BEST PRACTICE MANUAL



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PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) is specialized clothing or equipment designed to protect the wearer's body from injury and infectious materials

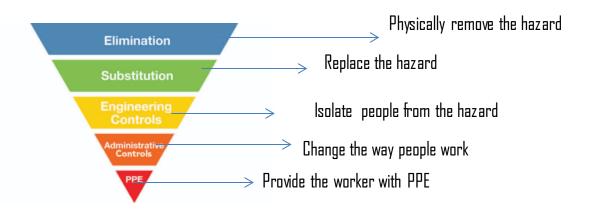




HOW DO I CHOOSE MY PPE

PPE should be selected based primarily on the hazards identified during the job assessment. However, employers should also take the fit and comfort of PPEs into consideration when selecting appropriate items for each employee.

PPE that fits well and is comfortable to wear and will encourage employee use of PPE.





WHAT IS THE LAW ON PPE'S

The Personal Protective Equipment at Work Regulations seeks to ensure that where risks cannot be controlled by other means PPE should be correctly identified and put into use. ... If there is a need for PPE items they must be provided free of charge by the employer

WHO IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVINDING PPE'S

Every employer shall ensure that suitable personal protective equipment is provided to his employees who may be exposed to a risk to their health or safety while at work except where and to the extent that such risk has been adequately controlled by other means which are equally or more effective

IMPORTANCE OF PPE'S

The Importance of Personal Protective Equipment

PPE is equipment that will protect workers against health or safety risks on the job. The purpose is to reduce employee exposure to hazards when engineering and administrative controls are not feasible or effective to reduce these risks to acceptable levels



TYPES OF PPE'S

PPE's are classified into different categories

-) Eye and face protection
- 2) Head protection
- 3) Respiratory protection
- 4) Hearing protection
- 5) Hand and arm protection
- 6) Foot and leg protection
- 7) Fall arrest
- 8) Body protection











Adjustable face shield

EXAMPLES OF PPE's



Ear plugs







Respiratory masks



Safety boots



EYE / FACE PROTECTION.



Safety glasses

Adjustable face shields

HEAD PROTECTION



Helmet/hard hut



RESPIRATORY PROTECTION







HEARING PROTECTION



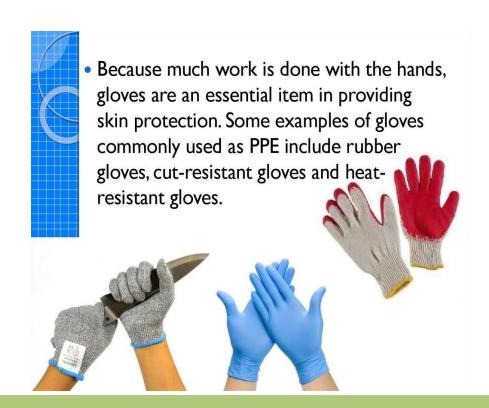
EAR PLUGS

EAR MUFFS

HANDS AND ARMS PROTECTION



PROTECTIVE GLOVES



FOOT AND LEG PROTECTION





CARTHURS



FALL ARREST





BODY PROTECTION









FIRST AID KIT





First aid kit check list

BS8599-1 Kit Contents	Small	Medium	Large
Alcohol Free Cleansing Wipes	20	30	40
Burn Relief Dressing	1	2	2
Conforming Bandage 7.5cm x 4m	1	2	2
Eye Pad Dressing, Sterile	2	3	4
Finger Dressing Sterile	2	3	4
First Aid Guidance Leaflet	1	1	1
Foil Blanket	1	2	3
Large dressing 18cm x 18cm, Sterile	1	3	4
Medium Dressing 12cm x 12cm, Sterile	2	4	6
Microporous Tape 2.5cm x 5m	1	2	3
Nitrile Gloves	12	18	24
Resucitation Face Shield	1	1	2
Triangular Bandage 90cm x 127cm	2	3	4
Universal Shears Small (tough cut)	1	1	1
Washproof Assorted Plasters	40	60	100

