

SISTEMA DIGESTÓRIO HUMANO

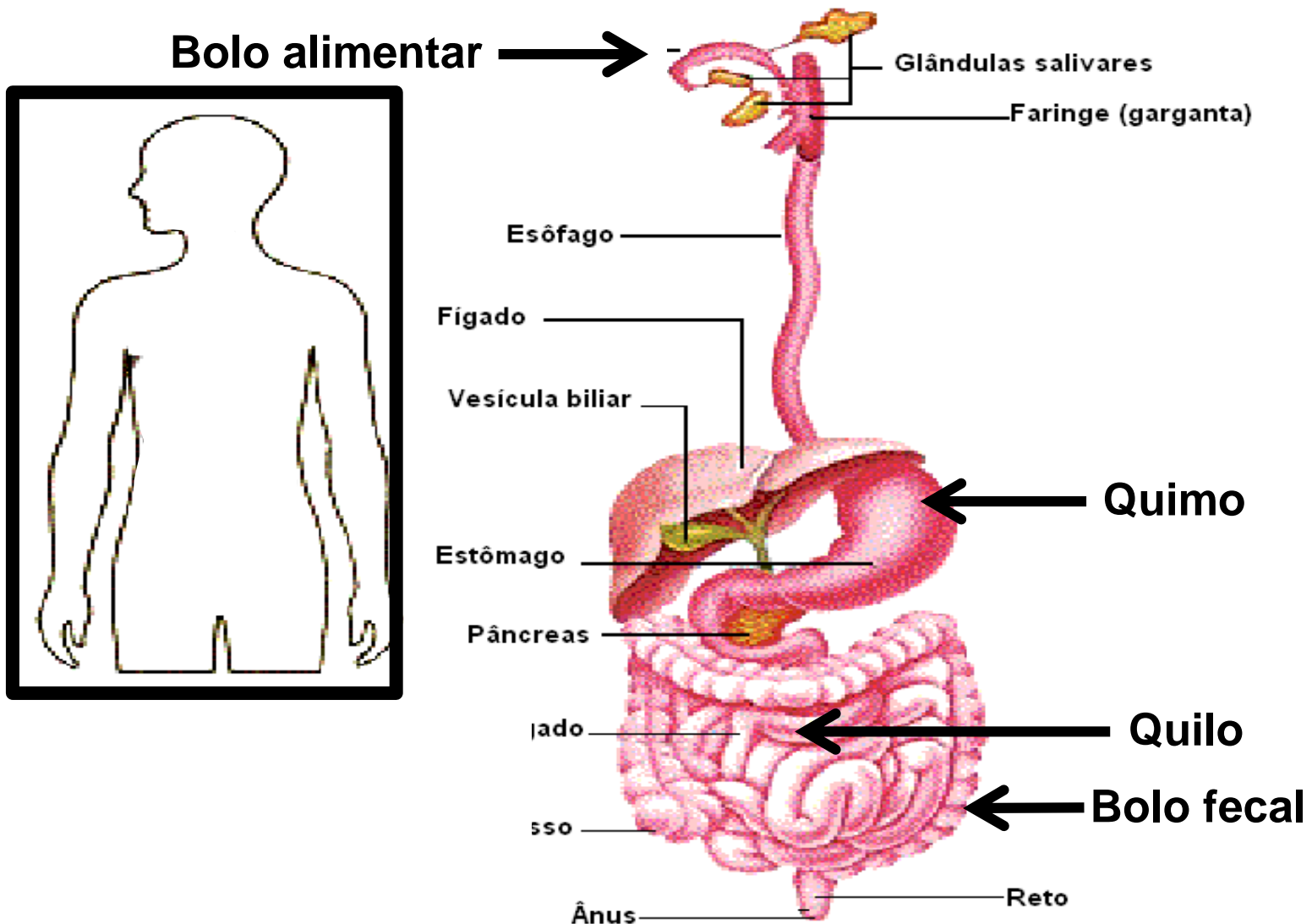
(SISTEMA DIGESTÓRIO II)

