

Specifications

Atte	enuation	Input Impedance	Bandwidth	Rise Time	Cable Length	Compensation Ratio
	10:1	10 MΩ II 10 pF	DC to 500 MHz	<0,7 ns	1,3 m	1020 pF

Attenuation Ratio:	10:1 ± 1% (@ DC)		
Max. Input Voltage:	500 Vrms, 1500 V transient overvoltage (see voltage derating Measurement Category II: 400 Vrms	curve)	
Pollution Degree:	2		
All specifications are subje	ct to change without notice!	UKCC	K

IEC61010-031:2015

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Probe Compensation

Proper compensation of the probe is required to assure amplitude accuracy of the waveform being measured by matching the probe to the oscilloscope's input capacitance. Compensation should be adjusted whenever the probe is connected to or transferred between oscilloscopes.

Low Frequency Adjustment

Apply a 1 kHz square wave to the probe or connect to the oscilloscope's calibrator output. Adjust the single LF trimmer located in the BNC Box until you achieve a flat-topped square wave (see figure below).









High Frequency Adjustment

Connect the probe to a 1 MHz square wave signal (rise time less than 0,7ns).

Remove the two plastic caps from the BNC compensation box.

Adjust left trimmer first then right trimmer until you achieve a flat-topped square wave (see figure below).



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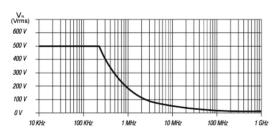
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Derating Curve



Attention!

Never dismantle the probe while it is combined with the voltage source and only connect it to a grounded oscilloscope.