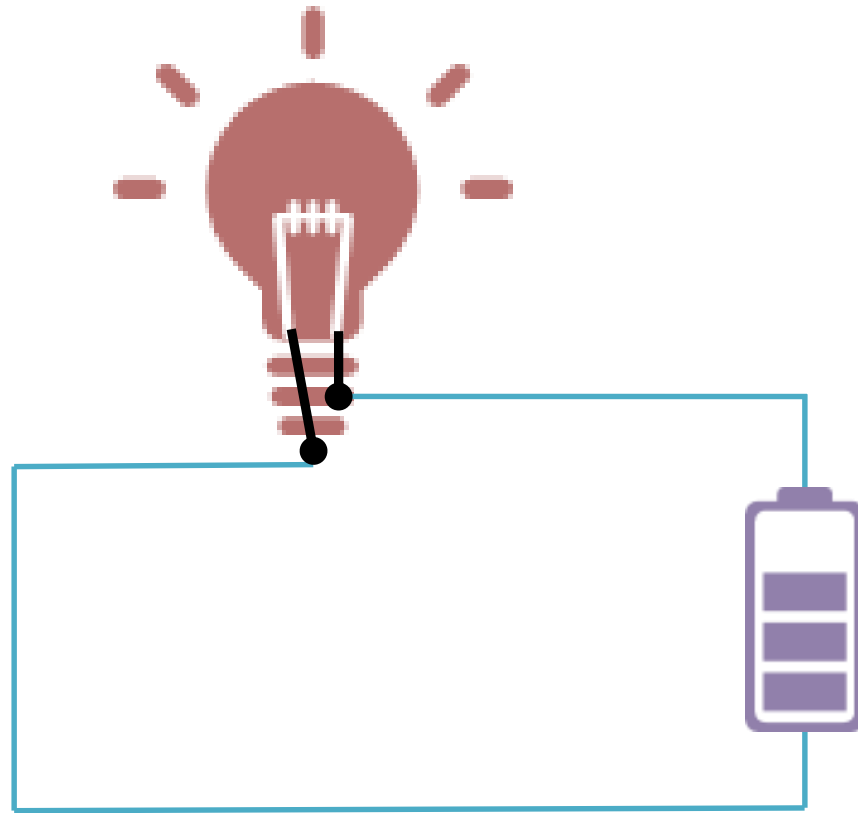


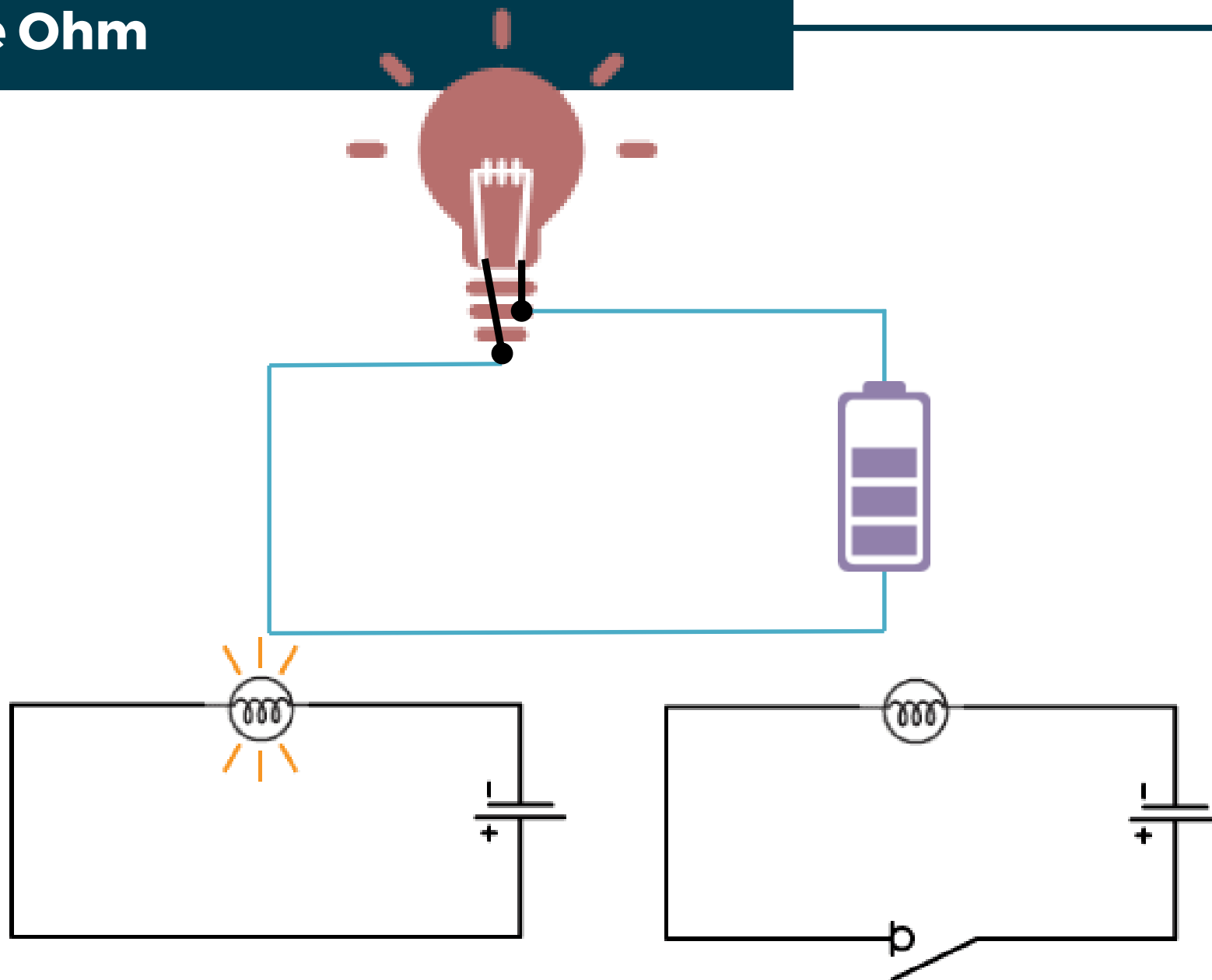
2ª lei de Ohm

Prof. Jadoski
Física

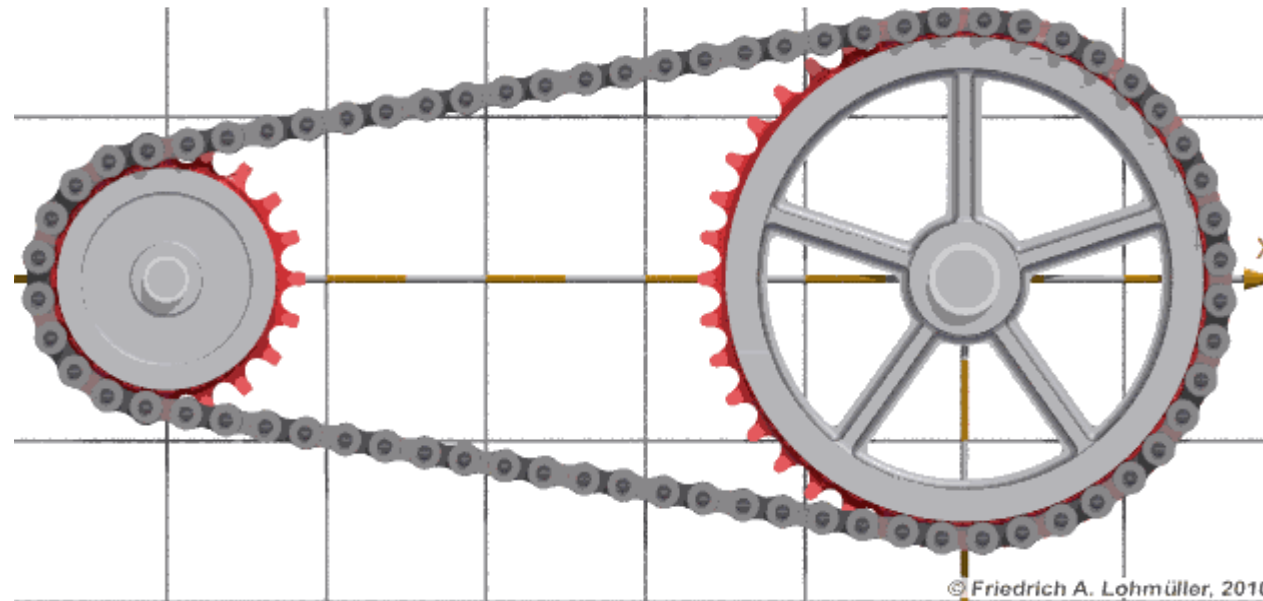
2ª lei de Ohm



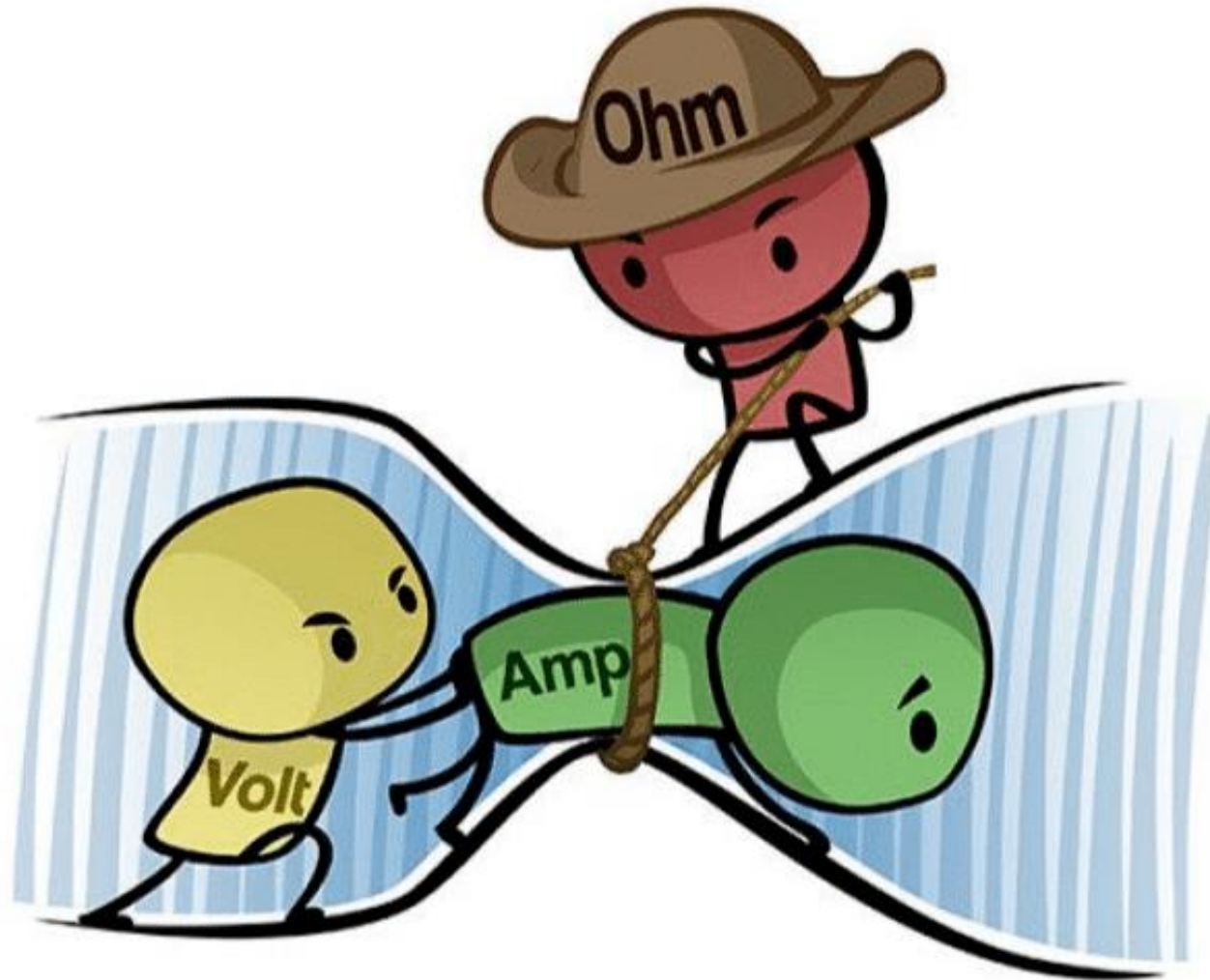
2ª lei de Ohm



2ª lei de Ohm



2ª lei de Ohm



2ª lei de Ohm



$$R = \frac{\rho \cdot l}{A}$$


2ª lei de Ohm

MATERIAL	RESISTIVIDADE ($\Omega.m$)
Prata	$1,6 \times 10^{-8}$
Cobre	$1,7 \times 10^{-8}$
Ouro	$2,4 \times 10^{-8}$
Alumínio	$2,8 \times 10^{-8}$
Chumbo	$2,2 \times 10^{-7}$
Vidro	1×10^{10} a 1×10^{14}
Borracha	$\approx 10^{13}$

$$R = \frac{\rho \cdot l}{A}$$

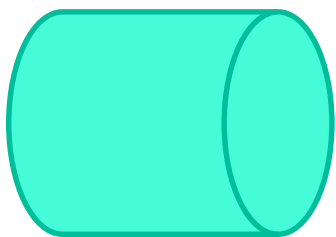
2ª lei de Ohm

MATERIAL	RESISTIVIDADE ($\Omega \cdot m$)
Prata	$1,6 \times 10^{-8}$
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$$R = \frac{\rho \cdot l}{A}$$

