MAX33250E/MAX33251E

600V Isolated 2Tx/2Rx and 1Tx/1Rx RS-232 Transceiver with ±15kV ESD and Integrated Capacitors

General Description

The MAX33250E and MAX33251E are isolated 2Tx/2Rx and 1Tx/1Rx RS-232 transceivers, respectively, with a galvanic isolation of $600V_{RMS}$ (60sec) between the logic UART side and field side. The isolation barrier protects the logic UART side from electrical transient strikes from the field side. It also breaks ground loops and large differences in ground potentials between the two sides that can potentially corrupt the receiving and sending of data. The MAX33250E and MAX33251E conform to the EIA/TIA-232E standard and operate at data rates up to 1Mbps.

The isolated RS-232 transceivers have integrated charge pumps and an inverter to eliminate the need for a high positive and negative voltage supply. Both devices also have integrated charge pump and inverter capacitors to help further reduce PCB space. The supply pin V_{CCA} on the UART logic side operates from a dual voltage supply from +3V to +5.5V. V_{CCB} also operates from +3V to +5.5V, simplifying power requirements and enabling level translation between the two voltages. The transmitters and receivers on the field side of these devices are rated for ±15kV of ESD HBM protection, suitable for applications where RS-232 cables are frequently worked on.

Both are available in a 12-pin, 6mm x 6mm LGA package and operate over the -40ºC to +85ºC temperature range.

Applications

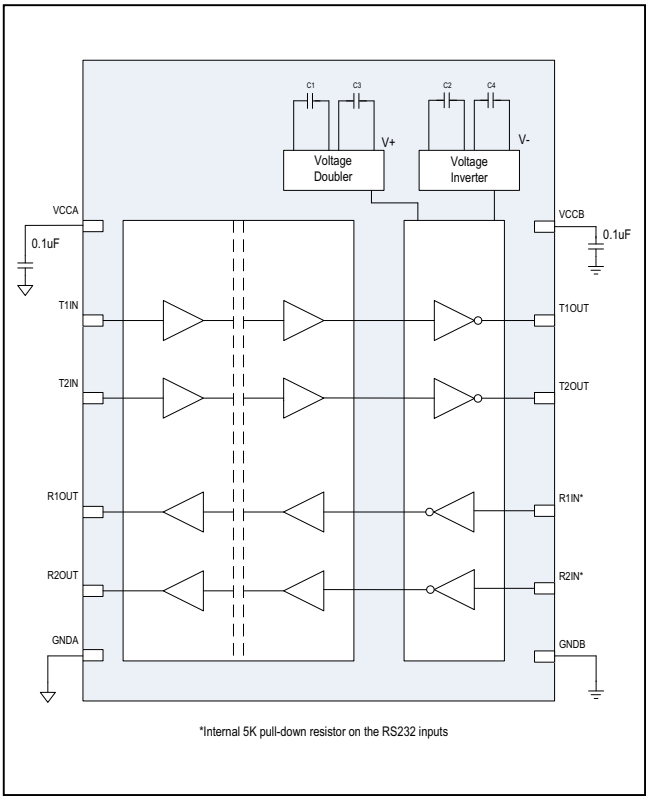
- Diagnostics Equipment
- POS Systems
- Industrial Equipment
- GPS Equipment
- Communication Systems
- Medical Equipment

Benefits and Features

- High Integration Saves Space and Simplifies Designs
  - Integrated Charge Pumps and Inverter Eliminates Extra Power Supplies
  - Four Internal Capacitors Saves PCB Space
  - Integrated Isolator Saves Up to 63% Versus a Discrete Solution
- Integrated Protection for Robust Communications
  - $600V_{RMS}$ Withstand Isolation Voltage for 60 Seconds (V_{ISO})
  - $200V_{RMS}$ Working Voltage for >50 years (V_{IOWM})
  - Integrated ±15kV ESD Human Body Model (HBM)

Ordering Information appears at end of data sheet.

