Instruction Manual

IDM-8341/8342 Series

Dual Measurement Multimeter

EN

Table of Contents

SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

This chapter contains important safety instructions that you must follow during operation and storage. Read the following before any operation to ensure your safety and to keep the instrument in the best possible condition.

Safety Symbols

These safety symbols may appear in this manual or on the instrument.

⚠ WARNING	Warning: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in injury or loss of life.
⚠ CAUTION	Caution: Identifies conditions or practices that could result in damage to the DMM or to other properties.
⚡	DANGER High Voltage
⚠	Attention Refer to the Manual
⏚	Protective Conductor Terminal

$\perp$ Earth (ground) Terminal

Do not dispose electronic equipment as unsorted municipal waste. Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier from which this instrument was purchased.

Safety Guidelines

General
Guideline

⚠ CAUTION

- Make sure that the voltage input level does not exceed DC1000V/AC750V.

- Make sure the current input level does not exceed 12A.

- Do not place any heavy object on the instrument.

- Avoid severe impact or rough handling that can lead to damaging the instrument.

- Do not discharge static electricity to the instrument.

- Use only mating connectors, not bare wires, for the terminals.

- Do not block or obstruct the cooling fan vent opening.

- Do not perform measurement at the source of a low-voltage installation or at building installations (Note below).

- Do not disassemble the instrument unless you are qualified as service personnel.

- Make sure that the COM terminal to earth is limited to 500Vpk.

(Note) EN 61010-1:2010 specifies the measurement categories and their requirements as follows. The IDM-834X falls under category II 600V.

- Measurement category IV is for measurement performed at the source of low-voltage installation.

- Measurement category III is for measurement performed in the building installation.

- Measurement category II is for measurement performed on the circuits directly connected to the low voltage installation.

Power Supply ⚠ WARNING	• AC Input voltage: 100/120/220/240 V AC
	• 50/60Hz
	• The power supply voltage should not fluctuate more than 10%.
	• Connect the protective grounding conductor of the AC power cord to an earth ground, to avoid electrical shock.

Fuse ⚠ WARNING	• Fuse type: 0.125AT 100/120VAC
	0.063AT 220/240 VAC
	• Make sure the correct type of fuse is installed before power up.
	• To avoid risk of fire, replace the fuse only with the specified type and rating.
	• Disconnect the power cord before fuse replacement.
	• Make sure the cause of a fuse blowout is fixed before fuse replacement.

Cleaning the Instrument	• Disconnect the power cord before cleaning.
	• Use a soft cloth dampened in a solution of mild detergent and

water. Do not spray any liquid.

- Do not use chemicals containing harsh material such as benzene, toluene, xylene, and acetone.

Operation Environment

- Location: Indoor, no direct sunlight, dust free, almost non-conductive pollution (Note below)

- Temperature: 0°C to 50°C

- Humidity: 0~35°C: < 80%RH

    >35°C: <70%RH

- Altitude: <2000m

(Note) EN 61010-1:2010 specifies the pollution degrees and their requirements as follows. The IDM-8341/8342 falls under degree 2.

- Pollution refers to "addition of foreign matter, solid, liquid, or gaseous (ionized gases), that may produce a reduction of dielectric strength or surface resistivity".

- Pollution degree 1: No pollution or only dry, non-conductive pollution occurs. The pollution has no influence.

- Pollution degree 2: Normally only non-conductive pollution occurs. Occasionally, however, a temporary conductivity caused by condensation must be expected.

- Pollution degree 3: Conductive pollution occurs, or dry, non-conductive pollution occurs which becomes conductive due to condensation which is expected. In such conditions, equipment is normally protected against exposure to direct sunlight, precipitation, and full wind pressure, but neither temperature nor humidity is controlled.

Storage environment	• Location: Indoor
	• Temperature: -10°C to 70°C
	• Humidity: 0~35°C: <90%RH
	>35°C: <80%RH

Disposal   Do not dispose this instrument as unsorted municipal waste.

Please use a separate collection facility or contact the supplier

from which this instrument was purchased. Please make sure

discarded electrical waste is properly recycled to reduce

environmental impact.

Power cord for the United Kingdom

When using the unit in the United Kingdom, make sure the power cord meets the following safety instructions.

NOTE: This lead/appliance must only be wired by competent persons

⚠ WARNING: THIS APPLIANCE MUST BE EARTHED

IMPORTANT: The wires in this lead are coloured in accordance with the following code:

Green/ Yellow: Earth

Blue: Neutral

Brown: Live (Phase)

As the colours of the wires in main leads may not correspond with the coloured marking identified in your plug/appliance, proceed as follows:

The wire which is coloured Green & Yellow must be connected to the Earth terminal marked with either the letter E, the earth symbol ⏚ or coloured Green/Green & Yellow.

The wire which is coloured Blue must be connected to the terminal which is marked with the letter N or coloured Blue or Black.

The wire which is coloured Brown must be connected to the terminal marked with the letter L or P or coloured Brown or Red.

If in doubt, consult the instructions provided with the equipment or contact the supplier.

This cable/appliance should be protected by a suitably rated and approved HBC mains fuse: refer to the rating information on the equipment and/or user instructions for details. As a guide, a cable of 0.75mm2 should be protected by a 3A or 5A fuse. Larger conductors would normally require 13A types, depending on the connection method used.

Any exposed wiring from a cable, plug or connection that is engaged in a live socket is extremely hazardous. If a cable or plug is deemed hazardous, turn off the mains power and remove the cable, any fuses and fuse assemblies. All hazardous wiring must be immediately destroyed and replaced in accordance to the above standard.

Getting Started

This chapter describes the IDM-8342 and IDM-8341 multimeters in a nutshell, including accessories, and package contents, their main features and front / rear panel introduction.

Characteristics

The IDM-8342 and IDM-8341 are portable, dual-display digital multimeters suitable for a wide range of applications, such as production testing, research, and field verification.

Performance	• DCV accuracy: 0.02%
	• High current range: 10A
	• High Voltage range: 1000V
	• High ACV frequency response: 100kHz
Features	• 50000 count display
	• Multi functions: ACV, DCV, ACI, DCI, R, C, Hz, Temp*, Continuity, Diode test, MAX/MIN, REL, dBm, Hold, MX+B, 1/X, REF%, dB, Compare.
	• Manual or Auto ranging
	• AC true RMS
	• Data Logging to USB*
	• Data logging to PC using an Excel Add-In
Interface	• Voltage/Resistance/Diode/Capacitance/ Temperature* input
	• Current input
	• USB device port as standard for remote control

- USB host* for data logging

- Optional GPIB* (factory install)

- Calibration port (for service operators only)

- Excel Add-In for easy-to-use remote control, data logging and for saving/recalling setups

* These features are only available on the IDM-8342

Accessories

| Standard Accessories	Part number	Description
	82DM-83420Ex1	User Manual CD
	82DM-83421Mx1	Safety Instruction Sheet
	GTL-207A	Test leads: 1x red, 1x black
Optional Accessories	Part number	Description
	1040-8342020	GPIB (Factory installed, IDM-8342 only)
	GTL-246	USB Cable
	GTL-205	Temperature Probe Adapter with Thermal Coupling (K-type)
Download	Name	Description

IDMvcp.inf (In IDM-834X USB DRIVER.ZIP)	USB driver
IDM-834x Excel Addins	Data logging Excel Add-In logs measurements to a PC by remote control via the USB interface only. This Excel Add-In can't be used via the GPIB interface.

Package Contents

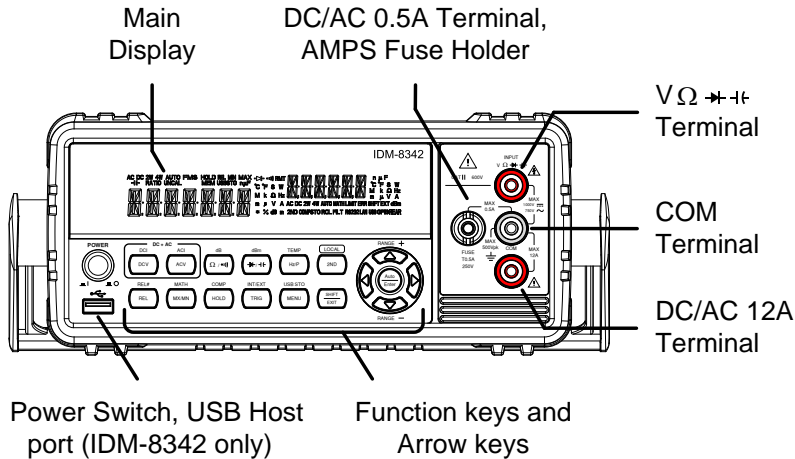Check the contents before using the instrument.

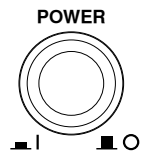Opening the box
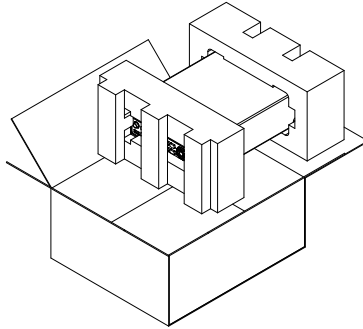
Contents (single unit)

- Main unit
- Test leads (red x1, black x1)

- Power cord x1 (region dependent)
- User manual CD
- Safety instruction sheet

Appearance

IDM-8341/8342 Front Panel

Main Display

DC/AC 0.5A Terminal, AMPS Fuse Holder

V Ω +·+⊢ Terminal

COM Terminal

DC/AC 12A Terminal

Power Switch, USB Host port (IDM-8342 only)

Function keys and Arrow keys

Power Switch	**POWER**	Turns On ⬛ or Off ⬛ the main power. For the power up sequence, see page 24.

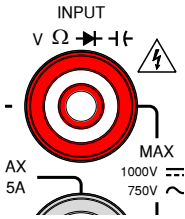| USB Host Port		The Host port is a type A USB port for logging data. See the USB Store chapter for more details, page 87.
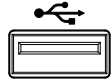
⚠ Note: IDM-8342 only.

Main Display   Shows measurement results and parameters. For display configuration details, see page 82 (light setting).
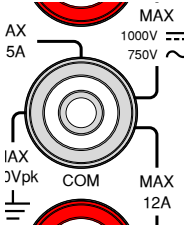
For an overview of the main display, see page 20.

V Ω →⊦ ⊣⊦ Input
Terminal

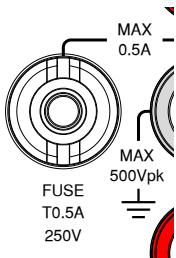This terminal is used for all measurements except for DC/AC current measurements.

COM Terminal

Accepts ground (COM) line in all measurements.

The maximum withstand voltage between this terminal and earth is 500Vpk.
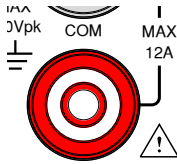
DC/AC 0.5A
Terminal

Low current measurement terminal. Accepts DC/AC Current input. For details see page 38.

AMPS Fuse
Holder

DC: 500µA~0.5A

AC: 500µA~0.5A

As a fuse, protects the instrument from over-current. Rating: T0.5A, 250V.(This terminal accepts DC/AC current input).

DC/AC 12A
Terminal

High range current measurement terminal. Accepts DC/AC Current input. For DCI or ACI details, see page 38.

Measurement Keys

The top row of measurement keys are used for basic DMM measurements such as voltage, current, resistance, capacitance and frequency. The bottom row of measurement functions are used for more advanced functions.

Each key has a primary and secondary function. The secondary function is accessed in conjunction with the SHIFT key.
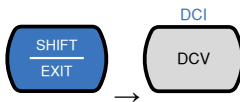
Upper Measurement keys
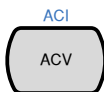
DCV
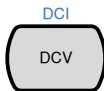
Measures DC Voltage (page 32).

DCI
(SHIFT→DCV)
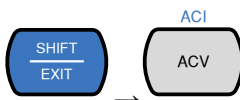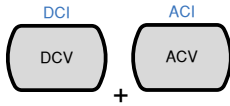

Measures DC Current (page 38).

ACV

Measures AC Voltage (page 32).

ACI
(SHIFT→ACV)

Measures AC Current (page 38).

DCV + ACV	DCI ACI [DCV] + [ACV]	Measures DC + AC voltage (page 32).
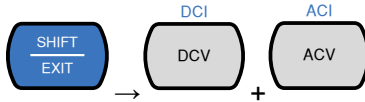
DCI+ACI	[SHIFT EXIT] → DCI ACI [DCV] + [ACV]	Measures DC + AC current (page 38).
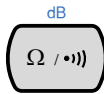
Resistance/ Continuity)	dB [Ω /•))]	Measures resistance or continuity, depending on the selected mode. See page 43 and 48, respectively.
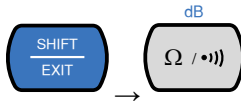
dB (SHIFT→ Ω/•)))	[SHIFT EXIT] → dB [Ω /•))]	Measures dB. See page 66.
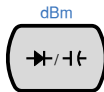
Diode/ Capacitance	dBm [→⊦/⊣⊦]	Tests diodes or measures capacitance, depending on the selected mode. See page 45 and 46, respectively.
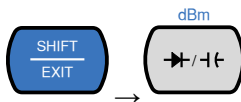
dBm (SHIFT → →⊦/⊣⊦)	[SHIFT EXIT] → dBm [→⊦/⊣⊦]	Measures dBm. See page 64
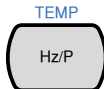
Hz/P	TEMP [Hz/P]	Measures the frequency or period of a signal, depending on the selected mode. See page 51.
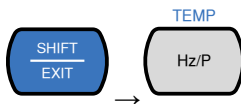
TEMP (SHIFT → Hz/P)	[SHIFT EXIT] → TEMP [Hz/P]	Measures temperature. See page 54.

2ND

LOCAL
2ND

As the 2nd key, selects the measurement item on the 2nd display (page 58). Pressing and holding for more than 1 second turns off the 2nd display.

As the Local key, releases the remote control and returns the instrument to local panel operation (page 113).

Lower Measurement keys

REL

REL#
REL

Measures the Relative value (page 70).

REL#
(SHIFT→REL)

SHIFT
EXIT

→

REL#
REL
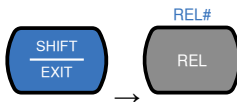
Manually sets the reference value for the Relative value measurement.

MX/MN
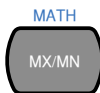
MATH
MX/MN

Measures the Maximum or the Minimum value (page 68).

MATH
(SHIFT→
MX/MN)

SHIFT
EXIT

→

MATH
MX/MN

Enters the Math measurement mode. The supported math functions include MX+B, REF% and 1/X. See page 75 for details.

HOLD
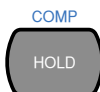
COMP
HOLD

Activates the Hold function (page 72).

COMP (SHIFT→HOLD)	SHIFT/EXIT → HOLD (COMP)	Activates the compare measurement function. See page 73.
TRIG	TRIG (INT/EXT)	Triggers sample acquisition manually when the trigger is set to external triggering. See page 31. (Note: Not supported for capacitance measurement)
INT/EXT (SHIFT→TRIG)	SHIFT/EXIT → TRIG (INT/EXT)	Toggles the trigger source as either internal or external(manual trigger).
MENU	MENU (USB STO)	Enters the configuration menu for System Settings, Measurement Settings, Temperature measurement settings, I/O settings and USB storage settings. See page 79 for the system menu.
USB STO (SHIFT→MENU)	SHIFT/EXIT → MENU (USB STO)	Logs measurement data to a USB drive. This function is only available for the IDM-8342. See page 87.
SHIFT/EXIT	SHIFT/EXIT	When used as a SHIFT key, it is used to access the secondary functions associated with the measurement keys. When used as an EXIT key, it will exit out of menu systems.

AUTO/ENTER $\quad$ (Auto Enter) $\quad$ When used as an AUTO key, it will set the range of the selected function to autorange.

When used as an ENTER key, it will confirm the entered value or menu item.

Arrow Keys
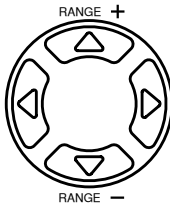
RANGE +

RANGE −

The arrow keys are used to navigate the menu system and edit values.

The Up and Down arrow keys will also manually set the range for the voltage and current measurements.

The Left and Right arrow keys will also toggle the refresh rate between the fast, medium and slow rates.