Prof. Hare
BIOLOGIA

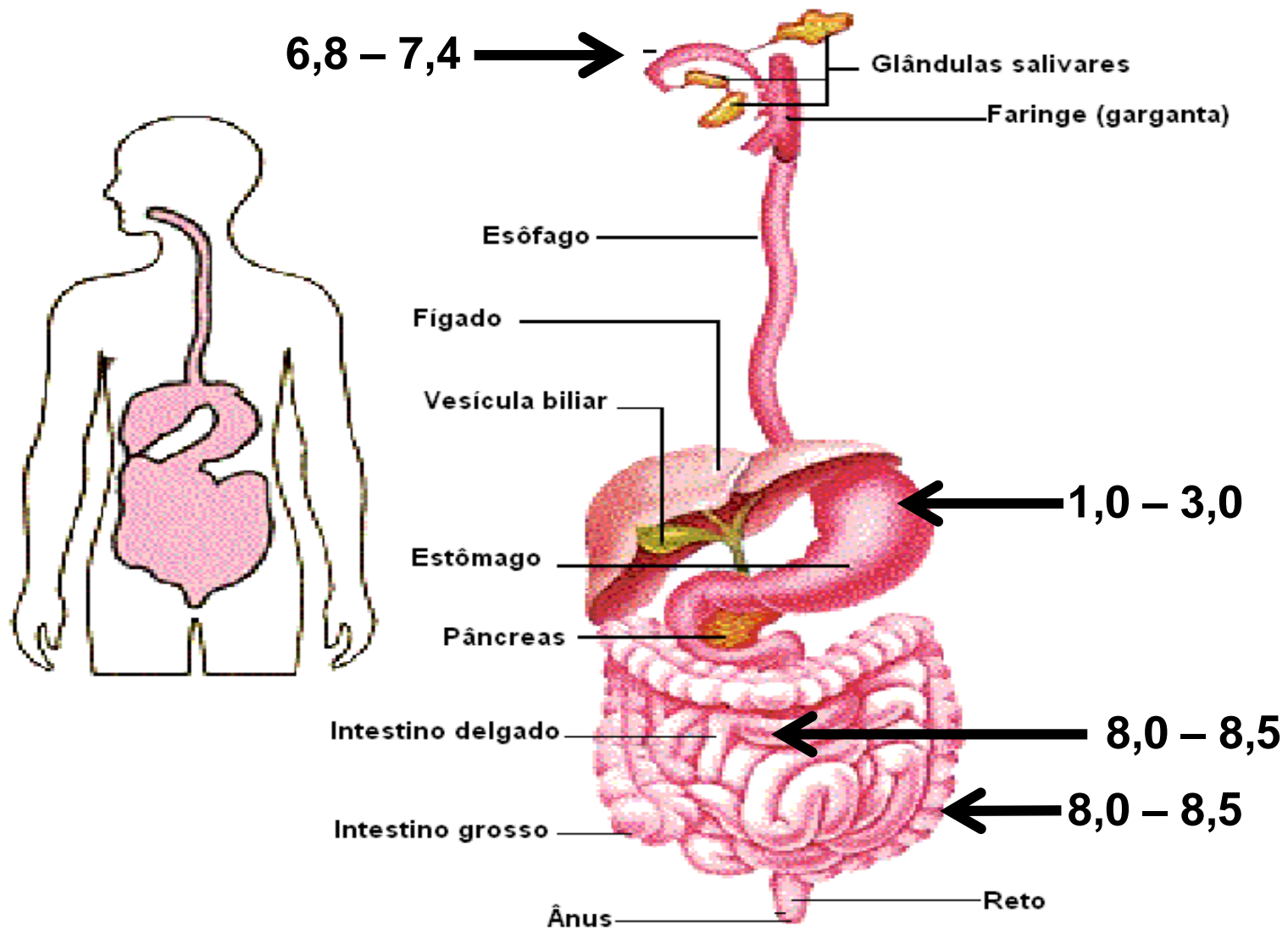
SISTEMA DIGESTÓRIO HUMANO



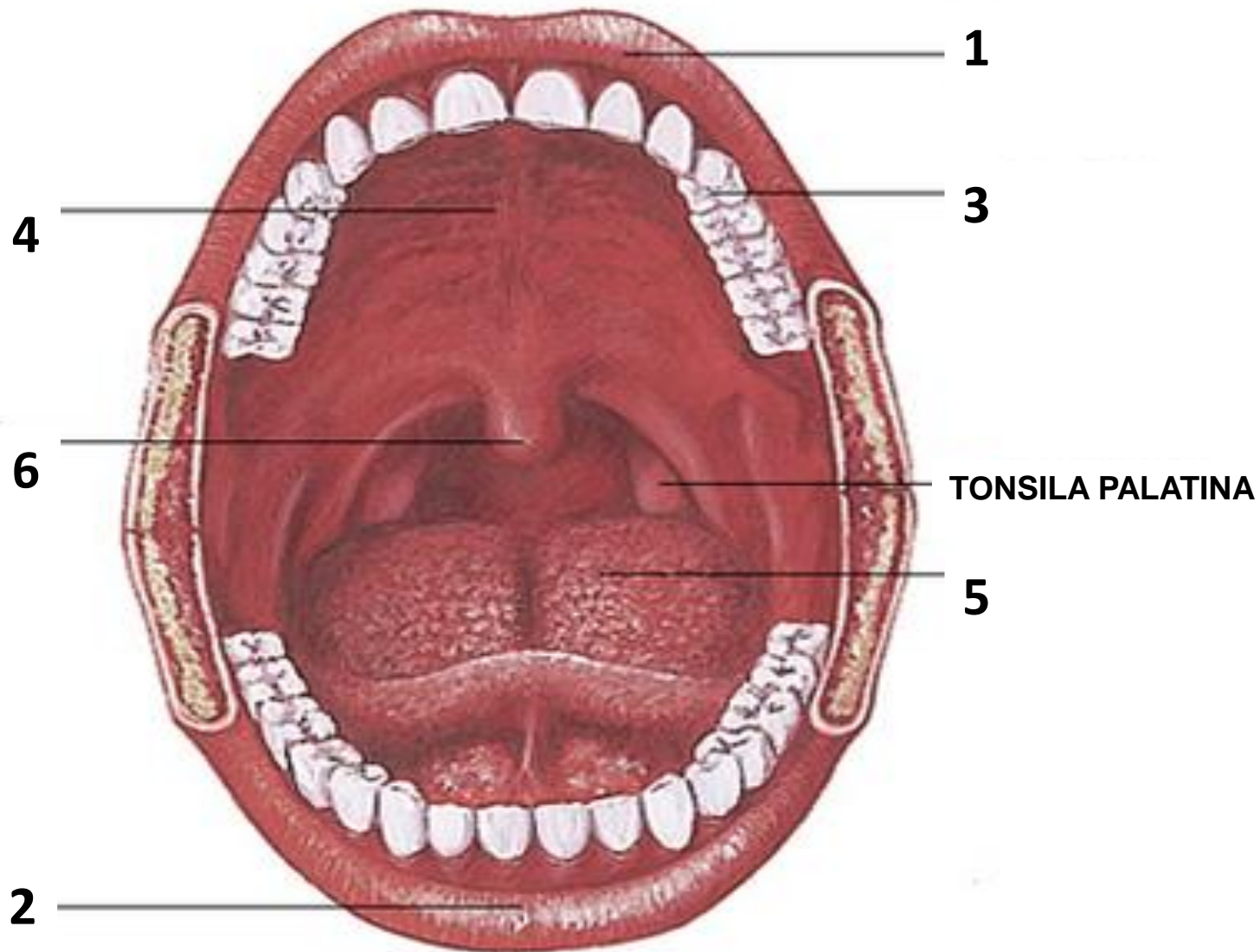
TRANSFORMAÇÃO - ALIMENTO



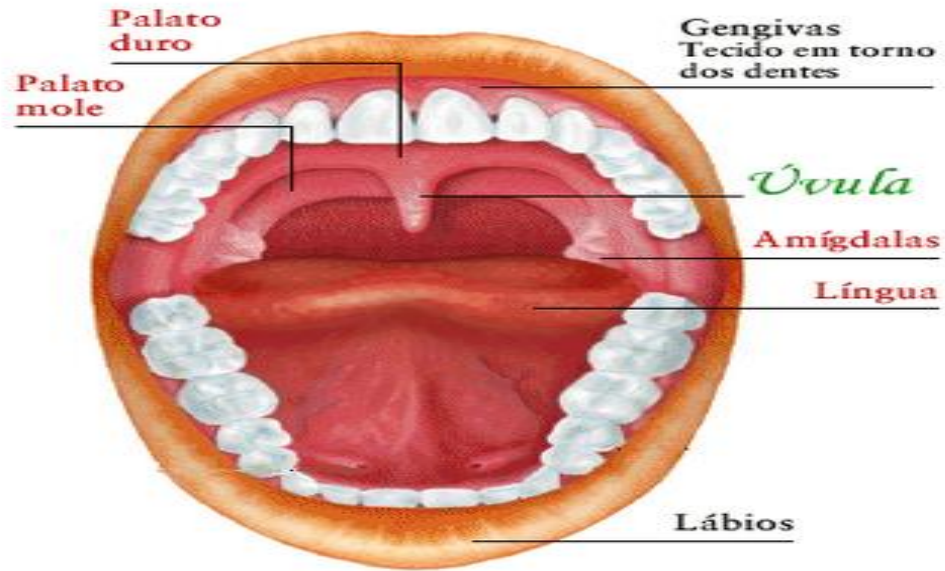
pH – SUCOS DIGESTÓRIOS



BOCA - CONSTITUINTES



BOCA - FUNÇÃO