Simplified Block Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings

VCCA to GNDA .....-0.3V to +6V
VCCB to GNDB .....-0.3V to +6V
T_IN to GNDA .....-0.3V to +6V
T_OUT to GNDB .....±13.2V
R_IN to GNDB.....±25V
R_OUT to GNDA.....-0.3V to +6V
Short-Circuit Duration (T_OUT to GNDB).....Continuous
Short-Circuit Duration (R_OUT to GNDA).....Continuous
Side A (VCCA, T1IN, T2IN, R1OUT, R2OUT) to GNDA ESD .....±2kV
Side B (VCCB) to GNDB ESD .....±2kV
Side B (T1OUT, T2OUT, R1IN, R2IN) to GNDB ESD HBM.....±15kV
Continuous Power Dissipation (Single Layer Board) (T_A = +70°C, derate 10mW/°C above +70°C.).....510mW
Continuous Power Dissipation (Multilayer Board) (T_A = +70°C, derate 10mW/°C above +70°C.).....700mW
Operating Temperature Range..... -40°C to +85°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Package Information

12-Pin LGA

PACKAGE CODE	L1266M+1
Outline Number	21-100222
Land Pattern Number	90-100078
Thermal Resistance, Single-Layer Board:	
Junction to Ambient (θ_{JA})	157°C/W
Junction to Case (θ_{JC})	31°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Four-Layer Board:	
Junction to Ambient (θ_{JA})	115°C/W
Junction to Case (θ_{JC})	31°C/W

For the latest package outline information and land patterns (footprints), go to www.maximintegrated.com/packages. Note that a "+", "#", or "-" in the package code indicates RoHS status only. Package drawings may show a different suffix character, but the drawing pertains to the package regardless of RoHS status.

Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to www.maximintegrated.com/thermal-tutorial.

Electrical Characteristics

(V_{CCA} - V_{GNDA} = 3.0V to 5.5V, V_{CCB} - V_{GNDB} = 3.0V to 5.5V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V_{CCA} - V_{GNDA} = 3.3V, V_{CCB} - V_{GNDB} = 3.3V, V_{GNDA} = V_{GNDB}, and T_A = +25°C. (Note 1), Limits are 100% tested at T_A = +25°C. Limits over the operating temperature range and relevant supply voltage range are guaranteed by design and characterization. Specifications marked "GBD" are guaranteed by design and not production tested.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
POWER						
Supply Voltage	V_{CCA}, V_{CCB}		3.0		5.5	V
Supply Current	I_{CCA}	V_{CCA} = 5V, R_IN and T_IN idle			12	mA
		V_{CCA} = 3.3V, R_IN and T_IN idle			10	
	I_{CCB}	V_{CCB} = 5V, R_IN and T_IN idle, no load			12	
		V_{CCB} = 3.3V, R_IN and T_IN idle, no load			10	
Undervoltage-Lockout Threshold	V_{UVLO}	V_{CCA} - V_{GNDA} (Note 2)		2.0		V
Undervoltage-Lockout Hysteresis	$V_{UVLOHYS}$	V_{CCA} - V_{GNDA} (Note 2)		0.1		V
INPUT INTERFACE (T_IN, R_IN)						
Input Low Voltage	V_{IL}	T_IN relative to GNDA			0.8	V
		R_IN relative to GNDB, T_A = 25°C, V_{CC} = 3.3V			0.6	
		R_IN relative to GNDB, T_A = 25°C, V_{CC} = 5V			0.8	
Input High Voltage	V_{IH}	T_IN relative to GNDA	0.7 x V_{CCA}			V
		R_IN relative to GNDB, V_{CCB} = 3.3V and 5V, T_A = 25°C	2.4			
Transmitter Input Hysteresis		(T_IN)		0.5		V
Receiver Input Hysteresis		(R_IN)		0.5		V
Transmitter Input Leakage		(T_IN)			±1	µA
Input Resistance (R_IN)		T_A = 25°C	3	5	7	kΩ
RECEIVER OUTPUT INTERFACE (R_OUT)						
Output Low Voltage	V_{OL}	R_OUT relative to GNDA, sink current = 4mA			0.8	V
Output High Voltage	V_{OH}	R_OUT relative to GNDA, source current = 4mA	V_{CCA} - 0.4			V
Output Short-Circuit Current					±110	mA
TRANSMITTER OUTPUT (T_OUT)						
Output Voltage Swing		T_OUT loaded with 3kΩ to GNDB	±5			V
Output Resistance		V_{CCB} = 0V, transmitters = ±2V	300	10M		Ω
Output Short-Circuit Current					±70	mA
Output Leakage Current		V_{CCB} = 0V, V_{OUT} = ±12V			±25	µA