Display Overview

Primary measurement units

Primary measurement function icons

Secondary Display

Secondary measurement units

Secondary measurement function icons

Primary Display

Function status icons
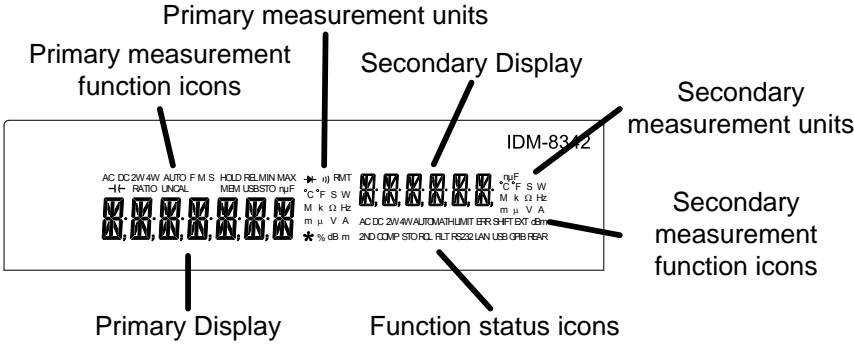
Primary Measurement Function Icons	Displays the primary measurement function.
Primary Measurement Units	Displays the units for the primary measurement function.
Secondary Display	Displays the results of the secondary measurement.
Secondary Measurement Units	Displays the units for the secondary measurement function.
Secondary Measurement function icons	Displays the secondary measurement function.

Function Status Icons	Display status icons for operations/functions that are not linked to the primary or secondary functions.
Primary Display	Displays the results of the primary measurement.

Rear Panel

Optional GPIB port
(IDM-8342 only)
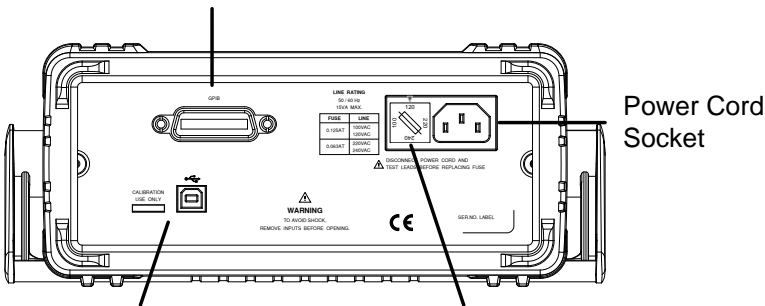
Power Cord
Socket

USB Device Port,
Calibration Port

Fuse
0.125AT/0.063AT

GPIB Port		The GPIB port can be used for remote control. This is a factory installed option for the IDM-8342 only.
Power Cord Socket		Accepts the power cord. AC 100/120/220/240V ±10%, 50/60Hz
		For power on sequence, see page 24.
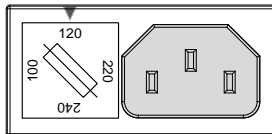
Fuse Socket
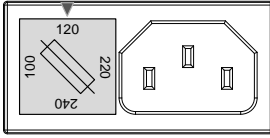
Holds the main fuse:

100/120 VAC: 0.125AT
220/240 VAC: 0.063AT

For fuse replacement details, see page 167.

Calibration Port

CALIBRATION
USE ONLY
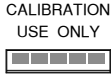
Reserved for calibration purposes. For service technicians only.

USB Device
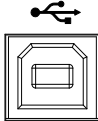
Type B USB port. This port is used for remote control.

Set Up

Tilting the Stand

From the base of the handle, gently pull the handle out sideways and then rotate it to one of the following positions.
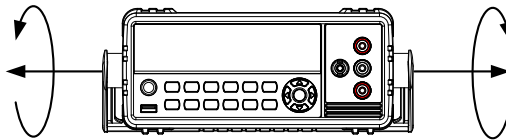
Horizontal
position
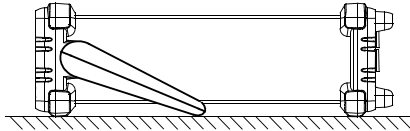
Tilt stand
position
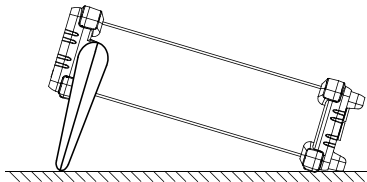
Carry position
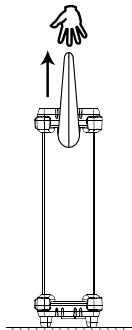
Power Up

Steps   1. Ensure the correct line voltage is lined
                     up with the arrow on the fuse holder. If
                     not, see page 167 to set the line
                     voltage and fuse.
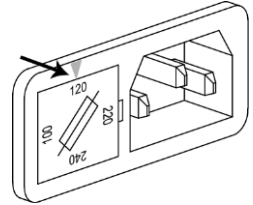
                 2. Connect the power cord to the AC
                     voltage input.
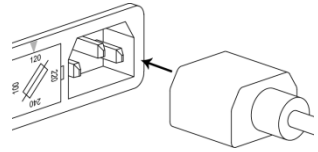
⚠ Note   Make sure the ground connector on the power cord is
                 connected to a safety ground. This will influence the
                 measurement accuracy.

                 3. Push to turn on the main power
                     switch on the front panel.
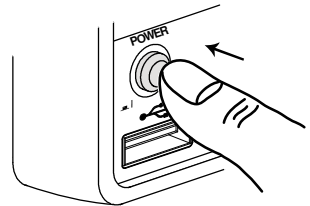
                 4. The display turns on and shows the last function that was
                     used before the power was reset.

How to Use the Instrument

Background | The following section will introduce to you how to access the basic functions on the DMM as well as how to navigate the menu system and edit the parameter values.

Using the Function keys | Any of the primary functions can be used by simply pressing the desired function key.

For example:

To activate the DCV function, press the DCV key.

DCI

DCV
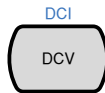
To activate a secondary function, first press the SHIFT key followed by the function key for the secondary function.

For example: To activate DCI measurement, first press the SHIFT key. SHIFT will be highlighted on the display. Next, press the DCV function key. This will activate the DCI mode.

DCI

SHIFT
—
EXIT

→

DCV
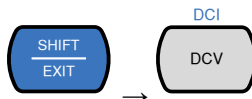
Navigating the   The menu system is navigated with the Up, Down, Left and
Menu System   Right arrow keys, the Auto/Enter key and the SHIFT/EXIT key.
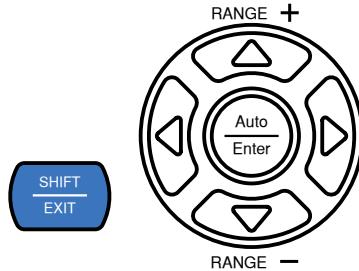
To enter the menu system, press the MENU key. See page
164 for the System Menu tree.

- Pressing the Left and Right arrow keys will navigate to
  each of the menu items on the current menu level.

- Pressing the Down key will go down to the next level of
  the menu tree.

- Conversely pressing the Up key will allow you to go back
  to the previous menu level.

- Pressing Down or Enter on the last item in a menu tree
  will allow you to edit the settings or parameters for that
  particular item or setting.

- Pressing the Exit key will allow you to exit from the current settings and return to the previous menu tree level.

Editing a Setting or Parameter

When you access a menu or parameter setting, the Up, Down, Left and Right keys can be used again to edit the parameter as well.
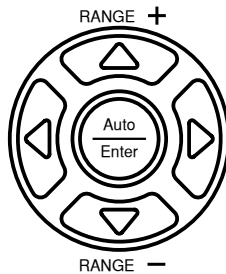
- If a setting or parameter is flashing, it indicates that that particular parameter can be edited.

- Pressing the Left or Right arrow key will allow you to select a digit or character to edit.

- Pressing the Up or Down keys will allow you to edit the selected character.

OPERATION

Basic Measurement Overview

Refresh Rate

Background   The refresh rate defines how frequently the DMM captures and updates measurement data. A faster refresh rate yields a lower accuracy. A slower refresh rate yields a higher accuracy. Consider these tradeoffs when selecting the refresh rate.

For further details, please see the specifications.

Refresh rate
(Reading/S)

Function	S	M	F
Continuity / Diode	10	20	40
DCV/DCI/R	5	10	40
ACV/ACI	5	10	40
Frequency / Period	1	10	76
Capacitance	2	2	2

Steps   1. Press the left or right arrow keys to change the refresh rate.

2. The refresh rate will be shown at the top of the   F ↔ M ↔ S
display.

⚠ Note   The refresh rate cannot be set for capacitance measurement.

Reading Indicator

Overview   1. The reading indicator $\star$ next to the 1st display flashes
                       according to the refresh rate setting.

$$0.0078_{\star} \quad ^{\vee}$$

Automatic/Manual Triggering

Overview   By default, the IDM-8341/8342 automatically triggers according to
                  the refresh rate. See the previous page for refresh rate setting
                  details. The TRIG key is used to manually trigger acquisition
                  when the trigger mode is set to EXT.

Manual Trigger   1. Press SHIFT+TRIG to toggle the trigger mode to EXT.

                 2. Press the TRIG key to manually trigger each measurement
                     when in EXT trigger mode.

⚠ Note   Manual triggering is not supported for capacitance
                 measurements.

AC/DC Voltage Measurement

The IDM-8341/8342 can measure from 0 to 750VAC or 0 to 1000VDC, however the CATII measurement is only rated up to 600V.

Set to ACV/DCV
Measurement

1. Press the DCV or ACV key to measure DC or AC voltage. For AC + DC voltage, press the ACV and DCV keys at the same time.

2. The mode will switch to AC, DC or AC+DC mode immediately, as shown below.

AC & DC indicator   Voltage units   Measurement range
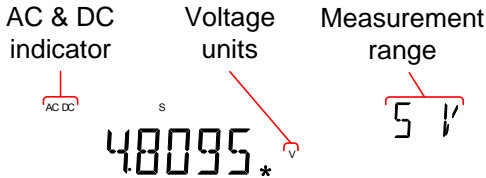
Connection   Connect the test lead between the V and the COM terminal. The display updates the reading.
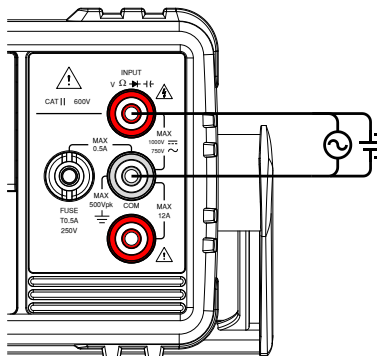
Select the Voltage Range

The voltage range can be set automatically or manually.

Auto Range	To turn the automatic range selection On/Off, press the AUTO key.
Manual Range	Press the Up or the Down key to select the range. The AUTO indicator turns Off automatically. If the appropriate range is unknown, select the highest range.

Selectable Voltage Ranges	Range	Resolution	Full scale
	500mV	10µV	510.00mV
	5V	0.1mV	5.1000V
	50V	1mV	51.000V
	500V	10mV	510.00V
	750V (AC)	100mV	765.0V
	1000V (DC)	100mV	1020.0V

⚠ Note | For further details, please see the specifications on page 173.

⚠ Note   DC voltages with AC components cannot be accurately measured if the DC+AC component exceeds the dynamic range for the selected DC range. Any voltage exceeding the dynamic range will be clipped at the upper/lower range limit. Under these conditions the range that is chosen with the Auto range function may be too small.

For example:

DC 5V Range
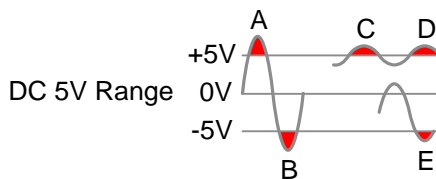
A,B: Input exceeds the dynamic range.

C,D: The DCV offset causes the input to exceed the upper dynamic range.

E: The DCV offset causes the input to exceed the lower dynamic range.

The DC voltage range should be manually selected when all of the following conditions are true:

- When DCV measurement is used.
- When the signals being measured contain both DC and AC components.
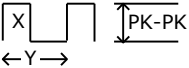
- When the amplitude of the AC component in the measured signal is higher or lower than the dynamic range of the range being currently selected by the auto-range function.

Maximum DCV Dynamic Range	Selected DCV Range	Dynamic Range
	DC 500mV	±600mVmax
	DC 5V	±6Vmax
	DC 50V	±60Vmax
	DC 500V	±600Vmax
	DC 1000V	±1000Vmax

Voltage Conversion Table

This table shows the relationship between an AC and DC reading for various waveforms.

Waveform	Peak to Peak	AC (True RMS)	DC
Sine	2.828	1.000	0.000
Rectified Sine (full wave)	1.414	0.435	0.900
Rectified Sine (half wave)	2.000	0.771	0.636

 PK-PK

| Square | 2.000 | 1.000 | 0.000 |

 PK-PK

| Rectified Square | 1.414 | 0.707 | 0.707 |

 PK-PK

| Rectangular Pulse | 2.000 | 2K | 2D |

$K= \sqrt{(D - D^{2)}}$

 PK-PK
←Y→

D=X/Y   D=X/Y

| Triangle Sawtooth | 3.464 | 1.000 | 0.000 |

 PK-PK

Crest Factor Table

Background   Crest factor is the ratio of the peak signal amplitude to the RMS value of the signal. It determines the accuracy of AC measurement.

If the crest factor is less than 3.0, voltage measurement will not result in error due to dynamic range limitations at full scale.

If the crest factor is more than 3.0, it usually indicates an

abnormal waveform as seen from the below table.

Crest Factor Table	Waveform	Shape	Crest factor
	Square wave		1.0
	Sine wave		1.414
	Triangle sawtooth		1.732
	Mixed frequencies		1.414 ~ 2.0
	SCR output 100% ~ 10%		1.414 ~ 3.0
	White noise		3.0 ~ 4.0
	AC Coupled pulse train		>3.0
	Spike		>9.0

AC/DC Current Measurement

The IDM-834X series DMMs have two input terminals for current measurement. A 0.5A terminal for current less than 0.5A and a 10A terminal for measurements up to 12A.

The units can measure 0 ~ 10A for both AC and DC current.

Set to ACI/DCI
Measurement

1. Press SHIFT → DCV or SHIFT → ACV to measure DC or AC current, respectively.

   For AC+DC current, press SHIFT followed by both the DCV and ACV key at the same time.

2. The mode will switch to AC, DC or AC+DC mode immediately, as shown below.

AC & DC   Current   Measurement
indicator   units   range

AC DC   AUTO   S

l. l l 38. * A   5 A
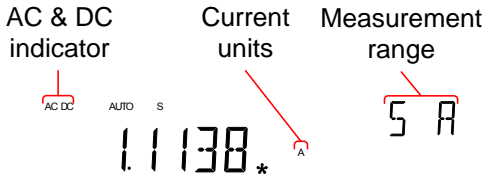
Connection   Connect the test lead between the 10A terminal and the COM terminal or DC/AC 0.5A terminal and the COM terminal, depending on the input current.
For current ≤ 0.5A use the 0.5A terminal; For current up to 12A use the 10A terminal. The display updates the reading.

Max 12A

Max 0.5A
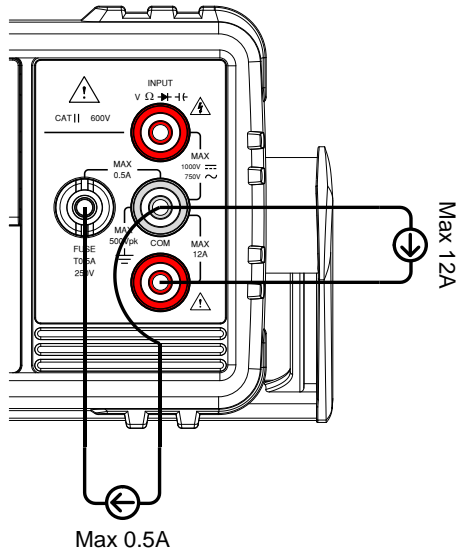
Select the Current Range

The current range can be set automatically or manually.

Auto Range   To turn the automatic range selection On/Off, press the AUTO key. The most appropriate range for the currently used input jack will be automatically selected. The DMM is able to do this by remembering the last manually selected range and using that information to determine the smallest current range that the auto-range function will switch to.

When the current input is switched to another terminal, the range must be manually set.

Manual Range   Press the Up or the Down key to select the range. The AUTO indicator turns Off automatically. If the appropriate range is unknown, select the highest range.

Selectable
Current Ranges

| Range	Resolution	Full scale	INJACK
500µA	10nA	510.00µA	500mA
5mA	100nA	5.1000mA	500mA
50mA	1µA	51.000mA	500mA
500mA	10µA	510.00mA	500mA
5A	100µA	5.1000A	12A
10A	1mA	12.000A	12A

⚠ Note   For further details, please see the specifications on page 173.

⚠ Note   DC currents with AC components cannot be accurately measured if the DC+AC component exceed the dynamic range for the selected DC range. Any current exceeding the dynamic range will be clipped at the upper/lower range limit. Under these conditions the range that is chosen with the Auto range function may be too small.

For example:

DC 5A Range
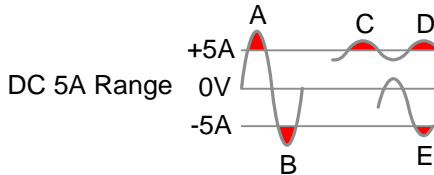
A,B: Input exceeds the dynamic range.

C,D: The DCI offset causes the input to exceed the upper dynamic range.

E: The DCI offset causes the input to exceed the lower dynamic range.

