

PAST PERFECT

Prof. Thaysa
Inglês

Simple Past

(verb) + (ed) or irregular

X



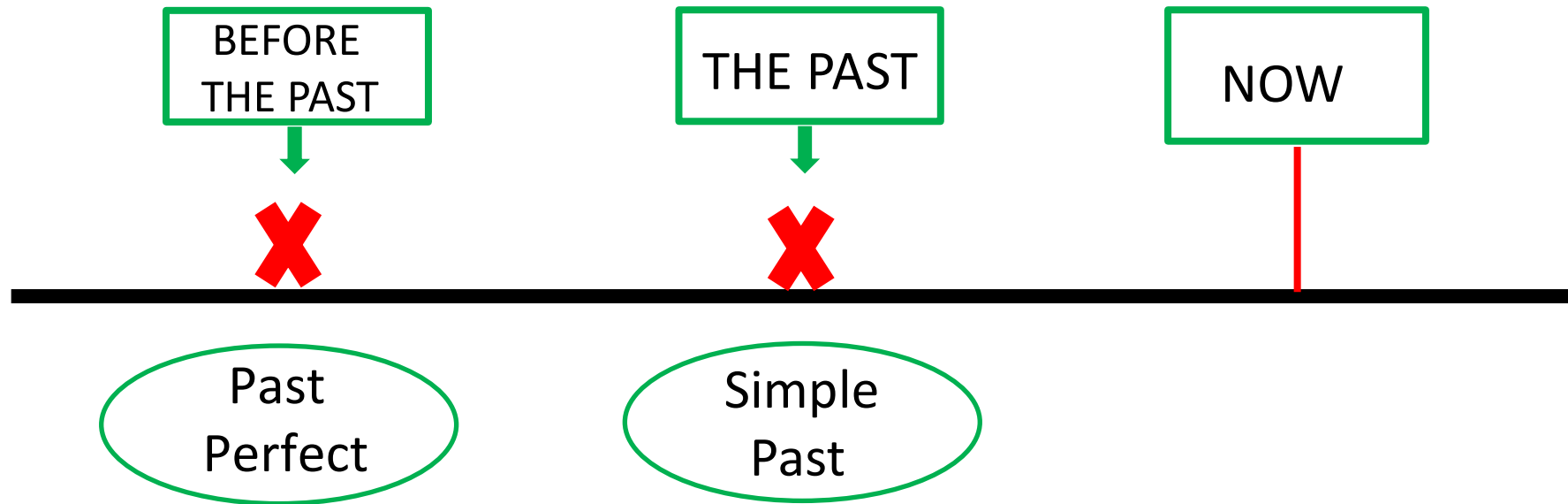
Past Perfect

(had) + (past participle)

X



PAST PERFECT



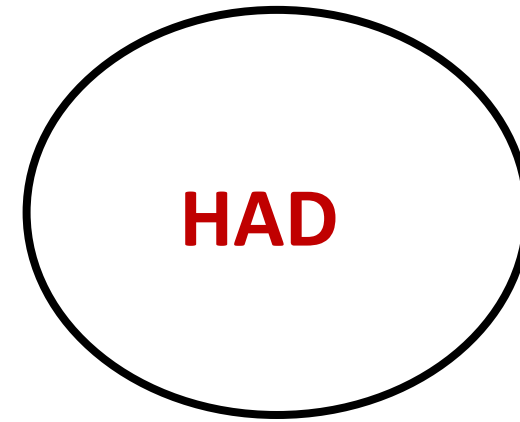
“I had spoken to my parents before confirming my presence at the party”

PRESENT PERFECT

HAVE	HAS
I	HE
YOU	SHE
THEY	IT
WE	



PAST PERFECT



The past perfect tense is used to refer to actions that:

- a) happened at one specific point in the past.
- b) happened while another action was taking place.
- c) happened before some other action in the past.
- d) could happen in the past.

