergovernmental Restrickel intergovernmental Permits and tees Miscellaneous | \$ 845,701 765,896 132,667 22,387 180,084 62,378 | \$ 880,639 567,023 132,092 25,977 79,365 77,359 | \$ 971,096 890,562 179,445 19,132 53,065 49,210 | \$ 1,046,376 632,180 249,589 155,021 38,716 7,777 | \$ 1,282,513 815,370 105,403 98,816 43,425 | (1) \$1,324,942 941,773 170,757 140,805 101,331 1,280 | \$1,329,007 1,047,438 239,535 81,182 96,321 2,338 | \$1,358,432 1,053,713 176,454 170,224 88,065 4,635 | \$1,441,804 1,002,813 186,807 1,082,164 82,405 6,545 | \$1,442,945 969,566 189,673 1,014,000 35,655 6,630 |
| Total revenues | 2,009,113 | 1,762,455 (| (2 2,162,510 | 2,129,639 | 2,345,527 | 2,680,888 | 2,795,821 | 2,851,523 | 3,802,538 | 3,658,469 |
| Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government Public services Public safety Recreation Capital Outlay | \$ 415,981 607,065 391,478 249,662 702,942 | \$ 494,769 414,180 457,771 271,188 356,416 | \$ 417,959 394,905 245,574 258,242 911,941 | \$ 551,406 312,056 585,545 332,819 882,596 | \$ 474,743 308,194 567,188 442,591 603,065 | \$ 519,888 314,252 588,133 557,972 174,453 | \$ 526,556 638,465 593,419 595,462 270,063 | \$ 603,602 347,578 703,244 660,401 176,154 | \$ 644,416 365,187 599,059 1,744,087 84,946 | \$ 579,823 590,764 621,402 1,659,557 297,568 |
| Debt service Principal Interest and other charges | 87,841 39,645 | 182,293 74,991 | 230,519 77,030 | 234,261 66,030 | 226,236 54,256 | 188,772 43,589 | 191,479 34,853 | 197,764 31,049 | 212,351 23,019 | 128,511 13,127 |
| Total expenditures | 2,494,614 | 2,251,608 | 2,536,170 | 2,964,713 | 2,676,273 | 2,387,059 | 2,850,297 | 2,719,792 | 3,673,065 | 3,890,752 |
| Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures | (485,501) | (489,153) | (373,660) | (835,074) | (330,746) | 293,829 | (54,476) | 131,731 | 129,473 | (232,283) |
| Other financing sources (uses) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Issuance of debt Insurance recovery Sale of capital assets Transfers from other funds Transfers to other funds | 634,088 | 74,340 | 78,700 | 19,775 436,975 78,600 (130,000) | 31,498 78,600 (130,000) | 78,700 (10,000) | 109,762 3,288 | 123,739 1,318 - (150,000) | 18,554 3,000 | 6,885 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 704,888 | 499,610 | 78,700 | 405,350 | (19,902) | 68,700 | 113,050 | (24,943) | 21,554 | 6,885 |
| Net change in fund balances | \$ 219,387 | \$ 10,457 | \$ (294,960) | \$ (429,724) | \$ (350,648) | \$ 362,529 | \$ 58,574 | \$ 106,788 | \$ 151,027 | \$ (225,398) |
| Debt services as a percentage of noncapital expenditures | 7.7% | 15.7% | 23.4% | 16.9% | 15.6% | 11.7% | 9.6% | %6°6 | 7.0% | 4.1% |

tax revaluation
 state withheld revenues
 taxes shown net of collection fee in 2000 and 2001; 2002 and after, shown at gross
 taxes shown net of collection fee in 2000 and 2001; 2002 and after, shown at gross
 July 1, 2008, the Jamestown Park Fund (a business-type activity) was merged into the General Fund (governmental activity).
 Golf course revenues are now included underGovernmental Permits and Fees;golf course expenditures are now included underGovernmental Permits and Fees;golf course expenditures are now included underGovernmental Permits and Fees;golf course expenditures

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA General Governmental Tax Revenues By Source