The DC current range should be manually selected when all the following conditions are true:
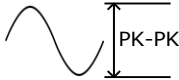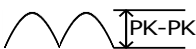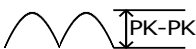
- When DCI measurement is used.
- When the signals being measured contain both DC and AC components.
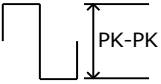- When the amplitude of the AC component in the measured signal is higher or lower than the dynamic range of the range being currently selected by the auto-range function.

Maximum DCI Dynamic Range	Selected DCV Range	Dynamic Range
	DC 500µA	±600µAmax
	DC 5mA	±6mAmax
	DC 50mA	±60mAmax
	DC 500mA	±600mAmax
	DC 5A	±6Amax
	DC 10A	±12Amax

Resistance Measurement

Set to Ω
Measurement

1. Press the Ω/•)) key to activate resistance measurement.

   Note: pressing the Ω/•)) key twice will activate continuity

   measurement instead.

2. The mode will switch to resistance mode immediately, as
   shown below.

Display

Resistance   Resistance   Measurement
indicator   units   range

2W AUTO S

1.00 10. *   k Ω   5K

Connection

The IDM-8341/8342 uses 2-wire resistance measurement.

Connect the test leads between the VΩ →│ ─│├ terminal and the

COM terminal.
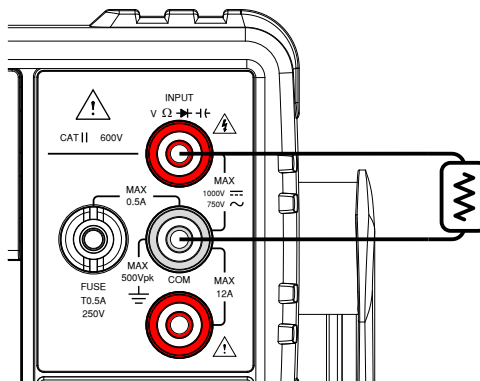
Select the Resistance Range

The resistance range can be set automatically or manually.

Auto Range	To turn the automatic range selection On/Off, press the AUTO key.
Manual Range	Press the Up or the Down key to select the range. The AUTO indicator turns Off automatically. If the appropriate range is unknown, select the highest range.

Selectable Resistance Ranges	Range	Resolution	Full scale
	500Ω	10mΩ	510.00Ω
	5kΩ	100mΩ	5.1000kΩ
	50kΩ	1Ω	51.000kΩ
	500kΩ	10Ω	510.00kΩ
	5MΩ	100Ω	5.1000MΩ
	50MΩ	1kΩ	51.000MΩ

⚠ Note   For further details, please see the specifications on page 176.

Diode Test

The diode test checks the forward bias characteristics of a diode by running a constant forward bias current of approximately 0.83mA through the DUT.

Set to Diode
Measurement

1. Press the ✦/⊣⊢ key once to activate diode measurement. Note: pressing the ✦/⊣⊢ key twice will activate the capacitance measurement instead.

2. The mode will switch to Diode mode immediately, as shown below.

Display

Diode
state

Diode function
indicator

OPEN   DIODE
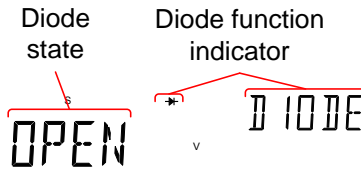
Connection   Connect the test lead between the VΩ✦⊣⊢ terminal and COM terminal; Anode-V, Cathode-COM. The display updates the reading.
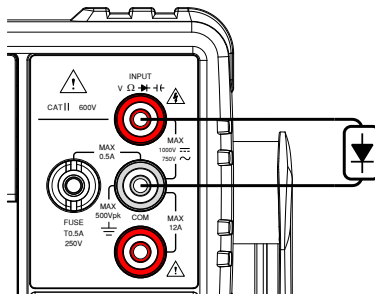
Capacitance Measurement

The capacitance measurement function checks the capacitance of a component.

Set to   1. Press the ✦/╫ key twice to activate capacitance
Capacitance   measurement.
Measurement   Note: pressing the ✦/╫ key once will activate the diode
                   measurement instead.

                2. The mode will switch to capacitance mode immediately, as
                   shown below.

                   Capacitance   Capacitance   Measurement
                   indicator   units   range
Display

Connection   Connect the test lead between the VΩ✦╫ terminal and COM
                terminal; Positive-V, Negative-COM. The display updates the
                reading.
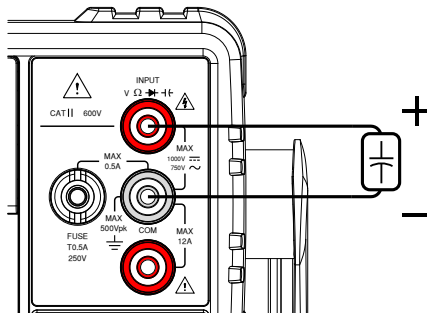
Select the Capacitance Range

The capacitance range can be set automatically or manually.

Auto Range	To turn the automatic range selection On/Off, press the AUTO key.

Manual Range	Press the Up or the Down key to select the range. The AUTO indicator turns Off automatically. If the appropriate range is unknown, select the highest range.

Range	Resolution	Full scale
5nF	1pF	5.100nF
50nF	10pF	51.00nF
500nF	100pF	510.0nF
5μF	1nF	5.100μF
50μF	10nF	51.00μF

⚠ Note   For further details, please see the specifications on page 177.

⚠ Note   The refresh rate settings and the EXT trigger cannot be used in the capacitance mode.

Continuity Test

The continuity test checks that the resistance in the DUT is low enough to be considered continuous (of a conductive nature).

Procedure

1. Press the Ω/•ᴵ⁾⁾ key *twice* to activate continuity testing.

2. The mode will switch to continuity testing immediately, as shown below.

Display

Continuity state   Continuity function indicator
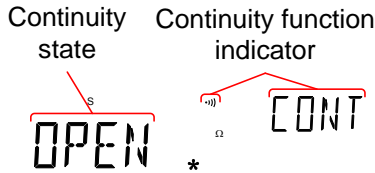
Connection   Connect the test lead between the VΩ➔⊣⊢ terminal and COM terminal. The display updates the reading.

Set Continuity Threshold

The continuity threshold defines the maximum resistance allowed in the DUT when testing the continuity.

Range	Threshold	0 to 1000Ω (Default Threshold:10Ω)
	Resolution	1Ω

Procedure	1. Press MENU.
	2. Go to the MEAS menu on level 1
	3. Go to the CONT menu on level 2
	4. Set the continuity threshold level.
	5. Press the Enter key to confirm the continuity settings.
	6. Press EXIT to exit the CONT setting menu.

Display

Continuity setting   Continuity function indicator

$CNT:0010$ Ω $CONT$
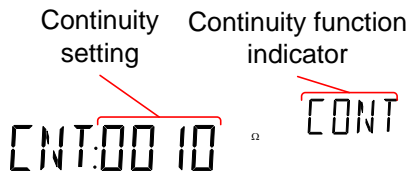
Continuity Beeper Settings

The beeper setting defines how the IDM-8341/8342 notifies the continuity test result to the user.

Note: When the Beeper setting is off it will also turn off the keypad tones as well as any error or warning tones.

Range	PASS	Beeps when the continuity passes.
	FAIL	Beeps when the continuity fails.
	OFF	Beeper is turned off.

Procedure
1. Press MENU.

2. Go to the SYSTEM menu on level 1

3. Go to the BEEP menu on level 2

4. Set the BEEP setting to PASS, FAIL or OFF.

5. Press the AUTO/ENTER key to confirm the beeper settings.

6. Press EXIT to exit the BEEP setting menu.

Display   Beep setting   Beep menu indicator

PASS   BEEP

Frequency/Period Measurement

The IDM-8341/8342 can be used to measure the frequency or period of a signal.

Range	Frequency	10Hz~1MHz
	Period	1.0μs ~100ms

Procedure   To measure frequency, press the Hz/P key once. The frequency will be displayed on the primary screen and the range will be displayed on the secondary display.

To measure the period, press the Hz/P key twice. The period will be displayed on the primary screen and the range will be displayed on the secondary display.

Display

        Measurement   Frequency or period units   Voltage range setting

AUTO   S

09.999   k   Hz   5 V
       *
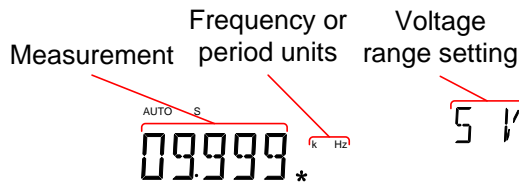
Connection   Connect the test lead between the VΩ➔⊢⊣⊢ terminal and the COM terminal. The display updates the reading.
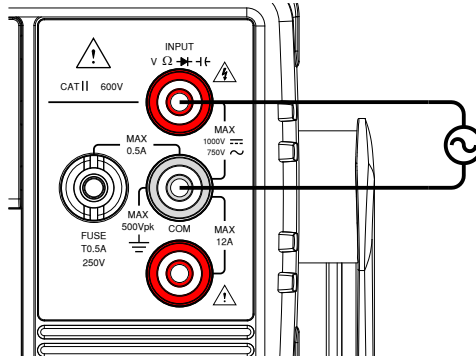
Frequency/Period Settings

The input voltage/current range for frequency/period measurements can be set to Auto range or to manual. By default, the voltage/current range is set to Auto for both the period and frequency.

Range	Voltage	500mV, 5V, 50V, 500V, 750V
	Current	500μA, 5mA, 50mA, 5A, 10A
Note		The input jack setting determines whether the voltage frequency/ period or current frequency/period is being measured. See page 84 for details.
Manual Range		1. Set the range with the Up and Down keys. The AUTO indicator will turn off when a new range is selected.

Autorange   1. Press the Auto/Enter key.

             2. AUTO will be displayed on the screen again.

Display   Autorange   Voltage range
                  indicator   setting

                    AUTO   500 mV
                  0.9999   k   Hz
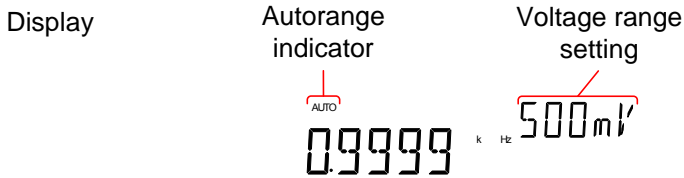
Note   The 2nd key can be used to toggle the view of the second
             display between the voltage/current range and the menu
             function (FREQ or PERIOD).

             Note that the voltage/current range can actually still be set
             even when the secondary display has been toggled to show
             the menu function.

Temperature Measurement
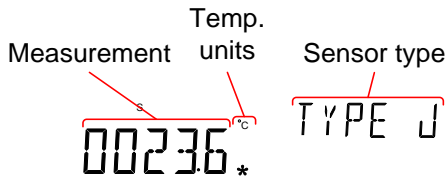
The IDM-8342 can measure temperature using a thermocouple. To measure temperature, the DMM accepts a thermocouple input and calculates the temperature from the voltage fluctuation. The thermocouple type and reference junction temperature are also considered. Temperature measurement is only supported on the IDM-8342.

Range	Thermocouple: -200°C ~ +300°C

Procedure	To make temperature measurements, press SHIFT → Hz/P (TEMP).
	The temperature mode appears showing the temperature on the primary display and the type of sensor on the secondary display.

Display	

Measurement   Temp. units   Sensor type

00236.   TYPE J

Connection	Connect the sensor lead between the VΩ⊣⊢ terminal and the COM terminal. The display updates the reading.

INPUT
V Ω ⊣⊢
CAT II 600V
MAX
0.5A
MAX
1000V
750V
MAX
500Vpk COM MAX
12A
FUSE
T0.5A
250V

+

−
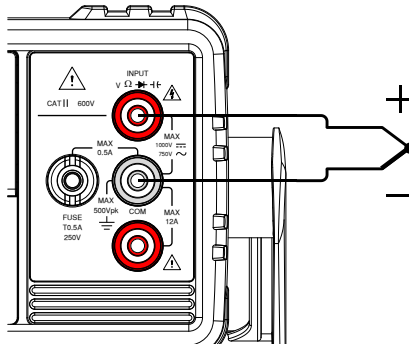
Set the Temperature Units

Range	Units	˚C, ˚F

Procedure
1. Press the MENU key.

2. Go to TEMP on level 1.

3. Go to UNIT on level 2.

4. Select either C (Celsius) or F (Farenheit).

5. Press the Enter key to confirm.

6. Press the EXIT key to exit from the temperature menu.

Display

Temperature
unit setting

Unit menu
indicator

UNIT: F   UNIT
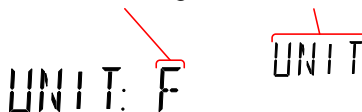
Select Thermocouple Type

The IDM-8342 accepts thermocouple inputs and calculates the temperature from the voltage difference of two dissimilar metals. Thermocouple type and reference junction temperature are also considered.

Thermocouple type and range	Type	Measurement Range	Resolution
	J	-200 to +300˚C	0.1 °C
	K	-200 to +300˚C	0.1 °C
	T	-200 to +300˚C	0.1 °C

Procedure   1. Press the MENU key.

2. Go to TEMP on level 1.

3. Go to SENSOR on level 2.

4. Select the thermocouple type (J, K, T).

5. Press the Enter key to confirm.

6. Press the EXIT key to exit from the temperature menu.

Display   Thermocouple   Sensor menu
                  type setting   indicator

                  TYPE J   SENSOR
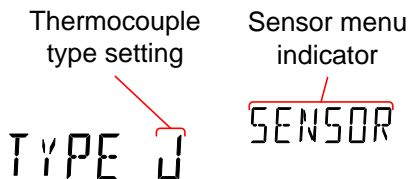
Set the Reference Junction Temperature
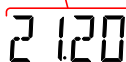
When a thermocouple is connected to the DMM, the temperature difference between the thermocouple lead and the DMM input terminal should be taken into account and be cancelled out; otherwise an erroneous temperature might be added. The value of the reference junction temperature should be determined by the user.

Range	SIM	0 ~ 50°C (default: 23.00°C)
	Resolution	0.01°C

Procedure　　　1. Press the MENU key.

2. Go to TEMP on level 1.

3. Go to SIM on level 2.

4. Set the SIM (simulated) reference junction temperature.

5. Press the Enter key to confirm.

6. Press the EXIT key to exit from the temperature menu.

Display

Reference junction temperature setting　　　SIM menu indicator

21.20　　　SIM

Dual Measurement Overview

The dual measurement mode allows you to use the 2nd display to show another item, thus viewing two different measurement results at once.

When the multimeter is used in dual measurement mode, both displays are updated from either a single measurement or from two separate measurements. If the primary and secondary measurement modes have the same range, rate and rely on the same fundamental measurement, then a single measurement is taken for both displays; such as ACV and frequency/period measurements. If the primary and secondary displays use different measurement functions, ranges or rates, then separate measurements will be taken for each display. For example, ACV and DCV measurements.

Most of the basic measurement functions, except for resistance/continuity can be used in the dual measurement mode.

Supported dual measurement modes

The following table lists all the measurement functions that are supported with the dual measurement function.

Supported Dual Measurement modes	Primary Display	Secondary Display					
		ACV	DCV	ACI	DCI	Hz/P	Ω
	ACV	●	●	●	●	●	X

DCV	●	●	●	●	X	X
ACI	●	●	●	●	●	X
DCI	●	●	●	●	X	X
Hz/P	●	X	●	X	●	X
Ω	X	X	X	X	X	●

Using Dual Measurement Mode

Procedure
1. Choose one of the basic measurement functions from the table above to set the measurement mode for the primary display.

   For example, press DCV to set the first display to DCV measurement.

2. To set a measurement mode for the second display, press the 2ND key and then select the second measurement mode.

   For example, press 2ND, SHIFT, ACV to select ACI measurement for the second display.

Display

Indicators for 1st measurement   2nd measurement and unit

DC   AUTO   S   336.4 1   μ   A

4.8095.*   V   AC   AUTO
                     2ND

1st measurement and unit   Indicators for 2nd measurement
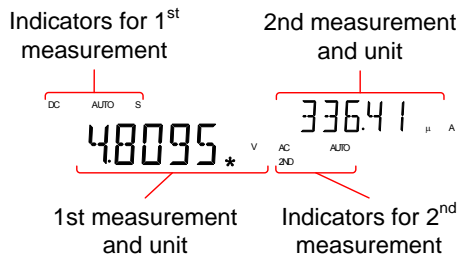
Editing the Measurement Parameters	After the secondary measurement function has been activated, the rate, range and measurement item can be edited for either the primary or secondary display. Note however, it is more practical to configure the first or second measurement items before activating dual measurement mode.
	To edit measurement parameters in dual measurement mode, you must first set which display is the *active* display. The 2ND icon under the secondary display determines which display is the active display.

Procedure	1. Toggle whether the primary or secondary display is the active display by pressing the 2ND key:
	Primary display is the active display: 2ND *is not* visible on the display.
	Secondary display is the active display: 2ND *is* visible on the display.
⚠ Note	Do not hold the 2ND key. This will turn the dual measurement mode off.
	2. Edit the range, rate or measurement item for the active display in the same way as for single measurement operation. See the Basic Measurement chapter for details

(page 30).

