A Current Issue being debated about American National Security

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The U.S has one of the outstanding military team in the world, but it must have an improvement strategy to stay ahead. Today, the United States Department of Homeland Security (DHS) has a complex and dangerous role to play in combating terrorism and ensure national security. It is notable that an increasing proliferation of nuclear weapons and nuclear forces poses a greater danger to global security. Since President Eisenhower's era, the enacted 'Open Skies Treaty' (Bolz Jr, Dudonis, & Schulz, 2016) between U.S and Russia has been followed by successive American presidents in an attempt to counter nuclear threat. Most importantly, the nation has been involved in several international agreements and treaties and agreements to address risks related to nuclear weapons and terrorism.

The Current Issue

Despite the provisions addressed in the Open Skies Treaty,' President Obama's government abandoned the highly organized "global war on terror" strategy (Schoultz, 2014). In its place, the government opted for other most effective communications strategy of combating threats fronted by al Qaeda and its associates, such as ISIS. However, President Trump's administration focuses on using more target strikes either by drones or special operations forces in military (Schoultz, 2014). Notably, Pentagon must have the support of Congress to carry out these activities both within the country and in foreign countries by deciding on the best option. At the moment, the U.S Special Forces and Intelligence are vehemently operating in various regions of the world to combat multiple terrorism threats.

Two Competing Solutions to the problem

(i) Political security

Throughout the world, countries are utilizing the governmental element of protection in the overall nationwide protection (Dunn, 2016). Similarly, the U.S can adopt this strategy since it is feasible in the balance of social order. In essence, political security is normally a combination of social and army protection. Therefore, security provisions will entail detailing risks associated with sovereignty and interference with communications and connections between nations.

(ii) Military security

The use of military or army security aims at providing internal protection from outside invaders, and neutralize foreign military violence. As a result, military security involves organizing and maintaining safety features and state of inviolability from violent activities. (Schoultz, 2014).). At the moment, several global nations harbor the United States Special Causes and U.S Intelligence officers to undertake operations in dark areas and deal with terror threats. Consequently, the tactic is helpful in the operations of U.S government programs due to existence of serenity.

Evaluation of the Preferable Solution

Military security is more preferable to political security because it ensures serenity (Dunn, 2016). As a result, other factors can function quite well without slowness or hindrances. It is notable that army protection has been well established in the U.S security system and applicable in enhancing law and order in the nation. Due to its accessibility, the government has been effectively running most of its programs as serenity is provided in the long run. Similarly, most other countries depend on this system compared any other element of national protection.

Responsibilities of Federal, State, and Local Governments on American National Security

In the United States, the principle of subsidiarity stipulates that each level of government undertakes necessary tasks as assigned by law in the constitution (Dunn, 2016). The federal government addresses the components of military, diplomatic, and intelligence policy as well as the attending departments to curb terrorist groups and state-sponsors of terrorism (Schoultz, 2014). The function of state governments has been related to provided quick response and mitigation services in case of emergencies, although the federal government has a joint role in it. On the other hand, local governments are tasked with preparations for the consequential managerial role. In particular, these local agencies focus on preventative efforts to thwart ant terrorism attack both within the country.

In brief**,** counterterrorism is a debatable issue in the United States that has attracted the concerns of several stakeholders in the past few years. The increasing proliferation of nuclear weapons and nuclear forces poses a greater danger to global security. Therefore, Congress must chip in and support Pentagon in the implementation of these activities both within the country and in foreign countries by deciding on the best option. Consequently, military security proves as the best strategy since it allows for the existence of serenity.

References

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