Table 6

Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

| , | 1 | | : | Alcoholic | į | |
|----------------|-----------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------|
| -iscal Year | Property Tax | Sales Tax | Franchise Tax | Beverage Tax | Other Taxes | Total |
| | (3) | | | | | |
| 2001 | 845,701 | 496,550 | 218,927 | 15,439 | 29,645 | 1,606,262 |
| 2002 | 880,639 | 419,044 | 104,165 | ı | 30,040 | 1,433,888 |
| 2003 | 971,096 | 403,282 | 223,450 | 13,153 | | 1,610,981 |
| 2004 | 1,046,376 | 335,377 | 222,611 | 13,275 | • | 1,617,639 |
| 2005 | 1,282,513 | 360,492 | 228,328 | 13,686 | • | 1,885,019 |
| 2006 | 1,324,942 | 423,461 | 225,360 | 14,390 | 1 | 1,988,153 |
| 2007 | 1,329,007 | 435,578 | 298,377 | 11) 14,844 | • | 2,077,806 |
| 2008 | 1,358,432 | 407,795 | 310,610 (| 1) 15,279 | ı | 2,092,116 |
| 2009 | 1,441,804 | 352,627 | 317,105 (| 1) 15,130 | 1,014 (2) | 2,127,680 |
| 2010 | 1,442,945 | 332,453 | 313,799 (| (1) 4,829 | 2,347 (2) | 2,096,373 |
| | | | | | | |

(1) Franchise Tax includes telecommunications sales tax, utility franchise tax, piped natural gas tax, and video franchise fees

(2) Solid waste disposal tax

(3) Taxes shown net of collection fee in 2000 and 2001; 2002 and after, shown at gross

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Assessed Value as a Percentage of Market Value | 88.50% | 84.77% | 83.19% | 80.60% | 99.35% | %69.86 | 96.12% | 92.72% | 91.60% | Ą Z |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| (3) Estimated Actual Faxable/Market F | 314,478,038 | 339,674,203 | 344,143,104 | 374,410,566 | 377,220,490 | 386,149,614 | 399,844,058 | 422,381,788 | 439,330,795 | Ϋ́ |
| (2) Total Direct Tax Rate | 0.0031 | 0.0031 | 0.0034 | 0.0035 | 0.0035 | 0.0035 | 0.0035 | 0.0035 | 0.0037 | 0.0037 |
| Total Taxable Assessed Value | 278,313,064 | 287,941,822 | 286,292,648 | 301,774,916 | 374,768,557 | 381,091,054 | 384,330,109 | 391,632,394 | 402,427,008 | 393,140,810 |
| (1) Personal Property Motor Vehicle and Other Personal Property | 64,566,449 | 62,967,128 | 55,905,531 | 56,901,519 | 59,003,582 | 59,361,312 | 58,880,432 | 59,820,554 | 59,222,741 | 57,566,785 |
| (1) Real Property Residential and Commercial Property | 213,746,615 | 224,974,694 | 230,387,117 | 244,873,397 | 315,764,975 | 321,729,742 | 325,449,677 | 331,811,840 | 343,204,267 | 335,574,025 |
| Fiscal Year Ended June 30 | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |

Source Guilford County Tax Department
 Per \$100 value
 Estimated actual taxable value of real property is calculated by dividing taxable assessed value by a real estate
assessment sales ratio percentage obtained from the North Carolina Department of State Treasurer Financial Information
NA Data not available

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA
Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments
(Per \$100 of Assessed Value)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | Guilford County | |
|----------------|-------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| Fiscal Year | Town of Jamestown | Guilford County | Combined Tax Rate |
| 2001 | 0.31 | 0.6372 | 0.9472 |
| 2002 | 0.31 | 0.6742 | 0.9842 |
| 2003 | 0.34 | 0.6742 | 1.0142 |
| 2004 | 0.35 | 0.7135 | 1.0635 |
| 2005 | 0.35 | 0.6184 | 0.9684 |
| 2006 | 0.35 | 0.6428 | 0.9928 |
| 2007 | 0.35 | 0.6615 | 1.0115 |
| 2008 | 0.35 | 0.6914 | 1.0414 |
| 2009 | 0.37 | 0.7374 | 1.1074 |
| 2010 | 0.37 | 0.7374 | 1.1074 |