Turn Off 2nd
Measurement

To turn Off the 2nd measurement, press and hold the 2nd key for more than 1 second.

Connection

The diagrams below describe how to connect the DMM to measure a number of common dual measurement items.

Voltage and Frequency/Period measurement
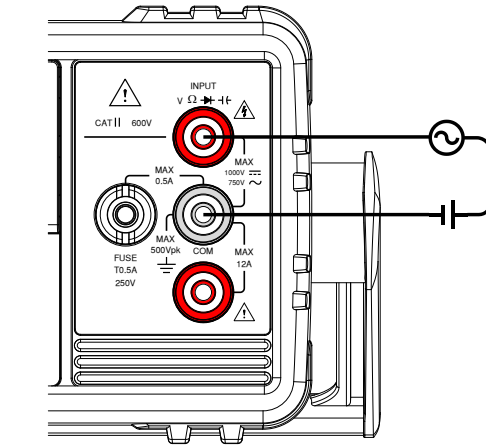
Voltage/Frequency/Period and Current Measurement
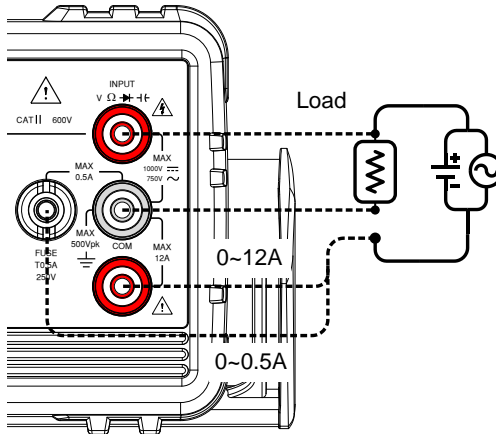
Note: DC Current measurements will be displayed as a negative value as the polarity of the current leads has been reversed.

Please take into account the resistance of the test leads and internal resistance of the current connection as it is in series with the test circuit.

The above measuring configuration is used to measure the voltage present on the resistance under test and the current through the resistance under test when using the DCI/DCV or ACI/ACV dual measurement function.

Advanced Measurement Overview

Advanced measurement mainly refers to the type of measurement which uses the result obtained by one of the basic measurements: ACV, DCV, ACI, DCI, Resistance, Diode/Continuity, Frequency/Period, and Temperature*.

Supported Advanced Measurement Functions

The following table lists all the advanced measurement functions and which of the basic measurement functions that they support.

Advanced Meas.	Basic Measurement						
	ACV/DCV	ACI/DCI	Ω	Hz/P	TEMP*	DIODE	CAP
dB	●	X	X	X	X	X	X
dBm	●	X	X	X	X	X	X
Max/Min	●	●	●	●	●	X	●
Relative	●	●	●	●	●	X	●
Hold	●	●	●	●	●	X	X
Compare	●	●	●	●	●	X	●
Math	●	●	●	●	●	X	X

*Temperature measurement is not supported by the IDM-8341.

dBm/dB/W Measurement

dBm/dB Calculation

Overview   Using the ACV or DCV measurement results, the DMM calculates the dB or dBm value based on a reference resistance value in the following way:

$dBm = 10 \times \log_{10} (1000 \times Vreading^2 / Rref)$

$dB = dBm - dBmref$

$W = Vreading^2/Ref$

Where:

Vreading= Input Voltage, ACV or DCV;

Rref= Reference resistance simulating an output load;

dBmref= Reference dBm value

Measuring dBm/W

Procedure   1. Select ACV or DCV measurement. See page 32.

2. To measure dBm, press SHIFT → ⊣⊢.

The primary display will show the dBm measurement while the secondary display shows the reference resistance.

Display   dBm   Reference

                         measurement   resistance

DC   S

-81.012 ★ dB m 0500 Ω
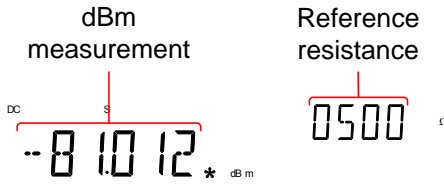
Setting the   To set the reference resistance, use the Up and Down arrow

Reference   keys.

Resistance

                 The selectable reference resistances are shown below.

Selectable reference resistances						
2	4	8	16	50	75	93
110	124	125	135	150	250	300
500	600	800	900	1000	1200	8000

View the result in Watts	When the reference resistance is less than 50Ω, it is possible to calculate the power (in watts). If the reference resistance is equal to or greater than 50Ω, then this step can be ignored.
	Press SHIFT → ✈ ⊣⊢ again to view the result in watts.

Display

Power measurement
and unit   Reference
                  resistance

DC   S   (W)   ‖‖ ¦‖   Ω

‖‖.⁷¦² ＊ dBm
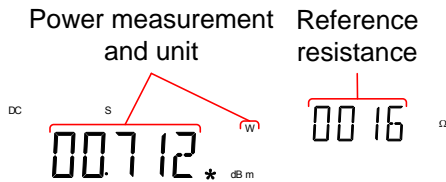
Exit dBm Measurement	Press SHIFT → ✈ ⊣⊢ again to exit the dBm measurement, or simply activate another measurement function.

Measure dB

dB is defined as [dBm−dBmref]. When the dB measurement is activated, the DMM calculates the dBm using the reading at the first moment and stores it as dBmref.

Procedure	1. Select ACV or DCV measurement. See page 32.
	2. Press SHIFT → Ω/•)) key to activate the dB measurement mode.
	The 1st display shows the dB reading the second display shows the voltage reading.

Display

dB
measurement

Voltage
reading

DC   s

$07.312_{*\ dB}$

3.0617 v
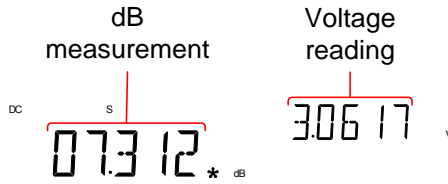
View the dBm	To view the dBm reference value, press the 2ND key.
Reference Value	
	The Up and Down arrow keys can also be used to change the voltage range or the reading.

Exit dB	Press the SHIFT → Ω/·ᵘⁱ key again to exit the dB measurement,
Measurement	or simply activate another measurement function.

Max/Min Measurement

Maximum and Minimum measurement function stores the highest (maximum) or lowest (minimum) reading and shows it on the 1st display when the 2ND key is pressed.

Applicable measurements	The Max/Min function can be used with the following basic measurement functions:
	ACV, DCV, ACI, DCI, Ω, Hz/P, TEMP, ⊣⊢
Procedure	For Max measurement, press the MX/MN key once.
	For Min measurement, press the MX/MN key twice.

Display

Basic meas. function	Max/Min indicator	Measurement range

AC   AUTO   S   **MAX**

1.0561 v   5 V
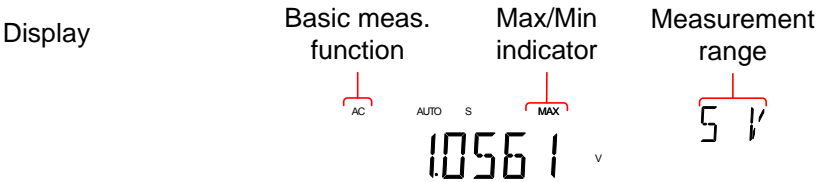
View Max/Min Value   Press the 2ND key to view the Max or Min value.

Display

Max/Min reading	Max/Min mode

AC   AUTO   S   **MAX**

1.0561* v   ‹-MAX

Deactivate   Hold the MX/MN key for two seconds to deactivate, or simply
Max/Min   activate another measurement function.
Measurement

Relative Measurement

Relative measurement stores a value, typically the data at that instant, as the reference. The measurement following the reference is displayed as the delta between the reference. The reference value will be cleared upon exit.

Applicable measurements	The relative function can be used with the following basic measurement functions: ACV, DCV, ACI, DCI, Ω, Hz/P, TEMP, ⊣�
Procedure	Press the REL key. The measurement reading at that instant becomes the reference value.

Display

Relative value   Range

AC   S   REL

$0.4370._*$ v $5 \ 1V$
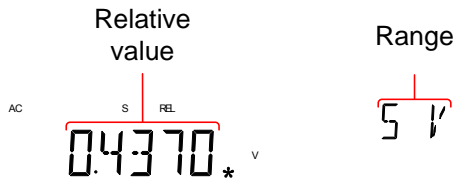
View Relative Reference Value   Press the 2ND key to view the relative reference value at full scale.

Display

Relative reference value

$1.6413._*$ v   ⟨-REL
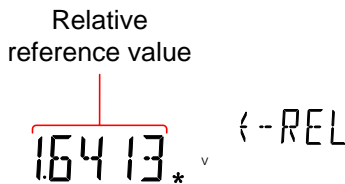
Manually Set the
Relative
Reference Value

1. To manually set the relative reference value, press SHIFT →
REL.

   The REL value is displayed on the screen at full scale.

2. Use the Left and Right arrow keys to navigate to the digit to be
edited or to select the decimal point.

   Use the Up and Down arrow keys to edit the selected digit or
to place the position of the decimal point.

3. Press the Enter key to confirm, alternatively press Exit to
cancel setting the relative reference value.

Display

Relative
value setting

REL setting
mode
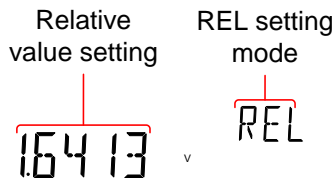
Deactivate
Relative
Measurement

Press the REL key again to deactivate the Relative measurement
mode, or simply activate another measurement function.

Hold Measurement

The Hold Measurement function retains the current measurement data and updates it only when it exceeds the set threshold (as a percentage of the retained value).

Applicable measurements	The hold function can be used with the following basic measurement functions: ACV, DCV, ACI, DCI, Ω, Hz/P, TEMP
Procedure	1. Press the HOLD key. 2. The measurement reading appears on the primary display and the hold threshold on the secondary display.
Display	

Measurement reading   Hold threshold

AC   S HOLD
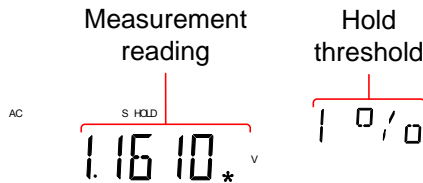
Set the Hold Threshold	Use the Up and Down arrow keys to select a hold threshold level, as a percentage.

Range	0.01%, 0.1%, 1%, 10%

Deactivate Hold Measurement	Press the HOLD key for 2 seconds to deactivate the hold measurement, or simply activate another measurement function.

Compare Measurement

Compare measurement checks to see if the measurement data stays between a specified upper (high) and lower (low) limit.

Applicable measurements	The compare function can be used with the following basic measurement functions: ACV, DCV, ACI, DCI, Ω, Hz/P, TEMP, ⊣⊢
Procedure	1. Press SHIFT → HOLD.
	2. The high limit setting appears.
	Use the Left and Right arrow keys to navigate to the digit to be edited, or to select the decimal point.
	Use the Up and Down arrow keys to edit the selected digit, or to place the position of the decimal point.
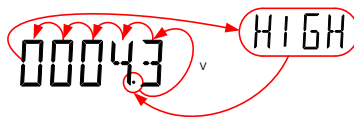
3. Press the Enter key to save the high limit setting and automatically go on to the low limit setting.

4. Enter the low limit setting in the same fashion as the high

setting.

5. Press the Enter key to confirm the low limit settings.

6. The compare measurement results will appear immediately:

   If the current measurement reading is between the high and low limits, PASS will be displayed on the secondary display, If the reading is below the low limit, LOW will be displayed. If the reading is above the high limit, HIGH will be displayed.

Display

Measurement reading | Compare result
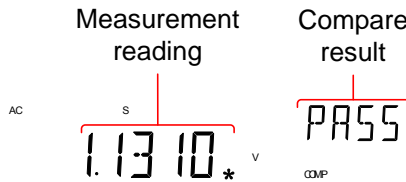
Deactivate Compare Measurement	Press SHIFT → HOLD to deactivate compare measurements, or simply activate another measurement function.

Math Measurement

Math Measurement Overview

Math measurement runs three types of mathematical operations, MX+B, 1/X and Percentage based on the other measurement results.

Applicable Measurements	The math function can be used with the following basic measurement functions: ACV, DCV, ACI, DCI, Ω, Hz/P, TEMP

Overview of Math Functions	MX+B	Multiplies the reading (X) by the factor (M) and adds/subtracts offset (B).
	1/X	Inverse. Divides 1 by the reading (X).
	Percentage	Runs the following equation: $\dfrac{(\text{ReadingX - Reference})}{\text{Reference}} \, x \, 100\%$

Measure MX+B

Procedure	1. Press SHIFT → MX/MN to enter the MATH menu.
	The MX+B setting appears. The M factor will be flashing, indicating that the M factor is to be set.
	2. Use the Left and Right arrow keys to navigate to the digit to be edited or to select the decimal point.

Use the Up and Down arrow keys to edit the selected digit or to place the position of the decimal point.
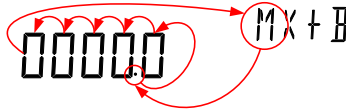
3. Press Enter to confirm the M factor settings and to automatically move onto the B offset setting.

4. Edit the B offset in the same fashion as the M factor was edited.

5. Press Enter to confirm the B offset setting and to begin the MX+B measurement.

Display
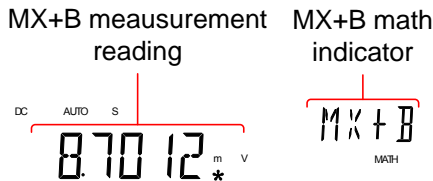
MX+B meausurement reading

MX+B math indicator

Deactivate Math Measurement

Press SHIFT → MX/MN to deactivate the MATH function, or simply activate another measurement function.

Measure 1/X

Procedure

1. Press SHIFT → MX/MN to enter the MATH menu.

The MX+B setting appears.

2. Press the Down key twice to skip past MX+B settings and go to the 1/X settings.

   1/X will be flashing in the secondary display.

$$I N V E R S E \qquad I / X$$

3. Press Enter to activate the 1/X math function. The results begin immediately.

Display

| 1/X measurement | 1/X math indicator |

AC   AUTO   **S**

$$I3.870_* \quad v \qquad I/X$$ MATH
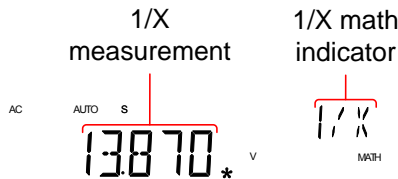
Deactivate Math   Press the SHIFT → MX/MN to deactivate the MATH function,
Measurement   or simply activate another measurement function.

Measure Percentage

Procedure   1. Press SHIFT → MX/MN to enter the MATH menu.

2. The MX+B setting appears. Press the Up key to skip past MX+B settings and go to the REF% settings.

   REF% will be flashing in the secondary display.

3. Use the Left and Right arrow keys to navigate to the digit to be edited or to select the decimal point.

    Use the Up and Down arrow keys to edit the selected digit or to place the position of the decimal point.

$$REF\%$$
$$00000$$
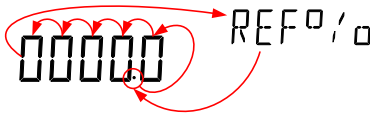
4. Press Enter to confirm the REF% setting and to begin the Percentage measurement.

| Display | Calculated percentage meausurement | % function indicator |
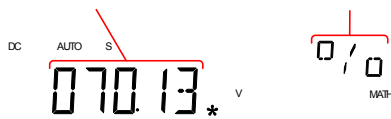
DC   AUTO   S

$$070.13_*$$ V $$\%$$ MATH

| Deactivate Math Measurement | Press SHIFT → MX/MN to deactivate the MATH function, or simply activate another measurement function. |

SYSTEM/DISPLAY

CONFIGURATION

View Serial Number

Procedure   1. Press the MENU key.

                    2. Go to SYSTEM on level 1.

                    3. Go to S/N on level 2.

                    4. The serial number will be displayed across both the primary and secondary display.

Display   SN. AB   000000

Exit   Press the EXIT key twice to go back to the measurement screen.

View Version Number

Procedure

1. Press the MENU key.

2. Go to SYSTEM on level 1.

3. Go to VER on level 2.

4. The firmware version number will be displayed in the secondary display.

5. Press Exit to exit from the version menu.

Display

$$VERSION \qquad V\ 1.00$$

⚠️ Note

Firmware updates can only be performed by a RS Component service technician. For details, please contact the RS Component Service Center or visit the RS Component website at www.rs-components.com
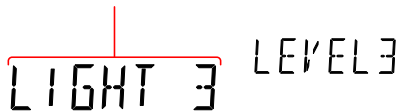
Brightness Settings

The display has 5 settable brightness levels.

Range   Brightness   1 (dim) ~ 5 (bright)

Procedure   1. Press the MENU key.

