Pierrat, J., J.-F. Hamel, J. Sun, R. Morrison & A. Mercier 2025. Spatial and organ-specific variations in the appearance and nutritional properties of the sea cucumber *Cucumaria frondosa* in support of emerging fisheries initiatives in the Canadian Arctic. *Arctic Science*, 11: 1–18.
https://doi.org/10.1139/as-2025-0036

This study assessed spatial variations in the colour and nutritional profile of the sea cucumber *Cucumaria frondosa* in Qikiqtait (Nunavut), as well as variations among body parts (stomach, muscles, ovaries and testes). Sea cucumbers were smaller at Kataapik and had a heterogeneous colour while the larger sea cucumbers from Ivittuuq and Kataaluk were homogenous. Sea cucumbers from Ivittuuq had the lowest lipid content, with lower levels of saturated fatty acids (considered harmful to human health) and higher levels of polyunsaturated fatty acids (considered beneficial to human health). They also had higher concentrations of amino acids (some of which are considered essential because they are not produced by humans and must be obtained from the diet). Ivittuuq appears to be an optimal site (among those studied) for the development of small-scale commercial fisheries, as it offers the best balance between customer expectations (large individuals with a uniform colour), an interesting nutritional profile for human consumption and ease of access (shallower than outside of the channel of Kataaluk). Variations of the nutritional profile between the different body parts studied have also been highlighted, suggesting that traded product itself (different organs) could be tailored to target pharmaceutical, nutraceutical or food markets.

ᑕᓪᓗ ᖃᐅᔨᓴᕐᓂᖅ ᖃᐅᔨᓴᐸᑕᐅᓕᐅᖅᑐᖅ ᐊᑦᔨᑯᖅᓂᕐᓂᓪᓂᑦ ᑕᖅᓴᖅᑦ ᐊᓚᒪᓗ ᓂᕆᑦᓯᐊᕙᐅᓂᖅᑦ ᕿᑲᓯᓯᓵᑦ *Cucumaria frondosa* ᐊᑦᔨᑯᖅᑐᑐᓂ ᐃᓂᓂ ᕆᑭᖅᑕᓂ (ᓄᓇᕗᒻᒥ), ᐊᓚᒪᓗᑦᑕᐅᖅ ᐊᑦᔨᑯᖅᓂᓂᖅᓪᓂᑦ ᑎᒥᖅᑕ ᑭᓯᑦᓯᖅᑦ (ᐊᖅᐊᐸᖅᑦ, ᓄᑭᖅᑦ, ᒪᓪᓂᖅᐅᑎᖅᑦ, ᐊᓚᒪᓗ ᐃᑦᔪᖅᑦ). ᕿᑐᖅᓯᓵᑦ ᑲᑕᐱᒥᑦ ᒥᑭᓂᖅᓴᐅᓕᐅᖅᑐᑦ ᐊᓚᒪᓗ ᐊᑦᔨᑯᖅᑦᑐᑎᓂᑦ ᑕᖅᓴᖅᑫᖅᓯᑎᒃ, ᐊᖅᑭᓂᖅᓴᐃᑦ ᕿᑐᖅᓯᓵᑦ ᐃᕃᑦᑐᒥ ᐊᓚᒪᓗ ᑲᑕᓗᒥ ᐊᑦᔨᑯᓂ ᑕᖅᓴᖅᑫᖅᓯᑎᒃ. ᕿᑐᖅᓯᓵᑦ ᐃᕃᑦᑐᒋᑦᑐᑦ ᒥᑭᓂᖅᑦᓯᒥᑦ ᐅᖅᓯᖅᑦᓕᐅᖅᑦᑐᑦ, ᐅᖅᓯᖅᑫᖅᑭᓂᓂᖅᓴᐅᓗᑎᒃ (ᐊᑦᑕᓇᖅᓂᕆᖅᑕᐅᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᐅᕆᓯᖅᑭᓂᓂᖅ) ᐅᓄᖅᓯᓵᑦᓕᓯᒪᓗᑎᑦᓗ ᐅᖅᓯᖅᑫᓗᐊᖅᑎᑦᑐᑦ (ᐃᑲᔪᓯᒪᓂᕐᑕᖅᑕᑦᓯᑦᓗᑎᒃ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᖃᓄᐃᓕᐅᕆᓯᖅᑭᓂᓂᖅᓴᐅᓗᑎᒃ). ᐃᓗᓕᖅᑕᓂᓂᓪᓗ ᐱᓕᕆᔨᑦ ᐊᑦᔨᑯᖅᑦᑐᑎᓂᑦ ᐊᓚᒪᓗ ᐊᑦᔨᑯᖅᑦᑐᑎᓂᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐊᓚᒪᓗ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐊᑦᔨᑯᖅᑦᑐᑎᓂᑦ). ᐃᓗᓕᖅᑕᓂᓂᓪᓗ ᐊᑦᔨᑯᖅᑦᑐᑎᓂᑦ ᐃᓄᐃᑦ ᐊᑦᔨᑯᖅᑦᑐᑎᓂᑦ