Source: Guilford County Finance Department.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Principal Taxpayers For the Year Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2010 and 2001

| | | | ו ואלמו וכמו בטוע | Dorront of |
|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------------------|
| | | Assessed | pa | Total Assessed |
| Taxpayer | Type of Enterprise | Valuation | | Valuation |
| Flowers Baking Company of Jamestown | Manufacturing | \$ 9,1 | 9,109,586 | 2.32% |
| Greatest Generation, Inc. | Health Care | 5,26 | 5,260,500 | 1.34% |
| Highland Containers, Inc | Manufacturing | 4,7, | 4,749,064 | 1.21% |
| Flowers Baking Company of High Point | Manufacturing | 5,4 | 4,217,900 | 1.07% |
| Forestdale Station LP | Shopping Center | 0.4 | 4,090,800 | 1.04% |
| Univar USA Inc | Distributor | 3,16 | 3,169,984 | 0.81% |
| Kres LLC | Owner of Manufacturing Facility | 2,7 | 2,794,819 | 0.71% |
| Viking Polymers LLC | Manufacturing | 2,6 | 2,651,374 | 0.67% |
| Wrennovation Friendly LLC | Shopping Center | 2,3 | 2,342,700 | %09:0 |
| Jamestown Village Association | Apartments | 2,0; | 2,052,400 | 0.52% |
| Total | | \$ 40,43 | 40,439,127 | 10.29% |
| | | | Fiecal Vear 2001 | 2002 |
| | | | וופרקו ובמו | 1007 |
| | | Assessed | Þe | Percent of Total Assessed |
| Taxpayer | Type of Enterprise | Valuation | - - | Valuation |
| Flowers Baking Company of High Point | Manufacturing | \$ 8,4 | 8,479,737 | 3.06% |
| Highland Containers, Inc. | Manufacturing | 5,86 | 5,850,480 | 2.11% |
| Wachovia Leasing Corporation | Financial Institution | 5,13 | 5,135,271 | 1.85% |
| Oakdale Cotton Mills | Manufacturing | 4,6 | 4,619,783 | 1.67% |
| Guilford Mills. Inc. | Manufacturing | 4,00 | 4,006,895 | 1.45% |
| Kres LLC | Owner of Manufacturing Facility | 1,92 | 1,928,837 | 0.70% |
| Jamestown Village Association | Apartments | 1,7 | 1,752,000 | 0.63% |
| Yorkleigh Associates | Apartments | 1,5 | ,575,377 | 0.57% |
| Hunter Group, LLC | Commercial real estate | 4. | 440,732 | 0.52% |
| Viking Polymers LLC | Manufacturing | 1,3(| ,300,012 | 0.47% |
| Total | | 30'96 \$ | 36,089,124 | 13.02% |
| | | | | |

Source: Guilford County Tax Department.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | | | Collection | ion on | ပ် | Collection | | | Total Tax | õ | Outstanding |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|-------------|-------------------|----------------|---------------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|
| Fiscal Year | | Net Tax Levy | | Current Yes | fear Levy Percent | on Years | on Prior Years' Levies | ∸ ႘ | Total Tax Collections | Collections to Net Tax Levy | <u> </u> | Delinquent Taxes |
| 2001 | | 862,770 | ₩ | 856,927 | 99.32% | ↔ | 4,220 | ₩ | 861,147 | 99.81% | ₩ | 1,623 |
| 2002 | ↔ | 892,620 | € | 888,317 | 99.52% | \$ | 3,541 | ↔ | 891,858 | 99.91% | ₩ | 762 |
| 2003 | ↔ | 973,395 | ↔ | 965,942 | 99.23% | ∽ | 6,739 | () | 972,681 | %66.66 | ₩ | 714 |
| 2004 | ↔ | 1,056,212 | \$ > | 1,048,009 | 99.22% | ↔ | 3,732 | ↔ | 1,051,741 | 89.58% | \$ | 4,471 |
| 2005 | ↔ | 1,311,690 | ₩ | 1,302,489 | 99.30% | ⇔ | 7,487 | 4 | 1,309,976 | 99.87% | ↔ | 1,714 |
| 2006 | ↔ | 1,333,819 | s | 1,327,939 | 99.56% | ↔ | 4,115 | € | 1,332,054 | 99.87% | ⇔ | 1,765 |
| 2007 | ↔ | 1,345,155 | ₩ | 1,336,592 | 99.36% | ₩ | 7,024 | ↔ | 1,343,616 | %68.66 | ↔ | 1,539 |
| 2008 | ⇔ | 1,370,713 | 49 | 1,362,443 | 99.40% | ₩ | 5,832 | ⇔ | 1,368,275 | 99.82% | ↔ | 2,438 |
| 2009 | \$ | 1,483,909 | () | 1,470,947 | 99.13% | ↔ | 7,918 | (/) | 1,478,865 | %99.66 | ↔ | 5,044 |
| 2010 | ↔ | 1,454,621 | €9 | 1,442,492 | 99.17% | s s | ı | ⇔ | 1,442,492 | 99.17% | ₩ | 12,129 |