                    2. Go to SYSTEM on level 1.

                    3. Go to LIGHT on level 2.

                    4. Set the light setting between 1 (dim) and 5 (bright).

                    5. Press the Enter key to confirm.

                    6. Press the EXIT key to exit from the brightness settings.

Display   Brightness setting

LIGHT 3   LEVEL3

Input Resistance Settings

The 500mV and 5V DC voltage ranges can be set to an input resistance of 10MΩ or 10GΩ. This setting is only applicable for DC voltage.

Range	Input resistance	10MΩ, 10GΩ
	Default	10MΩ

Procedure   1. Press the MENU key.

2. Go to MEAS on level 1.

3. Go to INPUT R on level 2.

4. Set the input resistance to 10MΩ or 10GΩ

5. Press the Enter key to confirm.

6. Press the EXIT key to exit from the input resistance menu.

Display   Input resistance
                         setting

10G   INPUT

Frequency/Period Input Jack Settings

The INJACK settings set which input terminal is used for frequency or period measurements.

Range	Injack	VOLT, 500mA, 10A
	Default	VOLT

Procedure
1. Press the MENU key.

2. Go to MEAS on level 1.

3. Go to INJACK on level 2.

4. Set the INJACK setting to either VOLT, 500mA or 10A.

5. Press the Enter key to confirm.

6. Press the EXIT key to exit from the INJACK menu.

Display   INJACK setting

```
      |
   ┌──┴──┐
   V O L T            I N J A C K
```

Compatibility Settings

Changing the Compatibility Setting

The IDM-8341/8342 can be set to a special compatibility mode that will allow the unit to emulate the SCPI command syntax of the IDM-8246 when in remote control mode. For example, this feature can allow programs that were originally written for the IDM-8246 to run on the IDM-8341/8342 with little modification.

Range	LANG	NORM, COMP

Procedure	1. Press the MENU key.
	2. Go to SYSTEM on level 1.
	3. Go to LANG on level 2.
	4. Set the LANG setting to either NORM (normal mode) or COMP (compatibility mode).
	5. Press the Enter key to confirm.
	6. Press the EXIT key to exit from the LANG menu.

Display   LANG setting

NORM   LANG

Restore Factory Default Settings

The factory default settings can be restored at anytime from the System menu.

Please see the Appendix on page 165 for a list of the factory default settings.

Range	Factory DEF	YES, NO

Procedure	1. Press the MENU key.
	2. Go to SYSTEM on level 1.
	3. Go to FACTORY on level 2.
	4. Set the (FACTORY) DEF setting to YES or NO. Choosing YES will restore the factory default settings.
	5. Press the Enter key to confirm and to restore the factory default settings immediately.

Display   Factory default setting

NO   DEF

U SB STORE

The IDM-8342 is able to save/log measurement results to a USB stick.

Please note that this function is not available for the IDM-8341, however similar functionality is possible on a PC via remote control using the Excel Add-In, IDM-834x Excel Addins. See the IDM-834X Series Excel Add-In manual for details.

USB Store Overview

The IDM-8342 is able to store measurement results to a USB stick. The USB storage function also has comprehensive save options that allow you to create a save file name, allow you to save up to a specified number of reading counts as well as the option to continue saving to a previously stored file instead of saving to a new file.

Supported USB Sticks:

USB Disk Type: Flash Disk Only

FAT Format: Fat16 or Fat32(Recommended)

Max memory size: 32GB

Max record count in a recording: 5,000,000 records

⚠ Note Flash disks which need to use card adaptors are not recommended to be used in this application.

CSV Format

Overview	The IDM-8342 saves readings as a CSV file (comma separated values) that can be easily read using spreadsheet programs such as Microsoft Excel. Each CSV file saves the following information.	
Parameters	Time (dd)	The elapsed number of days since the start of the readings.

	Time (hh:mm:ss)	The elapsed time since the start of the readings, in hours:minutes:seconds formatting.
	1st Value	The reading on the primary display.
	1st Unit	The units for the reading on the primary display.
	2nd Value	The reading on the secondary display.
	2nd Unit	The units for the reading on the secondary display.
	Count	Counts the number of readings each time the measurement is started. The count is restarted each time measurement is restarted. When a measurement is started/restarted, the first count is marked as #START#, the last as #END#.
	Note	Records the accumulative number of readings that are recorded in that file, up to the maximum of 50,000.

Example:

Time(dd)	Time(hh:mm:ss)	1st Value	1st Unit	2nd Value	2nd Unit	Count	Note
0	0:00:05	0.00E+00	V DC	--	--	#START#	00001#
0	0:00:06	0.00E+00	V DC	--	--	2	00002#
0	0:00:06	0.00E+00	V DC	--	--	#END#	00003#

Filename Format

Overview When files are saved to USB they are saved as a number starting from DM000\DM000-XX.CSV and are automatically incremented for each new CSV file*. For example: the first file will be named, DM000\DM000-XX.CSV, the next DM001\DM001-XX.CSV and so on.

Note that the suffix, XX, represents a number from 00 to 99. Each time the system logs more than 50000 readings in total*, a new file is generated and the suffix is incremented. For example, if 102000 counts are logged, 3 files will be created: DM000\DM000-00.CSV (counts 1~50000), DM000\DM000-01.CSV (counts 50001~100000), and DM000\DM000-02.CSV (counts 100001 ~ 102000).

⚠ Note *Please note that automatic file name generation only occurs if the FILE setting is set to NEW FILE. See page 98 for details.

**Please note that the suffix will only be incremented if the total number of readings exceeds 50000. To be able to exceed 50000 readings, either the FILE setting should be set to CONTINU (continuous) or the Count setting should be set to CONTINU (continuous). See page 97 and 98 for details.

Operator Mode

Overview   In the operator mode, you can choose to operate in Simple mode or in Advance mode, where various parameters can be designated by the user.

Simple Mode   This mode is the easiest operation mode and is almost setting free. It is the default operating mode. After entering this mode, the system will set the 'Existing File' setting to 'New File,' 'Count' to 'Continu,' and 'Time Mode' to 'Restart' by default. The system will then start to seek for the first available file name (e.g. The first file name will usually start from DM000, if DM000 doesn't already exist). If DM000 and DM001 exist already, then DM002 would be the next available filename.

Advance Mode   Users can make detailed settings by themselves in this mode. Advance mode is more flexible, so it is comparatively more complex and only recommended for advanced users. The following settings are available in this mode: "Existing File", "File Name", "Count", "Time Mode", "Time Setup" and "Date Setup."

                     Note that the settings that are available for the Advance mode are automatically available when you activate the USB Store function in the Advance mode. See page 104.

Procedure   1. Press the MENU key.

2. Go to USBSTO on level 1.

3. Go to MODE on level 2.

4. Set MODE to SIMPLE or ADVANCE.

5. Press the Enter key to confirm.

6. Press the EXIT key to exit from the MODE menu.

Display   Operator mode   Operator mode
                       setting   menu indicator

ADVANCE   MODE
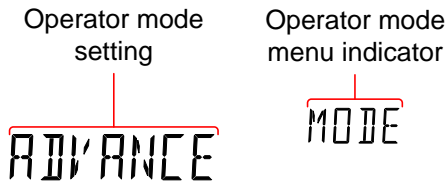
Long Record Mode

Overview   If users need long-term data records, the Long Record Mode can
                be used to log test data for a long period of time. In this mode, the
                Rate is set by the system to the slow rate and the refresh rate is
                set to 1 data refresh per second (excluding dual measurement,
                ACI+DCI and ACV+DCV modes).

Normal	The Normal setting is the regular record mode. The longest recordable time depends on the refresh rate that is chosen; the longest recordable time (in seconds) equals 5,000,000/refresh rate.
Long	In the long record mode, a fixed record speed of one record per second will be logged into the log file; the longest recordable time is 5,000,000 seconds.

Procedure
1. Press the MENU key.

2. Go to USBSTO on level 1.

3. Go to RECORD on level 2.

4. Set RECORD to NORMAL or LONG.

5. Press the Enter key to confirm.

6. Press the EXIT key to exit from the MODE menu.

Display

Operator mode setting   Operator mode menu indicator

NORMAL   RECORD

View the Store Function Status

Overview   The USB Status menu can be used to check the status of the
                 USB Store function. This function will allow you to see if the save
                 operation has completed or check the elapsed time or the current
                 reading count.

USB Store   ELTIME   Displays the elapsed time from when the
Status Items   USB store function was started.
                               (Format: HHH:MM:SS)

                 COUNT   Displays the number of readings that have
                               been logged for the current operation.

                 STATUS   Displays the USB Store function status.
                               These statuses include:

                               1. START indicates that the function has
                               been started

                               2. STOP indicates that the function has been
                               stopped.

                               3. F-FULL indicates that the current log file is
                               full.

                               4. D-FULL indicates that the USB disk
                               currently being used is full.

		5. ERROR indicates errors for unknown reasons.
	S-FILE	Shows the filename of the first log file of the present record.
	E-FILE	Shows the filename of the last log file of the present record.

Procedure

1. Insert a USB stick and start the USB Store function as described on page 103 or 104.

2. To check the status of a save operation press SHIFT → 2ND.

3. The USB Status menu will appear on the display. The elapsed time will be displayed when you enter this menu.

4. Press the Left or Right arrow keys to switch between the ELTIME, COUNT, STATUS, S-FILE and E_FILE displays.

5. Press SHIFT → 2ND again to exit from the USB status menu.

Display

Elapsed time, Count or USB store status

Status item

DC   F   USBSTO

000:02 15. *

ELTIME

2ND

Set the Starting File Name (Available only in Advance Mode)

Overview   The IDM-8342 will allow you to set the value of the starting file
                name instead of the default DM000-XX.CSV.

                Note that the suffix, XX, cannot be edited.

                This setting will appear automatically after the USB Store function
                has been started in Advance mode, see page 104 for details.

                Range   DM000-XX.CSV to DM999-XX.CSV

Display   File name   Name menu
                     number setting   indicator

                     $\overline{\text{000}}$ - X X $\overline{\text{NAME}}$

Save Count (Available only in Advance Mode)

Range	Count	CONTINU, 00002~50000
	Default	10

Overview   The COUNT function sets how many readings to perform each
                time the USB STO function is used. By default the COUNT setting
                is set to 10.
                When this function is used, the DMM will automatically return to
                the ready status when the specified number of readings have
                been logged. Note, however that the CONTINU (continuous)

setting will continuously log data until the USB store function is turned off.

This setting will appear automatically after the USB Store function has been started in Advance mode, see page 104 for details.

⚠ Note   When set to CONTINU, the actual number of reading counts cannot exceed 5000000 (50000 readings X100).

Display   Count setting   Count menu indicator

00002   COUNT
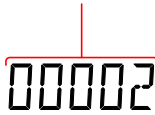
Save to an Existing File (Available only in Advance Mode)

Range   FILE: CONTINU, NEWFILE

         Default   NEWFILE

Overview   By default a new file is created each time the USB STO function is used. The FILE menu gives you the option to continue saving to the previous file rather than creating a new file each time the USB STO function is used.

This setting will appear automatically after the USB Store function has been started in Advance mode, see page 104 for details.

Display   File menu   File menu

                          setting   indicator

CONTINU   FILE

Time Mode (Available only in Advance Mode)

Range	TIME	CURRENT, RESTART
	Default	RESTART

Overview   The Time Mode setting designates how the readings are time-stamped when saved to a CSV file.

The CURRENT setting time stamps each reading from the time when the DMM was first turned on.

The RESTART setting restarts the time stamp time to 0 each time the USB STO function is used.

This setting will appear automatically after the USB Store function has been started in Advance mode, see page 104 for details.

Display   Tmode menu   Tmode menu

                          setting   indicator

CURRENT   TMODE
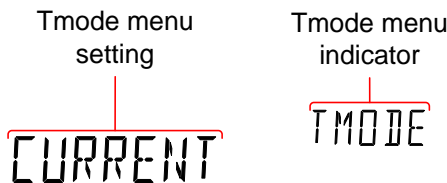
Timer

Range	TIMER	00:00:00 ~ 23:59:59
		(hours:minutes:seconds)
	Default	Elapsed time from when the unit was switched on.

| Accuracy | 40ppm plus an annual drift of 5ppm/per year. |

Overview   The timer setting sets the "current" timer time that is used to time stamp readings when saving to USB. By default the timer time is the elapsed time from when the unit was turned on.

If the timer time ticks over 23:59:59, the timer will revert back to 00:00:00 and the time stamp will include a "day" count for each time this occurs. Note, however, the "day" count cannot be set in the timer settings.

⚠ Note   The IDM-834X uses volatile RAM and does not have a CMOS backup battery to save the TIMER settings when the power is turned off. When the power is reset, the TIMER setting will be reset to 00:00:00.

Procedure   1. Press the MENU key.

2. Go to USBSTO on level 1.

3. Go to TIMER on level 2.

4. Set TIMER time between 00:00:00 and 23:59:59.

5. Press the Enter key to confirm.

6. Press the EXIT key to exit from the TIMER menu.

Display   Timer setting   Timer menu indicator

$$00.00.50 \qquad TIMER$$
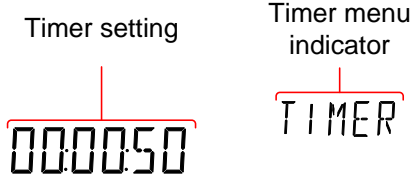
Date

Range	Date	13.03.01 ~ 99:12:31 (Year:Month:Day)
	Default	13.03.01

Overview   The date setting sets the date-stamp for any CSV files that are saved.

⚠ Note   The IDM-8342 has flash memory to store the date settings. The date that is set by the user will be restored each time the power is turned on. The IDM-8342 will not update the date setting automatically, this must be done manually by the user.

Procedure   1. Press the MENU key.

2. Go to USBSTO on level 1.

3. Go to DATE on level 2.

4. Set the DATE. The format for the date is Year:Month:Day.

5. Press the Enter key to confirm.

6. Press the EXIT key to exit from the DATE menu.

Display

Date setting

Date menu
indicator

130305

DATE
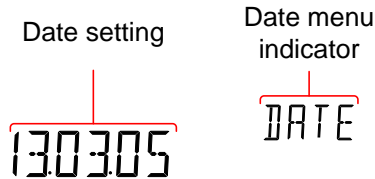
Save to USB

Overview   The USB STO option allows the IDM-8342 to store each
measurement reading to a USB stick. The USB Store function
varies according to whether the operator mode is set to Simple or
Advance.

⚠ Note   When the IDM-8342 starts to save records to USB, all buttons
except for the SHIFT, MENU, 2ND and left and right arrow keys
will be locked and disabled. Remote control will also be disabled;
the IDM-8342 will stop receiving or transmitting any commands
after it starts to save records to USB.

Save to USB (Simple Mode)

Overview   The procedure below describes the save operation when the
               Mode is set to Simple.

Procedure   1. Insert a USB stick into the USB Host port on the front panel.

               2. If the USB stick is recognized by the DMM, the USB STO icon
                  will be lit. This indicates that the DMM is ready to save files to
                  the USB stick.

               3. Press SHIFT → MENU.

                  The USB STO icon will flash slowly, indicating the DMM is
                  saving to USB.

               4. To stop saving to USB, press SHIFT → MENU again.

                  When the save operation has stopped, the USB STO icon will
                  stop flashing and will remain lit.

               5. The USB stick can now be removed or another save operation
                  can be performed.

⚠ WARNING   Do not remove the USB stick while the DMM is saving to the USB
               drive.

⚠ Note   The USB STO icon will flash at a faster rate (~5 times/second) if

there is no more space left on the USB stick or if the
automatically-incremented filename suffix, XX, has reached its
maximum value, 99, and cannot be increased further.

Display

Recorded   USB STO
Measurement   icon

DC   S   USBSTO   5 V

1.8095. * V

Save to USB (Advance Mode)

Overview   The procedure below describes the save operation when the
Mode is set to Advance.

Procedure   1. Insert a USB stick into the USB Host port on the front panel.

2. If the USB stick is recognized by the DMM, the USB STO icon
will be lit. This indicates that the DMM is ready to save files to
the USB stick.

3. Press SHIFT → MENU.

4. Each Advance mode setting will now appear one after the
other. Set each option and press the Enter key to continue to
the next option.

The following options will appear in order:
FILE (Existing File, see page 98)

NAME (File Name, see page 97)

COUNT (Count, see page 97)

TMODE (Time Mode, see page 99)

TIMER (Time Setup, see page 100)

DATE (Date Setup, see page 101)

5. After the DATE option is set, the DMM will begin logging data.

    The USB STO icon will flash slowly, indicating the DMM is saving to USB.

6. To stop saving to USB, press SHIFT → MENU again.

    When the save operation has stopped, the USB STO icon will stop flashing and will remain lit.

7. The USB stick can now be removed or another save option can be performed.

⚠ WARNING Do not remove the USB stick while the DMM is saving to the USB drive.

⚠ Note The USB STO icon will flash at a faster rate (~5 times/second) if there is no more space left on the USB stick or if the automatically-incremented filename suffix, XX, has reached its maximum value, 99, and cannot be increased further.