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PAST PERFECT

O passado perfeito descreve uma ação que aconteceu em um momento passado anterior a outra ação também passada.

Formas:

Afirmativa: sujeito + *had* + **particípio passado do verbo**

When you arrived, I ***had finished*** my lunch.

Negativa: sujeito + *had* + NOT (*hadn't*) + **particípio passado do verbo**

He ***had NOT (hadn't) dug*** in the right place.

Interrogativa: *Had* + sujeito + **particípio passado do verbo**

Had she **left** home?

REGULAR VERBS

Infinitivo	Passado	Particípio
to ask	asked	asked
to answer	answered	answered
to agree	agreed	agreed
to believe	believed	believed
to call	called	called
to create	created	created
to curse	cursed	cursed
to cover	covered	covered
to cry	cried	cried

IRREGULAR VERBS

Infinitivo	Passado	Particípio
to be	was/were	been
to beat	beat	beaten
to become	became	become
to bring	brought	brought
to break	broke	broken
to buy	bought	bought
to come	came	come
to cost	cost	cost
to cut	cut	cut

Agora veja as sentenças abaixo:



- Quando cheguei no aeroporto, o avião tinha decolado.
- Eu tinha estudado inglês antes de ir aos EUA.
- Ela tinha falado com o pai dela antes.
- Acho que eles tinham enviado um email mencionando isto.

Se você tiver que traduzir estas sentenças para o inglês terá de usar o Past Perfect.

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Se você tiver que traduzir estas sentenças para o inglês terá de usar o Past Perfect.

- When I arrived at the airport, the plane had taken off.

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- When I arrived at the airport, the plane had taken off.
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- When I arrived at the airport, the plane had taken off.
- I had studied English before going to the USA.
- She had talked to her father before.

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Se você tiver que traduzir estas sentenças para o inglês terá de usar o Past Perfect.

- When I arrived at the airport, the plane had taken off.
- I had studied English before going to the USA.
- She had talked to her father before.
- I guess they had sent an email about this.

Let's Practice

1. It _____ to rain after we _____ to the station.
(start / get)
2. We _____ the village where we _____ as children.
(visit / live)
3. By the time we _____ the inn all the guests _____.
(reach / leave)
4. We _____ him just after he _____ news of his dismissal.
(meet / get)

Let's Practice

1. It started to rain after we had gotten to the station.
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2. We _____ the village where we _____ as children.
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2. We visited the village where we had lived as children.
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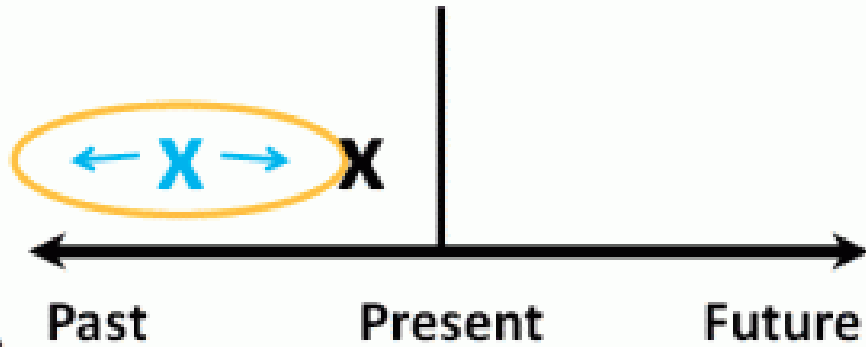
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Let's Practice

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2. We visited the village where we had lived as children.
(visit / live)
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(reach / leave)
4. We met him just after he had gotten news of his dismissal.
(meet / get)

Past Perfect

(had) + (past participle)