Electrical Characteristics (continued)

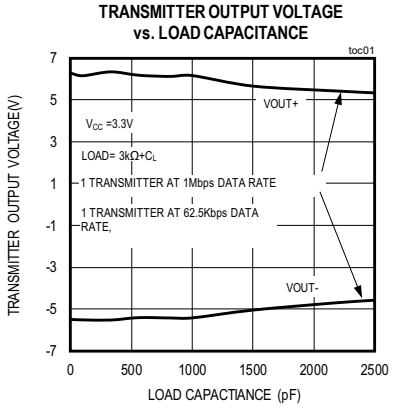
(V_{CCA} - V_{GNDA} = 3.0V to 5.5V, V_{CCB} - V_{GNDB} = 3.0V to 5.5V, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V_{CCA} - V_{GNDA} = 3.3V, V_{CCB} - V_{GNDB} = 3.3V, V_{GNDA} = V_{GNDB}, and T_A = +25°C. (Note 1), Limits are 100% tested at T_A = +25°C. Limits over the operating temperature range and relevant supply voltage range are guaranteed by design and characterization. Specifications marked "GBD" are guaranteed by design and not production tested.)

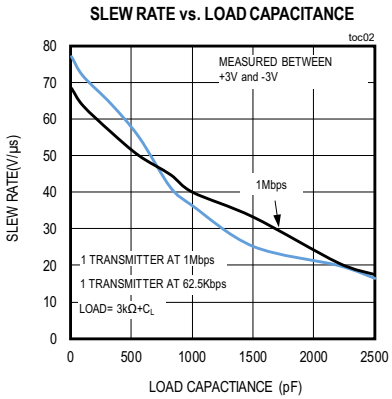
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ESD AND ISOLATION PROTECTION						
ESD for R_IN, T_OUT		IEC 61000-4-2 Air Discharge		±12		kV
		IEC 61000-4-2 Contact Discharge		±6		
		ESD Human Body Model JEDEC JS-001-2014		±15		
Isolation Voltage	V_{ISO}	t = 60s (Note 3)	600			V_{RMS}
Working Isolation Voltage	V_{IOWM}	> 50 years (Note 3)			200	V_{RMS}
TIMING CHARACTERISTICS						
Maximum Data Rate		V_{CCB} = 5V, R_L = 3kΩ, C_L = 1000pF	1000			kbps
Receiver Propagation Delay	t_{PHL}, t_{PLH}	R_IN to R_OUT, C_L = 150pF		0.15		µs
Transmitter Skew	$\lvert t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} \rvert$ (Note 4)			35		ns
Receiver Skew	$\lvert t_{PHL} - t_{PLH} \rvert$			60		ns
Transition-Region Slew Rate		V_{CCA} = V_{CCB} = 3.3V, T_A = +25C, R_L = 3k to 7k, C_L = 150pF to 1000pF, measured from +3V to -3V or -3V to +3V	24		150	V/µs

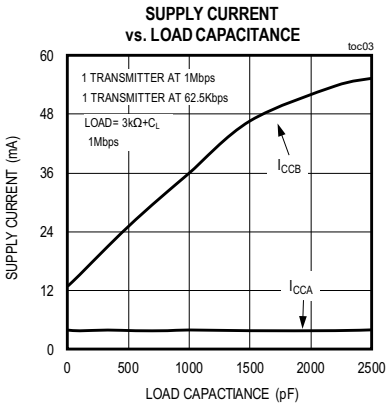
Note 1: All units are production tested at TA = 25°C. Specifications over temperature are guaranteed by design. All voltages of side A are referenced to GNDA. All voltages of side B are referenced to GNDB.
Note 2: The undervoltage lockout threshold and hysteresis guarantee that the outputs are in a known state when the supply voltage dips.
Note 3: The isolation is guaranteed by design and not production tested.
Note 4: Transmitter skew is measured at the transmitter zero cross points.

Typical Operating Characteristics

V_{DD} = 5V, V_L = 3.3V, R_L = 60Ω, C_L = 15pF, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.