Contents	Small	Medium	Large	Travel
Guidance Leaflet	1	1	1	1
Contents List	1	1	1	1
Medium Sterile Dressing	4	6	8	1
Large Sterile Dressing	1	2	2	1
Triangular Bandage	2	3	4	1
Safety Pins	6	12	24	2
Sterile Eye Pad	2	3	4	1
Waterproof Plasters	40	60	100	10
Sterile Saline Wipes	20	30	40	4
Microporous Tape	1	1	1	1
Nitrile Gloves (pairs)	6	9	12	1
Sterile Finger Dressing	2	3	4	0
Resuscitation Face Shield	1	1	2	1
Foil Blanket	1	2	3	1
Sterile Eye Wash (150ml)	0	0	0	1
Hydrogel Burns Dressing	1	2	2	1
Scissors	1	1	1	1
Conforming Bandages	1	2	2	1

WHAT HAPPENS IF YOU DON'T USE PPE'S

Without PPE, employees are at risk of:

Cuts and punctures. Chemical burns. Electric shocks. Exposure to excessive noise or

vibration.



PVC (BURNING OF PLASTICS)

Cancer

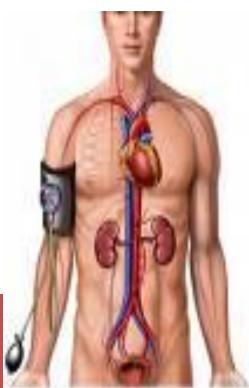
Disruption of the endocrine system
Reproductive impairment
Impaired child development and birth defects
Neurotoxicity (damage to the brain or its function), and
Immune system suppression

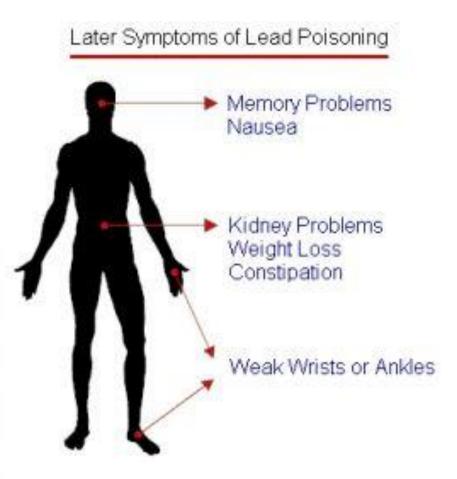
















Damage to the nervous systems, blood system and kidneys

Brominated Fire Retardants e.g wires



endocrine disrupters



linked to thyroid and liver damage





neurotoxic effects







FLAME RETARDANT:
POLYCHLORINATED BIPHENYLS
(PCB'S) AND POLYCHLORINATED
BIPHENYL-ETHER

Source: Plastic casing, plastic wiring casing

Use PPE Don't burn

Environmental hazard

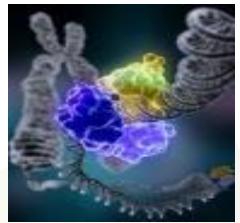
Toxic







CHROMIUM



DNA damage, hereditary effects



Bronchitis







Nerve damage



BEST PRACTICE-PPE TRAINING MODES IS CONDE THUO/PATROBA/GEORGE EWIK





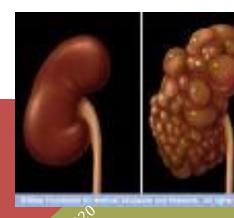


Skin rashes





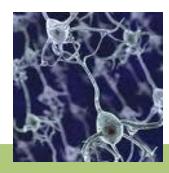
kidney damage



Sales -



Nerve damage



gastrointestinal problems



WHEN SHOULD YOU NOT WEAR PPE'S

There are three legitimate reasons employees may refuse to wear their PPE: A medical condition which makes the PPE uncomfortable or harmful to wear. III-fitting PPE that compromises safety. Sikhs who wear a turban – they are exempt from wearing head protection when working on construction sites.

If the PPE'S are faulty or not functioning.

