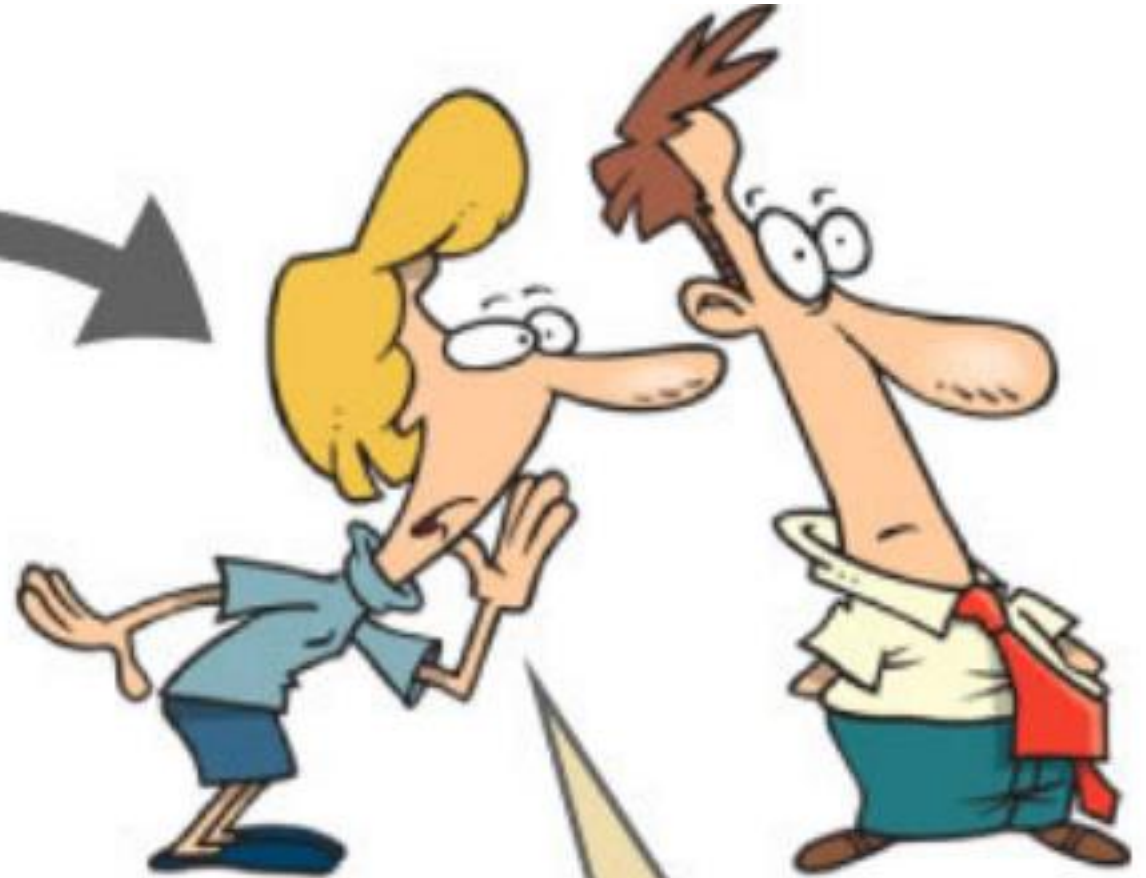


Reported speech - statements

Prof. Thaysa
Inglês



I like Peter!



She said that **she liked** you!

Reported speech

É possível relatar o que foi dito por alguém de duas formas: pelo discurso direto ou pelo discurso indireto. O direto é a representação exata de uma fala. O indireto consiste em recontar o que foi dito.

Lysa said: "I don't like going out on rainy days". (presente simples)

Lysa said she didn't like going out on rainy days. (passado simples)

PRONOUNS

“I’m a very good student,” **Daniel** said.
Daniel said **he** was a very good student.

“**You** must come tomorrow,” **my boss** demanded.
My boss demanded **I** had to come the next day.

“**We** are the best students,” **he** said.
He said **they** were the best students.

“**They** called **us**,” **she** said.
She said **they** had called **them**.

“I like **your** jeans,” **Sarah** said.
Sarah said **she** liked **my** jeans.

“**They** will finish it **this** year,” **he** suggested.
He suggested **they** would finish it **that** year.

“**We** want **these** flowers,” **they** said.
They said **they** wanted **those** flowers.

“I’ve worked **here**,” **Ana** said.
Ana said **she** had worked **there**.

Verb tenses & auxiliary verbs

PRESENT SIMPLE

“I never **understand** you,” she told me.

PAST SIMPLE

She told me she never **understood** me.

Verb tenses & auxiliary verbs

PRESENT CONTINUOUS

“We **are** doing exercises,” he explained.

PAST CONTINUOUS

He explained that they **were** doing exercises.

Verb tenses & auxiliary verbs

PRESENT PERFECT

“I **have** broken the window,” he admitted.

PAST PERFECT

He admitted that he **had** broken the window.

Verb tenses & auxiliary verbs

PRESENT PERFECT CONTINUOUS

“I **have been** waiting since the morning,” he complained.

PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS

He complained [that] he **had been** waiting since the morning.

Verb tenses & auxiliary verbs

PAST SIMPLE

“She **went** to Rome,” I thought.

PAST PERFECT

I thought that she **had gone** to Rome.

Verb tenses & auxiliary verbs

PAST CONTINUOUS

“He **was** thinking of buying a new car,” she said.

PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS

She said he **had been** thinking of buying a new car.

Verb tenses & auxiliary verbs

WILL

“I **will** come on Sunday,” he reminded me.

WOULD

He reminded me that he **would** come on Sunday.

TIME EXPRESSION

TODAY – TONIGHT	THAT DAY – THAT NIGHT
YESTERDAY	THE DAY BEFORE
NOW	THEN – AT THAT MOMENT
LAST YEAR	THE YEAR BEFORE
NEXT YEAR	THE FOLLOWING YEAR

*“I will travel **tomorrow**”, Jack said.  Jack said he would travel **tomorrow**.*

Importante

1. Shall torna-se should:

“I **shall** appreciate it,” he said.
He said he **should** appreciate it.

2. May torna-se might:

“I **may** write to him,” she promised.
She promised that she **might** write to him.

3. Can torna-se could:

“I **can** come,” – Peter told Jane.

Peter told Jane he **could** come.

4. Must e have to tornam-se had to:

“Kevin **must** fulfil the terms of the contract,” the builder mentioned.

The builder mentioned Kevin **had to** fulfil the terms of the contract.

1. 'I'll send you a postcard.'

He told us that he would send us a postcard.

2. 'We've bought a new car.'

They told me they had bought a new car.

3. 'I **don't** speak German.'

She said that she didn't speak German.

4. 'You **failed** your art exam.'

You said that we had failed our art exam.

5. 'I **can't** drive.'

He said he couldn't drive.

6. 'You **look** nice.'

He told me that I looked nice.

7. 'We're going ice-skating.'

They said they were going ice-skating.

8. 'The students **aren't** listening to me.'

The teacher said the students weren't listening to her.