Display   Recorded   USB STO
                 Measurement   icon

DC   s   USBSTO

1.8095 * V   5 V

Note About Deleting Files or Directories on the USB Stick

Note

If you find the need to delete files or directories that have already been saved to the USB stick, please adhere to the following suggestions to prevent unexpected results when logging data.

Overview

As the system will look for the last DMXXX directory and last log file (DMXXX-XX.CSV) in that directory when saving log files, it is imperative that the file directory structure and the files within the directories remain continuous or files may be stored to the wrong directory or data may be added to the wrong log file.

Suggestions
When Deleting
Directories or
Log Files

1. Only delete the last directories, do not delete directories before the last remaining directory.

   For example the following directories are on the USB stick:
   DM000, DM001, DM002, DM003, DM004, DM005

   Recommended: Delete the last directories:
   DM000, DM001, DM002, ~~DM003, DM004, DM005~~

   Not recommended: Deleting any directories before the last directory:
   DM000, ~~DM001, DM002, DM003~~, DM004, DM005

2. Only delete the last log files, do not delete any log files before the last remaining log file.

For example the following log files are in a directory: DM000-00.CSV, DM000-01.CSV, DM000-02.CSV

Recommended: Deleting only the last files or all the files from a directory:
DM000-00.CSV, ~~DM000-01.CSV, DM000-02.CSV~~

OR

~~DM000-00.CSV, DM000-01.CSV, DM000-02.CSV~~

Not recommended: Deleting any file before the last file.
DM000-00.CSV, ~~DM000-01.CSV~~, DM000-02.CSV

REMOTE CONTROL

This chapter describes basic configuration of IEEE488.2 based remote control. For a command list, refer to the Command Overview chapter on page 114.

Configure Remote Control Interface

USB Interface

The USB device port on the rear panel is used for remote control. The USB port on the DMM will appear as a virtual COM port to a connected PC. Any terminal program that can communicate via a serial port can be used for remote control. Before the DMM can be used for remote control the USB driver included on the User Manual CD, must first be installed.

USB configuration	PC connector	Type A, host
	DMM connector	Rear panel Type B, slave
	Speed	1.1/2.0 (full speed/high speed)
	Selectable baud rate	9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200
	Parity	None
	Hardware flow control	Off
	Data Bits	8
	Stop bit	1

Steps	1. Connect the USB cable to the rear panel type B USB port.
	2. Press MENU.

3. Go to I/O on level 1.

4. Go to USB on level 2.

5. Set the baud rate to an applicable rate.

6. Press Enter to confirm the baud rate settings.

7. Press EXIT to exit from the USB menu.

Display   Baud rate setting   Baud menu indicator

9600   BAUD

GPIB Interface

In addition to the USB port, an optional GPIB port (IDM-8342 only) on the rear panel can be used for remote control.

GPIB configuration	GPIB Address Range	0~30

Steps	1. Connect the GPIB cable to the rear panel GPIB port.
	2. Press MENU.
	3. Go to I/O on level 1.

4. Go to GPIB on level 2.

5. Turn GPIB ON and press Enter to Confirm.

6. The GPIB address settings will automatically appear after

7. turning GPIB on. Set the GPIB address.

8. Press Enter to confirm the GPIB address setting.

9. Press EXIT to exit from the System menu.

Display   GPIB address   GPIB menu
                  setting   indicator

⚠ Note

GPIB Constraints • Maximum 15 devices together, at least 2/3
of all devices turned on. Cable length
should be less then 20m with a maximum of
2m between each device.

• Unique address assigned to each device

• No loop or parallel connections

Return to Local Control

Background　　　When the unit is in remote control mode, the RMT icon above the main display can be seen. When this icon is not displayed, it indicates that the unit is in local control mode.

Procedure　　1. Press the LOCAL/2ND key when in remote mode.

2. The unit will go back into local mode and the RMT icon will turn off.

Display

Remote control indicator

AUTO

0.9999 k Hz RMT 500mV

Command Overview

The Command overview chapter lists all programming commands in functional order as well as alphabetical order. The command syntax section shows you the basic syntax rules you have to apply when using commands.

Command Syntax

Compatible	IEEE488.2	Partial compatibility
Standard	SCPI, 1994	Partial compatibility

Command	SCPI (Standard Commands for Programmable Instruments)
Structure	commands follow a tree-like structure, organized into nodes. Each level of the command tree is a node. Each keyword in a SCPI command represents each node in the command tree. Each keyword (node) of a SCPI command is separated by a colon (:).

For example, the diagram below shows an SCPI sub-structure and a command example.

```
                                    ● CONFigure
 ┌──────────────────────┐
 │ CONFigure:VOLTage:DC │           ● :VOLTage
 └──────────────────────┘
                              :DC       :AC      :DCAC
```
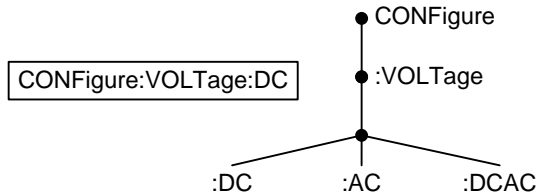
Command types There are a number of different instrument commands and queries. A command sends instructions or data to the unit and a query receives data or status information from the unit.

Command types

Simple	A single command with/without a parameter
Example	CONFigure:VOLTage:DC
Query	A query is a simple or compound command followed by a question mark (?). A parameter (data) is returned.
Example	CONFigure:RANGe?

Command Forms	Commands and queries have two different forms, long and short. The command syntax is written with the short form of the command in capitals and the remainder (long form) in lower case. The commands can be written either in capitals or lower-case, just so long as the short or long forms are complete. An incomplete command will not be recognized. Below are examples of correctly written commands.
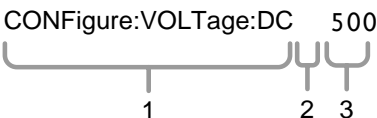
Long form	CONFigure:DIODe
	CONFIGURE:DIODE
	Configure:diode
Short form	CONF:DIOD
	conf:diod

Square Brackets	Commands that contain square brackets indicate that the contents are optional. The function of the command is the same with or without the square bracketed items, as shown below. For example, for the query:

[SENSe:]UNIT?

Both [SENSe:]UNIT? and UNIT? are both valid forms.

Command Format	CONFigure:VOLTage:DC 500

1   2 3

1. Command header   3. Parameter 1
2. Space

Common Input Parameters	Type	Description	Example
	<Boolean>	boolean logic	0, 1
	<NR1>	integers	0, 1, 2, 3
	<NR2>	decimal numbers	0.1, 3.14, 8.5
	<NR3>	floating point with exponent	4.5e-1, 8.25e+1
	<NRf>	any of NR1, 2, 3	1, 1.5, 4.5e-1
	[MIN] (Optional parameter)	For commands, this will set the setting to the lowest value. This parameter can be used in place of any numerical parameter where indicated. For queries, it will return the lowest possible value allowed for the particular setting.	
	[MAX] (Optional parameter)	For commands, this will set the setting to the highest value. This parameter can be used in place of any numerical parameter where indicated. For queries, it will return the highest possible value allowed for the particular setting.	

Automatic parameter range selection		The IDM-8341/8342 automatically sets the command parameter to the next available value.
	Example	conf:volt:dc 1
		This will set the measurement item to DC Voltage and the range to 5V. There is no 1V range so the DMM selects the next available range, 5V.
Message Terminator (EOL)	Remote Command	Marks the end of a command line. The following messages are in accordance with IEEE488.2 standard.
		LF, CR, CR+LF The most common EOL character is CR+LF
	Return Message	CR+ LF
Message Separator	EOL or ; (semicolon)	Command Separator

Command List

Configure Commands (Display 1)

Configure Commands (Display 2)

Measure Commands

Sense Commands

Calculate Commands

Status Commands

Interface Commands

Common Commands

CONFigure Commands

CONFigure:VOLTage:DC

Sets measurement to DC Voltage on the first display and specifies the range.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF:VOLT:DC 5

Sets the voltage range to 5 volts.

CONFigure:VOLTage:AC

Sets measurement to AC Voltage on the first display and specifies the range.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF:VOLT:AC

Sets the AC range to auto range.

CONFigure:VOLTage:DCAC

Sets measurement to DC+AC Voltage on the first display and specifies the range.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF:VOLT:DCAC

Sets the DC+AC voltage range to auto range.

CONFigure:CURRent:DC

Sets measurement to DC Current on the first display and specifies the range.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF:CURR:DC 50e-3

Sets the DC current range to 50mA.

CONFigure:CURRent:AC

Sets measurement to AC Current on the first display and specifies range.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF:CURR:AC 50e-2

Sets the measurement mode to ACI with a 500mA range.

CONFigure:CURRent:DCAC

Sets measurement to DC+AC Current on the first display and specifies range.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF:CURR:DCAC 50e-2

Sets the measurement mode to DC+AC Current with a 500mA range.

CONFigure:RESistance

Sets measurement to 2W Resistance on the first display and specifies range.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF:RES 50e3

Sets the range to 50kΩ.

CONFigure:FREQuency

Sets measurement to Frequency on the first display and specifies the range.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF:FREQ MAX

Sets the frequency measurement range to max.

CONFigure:PERiod

Sets measurement to Period on the first display and specifies the range.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF:PER

Sets the DMM to period measurement using the previous range.

CONFigure:CONTinuity

Sets measurement to Continuity on the first display.

Parameter: None

CONFigure:DIODe

Sets measurement to Diode on the first display.

Parameter: None

CONFigure:TEMPerature:TCOuple

Sets measurement to Temperature thermocouple (T-CUP) on the first display.

Parameter: [None] | [Type(J | K | T)]

Example: CONF:TEMP:TCO J

Sets the measurement mode to TCO with a type J sensor.

CONFigure:CAPacitance

Sets measurement to Capacitance on the first display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF:CAP 5E-5

Sets the measurement mode to Capacitance with a 50µF Range.

CONFigure:FUNCtion?

Returns the current function on the first display.

Return parameter: VOLT, VOLT:AC,VOLT:DCAC, CURR,

CURR:AC,CURR:DCAC, RES, FREQ, PER, TEMP, DIOD, CONT, CAP

CONFigure:RANGe?

Returns the current range on the first display.

Return Parameter:

DCV: 0 .5(500mV), 5(5V), 50(50V), 500(500V), 1000(1000V)

ACV: 0.5(500mV), 5(5V), 50(50V), 500(500V), 750(750V)

ACI: 0.0005(500µA), 0.005 (5mA), 0.05(50mA), 0.5(500mA), 5(5A), 10(10A)

DCI: 0.0005(500µA), 0.005 (5mA), 0.05(50mA), 0.5(500mA), 5(5A), 10(10A)

RES: 50E+1(500Ω) 50E+2(5kΩ), 50E+3(50kΩ), 50E+4 (500kΩ),

50E+5(5MΩ), 50E+6(50MΩ)

CAP: 5E-9(5nF), 5E-8(50nF), 5E-7(500nF), 5E-6(5µF), 5E-5(50µF)

CONFigure:AUTO

Sets Auto-Range on or off on the first display.

Parameter: ON | OFF

Example: CONF:AUTO ON

CONFigure:AUTO?

Returns the Auto-Range status of the function on the 1st display.

Return Parameter: 0|1, 1=Auto range, 0=Manual range

Secondary Display: CONFigure2 Commands

CONFigure2:VOLTage:DC

Sets measurement to DC Voltage on the second display and specifies the range.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF2:VOLT:DC 5

Sets the voltage range to 5 volts.

CONFigure2:VOLTage:AC

Sets measurement to AC Voltage on the second display and specifies the range.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF2:VOLT:AC

Sets the measurement mode to AC voltage.

CONFigure2:CURRent:DC

Sets measurement to DC Current on the second display and specifies the range.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF2:CURR:DC 50e-3

Sets the DC current range to 50mA on the second display.

CONFigure2:CURRent:AC

Sets measurement to AC Current on the second display and specifies the range.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF2:CURR:AC 50e-2

Sets the measurement mode to ACI with a 500mA range on the second display.

CONFigure2:RESistance

Sets measurement to 2W Resistance on the second display and specifies the range.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF2:RES 50e3

Sets the range to 50kΩ on the second display.

CONFigure2:FREQuency

Sets measurement to Frequency on the second display and specifies the

range.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF2:FREQ MAX

Sets the frequency measurement range to max on the second display.

CONFigure2:PERiod

Sets measurement to Period on the second display and specifies the range.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: CONF2:PER

Sets the DMM to period measurement using the previous range.

CONFigure2:OFF

Turns the second display function off.

Parameter: None.

CONFigure2:FUNCtion?

Returns the current function on the second display.

Return parameter: VOLT, VOLT:AC, CURR, CURR:AC, RES, FREQ, PER,

NON

CONFigure2:RANGe?

Returns the range of the current function on the second display.

Return parameter:

DCV: 0 .5(500mV), 5(5V), 50(50V), 500(500V), 1000(1000V)

ACV: 0.5(500mV), 5(5V), 50(50V), 500(500V), 750(750V)

ACI: 0.0005(500μA), 0.005 (5mA), 0.05(50mA), 0.5(500mA), 5(5A), 10(10A)

DCI: 0.0005(500μA), 0.005 (5mA), 0.05(50mA), 0.5(500mA), 5(5A), 10(10A)

RES: 50E+1(500Ω) 50E+2(5kΩ), 50E+3(50kΩ), 50E+4 (500kΩ),

50E+5(5MΩ), 50E+6(50MΩ)

CONFigure2:AUTO

Sets Auto-Range on or off on the 2nd display.

Parameter: ON | OFF

Example: CONF2:AUTO ON

CONFigure2:AUTO?

Returns the Auto-Range status of the function on the 2nd display.

Return Parameter: 0|1, 1=Auto range, 0=Manual range

Measure Commands

MEASure:VOLTage:DC?

Returns the DC voltage measurement on the first display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: MEAS:VOLT:DC?

>+0.488E-4

Returns the DC voltage measurement as 0.0488 mV.

MEASure:VOLTage:AC?

Returns the AC voltage measurement on the first display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: MEAS:VOLT:AC?

>+0.511E-3

Returns the AC voltage measurement as 0.511 mV.

MEASure:VOLTage:DCAC?

Returns the DC+AC voltage measurement on the first display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: MEAS:VOLT:DCAC?

>+0.326E-3

Returns the DC+AC voltage measurement as 0.326 mV.

MEASure:CURRent:DC?

Returns the DC current measurement on the first display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: MEAS:CURR:DC?

>+0.234E-4

Returns the DC current measurement as 0.0234 mA.

MEASure:CURRent:AC?

Returns the AC current measurement on the first display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: MEAS:CURR:AC?

> +0.387E-2

Returns the AC current measurement as 3.87mA.

MEASure:CURRent:DCAC?

Returns the DC+AC current measurement on the first display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: MEAS:CURR:DCAC?

>+0.123E-4

Returns the DC+AC current measurement as 0.0123 mA.

MEASure:RESistance?

Returns the 2W resistance measurement on the first display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: MEAS:RES?

> +1.1937E+3

Returns the 2W measurement as 1.1937kΩ.

MEASure:FREQuency?

Returns the frequency measurement on the first display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: MEAS:FREQ?

> +2.3708E+2

Returns the frequency (237.08Hz).

MEASure:PERiod?

Returns the period measurement on the first display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: MEAS:PER? MAX

Returns the period at the maximum range.

MEASure:CONTinuity?

Returns the continuity measurement on the first display.

Example: MEAS:CONT?

Returns the continuity.

MEASure:DIODe?

Returns the diode measurement on the first display.

Example: MEAS:DIOD?

Returns the diode measurement.

MEASure:TEMPerature:TCOuple?

Returns the temperature for the selected thermocouple type on the first

display.

Parameter:[NONE] | J | K | T

Example: MEAS:TEMP:TCO? J

> +2.50E+1

Returns the temperature.

MEASure2:VOLTage:DC?

Returns the DC voltage measurement on the second display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: MEAS2:VOLT:DC?

>+0.488E-4

Returns the DC voltage measurement as 0.0488 mV.

MEASure2:VOLTage:AC?

Returns the AC voltage measurement on the second display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: MEAS2:VOLT:AC?

>+0.511E-3

Returns the AC voltage measurement as 0.511 mV.

MEASure2:CURRent:DC?

Returns the DC current measurement on the second display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: MEAS2:CURR:DC?

>+0.234E-4

Returns the DC current measurement as 0.0234 mA.

MEASure2:CURRent:AC?

Returns the AC current measurement on the second display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: MEAS2:CURR:AC?

> +0.387E-2

Returns the AC current measurement.

MEASure2:RESistance?

Returns the 2W resistance measurement on the second display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: MEAS2:RES?

> +1.1912E+3

Returns the 2W measurement.

MEASure2:FREQuency?

Returns the frequency measurement on the second display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: MEAS2:FREQ?

> +2.3712E+2

Returns the frequency (237.12Hz).

MEASure2:PERiod?