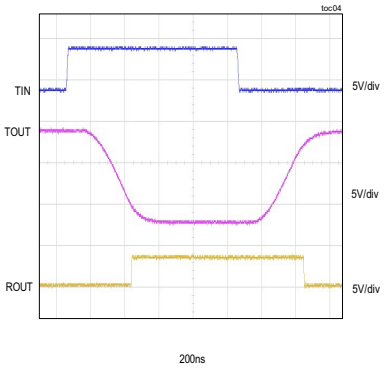




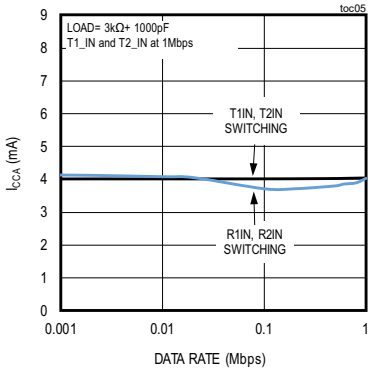
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

V_{DD} = 5V, V_L = 3.3V, R_L = 60Ω, C_L = 15pF, T_A = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.

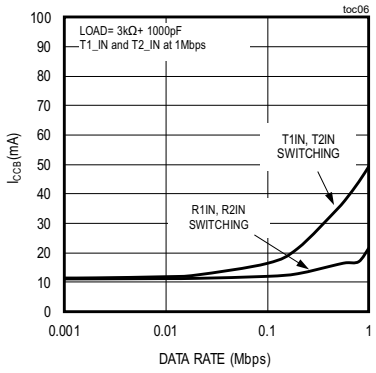
LOOPBACK RESULT AT 1Mbps



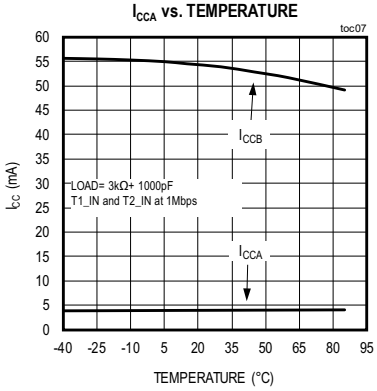
I_{CCA} vs. DATA RATE



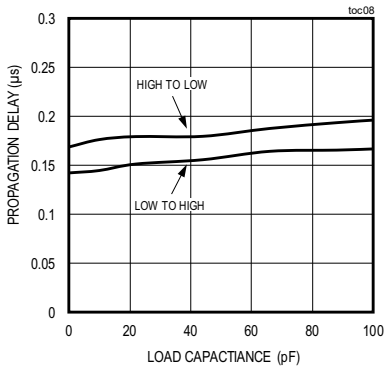
I_{CCB} vs. DATA RATE



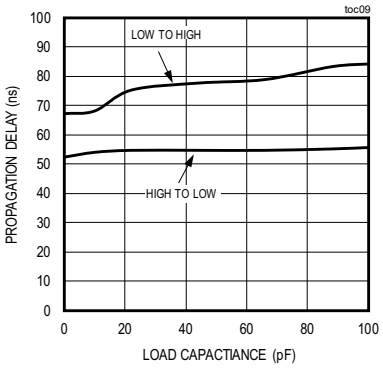
I_{CCA} vs. TEMPERATURE



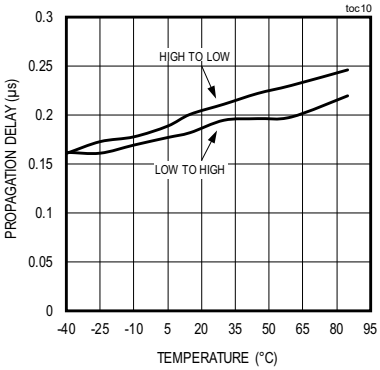
TRANSMITTER 1 PROPAGATION DELAY vs. LOAD CAPACITANCE



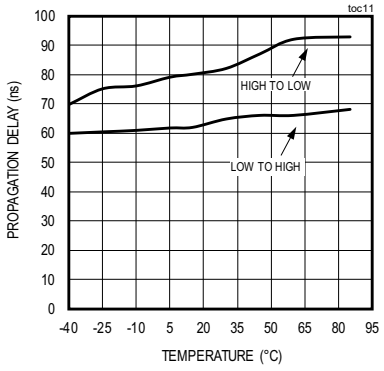
RECEIVER 1 PROPAGATION DELAY vs. LOAD CAPACITANCE