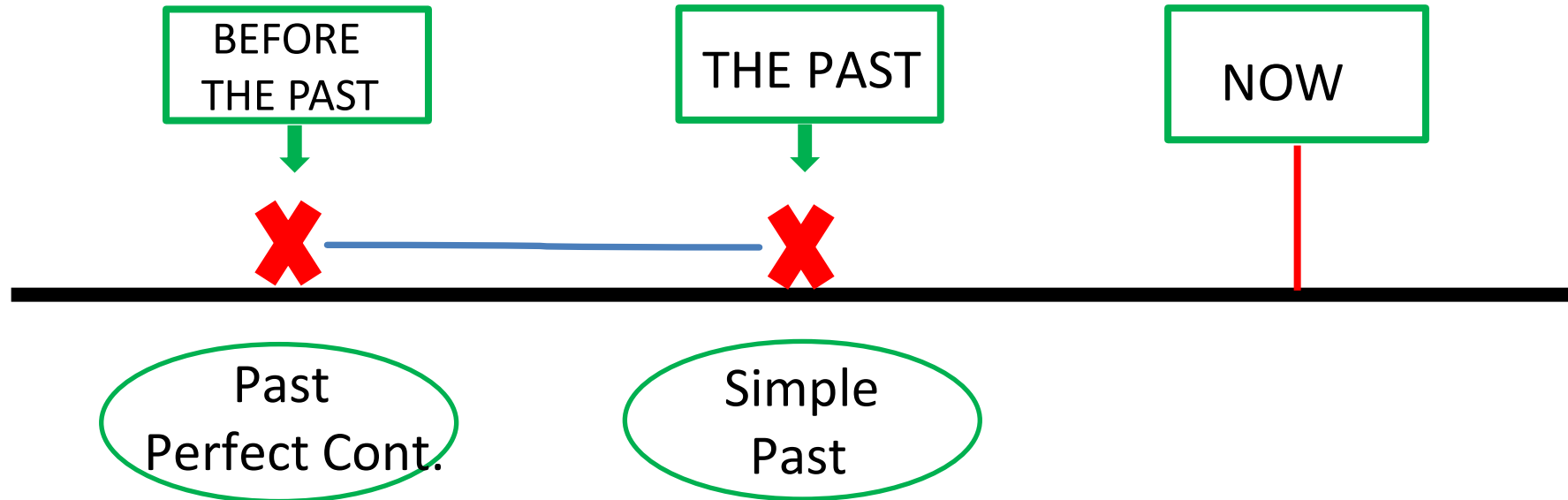


Past Perfect Continuous

(had) + (been) + (present participle)



PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS



“I had been working at the restaurant for 10 years when I left.”

PRESENT PERFECT

HAVE	HAS
I	HE
YOU	SHE
THEY	IT
WE	



PAST PERFECT



PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS

O passado perfeito contínuo descreve uma ação que aconteceu em um momento passado anterior a outra ação também passada, enfatizando a duração desta até o momento em que a segunda ação ocorreu.

Formas:

Afirmativa: sujeito + *had* + BEEN + verbo **-ing**

The boy ***had* BEEN quarreling** when we arrived home.

Negativa: sujeito + *had* + NOT (*hadn't*) + BEEN + verbo **-ing**

They ***had* NOT (*hadn't*) BEEN quarreling** when we arrived home.

Interrogativa: *Had* + sujeito + BEEN + verbo **-ing**

***Had* you BEEN quarreling** when we arrived home?

1) PAST PERFECT (HAD + PARTICIPLE):

2) PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS (HAD BEEN + VERB-ING):

*The builders **had put up** the scaffolding around the house.*

Past perfect simple emphasises the completion of the action (the scaffolding is up).

*The builders **had been putting up** the scaffolding when the roof fell in.*

Past perfect continuous emphasises a continuing or ongoing action.

In the phrase "34 had increased greenhouse emissions from 2000 to 2004" (in paragraph 1), the verb tense HAD INCREASED refers to:

- a) an action that began in the past and continues up to now.
- b) an indefinite time in the past.
- c) an action that happened in the past before another past action.
- d) an action that is habitual.
- e) two simultaneous actions in the past.

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