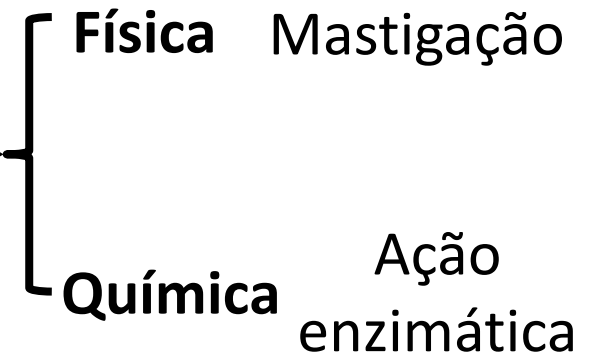


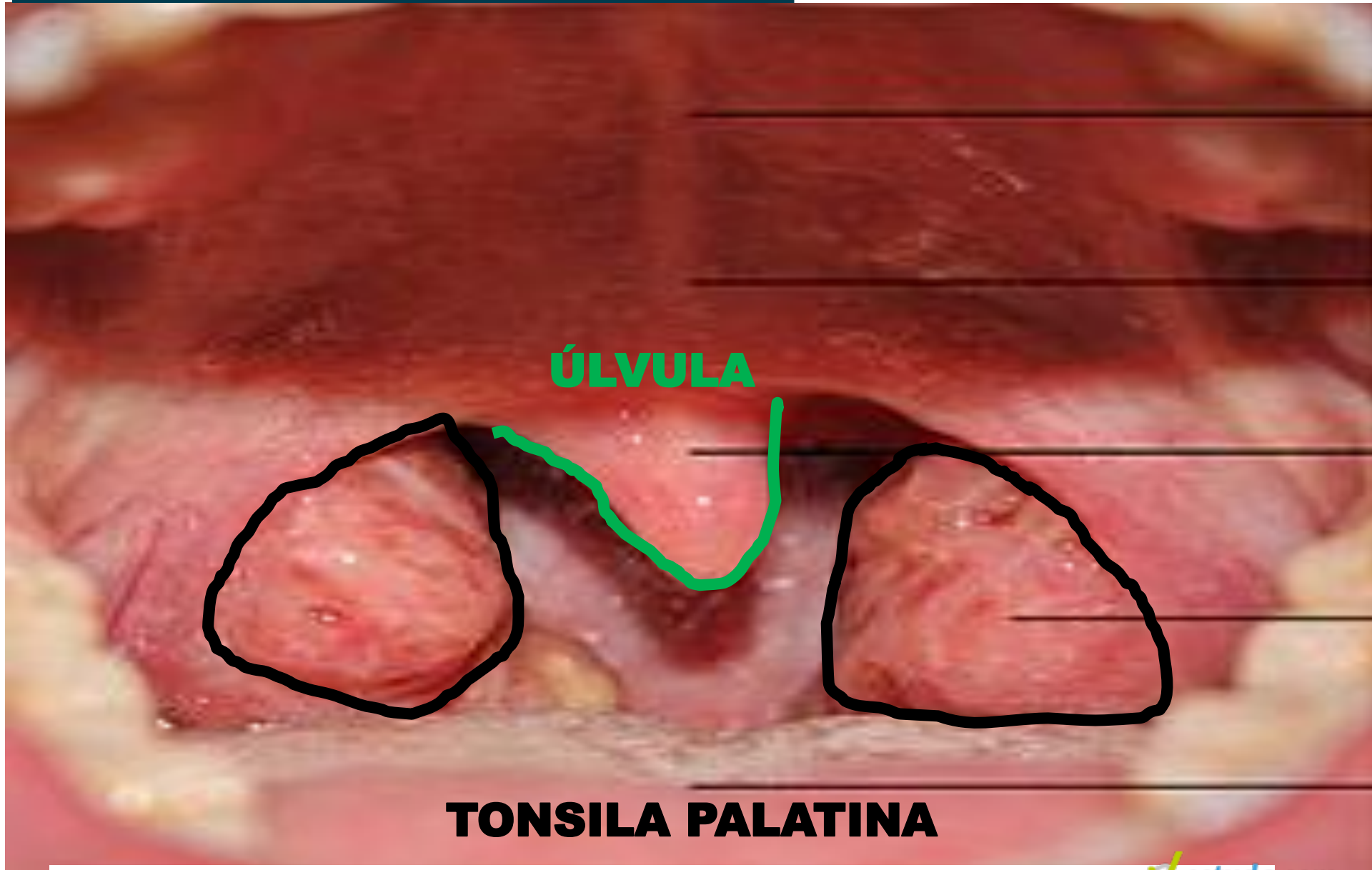
ENTRADA DO ALIMENTO

DIGESTÃO

SALIVAÇÃO E INSALIVAÇÃO

DEGLUTIÇÃO

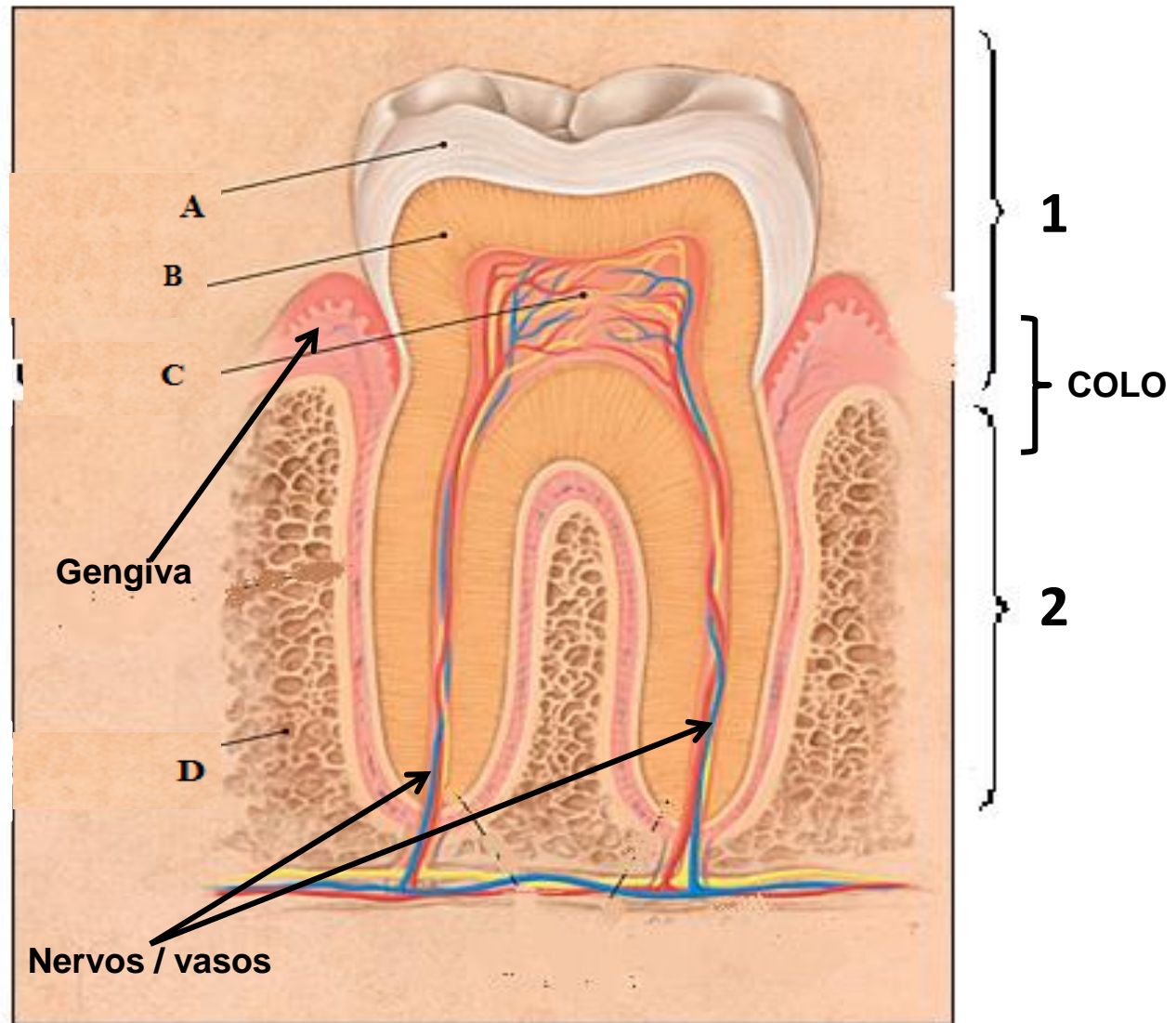




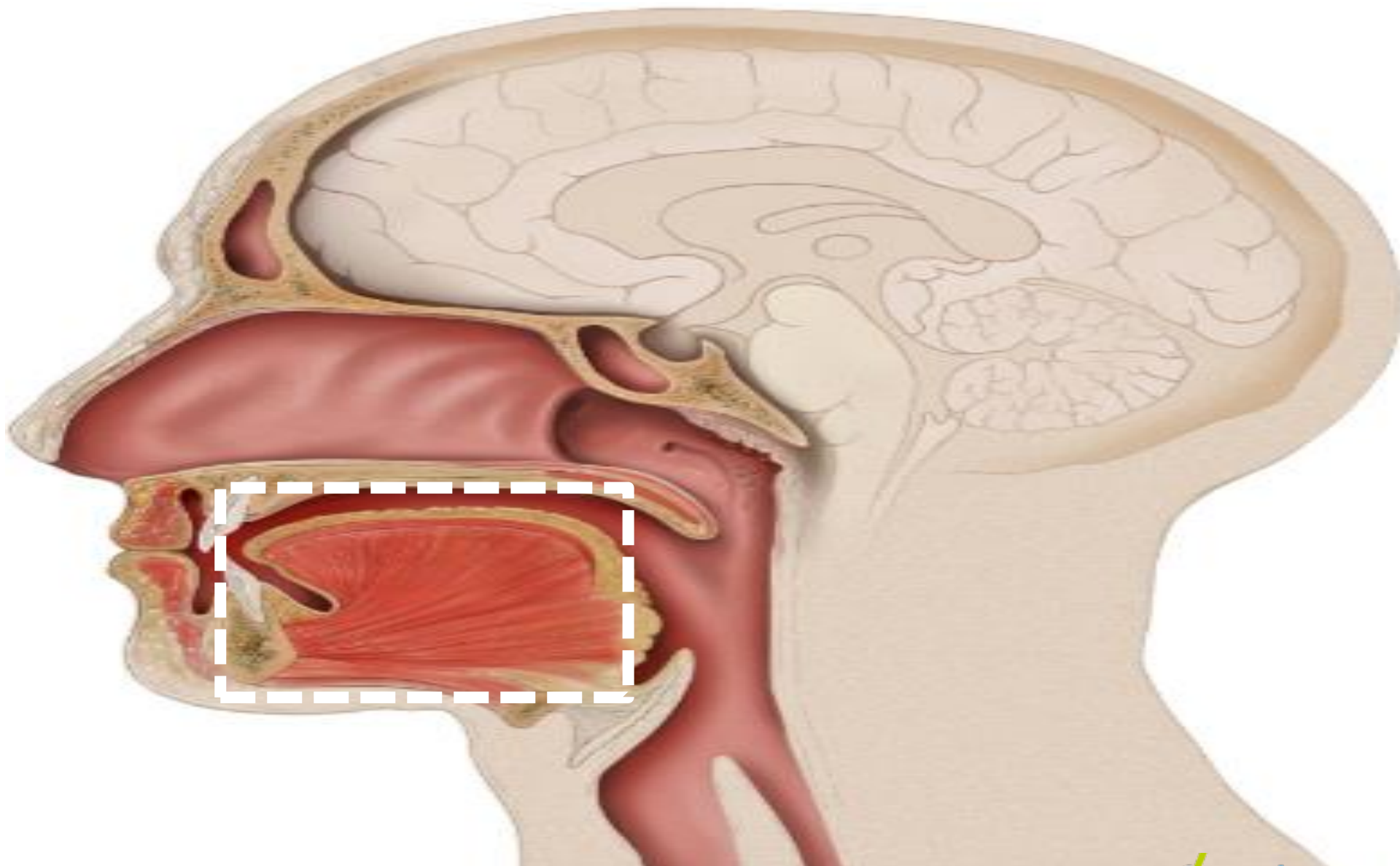
ÚLVULA

TONSILA PALATINA

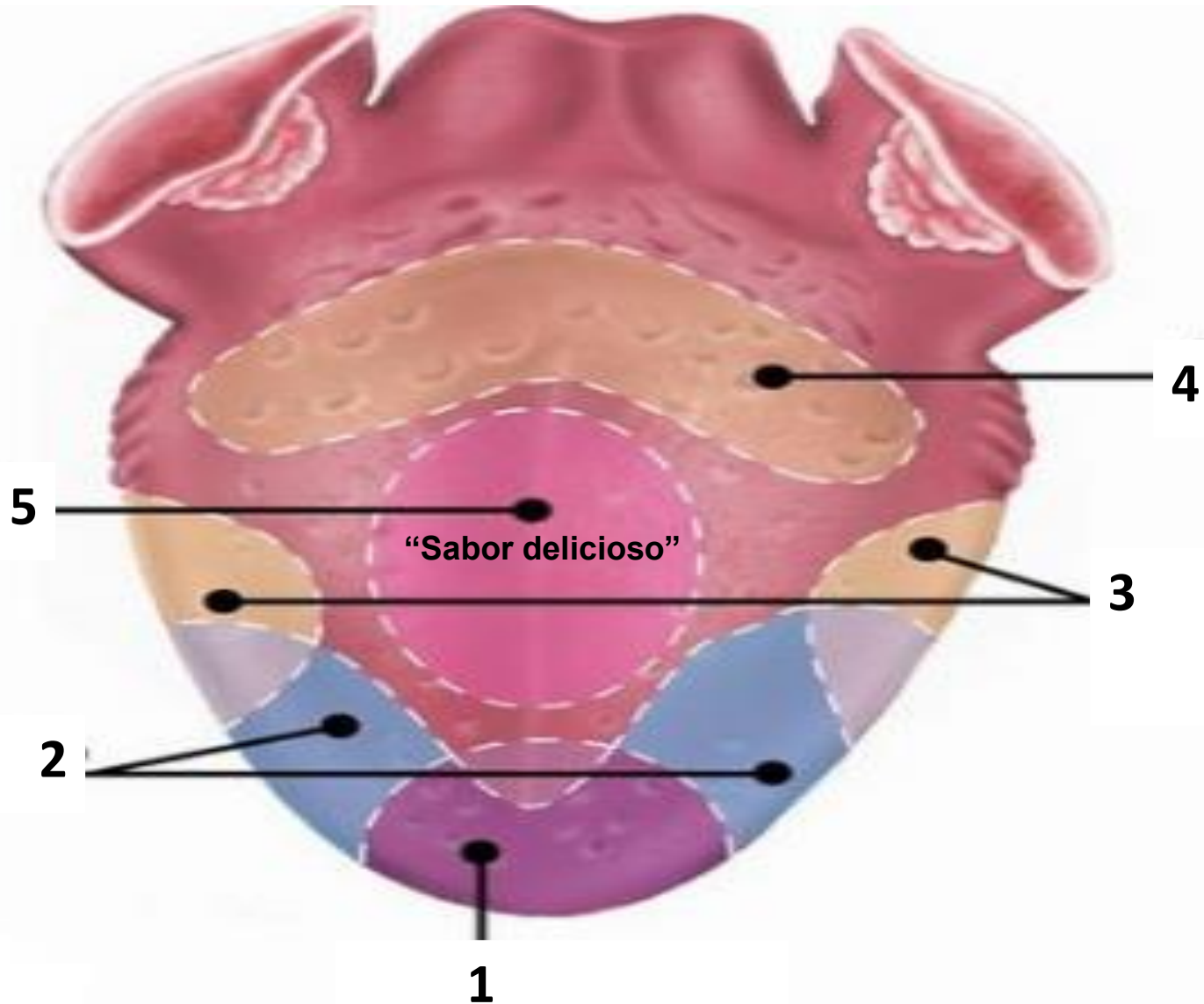