Source: Town of Jamestown audited financial statements and Guilford County Tax Department Town of Jamestown property taxes are collected by the Guilford County Tax Department.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | | | | | | | | | | | <u>a</u> |
|--------------------------|---|------------|-------|-----------|--------------|-----------|-----------|----------|----------|---------|----------|
| | Total Jutstanding Debt per Capita | 1 | ı | 1,325 | 1,084 | 895 | 726 | 583 | 445 | 561 | ₹ |
| | Out Pe | ⇔ | | | | | | | | | |
| | Total Primary Government Debt | • | | 4,096,735 | 3,530,105 | ,940,208 | 2,407,388 | ,962,593 | ,505,979 | 889,803 | 217,084 |
| | Gove | 6 9 | | 4 | က် | V, | S, | ۲, | Ψ, | | |
| vities | Dutstanding Debt per Capita | ı | į | 891 | 737 | 620 | 511 | 395 | 280 | 160 | • |
| pe Acti | Outs D | ↔ | | | | | | | | | |
| Business-type Activities | Installment Financing | ı | • | 2,753,553 | 01,409 | 2,037,748 | 93,700 | ,330,622 | 948,033 | 544,208 | ı |
| BĞ | Insta | ₩ | | 2,7 | 2,4 | 2,0 | 1,6 | 6,1 | 0) | ιΩ | |
| ivities | Ratio of Outstanding Debt to Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property | 0.00% | 0.00% | 0.39% | 0.30% | 0.24% | 0.18% | 0.16% | 0.13% | %60.0 | AN |
| nmental Activities | tstanding Debt rr Capita | , | • | 434 | 346 | 275 | 215 | 188 | 165 | 5 | Ā |
| Governme | Outstand Debt per Cap | ₩ | | | | | | | | | z |
| G | Installment Financing | • | ٠ | 43,182 | 128,696 | 102,460 | 713,688 | 31,971 | 57,946 | 45,595 | 217,084 |
| | Insta Fina | ↔ | | 4 | - | . 🖙 | _ | Φ | ďΣ | (7) | N |
| | Fiscal Year | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |

(a) June 30, 2010 population is available in September 2011.
NA - Not available.
Population data is shown on the Demographic Statistics schedule.
See the schedule of Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property in the Revenue Capacity section.
Total personal income is not available for the Town of Jamestown.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Computation of Legal Debt Margin and Actual Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Installment Debt | 1,231,299 | 1,573,706 | 1,343,187 | 1,128,696 | 902,460 | 713,688 | 631,971 | 557,946 | 345,595 | 217,084 |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Legal Debt Limit | 22,265,045 | 23,035,346 | 22,903,412 | 24,141,993 | 29,981,485 | 30,487,284 | 30,746,409 | 31,330,592 | 32,194,161 | 31,451,265 |
| Assessed Valuation | 278,313,064 | 287,941,822 | 286,292,648 | 301,774,916 | 374,768,557 | 381,091,054 | 384,330,109 | 391,632,394 | 402,427,008 | 393,140,810 |
| Fiscal Year | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |

Under North Carolina General Statutes, the net debt of the Town is not to exceed eight percent (8%) of the assessed value of property subject of taxation by the City. All debt issued for Jamestown's governmental activities has been installment financing.

Excludes business-type activities.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Demographic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

| Guilford County Public School Enrollment (4) | 61,894 62.767 | 63,873 | 65,199 | 66,367 | 68,118 | 69,677 | 71,176 | 71,464 | ∀ Z |
|--|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| Unemployment Rate (3) | 4.6 5.5 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 5.6 | 5.1 | 5.2 | 6.4 | 12.1 | 10.8 |
| Per Capita Income (2) | 28,322 28,334 | 28,736 | 30,301 | 31,464 | 32,784 | 33,817 | 34,263 | 34,300 | Ϋ́ |
| Total Personal Income (2) (Thousands of Dollars) | 18,463,499 18,599,507 | 19,001,250 | 20,159,781 | 21,213,653 | 22,469,000 | 23,621,019 | 24,179,180 | 24,516,207 | NA |
| Greensboro - High Point MSA Population (2) | 651,908 656 444 | 661,224 | 665,317 | 674,925 | 686,757 | 698.497 | 705,684 | 714,765 | Ϋ́ |
| Jamestown Population (1) | 3,107 | 3,092 | 3.258 | 3,285 | 3,317 | 3,369 | 3,386 | 3.410 | NA |
| Fiscal | 2001 | 2002 | 2002 | 2005 | 2006 | 2002 | 2008 | 5006 | 2010 |