Returns the period measurement on the second display.

Parameter: [None] | [Range(<NRf> | MIN | MAX | DEF)]

Example: MEAS2:PER? MAX

Returns the period at the maximum range.

SENSe Commands

[SENSe:]TEMPerature:TCOuple:TYPE

Sets thermocouple type.

Parameter: Type(J | K | T)

Example: SENS:TEMP:TCO:TYPE J

Sets the thermocouple to type J.

[SENSe:]TEMPerature:TCOuple:TYPE?

Returns the thermocouple type.

Return parameter: J, K, T

[SENSe:]TEMPerature:RJUNction:SIMulated

Set temperature simulation value.

Parameter: <NRf>(0.00 ~ 50.00)

Example: SENS:TEMP:RJUN:SIM 25.00

Sets the thermocouple junction temperature to 25˚C.

[SENSe:]TEMPerature:RJUNction:SIMulated?

Returns temperature simulation value.

Return parameter: <NR1> (+0000~+5000) ,where +0000=0.00˚C,

+5000=50.00˚C

[SENSe:]DETector:RATE

Sets the detection rate (sample rate)

Parameter: RATE(S | M | F)

Example: SENS:DET:RATE S

Sets the rate to slow (S).

[SENSe:]DETector:RATE?

Returns the sample rate.

Return parameter: SLOW, MID, FAST

[SENSe:]FREQuency:INPutjack

Assigns an input terminal for the frequency function.

Parameter: (0|1|2) 0=volt, 1=500mA, 2=10A

Example: SENS:FREQ:INP 0

Sets the input jack to the Volt input terminal.

[SENSe:]FREQuency:INPutjack?

Returns the assigned input terminal used for the frequency function.

Return Parameter: VOLT, 500mA, 10A

[SENSe:]PERiod:INPutjack

Assigns an input terminal for the period function.

Parameter: (0|1|2) 0=volt, 1=500mA, 2=10A

Example: SENS:PER:INP 0

Sets the input jack to the Volt input terminal.

[SENSe:]PERiod:INPutjack?

Returns the assigned input terminal used for the period function.

Return Parameter: VOLT, 500mA, 10A

[SENSe:]CONTinuity:THReshold

Sets the continuity threshold in ohms.

Parameter: <NRf> (0 ~ 1000)

Example: SENS:CONT:THR 500

Sets the continuity threshold to 500

[SENSe:]CONTinuity:THReshold?

Returns the continuity threshold.

[SENSe:]UNIT

Sets the temperature unit.

Parameter: C|F

Example: SENS:UNIT C

Sets the temperature unit to ˚C.

[SENSe:]UNIT?

Returns the temperature unit.

[SENSe:]FUNCtion[1/2]

Sets the function for the first or second display.

Parameter:

(display1):"VOLT[:DC]", "VOLT:AC", "VOLT:DCAC", "CURR[:DC]", "CURR:AC",

"CURR:DCAC", "RES", "FREQ", "PER", "TEMP:TCO", "DIOD", "CONT", "CAP"

(display2): "VOLT[:DC]", "VOLT:AC", "CURR[:DC]", "CURR:AC", "RES",

"FREQ", "PER", "NON"

Example: SENS:FUNC1 "VOLT:DC"

Sets the 1st display to the DCV function.

[SENSe:]FUNCtion[1/2]?

Returns the function displayed on the first or second display.

Return parameter:

(display 1): VOLT, VOLT:AC,VOLT:DCAC, CURR, CURR:AC,CURR:DCAC,

RES, FREQ, PER, TEMP:TCO, DIOD, CONT, CAP

(display 2): VOLT, VOLT:AC, CURR, CURR:AC, RES, FREQ, PER, NON

CALCulate Commands

CALCulate:FUNCtion

Sets the Advanced function.

Parameter: OFF | MIN | MAX | HOLD | REL | COMP | DB | DBM | MXB | INV |

REF

Example: CALC:FUNC REL

Sets the Advanced function to REL (relative)

CALCulate:FUNCtion?

Returns the current Advanced function.

CALCulate:STATe

Turns the Advanced function on/off.

Parameter: ON|OFF

Example: CALC:STAT OFF

Turns the Advanced function off.

CALCulate:STATe?

Returns the status of the Advanced function.

Return Parameter: 0 | 1, 1=ON, 0=OFF

CALCulate:MINimum?

Returns the minimum value from the Max/Min measurement.

CALCulate:MAXimum?

Returns the maximum value from the Max/Min measurement.

CALCulate:HOLD:REFerence

Sets the percentage threshold for the Hold function.

Parameter: <NRf> (0.01, 0.1, 1, 10)

Example: CALC:HOLD:REF 10

Sets the hold percentage to 10%.

CALCulate:HOLD:REFerence?

Returns the percentage threshold from the Hold function.

CALCulate:REL:REFerence

Sets the reference value for the relative function.

Parameter: <NRf> | MIN | MAX

Example: CALC:REL:REF MAX

Sets the reference value to the maximum allowed.

CALCulate:REL:REFerence?

Returns the reference value from the relative function.

CALCulate:LIMit:LOWer

Sets the lower limit of the compare function.

Para meter: <NRf> | MIN | MAX

Example: CALC:LIM:LOW 1.0

Sets the lower limit to 1.0

CALCulate:LIMit:LOWer?

Returns the lower limit of the compare function.

CALCulate:LIMit:UPPer

Sets the upper limit of the compare function.

Parameter: <NRf> | MIN | MAX

Example: CALC:LIM:UPP 1.0

Sets the upper limit to 1.0

CALCulate:LIMit:UPPer?

Returns the upper limit of the compare function.

CALCulate:DB:REFerence

Sets the reference value for the dB function.

Parameter: <NRf> | MIN | MAX

Example: CALC:DB:REF MAX

Sets the reference voltage for dB measurements to the maximum allowed.

CALCulate:DB:REFerence?

Returns the reference voltage from the dB function.

CALCulate:DBM:REFerence

Sets the resistance value for the dBm function.

Parameter: <NRf> | MIN | MAX

Example: CALC:DBM:REF MAX

Sets the resistance value for dBm measurements to the maximum allowed.

CALCulate:DBM:REFerence?

Returns the resistance value from the dBm function.

CALCulate:MATH:MMFactor

Sets the scale factor M for math measurements.

Parameter: <NRf> | MIN | MAX

Example: CALC:MATH:MMF MIN

Sets the scale factor M to the minimum allowed value.

CALCulate:MATH:MMFactor?

Returns the scale factor M used in the math measurement.

CALCulate:MATH:MBFactor

Sets the offset factor B for math measurements.

Parameter: <NRf> | MIN | MAX

Example: CALC:MATH:MBF MIN

Sets the offset factor B to the minimum allowed value.

CALCulate:MATH:MBFactor?

Returns the offset factor B used in the math measurement.

CALCulate:MATH:PERCent

Sets the reference value for the Percent function.

Parameter: <NRf> | MIN | MAX

Example: CALC:MATH:PERC MAX

Sets the reference value for the Percent function to the maximum.

CALCulate:MATH:PERCent?

Returns the reference value setting for the Percent function.

CALCulate:NULL:OFFSet

Sets the reference value for the relative function. This command is analogous

to the CALCulate:REL:REFerence command.

Parameter: <NRf> | MIN | MAX

Example: CALC:NULL:OFFS MAX

Sets the reference value to the maximum allowed.

CALCulate:NULL:OFFSet?

Returns the reference value from the relative function. This query is analogous to the CALCulate:REL:REFerence? query.

TRIGger Commands

READ?

Returns 1st and 2nd display value.

VAL1?

Returns the 1st display reading

Example: SAMP:COUN 100

> VAL1?

>+0.333E-4,V DC

>+0.389E-4,V DC

> etc, for 100 counts.

Queries 100 counts of stored samples from the 1st display.

VAL2?

Returns the 2nd display reading.

Example: SAMP:COUN 100

> VAL2?

>+0.345E-4,V DC

>+0.391E-4,V DC

> etc, for 100 counts.

Queries 100 counts of stored samples from the 2nd display.

TRIGger:SOURce

Selects the trigger source.

Parameter: INT | EXT

Example: TRIG:SOUR INT

Sets the trigger source as internal.

TRIGger:SOURce?

Returns current trigger source.

TRIGger:AUTO

Turns Trigger Auto mode on/off.

Parameters: ON | OFF

Example: TRIG:AUTO OFF

Turns the Trigger Auto mode off.

TRIGger:AUTO?

Returns the Trigger Auto mode.

Return parameter: 0|1, 0=OFF, 1=ON

SAMPle:COUNt

Sets the number of samples.

Parameter: <NR1>(1 ~ 9999) | MIN | MAX

Example: SAMP:COUN 10

Sets the number of samples to 10.

SAMPle:COUNt?

Returns the number of samples.

Parameter: None | MIN | MAX

TRIGger:COUNt

Sets the number of trigger counts.

Parameter: <NR1>(1 ~ 9999) | MIN | MAX

Example: TRIG:COUN 10

Sets the number of trigger counts to 10.

TRIGger:COUNt?

Returns the number of trigger counts.

Parameter: None | MIN | MAX

SYSTem Related Commands

SYSTem:BEEPer:STATe

Selects the beeper mode; no beep, beep on fail and beep on pass.

Parameter: <NR1>(0 | 1 | 2) 0=no beep, 2=fail, 1=pass

Example: SYST:BEEP:STAT 0

Turns the beeper off.

SYSTem:BEEPer:STATe?

Returns the beeper mode.

Return parameter: Beep on Pass | Beep on Fail | No Beep

SYSTem:BEEPer:ERRor

Sets the beeper to sound on an SCPI error.

Parameter: ON | OFF

Example: SYST:BEEP:ERR ON

Allows the beeper to sound when an SCPI error occurs.

SYSTem:BEEPer:ERRor?

Returns the beeper error mode.

Return parameter: 0|1, 0=OFF, 1=ON

SYSTem:ERRor?

Returns the current system error, if any.

SYSTem:VERSion?

> Returns system version.

> Return Parameter: X.XX.

SYSTem:DISPlay

> Turns the Display on/off.

> Parameter: ON | OFF

> Example: SYST:DISP ON

> Turns the display on.

SYSTem:DISPlay?

> Returns the status of the display

> Return parameter: 0|1, 0=OFF, 1=ON

SYSTem:SERial?

> Returns the serial number (eight characters/numbers)

SYSTem:SCPi:MODE

> Sets the SCPI mode.

> Parameter: NORM| COMP

> (NORM=Normal, COMP= Compatible to IDM8246)

> Example: SYST:SCP:MODE NORM

> Sets the SCPI mode to normal.

SYSTem:SCPi:MODE?

Returns the SCPI mode.

Return parameter: NORMAL | COMPATIBLE

INPut:IMPedance:AUTO

Sets the input impedance for DCV mode.

Parameter: ON(10G)|OFF(10M)

Example: INP:IMP:AUTO ON

Turns the Automatic input impedance on.

INPut:IMPedance:AUTO?

Returns the input impedance mode.

Return parameter: <Boolean>(0|1) (0=OFF(10M), 1=ON(10G))

STATus Report Commands

STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle

Set bits in the Questionable Data Enable register.

STATus:QUEStionable:ENABle?

Returns the contents of the Questionable Data Enable register.

STATus:QUEStionable:EVENt?

Returns the contents of the Questionable Data Event register.

STATus:PRESet

Clears the Questionable Data Enable register.

Example: STAT:PRES

Interface Commands

SYSTem:LOCal

Enables local control (front panel control) and disables remote control.

SYSTem:REMote

Enables remote control and disables local control (front panel control). Local control can be recalled by pressing the 2ND or local button.

SYSTem:RWLock

Enables remote control and disables local control (front panel control). Once this command has been issued, pressing the 2ND or local buttons will not return the user to local control. The only way to return local mode is to issue the SYSTem:LOCal command.

IEEE 488.2 Common Commands

*CLS

Clears the Event Status register (Output Queue, Operation Event Status,

Questionable Event Status, Standard Event Status)

*ESE?

Returns the ESER (Event Status Enable Register) contents.

Example: *ESE?

>130

Returns 130. ESER=10000010

*ESE

Sets the ESER contents.

Parameter: <NR1> (0~255)

Example: *ESE 65

Sets the ESER to 01000001

*ESR?

Returns SESR (Standard Event Status Register) contents.

Example: *ESR?

>198

Returns 198. SESR=11000110

*IDN?

Returns the manufacturer, model No., serial number and system version number.

Example: *IDN?

>RS PRO, IDM8342, 00000000,1.0

*OPC?

"1" is placed in the output queue when all the pending operations are completed.

*OPC

Sets operation complete bit (bit0) in SERS (Standard Event Status Register) when all pending operations are completed.

*PSC?

Returns power On clear status.

Return parameter: <Boolean>(0|1) 0= don't clear, 1=clear

*PSC

Clears power On status.

Parameter: <Boolean>(0|1) 0=don't clear, 1= clear

*RST

Recalls default panel setup.

*SRE?

Returns the SRER (Service Request Enable Register) contents.

*SRE

Sets SRER contents.

Parameter: <NR1>(0~255)

Example: *SRE 7

Sets the SRER to 00000111.

*STB?

Returns the SBR (Status Byte Register) contents.

Example:*STB?

>81

Returns the contents of the SBR as 01010001.

*TRG

Manually triggers the DMM.

For the following command sets, please refer to the status system diagram on page 171.

STAT: QUES:EVEN?

STAT: QUES: ENAB

STAT: QUES: ENAB?

*ESR?

*ESE

*ESE?

*STB?

*SRE

*SRE?

F~AQ~

The DMM performance doesn't match the specifications.

Make sure the device is powered On for at least 30 minutes, within 18~28˚C. This is necessary to stabilize the unit to match the specifications.

The measured voltage does not match the expected value.

There are a number of reasons why the measured value may not match the expected values.

1. Ensure that all connections are connected securely and have a good contact at all times. Poor contacts could result in erroneous measurements.

2. Ensure that the appropriate input resistance has been set in the System menu. For 500mv and 5V ranges, the input resistance can be set to either 10MΩ or 10GΩ.

3. When measuring AC voltage or current, the RMS of the voltage peak is measured, not the voltage peak. See page 35 for details.

4. The measurement rate settings can have an effect on the accuracy of the measurement. Slow measurements are more accurate, while the fast rate is not as accurate.

5. Ensure that an appropriate range setting is used. If a too-large range is used, the resolution or the measurement may be affected.

For more information, contact your local dealer or RS component at www.rs-components.com.

APPENDIX

System Menu Tree
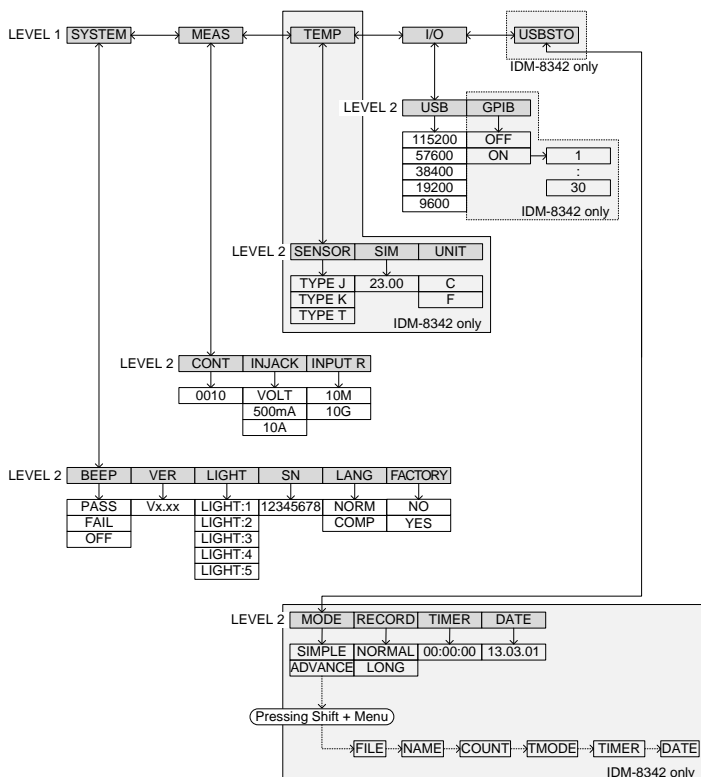
Factory Default Settings

Measurement Item

        DCV

Range

        AUTO

Rate

        S

SYSTEM Menu

        BEEP: Pass

        VER: N/A

        LIGHT: 3

        S/N: N/A

        LANG: NORM

        FACTORY: NO

MEAS Menu

        CONT: 0010Ω

        INJACK: VOLT

        INPUT R: 10M

TEMP Menu

        SENSOR: TYPE J

        SIM: 23.00

        UNIT: C

I/O Menu

        USB: BAUD:

        115200

        GPIB: OFF

USBSTO Menu

> MODE: SIMPLE
> RECORD:NORMAL
> TIMER: 00:00:00
> DATE: 13.03.01

Replacing the AC Source Fuse

Fuse Ratings	Type	Rating	Size
	0.125AT	100VAC, 120VAC	5mm X 20mm
	0.063AT	220VAC, 240VAC	5mm X 20mm

⚠️ Note   Only replace the fuse with a fuse of the correct type and rating.