DENTE - CONSTITUINTES



LÍNGUA



LÍNGUA - SABORES



GLÂNDULAS SALIVARES

São 3 pares



1

Elevada produção de amilase
Produção de IgA (anticorpos)

3

Mista (um pouco das anteriores)

2

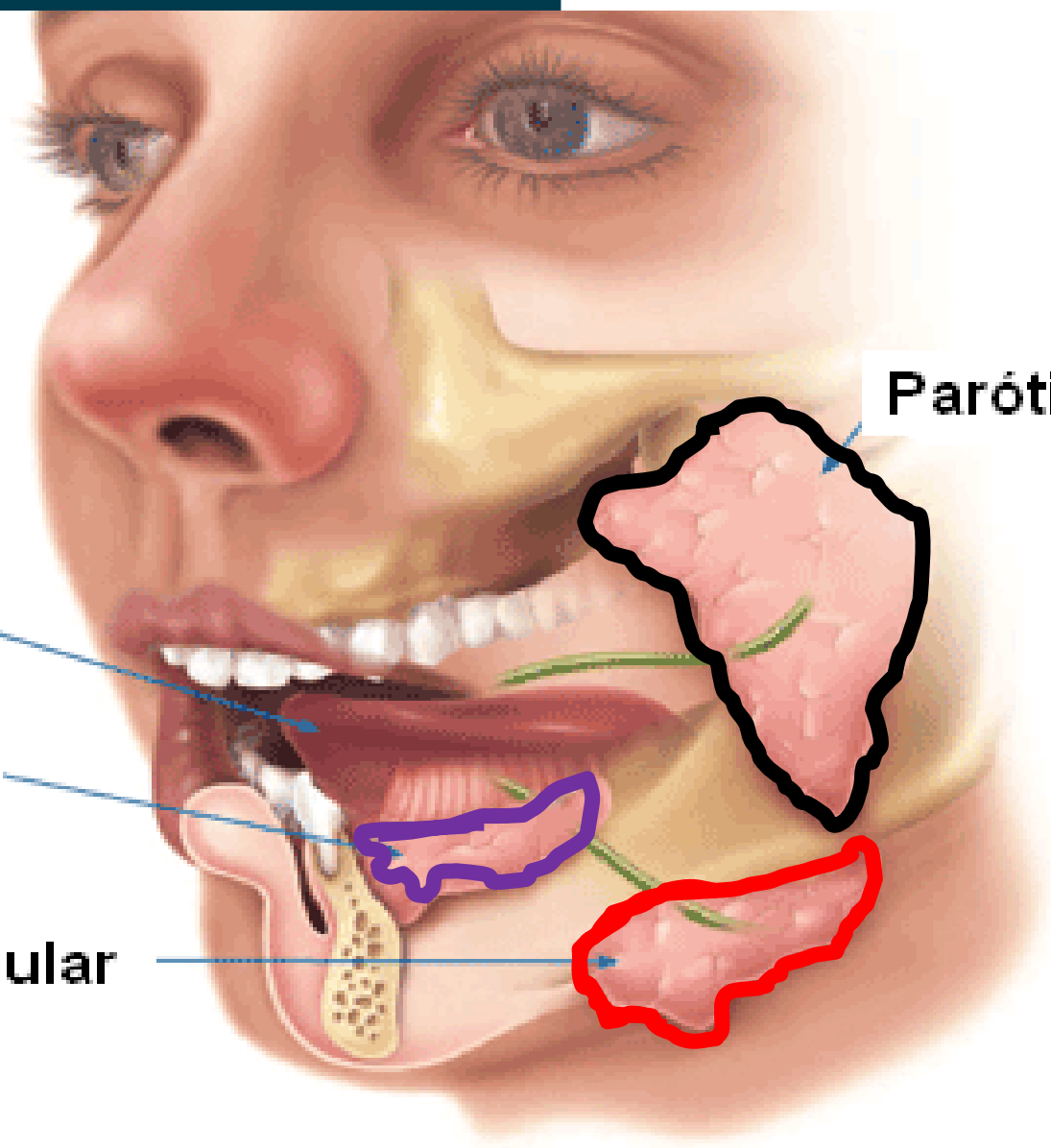
Baixa produção de amilase
Produção de lisozima