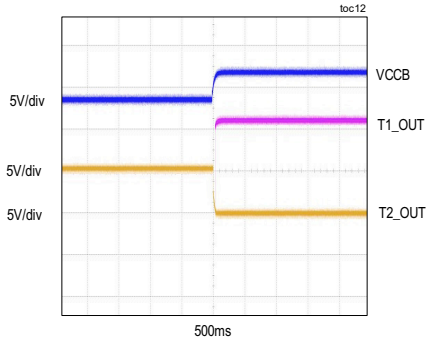
TRANSMITTER 2 PROPAGATION DELAY vs. LOAD CAPACITANCE



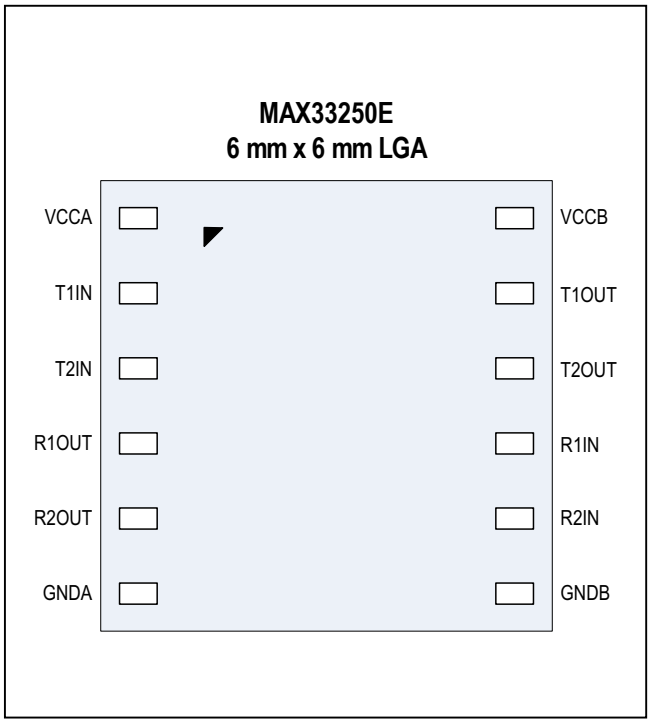
RECEIVER 2 PROPAGATIONDELAY vs. LOAD CAPACITANCE

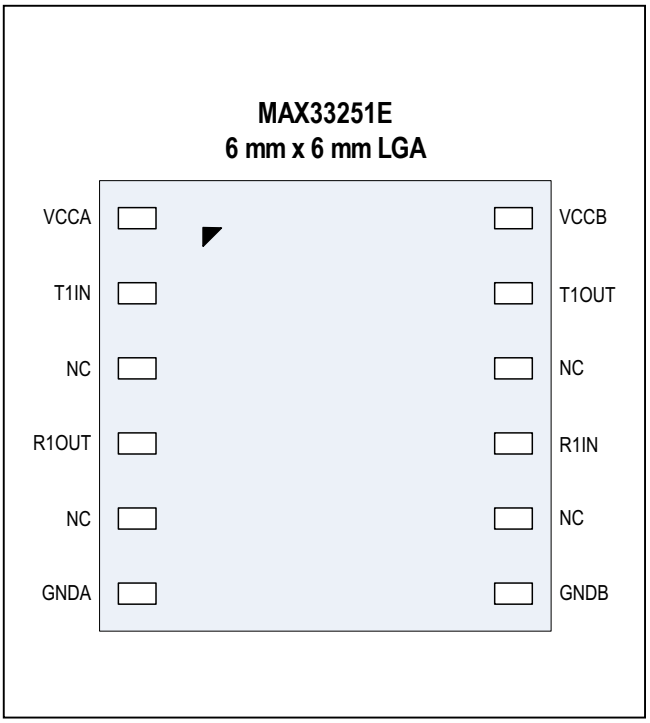


TRANSMITTER OUTPUT WHEN POWERD UP



Pin Configuration





Pin Description

PIN		NAME	FUNCTION
MAX33250E	MAX33251E		
1	1	V_{CCA}	Supply Voltage of Logic Side A. Bypass V_{CCA} with a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor to GNDA.
2	2	T1IN	TTL/CMOS Transmitter Input 1
3	---	T2IN	TTL/CMOS Transmitter Input 2
4	4	R1OUT	TTL/CMOS Receiver Output 1
5	---	R2OUT	TTL/CMOS Receiver Output 2
6	6	GNDA	Ground for logic side A
7	7	GNDB	Ground for field side B
8	---	R2IN	RS-232 Receiver Input 2
9	9	R1IN	RS-232 Receiver Input 1
10	---	T2OUT	RS-232 Transmitter Output 2
11	11	T1OUT	RS-232 Transmitter Output 1
12	12	V_{CCB}	Supply Voltage of Logic Side B. Bypass V_{CCB} with a 0.1µF ceramic capacitor to GNDB.