2ª lei de Ohm

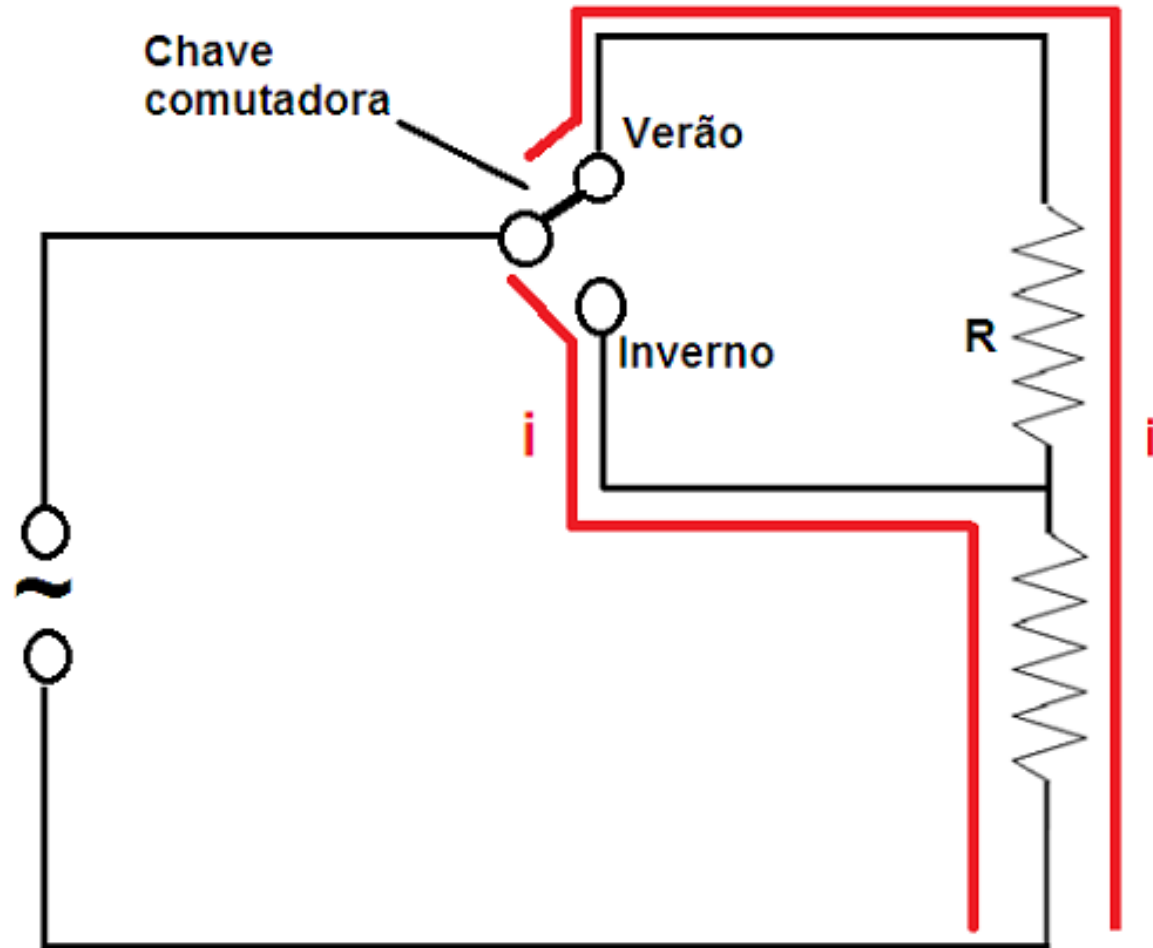
$2l$



l

$$R = \frac{\rho \cdot l}{A}$$

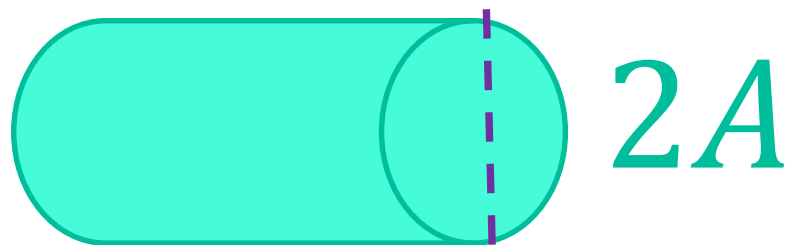
2ª lei de Ohm



i = corrente
 R = resistência

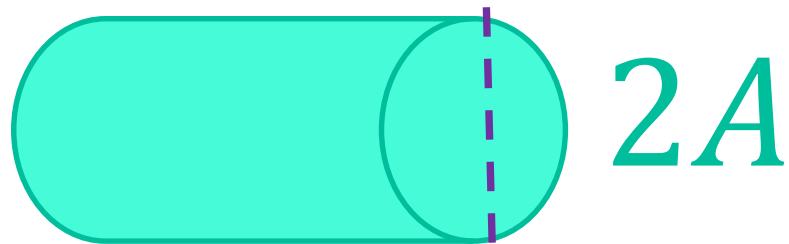


2ª lei de Ohm



$$R = \frac{\rho \cdot l}{A}$$

2ª lei de Ohm



$$R = \frac{\rho \cdot l}{A}$$

$$A = \pi \cdot R^2$$

2ª lei de Ohm