Língua

Sublingual

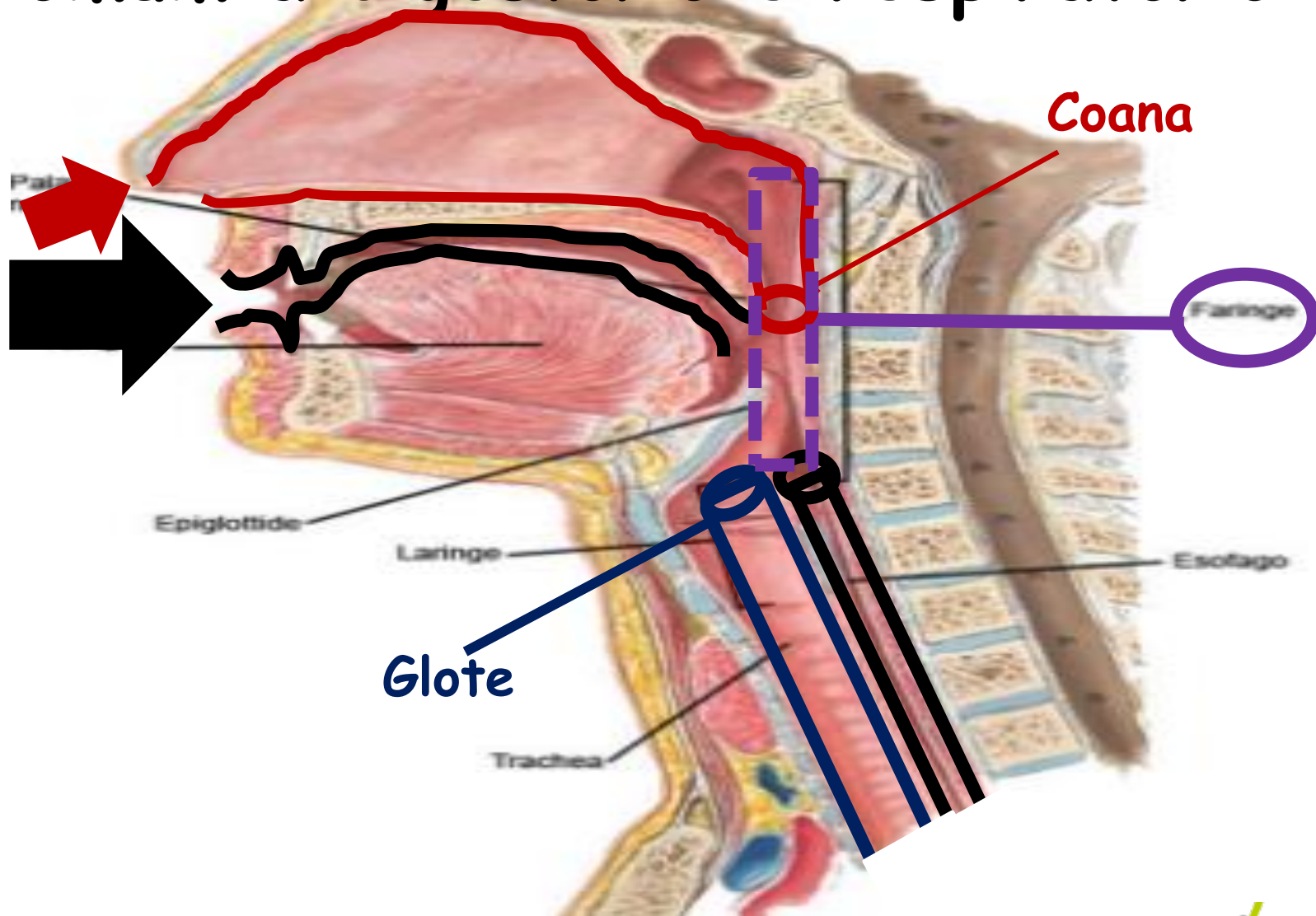
Submandibular

Parótida



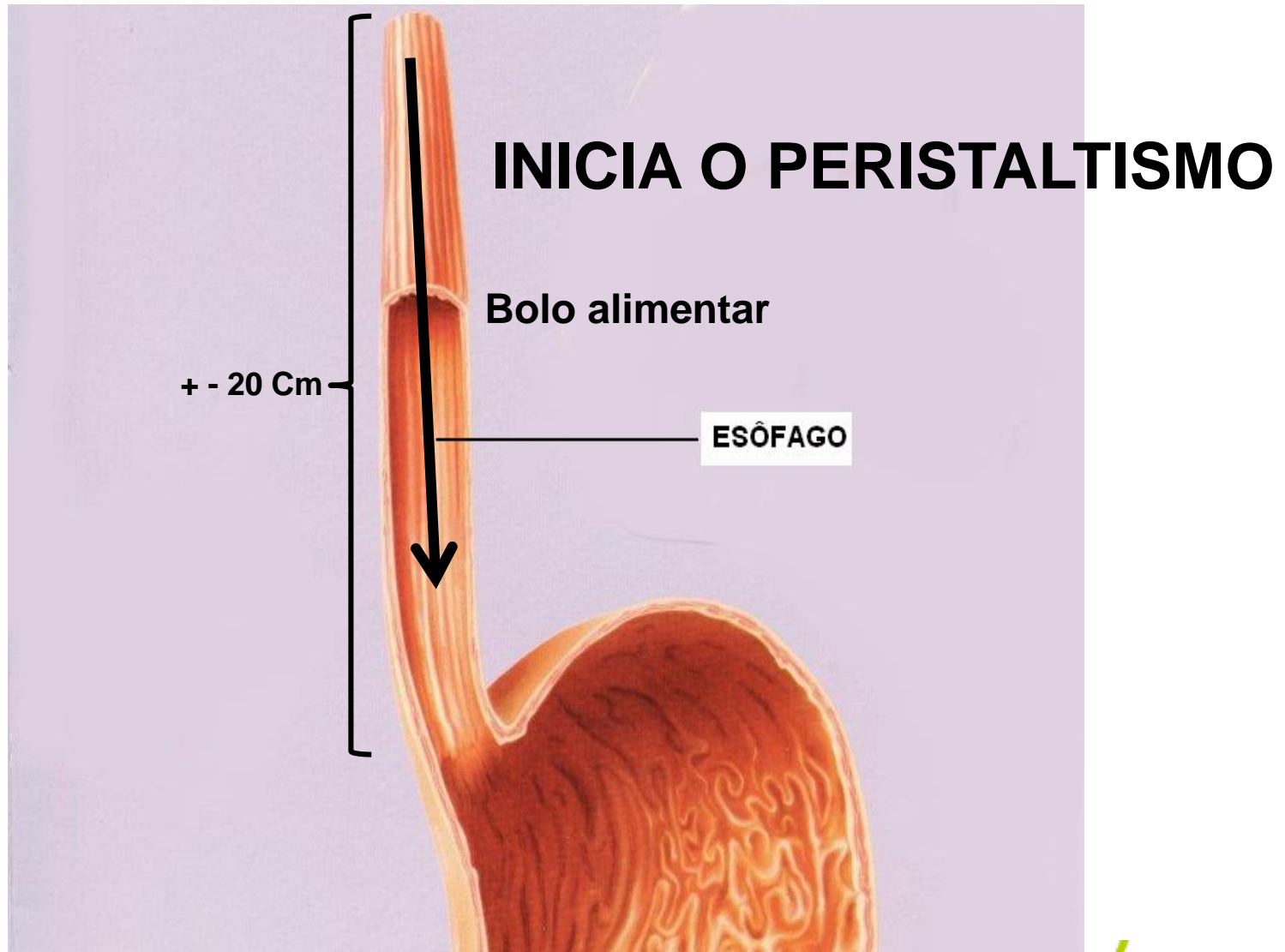
FARINGE

Comum a digestório e respiratório



ESÔFAGO

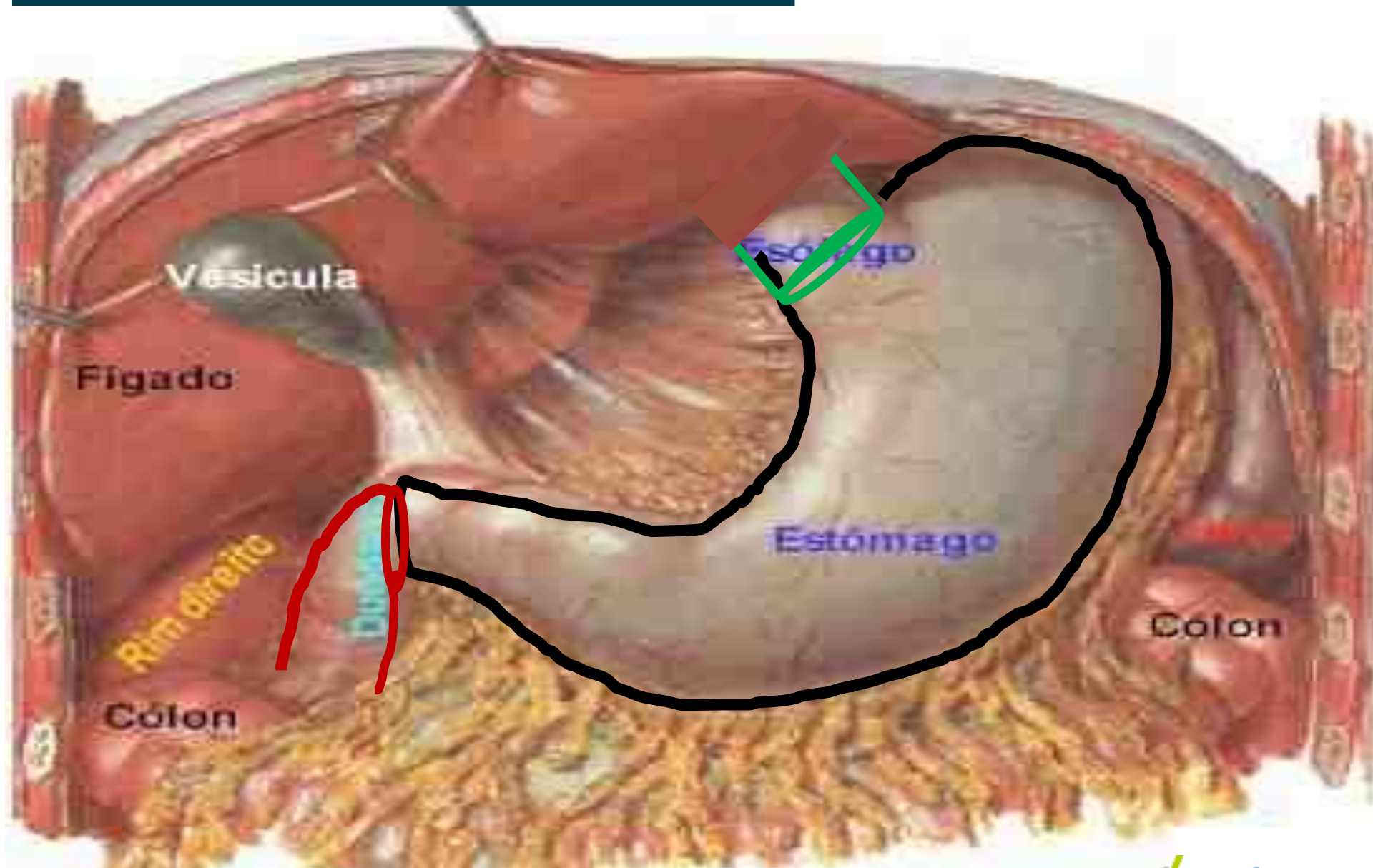
CONEXÃO ENTRE FARINGE E ESTÔMAGO