Detailed Description

The MAX33250E and MAX33251E are 1Mbps, 600V_{RMS} isolated RS-232 transceivers. The MAX33250E has 2 transmitters and 2 receivers (2Tx/2Rx), and the MAX33251E has 1 transmitter and 1 receiver (1Tx/1Rx). The isolation is provided by Maxim's proprietary insulation material that can withstand 600V_{RMS} for 60 seconds. The MAX33250E and MAX33251E conform to the EIA/TIA-232 standard and operates at data rates up to 1Mbps over the temperature range of -40ºC to 85ºC.

Digital Isolation

The MAX33250E and MAX33251E provide galvanic isolation and protection for digital signals from the local microcontroller's logic UART port (primary side) to the field lines (secondary side). A capacitive design is utilized where the insulation material for the isolation barrier is rated for 600V_{RMS} withstand voltage (V_{ISO}) for 60 seconds. The same material can also be exposed to a differential of 200V_{RMS} of working voltage (V_{IOWM}) for more than 50 years, providing longevity for many different types of end equipment. The isolation barrier also breaks ground loops and level translation for two different systems where it could potentially create inadvertent or misinterpret data signals.

Dual Charge Pump Voltage Converter and Inverter

Both parts have internal RS-232 power supplies that consist of a regulated dual charge pump that provides output voltages of +5.5V (doubling charge pump) and -5.5V (inverting charge pump), over the +3.0V to +5.5V range. Each charge pump is internally connected to a pair of flying capacitors and a pair of reservoir capacitors to generate the internal V+ and V- supplies as shown in *Typical Application Diagram*.

Startup and Undervoltage Lockout

The V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} supplies are both internally monitored for undervoltage conditions. Undervoltage events can occur during power-up, power-down, or during normal operation due to a dip in either power supply line. When an undervoltage event is detected on either of the supplies, all outputs on both sides are automatically controlled, regardless of the status of the inputs.

RS-232 Transmitters

The transmitters are inverting level translators that convert CMOS-logic levels from the UART or equivalent output port to +5V EIA/TIA-232 levels. The two devices guarantee 1Mbps with worst-case loads of 3kΩ in parallel with 1000pF, providing compatibility with PC-to-PC communication software. Transmitters can be paralleled to drive multiple receivers.

RS-232 Receivers

The receivers convert RS-232 signals to CMOS-logic output levels to the UART or equivalent input port. The devices feature inverting outputs that always remain active.

Power Supply Decoupling

To reduce ripple and the chance of introducing data errors, bypass V_{CCA} and V_{CCB} with 0.1µF ceramic capacitors to GNDA and GNDB, respectively. Place the bypass capacitors as close to the power-supply input pins as possible.