Steps   1. Turn the DMM off and take out the power cord.

2. Remove the fuse socket using a flathead screwdriver.

3. Remove the fuse in the holder and replace with the correct type and rating.
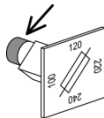
4. Ensure the correct line voltage is lined up with the arrow on the fuse holder. Insert the fuse socket.
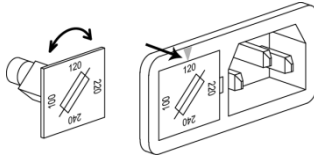
Replacing the Input Fuse

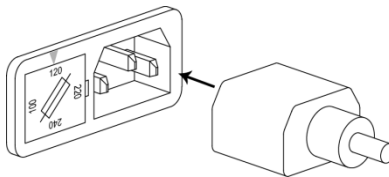| Fuse Rating	Type	Rating	Size
	T0.5A	0.5A 250V	6.3mm X 32mm

⚠ Note   Only replace the fuse with a fuse of the correct type and rating.

Steps   1. Turn the DMM off.

2. Press the fuse holder with your finger and turn anticlockwise. This will release the fuse holder from the panel.

3. Replace the fuse at the end of the holder with the correct type and rating.

4. Push the fuse holder back into the panel and turn clockwise when the fuse holder is level with the front panel.

Status system

The diagram below is a description of the status system

Questionable Data

Event Register | Enable Register

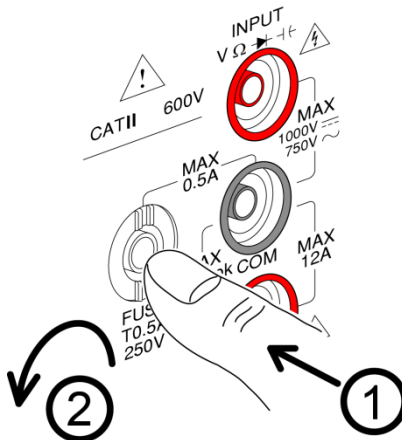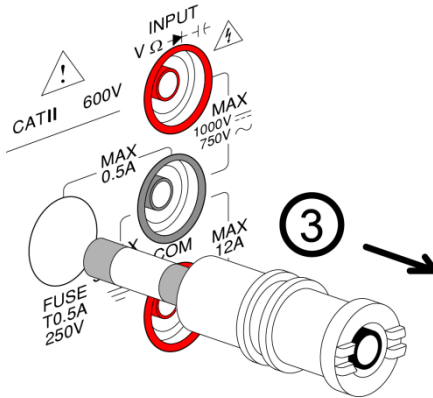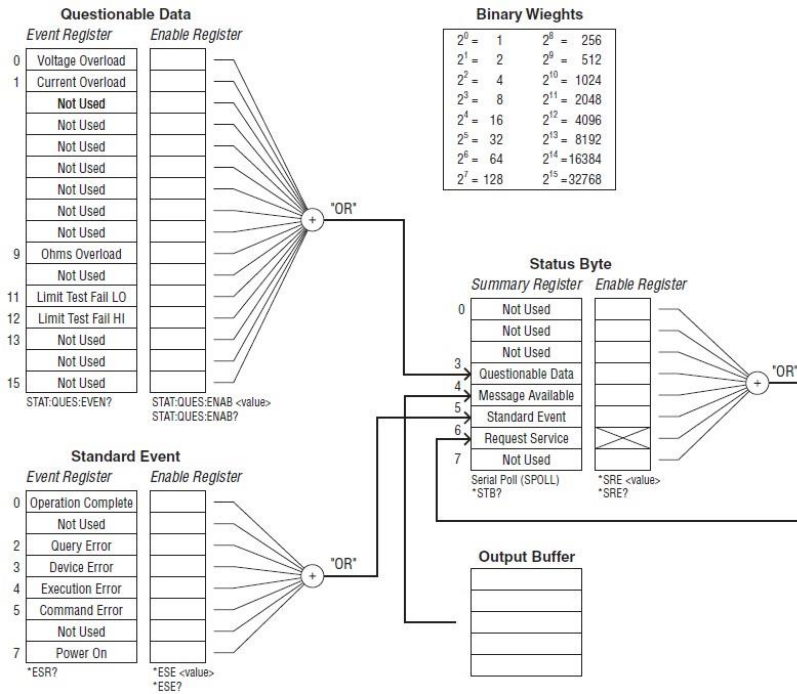| 0 | Voltage Overload |
1	Current Overload
	Not Used
	Not Used
	Not Used
	Not Used
	Not Used
	Not Used
	Not Used
9	Ohms Overload
	Not Used
11	Limit Test Fail LO
12	Limit Test Fail HI
13	Not Used
	Not Used
15	Not Used

STAT:QUES:EVEN?   STAT:QUES:ENAB <value>
                     STAT:QUES:ENAB?

Binary Wieghts

$2^0 =$ 1	$2^8 =$ 256
$2^1 =$ 2	$2^9 =$ 512
$2^2 =$ 4	$2^{10} =$ 1024
$2^3 =$ 8	$2^{11} =$ 2048
$2^4 =$ 16	$2^{12} =$ 4096
$2^5 =$ 32	$2^{13} =$ 8192
$2^6 =$ 64	$2^{14} =$ 16384
$2^7 =$ 128	$2^{15} =$ 32768

"OR"

Status Byte

Summary Register | Enable Register

0	Not Used
	Not Used
	Not Used
3	Questionable Data
4	Message Available
5	Standard Event
6	Request Service
7	Not Used

Serial Poll (SPOLL)   *SRE <value>
*STB?   *SRE?

"OR"

Standard Event

Event Register | Enable Register

0	Operation Complete
	Not Used
2	Query Error
3	Device Error
4	Execution Error
5	Command Error
	Not Used
7	Power On

*ESR?   *ESE <value>
             *ESE?

"OR"

Output Buffer

For the following command sets, please refer to the diagram above.

STAT: QUES: EVEN?

STAT: QUES: ENAB

STAT: QUES: ENAB?

*ESR?

*ESE

*ESE?

*STB?

*SRE

*SRE?

Specifications

The specifications apply when the DMM is warmed up for at least 30 minutes and operates in slow rate.

Below are the basic conditions required to operate the DMM within specifications:

- Calibration: Yearly
- Operating Temperature Specification: 18~28°C (64.4~82.4°F)
- Relative Humidity: 80% (Non condensing)
- Accuracy: ± (% of Reading + Digits)
- AC measurements are based on a 50% duty cycle.
- The power supply cable must be grounded to ensure accuracy.
- All specifications are applicable to the main (1st) display only.

General Specifications

Specification Conditions:

Temperature: 23°C±5°C

Humidity: <80%RH, 75%RH for resistance measurement readings greater than 10MΩ.

Operating Environment: (0~50°C)

Temperature Range: 0~35°C, Relative Humidity: <80%RH;

>35°C, Relative Humidity: <70%RH

Indoor use only

Altitude: 2000 meters

Pollution degree 2

Storage Conditions (-10~70°C)

Temperature Range: 0~35˚C, Relative Humidity: <90%RH;

>35˚C, Relative Humidity: <80%RH

General:

Power Consumption: Max 15VA

Dimensions: 265 mm (W) X 107 mm (H) X 302 mm (D)

Weight: Approximately 2.9 kg

DC Voltage

Range	Resolution	Full Scale	Accuracy (1 year 23˚C ±5˚C)	Input Resistance
500mV	10µV	510.00		10MΩ or >10GΩ
5V	100µV	5.1000		10MΩ or >10GΩ
50V	1mV	51.000	0.02%+4	11.1MΩ
500V	10mV	510.00		10.1MΩ
1000V	100mV	1020.0		10MΩ

* When the input value exceeds the full scale of the selected range, the display will show -

OL- (over load) on the display.

* The specifications are guaranteed to an input voltage of 1000V. A beeping alarm will go off

when the input voltage is higher than 1000V.

* Input protection of 1000V peak on all ranges.

* DC Common Mode Rejection Ratio

>90 dB at dc, 50 or 60Hz ± 0.1% (1kΩ unbalanced, slow rates)

DC Current

Range	Resolution	Full Scale	Accuracy (1 year 23˚C ±5˚C)	Shunt Resistance	Burden Voltage
500µA	10nA	510.00	0.05%+5	100Ω	0.06V max
5mA	100nA	5.1000	0.05%+4	100Ω	0.6V max
50mA	1µA	51.000	0.05%+4	1Ω	0.14V max

500mA	10μA	510.00	0.10%+4	1Ω	1.4V max
5 A	100μA	5.1000	0.25%+5	10mΩ	0.5V max
10 A	1mA	12.000	0.25%+5	10mΩ	0.8V max

* 500μA~500mA range has a 3.6V voltage limit protection and 0.5A fuse protection. And 10A range has a 12A fuse protection.

* When the input value exceeds the full scale of the selected range, the display will show -OL- (over load) on the display.

* The specifications are guaranteed to an input of 10A. A beeping alarm will go off when the input value is higher than 10A.

AC Voltage, ACV+DCV[3] (AC Coupled)

Range	Resolution	Full Scale	Accuracy (1 year 23°C ±5°C) [1]			
			30-50Hz	50-10kHz	10K-30kHz	30K-100kHz
500mV	10μV	510.00	1.00%+40	0.50%+40	2.00%+60	3.00%+120
5V	100μV	5.1000	1.00%+20	0.35%+15	1.00%+20	3.00%+50
50V	1mV	51.000	1.00%+20	0.35%+15	1.00%+20	3.00%+50
500V	10mV	510.00	x	0.5%+15	1.00%+20[2]	3.00%+50[2]
750V	100mV	765.0	x	0.5%+15	x	x

[1]Specifications are for sine wave inputs that are greater than 5% range.

[2]Input voltage <300Vrms.

[3]The accuracy of ACV+DCV is equal to ACV's with 10 more digits added.

* The specifications are guaranteed to an input of 750V. A beeping alarm will go off when the input value is higher than 750V.

* Input protection of 1000V peak on all ranges.

* AC-coupled true RMS – measures the AC component of the input with up to 400Vdc of bias on any range.

* AC Common Mode Rejection Ratio.

>60 dB at dc, 50 or 60Hz ± 0.1% (1kΩ unbalanced, slow rates)

*Input impedance 1MΩ±2% in parallel with 100pF.

AC Current, ACI+DCI[3] (AC Coupled)

Range	Resolu-tion	Full Scale	Accuracy (1 year 23˚C ±5˚C) [1]				Burden Voltage
			30-50Hz	50-2kHz	2K-5kHz	5K-20kHz	
500µA	10nA	510.00	1.50%+50	0.50%+40	1.50%+50	3.00%+75	0.06V max
5mA	100nA	5.1000	1.50%+40	0.50%+20	1.50%+40	3.00%+60	0.6V max
50mA	1µA	51.000	1.50%+40	0.50%+20	1.50%+40	3.00%+60	0.14V max
500mA	10µA	510.00	1.50%+40	0.50%+20	1.50%+40	3.00%+60[2]	1.4V max
5A	100µA	5.1000	2.0%+40	0.50%+30	x	x	0.5V max
10A	1mA	12.000	2.0%+40	0.50%+30	x	x	0.8V max

[1] The 500µA range requires an input of >35µA to meet specifications. The 5mA~10A

ranges need more than 5% of full scale range to meet specifications.

[2] Input current (5k ~ 20kHz)<330mArms.

[3]The accuracy of ACI+DCI is equal to ACI's with 10 more digits added.

* The specifications are guaranteed to 10A. A beeping alarm will go off when the input

current being measured is higher than 10A.

Resistance

Resistance	Resolution	Full Scale	Test Current	Accuracy (1 year 23˚C ±5˚C)[2]
500Ω	10mΩ	510.00	0.83mA	0.1%+5 [1]
5kΩ	100mΩ	5.1000	0.83mA	0.1%+3 [1]
50kΩ	1Ω	51.000	83µA	0.1%+3
500kΩ	10Ω	510.00	8.3µA	0.1%+3
5MΩ	100Ω	5.1000	830nA	0.1%+3
50MΩ	1KΩ	51.000	560nA//10MΩ	0.3%+3

[1] Using the REL function. If you don't use the REL function then increase the error by 0.2Ω.

[2] When measuring resistances greater than 500kΩ, please use shielded test leads to eliminate the noise interference that may be induced by standard test leads.

* Open circuit voltage approximates 6V max on 500~5MΩ range, approximates 5.5V max on 50MΩ range.

* Input protection of 500V peak on all ranges.

Diode

Range	Resolution	Full Scale	Test Current	Accuracy(1 year 23˚C ±5˚C)
5V	100µV	5.1000	0.83mA	0.05%+5

* Input protection of 500V peak. *Open circuit voltage approximates 6V.

Continuity

Range	Resolution	Full Scale	Test Current	Accuracy(1 year 23˚C ±5˚C)
5000.0Ω	100mΩ	5100.0	0.83mA	0.1%+5

* Input protection of 500V peak. *Open circuit voltage approximates 6V.

Capacitance

Range	Resolution	Full Scale	Test Current	Accuracy (1 year 23˚C ±5˚C) [1]
5nF: 0.5~1nF [2]	0.001nF	5.100	8.3µA	2.0%+20
5nF: 1~5nF [2]				2.0%+10
50nF: 5~10nF [2]	0.01nF	51.00	8.3µA	2.0%+30
50nF: 10~50nF [2]				2.0%+10
500nF	0.1nF	510.0	83µA	
5µF	1nF	5.100	0.56mA	2.0%+4
50µF	10nF	51.00	0.83mA	

[1] For the 5nF ~ 50µF range, make sure that the input is greater than 10% of the range.

[2] Need to use the REL function.

* Input protection of 500V peak on all ranges.

Frequency

Measurement Range	Accuracy (1 year 23˚C ±5˚C)
10Hz ~ 500Hz	0.01%+5
500Hz ~ 500kHz	0.01%+3
500kHz ~ 1MHz	0.01%+5

* AC + DC measurements do not allow frequency measurements.

* Input protection of 1000V peak on all ranges.

Voltage Measurement Sensitivity

Range	Minimum Sensitivity (RMS sine wave)		
	10~100kHz	100k~500kHz	500kHz ~ 1MHz
500mV	35mV	200mV	500mV
5V	0.25V	0.5V	1V
50V	2.5V	5V	5V
500V	25V	uncal	uncal
750V	50V	uncal	uncal

Current Measurement Sensitivity

Range	Minimum Sensitivity (RMS sine wave)
	30~20kHz
500µA	35µA
5mA	0.25mA
50mA	2.5mA
500mA	25mA
5 A	0.25A(<2kHz)
10 A	2.5A(<2kHz)

Temperature Specifications

Sensor	Type	Measurement Range	Resolution	Accuracy (1 year 23°C ±5°C)
Thermocouple	J K T	-200 ~ +300°C	0.1°C	2 °C

* Note: The temperature specifications do not include sensor error.

* Note: This feature is not supported on the IDM-8341.

Dimensions

IDM-8341/8342

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Limited Warranty

This meter is warranted to the original purchaser against defects in material and workmanship for 3 years from the date of purchase. During this warranty period, RS Components will, at its option, replace or repair the defective unit, subject to verification of the defect or malfunction. This warranty does not cover fuses, disposable batteries, or damage from abuse, neglect, accident, unauthorized repair, alteration, contamination, or abnormal conditions of operation or handling. Any implied warranties arising out of the sale of this product, including but not limited to implied warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose, are limited to the above. RS Components shall not be liable for loss of use of the instrument or other incidental or consequential damages, expenses, or economic loss, or for any claim or claims for such damage, expense or economic loss. Some states or countries laws vary, so the above limitations or exclusions may not apply to you. For full terms and conditions, refer to the RS PRO website.

Africa
RS Components SA
P.O. Box 12182, Vorna Valley,1686
20 Indianapolis Street, Kyalami Business Park,
Kyalami, Midrand, South Africa

Asia
RS Components Ltd.
Suite 1601, Level 16, Tower 1, Kowloon Commerce Centre,
51 Kwai Cheong Road, Kwai Chung, Hong Kong

China
RS Components Ltd.
Suite 23 A-C
East Sea Business Centre
Phase 2
No. 618 Yan'an Eastern Road
Shanghai, 200001
China

Europe
RS Components Ltd.
PO Box 99, Corby, Northants NN17 9RS
United Kingdom

Japan
RS Components Ltd.
West Tower (12th Floor), Yokohama Business Park
134 Godocho, Hodogaya, Yokohama,
Kanagawa 240-0005 Japan

U.S.A.
Allied Electronics
7151 Jack Newell Blvd. S. Fort Worth,
Texas 76118
U.S.A.

South America
RS Components Limitada
Av. Pdte. Eduardo Frei M. 6001-71
Centro Empresas El Cortijo
Conchali, Santiago, Chile