Source: (1) Office of Budget and Management for the State of North Carolina.

(2) Bureau of Economic Analysis Information for Greensboro-High Point Metropolitan Statistical Area

(3) Bureau of Labor Statistics; years 1998-2003 for Greensboro-High Point-Winston-Salem MSA; years 2004-2009 for Greensboro-High Point MSA (as of June of the respective year)

(4) North Carolina Department of Public Instruction and Guilford County Schools.

NA Data is not available

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Principal Employers For the Year Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2010

| . 1 | | Number of |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|
| Employer | lype of Enterprise | Lindiologes |
| | Monitochining | > 100 |
| Flowers Bakery | | |
| Shannon Grav | Rehabilitation Center | 201 |
| Guilford County Schools | Public School | < 100 |
| Highland Containers | Manufacturing | < 100 |
| | | < 100 |
| Viking Polymer | Manufacturing | 200 |
| Food Lion | Retail store | < 100 |
| Precision Fabrication | Manufacturing | < 100 |
| Town of lamestown | Municipal Government | < 100 |
| | Distributor | < 100 |
| Onivar | | 700 |
| Kerr Drug | Retail store | 001.> |

Total employment within the Town of Jamestown is not available. Employment data for nine years ago is not available.

Information was provided by Jamestown Business Association, through direct contact with employers, and through Town records.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Full-Time City Government Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | |
|--------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------------|------|------|------|---|
| General Fund: | | į | | | | | | | | | |
| General Government | 8 | က | ო | en | ო | ო | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | |
| Public Services | ç | s | ю | 2 | 7 | 2 | - | - | - | - | |
| Public Safety | - | 2 | 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Recreation | 2 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 7 | 2 | 2 | 3 | 17 | 16 | |
| General Fund | = | 12 | 10 | 7 | 7 | 7 | | 80 | 22 | 21 | |
| Enterprise Fund: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water Sewer | 7 | 6 | 10 | ø | σ | on. | 6 0 | 65 | 6 | ۵ | |
| Park | = | 12 | 12 | 1 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 41 | ΝΆ | N/A | Ξ |
| Enterprise Funds | 18 | 21 | 22 | 20 | 23 | 24 | 23 | 23 | 6 | 8 | |
| City Total | 29 | 33 | 32 | 27 | တ္တ | 31 | 30 | 31 | 31 | 29 | |
| • | | | | | | | | | | | |

Source: Town of Jamestown records.

This schedule includes only regular full-time employees.

(1) - Effective 7/1/08 the Park Fund became a Recreation Department within the General Fund.