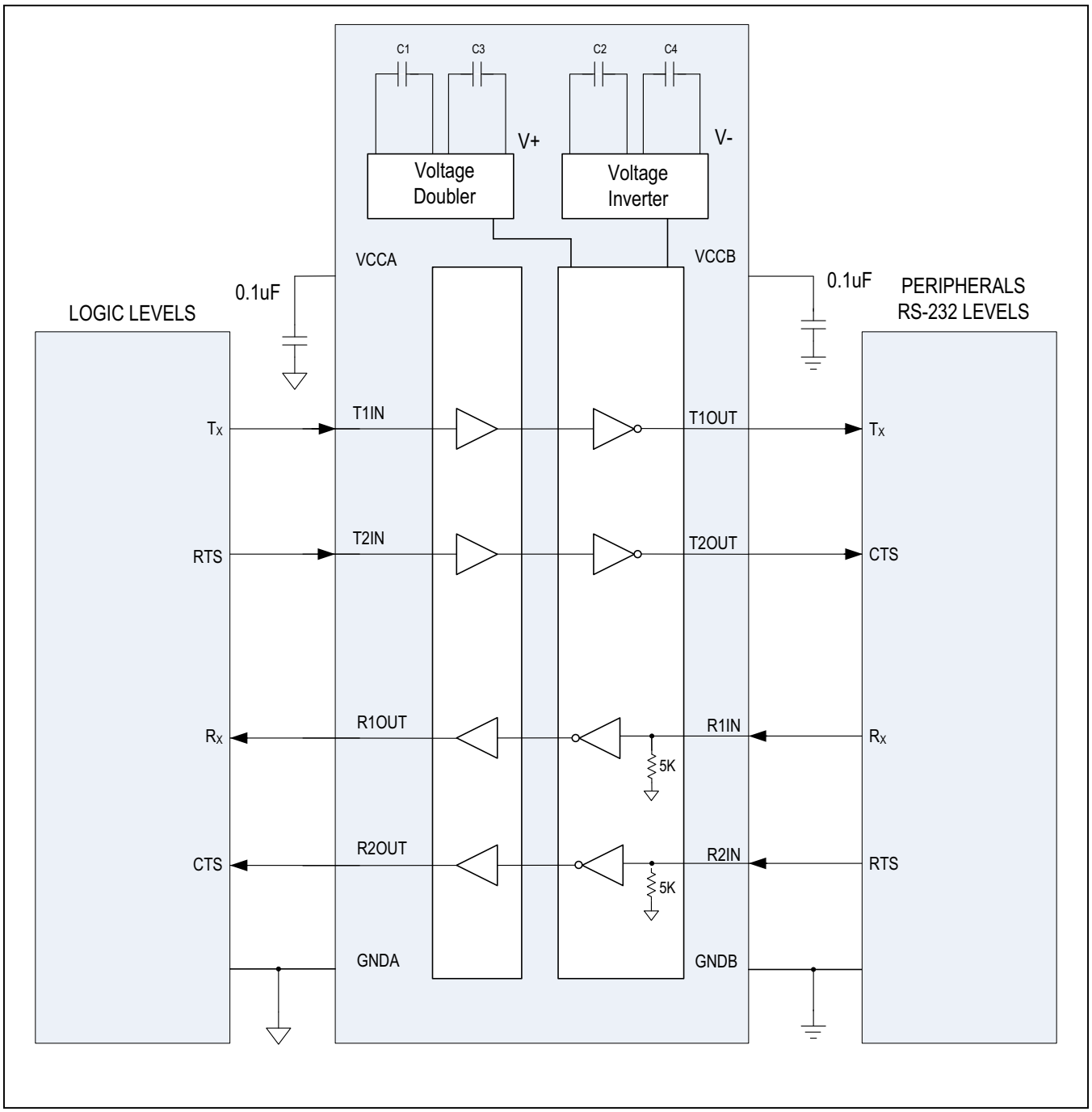
Table 1. Output Control Truth Table

INPUTS	V_{CCA}	V_{CCB}	RxOUT	TxOUT
RxIN = 1	Undervoltage	Powered	High	---
RxIN = 0	Undervoltage	Powered	Follows V_{CCA}	---
TxIN = 1	Undervoltage	Powered	—	Low
TxIN = 0	Undervoltage	Powered	—	Low
RxIN = 1	Powered	Undervoltage	High	---
RxIN = 0	Powered	Undervoltage	High	---
TxIN = 1	Powered	Undervoltage	—	*Low
TxIN = 0	Powered	Undervoltage	—	*Low

**TxOUT will be out of compliance with the RS-232 specification as V_{CCB} falls below 2.9V.*

Typical Application Circuit

Typical Application Diagram



Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	TEMP RANGE	CHANNEL-CONFIGURATION	DATA RATE	PACKAGE
MAX33250EELC+	-40°C to +85°C	2 Transmitters, 2 Receivers	1Mbps	12-pin 6mm x 6mm LGA
MAX33251EELC+*	-40°C to +85°C	1 Transmitter, 1 Receiver	1Mbps	12-pin 6mm x 6mm LGA

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

T = Denotes tape-and-reel.

**Denotes a future product.*

Revision History

REVISION NUMBER	REVISION DATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGES CHANGED
0	3/18	Initial release	—