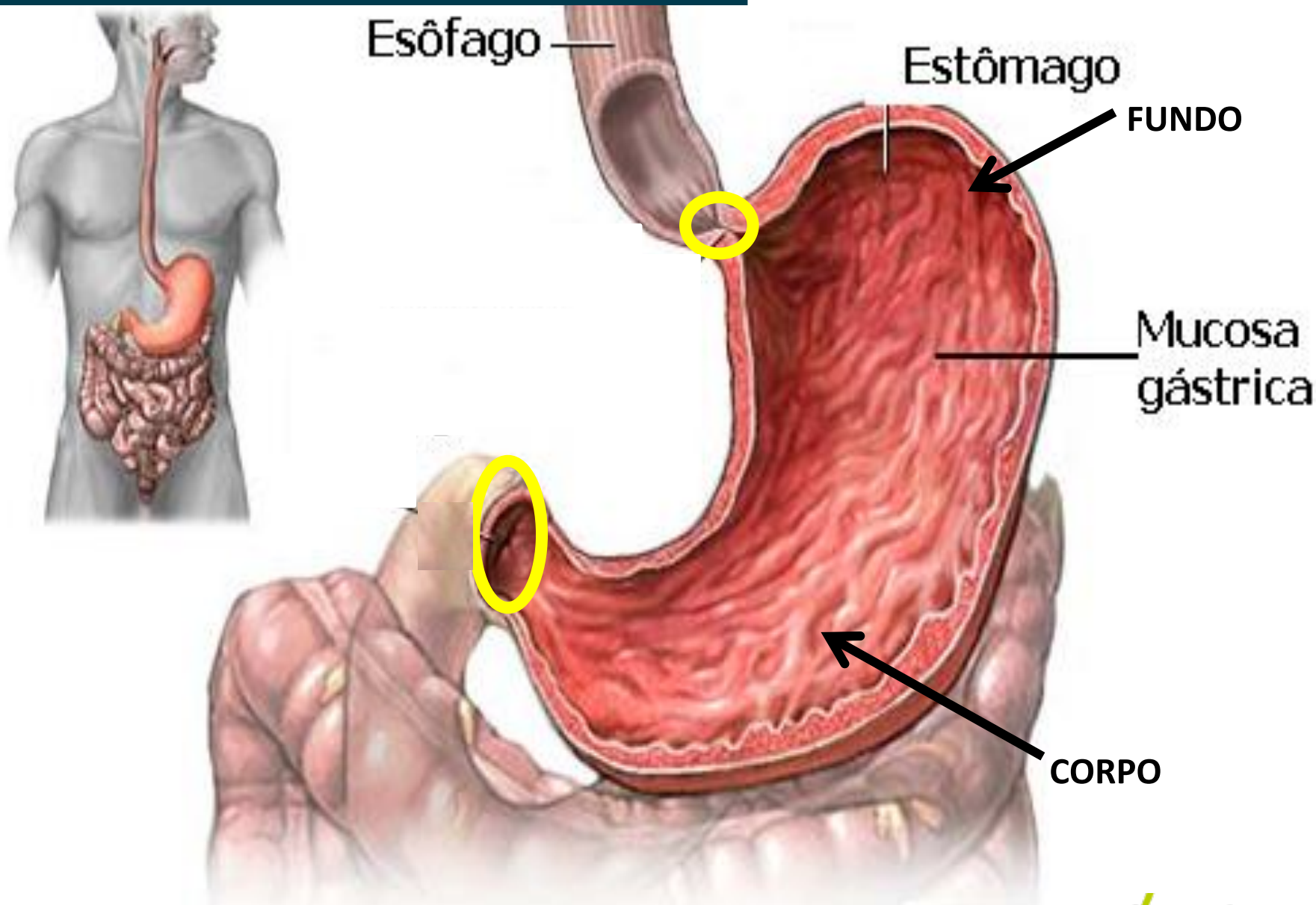
ESTÔMAGO



ESTÔMAGO



ESTÔMAGO



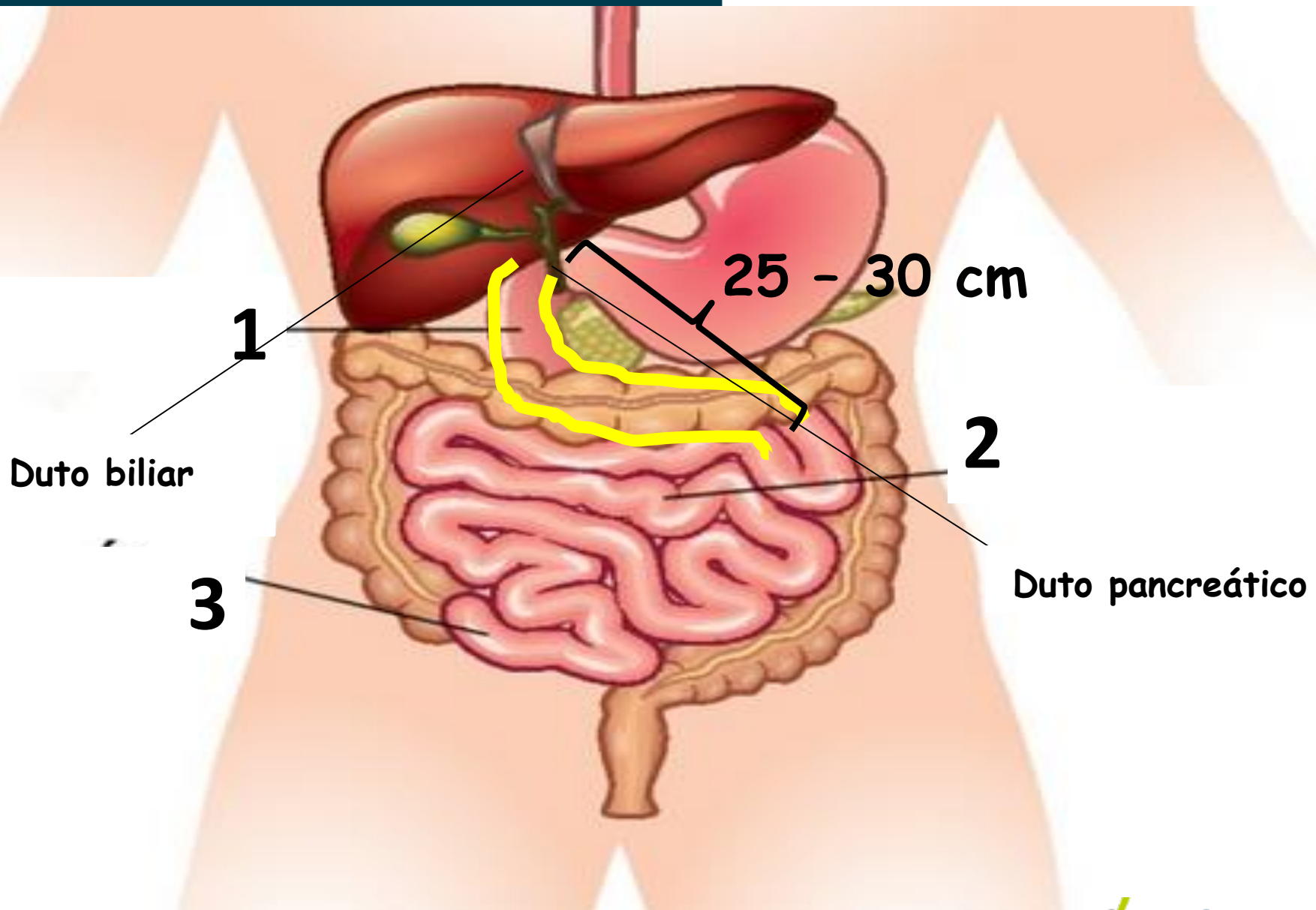
INTESTINO DELGADO

Comprimento: 6,0 - 9,0 metros

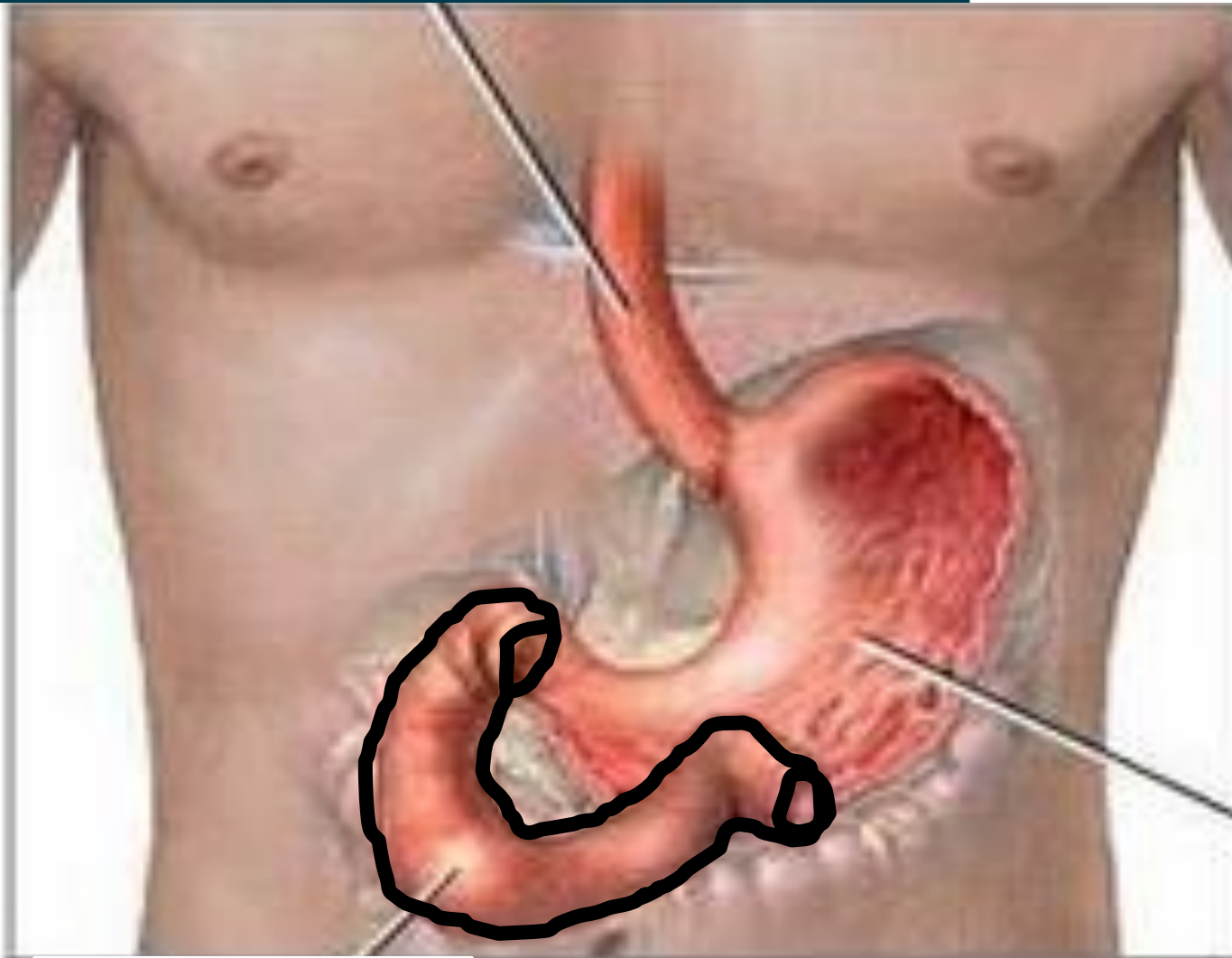
CONSTITUÍDO PELAS PARTES:

- Comprimento:
- DUODENO 25 - 30 cm
 - JEJUNO 2/5
 - ÍLEO 3/5

DUODENO

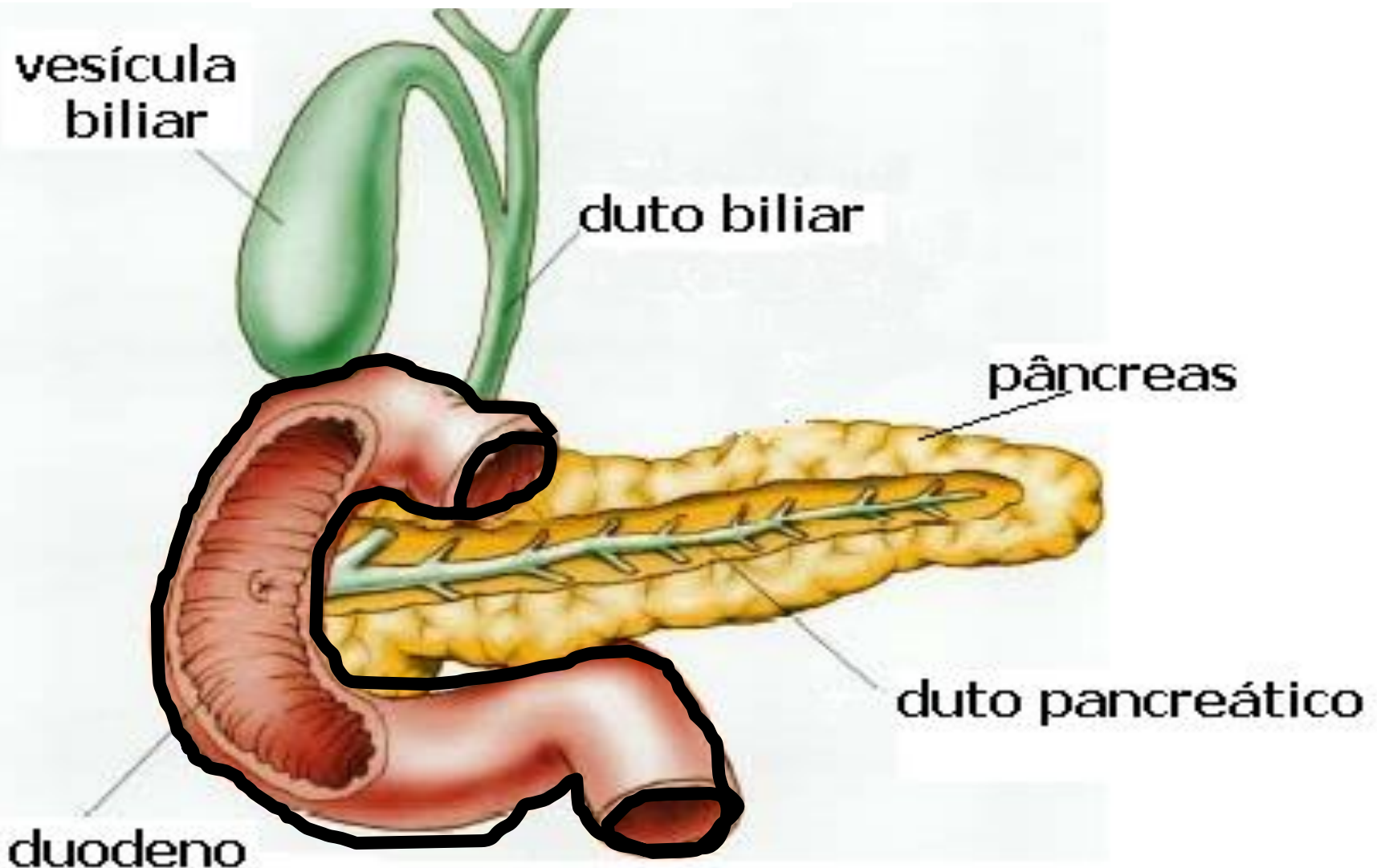


DUODENO

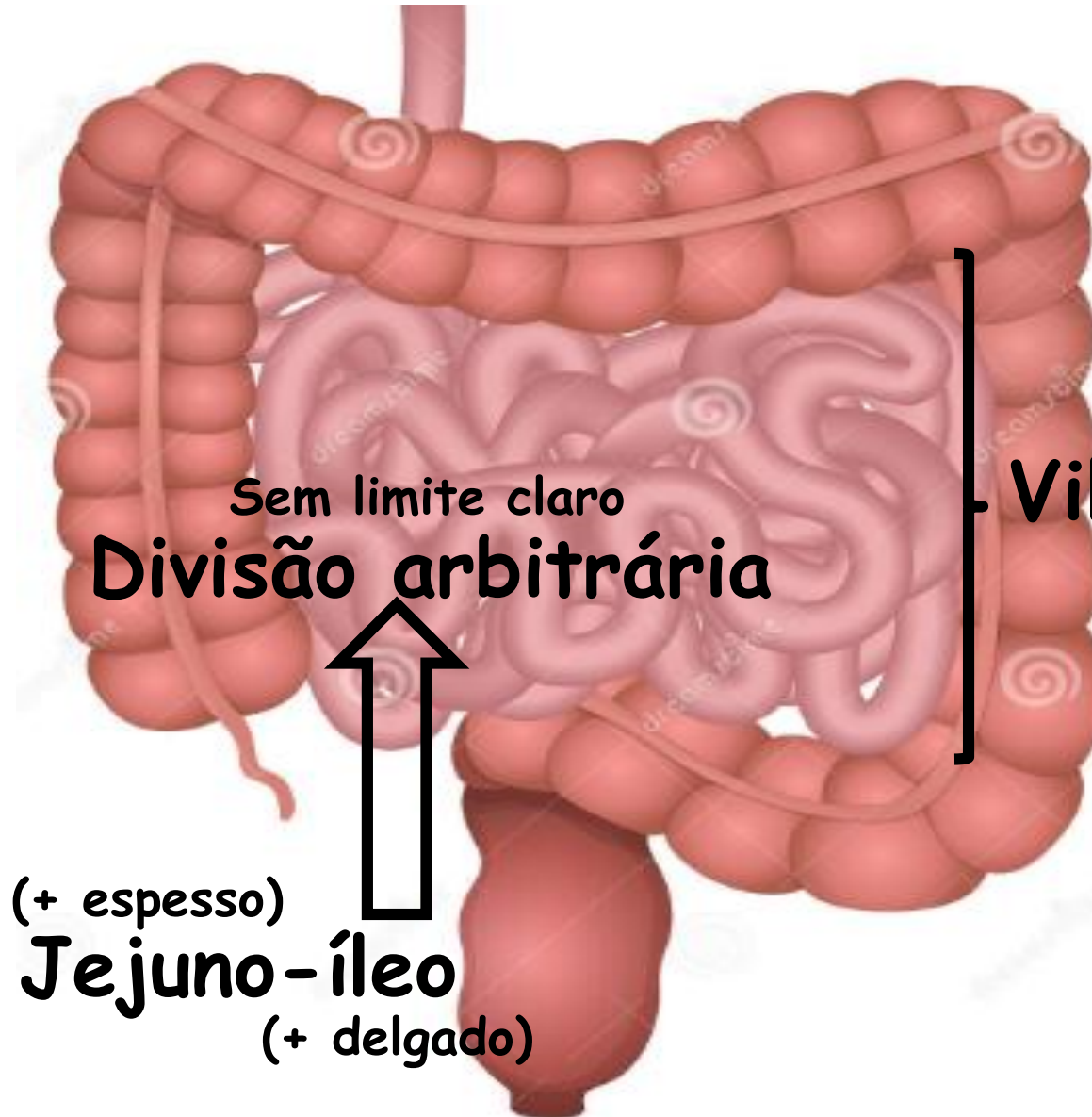


Estômago

DUODENO



Jejuno-íleo



Vilosidades

Função:

**Absorção de
nutrientes**

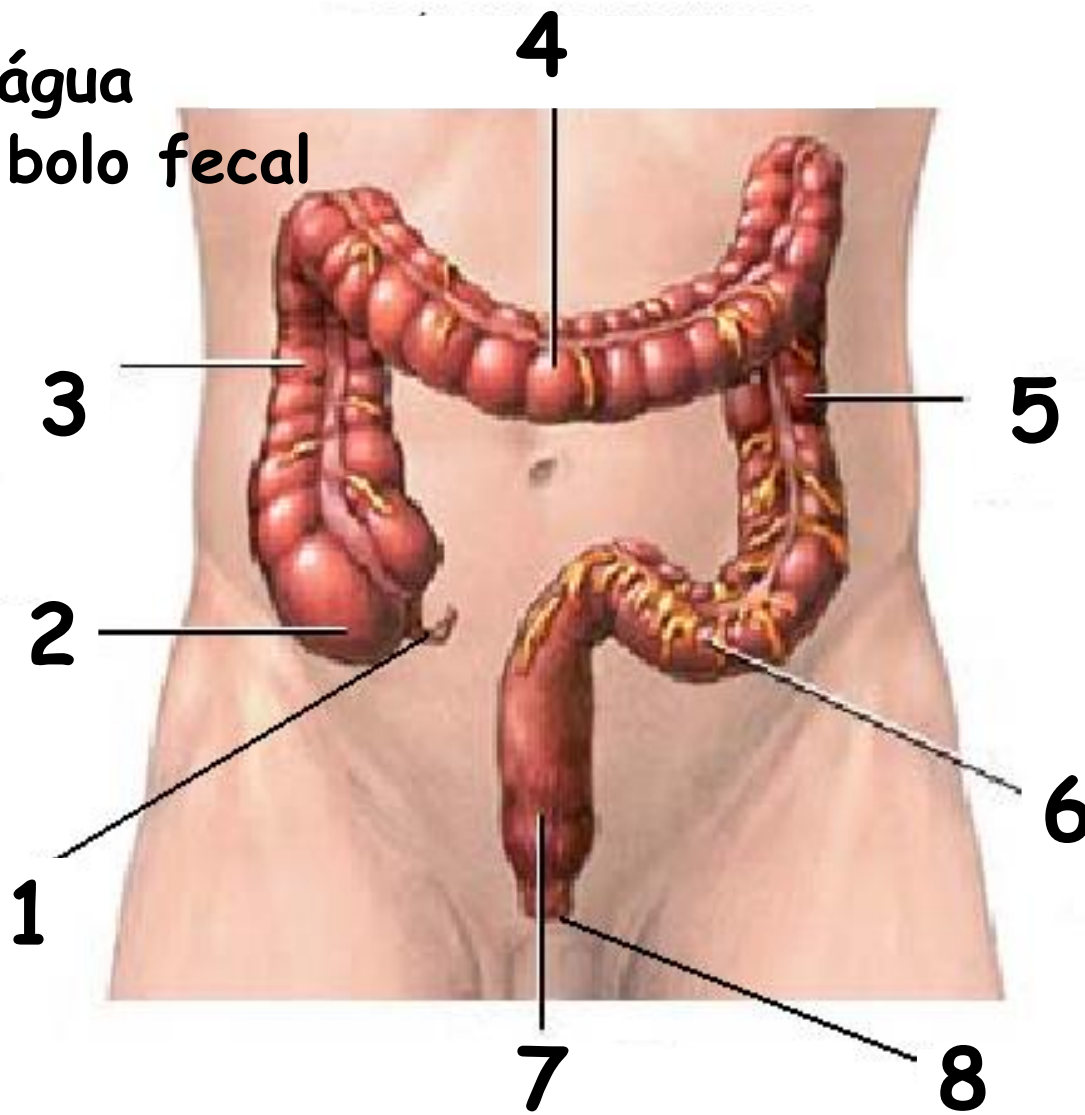
Intestino Grosso

Função:

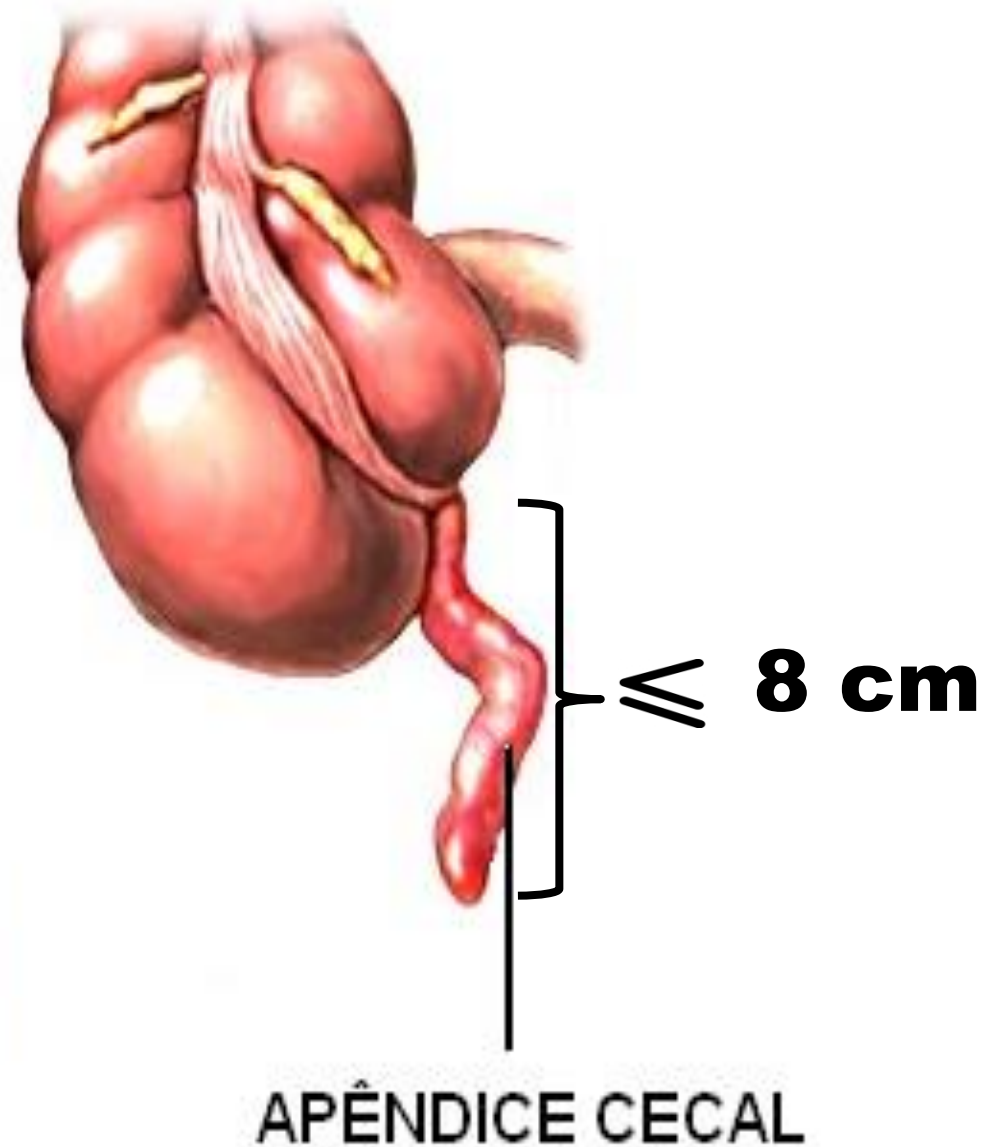
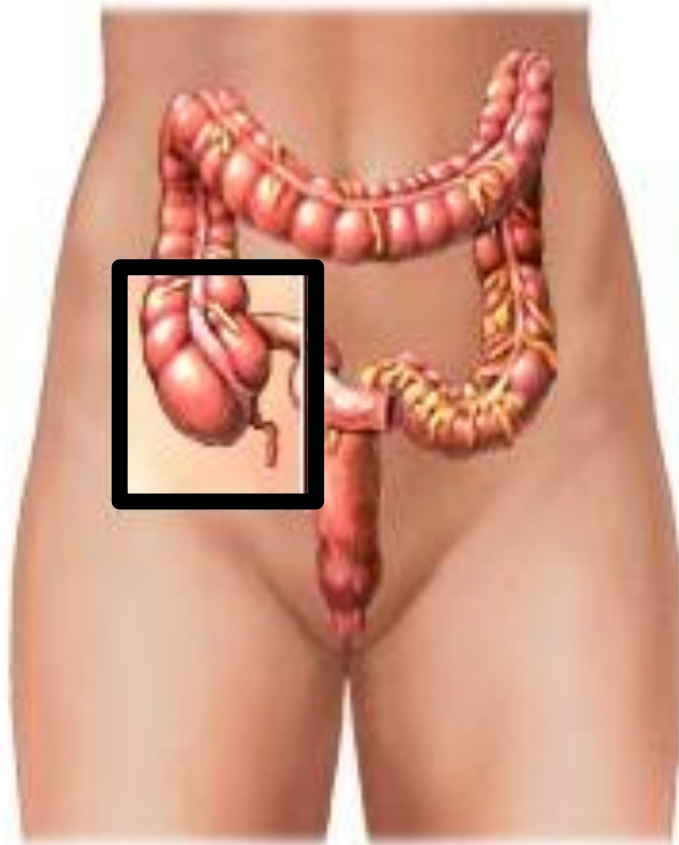
Absorção de água

Formação do bolo fecal

Eliminação

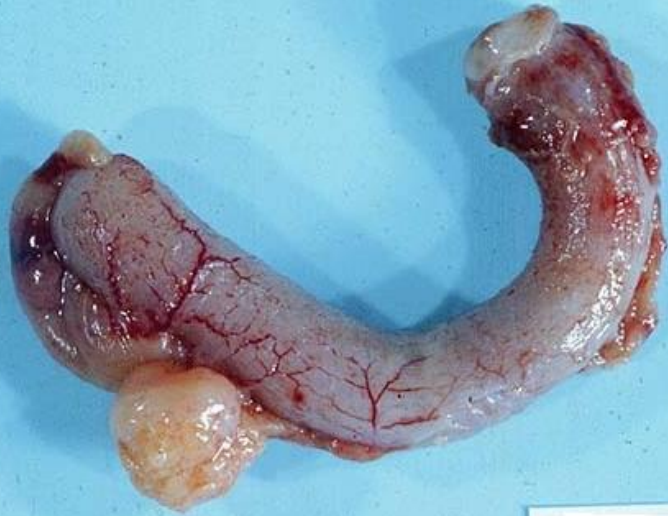


Apêndice cecal



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