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 5009 | 2010 |
|---|-----------|---------|-----------|--------|-------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Planning & Zoning: | | | | | | | : | ; | ; | ; |
| Development Clearance Certificates Issued | 76 | 96 | 35 | 982 | 29 | 92 | [| 5 2 | 22 | 52 |
| Zoning Code Violation Investigated | | | • | • | • | 7 | 33 | 4 | 8 | 25 |
| Zoning Cases Prepared | | . 2 | s | ო | en | 60 | S. | S | e | 4 |
| Site Plans Approved | | • | • | ı | • | | 7 | ო | V) | 2 |
| Sign Permits Issued | | 8 | 10 | o | 21 | 91 | 22 | 15 | 24 | 58 |
| Fence Permits Issued | NA | | Ā | ¥ | NA | Ϋ́ | Ϋ́ | ¥ | ¥N | 6 |
| Home Occupation Permits Issued | ĄN | A. | ΑΝ | ž | NA | ž | ¥ Y | Ā | AN | ĸſ |
| Public Works: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Brush, Grass & Leaf Pick-Up (tons) | 602 | | 1,399 (4) | 814 | 810 | 470 | 818 | 794 | 916 | 960 |
| Residential & Commercial Garbage Pick-up (tons) | 1,237 | 7 1,345 | 1,384 | 1,391 | 1,451 | 1,475 | 1,460 | 1,351 | 1,244 | 1,195 |
| Recycling (tons) | (3) 185 | | 185 | 183 | 220 | 230 | 189 | 222 | 245 | 253 |
| Recreation: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Baseball Field Usage (# games) | (1) NA | | NA | ¥ | Ā | N. | 273 | 359 | 348 | 258 (5) |
| Soccer Field Usage (# games) | (1) NA | ¥ | NA | ž | Ā | Σ. | 386 | 426 | 490 | 453 |
| Utility System: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Water Connections | 2,205 | | 2,309 | 2,355 | 2,378 | 2,415 | 2,503 | 2,176 | 2,217 | 2,221 |
| Sewer Connections | AN | | ž | Ä | Ϋ́ | ž | 4,354 | 4,652 | 4,627 | 4,84 |
| Sewer Treatment (gallons) | (2) NA | NA NA | Ą | ν V | N. | 451,788,250 | 499,481,500 | 453,600,750 | 402,323,000 | 407,288,610 |
| Park: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rounds of golf played - 18 holes | AN | | Ϋ́ | ¥ | ž | 15,989 | 21,679 | 23,194 | 21,046 | 19,826 |
| Rounds of golf played - 9 holes | AN | AN NA | Ϋ́ | Ϋ́ | ž | 15,181 | 8,506 | 9,288 | 8,985 | 8,931 |
| Carts rented | ΑN | | Š | ¥ | ¥ | 26,542 | 25,800 | 28,915 | 25,686 | 24,029 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

Sources: Various Town Departments.

NA - Data Not Available
(1) Includes Gibson Park, which is owned by Guilford County, and operated by Jamestown (2) Sewer is sent to Gity of High Point for treatment (3) Net of contaminated loads taken to landfill (4) Ice Storm in year 2003
(5) Lights no longer available, so no night games

TOWN OF JAMESTOWN, NORTH CAROLINA Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program Last Ten Fiscal Years

| | 2001 | 2002 | 2003 | 2004 | 2005 | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
|--|--------------|----------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------|-----------------|-----------------|--|--------------------|---|
| Function/Program | | | | | | | | | | |
| Administration: Municipal Buildings | - | - | - | - | - | ₩. | - | - | - | - |
| Refuse Collection: Sanitation Trucks | 71 | ĸ | m | m | က | ю | ю | м | м | ю |
| Other Public Works: Streets (Miles-Paved) Sidewalks (Linear Feet) | 15.54 NA | 15.95 NA | 16.04 NA | 16.13 NA | 16.13 NA | 16.13 30,279 | 16.38 32,024 | 16.38 33,165 | 16.31 33,165 | 16.29 33,165 |
| Public Safety Fire Stations | ~ | ₹- | - | - | *** | - | - | - | - | - |
| Culture and Recreation: Pro Shop Tennis Courfs Baseball Fields Soccer Fields (1) Playgrounds (1) | + 4 N N + 6 | - 4 4 4 4 - 4 | -400-6 | - 4 0 0 - 0 | - 4 N 4 N N | -40400 | - 4 N 4 N W | - 40400 | ~ ′ α 4 α α | - ' 0 4 0 0 |
| Utility System: Plant / Maintenance Building Pump Stations Water Mains (Miles) Sewer Mains (Miles) | - 4 A A | - 4 4 4 4 4 4 | - 4 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | - 6 A A | K K & | - × 9 33 | - c 04 93 | - £ 45 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 | 25 55 55 | 4 3 3 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 55 |
| Park: Acerage of Golf Course | 90 | 85 | 91 | 100 | 100 | 81 | 100 | 100 | 96 | 8 |

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Sources: Various Town Departments.
Miles of Streets from Powell Bill Reports.
(1) Excludes Gibson Park, owned by
Guilford County, operated by Jamestown
NA Data not available

COMPLIANCE SECTION





REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Town Council and the Town Manager
Town of Jamestown
Jamestown, North Carolina

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Town of Jamestown, North Carolina as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Town of Jamestown's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 13, 2010. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Jamestown's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Jamestown's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Jamestown's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the entity, members of the Town Council, and federal and State awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Dixon Hughes Puc October 13, 2010